MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is dated December 28, 2015 and should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements of Westridge Resources Inc. ("Westridge" or the "Company") for the quarter ended October 31, 2015.

BUSINESS DESCRIPTION AND READER GUIDANCE

Westridge Resources Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on April 30, 2007. The Company is focused on the acquisition, evaluation and exploration of mineral resource properties. In 2012, the Company focused its exploration activities on the Mount Sicker property in the south eastern area of Vancouver Island, B.C. The Company also acquired an option to acquire certain concessions in the United Mexican States known as the Charay Project. However, in 2013, the Company allowed the leases on the properties to lapse. As a result, the Company is currently pursuing investment opportunities.

The Company's financial statements were prepared in accordance with IFRS that are applicable to a going concern, which contemplate the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. At October 31, 2015, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$5,757,502 since inception (July 31, 2015 – \$5,753,924), and a net working capital deficiency of \$514,256 (July 31, 2015 – \$510,678).

The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its exploration and evaluation activities and its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with loans from directors and companies controlled by directors and/or private placement of common shares. Management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations or become cash flow positive, or raise additional debt and/or equity capital. Management believes that the Company's capital resources should be adequate to continue operating and maintaining its business strategy. However, if the Company is unable to raise additional capital, management expects that the Company may need to curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less favourable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain information in this MD&A is forward-looking and is subject to important risks and uncertainties. The results or events predicted in this information may differ materially from actual results or events. Factors which could cause actual results or events to differ materially from current expectations include the ability of the Company to implement its strategic initiatives, the availability and price of energy commodities, government and regulatory decisions, plant availability, competitive factors in the oil and gas industry and prevailing economic conditions in the regions the Company operates. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "may", "project", "predict", "potential", "could", "might", "should" and other similar expressions. The Corporation believes the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct. These forward-looking statements speak only to the date of this MD&A. The Corporation disclaims any

intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required pursuant to applicable securities laws.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Selected Annual Information

The following table sets forth selected annual information of the Company for the last three fiscal years. This financial information has been prepared using IFRS:

| | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Revenue | \$ - | \$ - | \$- |
| Net Loss from continuing operations | (110,728) | (565,983) | (2,234,768) |
| Income from discontinued operations | 250,853 | 7,093 | - |
| Net income (loss) | 140,125 | (558,890) | (2,846,120) |
| Net loss per share from continuing operations – basic and diluted | 0.00 | (0.06) | (0.25) |
| Net Income (loss) per share – basic and diluted | 0.01 | (0.06) | (0.32) |
| Cash provided by (used) in operations | (93,279) | (17,127) | (314,126) |
| Total assets | \$ 1,240 | \$ 31,958 | \$25,118 |
| Capital expenditures | \$ - | \$ - | \$76,401 |

Westridge is re-positioning for future growth. The Company has had no capital expenditures in the past 2 years since it had no exploration properties during the period in which to invest. Loss from continuing operations was \$110,728 for the year ended July 31, 2015 compared to \$565,983 and \$2,846,120 in 2014 and 2013. The loss for the year is a result of the Company having no operations during the year. The Company took major steps during the year to reduce expenditures on accounting and audit expenditures, advertising and promotion, management fees and office costs.

On October 15, 2015 the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares for proceeds of \$100,000.

On July 3, 2015, the Company issued 12,769,112 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per share for settlement of CAD\$638,456 of debts. As a result of the shares for debt settlement, Fibre-Crown Manufacturing Inc. will control 30.50 % of the outstanding shares of the Company and will become a new control person as defined by the rules of the TSX Venture Exchange.

On March 3, 2014, the Company consolidated its common shares on the basis of one (1) post-consolidated common share for two (2) pre-consolidated Shares held (the "**Consolidation**"). The new CUSIP number is 96144Y209 and the new ISIN number is CA 96144Y2096. The Consolidation was approved by the directors of the Company.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company is re-positioning for growth, and will need to raise finances to embark on new projects. Please refer to selected quarterly financial information for a breakdown of administration costs.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the quarter ended October 31, 2015, the Company's working capital deficit has declined slightly from \$510,678 to \$514,256. However a cash injection has improved cash from \$213 to \$1,240.

SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Financial Quarter Ended (Unaudited)

The following information is derived from the Company's quarterly financial statements for the past eight quarters and has been prepared using IFRS:

| | | 2015 | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|
| | | Oct 31 | | Jul 31 | | Apr 30 | | Jan 31 |
| Revenue | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Net loss from continuing operations | | (3,578) | | (38,876) | | (26,590) | | (31,908) |
| Net loss | | (3,578) | | (38,876) | | (26,590) | | (31,908) |
| Basic and dilute loss per share from continui | ng | | | | | | | |
| operations | | (0.00) | | 0.01 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 |
| Basic and dilute loss per share | | (0.00) | | 0.01 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 |
| Total assets | \$ | 8,359 | \$ | 1,240 | \$ | 40,852 | \$ | 45,840 |

| | | 2014 | | | | | | |
|---|-------|----------|----|-----------|----|----------|----|----------|
| | | Oct 31 | | Jul 31 | | Apr 30 | | Jan 31 |
| Revenue | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - : | \$ | - |
| Net loss from continuing operations | | (13,354) | | (393,916) | | (78,984) | | (46,041) |
| Net loss | | (13,354) | | (386,823) | | (78,984) | | (46,041) |
| Basic and dilute loss per share from contin | nuing | | | | | | | |
| operations | | 0.00 | | (0.04) | | 0.00 | | 0.00 |
| Basic and dilute loss per share | | 0.00 | | (0.04) | | 0.00 | | 0.00 |
| Total assets | \$ | 100,698 | \$ | 31,958 | \$ | 28,747 | \$ | 25,181 |

- In the first quarter of fiscal 2016, the only costs are the management fee, transfer agent fees and bank charges that consist of the net loss \$3,578.
- In the final quarter of fiscal 2015, The Company wrote off costs and recovered carrying amounts of liabilities relating to the dissolution of its Mexican subsidiary, Minera Westbridge, but otherwise maintained tight controls over its general and administrative spending.
- In the third quarter of fiscal year 2015, net loss for the period decreased as a result of the reduction in office and general cost, management fee and elimination of interest on debt.
- In the second quarter of fiscal year 2015, net loss for the period decreased as a result of the reduction in office and general cost, management fee and elimination of interest on debt.
- In the first quarter of fiscal year 2015, net loss for the period decreased as a result of the reduction in management fees, office and general costs, elimination of advertising and promotion costs.
- In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, net income for the period increased as a result of eliminating liabilities of the Mexican subsidiary from the Statement of Financial Position.
- In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the net loss for the period increased as a result of ongoing operations of the Company.

- In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, net loss for the period has decreased as a result of the reduction in management fees, professional fees, and elimination of advertising and promotion costs. Net loss has decreased once again from the first quarter of fiscal 2013 as cost cutting measure took fold with the replacement of new management into the Company. Cost reductions were realized in most expense categories. Overall net loss increased in the fourth quarter of 2013, resulting from bad debt expense and the write off of the exploration and evaluation properties as a result of the adjustment to the exploration agreement on the Charay properties.
- In the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company incurred a net loss of \$47,042. This is the result of the decrease in the write off of exploration and evaluation assets along with the decrease in operating costs associated with the day to day activities of the Company.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Disclosure is required of all off-balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company. Westridge does not have such off-balance sheet arrangements.

BUSINESS RISKS

In the normal course of business the Company is exposed to a variety of risks and uncertainties. In addition to the risks associated with liquidity and capital resources, critical accounting estimates, financial instruments, credit risk and market risk described in this MD&A, the Company is exposed to various operational, technical, financial and regulatory risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond its control and may significantly affect future results. Operations may be unsuccessful or delayed as a result of competition for services, supplies and equipment, mechanical and technical difficulties, the ability to attract and retain employees and contractors on a cost-effective basis, commodity and marketing risk and seasonality.

The Company is exposed to considerable risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to;

- finding mineral reserves on an economical basis;
- uncertainties related to estimating the Company's reserves;
- financial risks including access to debt or equity markets which the Company is dependent upon in order to meet obligations and liabilities as they fall due;
- technical problems which could lead to unsuccessful drilling programs and environmental damage;
- obtaining timely regulatory approvals;
- third party related operational risks including the ability to obtain access to certain properties, access to third party processing facilities, railway and other transportation infrastructure;
- fluctuations in commodity prices;
- adverse factors including climate, geographical and weather conditions and labour disputes;
- timing of future debt and other obligations;
- regulatory legislation and policies, including the fulfilment of contractual minimum work programs, the compliance with which may require significant expenditures and non-compliance

with which may result in fines, penalties, production restrictions, suspensions or revocations of contracts;

- changes to taxation policies, laws and interpretations thereof; and,
- obtaining comprehensive and appropriate insurance coverage at reasonable rates;

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND POLICIES

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates by a material amount. Matters that require management to make significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

Share-based payments

Share-based payments are determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model based on estimated fair values of all share-based awards at the date of grant. The Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model utilizes assumptions such as expected price volatility, the expected life of the option and the number of options that may be forfeited. Changes in these input assumptions may affect the fair value estimate.

Deferred taxes

The Company recognizes the deferred tax benefit of deferred tax assets to the extent their recovery is probable. Assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets requires management to make significant estimates of future taxable profit. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions from deferred tax assets.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Please refer to Note 4 of the Company's annual financial statements for changes in accounting policy and new accounting standards.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework, which involves the developing and monitoring compliance with risk management policies and procedures.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions.

The Company may utilize derivative financial instruments to manage market risk arising from volatile commodity prices. Derivative financial instruments are not used for speculative purposes.

RISKS

Westridge is exposed to the following risks:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada and Mexico. As most of the Company's cash is held by two banks there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The Company's secondary exposure to this risk is on its other receivables. This risk is minimal as receivables consist primarily of refundable sales tax, value-added taxes and tax credit receivable.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

As at October 31, 2015, the Company's liabilities consisted of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$406,102, and a loan payable of \$116,513. The Company's cash and cash equivalents of \$7,939 at October 31, 2015, are not sufficient to pay these liabilities. Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding.

The entire Company's non-derivative financial liabilities are due within one year.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market price risk is comprised of three types of market price changes: foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices.

(i) Foreign currency exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. The Company's risk to foreign exchange is limited since it holds only Canadian dollars and has dissolved its Mexican subsidiary.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash equivalents as these instruments have original maturities of three months or less and are therefore exposed to interest rate fluctuations on renewal. The Company manages interest rate risk by maintaining an investment policy that focuses

primarily on preservation of capital and liquidity. Accordingly, the Company is not subjected to interest rate risk.

(iii) Commodity price risk

The Company does not have exposure to commodity price risks.

(d) Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments included in the statements of financial position are measured at fair value upon initial recognition and are adjusted to their fair value at October 31, 2015. The carrying amount of financial instruments classified as current approximates fair value due to their short-term to maturity. Long-term debt was initially measured at fair value and subsequently recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure controls and procedures ('DC&P') are intended to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by securities regulations and that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management. Internal controls over financial reporting ('ICFR') are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

TSX Venture listed companies are not required to provide representations in filings relating to the establishment and maintenance of DC&P and ICFR, as defined in Multinational Instrument MI- 52-109. In particular, the CEO and CFO certifying officers do not make any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of (a) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation, and (b) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP. The issuer's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in their certificates regarding absence of misrepresentations and fair disclosures of financial information. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in MI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The following amounts due to related parties are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

| | Octob | er 31, 2015 | July 31, 2015 | | |
|---|-------|-------------|---------------|--------|--|
| Companies controlled by executives of the Company | \$ | 23,303 | \$ | 23,303 | |

These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

Common shares

The following table sets forth the Company's outstanding share data as at the date of this report:

| Total common shares | 23,639,020 |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Total outstanding warrants | - |
| Total outstanding stock options | - |
| Total diluted common shares | 23,639,020 |

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at October 31, 2015 is \$80,000 (2014 - \$80,000) related to a commitment to make payments to a third party. The Company is in default related to certain terms of the agreement (Note 6).

As at October 31, 2015, the Company is in default related to certain of a loan payable of \$96,313

During the year ended July 31, 2014, the Company received \$12,000 for settlement again a third party regarding an acquisition of certain mineral rights.