

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021



DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE LLP CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the shareholders and the board of directors of Red Metal Resources Ltd.

## **Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position of Red Metal Resources Ltd. (the "Company") as of January 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, shareholders' deficit, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of January 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2023, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

## **Going Concern**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has not generated revenues since inception, has incurred losses in developing its business, and further losses are anticipated. The Company requires additional funds to meet its obligations and the costs of its operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in this regard are described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

## **Basis for Opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reports.

Vancouver	Surrey	<b>Tri-Cities</b>	Victoria
1500 - 1140 West Pender St.	200 - 1688 152 St.	700 - 2755 Lougheed Hwy	320 - 730 View St.
Vancouver, BC V6E 4G1	Surrey, BC V4A 4N2	Port Coquitlam, BC V3B 5Y9	Victoria, BC V8W 3Y7
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of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

## **Critical Audit Matters**

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ DMCL LLP

## DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE LLP CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2010 Vancouver, Canada (PCAOB ID 1173) May 31, 2023

## RED METAL RESOURCES LTD.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	January 31, 2023	January 31, 2022		
ASSETS					
Current					
Cash		\$ 20,776	\$ 474,317		
Prepaids and other receivables	8	126,715	152,947		
Total current assets		147,491	627,264		
Equipment	7	60,953	22,637		
Exploration and evaluation assets	6	803,251	821,773		
Total assets		\$ 1,011,695	\$ 1,471,674		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT					
Current					
Accounts payable		\$ 106,517	\$ 87,938		
Accrued liabilities		76,869	102,208		
Due to related parties	12	443,071	57,254		
Notes payable	12	2,202,540	-		
Total current liabilities		2,828,997	247,400		
Long-term notes payable to related parties	12	-	1,555,503		
Long-term amounts due to related parties	12	-	159,513		
Withholding taxes payable	9	158,814	151,907		
Total liabilities		2,987,811	2,114,323		
Shareholders' deficit					
Share capital	10	8,176,210	7,755,830		
Share-based payment reserve	10	4,078,941	4,034,929		
Deficit		(13,914,265)	(12,144,764)		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(317,002)	(288,644)		
Total shareholders' deficit		(1,976,116)	(642,649)		
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit		\$ 1,011,695	\$ 1,471,674		

Subsequent events (Note 15)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

<u>/s/ Caitlin Jeffs</u> Director <u>/s/ Joao (John) da Costa</u> Director redmeta

## **RED METAL RESOURCES LTD.** CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

			Year ended January 31,						
	Note		2023	2022		2021			
Operating expenses:									
Amortization	7	\$	18,918	\$	8,626	\$	5,016		
Consulting fees	10,12		187,520		214,008		71,673		
General and administrative			340,975		230,582		42,124		
Impairment of mineral properties	6		55,885		-		-		
Mineral exploration costs	6		754,906		307,669		7,272		
Professional fees			103,148		313,679		161,942		
Regulatory			58,320		62,031		25,905		
Rent	12		-		9,034		6,133		
Salaries, wages and benefits			62,441		47,419		37,505		
Share-based compensation	10		-		327,070		-		
		(	1,582,113)	(1	,520,118)		(357,570)		
Other items									
Foreign exchange gain (loss)			(24,664)		2,404		(2,811)		
Forgiveness of debt	11		-		13,858		255,493		
Interest on notes payable	12		(162,724)		(118,144)		(105,766)		
<b>Net loss</b> <b>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</b> <i>Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>		(	1,769,501)	(1	,622,000)		(210,654)		
Foreign currency translation			(28,358)		(62,433)		36,341		
Comprehensive loss		\$ (	1,797,859)	\$ (1	,684,433)	\$	(174,313)		
Net loss per share – basic and diluted		\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.01)		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted:		5	53,914,817	4	5,192,171	2	41,218,008		

## **RED METAL RESOURCES LTD.** CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)



	Note	Share Number of common shares issued	Capital Amount	Share-based payment reserve	Accumulated other comprehensive Deficit loss		Total deficit
Balance, January 31, 2020		41,218,008	\$ 6,409,558	\$ 3,521,907	\$ (10,312,110)	\$ (262,552)	\$ (643,197)
Net loss		-	-	-	(210,654)	_	(210,654)
Foreign exchange translation		-	-	-	-	36,341	36,341
Balance at January 31, 2021		41,218,008	6,409,558	3,521,907	(10,522,764)	(226,211)	(817,510)
Shares issued for private placement		3,849,668	577,450	-	-	-	577,450
Share issuance costs		-	(80,512)	58,273	-	-	(22,239)
Shares issued for subscription receipts Share issuance costs		6,460,872	969,131 (131,914)	92,653	-	-	969,131 (39,261)
Shares issued for services		29,411	12,117	-	-	-	12,117
Share-based compensation		-	-	335,194	-	-	335,194
Forgiveness of debt with related party		-	-	16,925	-	-	16,925
Cash received from short sell fees		-	-	9,977	-	-	9,977
Net loss		-	-	-	(1,622,000)	-	(1,622,000)
Foreign exchange translation		-	-	-	-	(62,433)	(62,433)
Balance, January 31, 2022		51,557,959	7,755,830	4,034,929	(12,144,764)	(288,644)	(642,649)
Shares issued for private placement	10	3,308,666	479,757	16,543	-	-	496,300
Share issuance costs	10	-	(59,377)	25,076	-	-	(34,301)
Share-based compensation	10	-	-	2,393	-	-	2,393
Net loss		-	-	-	(1,769,501)	-	(1,769,501)
Foreign exchange translation		-	-	-	-	(28,358)	(28,358)
Balance, January 31, 2023		54,866,625	\$ 8,176,210	\$ 4,078,941	\$ (13,914,265)	\$ (317,002)	\$ (1,976,116)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# **RED METAL RESOURCES LTD.** CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities162,724118,144105,766Accrued interest on related party notes payable162,724118,144105,766Amortization18,9188,6265,016Cash paid for interest(5,252)Foreign exchange(39,124)Forgiveness of debt-(13,858)(255,493)Impairment of mineral properties55,885Share-based compensation for consulting services2,39320,241-Changes in operating assets and liabilities-327,070-Prepaids and other receivables25,221(134,691)5,863Accounts payable54,868(13,735)62,365Accrued liabilities(23,488)60,7388,451Due to related parties226,849144,55080,639Net eash used in investing activities(55,572)-(36,562)Cash flows used in investing activities(55,572)-(36,562)Net cash used in investing activities459,58039,497352,862Cash received on subscription to subscription-929,870-Cash received on subscription to subscription-929,870-Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Repayment of former related party loans-(18,981)(28,128)Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Net eash provided by financing activities886,579 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Year ended January 31,</th><th></th></t<>			Year ended January 31,	
Net loss         \$ (1,769,501)         \$ (1,622,000)         \$ (210,654)           Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities         -		2023	2022	2021
Net loss         \$ (1,769,501)         \$ (1,622,000)         \$ (210,654)           Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities         -	Cash flows used in operating activities			
in operating activities           Accrued interest on related party notes payable         162,724         118,144         105,766           Amortization         18,918         8,626         5,016           Cash paid for interest         -         -         (5,252)           Foreign exchange         (39,124)         -         -           Forgiveness of debt         -         (13,858)         (255,493)           Impairment of mineral properties         55,885         -         -           Share-based compensation         -         320,241         -           Changes in operating assets and liabilities         -         327,070         -           Prepaids and other receivables         25,221         (134,691)         5,863           Accrued liabilities         (23,488)         60,738         8,451           Due to related parties         226,849         144,550         80,639           Net cash used in operating activities         (55,572)         -         (36,562)           Acquisition of equipment         (55,572)         -         (36,562)           Net cash used in investing activities         459,580         39,497         352,862           Cash received on subscription to subscription         -         929,870 <td>· -</td> <td>\$ (1,769,501)</td> <td>\$ (1,622,000)</td> <td>\$ (210,654)</td>	· -	\$ (1,769,501)	\$ (1,622,000)	\$ (210,654)
Accrued interest on related party notes payable         162,724         118,144         105,766           Amortization         18,918         8,626         5,010           Cash paid for interest         -         -         (5,252)           Foreign exchange         (39,124)         -         -           Forgiveness of debt         -         (13,858)         (255,493)           Impairment of mineral properties         55,885         -         -           Share-based compensation for consulting services         2,393         20,241         -           Share-based compensation         -         327,070         -           Changes in operating assets and liabilities         -         327,070         -           Prepaids and other receivables         25,221         (134,691)         5,863           Accounts payable         54,868         (13,735)         62,365           Accounts payable         54,868         (13,735)         62,365           Accounts payable         54,868         (13,735)         62,365           Accounts payable activities         (1,285,255)         (1,104,915)         (203,299)           Cash flows used in investing activities         (55,572)         -         (36,562)           Net cash us	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
Amortization         18,918         8,626         5,016           Cash paid for interest         -         -         (5,252)           Foreign exchange         (39,124)         -         -           Forgiveness of debt         -         (13,858)         (255,493)           Impairment of mineral properties         55,885         -         -           Share-based compensation for consulting services         2,393         20,241         -           Changes in operating assets and liabilities         -         327,070         -           Prepaids and other receivables         25,221         (134,691)         5,863           Accounts payable         54,868         (13,735)         62,365           Accrued liabilities         (23,488)         60,738         8,451           Due to related parties         226,849         144,550         80,639           Net cash used in operating activities         (55,572)         -         (36,562)           Net cash used in investing activities         (55,572)         -         (36,562)           Net cash used in investing activities         18,981         39,497         352,862           Cash received on subscription to shares, net         426,999         555,211         -		162,724	118,144	105,766
Cash paid for interest <t< td=""><td></td><td>18,918</td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>5,016</td></t<>		18,918	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,016
Forgiveness of debt-(13,858)(255,493)Impairment of mineral properties $55,885$ Share-based compensation- $327,070$ -Changes in operating assets and liabilities- $327,070$ -Changes in operating assets and liabilities $25,221$ $(134,691)$ $5,863$ Accounts payable $54,868$ $(13,735)$ $62,365$ Accounts payable $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $459,580$ $39,497$ $352,862$ Cash received on subscription to subscription- $929,870$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription- $9,977$ -Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Cash paid for interest	-	-	(5,252)
Impairment of mineral properties $55,885$ Share-based compensation for consulting services $2,393$ $20,241$ -Share-based compensation- $327,070$ -Changes in operating assets and liabilities- $327,070$ -Prepaids and other receivables $25,221$ $(134,691)$ $5,863$ Accounts payable $54,868$ $(13,735)$ $62,365$ Accrued liabilities $(23,488)$ $60,738$ $8,451$ Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $459,580$ $39,497$ $352,862$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription receipts- $9,977$ -Repayment of former related party loans- $(18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	*	(39,124)	-	-
Share-based compensation for consulting services $2,393$ $20,241$ $-$ Share-based compensation $ 327,070$ $-$ Changes in operating assets and liabilities $25,221$ $(134,691)$ $5,863$ Accounts payable $54,868$ $(13,735)$ $62,365$ Accrued liabilities $(23,488)$ $60,738$ $8,451$ Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ $ (36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ $ (36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $426,999$ $555,211$ $-$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net Cash received on subscription to subscription receipts $ 9,977$ $-$ Repayment of former related party loans $ (18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees $ 9,977$ $-$ Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Forgiveness of debt	-	(13,858)	(255,493)
Share-based compensation for consulting services $2,393$ $20,241$ $-$ Share-based compensation $ 327,070$ $-$ Changes in operating assets and liabilities $25,221$ $(134,691)$ $5,863$ Accounts payable $54,868$ $(13,735)$ $62,365$ Accrued liabilities $(23,488)$ $60,738$ $8,451$ Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ $ (36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ $ (36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $426,999$ $555,211$ $-$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net Cash received on subscription to subscription receipts $ 9,977$ $-$ Repayment of former related party loans $ (18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees $ 9,977$ $-$ Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Impairment of mineral properties	55,885	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilitiesPrepaids and other receivables $25,221$ $(134,691)$ $5,863$ Accounts payable $54,868$ $(13,735)$ $62,365$ Accrued liabilities $(23,488)$ $60,738$ $8,451$ Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $159,580$ $39,497$ $352,862$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription receipts- $929,870$ -Repayment of former related party loans- $(18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$		2,393	20,241	-
Prepaids and other receivables $25,221$ $(134,691)$ $5,863$ Accounts payable $54,868$ $(13,735)$ $62,365$ Accrued liabilities $(23,488)$ $60,738$ $8,451$ Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $459,580$ $39,497$ $352,862$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription- $929,870$ -Repayment of former related party loans- $(18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Share-based compensation	-	327,070	-
Accounts payable $54,868$ $(13,735)$ $62,365$ Accrued liabilities $(23,488)$ $60,738$ $8,451$ Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $426,999$ $555,211$ -Issuance of notes payable to related parties $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to shares, net $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription- $929,870$ -Repayment of former related party loans- $(18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Accrued liabilities $(23,488)$ $60,738$ $8,451$ Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $459,580$ $39,497$ $352,862$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription- $929,870$ -Repayment of former related party loans- $(18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Prepaids and other receivables	25,221	(134,691)	5,863
Due to related parties $226,849$ $144,550$ $80,639$ Net cash used in operating activities $(1,285,255)$ $(1,104,915)$ $(203,299)$ Cash flows used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activities $459,580$ $39,497$ $352,862$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription- $929,870$ -Repayment of former related party loans- $(18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Accounts payable	54,868	(13,735)	62,365
Net cash used in operating activities(1,285,255)(1,104,915)(203,299)Cash flows used in investing activitiesAcquisition of equipment(55,572)-(36,562)Net cash used in investing activities(55,572)-(36,562)Cash flows provided by financing activities(55,572)-(36,562)Cash flows provided by financing activities11-Issuance of notes payable to related parties459,58039,497352,862Cash received on subscription to shares, net426,999555,211-Cash received on subscription to subscription-929,870-Repayment of former related party loans-(18,981)(28,128)Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Net cash provided by financing activities886,5791,515,574324,734Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash7073,172(37,441)Increase/(decrease) in cash(453,541)413,83147,432Cash, beginning474,31760,48613,054	Accrued liabilities	(23,488)	60,738	8,451
Cash flows used in investing activitiesAcquisition of equipment(55,572)-(36,562)Net cash used in investing activities(55,572)-(36,562)Cash flows provided by financing activitiesIssuance of notes payable to related parties459,58039,497352,862Cash received on subscription to shares, net426,999555,211Cash received on subscription to subscription-929,870-Repayment of former related party loans-(18,981)(28,128)Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Net cash provided by financing activities886,5791,515,574324,734Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash7073,172(37,441)Increase/(decrease) in cash(453,541)413,83147,432Cash, beginning474,31760,48613,054	Due to related parties	226,849	144,550	80,639
Acquisition of equipment $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Net cash used in investing activities $(55,572)$ - $(36,562)$ Cash flows provided by financing activitiesIssuance of notes payable to related parties $459,580$ $39,497$ $352,862$ Cash received on subscription to shares, net $426,999$ $555,211$ -Cash received on subscription to subscription- $929,870$ -Repayment of former related party loans- $(18,981)$ $(28,128)$ Cash received from short sell fees- $9,977$ -Net cash provided by financing activities $886,579$ $1,515,574$ $324,734$ Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash $707$ $3,172$ $(37,441)$ Increase/(decrease) in cash $(453,541)$ $413,831$ $47,432$ Cash, beginning $474,317$ $60,486$ $13,054$	Net cash used in operating activities	(1,285,255)	(1,104,915)	(203,299)
Net cash used in investing activities(55,572)-(36,562)Cash flows provided by financing activitiesIssuance of notes payable to related parties459,58039,497352,862Cash received on subscription to shares, net426,999555,211-Cash received on subscription to subscription-929,870-Repayment of former related party loans-(18,981)(28,128)Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Net cash provided by financing activities886,5791,515,574324,734Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash7073,172(37,441)Increase/(decrease) in cash(453,541)413,83147,432Cash, beginning474,31760,48613,054	Cash flows used in investing activities			
Cash flows provided by financing activitiesIssuance of notes payable to related parties459,58039,497352,862Cash received on subscription to shares, net426,999555,211-Cash received on subscription to subscription-929,870-receipts-929,870-Repayment of former related party loans-(18,981)(28,128)Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Net cash provided by financing activities886,5791,515,574324,734Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash7073,172(37,441)Increase/(decrease) in cash(453,541)413,83147,432Cash, beginning474,31760,48613,054	Acquisition of equipment	(55,572)	_	(36,562)
Issuance of notes payable to related parties459,58039,497352,862Cash received on subscription to shares, net426,999555,211-Cash received on subscription to subscription-929,870-receipts-929,870Repayment of former related party loans-(18,981)(28,128)Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Net cash provided by financing activities886,5791,515,574324,734Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash7073,172(37,441)Increase/(decrease) in cash(453,541)413,83147,432Cash, beginning474,31760,48613,054	Net cash used in investing activities	(55,572)	-	(36,562)
Cash received on subscription to shares, net Cash received on subscription to subscription receipts426,999555,211-Repayment of former related party loans Cash received from short sell fees-929,870-Net cash provided by financing activities886,5791,515,574324,734Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash7073,172(37,441)Increase/(decrease) in cash Cash, beginning(453,541)413,83147,432Art4,31760,48613,054	Cash flows provided by financing activities			
Cash received on subscription to subscription receipts-929,870-Repayment of former related party loans-(18,981)(28,128)Cash received from short sell fees-9,977-Net cash provided by financing activities886,5791,515,574324,734Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash7073,172(37,441)Increase/(decrease) in cash(453,541)413,83147,432Cash, beginning474,31760,48613,054	Issuance of notes payable to related parties	459,580	39,497	352,862
receipts       -       929,870       -         Repayment of former related party loans       -       (18,981)       (28,128)         Cash received from short sell fees       -       9,977       -         Net cash provided by financing activities       886,579       1,515,574       324,734         Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash       707       3,172       (37,441)         Increase/(decrease) in cash       (453,541)       413,831       47,432         Cash, beginning       474,317       60,486       13,054	1 /	426,999	555,211	-
Repayment of former related party loans       -       (18,981)       (28,128)         Cash received from short sell fees       -       9,977       -         Net cash provided by financing activities       886,579       1,515,574       324,734         Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash       707       3,172       (37,441)         Increase/(decrease) in cash       (453,541)       413,831       47,432         Cash, beginning       474,317       60,486       13,054	1 1		020 870	
Cash received from short sell fees       -       9,977         Net cash provided by financing activities       886,579       1,515,574       324,734         Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash       707       3,172       (37,441)         Increase/(decrease) in cash       (453,541)       413,831       47,432         Cash, beginning       474,317       60,486       13,054	<u>.</u>	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(28.128)
Net cash provided by financing activities         886,579         1,515,574         324,734           Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash         707         3,172         (37,441)           Increase/(decrease) in cash         (453,541)         413,831         47,432           Cash, beginning         474,317         60,486         13,054		-		(20,120)
Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash       707       3,172       (37,441)         Increase/(decrease) in cash       (453,541)       413,831       47,432         Cash, beginning       474,317       60,486       13,054		-	,	224 724
Increase/(decrease) in cash       (453,541)       413,831       47,432         Cash, beginning       474,317       60,486       13,054	Net cash provided by infancing activities	880,379	1,313,374	324,/34
Cash, beginning         474,317         60,486         13,054	Effects of foreign currency exchange on cash	707	3,172	(37,441)
Cash, beginning         474,317         60,486         13,054	Increase/(decrease) in cash	(453,541)	413.831	47.432
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13,054
	Cash, ending	\$ 20,776	\$ 474,317	\$ 60,486

redmeta



## 1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Red Metal Resources Ltd. (the "Company") is involved in acquiring and exploring mineral properties in Chile through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Minera Polymet SpA ("Polymet") organized under the laws of the Republic of Chile. The Company has not determined whether its properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable.

The Company's head office is located at 1130 West Pender Street, Suite 820, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 4A4. Its registered office address is 700 – 595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V7X 1S8. The Company's mailing address is 278 Bay Street, Suite 102, Thunder Bay, Ontario, P7B 1R8. Polymet's head office is located in Vallenar, III Region of Atacama, Chile.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. As at January 31, 2023, the Company has not advanced its mineral properties to commercial production and is not able to finance day to day activities through operations. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its mineral property exploration activities and its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. As at January 31, 2023, the Company had \$20,776 cash and working capital deficit of \$2,681,506. The Company raises financing for its exploration and development activities in discrete tranches to finance its activities for limited periods only. The Company has identified that further funding may be required for working capital purposes, and to finance the Company's exploration program and development of mineral assets. These conditions may cast substantial doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements do not give effect to any adjustment which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those reflected in the consolidated financial statements and such adjustments may be material.

## 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

## a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on May 31, 2023, by the directors of the Company.

The Company's consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

## b) Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the years ended January 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 comprise of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Minera Polymet SpA, (together referred to as "Red Metal", the "Company"). Polymet is consolidated from the date of its incorporation, as Red Metal is the sole shareholder and therefore has the control and power to govern the financial and operating policies of Polymet as to obtain benefits from its activities. The Company will continue to consolidate until the date Red Metal no longer has control over Polymet. The financial statements of Polymet are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. Balances, transactions, income and expenses between Red Metal and Polymet are eliminated on consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, except certain financial instruments, which are recorded at fair value. All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial



statements and the reported expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The areas involving significant assumptions and estimates are disclosed in Note 4.

## c) Foreign Currency Translation

## Functional & presentation currencies

The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of the Company's subsidiary, Polymet, is the Chilean peso, which is determined to be the currency of the primary economic environment in which Polymet operates.

During the year ended January 31, 2022, the Company changed its presentation currency from the US dollar ("USD") to the Canadian dollar ("CAD").

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Cash

Cash comprises deposits in banks that are readily convertible into a known amount of cash, or with an initial maturity of less than 90 days.

#### Foreign currency translation and transactions

#### Translation of foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. At each reporting date, foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates. Exchange differences arising from the transactions are recorded in profit or loss for the period, except for exchange differences relating to borrowings hedging net investments denominated in the consolidated subsidiaries' currency. These differences are recognized in other comprehensive income as currency translation differences until the disposal of the net investment. Exchange differences arising from operating transactions are recorded in operating profit for the period; exchange differences related to financing transactions are recognized as finance costs or income, or in other comprehensive income.

#### Translation of foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of a foreign operation, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition, are translated in Canadian dollars at year-end exchange rates. Income and expenses, and cash flows of a foreign operation are translated in Canadian dollars using average exchange rates. Differences resulting from translating foreign operations are reported as translation differences in equity. When a foreign operation is disposed of, the translation differences previously recognized in equity are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### **Financial instruments**

The following is the Company's accounting policy for financial instruments under IFRS 9:

## Financial assets

#### i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company's business model for managing financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such instruments held for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.



#### <u>ii) Measurement</u>

#### Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets held at FVTPL are recognized in profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

## Debt investments at FVTOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss

#### Equity investments at FVTOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

## iii) Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

IFRS 9 uses the expected credit loss ("ECL") model. The credit loss model groups receivables based on similar credit risk characteristics and days past due in order to estimate bad debts. The ECL model applies to the Company's receivables.

An 'expected credit loss' impairment model requires a loss allowance to be recognized based on expected credit losses. The estimated present value of future cash flows associated with the asset is determined and an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between this amount and the carrying amount as follows: the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to estimated present value of the future cash flows associated with the asset, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the resulting loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

In a subsequent period, if the amount of the impairment loss related to financial assets measured at amortized cost decreases, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

#### (iv) Derecognition

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

## Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are designated as either: (i) FVTPL; or (ii) other financial liabilities. All financial liabilities are classified and subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities at FVTPL. The classification determines the method by which the financial liabilities are carried on the statements of financial position subsequent to inception and how changes in value are recorded.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or when they expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when the terms of the liability are modified such that the terms and/or cash flows of the modified instrument are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in profit or loss.



#### **Exploration and evaluation assets**

Exploration and evaluation assets comprise of the costs of acquiring these assets, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Option payments are considered acquisition costs provided that the Company has the intention of exercising the underlying options. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are expensed as incurred. Further acquisition costs incurred once the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are capitalized.

Costs associated with exploration and evaluation activities as well as property taxes payable to maintain good standing of the exploration and evaluation assets are expensed as period costs. Government tax credits received are recorded as a reduction to the exploration and evaluation expenditures for the reporting period.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of a mineral property interest pursuant to the terms of an option agreement. As such options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded at the time of the agreement. Option payments are recorded as exploration expenditure or recoveries when the payments are made or received.

Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment if facts or circumstances indicate that impairment exists. Examples of such facts and circumstances are as follows:

- the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditures on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; and
- sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

Although the Company has taken steps that it considers adequate to verify title to exploration and evaluation assets which it has an interest in, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title.

## **Restoration and environmental obligations**

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the retirement of the assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future restoration cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work is capitalized to the related asset along with a corresponding increase in the restoration provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

As at January 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company had not recognized any provisions for restoration and environmental obligations.



## Equipment

Equipment is recorded at cost. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. This includes the purchase price, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for intended use and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

Where an item of equipment comprises significant parts with useful lives that are significantly different from that of the asset as a whole, the parts are accounted for as separate items of equipment and depreciated accordingly. An item of equipment is derecognized upon disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising from derecognizing an asset determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized through profit or loss.

Equipment is depreciated over its estimated useful life. Interest incurred during construction of facilities is capitalized and depreciated over the life of the asset. Costs for normal repairs and maintenance that do not extend economic life or improve service potential are expensed as incurred. Costs of improvements that extend economic life or improve service potential are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated remaining useful life.

The Company commences recording depreciation when the assets are in a working condition ready for use. The Company's equipment consists of trucks that are being used in the Company's exploration programs, which are being depreciated using the diminishing balance method at 30%.

#### Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

The recoverable amount of assets is the greater of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre - tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is only reversed if there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist and there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in previous years.

#### Income taxes

Income tax is recognized in net loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in equity or other comprehensive income. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized.



#### Share capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of common shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects. Common shares issued for consideration other than cash are valued based on their fair value at the date the shares are issued.

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component. The Company considers the fair value of common shares issued in a private placement to be the more easily measurable component and the common shares are valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing quoted bid price on the issue date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded as reserves.

Share purchase warrants issued on a standalone basis are recognized at the fair value using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model at the date of issue. The value is initially recorded as a part of reserves in equity at the recognized fair value. Upon exercise of the share purchase warrants, the previously recognized fair value of the warrants exercised is reallocated to share capital from reserves. The proceeds generated from the payment of the exercise price are also allocated to share capital.

## Share-based payment

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the share-based payment reserve. The fair values of the instruments are determined using the Black–Scholes Option Pricing Model. The number of the instruments expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the instruments granted shall be based on the number of the instruments that eventually vest.

#### Income/(loss) per share

Basic income/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. For all periods presented, the income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders equals the reported income/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company. Diluted income per share is calculated by the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the calculation of diluted income per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period. The Company's diluted loss per share does not include the effect of stock options or warrants as they are anti-dilutive.

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make assumptions and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. These financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. These assumptions and associated estimates are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. The current market conditions introduce additional uncertainties, risks and complexities in management's determination of the estimates and assumptions used to prepare the Company's financial results. As volatility in financial markets is an evolving situation, management cannot reasonably estimate the length or severity of the impact on the Company. As such, actual results may differ from estimates and the effect of such differences may be material. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both current and future periods.



The following are critical judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

- classification/allocation of expenses as exploration and evaluation expenditures;
- classification and measurement of the Company's financial assets and liabilities;
- determination that the Company is able to continue as a going concern; and
- determination whether there have been any events or changes in circumstances that indicate the impairment of the Company's exploration and evaluations assets.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty include the following:

- the carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets;
- recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets;
- provisions for restoration and environmental obligations and contingent liabilities; and
- measurement of share-based transactions.

## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels at the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 — quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 — observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 3 — unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data available, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The Company has classified its cash as measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, using level 1 inputs.

#### **Categories of financial instruments**

As at:	Janu	<b>January 31, 2023</b>				
Financial assets:						
FVTPL						
Cash	\$	20,776	\$	474,317		
Financial liabilities:						
Amortized cost						
Accounts payable	\$	106,517	\$	87,938		
Accrued liabilities	\$	76,869	\$	102,208		
Due to related parties	\$	443,071	\$	57,254		
Notes payable	\$	2,202,540	\$	-		

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

As at January 31, 2023	Le	vel 1	Level 2	Ι	Level 3	Г	<b>Fotal</b>
Cash	\$	20,776	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,776
	\$	20,776	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,776

Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and due to related parties approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

#### Risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk. Management, the Board of Directors, and the Audit Committee monitor risk management activities and review the adequacy of such activities.



## Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is limited to the carrying amount on the statement of financial position and arises from the Company's cash, which is held with a high-credit quality financial institutions in Canada and in Chile. As such, the Company's credit risk exposure is minimal.

#### Market risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and equity prices.

## i.Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has minimal interest rate risk as it has no interest accumulating financial assets that may become susceptible to interest rate fluctuations.

## ii.Currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. The Company has offices in Canada and Chile, and holds cash in Canadian, United States, and Chilean Peso currencies. A significant change in the currency exchange rates between the Canadian dollar relative to US dollar and Chilean Peso could have an effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position, and/or cash flows. At January 31, 2023, the Company had no hedging agreements in place with respect to foreign exchange rates. As the majority of the transactions of the Company are denominated in CAD and Chilean Peso currencies, movements in the foreign exchange rates are not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

## iii.Equity price risk:

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of equity/securities decreases as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual stocks. The Company is not exposed to equity price risk as it does not have any investments in marketable securities.

#### Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, considering its anticipated cash flows. Historically, the Company's sources of funding have been through equity financings and loans from the Company's management and its major shareholder. The Company's access to financing is uncertain, and there can be no assurance of continued access to significant debt or equity funding.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities as of January 31, 2023:

	Within 1 year	1-5	years	5+ years		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 183,386	\$	-	\$	-	
Amounts due to related parties	\$ 443,071	\$	-	\$	-	
Loans payable <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,202,540	\$	-	\$	-	
Withholding taxes payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 158,	814	
	\$ 2,828,997	\$	-	\$ 158,	814	

(1) Payments denominated in foreign currencies have been translated using the January 31, 2023 exchange rate.

## 6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

As of January 31, 2023, and 2022, the Company's interest in exploration and evaluation assets consisted of three active copper-gold projects on two properties, namely the Farellón and Perth Projects both located on the Carrizal Property, and the Mateo Project located on the Mateo Property. The Company capitalizes acquisition costs incurred on the Company's exploration and evaluation properties; the costs associated with exploration and drilling programs



as well as property tax payments are expensed as period costs in the period they are incurred. Following tables present, as of January 31, 2023 and 2022 acquisition costs associated with each property:

## Exploration and evaluation assets at January 31, 2023

	January 31, 2022			Effect of foreign currency translation		January 31, 2023
Farellón Project						
Farellón	\$ 432,389	\$	-	\$	19,659	\$ 452,048
Quina	166,660		-		7,577	174,237
Exeter	169,270		-		7,696	176,966
Sub-total, Farellón Project	768,319		-		34,932	803,251
Perth Project <sup>(1)</sup>	53,454		(55,885)		2,431	-
Total costs	\$ 821,773	\$	(55,885)	\$	37,363	\$ 803,251

(1) As at January 31, 2023, the Company assessed its mineral properties for impairment in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standard 36. Since the Company has no immediate plans to explore or develop its Perth Project included within Carrizal Property, the Company impaired the Perth Project to \$Nil.

#### Exploration and evaluation assets at January 31, 2022

	January 31, 2021			Effect of foreign currency ranslation	January 31, 2022	
Farellón Project						
Farellón	\$	473,792	\$	(41,403)	\$	432,389
Quina		182,618		(15,958)		166,660
Exeter		185,479		(16,209)		169,270
Sub-total, Farellón Project		841,889		(73,570)		768,319
Perth Project		58,573		(5,119)		53,454
Total costs	\$	900,463	\$	(78,690)	\$	821,773

During the years ended January 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 the Company incurred the following costs associated with the exploration activities on its mineral properties:

#### Exploration costs for the year ended January 31, 2023

				Perth roject	Mateo Project		Total Costs	
Property taxes paid	\$	8,440	\$	19,596	\$ 1,656	\$	29,692	
Geology		82,931		-	-		82,931	
Drilling		409,741		-	-		409,741	
Equipment used		11,950		-	-		11,950	
Camp costs (including meals and travel)		53,470		-	-		53,470	
Assay costs		58,433		-	-		58,433	
Value added tax on exploration costs		103,732					103,732	
Total exploration costs	\$	728,697	\$	19,596	\$ 1,656	\$	749,949	



Exploration costs for the year ended Janua	ry 31, 1	2022					
	Farellón		]	Perth	Ι	Mateo	Total
		Project	P	roject	P	roject	Costs
Property taxes paid	\$	24,321	\$	52,151	\$	10,716	\$ 87,188
Geology		27,509		-		-	27,509
Drilling		150,222		-		-	150,222
Equipment used		5,754		-		-	5,754
Camp costs (including meals and travel)		30,938		-		-	30,938
Total exploration costs	\$	238,744	\$	52,151	\$	10,716	\$ 301,611

## Exploration costs for the year ended January 31, 2021

	ellón oject	 erth oject	iteo ject	Total Costs
Property taxes paid	\$ 684	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 684
Camp costs (including meals and travel)	866	-	-	866
Total exploration costs	\$ 1,550	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,550

In addition to the costs listed in the tables above, during the years ended January 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 the Company incurred \$4,957, \$6,058 and \$5,722 in regulatory fees associated with claim maintenance, respectively.

## 7. EQUIPMENT

Changes in equipment cost, depreciation and net book value of the equipment at January 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Cost	Equipment
Balance at January 31, 2021	\$ 53,715
Effect of foreign currency translation	(4,694)
Balance at January 31, 2022	49,021
Additions	55,572
Effect of foreign currency translation	4,755
Balance at January 31, 2023	\$ 109,348
Accumulated depreciation Balance at January 31, 2021	\$ 19,833
Balance at January 31, 2021	\$ 19,833
Additions	8,626
Effect of foreign currency translation	(2,075)
	26,384
<u> </u>	
	18,918
Balance at January 31, 2022	18,918 3,093

#### Net carrying amounts

Balance, January 31, 2022	\$ 22,637
Balance, January 31, 2023	\$ 60,953



## 8. **PREPAIDS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

Prepaids and other receivables consisted of the following as at January 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Janua	ry 31, 2023	January 31, 2022		
Chilean corporate tax prepayment	\$	-	\$	652	
GST receivable		4,578		11,785	
Prepaid deposits for drilling program		-		21,065	
Prepaid expenses for general and administrative fees		122,137		119,445	
Total prepaids and other receivables	\$	126,715	\$	152,947	

## 9. WITHHOLDING TAXES PAYABLE

On July 31, 2020, the Company reclassified \$146,237 in Chilean withholding taxes payable from current liabilities to long-term liabilities. As at January 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had \$158,814 and \$151,907 in Chilean withholding taxes payable, respectively.

## 10. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value (the "Shares").

## Common shares issued during the year ended January 31, 2023:

On May 16, 2022, the Company issued 3,308,666 units at a price of \$0.15 per unit (each a "Unit") for gross proceeds of \$496,300 (the "2023 Offering"), of which \$35,000 was associated with debt the Company converted to Units. Each Unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant (the "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.30 per common share, if exercised on or before May 16, 2023, and at a price of \$0.60, if exercised between May 16, 2023 and on or before May 16, 2024. The Warrants were assigned \$0.005 per warrant share value based on the residual method, as the fair market value of the Shares was below the offering price.

In connection with the 2023 Offering, the Company incurred \$3,987 in regulatory fees, paid cash commissions aggregating \$30,314, and issued 202,090 finders' warrants (the "Finders' Warrants") valued at \$25,076. The Finders' Warrants are subject to the same terms and conditions as the Warrants purchased by other subscribers in the 2023 Offering. The Company used Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model to determine the value of the Finders' Warrants. The following assumptions were used:

Expected life of the Finders' Warrants	2 years
Risk-free interest rate	2.64%
Expected dividend yield	Nil
Expected share price volatility	242%
Fair value at the date of transaction	\$0.145

Common stock issued during the year ended January 31, 2022:

On May 14, 2021, the Company issued 29,411 shares of its common stock to a consultant for investor relations services. The Shares were issued pursuant to an independent contractors services agreement whereby the Company agreed to a US\$5,000 monthly fee payable to a consultant during a three-month period commencing on April 14, 2021. At the discretion of the Company, the cash fee could have been paid in common shares of the Company at a deemed price of US\$0.17 (CA\$0.206) ( per share for a total of 29,411 shares per month). At the time of the share issuance, the fair market value of the shares was US\$0.34 (CA\$0.41), therefore the Company recognized \$12,117 as part of its investor relation fees.

On May 17, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 3,849,668 units at a price of \$0.15 per unit (each a "2022 Unit") for gross proceeds of \$577,450 (the "2022 Offering"). Each 2022 Unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant (the "2022 Warrant"). Each 2022 Warrant entitles the



holder thereof to purchase one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.20 per common share for a period of 24 months from the date of issue. The 2022 Warrants are subject to an acceleration clause in the event that the common shares are listed on a recognized stock exchange and trade at a price of \$0.30 or greater for 10 consecutive trading days, in which event the Company may notify warrant holders that the 2022 Warrants must be exercised within a period of 30 days. In case the 2022 Warrant holders do not exercise them within the accelerated 30-day period, the 2022 Warrants will expire automatically. The 2022 Warrants were assigned \$Nil value based on the residual method, as the fair market value of the Shares was above the offering price.

In connection with the 2022 Offering, the Company paid cash commissions aggregating \$22,239 and issued 149,310 Finders' Warrants valued at \$58,273. The Finders' Warrants are subject to the same terms and conditions as the 2022 Warrants purchased by other subscribers in the 2022 Offering. The Company used Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model to determine the value of the broker warrants. The following assumptions were used:

Expected Life of the Finders' Warrants	2 years
Risk-Free Interest Rate	0.16%
Expected Dividend Yield	Nil
Expected Stock Price Volatility	255%
Fair Value at the date of transaction	\$0.45

On June 15, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 6,460,872 subscription receipts (each a "Subscription Receipt") at a price of \$0.15 per Subscription Receipt for aggregate gross proceeds of \$969,131 (the "SR Offering").

Each Subscription Receipt automatically entitled the holder thereof, without payment of any additional consideration and without further action on the part of the holder, to acquire one Subscription Receipt Unit (an "SR Unit"). Each SR Unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant of the Company (each, an "SR Warrant"). Each SR Warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per common share, if exercised during the first year following the release from escrow, and at a price of \$0.60, if exercised during the second year following the release from escrow. The SR Warrants were assigned \$Nil value based on the residual method, as the fair market value of the Shares was above the offering price.

Until the escrow release conditions (including the listing of the Company's common shares on a recognized stock exchange in Canada) were met in full, the Subscription Receipts, and the proceeds of the SR Offering were held in trust by an escrow agent appointed by the Company.

On November 18, 2021, the Company received a receipt for a final non-offering prospectus with the B.C. Securities Commission after which, having satisfied the escrow release conditions, the escrowed funds were released to the Company effective November 22, 2021, and an aggregate of 6,460,872 Subscription Receipts were automatically converted, without any further consideration, into 6,460,872 common shares of the Company and 6,460,872 SR Warrants.

In connection with the closing of the SR Offering, the Company paid certain registered investment dealers a total of \$39,261 and issued 228,389 warrants to the finders valued at \$92,653 (the "Broker SR Warrants").

The Broker SR Warrants are subject to the same terms and conditions as the SR Warrants purchased by other subscribers in the SR Offering. The Company used Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model to determine the value of the Broker SR Warrants. The following assumptions were used:

Expected Life of the Broker SR Warrants	2 years
Risk-Free Interest Rate	1.04%
Expected Dividend Yield	Nil
Expected Stock Price Volatility	265%
Fair Value at the date of transaction	\$0.43



## Warrants

The changes in the number of warrants outstanding during the years ended January 31, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

	Year ended January 31, 2023			Year ended January 31, 2022			
	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price		Number of e warrants		ighted erage ise price	
Warrants outstanding, beginning	10,688,239	\$	0.36	-	\$	n/a	
Warrants issued	3,510,756	\$	0.45	10,688,239	\$	0.36	
Warrants outstanding, ending	14,198,995	\$	0.38	10,688,239	\$	0.36	

Details of warrants outstanding as at January 31, 2023, are as follows:

Number of warrants exercisable	Grant date	Exercise price and expiry date
3,849,668	May 17, 2021	\$0.20 expiring on May 17, 2024, as extended on May 2, 2022
149,310 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	May 17, 2021	\$0.20 expiring on May 17, 2023
6,460,872	November 23, 2021	\$0.30 if exercised prior to November 23, 2022
		\$0.60 if exercised after November 23, 2022 but prior to
		November 23, 2023
228,389 <sup>(1)</sup>	November 23, 2021	\$0.30 if exercised prior to November 23, 2022
		\$0.60 is exercised after November 23, 2022 but prior to
		November 23, 2023
3,308,666	May 16, 2022	\$0.30 if exercised prior to May 16, 2023
	-	\$0.60 if exercised after May 16, 2023 but prior to May 16, 2024
202,090 <sup>(1)</sup>	May 16, 2022	\$0.30 if exercised prior to May 16, 2023
	-	\$0.60 if exercised after May 16, 2023 but prior to May 16, 2024
14 100 007		

14,198,995

(1)Broker warrants

(2) These warrants had expired unexercised subsequent to January 31, 2023

At January 31, 2023, the weighted average life of the warrants was 1.05 years.

#### Options

On July 13, 2021, the Company adopted an incentive stock option plan (the "Option Plan") which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may, from time to time, at their discretion and in accordance with the CSE requirements, grant stock options to directors, officers and technical consultants for up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Such options are exercisable for a period of up to ten years from the date of grant. Exercise price and vesting terms are determined at the time of grant by the Board of Directors.

On November 24, 2021, the Company's board of directors granted 1,750,000 incentive stock options to its directors, officers, and consultants. The stock options are exercisable at a price of \$0.25 per share for a period of five years expiring on November 24, 2026. The options to acquire up to 1,700,000 shares vested immediately upon grant, and the Company recognized \$330,425 as share-based compensation associated with these options. The fair value of these stock options was estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions:

	November 24, 2021
Expected life	5 years
Annualized volatility	186%
Risk-free interest rate	1.56%
Dividend yield	Nil
Fair Value at the date of grant	\$0.20



The option to acquire up to 50,000 shares issued to a consultant for investor relation services vested over a period of 12 months at a rate of 12,500 options per quarter beginning on February 24, 2022. During the year ended January 31, 2023, the Company recognized \$2,393 as share-based compensation associated with these options (2022 - \$4,770), which was included as part of consulting fees in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. The fair value of these stock options was estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions:

	January 31, 2023
Expected life	4 - 5 years
Annualized volatility	195% - 243%
Risk-free interest rate	1.52% - 3.27%
Dividend yield	Nil
Fair Value at vesting	\$0.07 - \$0.218

At January 31, 2023, an option to acquire up to 30,000 shares expired unexercised in accordance with the Company's stock option plan, therefore at January 31, 2023, the Company had 1,720,000 share purchase options issued and exercisable. All options were exercisable at \$0.25 per share, with the weighted average life of 3.82 years.

## **Recovery of Short-Swing Profits**

During the year ended January 31, 2022, the Company received \$9,977 related to the recovery of short-swing profits under Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Company did not have similar transactions during the year ended January 31, 2023.

## 11. FORGIVENESS OF DEBT

During the year ended January 31, 2022, the Company's legal counsel agreed to forgive \$13,667 the Company owed for services. In addition, the Company recorded \$191 as forgiveness of debt associated with reversal of an old debt which exceeded the statute of limitations as promulgated under Chilean Laws.

During the year ended January 31, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with its former legal representative in Chile (the "Debt Holder") whereby the Debt Holder agreed to forgive the amounts the Company owed to him for unpaid salaries, being \$169,940 (101,385,974 pesos), and a total of \$34,030 (20,302,303 pesos) the Company owed under 8% notes payable, in exchange for \$53,408 (USD\$40,000), of which \$28,128 (USD\$25,000) the Company paid on August 10, 2020, and \$18,981 (USD\$15,000) on September 9, 2021. In addition, during the year ended January 31, 2021, the Company recorded \$102,465 as forgiveness of debt associated with reversal of an old debt which exceeded the statute of limitations as promulgated under Chilean Laws. These transactions resulted in a total gain on forgiveness of debt of \$255,493 (of which \$2,466 is attributed to effect of foreign currency translation).

The Company did not have similar transactions during the year ended January 31, 2023.

## 12. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties include the directors, officers, key management personnel, close family members and entities controlled by these individuals. Key management personnel are those having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole.



#### **Transactions with Related Parties**

During the years ended January 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred the following expenses with related parties:

	Year ended January 31,					
		2023		2022		2021
Consulting fees to a company owned by an officer and director	\$	60,000	\$	59,141	\$	21,466
Consulting fees to a company controlled by officers and directors		60,000		60,070		30,666
Consulting fees paid or accrued to a company controlled by VP of						
Finance		7,120		24,036		-
Consulting fees to an officer and director		-		-		9,200
Prepaid consulting fees paid to a company controlled by VP of Finance		-		(7, 120)		-
Mineral exploration and general administrative expenses to a company						
controlled by officers and directors		99,984		42,760		-
Legal fees paid to a company controlled by a director		22,316		37,036		2,794
Rent fees accrued to a company controlled by officers and directors		-		9,034		6,133
Total transactions with related parties	\$	249,420	\$	224,957	\$	70,259

On January 31, 2022, a company controlled by directors agreed to forgive a total of \$16,925 the Company owed on account of office rent fees. The forgiveness of debt was recorded as part of share-based reserves. The Company did not have similar transactions during the years ended January 31, 2023 and 2021.

## **Amounts due to Related Parties**

The following amounts were due to related parties as at:

	January 31, 2023		January 31, 2022		
Due to a company owned by an officer and director <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	95,814	\$	21	
Due to a company controlled by officers and directors <sup>(a)</sup>	·	147,261	•	39,565	
Due to a company controlled by officers and directors <sup>(a)</sup>		156,200		5,650	
Due to the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") <sup>(a), (b)</sup>		39,123		5,476	
Due to the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") <sup>(a), (b)</sup>		1,335		1,272	
Due to a major shareholder <sup>(a), (b)</sup>		3,338		3,180	
Due to a company controlled by a director <sup>(a)</sup>		-		2,090	
Total due to related parties	\$	443,071	\$	57,254	

(a) Amounts are unsecured, due on demand and bear no interest.

(b) On July 29, 2020, Polymet entered into mining royalty agreements (the "NSR Agreements") with the Company's CEO, CFO, and the major shareholder (the "Purchasers") to sell net smelter returns (the "NSR") on its mineral concessions. NSR range from 0.3% to 1.25% depending on particular concession and the Purchaser. The Company's CEO agreed to acquire the NSR for \$2,003 (USD\$1,500), CFO agreed to acquire the NSR for \$1,335 (USD\$1,000), and the major shareholder agreed to acquire the NSR for \$3,338 (USD\$2,500).

The NSR will be paid quarterly once commercial exploitation begins and will be paid on gold, silver, copper and cobalt sales. If, within two years, the Company does not commence commercial exploitation of the mineral properties, an annual payment of \$10,000 per purchaser will be paid.

Pursuant to Chilean law, the NSR agreements will come in force only when registered against the land title in Chile. Due to temporary safety restrictions associated with COVID-19 pandemic, the registration of the NSR Agreements has been deferred, therefore the payments made by the CEO, CFO, and the major shareholder have been recorded as advances on the books of the Company and will be applied towards the NSR Agreements, once they are fully legalized.



On October 31, 2021, the Company and its related parties agreed to defer certain debt the Company owed to them until January 31, 2023. As at January 31, 2023 and 2022, the following amounts were included in long-term debt due to related parties:

	January	31, 2023	January 31, 2022		
Due to a company owned by an officer and director	\$	- \$	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Due to a company controlled by officers and directors Total due to related parties	\$	- \$	<u>84,750</u> 5 159,513		

The Company did not pay the above amounts on their maturity, and as of January 31, 2023, these amounts were included in current liabilities.

The following amounts were due under the notes payable the Company issued to related parties:

	January 31, 2023		January 31, 202	
Note payable to CEO	\$	1,376,629	\$	804,309
Note payable to CFO	Ŷ	16,253	Ŷ	14,298
Note payable to a company controlled by officers and directors		184,897		170,730
Note payable to a major shareholder		624,761		566,166
Total notes payable to related parties	\$	2,202,540	\$	1,555,503

The above notes payable to related parties accumulate interest at a rate of 8% per annum and are unsecured. On August 31, 2021, the Company and the note holders agreed to defer the repayment of the notes payable until January 31, 2023, therefore as of January 31, 2022, these amounts due under the 8% notes payable were included in long-term liability. Since the Company did not pay the amounts due under the notes payable on their maturity, as of January 31, 2023, these amounts were included in current liabilities.

During the year ended January 31, 2023, the Company accrued \$162,724 (January 31, 2022 - \$118,144, January 31, 2021 - \$104,422) in interest expense on the notes payable to related parties.

## **13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

The Company has one operating segment, the exploration of mineral properties, and two geographical segments with all current exploration activities being conducted in Chile. All of the Company's equipment and exploration and evaluation assets are located in Chile as follows:

		nry 31,    . )23	January 31, 2022		
Equipment	\$	60,953	\$	22,637	
Exploration and evaluation assets	8	03,251		821,773	
	\$ 8	64,204	\$	844,410	

## 14. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rate is as follows:

	Year ended January 31,					
		2023		2022	2	2021
Net loss before tax	\$	(1,769,501)	\$	(1,622,000)	\$	(210,654)
Statutory income tax rate		27%		27%		21%
Expected income tax recovery at statutory income tax rates		(478,000)		(438,000)		(44,000)
Non-deductible expenditures		646		90,924		-
Difference in foreign tax rates, foreign exchange		-		-		5,112
Other		(78,026)		(136,333)		(57,571)
Adjustment to prior year provisions versus statutory tax						
returns		91,380		39,409		72,907
Change in valuation allowance		464,000		444,000		23,552
Income tax recovery	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-



The Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities are comprised of the following:

	Year ended January 31,				
	2023	2022	2021		
Deferred tax assets (liabilities):					
Federal loss carryforwards	1,432,000	\$ 1,267,000	\$ 1,010,000		
Foreign loss carryforwards	1,676,000	1,359,000	1,206,000		
Mineral properties	40,000	38,000	38,000		
Share issue costs	8,000	9,000	-		
	3,156,000	2,673,000	2,254,000		
Valuation allowance	(3,156,000)	(2,673,000)	(2,254,000)		
Net deferred tax asset	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

The Company has approximately \$1,660,000 in net operating loss carry forwards in Canada that may be offset against future taxable income, which may be used to reduce future taxable income and expire in the year 2043. The Company also has approximately \$6,205,675 of Chilean tax losses. The Chilean tax losses can be carried forward indefinitely. The Company has approximately \$3,576,000 in United States net operating loss carry forwards, \$2,387,000 of which expire in 2037. The remaining balance of \$1,189,000 will never expire but its utilization is limited to 80% of taxable income in any future year.

## 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to January 31, 2023, the Company entered into a number of loan agreements with Ms. Caitlin Jeffs, the Company's CEO and President, for a total of \$23,653, and into an additional loan agreement with Fairtide Ventures, an entity controlled by Ms. Jeffs, for \$6,000. These loans accumulate interest at a rate of 8% per annum, are unsecured, and payable on demand.