MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is dated June 29, 2016 and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements of Westridge Resources Inc. ("Westridge" or the "Company") for the nine months ended April 30, 2016.

BUSINESS DESCRIPTION AND READER GUIDANCE

Westridge Resources Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on April 30, 2007. The Company is focused on the acquisition, evaluation and exploration of mineral resource properties. In 2012, the Company focused its exploration activities on the Mount Sicker property in the south eastern area of Vancouver Island, B.C. The Company also acquired an option to acquire certain concessions in the United Mexican States known as the Charay Project. However, in 2013, the Company allowed the leases on the properties to lapse. As a result, the Company is currently pursuing investment opportunities.

The Company's financial statements were prepared in accordance with IFRS that are applicable to a going concern, which contemplate the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. At January 31, 2016, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$5,788,926 since inception (July 31, 2015 – \$5,753,924), and a net working capital deficiency of \$545,680 (July 31, 2015-\$510,678).

The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its exploration and evaluation activities and its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with loans from directors and companies controlled by directors and/or private placement of common shares. Management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations or become cash flow positive, or raise additional debt and/or equity capital. Management believes that the Company's capital resources should be adequate to continue operating and maintaining its business strategy. However, if the Company is unable to raise additional capital, management expects that the Company may need to curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less favourable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain information in this MD&A is forward-looking and is subject to important risks and uncertainties. The results or events predicted in this information may differ materially from actual results or events. Factors which could cause actual results or events to differ materially from current expectations include the ability of the Company to implement its strategic initiatives, the availability and price of energy commodities, government and regulatory decisions, plant availability, competitive factors in the oil and gas industry and prevailing economic conditions in the regions the Company operates. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "may", "project", "predict", "potential", "could", "might", "should" and other similar expressions. The Corporation believes the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct. These forward-looking statements speak only to the date of this MD&A. The Corporation disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required pursuant to applicable securities laws.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Selected Annual Information

The following table sets forth selected annual information of the Company for the last three fiscal years. This financial information has been prepared using IFRS:

| | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Revenue | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net Loss from continuing operations | (110,728) | (565,983) | (2,234,768) |
| Income from discontinued operations | 250,853 | 7,093 | - |
| Net income (loss) | 140,125 | (558,890) | (2,846,120) |
| Net loss per share from continuing operations – basic and diluted | 0.00 | (0.06) | (0.25) |
| Net Income (loss) per share – basic and diluted | 0.01 | (0.06) | (0.32) |
| Cash provided by (used) in operations | (93,279) | (17,127) | (314,126) |
| Total assets | \$ 1,240 | \$ 31,958 | \$ 25,118 |
| Capital expenditures | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 76,401 |

Westridge is re-positioning for future growth. The Company has had no capital expenditures in the past 2 years since it had no exploration properties during the period in which to invest. For the period ended January 31, 2016,, loss from continuing operations was \$35,002 (2015 - \$83,171) and income from discontinued operations of \$nil (2015 - \$71,852). The Company has taken major steps to reduce expenditures on accounting and audit expenditures, advertising and promotion, management fees and office costs.

On October 15, 2014, the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares for proceeds of \$100,000.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the nine months ended April 30, 2016, the Company's working capital deficit has declined slightly from \$510,678 to \$545,680. However a cash balance has decreased cash from \$213 to \$177.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Financial Quarter Ended (Unaudited)

The following information is derived from the Company's quarterly financial statements for the past eight quarters and has been prepared using IFRS:

| | Three Months | Three Months | Three Months | Three Months |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| | Ended | Ended | Ended | Ended |
| | April 30, 2016 | January 31, 2016 | October 31, 2015 | July 31, 2015 |
| Revenue | Nil Nil | \$ Nil | \$ Nil | \$ Nil |
| Loss for the period | (7,979) | (23,445) | (3,578) | (38,876) |
| Loss per share – basic & diluted | (0.00) | (0.00) | (0.00) | (0.01) |
| Total assets | 1,513 | 1,353 | 8,359 | 1,240 |

| | Three Months Ended April 30, 2015 | Three Months Ended January 31, 2015 | Three Months Ended October 31, 2014 | Three Months Ended July 31, 2014 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Revenue | \$ Nil | \$ Nil | \$ Nil | \$ Nil |
| Income (loss) for the period | (26,590) | (31,908) | (13,354) | (386,823) |
| Loss per share – basic & diluted | (0.00) | (0.00) | (0.00) | (0.04) |
| Total assets | 40,852 | 45,840 | 100,698 | 31,958 |

Fluctuations in the Company's expenditures reflect the variations in the timing of exploration activities and general operations, and the ability of the Company to raise capital for its projects, including share-based payments during certain quarters.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General and administrative expenses of \$35,002 decreased for the nine months ended April 30, 2016 as compared to \$83,171 in 2015. Significant expenses during the nine months ended April 30, 2016 were accounting and audit fees of \$7,420 (2015 - \$10,154), consulting fees of 7,900 (2015 - \$739), management fees of \$9,000 (2015 - \$22,500), professional fees of \$nil (2015 - \$29,826), transfer agent and filing fees of \$9,694 (2015 - \$17,597).

The General and administrative expenses decreased due to less corporate activity during the current period as compared to the same period in 2015.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Disclosure is required of all off-balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company. Westridge does not have such off-balance sheet arrangements.

BUSINESS RISKS

In the normal course of business the Company is exposed to a variety of risks and uncertainties. In addition to the risks associated with liquidity and capital resources, critical accounting estimates, financial instruments, credit risk and market risk described in this MD&A, the Company is exposed to various operational, technical, financial and regulatory risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond its control and may significantly affect future results. Operations may be unsuccessful or delayed as a result of competition for services, supplies and equipment, mechanical and technical difficulties, the ability to attract and retain employees and contractors on a cost-effective basis, commodity and marketing risk and seasonality.

The Company is exposed to considerable risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to;

- finding mineral reserves on an economical basis;
- uncertainties related to estimating the Company's reserves;
- financial risks including access to debt or equity markets which the Company is dependent upon in order to meet obligations and liabilities as they fall due;
- technical problems which could lead to unsuccessful drilling programs and environmental damage;
- obtaining timely regulatory approvals;
- third party related operational risks including the ability to obtain access to certain properties, access to third party processing facilities, railway and other transportation infrastructure;
- fluctuations in commodity prices;
- adverse factors including climate, geographical and weather conditions and labour disputes;
- timing of future debt and other obligations;
- regulatory legislation and policies, including the fulfilment of contractual minimum work programs, the compliance with which may require significant expenditures and non-compliance with which may result in fines, penalties, production restrictions, suspensions or revocations of contracts:
- changes to taxation policies, laws and interpretations thereof; and,
- obtaining comprehensive and appropriate insurance coverage at reasonable rates;

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND POLICIES

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates by a material amount. Matters that require management to make significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

Share-based payments

Share-based payments are determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model based on estimated fair values of all share-based awards at the date of grant. The Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model utilizes assumptions such as expected price volatility, the expected life of the option and the number of options that may be forfeited. Changes in these input assumptions may affect the fair value estimate.

Deferred taxes

The Company recognizes the deferred tax benefit of deferred tax assets to the extent their recovery is probable. Assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets requires management to make significant estimates of future taxable profit. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions from deferred tax assets.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Please refer to Note 4 of the Company's annual financial statements for changes in accounting policy and new accounting standards.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework, which involves the developing and monitoring compliance with risk management policies and procedures.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions.

The Company may utilize derivative financial instruments to manage market risk arising from volatile commodity prices. Derivative financial instruments are not used for speculative purposes.

RISKS

Westridge is exposed to the following risks:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with a major bank in Canada. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The Company's secondary exposure to this risk is on its other receivables. This risk is minimal as receivables consist primarily of refundable sales tax.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

As at January 31, 2016, the Company's liabilities consisted of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$412,162, (July 31, 2015 - \$392,302) due to related parties of \$17,445 (July 31, 2015 - \$23,303) and a loan payable of \$117,586 (July 31, 2015 - \$96,313). The Company's cash and cash equivalents of \$177 at April 30, 2016, are not sufficient to pay these liabilities. Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding.

Net cash used in operations was \$21,309 (2015 - \$97,206) and net cash provided by financing activities was \$21,273 (2015 - \$100,000) resulting in a net cash decrease of \$36 (2015 - increase of \$2,794)

Net cash used in operations was primarily general operating expenses of \$35,002 (2015 - \$71,852) and net change in non-operating working capital items of \$13,693 (2015 - \$25,354)

Financing activities was from proceeds on loans of \$21,273 and proceeds from share issuance of \$100,000 in 2015.

The entire Company's non-derivative financial liabilities are due within one year.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market price risk is comprised of three types of market price changes: foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices.

(i) Foreign currency exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. The Company's risk to foreign exchange is limited since it holds only Canadian dollars and has dissolved its Mexican subsidiary.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash equivalents as these instruments have original maturities of three months or less and are therefore exposed to interest rate fluctuations on renewal. The Company manages interest rate risk by maintaining an investment policy that focuses primarily on preservation of capital and liquidity. Accordingly, the Company is not subjected to interest rate risk.

(iii) Commodity price risk

The Company does not have exposure to commodity price risks.

(d) Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments included in the statements of financial position are measured at fair value upon initial recognition and are adjusted to their fair value at January 31, 2016. The carrying amount of financial instruments classified as current approximates fair value due to their short-term to maturity. Long-term debt was initially measured at fair value and subsequently recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures ('DC&P') are intended to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by securities regulations and that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management. Internal controls over financial reporting ('ICFR') are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

TSX Venture listed companies are not required to provide representations in filings relating to the establishment and maintenance of DC&P and ICFR, as defined in Multinational Instrument MI- 52-109. In particular, the CEO and CFO certifying officers do not make any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of (a) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation, and (b) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP. The issuer's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in their certificates regarding absence of misrepresentations and fair disclosures of financial information. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in MI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company incurred key management compensation as follows:

| Nine months ended April 30 | 2016 | 2015 |
|----------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Management fees | \$ 9,000 | \$22,500 |

At January 31, 2016, due to officers and companies controlled by either an officer or director of the Company is \$17,445 (July 31, 2015 - \$23,303).

The amounts are unsecured and do not bear interest.

These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

Common shares

The following table sets forth the Company's outstanding share data as at January 31, 2016 and the date of this report:

| Total common shares | 23,639,020 |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Total outstanding warrants | - |
| Total outstanding stock options | - |
| Total diluted common shares | 23,639,020 |

Share purchase warrants

As at April 30, 2016 and date of this report, there are no warrants outstanding.

Stock options

As at April 30, 2016 and date of this report, the Company had no stock options outstanding.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at January 31, 2016 is \$80,000 related to a commitment to make payments to a third party. The Company is in default related to certain terms of the agreement.

As at January 31, 2016, the Company is in default related to certain of a loan payable of \$117,586.