# VisualVault Corporation (Formerly Manuweb

Software Systems, Inc.)

**Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements** 

3 Months Period Ending August 31, 2012 and 2011

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#### REVIEW ENGAGEMENT REPORT

To the Shareholders of VisualVault Corporation:

We have reviewed the condensed interim statement of financial position of VisualVault Corporation. as at August 31, 2012 and 2011 and the condensed interim statements of comprehensive loss, and cash flows for the years then ended.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. Our review was made in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for review engagements and accordingly consisted primarily of enquiry, analytical procedures and discussion related to information supplied to us by the Company.

A review does not constitute an audit and consequently we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that these condensed interim financial statements are not, in all material respects, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Vancouver, British Columbia

"Buckley Dodds Parker LLP" Chartered Accountants

October 24, 2012

# **Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position** (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

ASSETS	(Reviewed) August 31, 2012	(Audited) May 31, 2012
CURRENT Cash Due from related party (Note 13) HST receivable	99,183 78,795 12,670	99,661 52,787 9,323
	190,647	161,771
Goodwill (Note 5)	4,222,190	4,222,190
Investment in software license and non-refundable deposit (Note 6)	5,146,251	4,946,250
	\$ 9,559,088	\$ 9,330,211
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	384,123	159,112
Convertible debt (Note 14)	273,952	- 49.900
Due to related party (Note 13) Short term loan (Note 7)	48,800 73,328	48,800 73,328
Onort term roan (Note 1)	780,203	281,240
	700,200	201,210
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 9)	9,470,281	9,470,281
Equity portion of convertible debt (Note 14) Subscription receivable	159,818 -	(20,000)
Contributed surplus	445,933	445,933
Deficit	(1,297,146)	(847,243)
	8,778,886	9,048,971
	\$ 9,559,088	\$ 9,330,211
Note 8 - Commitments Note 19 – Subsequent events		
On behalf of the Board:		
Van Potter		
Brian Cameron		

Condensed Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss/Income (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	(Reviewed)	(Unaudited)
	3 months	3 months
	ended	ended
	August 31,	August 31,
	2012	2011
EXPENSES		
Advertising and promotion	48	-
Shares issued as bonus	144,000	
Consulting - Note 13	95,900	-
Foreign exchange loss	9,505	-
General and administrative	12,475	74
Interest expense	3,478	0
Maintenance fee	40,000	-
Professional fees	93,241	-
Rent	5,382	-
Transfer agent	4,522	5,592
Travel and promotion	41,352	
TOTAL EXPENSES	449,903	5,666
LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	\$ 449,903	5,666
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 0.02	0.00
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	28,133,455	17,936,667

# Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of	Capital	Contributed	Equity portion of convertible		
	Shares	Stock	surplus	debt	Deficit	Total Equity
Issuance of shares in pursuant of plan of arrangement	6,038,667	15,000	-	-	-	15,000
Common shares issued for: Cash - \$0.05	1,940,000	97.000				97,000
Exercise of option - \$0.05	1,000,000	50,000	-	_	-	50,000
Investment - \$0.02	8,958,000	179,160	<u>-</u>	_	_	179,160
Fair value difference of shares issued as investment	-	-	268,740	-	-	268,740
Stock based compensation	_	_	21,117	_	_	21,117
Net loss for the period	_	-		_	(135,851)	(135,851)
Balance as at May 31, 2011	17,936,667	341,160	289,857	-	(135,851)	495,166
7:1 share consolidation Shares issued during the year Common shares issued for:	(15,374,286)	-	-	-	-	-
Investment - \$0.35	9,735,143	3,407,300	-	-	-	3,407,300
Investment - \$0.35	13,275,500	4,646,425	-	-	-	4,646,425
Cash - \$0.42	2,560,830	1,075,396	-	-	-	1,075,396
Stock based compensation	-	-	156,076	-	-	156,076
Subscription receivable	-	(20,000)	-	-	-	(20,000)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(711,392)	(711,392)
Balance as at May 31, 2012	28,133,854	9,450,281	445,933	-	(847,243)	9,048,971
Net loss for the period Subscription receivable	-	20,000	-	-	(449,903)	(449,903) 20,000
Equity portion of convertible note	-	20,000	_	159,818	-	159,818
Balance as at August 31, 2012	28,133,854	9,470,281	445,933	159,818	(1,297,146)	8,778,886

**Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows** (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	_	(Reviewed) 3 months ended August 31, 2012	3 months ended
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net loss for the year	\$	(449,903)	(5,666)
Changes in non-cash working capital			
Due from related party		(26,008)	-
Due to related party		(17,772)	
Short term loan		17,772	
HST receivable		(3,347)	-
Accounts payable	_	225,009	30,697
Cash flow from (used) by operating activities	,	(254,249)	25,031
FINIANICINIC ACTIVITIES			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		450 770	
Issuance of convertible notes		453,770	-
Cash flow from financing activities		453,770	-
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of software license		(200,000)	_
T distincts of solutions incomes	_	(200,000)	
Cash flow from (used by) investing activities		(200,000)	-
INCREASE IN CASH FLOW		(479)	25,031
CASH - Beginning of period		99,661	26,735
CASH - End of period	\$	99,183	51,766
Cash paid for:	_	<b>-</b>	
Interest paid	\$	3,478	
Income taxes	\$		

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 1. GENERAL BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

VisualVault Corporation, (Vancouver, BC and Scottsdale, Arizona) provides secure document management software as a service (SaaS) and compliance cloud services used where security and integrity of unstructured data is needed and compliance requirements high. VisualVault Corporation markets the VisualVault<sup>™</sup> platform under its Advantive Information Management (AIM) brand. The product is unique in its ability to meet the needs of a wide range of vertical markets including health care, securities regulation, manufacturing and government.

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its Wholly-owned subsidiaries, Advantive Information Management Inc. and Visual Vault Technologies Inc. All intercompany accounts have been eliminated.

On December 21, 2011 the Company changed its name from Manuweb Software Systems, Inc to VisualVault Corporation.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements are prepared under IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency, unless otherwise indicated.

The consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain financing and generate positive cash flows from its operations. The Company has minimal capital resources presently available to meet obligations which normally can be expected to be incurred by similar companies and has a working capital deficit of \$589,555, May 31, 2012 - \$119,469 (2011 - \$47,266 working capital), a loss for the period of \$449,903, loss for the year ending May 31, 2012 \$711,392 (2011 - \$135,851) and deficit of \$1,297,146, May 31, 2012 \$847,243 (2011 - \$135,851). Management of the Company does not expect that cash flows for the Company's operations will be sufficient to cover all of its operating requirements, financial commitments and business development priorities during the next twelve months. Accordingly, the Company expects that it will need to obtain further financing in the form of debt, equity or a combination thereof for the next twelve months. There can be no assurance that additional funding will be available to the Company, or, if available, that this funding will be on acceptable terms. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to delay or reduce the scope of any or all of its operations.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNT JUDGMENT, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity of IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the consolidated financial statements is described below:

## a) Depreciation

The Company's management exercises its judgment in estimating the useful lives of the depreciable assets. The estimated useful lives reflect the management's estimate of the periods the Company intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these assets. The Company depreciates its license in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 4. The carrying amount of the license is disclosed in Note 6.

#### b) Recovery of Deferred Tax Assets

Judgment is required in determining whether deferred tax assets are recognized on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from un-utilized tax losses require management to assess the likelihood that the Group will generate taxable earnings in future periods, in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

Additionally, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Company operations could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods.

## c) Contingencies

By their nature, contingencies will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment and estimates of the outcome of future events.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 resulted in no changes to the accounting policies as the Company has followed IFRS from inception. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's presentation currency and the functional currency of all of its operations is the Canadian dollar as this is the principal currency of the economic environment in which they operate.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the Company's functional currency at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the end of each reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value is determined.

All gains and losses on translation of these foreign currency transactions are included in profit or loss.

#### b) Cash

Cash includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change value.

#### c) License

The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into operation, the initial estimate of the rehabilitation obligation, and for qualifying assets, borrowing costs. The purchase price or construction cost is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset.

#### d) Depreciation/Amortization

The License is recorded at cost and amortization is calculated based on the term of the license agreement which is 3 years.

The asset's residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation/amortization are reviewed at each reporting period, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate.

## e) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss for the period. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### f) Financial Instruments

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are classified as into one of the following categories based on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. All transactions related to financial instruments are recorded on a trade date basis. The Company's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

#### Loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets resulting from the delivery of cash or other assets by a lender to a borrower in return for a promise to repay on a specified date or dates, or on demand. They are initially recognized a fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue and subsequently carried at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in the profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

#### f) Financial Instruments

#### Available-for-sale investments

Non-derivative financial assets not included in the above categories are classified as available-for-sale and comprise principally the Company's strategic investments in entities not qualifying as subsidiaries or associates. Available-for-sale investments are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss/income. Where there is a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset (which constitutes objective evidence of impairment) the full amount of the impairment, including any amount previously recognized in other comprehensive loss/income, is recognized in profit or loss. If there is no quoted market price in an active market and fair value cannot be readily determined, available-for-sale investments are carried at cost.

Purchases and sales of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized on a trade date basis. On sale or impairment, the cumulative amount recognized in other comprehensive loss/income is reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss/income to profit or loss.

## Impairment on financial assets

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired, if and only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events, that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

Objective evidence of impairment could include the following:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- Default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- It has become probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The carrying amount of all financial assets, excluding accounts receivable, is directly reduced by the impairment loss. The carrying amount of trade receivable is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses were recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

#### f) Financial Instruments

#### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized directly in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, based on the purpose for which the liability was incurred, and comprise of trade payables and accrued liabilities. These liabilities are initially recognized at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the instrument and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. This ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried in the statement of financial position. Interest expense in this context includes initial transaction costs and premiums payable on redemption, as well as any interest or coupon payable while the liability is outstanding.

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the period which are unpaid. Trade payable amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within days of recognition.

## g) Interest-Bearing Loans and Other Borrowings

Interest-bearing loans and other borrowings are recognized initially at fair value less related transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the income statement over the period of borrowings on an effective interest basis.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### h) Provisions

Provisions are recorded when a present legal or constructive obligation exists as a result of past events where it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation estimated at the end of each reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount receivable can be measured reliably.

#### i) Share Capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and share purchase options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

#### j) Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings/loss per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings/loss per share does not adjust the loss attributable to common shareholders or the weight average number of common shares outstanding when the effect is anti-dilutive.

#### k) Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control, related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

#### Income Taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at year end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: goodwill not deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit, nor differences relating to investments in subsidiaries, and associates to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position reporting date applicable to the period of expected realization or settlement.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognized at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### m) Revenue recognition

Contract revenue is recognized when goods are shipped and the customer takes ownership and assumes risk of loss, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and the sales price is fixed or determinable.

#### 5. GOODWILL

The goodwill arises as follows:

#### **Acquisition of Advantive Information Management Inc.**

Purchase price - 9,735,143 shares	3,407,300
Book value of net liabilities acquired	366,990
10% of Advantive purchase	447,900

Goodwill upon acquisition 4,222,190

The Company issued 9,735,143 shares at \$0.35 for the remaining 90% interest in Advantive Information Management Inc. There were no identifiable assets acquired upon acquisition, therefore the total balance was put to Goodwill.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 6. INVESTMENT IN SOFTWARE LICENSE AND NON-REFUNDABLE DEPOSIT

#### Acquisition of VisualVault Technologies Inc.

Grand total	5,146,250
Add: Payment for license	500,000
Software upon acquisition	4,646,250
Purchase price - 13,275,500 shares at \$0.35 Book value of net assets/liabilities acquired	4,646,250 -

The Company issued 13,275,500 shares at \$0.35 for a 100% interest in VisualVault Technologies Inc.

VVT executed three material agreements on May 1, 2012:

## a) Platform license and service agreement:

VVT signed a Platform License and Services Agreement with Auersoft LLC of Mesa Arizona, wherein VVT has been granted certain rights of use with respect to the VVT products and services developed by Auersoft LLC.

#### b) Amended and restated purchase and sale agreement:

VVT and Auersoft LLC reached an agreement with respect to amending the original agreement executed in October 2011. The purchase price of the assets remain the same, however the terms of payment and closing of the transaction have been amended by mutual agreement. The terms of the purchase are now as follows:

- ii) \$300,000USD upon signing the amended agreement (paid)
- iii) \$200,000USD on or before June 30, 2012 (paid)
- iiii) \$4,500,000USD on or before November 30, 2012
- iiv) \$586,250USD on or before December 14, 2014. The final payment is convertible into 11,725,000 common shares of the Company based upon an assumption of the obligation to pay this amount by the Company. The conversion can take effect at any time after December 31, 2013.
- iv) The purchase price may be increased by up to \$750,000USD if Aeursoft LLC delivers specified software upgrades on or before November 30, 2012

## c) Trademark license agreement:

The Company, separate from its wholly-owned subsidiary, VVT, has been granted a trademark license agreement to use the VVT trademarks on a worldwide, perpetual, royalty free basis. This enables the Company to present itself corporately under the VisualVault brand from now to closing on November 30, 2012.

In accordance with the PaaS license granted by Auersoft LLC to the Company, the Company is required to make monthly payments of \$20,000 per month to maintain the license at such time as Auersoft LLC has delivered a version of the Software that will enable full internet SaaS sign up by customers. As of the audit report date, the Company has not paid the license fee as Auersoft LLC has not completed the software development.

The date of closing for the above agreement is November 30, 2012. If the payment above of \$4,500,000 is not made on this date then the software will revert back to Auersoft LLC.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 7. SHORT TERM LOAN

	August 31, 2012	August 31, 2011
Short term loan	\$ 73,328	\$ -

The Company charges interest at 8%. The loans are payable by the debtors on demand and are unsecured.

#### 8. COMMITMENT

a) On May 29, 2012, the Company entered into an investor relations agreement with an unrelated party for \$6,500 per month. The term is for twelve months. In addition, the consultant has been granted 900,000 stock options at \$0.50 per share. The options will vest quarterly over a period of one year.

#### 9. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized, issued and outstanding common shares

Unlimited common shares without par value

Unlimited Class A Preferred shares without par value, dividend at 12% of profits or surplus, redeemable at any time

Unlimited Class B Preferred shares without par value, dividend at 13% of profits or surplus, redeemable at any time.

During the year ended May 31, 2012, the Company:

- i) On December 21, 2011, the Company consolidated its share capital on a 7:1 basis, consolidating its 17,796,667 shares to 2,542,381 shares following the consolidation.
- ii) On May 29, 2012, the Company issued 9,735,143 shares with a value of \$3,407,300 for the remaining 90% interest in Advantive Information Management Inc.
- iii) On May 29, 2012, the Company issued 13,275,500 shares with a value of \$4,646,425 for a 100% interest in VisualVault Technologies Inc.
- iv) On May 29, 2012, the Company issued 2,560,830 shares with at \$0.42 in the amount of \$1,075,396. Each unit consisted of two share purchase warrants exercisable at \$1.00 per shares expiring in two years.

During the year ended May 31, 2011, the Company:

i) On November 12, 2010, the Company issued 6,038,667 shares with a value of \$15,000 pursuant to a plan of arrangement;

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

## 9. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

- ii) On April 29, 2011, the Company issued 1,940,000 shares at \$0.05 in the amount of \$97,000. Each unit consisted of two share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.23 per share expiring in two years;
- iii) On May 5, 2011, the Company issued 8,958,000 common shares at \$0.02 for the purpose of acquiring a 10% interest in a related Company in the amount of \$179,160.
- iv) On May 26, 2011, the Company issue 1,000,000 common shares at \$0.05 in the amount of \$50,000. These shares were issued in relation to the exercise of stock options.

## 10. STOCK OPTIONS

The following table summarizes the continuity of the Company's stock options:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	Aggregate intrinsic value \$
Outstanding, June 11, 2010	-	-		
Granted Exercised	1,000,000 (1,000,000)			
Outstanding and exercisable, May 31, 2011	-	-	-	<u>-</u> _
Granted	400,000	0.60	-	-
Outstanding and exercisable, May 31, 2012 & August 31, 2012	400,000	0.60	2 years	-

The fair values for stock options granted have been estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming no expected dividends and the following weighted average assumptions:

	y ear	Year
	ended	ended
	May,	May,
	2012	2011
Risk-free Interest rate	1.00%	1.50%
Expected life (in years)	2.0	1.0
Expected volatility	223.43	111.36

The weighted average fair value of the stock options granted during the year ended May 31, 2012 was \$0.60 per option.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

## 11. SHARE PURCHASE WARRANTS

The following table summarizes the continuity of share purchase warrants:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, June 11, 2010	-	-
Issued Expired	3,880,000	0.23
Balance, May 31, 2011 Issued Expired	3,880,000 2,556,069 (3,880,000)	0.23 0.54 1.00
Balance, May 31, 2012 & August 31, 2012	2,556,069	1.00

As at May 31, 2012, the following share purchase warrants were outstanding:

	Exercise		
Number of	Price		
Warrants	\$	Expiry Date	
2,556,069	1.00	March 24, 2014	

## 12. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNING (LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings (loss) per share for the year ended May 31, 2012 was based on the net loss attributable to common shareholders of \$711,392 (2011 – \$135,851) and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding of (2,702,496) (2011 - 2,562,381) respectively.

The Company's convertible debt does give rise to a dilution effect which is reflected on the statement of financial position.

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- a) During the period ended August 31, 2012, there was \$48,800 owing to a director (2011: \$Nil).
- b) During the period ended August 31, 2012, there was \$78,795 owing from a Company controlled by a common director (2011: Nil).
- c) During the period ending August 31, 2012, the Company paid consulting fees to its directors and officers totalling \$90,000 (2011: \$Nil).

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 14. CONVERTIBLE DEBT

The Company issued Convertible notes during the period in the amount of \$460,000 less finder's fees of \$26,230. The debt bears interest at 6% and is due in 5 years. On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is the present value of the contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the rate of interest applied at the time by the market to instruments of comparable credit status and providing substantially the same cash flows, on the same terms, but without the conversion option. Therefore, we have derecognized the liability component of \$159,818 and recognized this as equity in accordance with IAS 32. The market rate for similar debt was determined to be 15%.

#### 15. INCOME TAXES

The Company has non-capital tax loss carry forward for income tax purposes for deduction against future years' taxable income. The losses carried forward expire in the fiscal years ending as follows:

2031	\$ 60,857
2032	652,970
2033	555,316
	\$ 713,827

The income taxes shown in the statement of operations and deficit differ from the amounts obtained by applying statutory rates to the loss before income taxes due to the following:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Statutory tax rate	34.12%	34.12%
Net loss before income tax	(711,392)	(135,851)
Expected income tax recovery	ed income tax recovery (242,727)	
Increase (reduction) in income taxes	-	
Non-deductible expenses	-	
Net change in valuation allowance	242,727	46,352
Total income taxes (recovery)	\$ - 9	-

The tax effects of significant temporary differences that give rise to future income tax assets as at May 31, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

Future tax assets/liabilities	2012	2011
Non capital loss carryforwards	\$ 243,558	\$ 20,764
Valuation allowance for future income tax assets	(243,558)	(20,764)
Net future income tax assets	\$ -	\$ -

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 16. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to identify, pursue and complete the exploration and development of mineral properties, to maintain financial strength, to protect its ability to meet its ongoing liabilities, to continue as a going concern, to maintain creditworthiness and to maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject. Capital of the Company comprises all the components of shareholders' equity.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares.

The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in financial instruments of high credit quality financial institutions with terms to maturity selected with regards to the expected timing of expenditures from continuing operations.

#### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS

#### Fair Value

As at May 31, 2012, the Company's financial instruments consisted of cash, and accounts payable. The fair values of cash, amounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying values because of their current nature.

The Company classifies its fair value measurements in accordance with the three level fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market date

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	August, 31, 2012
Cash	\$ 99,183	-	-	\$ 99,661
	\$ 99,661	-	-	\$ 99,661
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	August 31, 2011
Cash	\$ 51,766	-	-	\$ 51,766
	\$ 51.766	-	-	\$ 51,766

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

#### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS (Continued)

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to a number of risks that are summarized below:

#### Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risks consist principally of cash. To minimize the credit risk on cash the Company places the instrument with a high credit quality financial institution.

## Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure as described in Note 14.

There is a risk that the Company may not be able to meet its financial obligation when they are due. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or are due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms.. As at May 31, 2012 the Company has no financial assets that are past due or impaired due to credit risk defaults.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, investment fluctuations, and commodity and equity prices. Market conditions will cause fluctuations in the fair values of financial assets classified as held-for-trading, available-for-sale and cause fluctuations in the fair value of future cash flows for assets or liabilities classified as held-to-maturity, loans or receivables and other financial liabilities. The Company is exposed to market risk in trading its investments, and unfavorable market conditions could result in dispositions of investments at less than favorable prices. The Company's investments are accounted for at estimated fair values and are sensitive to changes in market prices, such that changes in market prices result in a proportionate change in the carrying value of the Company's investments. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as the Company's has no interest bearing debt. The Company's ability to raise capital to fund operations is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market prices. Management closely monitors the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

#### Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar as the Company's head office and operations are in Canada. All of the Company's financial instruments are denominated in Canadian dollars.

In management's opinion there is no significant foreign exchange risk to the Company.

#### **Transaction Costs**

Transaction costs attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets or financial liabilities, other than those classified as held-for-trading, are added to the initial fair value amount to match the costs with the related transactions. Purchases and sales of securities are accounted for on the settlement date basis.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

# 18. FIRST-TIME ADOPTION OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS")

The Company's consolidated financial statements for the year-ending May 31, 2012 are the first annual consolidated financial statements that were prepared in accordance with IFRS. IFRS 1, First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards, requires that comparative financial information be provided. However, the Company was incorporated in November 10, 2010 and applied IFRS from the beginning. Therefore, the Company has not adjusted for any amounts reported previously under a different accounting standard.

#### 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a) On September 7, 2012, the Company announced its intention to proceed with a financing sufficient to close the purchase of the assets of Auersoft LLC. The specific amount of the financing has not been determined. The Company also announced its intention to complete a 2:1 consolidation of its capital prior to the financing. A shareholders meeting has been called for November 23, 2012 to approve the consolidation of capital. The pricing of the financing has been set at \$.50 per unit. Each Unit will consist of one share and ¼ share purchase warrant exercisable at \$.75 per share.
- b) On September 7, 2012, the Company entered into two strategic partnerships with existing Auersoft, LLC customers; GRM Document Management, and Monument Systems, LLC. Both strategic partnerships have been confirmed by way of executed letters of intent that establish long-term strategic partnerships and which articulate the basis upon which the Company and each partner will develop business and share revenues.

The two strategic partnership agreements are summarized as follows;

I. GRM Document Management: The Company has entered into a strategic partnership and marketing agreement with GRM Document Management (GRM), which involves, among other things, an arrangement wherein both companies will jointly collaborate on the development of new service offerings and features related to the VisualVault technology in the form of applications that will be sold to both existing and new GRM customers. As an integral part of the letter of intent, both companies have set minimum sales objectives of 40,000 users per month, in aggregate, over a three-year sales period. In the event that GRM sources the customer they will earn 60% of the net revenue per user per month after all costs are deducted for both companies. In the event that the Company identifies the customer, VisualVault will earn 60% of the net revenue per user per month after all costs are deducted for both companies. In addition, the Company will acquire and take operational control of GRM's Chinese Data Centre, effective upon closing of the Company's purchase of the Auersoft, LLC assets, scheduled for November 30, 2012. Both companies have agreed to enter into a formal strategic partnership agreement as an integral part of the letter of intent.

Additionally, M Management Inc., an affiliate of GRM, has confirmed its intention to invest a total of \$1,000,000 US into the Company over a three year period, such funding to be specifically allocated to product development, and sales and marketing of GRM related programs. The terms of such funding have not yet been finalized.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements For The Three Months Period Ending August 31, 2012

## 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

II. **Monument Systems, LLC:** The Company has also entered into a letter of intent with Monument Systems, LLC, to develop applications for specific use cases in the Healthcare Industry identified by Monument and to develop and implement a sales and marketing strategy with respect to these applications. The Company will bear the costs associated with forms creation, based upon agreed subject matter input, while the sales and marketing strategies will be jointly developed by both companies. All costs borne by both companies will first be deducted, before revenue sharing. Revenues will be shared on a 50/50 basis. The Company and Monument have agreed that user goals will be set at 20,000 users in year one, 30,000 incremental new users in year two and 30,000 additional new users in year three, all of whom will pay a minimum of \$20 per user per month in aggregate, which will be shared on a 50/50 basis.