

**HARRYS MANUFACTURING INC. (FORMERLY WESTRIDGE RESOURCES INC.)**  
**MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JULY 31, 2018**

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The following Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) is dated November 28, 2018 and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of Harrys Manufacturing Inc. (formerly Westridge Resources Inc.) (“Harrys” or the “Company”) for the year ended July 31, 2018.

**BUSINESS DESCRIPTION AND READER GUIDANCE**

Harrys was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia in 2007. Since inception the Company has been focused on the acquisition, evaluation and exploration of mineral resource properties. In 2012, the Company focused its exploration activities on the Mount Sicker property in the south-eastern area of Vancouver Island, B.C. The Company also acquired an option to acquire certain concessions in the United Mexican States known as the Charay Project. However, in 2013, the Company allowed the leases on the properties to lapse. As a result, the Company was currently pursuing investment opportunities. The Company formerly traded on the TSX Venture Exchange but was relegated to the NEX Exchange. On October 17, 2017, the Company requested that its shares be voluntarily delisted from the NEX Exchange and commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the stock symbol WST.

On May 4, 2017, the Company entered into an option agreement with Intact Gold Corp. (“Intact”) to acquire a 100% right, title and interest in and to those certain mineral claims comprising the Black Jack Gold Property (the “Agreement”), located in the townships of Kirkup and Manross in the Kenora mining division of Ontario, approximately 20 km south east of the city of Kenora, (the “Property”). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company was granted the sole and exclusive right and option (the “Option”) to acquire a 100% right, title and interest in the Property. In fiscal 2018 Harrys decided not to exercise the Option and has abandoned the mineral property claim.

On December 22, 2017, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent (“LOI”) with Harrys International Manufacturing Inc. (“HIMI”) to acquire all of the issued and outstanding common shares of HIMI (the “HIMI Shares”) in exchange for the common shares of the Company. HIMI’s principal business is the sale and distribution of tobacco products exclusively to purchasers located outside of Canada and the United States.

On January 22, 2018, the Company entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with HIMI. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company agreed to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of HIMI in exchange for the issuance of 28,500,100 shares of common stock of the Company to the shareholders of HIMI. In addition, as a condition precedent to the closing of the Share Exchange Agreement (the “Closing”), the Company has loaned to HIMI an aggregate amount of \$2,400,000. The loan bears interest at 5% per annum and matures on the earlier of January 4, 2019 or the termination of the Share Exchange Agreement. Completion of the acquisition resulted in a fundamental change under the policies of the CSE. The acquisition was subject to the approval of the CSE. The Acquisition closed on October 4, 2018. On October 4, 2018, the Company also changed its name from Westridge Resources Inc. to Harrys Manufacturing Inc. On October XX, 2018 the Company shares commenced trading on the CSE under the symbol “HARY”.

The Company’s financial statements were prepared in accordance with IFRS that are applicable to a going concern, which contemplate the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. At July 31, 2018, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$7,241,670 since inception (July 31, 2017 - \$6,576,587), and a net working capital of \$4,066,361 (July 31, 2017 – \$179,787).

The Company’s continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months from working capital and, if necessary, from loans from directors and companies controlled by directors and/or private placement of common shares. Management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations or become cash flow positive, or raise additional debt and/or equity capital. Management believes that the Company’s capital resources should be adequate to continue operating and maintaining its business strategy. However, if the Company is unable to raise additional capital, management expects that the Company may need to curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less

favourable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures. The financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

## OVERALL PERFORMANCE

### Selected Annual Information

The following table sets forth selected annual information of the Company for the last three fiscal years. This financial information has been prepared using IFRS:

	2018	2017	2016
Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Loss from continuing operations	(665,083)	(754,514)	(68,149)
Income from discontinued operations	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	(665,083)	(754,514)	(68,149)
Net loss per share from continuing operations basic and diluted	(0.02)	(0.03)	(0.00)
Net Income (loss) per share – basic and diluted	(0.02)	(0.03)	(0.00)
Cash provided by (used) in operations	(564,825)	(212,954)	(27,026)
Total assets	\$ 4,086,502	\$ 253,644	\$ 2,050
Capital expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Westridge is re-positioning for future growth. The Company has had limited capital expenditures in the past 2 years since it only had one exploration property during the period in which to invest. For the year ended July 31, 2018, loss from continuing operations was \$665,083 (2017 - \$754,514). The decrease in net loss is primarily from share-based compensation expense of \$628,059 in 2017 as compared to \$149,488 in 2018. This decrease was offset by an increase in consulting and management fees in 2018.

### SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following information is derived from the Company's quarterly financial statements for the past eight quarters and has been prepared using IFRS:

	Three Months Ended July 31, 2018	Three Months Ended April 30, 2018	Three Months Ended January 31, 2018	Three Months Ended October 31, 2017
Revenue	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil
Loss for the period	(2,750)	(94,434)	(370,292)	(197,607)
Loss per share – basic & diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total assets	4,086,502	4,080,240	4,173,848	231,384

  

	Three Months Ended July 31, 2017	Three Months Ended April 30, 2017	Three Months Ended January 31, 2017	Three Months Ended October 31, 2016
Revenue	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil
Income (loss) for the period	(149,835)	(294,519)	(292,097)	(18,063)
Loss per share – basic & diluted	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)
Total assets	253,644	262,078	152,454	2,172

Fluctuations in the Company's expenditures reflect the variations in the timing of exploration activities and general operations, and the ability of the Company to raise capital for its projects, including share-based payments during certain quarters.

During the three months ended January 31, 2017, the Company had a general increase in operations which resulted in an increase in net loss and net loss per share as compared to previous quarters. This increase in operations coincided with an increase in funding which increased total assets, specifically cash.

During the three months ended January 31, 2018 and April 30, 2018, the Company again increased its operations. The increase in operations and services provided by consultants resulted in an increase in net loss and net loss per share as compared to the three months ended October 31, 2017 and previous quarters. This increase in operations again coincided with an increase in funding which increased total assets, specifically cash and loan receivable. Net loss increased during the three month period ended January 31, 2018, over the three months ended October 31, 2018 and April 30, 2018, as a result of increased stock-based compensation and consulting expenses during the period.

Net loss decreased during the three months ended July 31, 2018 as a result of a decrease in stock-based compensation, consulting and management fees as well as an increase in interest income.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Operating expenses of \$665,083 increased for the year ended July 31, 2018 as compared to \$754,514 in 2017. Significant expenses during the year ended July 31, 2018 were accounting and audit fees of \$24,578 (2017 - \$40,245), consulting fees of \$195,487 (2017 - \$83,270), share based payments of \$149,488 (2017 - \$628,059), management fees of \$150,000 (2017 - \$81,910), office and miscellaneous of \$38,387 (2017 - \$13,179), finance charges of \$3,155 (2017 - \$3,103), professional fees of \$80,054 (2017 - \$nil) and transfer agent and filing fees of \$34,638 (2017 - \$12,482).

During the year ended July 31, 2018, the Company had a general increase in operations which resulted in an increase in most operating expenses, particularly accounting and audit fees, consulting fees and management fees. This was offset by a decrease in share-based payments. An increase in the number of consultants providing services to the Company resulted in increases in consulting expenses. The Company also recovered \$111,834 of expenses during the year ended July 31, 2017 compared to \$Nil in 2018.

### **FOURTH QUARTER – Result of Operations**

For the three months ended July 31, 2018, the Company recorded net loss of \$2,750 (\$nil income per share) compared to a net loss of \$149,835 (\$nil loss per share) for the three months ended July 31, 2017. The loss is comprised of general and administrative expenses of \$21,080 (2017 - \$130,301), expense recovery of \$nil (2017 - \$29,132) and share based payments of \$nil (2017 - \$48,666). The general and administrative expenses for the three months ended July 31, 2018 decreased due to changes in corporate activity and as a result of a general increase in operations as compared to the same period in 2017.

## **LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

During the year ended July 31, 2018, the Company's working capital increased from \$179,787 at July 31, 2017 to working capital of \$4,066,361 at July 31, 2018. Cash has increased from \$197,126 on July 31, 2017 to \$1,526,070 on July 31, 2018.

Net cash used in operations was \$564,825 (2017 - \$212,954), net cash used in investing activities was \$2,458,400 (2017 - \$50,000), and net cash provided by financing activities was \$4,352,169 (2017 - \$460,069).

Investing activities during the year ended July 31, 2018, was the result of a loan agreement with Harrys International Manufacturing Inc. pursuant to which the Company had advanced \$2,458,000. Investing activities during the year ended July 31, 2017 investing activities consisted of a \$50,000 mineral property option payment.

Financing activities during the year ended July 31, 2018, was from share issuances of \$4,599,283 (2017 - \$486,700), less share issuance costs of \$247,114 (2017 - \$26,631), proceeds from related party loans \$50,000 (2017 - \$nil), and repayment of related party loans \$50,000 (2017 - \$nil).

The entire Company's non-derivative financial liabilities are due within one year.

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily

through private placements and loans from related parties. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding.

## **BUSINESS RISKS**

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to a variety of risks and uncertainties. In addition to the risks associated with liquidity and capital resources, critical accounting estimates, financial instruments, credit risk and market risk described in this MD&A, the Company is exposed to various operational, technical, financial and regulatory risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond its control and may significantly affect future results. Operations may be unsuccessful or delayed as a result of competition for services, supplies and equipment, mechanical and technical difficulties, the ability to attract and retain employees and contractors on a cost-effective basis, commodity and marketing risk and seasonality.

The Company is exposed to considerable risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to;

- financial risks including access to debt or equity markets which the Company is dependent upon in order to meet obligations and liabilities as they fall due;
- obtaining timely regulatory approvals;
- fluctuations in commodity prices;
- adverse factors including climate, geographical and weather conditions and labour disputes;
- timing of future debt and other obligations;
- regulatory legislation and policies, including the fulfilment of contractual minimum work programs, the compliance with which may require significant expenditures and non-compliance with which may result in fines, penalties, production restrictions, suspensions or revocations of contracts;
- changes to taxation policies, laws and interpretations thereof; and,
- obtaining comprehensive and appropriate insurance coverage at reasonable rates;

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND POLICIES**

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates by a material amount. Matters that require management to make significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

### **Share-based payments**

Share-based payments are determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model based on estimated fair values of all share-based awards at the date of grant. The Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model utilizes assumptions such as expected price volatility, the expected life of the option and the number of options that may be forfeited. Changes in these input assumptions may affect the fair value estimate.

### **Deferred taxes**

The Company recognizes the deferred tax benefit of deferred tax assets to the extent their recovery is probable. Assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets requires management to make significant estimates of future taxable profit. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions from deferred tax assets.

## **CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS**

Please refer to Note 4 of the Company's interim financial statements for changes in accounting policy and new accounting standards.

## **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established the Audit and Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's compliance with risk management policies and procedures. The committee reports regularly to the Board of Directors on its activities.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment, in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

## **RISKS**

Westridge is exposed to the following risks:

### **(a) Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada. As most of the Company's cash is held by one bank there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The Company's secondary exposure to this risk is on its receivables. The Company is also exposed to credit risk relating to the loan receivable to HIMI. The Company believes this risk is mitigated by having entered into the Share Exchange Agreement with HIMI. The Company also has minimal risk relating to a small amount of refundable sales taxes.

### **(b) Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

As at July 31, 2018, the Company's liabilities consisted of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$20,141. The Company's cash was \$1,526,070 at July 31, 2018 and was sufficient to pay these liabilities.

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements, and loans from related parties. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant funding.

### **(c) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market price risk is comprised of three types of market price changes: foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices.

#### **(i) Foreign currency exchange risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. The Company's risk to foreign exchange is limited since it holds only Canadian dollars.

#### **(ii) Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash equivalents as these instruments have original maturities of six months or less and are therefore exposed to interest rate fluctuations on renewal. The Company manages interest rate risk by maintaining an investment policy that focuses primarily on preservation of capital and liquidity. Accordingly, the Company is not subjected to interest rate risk.

(iii) Commodity price risk

The Company does not hold any financial instruments that have direct exposure to other price risks.

(d) Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments included in the statements of financial position are measured at fair value upon initial recognition and are adjusted to their fair value at April 30, 2018. The carrying amount of financial instruments classified as current approximates fair value due to their short-term to maturity.

**OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

Disclosure is required of all off-balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company. Harrys does not have such off-balance sheet arrangements.

**TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

The Company incurred key management compensation as follows:

Year ended July 31,	2018	2017
Management fees accrued or paid to current CEO and director	\$ 150,000	\$ 65,000
Management fees accrued or paid to current CFO, past CEO and director		-
Consulting fees paid to a director		16,910
Consulting fees paid to current CFO, past CEO and director		-
Total fees paid to related parties	\$ 150,000	\$ 104,910

As at July 31, 2018, trade payables due to officers and directors and companies controlled by them is \$Nil (July 31, 2017 – \$705).

During the year ended July 31, 2018, the Company received a loan payable from a shareholder of \$50,000 (2017 – \$nil). The loan was repaid on December 4, 2017. The advance was unsecured non-interest bearing and payable on demand.

On January 10, 2017, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with the President and CEO of the Company. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company will pay \$120,000 per year for consulting services. The term of the agreement is for an initial period of one year and renews automatically for additional one-year periods unless either the Company or the CEO provide notice of non-renewal 30 days prior to the expiry of the term of the agreement. During the year ended July 31, 2018, the Company paid a bonus of \$30,000.

On January 16, 2017, the Company granted 500,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.10 per share for five years after the date of grant to the President and CEO of the Company.

On January 27, 2017, the Company granted 200,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.25 per share for five years after the date of grant to two directors of the Company.

On October 20, 2017, the Company granted 175,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.35 per share for five years after the date of grant to the President and CEO of the Company.

On October 20, 2017, the Company granted 100,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.35 per share for five years after the date of grant to a director of the Company.

## **OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

### *Common shares*

The following table sets forth the Company's outstanding share data as at November 28, 2018:

Total common shares	49,316,258
Total outstanding warrants	11,926,715
Total outstanding stock options	2,490,000
Total diluted common shares	63,732,973

## **CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

Disclosure controls and procedures ('DC&P') are intended to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by securities regulations and that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management. Internal controls over financial reporting ('ICFR') are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

TSX Venture listed companies are not required to provide representations in filings relating to the establishment and maintenance of DC&P and ICFR, as defined in Multinational Instrument MI- 52-109. In particular, the CEO and CFO certifying officers do not make any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of (a) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation, and (b) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP. The issuer's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in their certificates regarding absence of misrepresentations and fair disclosures of financial information. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in MI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

## **FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION**

Statements herein that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Words such as "expects", "intends", "may", "could", "should", "anticipates", "likely", "believes" and words of similar import also identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on current facts and analyses and other information that are based on forecasts of future results, estimates of amounts not yet determined and assumptions of management, including, but not limited to, the Company's ability to raise additional debt and/or equity financing to fund operations and working capital requirements. Actual results may differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors including, but not limited to, general economic conditions, the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flows from operations and financing to support general operating activities and capital expansion plans, and laws and regulations and changes thereto that may affect operations, and other factors beyond the reasonable control of the Company.

Management periodically reviews information reflected in forward-looking statements. The Company has and continues to disclose in its Management's Discussion and Analysis and other publicly filed documents, changes to material factors or assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements and to the validity of the statements themselves, in the period the changes occur.

Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from the above discussions and analysis may not

necessarily indicate future results from operations.

**Additional Information**

Additional information about the Company is available under the Company's profile on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).