

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

As at and for the nine-month period ended February 28, 2021

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No Auditor Review of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of Certive Solutions Inc.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Certive Solutions Inc. (the "Company"), as at and for the nine-month period ended February 28, 2021 have been prepared by management and have not been the subject of a review by the Company's external independent auditors.

Certive Solutions Inc.

Vancouver, British Columbia April 28, 2021

Condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position as at: (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

	Notes	February 28, 2021		May 31, 2020
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	74,3	56 \$	29,295
Marketable securities	4	24,0		4,329
Receivables	5	447,8	74	419,965
Prepayments and other		18,74		105,743
Total current assets		565,04	42	559,332
Non-current assets				
Right-of-use assets	17		-	5,452
Receivable from sale of KCA	6	96,9	33	106,060
Software development	9	150,4		209,124
Software development		150,4	[/	209,122
Total assets	\$	812,3	92 \$	879,968
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10 \$			1,855,598
Convertible debt	11	4,365,5		3,813,742
Short term loans	12	767,0		374,849
Notes payable – current portion	7	300,0		300,000
Derivative liability	14	237,0	90	275,483
Lease liability – current portion	17		-	5,68
Total current liabilities		7,947,0	78	6,349,878
Non-current liabilities	7	150.0	20	269.60
Notes payable – long term portion Total liabilities	7	150,0		368,600
i otai nabinues		8,097,0	78	6,993,961
Shareholders' deficit				
Share capital		23,985,1		23,923,918
Reserve – Transaction costs		(655,87		(655,877
Reserve – Share options	13	1,878,5	81	1,871,803
Reserve – Share warrants		728,3		728,387
Contributed surplus		766,8		766,829
Equity portion of convertible debt	11	670,1		599,651
Deficit		(34,657,91	6)	(33,348,704
Total shareholders' deficit		(7,284,68	6)	(6,113,993)
Total shareholders' deficit and liabilities	\$	812,3	92 \$	879,968

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1) Subsequent events (Note 21)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed consolidated interim statements of loss and comprehensive loss for three and nine-months ended: (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

	Notes		Three-months ended February 28, 2021		Three-months ended February 29, 2020		Nine-months ended February 28, 2021		Nine-months ended February 29, 2020
REVENUE									
Lost charge recovery revenue		\$	413,010	\$	418,439	\$	1,254,912	\$	1,082,661
OPERATING COSTS									
Commissions			12,782		17,973		26,068		17,973
Contractors and consulting fees	15		13,080		39,048		38,660		126,72
Direct payroll and employee benefits	15		355,509		282,104		1,026,074		715,39
Travel to client sites License fees			-		-		-		88
Total operating costs					339,125		<u>150</u> 1,090,952		15 861,12
			501,571		559,125		1,030,302		001,12
GROSS PROFIT EXPENSES			31,639		79,314		163,960		221,540
Amortization	9		19,569		19,569		58,707		58,70
Depreciation	17		-		54,232		5,452		162,69
Bad debt expense	6		60,447		-		83,157		
Bank charges and interest			184,305		290,614		568,011		776,76
Consulting fees			22,500		25,000		67,500		119,00
Foreign exchange			68,479		2,258		215,006		33,32
General and administrative			58,285		111,983		155,381		231,19
Management fees			-		21,000		-		57,00
Professional fees			- 7 500		83,851		3,070 18 740		244,734
Rent Salaries and wages	15		7,500 233,303		192,183		18,749 711,990		608,12
Sales and marketing	15		2,464		4,859		18,653		13,27
Share-based compensation	13		2,404 2,259		-,057		6,778		13,27
Transfer agent and filing fees	10		5,844		7,317		23,633		20,50
Travel and promotion			104		6,233		1,967		18,72
Total expenses			(665,059)		(819,099)		(1,938,054)		(2,344,063
Loss from operations			(633,420)		(739,785)		(1,774,094)		(2,122,523
Foreign derivative recovery			-		423,077		-		340,25
Derivative recovery (expense)	14		58,572		-		38,393		,
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable									
securities	4		23,800		(5,976)		22,633		(20,024
PPP loan forgiveness and other income			10,059		-		383,969		
Recovery of accounts payable			-		27,404		18,335		30,45
Recovery of rent expense	17		-		-		1,552		(210.20)
Loss on conversion of convertible debt			-		(210,204)		-		(210,204
Other income (expense), net			92,431		234,301		464,882		140,482
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the		¢	(EAD 000)	¢	(EDE 404)	¢	(1 200 212)	¢	(1.000.041
period		\$	(540,989)	\$	(505,484)	\$	(1,309,212)	\$	(1,982,041)
Basic and diluted loss per common share		\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding			139,552,114		117,682,640		139,294,710		104,992,828

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statement. 5

Condensed consolidated interim statements of cash flows for the nine-months ended: (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

	Fel	bruary 28, 2021	February 29, 2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net loss for the period	\$	(1,309,212) \$	(1,982,041)
Amortization and depreciation		64,159	221,403
Share-based compensation expense		6,778	-
Accrued interest and accretion		393,969	576,156
Amortization of finance costs		-	124,568
Derivative		(38,393)	-
Foreign derivative		-	(340,259)
Foreign exchange		(62,185)	(43,804)
Other income		(3,208)	-
Payment of security deposit		(2,500)	-
Unrealized gain on marketable security		(22,633)	14,048
Recovery of accounts payable		(18,335)	(30,451)
Recovery of rent expense		(1,552)	-
Consulting fees for convertible debt		-	70,000
Non-cash working capital item changes:			
Receivables		(27,909)	(88,177)
Prepaid and other assets		84,499	38,873
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		421,768	589,706
Net cash used in operating activities		(514,754)	(849,978)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Lease payments		-	(93,917)
Cash received from KCA		9,127	5,661
Net cash used in investing activities		9,127	(88,256)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from short term loan		388,950	-
Proceeds from convertible debt		183,000	942,810
Proceeds from warrants exercised		-	145,124
Repayment of short term loan		(10,000)	(30,000)
Lease payments made		(4,137)	-
Repayment of convertible debt (principal portion)		(7,125)	-
Net cash from financing activities		550,688	1,057,934
Net increase in cash during the period		45,061	119,700
Cash, beginning of the period		29,295	64,150
Cash, end of the period	\$	74,356 \$	183,150
Cash paid for:			
Interest	\$	136,822 \$	-
Taxes	\$	\$	-

Non-cash transactions affecting cash flows from financing and investing activities for the nine-months ended February 29, 2020:

- The Company returned 900,000 shares to treasury valued at \$270,000 (Note 13).
- The Company issued a \$70,000 convertible note in exchange for consulting services.
- The Company issued 30,105,449 shares through converting \$1,784,305 of convertible debt, including principal and accrued interest (Note 13).
- \$175,000 was transferred from short-term loans to convertible debt (Note11).

Non-cash transactions affecting cash flows from financing and investing activities for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021:

- The Company issued \$50,000 of convertible debt in exchange for consulting services, of which \$37,500 is recorded as prepaid expense as at February 28, 2021.
- The Company issued 1,667,000 shares through converting \$61,212 of convertible debt, which included principal and accrued interest (Note 13).
- The Company's SBA PPP loan principal of \$368,000 was forgiven by the SBA and recorded as a non-operating gain (Note 7).
- The Company's EIDL advance of \$10,082 was forgiven by the SBA and recorded as a non-operating gain (Note 7).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. 6

Condensed consolidated interim statements of changes in equity for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020: (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

	Capi	ital St	ock	-									
	Number of Shares		Amount		Reserve – ransaction Costs	eserve – re Options	eserve – ⁷ arrants	ntributed Surplus	Sha	re Returned to Treasury	Equity Portion of Convertible Debt	Deficit	Total Deficit
Balance as at May 31, 2019	101,258,980	\$	22,148,804	\$	(655,877)	\$ 1,854,015	\$ 760,095	\$ 766,829	\$	(270,000) \$	668,827	\$ (31,348,909)	\$ (6,076,216)
Convertible debt issued Shares returned to treasury	- (900,000)		(270,000)		-	-	-	-		270,000	310,602	-	310,602
Exercise of warrants	2,750,000		176,832		-	-	(31,708)	-		-	-	-	145,124
Share issued for conversion of convertible debt Loss and comprehensive loss	30,105,449		1,784,305		:	-	-	-		-	:	(1,982,041)	1,784,305 (1,982,041)
Balance as at February 29, 2020	133,214,429	\$	23,839,941		(655,877)	\$ 1,854,015	\$ 728,387	\$ 766,829	\$	- \$	979,429	\$ (33,330,950)	\$ (5,818,226)
Balance as at May 31, 2020 Convertible debt issued	137,885,114	\$	23,923,918	\$	(655,877)	\$ 1,871,803	\$ 728,387	\$ 766,829	\$	- \$	599,651 70,528	\$ (33,348,704)	\$ (6,113,993) 70,528
Shares issued for the conversion of convertible debt Share-based compensation	1,667,000		61,213		-	6,778	-	-			-	-	61,213 6,778
Loss and comprehensive loss	-		-		-	-	-	-		-	-	(1,309,212)	(1,309,212)
Balance as at February 28, 2021	139,552,114	\$	23,985,131	\$	(655,877)	\$ 1,878,581	\$ 728,387	\$ 766,829	\$	- \$	670,179	\$ (34,657,916)	\$ (7,284,686)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Certive Solutions Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the Laws of British Columbia and is traded on the Canadian Security Exchange ("CSE") and is quoted on the OTCQB in the United States. The Company provides Revenue Cycle Management Services to U.S. hospitals, delivered collaboratively, utilizing proprietary workflow document management and analytics tools tailored to health care business processes. The Company currently provides services to hospital clients enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of lost charge recovery services, in revenue sharing relationships, that improve hospital clients' net operating results.

The Company's mailing address is 1185 West Georgia Street, Suite 1140, Vancouver, BC V6E 4E6. The Company's operational headquarters is located at 8149 N. 87th Place, Scottsdale, Arizona 85258.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented in U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated, which is the functional currency of the Company.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain financing and generate positive cash flows from its operations. As at February 28, 2021, the Company has a working capital deficit of (\$7,382,036), a net loss for the nine-months ended of (\$1,309,212) and an accumulated deficit of (\$7,284,686).

Management of the Company does not expect that cash flows for the Company's operations will be enough to cover its operating requirements, financial commitments, and business development priorities during the next twelve months. The Company will need to obtain further financing in the form of debt, equity, or a combination thereof for the next twelve months to fund operations. There can be no assurance that additional funding will be available to the Company, or, if available, that this funding will be on acceptable terms. There is also uncertainty as the effects of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak, which may, among other things, impact the Company is operations and ability to raise further financing (see Note 20). If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to delay or reduce the scope of its operations. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and statement of financial position classification that would be necessary were the going concern assumption deemed to be appropriate. These adjustments could be material.

CERTIVE SOLUTIONS INC. Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of compliance to International Financial Reporting Standards

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting and using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the Company's most recent audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2020. Further, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Therefore, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2020.

The accounting policies followed by the Company are as set out in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2020 and have been consistently followed in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments classified as fair value through profit and loss, and available for sale, which are stated at fair value. In addition, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. The comparative figures presented in these condensed consolidated interim statements are in accordance with IFRS.

These condensed consolidated financial statements were reviewed and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 28, 2021.

b) Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Critical judgments

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgments regarding the going concern of the Company, as previously discussed in Note 1.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of assets and liabilities at the date of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material. Significant estimates made by management affecting these condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the following:

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd...)

b) Significant accounting judgments and estimates (cont'd...)

i) Share-based payments

Estimating the fair value for granted stock options and compensatory warrants requires determining the most appropriate valuation model which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate model including the expected life of the option or warrant, volatility, dividend yield, and rate of forfeitures and making assumptions about them.

ii) Useful lives of property and equipment and intangible assets

Estimates of the useful lives of property and equipment and intangible assets are based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives are reviewed annually and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence, and legal or other limits on the use of the relevant assets. In addition, the estimation of the useful lives of the relevant assets may be based on internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances.

iii) Recovery of deferred tax assets

Judgment is required in determining whether deferred tax assets are recognized on the consolidated interim statements of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable earnings in future years in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted. Additionally, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future years.

iv) Carrying values of tangible and intangible assets

The Company assesses the carrying value of its tangible and intangible assets annually or more frequently if warranted by a change in circumstances. If it is determined that carrying values of assets cannot be recovered, the unrecoverable amounts are charged against current earnings. Recoverability is dependent upon assumption and judgments regarding market conditions, costs of operations and sustaining capital requirements. Other assumptions used in the calculation of recoverable amounts are discount rates, and future cash flows. A material change in the assumptions may significantly impact the potential impairment of these assets.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd...)

b) Significant accounting judgments and estimates (cont'd...)

v) Discount rates used in convertible debentures

The Company calculates the liability portion of convertible debentures by calculating the present value of the loan and related interest, using a discount rate equal to the market rate that would be given for similar debt, without a conversion feature. Management determines this rate by assessing what rate the Company could borrow funds at from an unrelated party.

vi) Contingencies

By their nature, contingencies will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment and estimates of the outcome of future events.

vii) Right-of-use assets

On adoption of IFRS 16, the Company recognized the lease liabilities on leases that were previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17. The liabilities were measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments and using discount rate of 15%. The Company had two office leases that were classified as finance leases effective as at June 1, 2019.

c) Determination of functional currency

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Management has determined that the functional currency for the Company, and its subsidiaries is the U.S. dollar.

d) Basis of consolidation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-company transactions, are eliminated in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Details of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation	February 28, 2021 Interest %	May 31, 2020 Interest %	Principal activity			
	British						
Certive Solutions Inc.	Columbia,						
(the parent company)	Canada	100%	100%	Management solutions			
Certive Health Inc.							
("CHI") (formerly							
Certive Technologies	Arizona,						
Arizona Inc.)	United States	100%	100%	Management solutions			
Omega Technology	Arizona,			Healthcare revenue cycle			
Solutions Inc. ("Omega")	United States	100%	100%	management solutions			
Knowledge Capital	Delaware,			Performance management solutions			
Alliance, Inc. ("KCA") ⁽¹⁾	United States	0%	0%	for public health agencies			
Advantive Information	Arizona,						
Systems Inc. ("AIS")	United States	100%	100%	Dormant			

⁽¹⁾ Knowledge Capital Alliance Inc. was sold on May 31, 2019 and recorded as discontinued operations in prior periods.

CERTIVE SOLUTIONS INC. Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

3. NEW AND FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) New standards adopted

IFRS 16 – Leases. The scope of IFRS 16 includes leases of all assets, with certain exceptions. The Company adopted this standard effective June 1, 2019. IFRS 16 requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model in a similar way to finance leases under IAS 17. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of "low-value" assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less).

At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognize a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Lessees will be required to separately recognize the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset. Lessees will be required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g., a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognize the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Right-of-use assets will be measured at an amount equal to the lease liability adjusted for any prepaid or accrued lease payments. Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in IAS 17 and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases.

On transition, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the determination of which contract is or contains a lease and will apply IFRS 16 to those contracts that were previously identified as leases. The Company elected to apply the effect of changes retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standards recognized to retained earnings at the date of initial application, which is June 1, 2019 (Note 17). The right-of-use assets are measured on adoption at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments related to the lease recognized in the statement of financial position at adoption.

The following is the Company's new accounting policy for leases under IFRS 16:

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease by determining whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. A right-of-use asset and lease liability is recognized at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, including periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. The lease payments are discounted using the implicit interest rate in the lease. If the rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental rate of borrowing is used. The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is re-measured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate. The change in the Company's estimate depends on the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension, or termination option.

3. NEW AND FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

b) Future accounting pronouncements

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective as at the date of issuing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and have not been applied in preparing such. The Company has not early adopted any of these standards and is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that these standards might have on its condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Cost		
At May 31, 2019 and 2020 and February 28, 2021	\$	7,474
Adjustment to fair value		
At May 31, 2019		17,982
Unrealized loss		(22, 377)
At May 31, 2020		(1,619)
Unrealized loss		22,633
At February 28, 2021		21,014
Monetary exchange		
At May 31, 2019		(1,581)
At May 31, 2020		1,250
At February 28, 2021		3,054
Net Book Value		
	¢	4 220
At May 31, 2020	\$	4,329
At February 28, 2021	\$	24,068

5. **RECEIVABLES**

	February 28, 2021	May 31, 2020
GST input tax credits	\$ 12,500	\$ 11,422
Trade receivables	161,708	28,659
Work in progress ("WIP")	364,888	498,431
Allowance for uncollectible WIP	(91,222)	(118,547)
Total	\$ 447,874	\$ 419,965

The average credit period on rendering of services is between 30 to 45 days. No interest is charged on outstanding trade receivables.

6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the year ended May 31, 2019, the Company entered into a Sale Agreement (the "Sale Agreement") to sell the stock of Knowledge Capital Alliance Inc. ("KCA") to KCA's president (the "Purchaser") effective as of May 31, 2019. The terms of the Sale Agreement are as follows:

The Company sold the original 100 shares received in the acquisition of KCA to the Purchaser for \$1,200,000 (the "Purchase Price"). As such, all assets, liabilities, and business of KCA were transferred to the Purchaser by the Company effective as of May 31, 2019 and relinquished any rights or interest in the operating results of KCA that are earned on or after June 1, 2019. The 100 shares of stock in Knowledge Capital Alliance Inc. will remain in safekeeping with a Trustee until the terms of the Sale Agreement are fulfilled.

The Purchase Price was made up as follows:

- The Purchaser transferred 900,000 shares of the Company back to the Company, at a value of \$270,000; and
- Cash due to the Company in the amount of \$930,000 to be paid in monthly installments of net revenues as follows:

Annualize net revenue	Monthly percentage payment
Less than \$400,000	3.0%
\$400,000 - \$499,999	5.0%
\$500,000 - \$750,000	7.5%
\$750 001 - \$1,000,000	10.0%
\$1,000,001 - \$2,000,000	12.5%
Greater than \$2,000,000	15.0%

Following the final and full payment of \$930,000, an on-going royalty of 5.0% of the net revenues shall be paid to the Purchaser of the Company on a quarterly basis for a period of 36 months.

In the event that KCA is sold by the Purchaser prior to the payment of \$930,000, the remainder of the payment will be due to the Company, in addition to 15% of the excess purchase price over \$930,000.

The Company determined, based on the projected net revenues of KCA, that it will not collect the full \$930,000. As a result, the Company calculated that the amount receivable was \$112,851 as at May 31, 2019, based on a 5-year discounted cash flow projection, using a discount rate of 20%. The Company's receivable from KCA is \$96,933 as at February 28, 2021 and \$106,060 as at May 31, 2020.

7. NOTE PAYABLE

Short-term notes payable

During the year ended May 31, 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of the assets of Omega Technology Solutions LLC ("Omega"). In connection with the acquisition, the Company issued a convertible promissory note of \$600,000 to the former owner of Omega's assets, which was converted into 10,000,000 common shares of the Company. In addition, 1,300,000 common shares of the Company, with a deemed value of \$240,000, were issued as directed by the former owner of Omega's assets.

Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

7. NOTE PAYABLE (cont'd...)

Short-term notes payable (cont'd...)

The Company also agreed to make payments totaling \$500,000, which when paid, will be full settlement of any amounts owed between the Company and the former owner of Omega's assets as follows:

- \$50,000 to be paid during the year ended May 31, 2019 (paid);
- \$50,000 to be paid on May 31, 2019 (paid);
- \$50,000 to be paid on August 31, 2019 (paid in January 2020);
- \$50,000 to be paid on November 30, 2019 (paid in January 2020); and
- \$50,000 to be paid on February 29, 2020 (past due).
- With respect to the remaining \$250,000, 25% of Omega's net income will be paid quarterly through August 31, 2020, when any remaining balance becomes due (past due).

As at February 28, 2021 and May 31, 2020, the remaining unpaid balance of \$300,000 is included in notes payable – current portion (Note 15).

Long-term notes payable

On April 22, 2020, CHI received a \$368,600 loan pursuant to the U.S. Small Business Administration ("SBA") Paycheck Protection Program under the CARES Act (the "PPP Loan"). CHI used the proceeds to pay for qualifying expenses, such as payroll, payroll taxes, employee benefits and occupancy costs. CHI received notice from the SBA that the PPP Loan was fully forgiven effective on November 20, 2020. However, in accordance with the PPP Loan forgiveness terms, the \$10,000 advance received from the SBA Economic Injury Disaster Loan ("EIDL") was to be repaid based on the terms of the PPP Loan. However, the Company received notice from its financial institution on February 24, 2021 that the \$10,000 advance and \$82 of accrued interest related to the SBA EIDL was forgiven.

On July 26, 2020 the Company was awarded a \$150,000 SBA EIDL with an interest rate of 3.75%, repayments deferred for one year and then monthly payments based on a 30-year term loan. As at February 28, 2021, the long-term principal portion carrying value is \$150,000. During the month of April 2021, the SBA announced that it is extending the first payment due date for the EIDL for two years from the loan date. Under these updated terms, the Company would not be expected to make the first EIDL payment until July 2022.

8. IMPAIRED ASSETS

The Company determined that Omega was impaired as at May 31, 2018 and determined that its recoverable amount was \$Nil. As a result, the Company recorded an impairment of \$480,000 in connection with Omega's customer list and \$200,000 in connection with Omega's trade name during the year ended May 31, 2018. An assessment will be made at each reporting date to determine whether the previous impairment of Omega no longer exists or has decreased.

CERTIVE SOLUTIONS INC. Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021

(Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

9. SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

	D	Software evelopment
Cost		
At May 31, 2019, May 31, 2020 and February 28, 2021	\$	573,316
Accumulated Amortization		
At May 31, 2019		278,659
Amortization expense		(85,533)
At May 31, 2020		364,192
Amortization expense		(58,707)
At February 28, 2021		422,899
<u>Net Book Value</u>		
At May 31, 2019	\$	294,657
At May 31, 2020	\$	209,124
At February 28, 2021	\$	150,417

10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	February 28, 2021	May 31, 2020
Accounts payable	\$ 277,025	\$ 370,220
Accrued liabilities	1,550,339	1,134,594
Payroll and payroll tax liabilities	450,002	350,784
Total	\$ 2,277,366	\$ 1,855,598

11. CONVERTIBLE DEBT

As at February 28, 2021 and May 31, 2020, the Company had the following convertible debt:

Description		Face value	Total liability	Total liability
			February 28, 2021	May 31, 2020
Past due convertible note, convertible at CDN\$0.25 per				
share, accruing interest at 5% per annum.	CDN\$	30,000	\$ 23,649	\$ 21,759
Past due convertible note, convertible at CDN\$0.50 per				
unit, with each unit consisting of one common share, and				
one common share purchase warrant, exercisable at				
CDN\$0.55 for one year, accruing interest at 8% per annum.	CDN\$	423,000	333,451	306,802
Past due convertible note, convertible at CDN\$0.10 per				
share, accruing interest at 12% per annum.	CDN\$	10,000	7,883	7,253
Past due convertible note, convertible at CDN\$0.25 per				
share, accruing interest at 10% per annum.	CDN\$	400,000	315,320	290,120
Past due convertible note, convertible at CDN\$0.15 per				
share, accruing interest at 18% per annum.	CDN\$	700,000	551,421	505,872
Mature in July 2019, convertible at \$0.03 per share,				
accruing interest of 15% per annum	\$	50,000	50,000	50,000
Mature in July 2019, convertible at \$0.06 per share,				
accruing interest of 18% per annum	\$	50,000	50,000	50,000
Mature in November 2019, convertible at \$0.04 per share,				
accruing interest of 10% per annum	\$	90,000	90,000	90,000
Mature in February 2020, convertible at CDN\$0.04 per				
share, accruing interest of 10% per annum until the maturity				
date, and 18% per annum thereafter	CDN\$	375,000	295,613	271,988
Mature in February 2020, convertible at CDN\$0.06 per				
share, accruing interest of 10% per annum until the maturity				
date, and 18% per annum thereafter	CDN\$	400,000	315,320	290,120
Mature in February 2020, convertible at \$0.15 per share,				
accruing interest of 10% per annum until the maturity date,				
and 18% per annum thereafter (Note 16)	\$	250,000	250,000	250,000
Mature in June 2020, convertible at \$0.03 per share,				
accruing interest of 10% per annum	\$	50,000	-	49,992
Mature in July 2021, convertible at \$0.03 per share,				
accruing interest of 15% per annum (Note 16)	\$	50,000	49,647	49,007
Mature on February 28, 2022, convertible at \$0.03 per		,	,	,
share, accruing interest of 10% per annum	\$	253,561	238,565	228,822
Mature on October 31, 2021, convertible at \$0.06 per share,	Ŧ		,	,
accruing interest of 8% per annum (Note 16)	\$	819,093	777,828	736,345
Mature on February 29, 2024, convertible at \$0.14 per	Ψ	,0	,020	
share, accruing interest of 12% per annum (Note 16)	\$	1,199,661	1,016,872	615,662
			\$ 4,365,569	\$ 3,813,742

As at February 28, 2021 and May 31, 2020, the Company has the following convertible notes outstanding:

	Fe	bruary 28, 2021	May 31, 2020
Convertible notes overdue	\$	2,282,304 \$	2,133,914
Convertible notes due within 12 months of period end		827,828	49,992
Convertible notes due after 12 months from period end		1,255,437	1,629,836
Total	\$	4,365,569 \$	3,813,742

11. CONVERTIBLE DEBT (cont'd...)

The Company offered four-year 12% convertible promissory notes, the recognition of the fair value of the liability was made when the Company initially closed such offering effective February 29, 2020 (the "Closing Date"). The notes are due February 29, 2024 and, during the term, the unpaid principal and unpaid accrued interest, if any, may be converted into common shares of Certive at \$0.14 per share. The notes are to be repaid from, among other sources, the lenders' pro rata share of 1/3 of the net cash collections from its 6-hospital client in the North-eastern U.S. The Company shall not be penalized for early repayment of any or all the notes. As of February 28, 2021, such offering represents \$1,199,661 face value of convertible promissory notes.

In addition, Certive's Board of Directors approved a new non-brokered \$1,000,000 Private Placement Offering of four-year 10% convertible promissory notes. During the term, the unpaid principal and unpaid accrued interest, if any, may be converted into common shares of Certive at \$0.14/share. The notes are to be repaid from, among other sources, the lenders' pro rata share of 25% of the net cash collections from a recent new client in Virginia along with three other clients that shall be designated before the end of Certive's fiscal year ending May 31, 2021. The Company shall not be penalized for early repayment of any or all the notes. As at February 28, 2021, the Company has received \$169,000 from lenders intending to participate in such Offering, of which \$69,000 was received from two Officers and Directors of the Company and \$30,000 was received from an Advisory Council member. These amounts have been recorded in 10% short-term loans disclosed below.

12. SHORT-TERM LOANS

Loans are made of the following:

]	February 28, 2021	May 31, 2020
Loans from related parties (Note 15) (1)	\$	467,515	\$ 163,000
Loans from other entities (2)		299,538	211,849
Total	\$	767,053	\$ 374,849

⁽¹⁾ As at February 28, 2021, of the total short-term loans from related parties, \$254,514 are non-interest-bearing advances to the Company, which are due on demand. Of the remaining \$213,000, \$114,000 have an interest rate of 12% and \$99,000 have an interest rate of 10% and all are due on demand. As at May 31, 2020, of the total short-term loans from related parties, \$8,000 are non-interest-bearing advances to the Company, due on demand. Of the remaining \$155,000, \$130,000 have an interest rate of 12%, \$20,000 have an interest rate of 10% and \$5,000 have an interest rate of 8% and all are due on demand.

⁽²⁾ As at February 28, 2021, of the total short-term loans from other parties, \$100,000 are non-interest bearing advances to the Company, which are due on demand. Of the remaining \$199,538, \$125,000 have an interest rate of 12% and \$70,000 have an interest rate of 10% and all are due on demand. The remaining \$4,538 is a line of credit owing to a financial institution that bears interest at 4% per annum. As at May 31, 2020, of the total short-term loans from other parties, \$83,000 are non-interest bearing advances to the Company, while \$125,000 have an interest rate of 12% and all are due on demand. The remaining \$3,849 is a line of credit owing to a financial institution that bears interest at 4% per annum.

Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

13. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Common stock

Authorized

Unlimited common shares without par value.

Issued and outstanding

During the nine-months ended February 29, 2020, the Company had the following share transactions:

- The Company returned 900,000 common shares to treasury valued at \$270,000.
- The Company issued 1,750,000 common shares through exercised warrants valued at \$95,124.

During the nine-months ended February 28, 2021, the Company had the following share transactions:

- The Company issued 1,667,000 common shares through the conversion of \$61,212 of convertible debt, which included principal and accrued interest.
- b) Purchase warrants

The following table summarizes the continuity of share purchase warrants:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average
Outstanding, May 31, 2019	23,166,734	\$0.05
Exercised	(2,750,000)	\$0.05
Expired	(20,416,734)	\$0.05
Outstanding, May 31, 2020 and February 28, 2021	-	-

c) Stock options

The Company's Stock Option Plan is a 20% stock rolling plan that allows a maximum 20% of the issued shares to be reserved for issuance under the plan. Stock options granted under the plan may not have a term exceeding 10 years, and the exercise price and the vesting provisions are determined at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors.

Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

13. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd...)

The following table summarizes the continuity of stock options:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, May 31, 2019	10,008,708	\$0.13
Expired ⁽¹⁾	(900,000)	\$0.12
Granted	1,550,000	CDN\$0.05
Expired ⁽²⁾	(4,400,000)	CDN\$0.05
Expired ⁽³⁾	(4,058,708)	CDN\$0.25
Outstanding, May 31, 2020 and February 28, 2021	2,200,000	\$0.12

(1) In July/August 2019, 900,000 options expired: 400,000 expired due to accelerated expiry terms due to the cessation of a former key manager and 500,000 expired due to accelerated expiry a year after the death of the former Chairman and CEO.

(2) On December 31, 2020, 4,058,708 stock options expired. The expired stock options consisted of 508,708 stock options pertaining to the Company's former CEO and of 3,550,000 stock options pertaining primarily to current and former members of the Company's Advisory Council. Such expired stock options were exercisable at CDN\$0.25.

(3) On January 29, 2021, 4,200,000 of stock options granted to executive management expired because the vesting provision was not met. The stock options were granted by the Company's Board of Directors contingent upon the Company achieving a share price sustained at or above \$0.30/share for a 45-consecutive day period on a volume weighted basis prior to January 29, 2021. When the Company initially granted these options, it was determined that the probability of achieving the required share price was nil and as a result did not record any share-based compensation in connection with these options.

As at May 31, 2020 and February 28, 2021, the following stock options were outstanding to directors, officers and employees of the Company:

			Remaining	
Outstanding	Exercisable	Exercise Price	Life (Years)	Expiry Date
1,050,000	1,050,000	\$0.22	0.79	September 13, 2021
1,150,000	200,000	CDN\$0.05	9.06	December 18, 2029
2,200,000	1,250,000	\$0.12	4.89	

The Company recognizes compensation expense for all stock options granted using the fair value-based method of accounting.

During the year ended May 31, 2020, the Company granted the following stock options:

• On December 18, 2019, the Company granted an aggregate of 400,000 additional incentive stock options to primarily managers of its Omega division that are exercisable at a price of CDN\$0.05 per share for a ten-year term. However, these options expired because they did not vest. These options would only vest if the Company's share price achieved US\$0.30 on a volume weighted basis for a 45-day period prior to January 29, 2021. The Company determined that the probability of achieving this share price was nil and as a result has not recorded any share-based compensation in connection with these options.

Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

13. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd...)

- On December 18, 2019, the Company also granted 750,000 retention stock options with a fair value of USD\$0.04 per option, of which an additional \$5,193 was recorded as share-based compensation expense during the nine -months ended February 28, 2021, to the Company's CEO and CFO that are exercisable at a price of CDN\$0.05 per share for a ten-year term, which will vest in their entirety 36 months after the date of grant.
- On March 31, 2020, the Company granted 200,000 incentive stock options to an advisory council member of the Company, exercisable at CDN\$0.05 for a period of 10 years. However, these options expired because they did not vest. These options would only vest if the Company's share price sustained at or above \$0.30 for a 45-consecutive day period on a volume weighted basis prior to January 29, 2021. The Company determined that the probability of achieving this share price was nil and as a result has not recorded any share-based compensation in connection with these options.
- On March 31, 2020, the Company also granted 200,000 stock options with a fair value of USD\$0.02 per option, of which an additional \$1,585 was recorded as share-based compensation expense during the nine-months ended February 28, 2021, to two independent directors of the Company, CDN\$0.05 per share for a ten-year term, which will vest in their entirety 12 months after the date of grant.

The fair value of the stock options during the nine-month period ended February 28, 2021 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	February 28, 2021
Expected volatility	213.34%
Expected option life (years)	0.67
Risk-free interest rate	23%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%

During the nine-months ended February 28, 2021, the Company did not grant any stock options.

14. DERIVATIVE LIABILTY

The derivative financial liability consists of the fair value of non-compensatory share purchase warrants and convertible notes that have an exercise price or a conversion price that differs from the functional currency of the Company. Details of the derivative liability as at February 28, 2021 and May 31, 2020 is as follows:

As at February 28, 2021:

Expiration Date	Exercise price	Number of securities exercisable/convertible	Fair value as at February 28, 2021
October 31, 2021	\$0.06	14,348,969	\$ 237,090

These securities issued outstanding as at February 28, 2021 were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model with a weighted average expected volatility of 213.34%, discounted rate of 0.23%, expected life of 0.67 years, and a dividend rate of 0%.

14. DERIVATIVE LIABILTY (cont'd...)

As at May 31, 2020:

(Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars)

Expiration Date	Exercise price	Number of securities exercisable/convertible	Fair value as at May 31, 2020
October 31, 2021	\$0.06	14,348,969	\$ 275,483

These securities issued outstanding as at May 31, 2020 were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model with a weighted average expected volatility of 253.12%, discounted rate of 0.28%, expected life of 1.5 years, and a dividend rate of 0%.

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Balances and transactions between the Parent Company and its consolidated subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Parent, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. The Company's related parties consist of its Directors, Key Management Personnel ("KMPs") and companies owned in whole or in part by KMPs and directors as follows:

Name	Position and nature of relationship
UTA Holdings, LLC	Company controlled by advisory council member
SMA Group, LLC	Company controlled by key management personnel
Miller and Associates Environmental Consultants Inc.	Company controlled by the corporate secretary
Hyland Property Management Services LLC	Company controlled by officer and director
Lena V. LaMantia Trust	Company controlled by officer and director
Tim Hyland	Director, officer and former advisory council member
Tom Marreel	Director, officer and former advisory council member
Jeff Wareham	Independent director
Jack Saltich	Independent director
Scott Thomas	Director and VP of investor relations
Mike Miller	Corporate secretary and chief legal officer
Susan Miller	Spouse of the corporate secretary
Fredrick Erickson	Former key management personnel
Brian Cameron	Former key management personnel
Ann Fierro	Key management personnel
Jeff Benton	Advisory council member
Arthur Pelberg, M.D.	Advisory council member
Jack Chapman	Advisory council member
Steve Schramm	Advisory council member
Don Gilbert	Advisory council member
J.J. Linder, M.D.	Advisory council member
Scott Donaldson	Advisory council member
Sheila Schweitzer	Advisory council member
Tim Bricker	Advisory council member

Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (cont'd...)

The amounts due to the related parties are as follows:

	Nature of relationship	February 28, 2021	May 31, 2020
	Directors, key management personnel, and companies controlled by these		
Accounts payable (Note 10)	parties,	\$ 99,551	\$ 168,964
Convertible loans – face value (Note 11)	Directors	284,575	180,575
Convertible loans – face value (Note 11)	Advisory board member	493,596	563,789
Notes payable (Note 7)	Key management personnel	300,000	300,000
Short-term loans payable (Note 12)	Former officer and director	25,000	25,000
Short-term loans payable (Note 12)	Directors and key management	370,000	138,000
Total		\$ 1,572,722	\$ 1,376,328

The Company incurred the following fees and expenses in the normal course of operations in connection with companies owned by key management and directors. Expenses have been measured at the exchange amount which is determined based on actual cost. There is no other remuneration of directors or other members of key management personnel during the three and nine-months ended February 28, 2021and February 29, 2020 are as follows:

	Nine-months ended February 28, 2021	Nine-months ended February 29, 2020	Three-month ended February 28, 2021	Three-months ended February 29, 2020
Management fees Salaries to key management personnel, included in operating costs	\$ -	\$ 57,000	\$ -	\$ 21,000
and expenses	267,374	191,250	102,125	95,625
Consulting fees Professional	-	119,000	-	25,000
fees	-	244,734	-	83,85
Total	\$ 267,374	\$ 611,984	\$ 102,125	\$ 225,47

16. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

The Company considers its common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants as capital. Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its assets and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at an acceptable risk. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue debt, or acquire or dispose of assets.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions.

In order to maximize ongoing efforts, the Company does not pay out dividends. The Company's Investment policy is to keep its cash treasury invested in demand certificates of deposit with major financial institutions.

There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the nine-months ended February 28, 2021.

17. LEASES

Upon transition to IFRS 16 on June 1, 2019, the Company had two lease agreements for its leased office premises:

- a) The Company had a lease in Scottsdale, Arizona, which expired on July 31, 2020. The Company did not renew this lease. Subsequent to the expiry of this lease, the Company rents office space on a month-to-month basis, which is exempt from recognition as a right-of-use asset due to the short-term nature of this agreement.
- b) The Company had a lease through its subsidiary, Omega, which expired on March 31, 2020. As at February 28, 2021, the Company had not entered into a new lease. During March 2020, Omega moved out of its offices, stored its furnishings, relocated its servers to a secure vendor and Omega's employees continue to work remotely from their homes until further notice due to the pandemic (Note 20).

At June 1, 2019, the leases were recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability was measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments using the Company's incremental borrowing rate of 15% and the lease terms of 14 months and 10 months respectively. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

17. LEASES (cont'd)

Right-of-use assets

	Certive Solutions Inc.	Omega Technology Solutions Inc.	Total
Cost			
At June 1, 2019, May 31, 2020, and			
February 28, 2021	\$ 37,365	\$ 154,180	\$ 191,545
Accumulated depreciation			
At June 1, 2019	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	31,913	154,180	186,093
At May 31, 2020	31,913	154,180	186,093
Depreciation expense	5,452	-	5,452
At February 28, 2021	37,365	154,1580	191,545
Net book value			
At June 1, 2019	\$ 37,365	\$ 154,180	\$ 191,545
At May 31, 2020	\$ 5,452	\$ -	\$ 5,452
At February 28, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Lease liability			

	Certive Solutions Inc.	Omega Technology Solutions Inc.	Total
At June 1, 2019	\$ 37,365	\$ 154,180	\$ 191,545
Interest expense	2,993	8,205	11,198
Payments	(34,669)	(146,146)	(180,815)
Recovery of rent	-	(16,239)	(16,239)
At May 31, 2020	5,689	-	5,689
Payments	(4,137)	-	(4,137)
Recovery of rent	(1,552)	-	(1,552)
At February 28, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial risk management

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, marketable securities, receivables, accounts payable, convertible debt, short-term loans, notes payable derivative liability and lease liability.

The fair value of cash and marketable securities are measured on the statement of financial position using level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the lease liability is measured on the statement of financial position using level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of convertible debt and derivative liability is measured on the statement of financial position using level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of receivables, accounts payable, and short-term loans and notes payable approximate their book values because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of the long-term portion of the note payable approximates its carrying value.

Financial instrument risk exposure

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk, which includes currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company has no material counterparties to its financial instruments with the exception of the Financial institutions which hold its cash and receivables. The Company manages this credit risk by ensuring that these financial assets are placed with a major financial institution with strong investment grade ratings by a primary ratings agency. In addition, the Company affords credit to customers with which it believes it will collect payment. The Company does not believe it has a material exposure to credit risk.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure as described in Note 19. There is a risk that the Company may not be able to meet its financial obligation when they are due. All of the Company's accounts payable have contractual maturities of 30 days or are due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms.

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and commodity and equity prices.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

d) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's functional currency is the United States dollar as the Company's main center of operations is in the United States. As at February 28, 2021, the Company has approximately CDN\$2,925,000 of financial liabilities denominated in Canadian dollars. A 10% change in exchange rate would result in a change to loss and comprehensive loss of approximately \$224,0200.

e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The risk that the Company will realize a loss as a result of interest rate risk on its notes payable is minimal, as these have a short-term to maturity and a fixed interest rate.

f) Price risk

The Company is not exposed to significant price risk as it does not hold significant investments in publicly traded securities. The Company's price risk is limited to the value of its marketable securities.

19. LEGAL MATTERS

Included in accrued liabilities is a payroll tax liability of \$450,002 as of February 28, 2021, that stems from the failure of the former CFO to make payroll tax withholding payments to the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") during the period from approximately April 2017 to June 2018. The failure to make such legally required payments was not fully disclosed by the Company's former CFO until the end of 2017 when representations were made to the Board of Directors that there had been arrangements made for payment to the IRS. Those representations proved to be false. The Company had been making payments under a negotiated payment plan with the IRS for satisfaction of the existing liabilities, which required a \$25,000 monthly payment to be made until the outstanding balance, including penalties and interest, is satisfied. On March 26, 2020, the Company requested the IRS to grant approval of a deferral of the payment plan until July 28, 2020, which was granted. On September 28, 2020, the Company submitted an Offer-in-Compromise to the IRS regarding this matter. The IRS indicated that it is in the process of evaluating the offer and that a determination should be made by the end of March 2021. This has abated the need to continue the payment plan until such final determination is issued by the IRS.

In addition, the Company sent a demand to the former CFO for the return of improper payments of the former CFO's salary paid to himself during the period when the IRS liabilities were being incurred. Most recently, the Company has served a legal notice against the Company's former CFO in an attempt to recover losses sustained by the Company, which the Company contends were the result of a transaction not properly Board-approved due to conflicts of interest amongst the CFO and the other Board members approving the transaction. The results of such legal proceeding are unknown at this time.

Notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements As at and for the nine-months ended February 28, 2021 (*Unaudited - Expressed in U.S. Dollars*)

20. CONTINGENCY

Since early 2020, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, including the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally. Governments and central banks have reacted at times with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown. Most recently, additional fiscal stimulus in the United States has been enacted and additional amounts are being considered by Congress. In addition, States are in various stages of distributing vaccines from a number of manufacturers initially to healthcare workers and the elderly. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company in future periods.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a) Subsequent to February 28, 2021, the Company received \$61,545 from an investor in a 10% Demand Note intended to be invested in the Company's new Offering at its closing.
- b) Subsequent to February 28, 2021, the Company received noninterest-bearing advances of \$18,325 from two Officers and Directors of the Company and \$12,500 from a Key Management Personnel, all of which are payable on demand.
- c) On March 18, 2021, a lender converted \$116,606 of principal and accrued interest in the Company's two-year 8% convertible promissory note into 1,943,441 common shares at a conversion price of \$0.06/share.