### DATE AND SUBJECT OF REPORT

The following is management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") in respect of the results of operations and financial position of ME Resource Corp. (the "Company" or "MEC") for the year ended December 31, 2017. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements for the same year which are presented in Canadian dollars and prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Additional information, including the above mentioned financial statements, which contain extensive disclosure of the history and properties of the Company, are available on SEDAR and may be accessed at www.sedar.com and at the Company's website <a href="http://www.meresourcecorp.com">http://www.meresourcecorp.com</a>

The date of this MD&A is April 30, 2018

## FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains statements concerning future results, future performance, intentions, objectives, plans and expectations that are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements. These statements concerning possible or assumed future results of operations of the Company are usually preceded by, followed by or include the words 'believes', 'expects', 'anticipates', 'estimates', 'intends', 'plans', 'forecasts', 'may', 'will', or similar expressions, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance.

These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those identified in the Risks & Uncertainties section. Assumptions relating to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic, competitive, and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and while many of which underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate. These factors should be considered carefully, and readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company reviews its forward looking statements on an ongoing basis and updates this information when circumstances require it.

The following table outlines certain significant forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A and provides the material assumptions used to develop such forward-looking statements and material risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward looking statements.

Forwarding looking statements	Assumptions	Risk factors
On January 3, 2018, the Company entered into a letter of intent (the "LOI") with 1113131 B.C. LTD. ("Prime Harvest"), a private British Columbia corporation. Prime Harvest has a wholly owned American subsidiary Prime Harvest LLC which focuses on the California medical cannabis business. Pursuant to the LOI, MEC is proposing to complete a business combination with Prime Harvest by way of share exchange, merger, amalgamation, arrangement or similar form of transaction (the "Proposed Transaction")	Based on the current status of the proposed change of business	The Company may not be able to complete the change of business.

### COMPANY OVERVIEW & OVERALL PERFORMANCE

ME Resource Corp. was incorporated under the Business Corporation Act (British Columbia) as QMI Seismic Inc. on October 16, 2009. The name change occurred in August 2011. The Company's shares are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol MEC and quoted on the OTC Markets in U.S.A. under the symbol MEEXF.

### **Principal Business**

The Company's principal business was the exploration and development of natural resources including, mineral, oil and gas properties. The Company is also currently conducting research work of developing new technologies that can be used to economically transform wasted or stranded natural gas to engineered fuels and clean power. The Company intends to acquire undervalued natural resource properties and apply these new technologies to increase the resource property's valuations.

As a result, the Company has diversified into a company having two lines of business:

- Mineral property exploration and development
- Research and development of micro refinery technology (MRU 100 Unit) to for the transformation of wasted or stranded natural gas to other form of clean power.

# **Proposed Change of Business**

On January 3, 2018, the Company entered into a letter of intent (the "LOI") with 1113131 B.C. LTD. ("Prime Harvest"), a private British Columbia corporation. Prime Harvest has a wholly owned American subsidiary Prime Harvest LLC which focuses on the California medical cannabis business. Pursuant to the LOI, MEC is proposing to complete a business combination with Prime Harvest by way of share exchange, merger, amalgamation, arrangement or similar form of transaction (the "Proposed Transaction"), whereby the security holders of Prime Harvest will become security holders of the combined entity (the "Resulting Issuer"). Upon completion of the Proposed Transaction, the Resulting Issuer will continue to carry on the business of Prime Harvest as currently constituted, under the new name "Prime Harvest" or such other name as may be approved by the board of directors of the Resulting Issuer and the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "Exchange"). The Proposed Transaction is expected to constitute a reverse takeover of MEC by Prime Harvest, pursuant to Exchange policies. In connection with the Proposed Transaction, the Resulting Issuer common shares are expected to continue to be listed on the Exchange under a new stock symbol. MEC is considering strategic options with respect to its currently existing gas to liquid technology development business ("MEC Business"). MEC currently expects to continue development of the MEC Business through a new, wholly owned subsidiary to be incorporated prior to completion of the Proposed Transaction and plans to establish a new reporting issuer (with security holders prior to the Proposed Transaction) on or after closing that would operate the MEC Business independently

Readers are cautioned that the Proposed Transaction is subject to the approval from the Exchange and regulators, and there is no guarantee that the Proposed Transaction will completed as planned.

## Research and Development Work.

Research and development work

During the year ended December 31, 2017, and since inception, the Company's research cost is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2017	Since Inception
	\$	\$
Research work performed by external consulting	65,500	587,323
Salaries	-	87,051
Fair value for common share	-	3,750,000
Supplies	-	49,826
Less: government grant received	-	(158,500)
Total	65,500	4,260,200

# Share issuance during the year

1,050,000 common shares were issued for cash at \$0.10 per share for \$105,000

## SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

The following chart includes selected annual information for the most recent three years.

	2017	2016	2015
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	87,221	87,221	89,634
Net loss	(426,365)	(728,152)	(4,342,116)
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.07)
Total assets	3,059	55,045	23,427
Total long-term liabilities	-	90,354	177,575

# SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the eight most recent quarters of the Company:

		2017				201	6	
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Assets	3,059	11,745	11,303	50,898	55,045	48,855	31,534	28,109
Revenue	21,805	21,805	21,806	21,805	12,621	31,400	21,400	21,800
Recovery								
(expenses)	(180,386)	(89,070)	(118,097)	(119,437)	(417,917)	(147,219)	4,576	(216,474)
Income (loss)	(165,177)	(67,265)	(96,291)	(97,632)	(443,635)	(115,819)	25,976	(194,674)
Earnings (loss)								
per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0,00)	0.00	(0.00)

The Company's businesses are not subject to seasonal variations. Losses in the last eight quarters are mainly due to operating expenses incurred to support the Company's operations and development of the Company's IP into marketable products.

The Company earned revenue from licensing the MRU100 units in the past eight quarters.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Year ended December 31, 2017

The Company's net loss in 2017 was \$426,365 compared with a loss of 728,152 in 2016, a decrease of \$301,787. The decrease was a result of a similar decrease in the operating expenditure. Key components the main expenditures are as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Share-based compensation	120,167	252,920
Research (recovery)	65,500	(30,328)
Consulting fees	253,948	495,140

- Share-based compensation recognized based on the timing of option vested and granted.
- The Company received \$104,156 government grant in 2016 and \$Nil in 2017. As a result, research expenditure increased.
- The Company was planning for the further development of its MRU100 unit and engaged less active in 2017. Consequently consulting fees in 2017 decreased.

# Three months ended December 31, 2017 ("2017 Q4")

The Company's loss in 2017 Q4 was \$165,177 compared with a loss of 443,635 in the same quarter of 2016.

The decrease of loss was mainly a result of a decrease of administrative expense. The main components of the administrative expenses are as follows:

	2017	2016
Share-based compensation	25,734	149,537
Research	55,500	(32,983)
Consulting fees	72,622	309,407

- Share-based compensation recognized based on the timing of option vested.
- The Company was less active in 2017 comparing to the last year

## LIQUIDITY & CAPITAL RESOURCES

During fiscal 2017, the Company did not have cash flow from its investing activities and the Company received \$105,000 from (issuance of common shares) its financing activities.

As at December 31, 2017, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$996,675. In order to eliminate the negative working capital, the Company plans to raise more money from equity financing and will consider negotiation with creditor for a share for debt settlement in the next twelve months.

The Company realizes that the current resources are not adequate for the Company to achieve its long term objectives. The Company considers different financing options, including, but not limited to, further debt or equity financing, or share for debt settlement, to secure addition financing to provide adequate capital resource for the Company to meet its long term business objective.

Readers should be cautioned that the Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent whether the Company can develop an economically viable business, and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital to meet current and future

obligations. The Company has not yet achieved profitable operations and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has a history to raise funds when needed in the past. However, there is no guarantee the Company is able to do so in the future.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company does not have commitments for capital expenditures and the Company is not subject to external requirement in using its capital resources or maintenance of its capital structure.

### OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have off balance sheet arrangements.

## PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

Other than the Proposed Transaction disclosed in the other section, the Company does not have proposed transactions that may have material impact on the Company.

### TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

a) Transactions with key management personnel were as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Consulting fees charged by a director	60,000	60,000
Consulting fees charged by a company related to the chief executive officer ("CEO")	120,000	185,000
Consulting fees charged by the chief financial officer ("CFO")	60,000	60,000
Stock based compensation vested by directors and officers	51,005	128,822
Rent and related fees charged by a Company related to the CEO	3,000	67,555
included in office and administration	•	·

## b) Balances due to related parties:

Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Due to Related parties	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
A director	174,000	114,000
Chief financial officer	138,750	78,750
Companies related to the CEO	300,021	245,931
	612,771	438,681

Amounts due to related parties are non-interest bearing with no terms of repayment

## **OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

As of the date of this MD&A, has 63,671,935 common shares and 5,890,000 stock options outstanding that can be converted into common shares of the Company on a one-to-one basis.

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, AND CHANGES

Refer to the Note 3 to the Company's unaudited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK EXPOSURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

### **Financial Risk Management**

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's exposure to credit risk is on its cash held. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with a major bank in Canada. As most of the Company's cash is held by one bank there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using a major bank that is a high credit quality financial institution as determined by rating agencies.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash. Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding. The Company's liquidity risk as assessed as high.

## Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not incur significant expenditures that are denominated in foreign currencies and does not have any commitments that are denominated in foreign currencies. Therefore, the Company's exposure to currency risk is minimal.

## Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have material financial assets or liabilities that are exposed to fluctuation of interest rate. As a result, the exposure to interest rate risk is not significant.

## Classification of financial instruments

Financial assets included in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Cash	\$ 383	\$ 47,542
Loans and receivables:		
Note receivable	1	1
	\$ 384	\$ 47,543

Financial liabilities included in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Non-derivative financial liabilities:		
Trade payables	\$ 263,577	\$ 200,175
Salaries payable	20,066	20,066
Due to related party	612,771	438,681
	\$ 896,414	\$ 658,922

#### Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount due to their short terms to maturity.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly;
  and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

## RISKS AND UNCERTAINITIES

### **Capitalization Risk**

It is anticipated that the Company will require additional capital to fully execute its long-term business objectives. There can be no assurance that it will be able to obtain any capital in the future or that attempts to obtain capital in the future will result in terms beneficial to existing investors.

## **Dilution to the Existing Shareholders**

The Company has no other capital resources other than the ability to use its common stock to raise additional capital. The issuance of additional equity securities by the Company could result in a significant dilution in the equity interests of existing shareholders.

### **Management Risk**

The Company's success will largely depend on the capability of its management; management has limited experience in managing the growth of a developing business.

## Reliance on Management's Expertise

The Company strongly depends on the business acumen and expertise of its management team and there is little possibility that this dependence will decrease in the near term. The loss of the services of any member of the team could have a material adverse effect on the Company. The Company does not have any key person insurance in place for management.

## **Profitability Risk**

Although the Company will work to become profitable, there can be no assurance that factors beyond its control, such as, but not limited to, successful development of its technology into a commercial viable products to the oil and gas industry. No assurances can be provided that the Company can do so.

## **Key Personnel Risk**

The Company is highly dependent upon the services from external consultants. Loss of these external consultants would adversely affect the achievement of the Company's objectives.

## **Technology Risks**

The Company's success in penetrating the desired market segments will also depend upon its ability to advance the technology and functionality of its products. It is also foreseeable that other firms will desire to enter the sector. The Company can provide no assurances that these other firms won't have superior technology or functionality.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing lists of risks, uncertainties and other factors are not exhaustive.

### CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining appropriate information systems, procedures and controls to ensure that information used internally and disclosed externally is complete, reliable and timely. Management is also responsible for establishing adequate internal controls over financial reporting to provide sufficient knowledge to support the representations made in this MD&A and the Company's financial statements.

The management of the Company has filed the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with the filings on SEDAR at <a href="www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>. In contrast to the certificate required for non-venture issuers under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the venture issuer basic certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency, and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.