DECLAN COBALT INC.

(Formerly Declan Resources Inc.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Year Ended September 30, 2018

Report Date - January 25, 2019

Introduction

Declan Cobalt Inc. ("Declan" or the "Company") is a public company incorporated on August 25, 2005, under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta, and its common shares are listed and posted for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the trading symbol "LAN". The Company's offices are located at 302 – 1620 West 8th Avenue, Vancouver, BC, V6J 1V4

The Company is a natural resource company engaged in the acquisition and exploration of resource properties in North America. The Company recently acquired the Turner Lake gold property in the Nunavut Territory, but continues to evaluate new acquisitions.

In accordance with Form 51-102F1, the following Management's Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") provides a review of activities, results of operations and financial condition of Declan for the year ended September 30, 2018. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). All monetary amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in Canadian dollars.

Overall Performance and Results of Operations

Three Month Period Ended September 30, 2018

During the three month period ended September 30, 2018 (the Current Quarter"), the Company reported a total loss and comprehensive loss of \$1,760,411 as compared to income of \$222,121 during the three months ended September 30, 2017 (the "Prior Quarter"), representing an increase in loss of \$1,878,205. The increase can be primarily attributed to an increase in stock-based compensation of \$806,680 during the Current Quarter as compared to \$Nil in the Prior Quarter; the recognition of a loss on short term investments as opposed to a gain recognized in the Prior Quarter; and an overall increase in operating costs in the Current Quarter as compared to the Prior Quarter when the Company was inactive and without any projects.

Year Ended September 30, 2018

During the year ended September 30, 2018 (the "Current Period"), the Company reported net loss of \$2,596,906 compared to net income of \$379,085 for the year ended September 30, 2017 (the "Comparative Period"). Despite not earning revenue, the Company recognized a gain of \$665,882 on short-term investments in the Comparative Period, whereas a loss of \$580,273 was recognized in the Current Period. Operating expenses for the Current Period were \$2,016,762 compared to \$286,956 for the Comparative Period which represented an increase of \$1,729,806. The increase in operating expenses can be attributed to the increase in consulting fees, exploration and evaluation costs, management fees, travel, rent and office costs, and the recognition of stock-based compensation in the Current Period, as opposed to the Comparative Period when the Company was less active.

Exploration and Evaluation Properties

Turner Lake

On July 5, 2017, the Company acquired all of the shares of 5498 Nunavut Inc. in exchange for consideration of \$25,000.5498 Nunavut Inc.'s only asset is the Turner Lake property located in Nunavut, of which 5498 Nunavut Inc. is the registered and beneficial owner of a 100% interest in and to the mineral claims in the Turner Lake property.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company entered into a mineral purchase agreement with Pacific Cascade Ventures ("PCV") whereby PCV would purchase 100% of the interest in and to the mineral claims of the Turner Lake Property in exchange for 1,000,000 common shares of PCV to be delivered to the Company within 10 days after PCV receives regulatory approval for the transaction. The Company will also be reimbursed \$46,720 by PCV, representing prior cash expenditures incurred on the property. Upon commencement of commercial production, PCV shall pay a royalty to the Company equal to 1% of net smelter returns, which may be purchased for the sum of \$1,000,000 at any time after commercial production.

As at September 30, 2018, the Company has recorded \$26,940 (2017 - \$27,030) related to the acquisition of the Turner Lake property. During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred \$18,850 (2017 - \$Nil) in claim fees on the Turner Lake property.

Deferred Acquisition Costs

<u>Tisová/TGER European Copper-Cobalt Properties</u>

On July 6, 2018 the Company entered into an arm's length share purchase agreement to purchase 100% of the shares of Tisová Pty. Ltd. And TGER Pty. Ltd. Tisová and TGER are private companies which have been granted 100% interest in and to certain mineral concessions located in the Czech Republic and Germany.

Pursuant to the agreement, and in exchange for the Tisová and TGER shares, the company is committed to issue, in aggregate, to the shareholders of Tisová and TGER the following:

- \$60,000 cash to the vendors upon execution of the agreement (paid);
- Upon satisfaction of certain conditions precedent, issue 1,500,000 common shares of Declan to the vendors on the closing date (issued);
- Declan to spend \$1,000,000 on the properties by July 1, 2019, and issue an aggregate of 2,500,000 Declan shares to the vendors at such time;
- Declan to spend an additional \$1,000,000 on the properties each year for the next three years and no later than July 1, 2022 and issue an additional 4,000,000 Declan shares to the vendors.

If the Company fails to satisfy any of the above requirements, the shares of Tisová and TGER will be returned to the original vendors.

Declan has committed to incur a minimum of \$500,000 in exploration expenditures on the properties no later than Oct. 31, 2018. Subsequent to the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company issued 1,500,000 common shares in exchange for 100% ownership of Tisová and TGER, subject to the above terms, and their respective mineral concessions. A finders fee was issued in connection with this closing through the issuance of 46,875 common shares.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table sets out selected unaudited financial information for the eight most recent quarters. The financial data has been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Three Months Ended	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Total Revenue	-	-	-	-
Loss from Operations Net Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income	(1,656,084)	(176,896)	(151,185)	(32,597)
(Loss) Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) per	(1,760,411)	(176,768)	(115,185)	(544,542)
Share	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.04

Three Months Ended	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Total Revenue	-	-	-	-
Loss from Operations Net Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income	(71,664)	(79,940)	(77,363)	(57,989)
(Loss) Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) per	222,121	109,372	76,575	(28,983)
Share	0.05	0.00	0.00	(0.00)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing on reasonable terms and to commence profitable operations in the future.

The Company had a cash position of \$1,571,477 and a working capital of \$1,228,015 as at September 30, 2018, compared to \$134,013 and \$296,040, respectively, as at September 30, 2017.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement generating \$2,820,500 through the issuance of 11,282,000 units at \$0.25. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable at \$0.45 for a period of one year from the date of issue.

The Company also completed a private placement generating gross proceeds of \$1 million, which was partially used to repay a total of \$352,748 of notes payable and accrued interest. The Company also issued 156,490 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.26 to settle debt in the amount of \$40,687 owed to one creditor for past services.

Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

The Company has greatly reduced its near term cash requirements after its decision not to proceed with exploration on certain exploration projects, and with recently completed financings will have sufficient working capital to commence work on its exploration and evaluation projects as well as properly evaluate and acquire new projects.

Financing activities

On July 31, 2018, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement generating gross proceeds of \$2,820,500 through the issuance of 11,282,000 units at \$0.25. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable at \$0.45 for a period of one year from the date of issue.

On November 10, 2017, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement through the issuance of 7,142,857 units for gross proceeds of \$1,000,000. Each unit consisting of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.25 for 12 months from the date of issue.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company received \$90,000 from the issuance of notes payable which bear interest at 10% per annum and mature in three years, which was repaid in full.

On September 1, 2017, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement and issued 16,666,667 common shares at \$0.06, generating gross proceeds of \$1,000,000.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company received \$49,900 from the issuance of notes payable which bear interest at 10% per annum and mature in three years. However, the Company repaid \$771,800 in notes payable as well.

The Company also financed its operating losses by selling a portion of its short-term investments, which have appreciated in value since acquisition, for net proceeds of \$472,156.

Selected Annual Information

The following table sets out selected financial information for the Company for each of the fiscal years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016. The selected financial information should only be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, including the notes thereto.

Statement of Operations, Comprehensive Loss and Deficit Data:

	Year Ended September 30, 2018	Year Ended September 30, 2017	Year Ended September 30, 2016
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Revenue	Nil	Nil	Nil
Loss from operations Loss and comprehensive loss for the	(2,016,762)	(286,956)	(270,134)
year	(2,596,906)	379,085	(99,672)
Loss per share, basic and diluted	(0.08)	0.05	(0.00)

Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

Balance Sheet Data:

	As at September 30, 2018	As at September 30, 2017	As at September 30, 2016
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Current Assets	2,009,478	1,066,626	429,873
Total Assets	2,713,408	1,105,156	441,373
Current Liabilities	781,463	770,586	762,505
Long Term Debt	-	248,271	970,171
Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency)	1,931,945	86,299	(1,291,303)

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Shares Issued and Outstanding

On July 19, 2017, the Company consolidated all of its issued and outstanding common shares on the basis of one new share for every thirty old shares. All share and per share amounts have been restated to reflect the share consolidation.

As at the Report Date, there were 46,146,602 common shares issued and outstanding.

<u>Warrants</u>

As at the Report Date, there were 5,641,000 warrants outstanding exercisable at \$0.45 until July 31, 2019.

Stock Options

As at the Report Date, there were 3,700,000 stock options outstanding as follows:

Expiry Date	Options Outstanding	Options Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
			(\$)
August 9, 2023	2,800,000	2,800,000	0.39
October 2, 2023	300,000	75,000	0.30
October 16, 2023	500,000	125,000	0.31
October 24, 2023	100,000	25,000	0.30
	3,700,000	3,025,000	0.33

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company is not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements or transactions.

Transactions with Related Parties

The Company's key management personnel consist of directors, officers and companies owned or controlled in whole or in part by officers and directors. The following summarizes the Company's related party transactions during the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

Key Management Compensation

	2018	2017
Rent paid or accrued to a corporation that formerly shared	80,000	55,000
management in common with the Company.		
Consulting fees paid or accrued to corporation controlled by officers	109,582	6,000
and directors of the Company.		
Management fees paid or accrued to corporations controlled by	52,500	-
officers of the Company.		
Professional fees paid or accrued to a corporation controlled by a	1,000	4,000
former officer of the Company.		
Share-based payments	705,845	
	948,927	65,000

- a) As at September 30, 2018, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities was \$105,898 (2017 \$167,936) owing to current and former officers and directors.
- b) During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred interest expense of \$4,491 (2017 \$77,633) to corporations controlled by related parties.
- c) As at September 30, 2018, the Company owes \$51,678 (2017 \$259,139) in notes payable accrued interest to corporations controlled by related parties.
- d) During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company issued notes payable of \$90,000 (2017 \$49,900) and repaid \$412,453 (2017 \$666,800) of principal and accrued interest to related parties.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Company's consolidated financial statements are listed below. This listing is of standards and interpretations issued, which the Company reasonably expects to be applicable at a future date. The Company intends to adopt these standards when they become effective. The pronouncements are being assessed to determine their impact on the Company's results and financial position.

New standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards not yet effective

The following amendments to an existing standard has been issued for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 but is not yet effective:

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments – Classification and Measurement

IFRS 9 is a new standard on financial instruments that will replace IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.*

IFRS 9 addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as well as derecognition of financial instruments. IFRS 9 has two measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest. Otherwise it is at fair value through profit or loss.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective (continued)

IFRS 2, Share-based Payment

Amendments to IFRS 2 in relation to the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 is a new standard to establish principles for reporting the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. It provides a single model in order to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11, Construction Contracts, IAS 18, Revenue, IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programs, IFRIC 15, Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC-31, Revenue – Barter Transactions involving Advertising Service.

IFRIC 22, Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

IFRIC 22 is a new interpretation, which clarifies the accounting for transactions that include the receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency.

The Company does not expect these new standards to have a material impact on the Company's accounting policies and consolidated financial statements.

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 but are not yet effective:

IFRS 16, Leases

This new standard replaces the existing leasing guidance in IAS 17, Leases.

IFRS 16 distinguishes between leases and service contracts on the basis of whether the customer controls the asset being leased. For those contracts determined to meet the definition of a lease, IFRS 16 requires a lessee to recognize on the balance sheet a lease asset along with the associated lease liability which reflects future lease payments, similar to current finance lease accounting. There are limited exceptions for leases with a term of less than 12 months or leases of assets which have a very low value. As a result of the adoption of IFRS 16, operating leases which were previously only recognized on the statement of earnings will be recognized on the balance sheet.

The purpose of the standard is to provide users of the financial statements with a more accurate picture of a company's leased assets and associated liabilities, while also improving the comparability of companies that lease assets to those that purchase them.

The Company has not yet assessed the potential impact of the application of this standard, nor determined whether it will early adopt this standard.

Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Financial risk management

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, short-term investments, receivables, restricted deposits, accounts payable and notes payable.

The Company classified its cash and short-term investments as fair value through profit or loss; receivables and restricted deposits as loans and receivables; and accounts payable and notes payable as other financial liabilities. The fair values of cash and short-term investments are measured on the statement of financial position using level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair values of receivables, restricted deposits, accounts payable approximate their book values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Financial instrument risk exposure

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board approves and monitors the risk management processes.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its payment obligations. The Company has no material counterparties to its financial instruments with the exception of the financial institutions which hold its cash. The Company manages this credit risk by ensuring that these financial assets are placed with a major financial institution with strong investment grade ratings by a primary ratings agency. The Company's receivables consist primarily of goods and services tax due from the government and other receivables; the balances are in good standing as at June 30, 2018. The Company does not believe it has a material exposure to credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash. The Company's cash is invested in business accounts which are available on demand. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place by which it anticipates and determines the funds required to support its normal operating requirements.

The Company's ongoing liquidity is impacted by various external events and conditions. The Company expects to repay its financial liabilities, consisting of accounts payable and accrued liabilities and notes payable, in the normal course of operations and to fund future operational and capital requirements future equity and debt financing.

To the extent that the Company does not believe it has sufficient liquidity to meet these obligations, management will seek to secure additional funds through long term debt and equity transactions.

Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk. The Company's bank account earns interest income at variable rates. The fair value of its portfolio is relatively unaffected by changes in short-term interest rates. Interest rate risk is minimal as the Company does not have significant interest bearing assets or any variable interest bearing liabilities that are tied into market rates.

Commodity price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Fluctuations in pricing may be significant.

Foreign exchange risk

The Company is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk.

Management of Capital

The Company manages its common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants as capital. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its exploration and evaluation assets and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at an acceptable risk. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue debt or acquire or dispose of assets.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions.

In order to maximize ongoing exploration efforts, the Company does not pay out dividends. The Company's investment policy is to keep its cash treasury invested in certificates of deposit with major financial institutions.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company has historically relied on the equity markets and debt securities to fund its activities. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent to September 30, 2018, the following significant transactions took place:

- (a) on October 24, 2018, the Company completed the first closing of the Tisová and TGER acquisitions. In exchange for 100% ownership of the Tisová and TGER shares and mineral concessions, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,500,000 common shares to the vendors. In connection with this closing, 46,875 common shares were issued as a finders fee.
- (b) The Company issued an aggregate of 3,448,571 common shares for gross proceeds of \$862,143 pursuant to the exercise of warrants.
- (c) The Company granted the following incentive stock options:
 - a. October 2, 2018 300,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.30 for a period of 5 years;
 - b. October 16, 2018 500,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.31 for a period of 5 years; and
 - c. October 24, 2018 100,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.30 for a period of 5 years.

Additional Information

On January 23, 2019, Jamie Newall was appointed a director of the Company, replacing Michael Curtis who resigned on the same day.

Additional information relating to the Company is available on the Company's website at www.declanresources.com and under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

Except for statements of historical fact, this MD&A contains certain "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities law. Forward-looking information is frequently characterized by words such as "plan", "expect", "project", "intend", "believe", "anticipate", "estimate" and other similar words, or statements that certain events or conditions "may" or "will" occur. In particular, forward-looking information in this MD&A includes, but is not limited to, statements with respect to future events and is subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking information are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. We cannot guarantee future results, performance or achievements. Consequently, there is no representation that the actual results achieved will be the same, in whole or in part, as those set out in the forward-looking information.

Forward-looking information is based on the opinions and estimates of management at the date the statements are made, and is subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking information. Some of the risks and other factors could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: general economic conditions in Canada, the United States and globally; industry conditions, including fluctuations in commodity prices; governmental regulation of the mining industry, including environmental regulation; geological, technical and drilling problems; unanticipated operating events; competition for and/or inability to retain drilling rigs and other services; the availability of capital on acceptable terms; the need to obtain required approvals from regulatory authorities; stock market volatility; volatility in market prices for commodities; liabilities inherent in mining operations; changes in tax laws and incentive programs relating to the mining industry; and the other factors described herein under "Risks and Uncertainties" as well as in our public filings available at www.sedar.com. Readers are cautioned that this list of risk factors should not be construed as exhaustive.

The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. We undertake no duty to update any of the forward-looking information to conform such information to actual results or to changes in our expectations except as otherwise required by applicable securities legislation. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is in the mineral exploration and development business and, as such, is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are not uncommon to other companies in the same business. Some of the possible risks include the following:

- a) The industry is capital intensive and subject to fluctuations in metal prices, market sentiment, foreign exchange and interest rates. The recovery of the Company's investment in exploration and evaluation assets and the attainment of profitable operations are dependent upon the discovery and development of economic ore reserves and the ability to arrange sufficient financing to bring the ore reserves into production.
- b) The most likely source of future funds for further acquisitions and exploration programs undertaken by the Company are the sale of equity capital or the offering by the Company of an interest in its properties to be earned by another interested party carrying out further exploration or development. If such exploration programs are successful, the development of economic ore bodies and commencement of commercial production may require future equity financings by the Company which are likely to result in substantial dilution to the holdings of existing shareholders.
- c) The Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the resource markets and the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for the investor support of its projects.
- d) The prices of metals greatly affect the value of and the potential value of its exploration and evaluation assets. This, in turn greatly affects its ability to raise equity capital, negotiate option agreements and form joint ventures.
- e) The Company must comply with health, safety, and environmental regulations governing air and water quality and land disturbances and provide for mine reclamation and closure costs. The Company's permission to operate could be withdrawn temporarily where there is evidence of serious breaches of such regulations, or even permanently in the case of extreme breaches. Significant liabilities could be imposed on the Company for damages, clean-up costs or penalties in the event of certain discharges into the environment, environmental damage caused by previous owners of acquired properties or noncompliance with environmental laws or regulations.
- f) The operations of the Company will require various licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in obtaining the necessary licenses and permits to continue exploration and development activities in the future.
- g) Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to exploration and evaluation assets in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such assets may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by such undetected defects.

Risks and Uncertainties (continued)

Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, then actual results may vary materially from those described in any forward looking statement. The development and exploration activities of the Company are subject to various laws governing exploration, development, and labour standards which may affect the operations of the Company as these laws and regulations set various standards regulating certain aspects of health and environmental quality. They provide for penalties and other liabilities for the violation of such standards and establish, in certain circumstances, obligations to rehabilitate current and former facilities and locations where operations are, or were conducted.

Corporate Information

Directors: Michelle Gahagan

Wayne Tisdale Garry Clark Bryce Tisdale Jamie Newall

Officers: Wayne Tisdale, President and CEO

Kelsey Chin, CFO

Kelsey Chin, Corporate Secretary

Auditor: Davidson and Company LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Suite 1200 – 609 Granville Street

Vancouver, BC, V7Y 1G6

Legal Counsel: Tingle Merrett LLP

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Contact Information

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