

VELOCITY DATA INC.

(FORMERLY GTO RESOURCES INC.)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2018 and 2017

Unaudited

(Expressed in United States dollars)

VELOCITY DATA INC. (FORMERLY GTO RESOURCES INC.)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of condensed interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

September 12, 2018

VELOCITY DATA INC.
(FORMERLY GTO RESOURCES INC.)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in United States dollars)
(unaudited)

	July 31, 2018 \$	October 31, 2017 \$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	27,910	9,221
Accounts receivable	-	736
Prepayments and other current assets	-	3,915
Total assets	27,910	13,872
Liabilities and shareholders' deficit		
Current liabilities and total liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,797,564	5,794,031
Loans payable	556,593	557,321
Due to related parties	-	294,729
Current liabilities and total liabilities	6,354,157	6,646,081
Shareholders' deficit		
Common stock	1,148,534	853,805
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	236	(13,131)
Deficit	(7,475,018)	(7,472,883)
Total shareholder's deficit	(6,326,247)	(6,632,209)
Total liabilities and shareholder's deficit	27,910	13,872

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

Approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on September 12, 2018

/s/ "Adam Radly"
Adam Radly, Director

/s/ "Robert Bates"
Robert Bates, Director

VELOCITY DATA INC.
(FORMERLY GTO RESOURCES INC.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (LOSS)
(Expressed in United States dollars)
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended, July 31, 2018 \$	For the three months ended, July 31, 2017 \$	For the nine months ended, July 31, 2018 \$	For the nine months ended, July 31, 2017 \$
Revenues	9,373	591,828	197,769	1,270,419
Cost of sales	-	489,855	148,024	1,118,140
Gross Profit	9,373	101,973	49,745	152,279
Expenses				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,718	104,312	43,113	242,306
Total expenses	1,718	104,312	43,113	242,306
Loss from operations	7,655	(2,339)	6,632	(90,027)
Financial expenses				
Foreign currency loss	(70)	(580)	(199)	(580)
Interest income (expense), net	(2,426)	(21,980)	(8,568)	(77,186)
Other income (expense), net	-	28,617	-	(11,479)
Total other income (expense)	(2,496)	6,057	(8,767)	(89,246)
Net loss	5,159	3,719	(2,135)	(179,273)
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	386	24,011	13,367	(19,551)
Comprehensive gain (loss)	5,545	27,730	11,232	(198,823)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	0.00	0.00	(0.00)	(0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	11,825,347	9,467,131	10,445,010	9,467,131

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

VELOCITY DATA INC.
(FORMERLY GTO RESOURCES INC.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (DEFICIT)
(Expressed in United States dollars)
(unaudited)

	<u>Share Capital</u>		<u>Accumulated</u> <u>other comprehensive</u>	<u>Accumulated</u>	
	Number of		income (loss)	Deficit	Total
	shares	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance October 31, 2016	9,467,131	842,229	19,159	(6,760,871)	(5,899,483)
Foreign exchange translation gain (loss)	-	-	(19,551)	-	(19,551)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(179,273)	(179,273)
Balance July 31, 2017	9,467,131	842,229	(392)	(6,940,144)	(6,098,306)
Balance October 31, 2017	9,720,140	853,805	(13,131)	(7,472,883)	(6,632,209)
Shares issued for dues to related parties	4,210,414	294,729	-	-	294,729
Foreign exchange translation gain (loss)	-	-	13,367	-	13,367
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(2,135)	(2,135)
Balance July 31, 2018	13,930,554	1,148,534	236	(7,475,018)	(6,326,248)

VELOCITY DATA INC.
(FORMERLY GTO RESOURCES INC.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in United States dollars)
(unaudited)

	For the nine months ended, July 31, 2018 \$	For the nine months ended, July 31, 2017 \$
Operating activities		
Net loss for the year	(2,135)	(179,273)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to cash flows		
Depreciation	-	-
Changes in working capital items		
Accounts receivable	736	436,119
Inventory	-	(28,161)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,915	(287)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,533	296,561
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	6,049	524,960
Exploration and evaluation asset expenditures		
Exploration and evaluation asset spinoff		
Goodwill Impairment		
Net cash flows from investing activities		
Financing activities		
Loans payable	(728)	(530,713)
Repayments of related party debt	-	-
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	(728)	(530,713)
Effect of foreign exchange rate	13,367	(19,551)
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the year	18,689	(25,304)
Cash, beginning of year	9,221	65,712
Cash, end of reporting period	27,910	40,408
Supplemental cash flow information		
Interest paid during the year	8,568	77,186
Income taxes paid during the year	-	-
Supplemental noncash investing and financing activities		
Shares issuance for conversion of dues to related parties	294,729	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements

VELOCITY DATA INC.
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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2018 and 2017
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1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Velocity Data Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated as GTO Resources Inc. on May 10, 2011 under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia). The Company changed its name to Velocity Data Inc. on August 7, 2014 and is engaged in the business of selling computer systems and related components, particularly to government contractors and federal government end-users.

The Company’s registered office is located at Suite 600 – 1285 West Broadway, Vancouver, BC V6H 3X8.

For the nine months ended July 31, 2018, the Company has reported comprehensive net gain of \$11,232, accumulated deficit of \$7,475,018 and working capital deficit of \$6,620,976. These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which implies that the Company will continue to meet its obligations and continue its operations for the next fiscal year. These factors raise substantial doubt regarding the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon financial support from its stockholders, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary equity financing to continue operations, and the attainment of profitable operations.

Management anticipates that the Company will be dependent, for the near future, on additional investment capital to fund operating expenses. The Company intends to position itself so that it may be able to raise additional funds through the capital markets. In light of management’s efforts, there are no assurances that the Company will be successful in this or any of its endeavors or become financially viable and continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Statement of Compliance

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

These interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and notes required by IFRS for annual financial statements and therefore, should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes for the company’s year ended October 31, 2017, which are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

(b) Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments, which are measured at fair value. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information, and presented are in United States dollars. These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, ACL Computers and Software, Inc. (“ACL”). All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

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(c) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the period. These estimates are, by their nature, uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the consolidated financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the reporting date that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- (i) collectability accounts and other receivables; and
- (ii) unrecognized deferred income tax assets.

The Company's assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties related to events or conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance, are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in fair value to be cash equivalents.

(e) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is comprised of amounts due from customers for the sale of computer systems and related components and are recorded net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated from current economic conditions, historical information, and projections of trends. Management closely monitors outstanding balances and writes off all balances that are not expected to be collected by the time the consolidated financial statements are issued.

(f) Inventory

Inventory for resale are stated at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

(g) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation of leasehold improvement and furniture and equipment is provided using the straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 15 years. Expenditures for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of property and equipment are capitalized on the consolidated statement of financial position. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the consolidated statement of loss as incurred.

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(h) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Impairment of goodwill

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows. As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at the cash-generating unit ("CGU") level. Goodwill is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs for impairment testing purposes based on the level at which management monitors it, which is not higher than an operating segment. The allocation is made to those CGUs or group of CGUs that are expected to benefit from synergies of the related business combination in which the goodwill arises.

Impairment of other non-financial assets

Non-financial assets with finite lives are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. In addition, non-financial assets that are not amortized are subject to an annual impairment assessment. Any impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). The Company evaluates impairment losses for potential reversals, other than goodwill impairment, when events or changes in circumstances warrant such consideration.

(i) Financial Instruments

i. Non-derivative financial assets

The Company initially recognizes loans and receivables and deposits on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets (including assets designated at fair value through profit or loss) are recognized initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is held for trading or it is designated as fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if: (i) it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; (ii) it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Company manages and has an actual pattern of short-term profit taking; or (iii) it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss is stated at fair value with any gain or loss recognized in the consolidated statement of loss. The net gain or loss recognized incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset. Cash is classified as fair value through profit or loss.

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(i) Financial Instruments (continued)

i. *Non-derivative financial assets* (continued)

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized on a trade-date basis and are initially measured at fair value, including transaction costs. The Company does not have any assets classified as held-to-maturity investments.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale and that are not classified in any of the previous categories. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses and foreign currency differences on available-for-sale equity instruments, are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented within equity in the fair value reserve. When an investment is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss in other comprehensive income is transferred to the consolidated statement of loss. The Company does not have any available-for-sale financial assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are initially recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Loans and receivables are comprised of accounts and other receivables.

Impairment of financial assets

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income or loss are reclassified to the consolidated statement of loss in the period. Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, the estimated future cash flows of the investments have been impacted. For marketable securities classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the securities below their cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment. For all other financial assets objective evidence of impairment could include:

- a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- b) default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- c) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as accounts receivable, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis. The carrying amount of financial assets is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of amounts receivable, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When an amount receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the consolidated statement of loss.

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(i) Financial Instruments (continued)

i. *Non-derivative financial assets* (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

With the exception of available-for-sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through the consolidated statement of loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized. In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognized through the consolidated statement of loss are not reversed through the consolidated statement of loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognized directly in equity.

ii. *Non-derivative financial liabilities*

The Company initially recognizes debt securities issued on the date that they are originated. All other financial liabilities (including liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss) are recognized initially on the trade at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Company has the following non-derivative financial liabilities: accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans payable, and amounts due to related parties.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for financial liabilities held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognized in the consolidated statement of loss.

iii. *Share capital*

Common shares are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and stock options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

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(j) Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate in effect at each period end. Gains and losses arising on settlement of such transactions and from the translation of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the consolidated statement of loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates prevailing at the dates the fair value was determined.

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in United States dollars which is the Company's reporting currency. The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency of ACL is the United States dollar. The exchange differences resulting from the translation of the Company's consolidated financial statements from its functional currency to its reporting currency are included in other comprehensive income (loss).

(k) Stock-Based Compensation

The grant date fair value of share-based payment awards granted to employees is recognized as stock-based compensation expense, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees unconditionally become entitled to the awards. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognized as an expense is based on the number of awards that do meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date. For share-based payment awards with non-vesting conditions, the grant date fair value of the share-based payment is measured to reflect such conditions and there is no true-up for differences between expected and actual outcomes.

Where equity instruments are granted to parties other than employees, they are recorded by reference to the fair value of the services received. If the fair value of the services received cannot be reliably estimated, the Company measures the services received by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the counterparty renders service.

All equity-settled share-based payments are reflected in contributed surplus, unless exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in share-based payment reserve is credited to share capital, adjusted for any consideration paid.

(l) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is derived from product sales of computer systems and related components and is measured at the fair value, net of estimated customer returns and allowances at the time of recognition. The estimates of fair value are based on the Company's historical experience with each customer and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue from product sales is recognized when the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer (which occurs either upon shipment or delivery depending on the terms of the sale) and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured. Revenue is recognized when (a) it can be measured reliably; (b) it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and (c) the costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

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(m) Income Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in the consolidated statement of loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the statement of financial position method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(n) Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is the change in the Company's net assets that results from transactions, events, and circumstances from sources other than the Company's shareholders and includes items that are not included in the consolidated statement of loss.

(o) Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The treasury stock method is used for the calculation of diluted loss per share, whereby all "in the money" stock options are assumed to have been exercised at the beginning of the period and the proceeds from their exercise are assumed to have been used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. When a loss is incurred during the period, basic and diluted loss per share are the same as the exercise of stock options and share purchase warrants is considered to be anti-dilutive. As at July 31, 2018, the Company has 356,006 (2017 – 356,006) potentially dilutive shares.

(p) Reclassifications

Certain of the figures presented for comparative purposes have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current period.

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(q) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ended October 31, 2018, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements.

(a) New standard IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments"

(b) New standards IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

The Company has not early adopted these revised standards and is currently assessing the impact that these standards will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements. Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Segment Information

The Company operates in Canada for purposes of its incorporation location, and is engaged in the business of selling computer systems and related components in USA.

4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of:

	July 31, 2018	October 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Furniture and equipment	67,871	67,871
Leasehold improvements	10,427	10,427
Property and equipment	78,298	78,298
Less - accumulated depreciation	(78,298)	(78,298)
Property and equipment, net	-	-

No depreciation expense was recorded for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2018 and 2017.

5. Loans Payable

- a. As at July 31, 2018, a creditor claims the Company owes \$515,445 (October 31, 2017 - \$515,445) to a non-related company. The amount owing is unsecured, bears interest at prime plus 3% per annum, and is due on demand. The statute of limitations of 2 years has elapsed and the amount was supposed to be paid in the form of stock in 2014.
- b. On December 14, 2015 (as amended on March 28, 2016), the Company entered into an agreement pursuant to which the Company would sell up to \$2,500,000 of its accounts receivable balance to the lender. 85% of the net face amount of the accounts receivable collected by the lender will be netted against the outstanding loan payable while the remaining 15% will be retained by the lender as payment for the lender's services. During the three months ended July 31, 2018, the Company terminated the agreement. As of July 31, 2018, the amount outstanding under this financing agreement was \$nil (October 31, 2017 - \$728).
- c. As at July 31, 2018, the Company owes \$41,148 (October 31, 2017 - \$41,148) to a non-related party, for which the lender has obtained a summary of judgment against the Company.

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6. Related Party Transactions

- (a) During the nine month periods ended July 31, 2018 and July 31, 2017, the Company paid approximately \$Nil and \$8,000, respectively, in professional and consulting fees to the Chief Financial Officer of the Company and a company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, which have been recorded in selling, general, and administrative expenses.
- (b) During the nine month periods ended July 31, 2018, the Company issued 4,210,414 common shares for conversion of dues payable to a company related to the Chief Financial Officer of the Company in the amount of \$294,729.

7. Share Capital

Authorized: Unlimited number of voting common shares
 Unlimited number of preferred shares

- (a) On April 27, 2017, the Company issued 75,000 common shares at Cdn\$0.06 per share for proceeds of \$3,292 (Cdn\$4,500).
- (b) Effective May 3, 2017, the Company completed a share consolidation on the basis of 1 new common share for 12 old common shares. All common shares and per common share amounts in these consolidated financial statements have been retroactively restated to reflect the share consolidation.
- (c) On July 7, 2017, the Company issued 178,003 common shares with a fair value of \$8,284 for services incurred to the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
- (d) During the nine month periods ended July 31, 2018, the Company issued 4,210,414 common shares for conversion of dues payable to a company related to the Chief Financial Officer of the Company in the amount of \$294,729.

Stock Options

Summary of stock option activity for the nine months ended and the year ended July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$
Outstanding, July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017	356,006	1.20

Additional information regarding stock options outstanding as at July 31, 2018 is as follows:

Range of exercise prices \$	Outstanding and Exercisable		
	Number of options	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted average exercise price \$
1.20	356,006	1.4	1.20

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8. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

(a) Risk management overview

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital. The Company employs risk management strategies and policies to ensure that any exposure to risk is in compliance with the Company's business objectives and risk tolerance levels. While the Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the Company's risk management framework, the Company's management has the responsibility to administer and monitor these risks.

(b) Fair value of financial instruments

Financial assets included in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using			Balance as at July 31, 2018 \$
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (Level 1) \$	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) \$	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) \$	
Cash	27,910	–	–	27,910

The carrying values of other financial instruments, which include accounts and other receivables, accounts payables and accrued liabilities, and loans payable approximate their fair values due to the short term nature of those instruments.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payables and accrued liabilities and secured borrowings approximate fair value due to the short term nature of those instruments.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the possibility that a customer or counterparty will fail to fulfill its obligations under a contract and, as a result create a financial loss for the Company. The Company minimizes its credit risk associated with its cash balance by dealing with major financial institutions in the United States. Accounts and other receivables are comprised of trade receivables from customers. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do this relies on the Company raising debt or equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs.

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(Expressed in United States dollars)
(unaudited)

(e) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that financial instruments fair values and the Company's future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The Company is exposed to currency risk but it does not have any significant foreign exchange rate risk.

9. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders. The capital structure of the Company consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity comprised of issued share capital, share-based payment reserve, equity component of convertible debt, and deficit.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of economic conditions. The Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues or by undertaking other activities as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Company's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remains unchanged during the three month periods ended July 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

10. Contingencies

During the year ended October 31, 2015, the Company incurred a significant amount of loss in relation to orders placed by a fictitious customer. The Company has filed suits against various parties to recover these losses. As at July 31, 2018, these lawsuits are still outstanding. Any settlement will be reflected as income to operations in the year occurred. No provision for possible gain has been included in these consolidated financial statements, as the outcome is uncertain and the amount of recovery is not determinable.

The Company has had various outstanding legal claims from its suppliers to demand payment of the overdue balances and interest recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loans payable, which includes summary judgments in various jurisdictions.