Titus Energy Corp.

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED

NOVEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Notice to Reader

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Titus Energy Corp. (the "**Company**") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management. The unaudited interim financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

Titus Energy Corp.

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOVEMBER 30, 2021 and 2020

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

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TITUS ENERGY CORP. INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED) AS AT

	Notes	November 30 2021 \$	May 31 2021 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Cash		84,258	95,070
HST/GST receivable	_	3,006	1,440
TOTAL ASSETS	_	87,264	96,510
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_	25,760	25,333
	_	25,760	25,333
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
SHARE CAPITAL	3(b)	1,807,386	1,807,386
DEFICIT	_	(1,749,582)	(1,736,209)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	_	57,804	71,177
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	_	87,264	96,510
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APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD			
"Rinyomin Posen" Director			

Binyomin Posen	Director
"Myra Bongard"	Director

See the accompanying notes to the interim financial statements

TITUS ENERGY CORP.
INTERIM STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)
(UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	November 30	November 30	November 30	November 30
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$
EXPENSES				
Public company fees	-	3,350	4,696	3,350
Professional fees	2,892	2,250	8,677	4,500
NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	2,892	5,600	13,373	7,850
NET LOSS PER SHARE - Basic and diluted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING - Basic and diluted	12,725,000	12,725,000	12,725,000	12,725,000

See the accompanying notes to the interim financial statements

TITUS ENERGY CORP.
INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)
(UNAUDTIED)
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30

	Capital Stock #	Capital Stock \$	(Deficit) \$	Total \$
BALANCE, MAY 31, 2020	12,725,000	1,687,386	(1,695,886)	(8,500)
Loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	(7,850)	(7,850)
BALANCE, NOVEMBER 30, 2020	12,725,000	1,687,386	(1,703,736)	(16,350)
Issue of shares for cash	120,000,000	120,000	-	120,000
Loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	(32,473)	(32,473)
BALANCE, MAY 31, 2021	132,725,000	1,807,386	(1,736,209)	71,177
Loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	(13,373)	(13,373)
BALANCE, NOVEMBER 30, 2021	132,725,000	1,807,386	(1,749,582)	57,804

See the accompanying notes to the interim financial statements

TITUS ENERGY CORP.
INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)
(UNAUDITED)
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30,

	November 30 2021 \$	November 30 2020 \$
CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(13,373)	(7,850)
Changes in non-cash components of working capital		
(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,566)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,127	7,850
Cash flow used in operating activities	(10,812)	-
Decrease in cash for the period	(10,812)	-
CASH, beginning of the year	95,070	
CASH, end of the period	84,258	-

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Titus Energy Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated as "Titus Capital Corp." under the British Columbia Business Corporations Act on February 17, 2010 and was classified as a Capital Pool Company as defined in Policy 2.4 of the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") until it completed its Qualifying Transaction (the "QT") on December 20, 2012. The Company's head office, principal address and registered and records office is Suite 801, 1 Adelaide Street, Toronto, ON M5C 2V9. Effective December 21, 2012, the Exchange accepted for filing the Company's QT and related transactions, all as principally described in its filing statement dated December 6, 2012 (the "Filing Statement"). As a result, the Company is no longer considered as a Capital Pool Company and changed its name to "Titus Energy Corp." Effective December 21, 2012, the common shares of "Titus Energy Corp." commenced trading on the Exchange. The Company's trading symbol was TIS. Effective December 5, 2014, the Company was voluntarily delisted from the Exchange.

The Company's securities are not presently listed on any stock exchange. In addition, the Company's securities are subject to a cease trade order issued by the British Columbia Securities Commission ("BCSC") dated May 12, 2015 and by the Alberta Securities Commission ("ASC") on August 11, 2015 (the "Cease Trade Orders"), for failure to file certain continuous disclosure filings required under applicable securities laws. On May 19, 2021, the Company announced that the Cease Trade Orders of the BCSC and ASC were revoked.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. During the period ending November 30, 2021, the Company incurred a net loss of \$13,373 and, as of this date, the Company has not generated revenue from operations and has an accumulated deficit of \$1,749,582. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Further, in March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID – 19 a global pandemic which has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposing quarantine period and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally resulting in an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

volatility and weakness. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown currently, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company in future periods.

These financial statements of the Company were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (the "Board") on January 31, 2022.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

The Company applies International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements required by IFRS as issued by the IASB. The policies applied in these unaudited interim financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as of January 31, 2021, the date the Board of Directors approved the statements. The same accounting policies and methods of computation are followed in these interim financial statements as compared with the most recent annual financial statements as at and for the year ended May 31, 2021. Any subsequent changes to IFRS that are given effect in the Company's annual financial statements for the year ending May 31, 2022 could result in restatement of these interim financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation and presentation

These interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis. In addition, these interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. The interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

(c) Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. The fair value is measured at grant date and each tranche is recognized on a graded-vesting basis over the period in which the options vest. The offset to the recorded cost is share-based payment reserve. Consideration received on the exercise of stock options is recorded as share capital and the related share-based payment reserve is transferred to share capital. Upon expiry, the value is transferred to deficit.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognized in the statement of operations such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve. Where the terms and conditions of options are modified, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of operations.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service.

(d) Income taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the years presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the statement of operations except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

In general, deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements unless such differences arise from goodwill or the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets or liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined on a non-discounted basis using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the deferred tax asset or liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that the assets can be recovered.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except, in the case of subsidiaries, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are presented as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(e) Loss per common share

Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding. The diluted loss per share assumes that any proceeds from the exercise of dilutive stock options and warrants would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period, with the incremental number of shares being included in the denominator of the diluted loss per share calculation. The diluted loss per share calculation excludes any potential conversion of options and warrants that would decrease loss per share. See Notes 3(c), and (d) for details on the Company's potentially dilutive securities. The Company had no outstanding stock options for the period ended November 30, 2021 and 2020.

(f) Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These financial statements include estimates that, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting judgments

- the measurement of income taxes payable and deferred tax assets and liabilities requires
 management to make judgments in the interpretation and application of the relevant tax
 laws. Deferred tax assets require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will
 generate taxable income in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets;
- going concern presentation of the financial statements which assumes that the Company will
 continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and
 discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations as they come due; and
- management's determination that the functional currency of the Company is the Canadian Dollar.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

(g) Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract.

(h) Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") includes finalized guidance on the classification and measurement of financial assets under IFRS 9, financial assets are classified and measured either at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") based on the business model in which they are held and the characteristics of their contractual cash flows. IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

All financial assets not classified at amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Corporation can irrevocably designate a financial asset at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial asset to collect
 the contractual cash flows associated with the financial asset instead of selling the
 financial asset for a profit or loss;
- Its contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the statement of financial position. Subsequent measurement of financial instruments is based on their classification. Financial assets and liabilities classified at FVTPL are measured at fair value with changes in those fair values recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss for the period. Financial assets

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

classified at amortized cost and financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The following table summarizes the classification and measurement for each financial instrument:

Financial Instrument	Classification		
Cash	FVTPL		
Amounts receivable	Amortized cost		
Accounts payable and			
accrued liabilities	Amortized cost		

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the statements of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As of November 30, 2021, none of the Corporation's financial instruments are recorded at fair value in the statements of financial position.

(i) New accounting standards adopted during the year

IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1")

Amendments to IAS 1, issued in October 2018, provide clarification on the definition of material and how it should be applied. The amendments also align the definition of material across IFRS and other publications. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020 and are required to be applied prospectively. The adoption of the amendments had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

IAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors ("IAS 8")

Amendments to IAS 8, issued in October 2018, provide clarification on the definition of material and how it should be applied. The amendments also align the definition of material across IFRS and other publications. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020 and are required to be applied prospectively. The adoption of the amendments had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. CAPITAL STOCK

The capital stock is as follows:

(a) Authorized
 Unlimited number of common shares
 Unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series

(b) Issued

	Common Shares	Amount
	#	\$
Balance, May 31, 2020	12,725,000	1,687,386
Issued for shares	120,000,000	120,000
Balance, May 31, 2021 and November 30, 2021	132,725,000	1,807,386

On March 12, 2021, the Company issued 120,000,000 common shares for proceeds of \$120,000.

(c) Stock Options

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the Exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and technical consultants to the Company, non-transferable stock options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 10 years from the date of grant. In connection with the foregoing, the number of common shares reserved for Titus Energy Corp. issuance to any one optionee will not exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding common shares and the number of common shares reserved for issuance to all technical consultants will not exceed two percent (2%)of the issued and outstanding common shares. Options may be exercised no later than 90 days following cessation of the optionee's position with the Company or 30 days following cessation of an optionee conducting investor relations activities' position.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

The Company did not grant options during the periods ended November 30, 2021 nor November 30, 2020. The Company does not have stock options outstanding at November 30, 2021 nor at May 31, 2021.

(d) Warrants

As of November 30, 2021 and May 31, 2021 there were no outstanding warrants to purchase common shares of the Company.

4. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Environmental contingencies

The Company's previous exploration activities were subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations continually change and generally become more restrictive. The Company believes its operations were in material compliance with all applicable laws and regulations when it disposed of the exploration properties. The Company does not believe it will be required to make any further expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties include directors, officers, close family members, certain consultants and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions.

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company.

The Company did not report any remuneration of directors and key management personnel for the periods ended November 30, 2021 or November 30, 2020.

There were no amounts due to related parties at November 30, 2021 or May 31, 2021.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

6. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below. There have been no changes in the risks, objectives, policies and procedures from previous periods.

(a) Credit Risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash, and financial instruments included in amounts receivable is remote.

(b) Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations when due. At November 30, 2021, the Company had cash of \$84,258 (May 31, 2021 - \$95,070) available to settle current liabilities of \$29,460 (May 31, 20210 - \$25,333). The Company's accounts payable are subject to normal trade terms.

(c) Market Risk

The Company is exposed to the following market risks:

(i) Interest Rate Risk

The Company has cash balances and no variable interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. As at November 30, 2021, the cash balance was in a trust account administered by the Company's lawyers and no interest was being earned on this account.

(ii) Foreign Exchange Risk

While the Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar, major purchases could be transacted in Canadian dollars or United States dollars. As at November 30, 2021, the Company does not hold foreign currency balances.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements Six months ended November 30, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

7. INCOME TAXES

This note has not been updated from May 31, 2021.

8. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital with the following objectives:

- to ensure sufficient financial flexibility to achieve the ongoing business objectives; and
- to maximize shareholder return through enhancing the share value.

The Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments according to market conditions in an effort to meet its objectives given the current outlook of the business and industry in general. The Company may manage its capital structure by issuing new shares, repurchasing outstanding shares, adjusting capital spending, or disposing of assets. The capital structure is reviewed by Management and the Board of Directors on an ongoing basis.

The Company's equity comprises of share capital and accumulated deficit, which at November 30, 2021 was \$57,804 (May 31, 2021 – \$71,177).

The Company manages capital through its financial and operational forecasting processes. The Company reviews its working capital and forecasts its future cash flows based on operating expenditures, and other investing and financing activities. Selected information is provided to the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the period ended November 30, 2021. The Company is not subject to external capital requirements.