Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		ebruary 29, 2012	August 31, 2011	S	September 1, 2010 (Note 9)
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash	\$	68,346	\$ 107,208	\$	352,809
Interest receivable		-	-		4,500
Sundry receivable		-	-		22,906
Note receivable (note 4)		-	-		225,000
Prepaid		417	-		-
	\$	68,763	\$ 107,208	\$	605,215
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	68,139	\$ 22,309	\$	169,196
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital (note 5)		773,977	773,977		773,977
Contributed surplus (note 5)		116,340	116,340		116,340
Deficit		(889,693)	(805,418)		(454,298)
		624	84,899		436,019

Going Concern (note 1)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

\$

68,763

\$

107,208

\$

605,215

Approved by the Board		
Signed: "Emlyn J. David"	Signed: "Roger Rai"	
Director	Director	

Unaudited Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the three and six month periods ended February 29, 2012 and February 28, 2011

	Three months ended			Six	Six months ended			
	2012		2011		2012		2011	
Interest income	\$ -	\$	6,750	\$	-	\$	13,500	
Expenses								
Professional fees	53,514		22,825		75,046		27,046	
Filing fees	6,476		16,583		8,205		20,233	
Office expense	985		40		1,024		40	
	60,975		39,448		84,275		47,319	
Net loss and comprehensive								
loss for the period	\$ (60,975)	\$	(32,698)	\$	(84,275)	\$	(33,819)	
Loss per share - basic and								
diluted	\$ (0.03)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.01)	
Weighted Average shares								
outstanding	1,956,600		2,556,600		1,956,600		2,556,600	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Unaudited Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the three and six month periods ended February 29, 2012 and February 28, 2011

	Three months ended				Six	Six months ended		
	2012		2011		2012		2011	
Share Capital								
Balance, beginning and end of period	\$ 773,977	\$	773,977	\$	773,977	\$	773,977	
Contributed Surplus								
Balance, beginning and end of period	\$ 116,340	\$	116,340	\$	116,340	\$	116,340	
Deficit								
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (828,718)	\$	(455,419)	\$	(805,418)	\$	(454,298)	
Net loss for the period	(60,975)		(32,698)		(84,275)		(33,819)	
Balance, end of period	\$ (889,693)	\$	(488,117)	\$	(889,693)	\$	(488,117)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Unaudited Interim Statements of Cash Flows

For the three and six month periods ended February 29, 2012 and February 28, 2011

		Three months ended			Six months ended		
		2012	2011		2012	2011	
Cash flow from operating activ	vities						
Cash paid to suppliers	\$	(16,753) \$	(16,990)	\$	(38,862) \$	(36,057)	
Decrease in cash		(16,753)	(16,990)		(38,862)	(36,057)	
Cash, beginning of period		85,099	333,742		107,208	352,809	
Cash, end of period	\$	68,346 \$	316,752	\$	68,346 \$	316,752	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Bellair Ventures Inc. (the "Corporation") was incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporation Act* on August 22, 2008 and is classified as a Capital Pool Corporation as defined in Policy 2.4 of the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange"). The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is 10 Bellair Street, Suite 509, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

The Corporation's continuing operations as intended are dependent upon its ability to identify, evaluate and negotiate an acquisition of a business, or an interest therein. Such an acquisition (a "Qualifying Transaction") will be subject to the approval of the regulatory authorities concerned and, in the case of a non-arm's-length transaction, of the majority of the minority shareholders.

The Corporation was not able to complete a Qualifying Transaction within the timeframe prescribed by the Exchange, and as such the Corporation's listing has been transferred to the NEX, a separate trading board of the Exchange. This action resulted in the cancellation of 600,000 common shares of the Corporation. Trading in the Corporation's shares will remain suspended pending completion of a Qualifying Transaction.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which presumes the Corporation will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. There is, however, substantial doubt whether the Corporation will be able to complete a Qualifying Transaction.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 27, 2012.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Conversion to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

These are the Corporation's second financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Previously, the Corporation prepared its financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP"). IFRS 1, First-time Adoption of IFRS ("IFRS 1") has been applied and the impact of the transition from Canadian GAAP to IFRS is explained in note 9.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). They do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented, and in preparing the opening statement of financial position at September 1, 2010 (note 9) for purposes of transition to IFRS.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars. The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Financial instruments

All financial instruments are classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), held-to-maturity, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, or other financial liabilities. All financial instruments are included on the statement of financial position and are measured at fair value except for loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and other financial liabilities which are measured at amortized cost. FVTPL financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value and all gains and losses are included in net income or loss in the period which they arise. Available-for-sale financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value with revaluation gains and losses included in other comprehensive income or loss until the instrument is derecognized or impaired. The Corporation has classified its cash as FVTPL, which is measured at fair value.

The sundry receivables, interest receivable and note receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost less any provision for impairment. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities which are measured at amortized cost. The Corporation had neither available-for-sale nor held-to-maturity instruments during the periods ended February 29, 2012, and February 28, 2011.

Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future income tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or income tax returns of the Corporation. Deferred taxes are provided for using the liability method. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are recognized for all significant temporary differences between the tax and financial statement bases of assets, liabilities and certain carry forward items.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that, in the opinion of management, it is probable that the deferred tax assets will be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment or substantive enactment.

Stock-based compensation

The Corporation has in effect a stock option plan which is described in note 5(c). All stock-based awards granted are accounted for using the fair value based method. Fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation model. Any consideration paid by eligible participants on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital. The contributed surplus associated with options is transferred to share capital upon exercise.

Loss per share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The Corporation applies the treasury stock method in the calculation of diluted loss per share. Diluted loss per share excludes all dilutive potential common shares if their effect is anti-dilutive.

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Use of estimates

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Future Changes in Accounting Policies

IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement defines fair value, sets out in a single IFRS a framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. IFRS 13 applies when another IFRS requires or permits fair value measurements or disclosures about fair value measurements (and measurements, such as fair value less costs to sell, based on fair value or disclosures about those measurements), except for: share-based payment transactions within the scope of IFRS 2 Share-based Payment; leasing transactions within the scope of IAS 17 Leases; measurements that have some similarities to fair value but that are not fair value, such as net realizable value in IAS 2 Inventories or value in use in IAS 36 Impairment of Assets. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early application permitted.

4. Note Receivable

As part of a proposed qualifying transaction agreement, the Corporation advanced \$225,000 to DiBattista Industries Inc. ("DBI") in fiscal 2009. The loan bears interest at 12%, was originally due on January 15, 2010 and is personally guaranteed by a principal of DBI. On April 23, 2009, the Corporation announced that it had terminated its definitive agreement in respect of the proposed qualifying transaction with DBI.

On January 18, 2010 the Corporation and DBI agreed to extend the repayment date to May 31, 2010. On June 16, 2010 DBI made an interest payment of \$39,279. On June 30, 2010, the Corporation, DBI, and a guarantor agreed to further extend the maturity date of the loan and obligations under the guarantee to August 31, 2010.

On November 25, 2010 the Corporation and DBI entered into a Letter of Intent whereby the Corporation intended to acquire all of the issued and outstanding common shares in the capital of KNR Management Inc. ("KNR") through a share exchange transaction ("Proposed Transaction"). If completed, the Proposed Transaction was expected to constitute the Corporation's qualifying transaction.

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

4. Note Receivable - continued

The closing of the Proposed Transaction was subject to a number of conditions, including the Corporation successfully completing a private placement for anticipated gross proceeds of at least \$500,000; KNR successfully closing on a term loan facility estimated to be in the amount of \$2,250,000; confirmation of a definitive valuation for KNR; completion of customary due diligence reviews by the Corporation and DBI; the parties entering into a definitive agreement and such other agreements as may be necessary to give effect to the Proposed Transaction; and the parties obtaining all necessary approvals and consents, including the approval of the Exchange.

Subsequent to the year ended August 31, 2011, but before the date of issue of the annual financial statements, the Corporation terminated the Proposed Transaction. As a result the balance of the note receivable of \$225,000, and unpaid accrued interest of \$31,500 as at August 31, 2011, was written down to \$Nil in fiscal 2011 as collection was not reasonably assured.

5. Share Capital

(a) Authorized

An unlimited number of common shares

(b) Issued

	Number of common shares	Amount
Balance, August 31, 2010 Common shares cancelled on transfer to NEX	2,556,600 (600,000)	\$ 773,977
Balance, August 31, 2011 and February 29, 2012	1,956,600	\$ 773,977

Private placement

On September 20, 2008, 1,200,000 common shares were issued at a price of \$0.25 per common share as a private placement.

The common shares issued pursuant to this private placement are held in escrow as per the requirements of the Exchange, to be released as to 10% thereof on the completion of the Corporation's Qualifying Transaction, as defined in the policies of the Exchange, and as to 15% thereof on each of the 6th, 12th, 18th, 24th, 30th and 36th months following the initial release.

All common shares issued on exercise of stock options granted to directors and officers prior to the completion of a Qualifying Transaction must also be deposited in escrow until the Final Exchange Bulletin is issued.

All common shares of the Corporation acquired in the secondary market prior to the completion of a Qualifying Transaction by a Control Person, as defined in the policies of the Exchange, are

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

also required to be deposited in escrow. Subject to certain permitted exemptions, all securities of the Corporation held by principals of the resulting issuer will also be escrowed.

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

5. Share Capital – continued

Initial public offering

On November 24, 2008, the Corporation completed its initial public offering ("IPO") via the issuance of 1,356,600 common shares at a price of \$0.50 per common share for gross proceeds of \$678,300. The Corporation incurred issuance costs of \$173,311. In addition, the Corporation granted the agents of the offering the option to acquire 135,660 common shares, valued at \$31,012 (note 5(c)), at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of 24 months following the IPO. These options expired unexercised during the year ended August 31, 2011.

The Corporation was not able to complete a Qualifying Transaction within the timeframe prescribed by the Exchange, and as such the Corporation's listing has been transferred to the NEX, a separate trading board of the Exchange. This action resulted in the cancellation of 600,000 common shares of the Corporation.

(c) Stock options

The Corporation adopted a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to officers, directors, employees, and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Corporation. The options granted can be exercised for a maximum of 5 years and vest as determined by the Board of Directors. The exercise price of each option may not be less than fair market value of the common shares on the date of grant. At the closing of the IPO, the Corporation granted 255,660 director and officers stock options under this plan, vesting immediately, exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of 5 years from the date of grant.

The Corporation uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of options granted. The fair value of the 135,660 agent options granted was determined to be \$31,012 and was included in share issuance costs. These agent options expired unexercised during the year. The fair value of the 255,660 director and officers stock options was determined to be \$85,328 and was included in the determination of net loss for the year ended August 31, 2009.

The weighted-average remaining contractual life and weighted-average exercise price of options outstanding and of options exercisable as at February 29, 2012 are as follows:

	Op	otions Outst	tanding	Options	cisable	
			Weighted			
	V	Veighted	Average			Weighted
		Average	Remaining			Average
Number]	Exercise	Contractual	Number		Exercise
Outstanding		Price	Life (years)	Exercisable		Price
255,660	\$	0.50	1.74	255,660	\$	0.50

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

6. Capital Management

The Corporation's capital currently consists of equity. Its principal source of cash is from the issuance of common shares. The Corporation's objective is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to allow the Corporation to complete a qualifying transaction. The Corporation is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

7. Financial Instruments

The Corporation's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at February 29, 2012, the Corporation had cash of \$68,346 to settle current liabilities of \$68,139 (note 1).

The carrying value of accounts payable and accrued liabilities reflected in the statement of financial position approximates fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

8. Proposed Qualifying Transaction

On January 5, 2012, the Company entered into a binding agreement with Alter NRG Corp. (the "Agreement") to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of CleanEnergy Developments Corp. ("CleanEnergy") from Alter NRG Corp. The purchase price of \$5 million is to be satisfied by the issuance of 10,000,000 of the Company's common shares. If completed, the proposed acquisition will constitute the Company's Qualifying Transaction.

As a condition to closing, CleanEnergy intends to complete a brokered private placement of up to 4,000,000 subscription receipts at \$0.50 per subscription receipt for gross proceeds of up to \$2,000,000.

9. Transition to IFRS

As stated under Significant Accounting Policies Note 2, these are the Company's second condensed interim financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The policies set out in Note 2 have been applied in preparing the unaudited condensed interim statements for the six months ended February 29, 2012, the comparative information presented in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the three and six months ended February 28, 2011, a statement of financial position as at August 31, 2011, and an opening IFRS statement of financial position at September 1, 2010 (the Company's date of transition).

The Company has followed the recommendations in IFRS-1 First-time adoption of IFRS, in preparing its transitional condensed interim financial statements.

For the three and six months ended February 29, 2012

9. Transition to IFRS – continued

IFRS exemptions and choices

In preparing its opening IFRS statement of financial position, the Company did not adjust the amounts reported previously in its financial statements prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP. There was no financial statement impact resulting from the transition from Canadian GAAP to IFRS.

The adoption of IFRS requires the application of IFRS 1, which provides guidance for an entity's initial adoption of IFRS. IFRS 1 generally requires retrospective application of IFRS as effective at the end of its first annual IFRS reporting date. However, IFRS 1 also provides certain optional exemptions and mandatory exceptions to this retrospective treatment. The Corporation did not use the optional exemptions listed in IFRS 1.

Mandatory exceptions to retrospective application

Estimates: Hindsight was not used to create or revise estimates and accordingly the estimates previously made by the Company under Canadian GAAP are consistent with their application under IFRS.