Mercury Capital Limited (A Capital Pool Company)

Condensed Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

Management's Responsibility for Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of Mercury Capital Limited. (the "Company" or "Mercury") are the responsibility of management.

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management, on behalf of the Board of Directors, in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements. Where necessary, management has made informed judgments and estimates in accounting for transactions which were not complete at the balance sheet date. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared within acceptable limits of materiality and are in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34-Interim Financial Reporting using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards appropriate in the circumstances.

Management has established processes, which are in place to provide it sufficient knowledge to support management representations that it has exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the unaudited condensed interim financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of, and for the periods presented by, the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and (ii) the unaudited condensed interim financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the unaudited condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the unaudited condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the unaudited condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

Notice to Reader

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these unaudited condensed interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of condensed interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Mercury Capital Limited
(A Capital Pool Company)
Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

As at

(unaudited)

	March 31, 2011		December 31, 2010		July 22, 2010	
				(Note 11)	(1	Note 11)
Assets						
Current Cash (Note 3) Other receivables	\$	292,888 4,579	\$	73,956 3,620	\$	- -
Deferred share issuance costs		297,467 -		77,576 60,810		-
	\$	297,467	\$	138,386	\$	-
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,766	\$	45,186	\$	-
Shareholders' Equity						
Capital stock (Note 4)		282,607		100,000		-
Contributed surplus		63,421		-		-
Deficit		(53,327)		(6,800)		-
		292,701		93,200		-
	\$	297,467	\$	138,386	\$	-

Nature of Operations (Note 1)

Subsequent Events (Note 10)

Mercury Capital Limited
(A Capital Pool Company)
Condensed Interim Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the Three Months Ending

(unaudited)

	N	larch 31, 2011
Expenses Stock based compensation (Note 5)	¢	46,527
	Ψ	
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		(46,527)
Deficit, beginning of period		(6,800)
Loss and deficit, end of period	\$ \$	(53,327)
Loss per share, basic and diluted (Note 6)	\$	0.04

Mercury Capital Limited (A Capital Pool Company) Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) For the Three Months Ending

(unaudited)

	Share Capital		Contributed					
	Shares	•	Amount		Surplus		Deficit	Total
Balance, July 22, 2010 Issuance of common shares Net loss and comprehensive loss	1,000,000	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	- \$	100,000
for the year	-		-		-		(6,800)	(6,800)
Balance, December 31, 2010 Issuance of common	1,000,000		100,000		-		(6,800)	93,200
shares Stock based	1,599,750		182,607		16,894		-	199,501
compensation Net loss and	-		-		46,527		-	46,527
comprehensive loss for the period	-		-		-		(46,527)	(46,527)
Balance, March 31, 2011	2,599,750	\$	282,607	\$	63,421	\$	(53,327) \$	292,701

Mercury Capital Limited
(A Capital Pool Company)
Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the Three Months Ending

(unaudited)

	M	larch 31, 2011
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operations Loss Items not affecting cash	\$	(46,527)
Stock based compensation		46,527
Net changes in non-cash working capital Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Other receivables Deferred share issuance costs		- (40,420) (959) 60,810
		19,431
Financing Issuance of common shares (Note 4)		199,501
Net change in cash		218,932
Cash, beginning of period		73,956
Cash, end of period	\$	292,888

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Mercury Capital Limited (the "Company") is a Capital Pool Company pursuant to Policy 2.4 of the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") that has not commenced commercial operations and has no assets other than a minimum amount of cash. The Company will not carry on any business other than the identification and evaluation of assets or businesses with a view to completing a Qualifying Transaction (as such term is defined under the policies of the Exchange). The Company was incorporated as a private company by Certificate of Incorporation issued pursuant to the provisions of the Business Corporation Act (Ontario) on July 22, 2010 and maintains its head office at 1 Adelaide Street East, Suite 801, Toronto, Ontario, M5C 2V9.

The Company's financial year ends on December 31.

The financial statements were authorized by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors on June xx, 2011.

There is no assurance that the Company will identify a business or asset that warrants acquisition or participation within the time limitations permissible under the policies of the Exchange, in which event the Exchange may suspend or delist the Company's shares from trading.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of Compliance

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Previously, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP"). The disclosures required by the provisions of IFRS 1, "First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards", explaining how the transition to IFRS has affected the reported financial performance, cash flows and financial position of the Company, are presented in note 11.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements required by IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements. They also have been applied in preparing an opening IFRS balance sheet at July 22, 2010 (note 11 for the purposes of the transition to IFRS, as required by IFRS 1.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are expected to be effective or available for early adoption by the Company on December 31, 2011, the Company's first annual reporting date under IFRS. The Company has made certain assumptions about the accounting policies expected to be adopted when the first IFRS annual financial statements are prepared for the year ended December 31, 2011.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Basis of presentation

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

Functional and Presentation Currency

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand with a Canadian chartered bank and funds held in trust with the Company's corporate counsel.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock based compensation granted to directors and third parties using the fair value method of accounting. Accordingly, the fair value of the options is determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model, and stock based compensation is accrued and charged to operations, with an offsetting credit to contributed surplus, on a straight line basis over the vesting periods. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of stock options for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are net. If and when the stock options are exercised, the applicable amounts of contributed surplus are transferred to share capital.

Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Contingently issuable shares are not considered outstanding common shares and consequently not included in loss per share calculations. The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options and similar instruments. Under this method, the dilutive effect on earnings per share is recognized on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options and similar instruments. It assumes that proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period.

Income Taxes

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, as well as for the benefit of losses available to be carried forward to future years for tax purposes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted or substantively enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred income tax assets are recorded in the financial statements if realization is considered probable.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Deferred Share Issuance Costs

These costs relate directly to the proposed issuance of shares by the Company pursuant to the initial public offering described in Note 4. Upon completion of the initial public offering, the costs were charged against capital stock.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates made include valuation of stock based compensation.

Financial Instruments

All financial instruments are measured based on the classification adopted for the financial instrument: fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), held to maturity, loans and receivables, available for sale or other liability.

Financial Assets

All financial assets are recognized and derecognized on the trade date where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the time frame established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs, except for those financial assets classified as at FVTPL which are initially measured at fair value.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at FVTPL' or 'other financial liabilities'. Other financial liabilities:

Other financial liabilities including borrowings are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest costs over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability or (where appropriate) to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

The Company has classified its financial instruments as follows:

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

<u>Financial Instrument</u> <u>Classification</u>

Cash FVTPL

Other receivables
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Loans and receivables
Other financial liabilities

The Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on the balance sheet consist of cash. Cash is measured at level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. There are three levels of the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: Values based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Values based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Values based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Certain pronouncements were issued by the IASB or the IFRIC that are mandatory for accounting periods afterDecember 31, 2010 or later periods. Many are not applicable or do not have a significant impact to the Company andhave been excluded from the list below. The following have not yet been adopted and are being evaluated todetermine their impact on the Company.

- (a) IFRS 9 Financial instruments ("IFRS 9") was issued by the IASB in October 2010 and will replace IAS 39Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determinewhether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. Theapproach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its businessmodel and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9. The newstandard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.
- (b) IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1,2013, with early adoption permitted, establishes principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidatedfinancial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities.
- (c) IFRS 11 Joint arrangements ("IFRS 11") was issued by the IASB in May 2011 and will replace IAS 31Interests in Joint ventures and SIC 13 – Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers.IFRS 11 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

- (d) IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, requires the disclosure of information that enables users of financialstatements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with its interests in other entities and the effects ofthose interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.
- (e) IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, withearly adoption permitted, provides the guidance on the measurement of fair value and related disclosuresthrough a fair value hierarchy.

3. CASH RESTRICTION

The proceeds raised from the issuance of common shares may only be used to identify and evaluate assets or businesses for future investment, with the exception that not more than the lesser of 30% of the gross proceeds from the issuance of shares or \$210,000 may be used to cover prescribed costs of issuing the common shares or administrative and general expenses of the Company. These restrictions apply until Completion of a Qualifying Transaction by the Company as defined under the policies of the Exchange.

4. CAPITAL STOCK

		N	/larch 31, 2011	De	cember 31, 2010
Authorized unlimited co	ommon shares				
Issued 1,000,000 1,599,750	common shares ^(a) common shares ^(b)	\$	100,000 182,607	\$	100,000
		\$	282,607	\$	100,000

- (a) The 1,000,000 issued common shares of the Company are subject to a CPC Escrow Agreement. Under the CPC Escrow Agreement, 10% of the escrowed common shares will be released (the "Initial Release") from escrow on the issuance of the Final Exchange Bulletin, as defined under the policies of the Exchange, and an additional 15% will be released on the dates 6 months, 12 months, 18 months, 24 months, 30 months and 36 months following the Initial Release. However, the release of the escrowed common shares will be accelerated if the Company meets the Exchange Tier 1 initial listing requirements.
- (b) On January 28, 2011, the Company completed its initial public offering by issuing 1,599,750 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share for a gross proceeds of \$319,950.

Hampton Securities Limited ("Hampton") acted as lead agent for the initial public offering. In connection with the offering, the Company granted Hampton, and its sub-agents, options to acquire 159,975 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share. The options may be exercised for a period of 24 months from the date of listing of the common shares on the Exchange (see Note 5).

At the closing of the initial public offering, the Company also granted incentive stock options to its six officers and directors to acquire a total of 259,975 common shares. The options may be exercised for a period of ten years at a price of \$0.20 per share (see Note 5).

5. STOCK OPTIONS

The policies of the Exchange and the stock option plan of the Company established by the directors of the Company on September 30, 2010 (the "Stock Option Plan"), provide that the board of directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion and in accordance with the Exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers and employees of the Company as well as Management Company Employees and Consultants (as such terms are defined in the Exchange's Corporate Finance Manual Policy 4.4 as amended from time to time), non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the total issued and outstanding common shares of the Company, exercisable for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of the grant. The number of common shares reserved for issuance to any individual director or officer of the Company will not exceed 5% of the issued and outstanding common shares (2% in the case of all optionees providing investor relations services to the Company and 2% in the case of all technical consultants of the Company).

5. STOCK OPTIONS (Cont'd)

The exercise price of any option granted pursuant to the Stock Option Plan shall be determined by the board of directors when granted, but shall not be less than the Discounted Market Price (as such term is defined by the Exchange). Notwithstanding the foregoing, until Completion of the Qualifying Transaction the exercise price shall not be less than the greater of \$0.20 and the Discounted Market Price. The options granted pursuant to the Stock Option Plan are non-assignable, except by means of a will or pursuant to the laws of descent and distribution. If the tenure of a director or officer or the employment of an employee of the Company is terminated for cause, no option held by such optionee may be exercised following the date upon which termination occurred. If termination occurs for any reason other than cause, then any option held by such optionee, that has vested, shall be exercisable, in whole or in part, for a period not later than one (1) year thereafter or prior to the expiry date of the option, whichever is sooner, or such shorter period of time as may be determined by the directors when the option is granted.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Stock Option Plan, any Options granted prior to the issuance of the Final Exchange Bulletin must comply with the CPC Policy, including, without limitation the restriction from granting options prior to the completion of the Qualifying Transaction to optionees providing investor relations services to the Company.

Any common shares acquired pursuant to the exercise of options prior to the completion of the Qualifying Transaction, must be deposited in escrow and will be subject to escrow until the Final Exchange Bulletin is issued.

At the closing of the initial public offering, the Company granted 259,975 options to directors and officers to purchase common shares. The options are exercisable at \$0.20 per share and expire on January 28, 2021. The options vested immediately. The fair value of each option granted has been estimated at the date of grant or the date when it became measurable using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions: (i) dividend yield 0%; (ii) expected volatility of 100% based on analysis of historical trading data of companies similar the the Company; (iii) risk-free interest rate of 1.57%; (iv) expected life of 10.0 years and (v) share price \$0.20. The fair market value was determined to be \$46,527 and was charged against stock based compensation for the period. The Company has assumed no forfeiture rate. The weighted average grant date fair value of option is \$0.18.

The Company issued stock options to acquire common shares as follows:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, July 22, 2010 and December 31, 2010		
Granted to Agent ⁽ⁱ⁾	159,975	0.11
Granted to directors and officers	259,975	0.18
Balance, March 31, 2011	419,950	0.17

5. STOCK OPTIONS (Cont'd)

The following table reflects the actual stock options issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2011:

Expire Date	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Number of Options Outstanding	Number of Options Vested (Exercisable)	Number of Options Unvested
February2, 2013	\$0.20	1.83	159,975	159,975	-
January 28, 2021	\$0.20	9.83	259,975	259,975	-

(i) On January 28, 2011, the Company granted 159,975 options to agent to purchase common shares. The options are exercisable at \$0.20 per share and expire on February 2, 2013. The options vested immediately. The fair value of each option granted has been estimated at the date of grant or the date when it became measurable using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions: (i) dividend yield 0%; (ii) expected volatility of 100% based on analysis of historical trading data of companies similar to the Company; (iii) risk-free interest rate of 1.57%; (iv) expected life of 2 years and (v) share price \$0.20. The fair market value was determined to be \$16,894 and was charged against stock based compensation for the period. The Company has assumed no forfeiture rate. The weighted average grant date fair value of option is \$0.11.

6. LOSS PER SHARE

Loss per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011 has been calculated based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding of 1,102,050. Outstanding options were not included in the computation of diluted loss per share as they are anti-dilutive. The 1,000,000 shares issued in fiscal 2010 were contingently issuable and all the conditions necessary for their issuance have not been satisfied as at period end, therefore not included in the above calculation.

7. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company includes equity, comprised of issued common shares and deficit, in the definition of capital.

The Company's primary objective with respect to its capital management is to ensure that it has sufficient cash resources to fund the identification and evaluation of potential acquisitions. To secure the additional capital necessary to pursue these plans, the Company may attempt to raise additional funds through the issuance of equity or by securing strategic partners.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements other than the cash restriction disclosed in Note 3.

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

Transactions with related parties are incurred in the normal course of the business and are measured at the exchange amounts which are the amounts of consideration established and approved by the related parties.

Legal fees, including disbursements, of \$12,251 is included in share capital and has been paid to a law firm in which two directors of the Company are partners.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK FACTORS

The Company's financial instruments, consisting of cash and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate fair values due to the relatively short term maturities of the instruments. It is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

As at December 31, 2010, the Company has accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$4,766 due within 12 months and has cash of \$292,888. As a result the Company has minimal liquidity risk.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On May 4, 2011, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing by issuing 750,000 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share for a gross proceeds of \$150,000.

The Company paid cash commissions of \$15,000, and issued compensation warrants to purchase 25,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share exercisable until May 4, 2013.

11. CONVERSION TO IFRS

As stated in Significant Accounting Policies note 2, these are the Company's first unaudited condensed interim financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

The policies set out in the Significant Accounting Policies section have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and in the preparation of an opening IFRS balance sheet at July 22, 2010 (the Company's date of incorporation). No comparative information is presented in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements as the Company was incorporated on July 22, 2010. Accordingly, there are no statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the period ended March 31, 2010.

11. CONVERSION TO IFRS (Cont'd)

First-time Adoption of IFRS

The Company did not use the exemptions listed in IFRS 1. As management had anticipated, given the business of the Company as a Capital Pool Company and given the limited number of transactions that the Company has entered into since incorporation, the impact on the adoption of IFRS had no impact on the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. Specifically, the main areas of accounting focus for the Company to date have been, and will continue to be prior to the consummation of a Qualifying Transaction, the issuance of share capital, the recording of share based payments and the recording of cash transactions for which there are very few or no significant differences between IFRS and Canadian GAAP.

IFRS 1 does not permit changes to estimates that have been made previously. Accordingly, estimates used in the preparation of the Company's opening IFRS statement of financial position as at the Transition Date are consistent with those that were made under Canadian GAAP.

Changes to Accounting Policies

The Company has changed certain accounting policies to be consistent with IFRS as is expected to be effective or available for early adoption on December 31, 2011, the Company's first annual IFRS reporting date. However, these changes to its accounting policies have not resulted in any significant change to the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and expenses within its financial statements.

Transition Date Unaudited Condensed Statement of Financial Position

The Company's Transition Date IFRS unaudited statement of financial position is included as comparative information in the unaudited condensed interim statements of financial position in these financial statements. The changes in accounting policies resulting from the Company's adoption of IFRS had no impact on the unaudited interim statement of financial position as at the transition date of July 22, 2010 and at December 31, 2010, and on the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes is equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Reconciliation of Equity

The changes in accounting policies resulting from the Company's adoption of IFRS had no impact on the Company's equity as at July 22, 2010 and December 31, 2010.

Reconciliation of Comprehensive Loss and Equity

The changes in accounting policies resulting from the Company's adoption of IFRS had no impact on the comprehensive loss and changes in equity for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Reconciliation of Cash Flow

The changes in accounting policies resulting from the Company's adoption of IFRS had no impact on the cash flow for the year-ended December 31, 2010.

11. CONVERSION TO IFRS (Cont'd)

Presentation

Certain amounts on the unaudited condensed statement of financial position, statement of loss and comprehensive loss and statement of cash flows have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted under IFRS.