

First Quarter Report

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

(stated in Canadian dollars)

Three Months ended March 31, 2015

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

Notice of No Auditor Review of Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Caza Gold Corp. (the "Company") for the three months ended March 31, 2015 (the "Financial Statements") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management, and have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors. The Financial Statements are stated in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise indicated, and are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34 ("IAS 34") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

		March 31,	December 31,
	Notes	2015	2014
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash		\$ 2,769,000	\$ 3,087,528
Receivables and prepaids	11	202,854	159,279
Total Current Assets		2,971,854	3,246,807
Non-Current Assets			
Mineral property interests	7 and 11	7,684,276	7,219,529
Equipment	8	30,269	3,647
Total Non-Current Assets		7,714,545	7,223,176
Total Assets		\$ 10,686,399	\$ 10,469,983
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	11	\$ 742,074	\$ 644,445
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	10(b)	21,781,328	21,782,282
Reserve for share-based payments		1,510,893	1,497,285
Deficit		(13,347,896)	(13,454,029)
Total Shareholders' Equity		9,944,325	9,825,538
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		\$ 10,686,399	\$ 10,469,983

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

		Three Months e	nded N	March 31,
	Notes	2015		2014
Expenses:				
Accounting		\$ 9,368	\$	-
Amortization		143		1,271
Employee and director remuneration	11	53,975		72,694
Legal	11	8,770		21,274
Office and sundry	11	15,815		25,952
Property investigation	11 and 12	14,131		916
Regulatory		4,299		12,436
Shareholder relations		883		-
Share-based payments	10(c) and 11	22,060		54,812
Loss before the undernoted		(129,444)		(189,355)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		225,287		(1,005)
Interest income		1,838		1,875
Interest and finance charges	9	-		(10,256)
Unrealized loss on derivative asset	6	-		(74,639)
Write-off of receivables and value-added tax		-		(17,135)
Write-off of mineral property interests		-		(76,280)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period		\$ 97,681	\$	(366,795)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share		\$ -	\$	(0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		138,743,605		40,955,369

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

		Share Capital			Reserve for		
		Number of			Share-Based		
	Notes	Shares		Amount	Payments	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2013		40,659,805	\$	17,773,987	\$ 1,223,041	\$ (13,434,103)	\$ 5,562,925
Private placement, net of share issue costs	10(b)(ii)	88,160,000		3,450,440	881,600	-	4,332,040
Property acquisition	7(a)	7,249,300		296,598	-	-	296,598
Conversion of convertible promissory notes	9(b)	800,000		113,677	-	-	113,677
Shares-for-debt settlement	10(b)(ii)	1,874,500		149,960	-	-	149,960
Redemption of shareholders rights plan		-		(2,380)	-	-	(2,380)
Share-based payments		-		-	144,512	-	144,512
Expiry of stock options		-		-	(792,317)	792,317	-
Warrants issued upon conversion of debt		-		-	40,449	-	40,449
Net loss for the period		-		-	-	(812,243)	(812,243)
Balance, December 31, 2014		138,743,605		21,782,282	1,497,285	(13,454,029)	9,825,538
Share issue expense		-		(954)	-	-	(954)
Share-based payments		-		-	22,060	-	22,060
Expiry of stock options		-		-	(8,452)	8,452	-
Net income for the period		-		-	-	97,681	97,681
Balance, March 31, 2015		138,743,605	\$	21,781,328	\$ 1,510,893	\$ (13,347,896)	\$ 9,944,325
Balance, December 31, 2013		40,659,805	\$	17,773,987	\$ 1,223,041	\$ (13,434,103)	\$ 5,562,925
Property acquisition, net of share issue costs	7(a)	189,300		12,092	_	_	12,092
Conversion of convertible promissory notes	9(b)	800,000		114,083	-	_	114,083
Share-based payments	` /	-		-	54,812	-	54,812
Expiry of stock options		-		-	(423,425)	423,425	-
Net loss for the period						(366,795)	(366,795)
Balance, March 31, 2014		41,649,105	\$	17,900,162	\$ 854,428	\$ (13,377,473)	\$ 5,377,117

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

	7	Three Months ended March 31,						
			2014					
Cash provided from (used by):								
Operations:								
Net income (loss) for the period	\$	97,681	\$	(366,795)				
Items not involving cash:								
Amortization		143		1,271				
Foreign exchange (gain) loss		(282,189)		12,381				
Share-based payments		22,060		54,812				
Unrealized loss on derivative asset		-		74,639				
Write-off of receivables and value-added tax		-		17,135				
Write-off of mineral property interests		-		76,280				
		(162,305)		(130,277)				
Changes in non-cash working capital items:								
Receivables and prepaids		(43,575)		(102,743)				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		190,581		49,667				
Cash used by operating activities		(15,299)		(183,353)				
Financing:								
Interest payments, net of accrued interest		_		(4,252)				
Share issue expenses		(954)		(1,232)				
Cash used by financing activities		(954)		(4,252)				
		()		,				
Investing:								
Mineral property interests, net of recoveries		(557,699)		(375,674)				
Acquisition of equipment		(26,765)		-				
Cash used by investing activities		(584,464)		(375,674)				
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash held in foreign currency		282,189		(12,381)				
		,		/				
Decrease in cash		(318,528)		(575,660)				
Cash, beginning of period		3,087,528		1,585,758				
Cash, end of period	\$	2,769,000	\$	1,010,098				

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

		Т	Three Months ended March 31,					
	Notes	2015			2014			
Non-cash financing and investing activities:								
Accrual for mineral property interests		\$	233,042	\$	230,593			
Issuance of common shares for mineral property interests	7(a), 10(b)(ii)		-		12,092			
Issuance of common shares upon conversion of convertible promissory notes	9(b), 10(b)(ii)		-		114,083			
Fair values from the expiration of: Stock options			8,452		423,425			
Interest paid Income taxes paid			- -		14,508			

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Three months ended March 31, 2015

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Stated in Canadian dollars)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Caza Gold Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated on November 15, 2007 under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. The address of the Company's registered office is #1040 – 999 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada, V6C 2W2.

The Company is in the mineral exploration business and has not yet determined whether its properties contain reserves. The recoverability of amounts capitalized for mineral property interests is dependent upon the ability of the Company to arrange appropriate financing as needed, the discovery of reserves, the development of its properties, confirmation and maintenance of the Company's interest in the underlying properties, the receipt of necessary permitting and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

The Company has no operating revenues, has net income of approximately \$97,700 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 (March 31, 2014 – net loss of \$366,800), and has a deficit of approximately \$13.3 million as at March 31, 2015 (December 31, 2014 - \$13.5 million). These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the ability of the Company to raise debt or equity financings, and the attainment of profitable operations. Management would need to raise the necessary capital to meet its planned business objectives. There can be no assurance that management's plans will be successful. These matters indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

2. Basis of Presentation

(a) Statement of compliance:

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretations Committee. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required for full and complete annual financial statements, and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. The Company has consistently applied the same accounting policies for all periods as presented. Certain of the prior periods' comparative figures may have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current period.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

(b) Approval of consolidated financial statements:

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on May 21, 2015.

(c) Basis of presentation:

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value, as disclosed in Note 5.

(d) Functional currency and presentation currency:

The functional and presentation currencies of the Company are the Canadian dollar. Amounts recorded in a foreign currency are translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

- monetary assets and liabilities at the exchange rate at the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position date;
- non-monetary assets and liabilities at historical exchange rates, unless such items are carried at market, in which case they are translated at the exchange rate in effect on the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position date; and
- revenue and expense items at the rate of exchange in effect on the transaction date.

Exchange gains and losses are recorded in profit or loss in the period in which they occur.

(e) Critical accounting estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements along with the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates and, as such, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to determining the recoverability of mineral property interests; the determination of accrued liabilities; accrued site remediation; the variables used in the determination of the fair values of derivative assets, stock options granted, and warrants issued as finders' fees and from conversion of convertible loans; and the recoverability of deferred tax assets. While management believes the estimates are reasonable, actual results could differ from those estimates and could impact future financial performance and cash flows.

The Company applies judgment in assessing the functional currency of each entity consolidated in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements and whether material uncertainties exist that would cast significant doubt as to whether the Company could continue as a going concern.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
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2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

(f) New accounting standards and recent pronouncements:

The Company has reviewed new and amended accounting pronouncements that have been issued by the IASB. All of the new and revised standards described below may be early adopted.

(i) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (2014) ("IFRS 9")

This is a finalized version of IFRS 9, which contains accounting requirements for financial instruments, replacing IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The standard contains requirements in the following areas:

- Classification and measurement. Financial assets are classified by reference to the business
 model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The 2014
 version of IFRS 9 introduces a "fair value through other comprehensive income" category for
 certain debt instruments. Financial liabilities are classified in a similar manner to under IAS
 39; however, there are differences in the requirements applying to the measurement of an
 entity's own credit risk.
- Impairment. The 2014 version of IFRS 9 introduces an "expected credit loss" model for the measurement of the impairment of financial assets, so it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before a credit loss is recognized.
- Hedge accounting. Introduces a new hedge accounting model that is designed to be more
 closely aligned with how entities undertake risk management activities when hedging
 financial and non-financial risk exposures.
- Derecognition. The requirements for the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are carried forward from IAS 39.

IFRS 9 is applicable to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

(ii) Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)

This amends IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets to:

- clarify that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate for property, plant and equipment;
- introduce a rebuttable presumption that an amortization method that is based on the revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is inappropriate, which can only be overcome in limited circumstances where the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue, or when it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated; and
- add guidance that expected future reductions in the selling price of an item that was produced
 using an asset could indicate the expectation of technological or commercial obsolescence of
 the asset, which, in turn, might reflect a reduction of the future economic benefits embodied
 in the asset.

The amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2016.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

- (f) New accounting standards and recent pronouncements: (continued)
 - (iii) Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle

This makes amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 2 Amends the definitions of "vesting condition" and "market condition" and adds definitions for "performance condition" and "service condition".
- IFRS 3 Require contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability to be measured at fair value at each reporting date.
- IFRS 8 Requires disclosure of the judgments made by management in applying the
 aggregation criteria to operating segments, clarify reconciliations of segment assets only
 required if segment assets are reported regularly.
- IFRS 13 Clarify that issuing IFRS 13 and amending IFRS 9 and IAS 39 did not remove the
 ability to measure certain short-term receivables and payables on an undiscounted basis
 (amends basis for conclusions only).
- IAS 16 and IAS 38 Clarify that the gross amount of property, plant and equipment is adjusted in a manner consistent with a revaluation of the carrying amount.
- IAS 24 Clarify how payments to entities providing management services are to be disclosed.

The amendments are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.

(iv) Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle

This makes amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 1 Clarify which versions of IFRS can be used on initial adoption (amends basis for conclusions only).
- IFRS 3 Clarify that IFRS 3 excludes from its scope the accounting for the formation of a joint arrangement in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.
- IFRS 13 Clarify the scope of the portfolio exception in paragraph 52.
- IAS 40 Clarifying the interrelationship of IFRS 3 and IAS 40 when classifying property as investment property or owner-occupied property.

These amendments are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

- (f) New accounting standards and recent pronouncements: (continued)
 - (v) Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle

This makes amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 5 Adds specific guidance in IFRS 5 for cases in which an entity reclassifies an asset from held for sale to held for distribution or vice versa and cases in which held-fordistribution accounting is discontinued.
- IFRS 7 Additional guidance to clarify whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred asset, and clarification on offsetting disclosures in condensed interim financial statements.
- IAS 9 Clarify that the high quality corporate bonds used in estimating the discount rate for
 post-employment benefits should be denominated in the same currency as the benefits to be
 paid.
- IAS 34 Clarify the meaning of "elsewhere in the interim report" and require a cross-reference.

The amendments are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

The new accounting standards which were applicable to the interim reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015 have no material impact to the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

(a) Basis of consolidation:

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Minera Caza S.A. de C.V. ("Minera Caza"), Minera Canarc de Mexico S.A. de C.V. ("Minera Canarc") and Nicaza S.A. ("Nicaza").

All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed to, or had rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Three months ended March 31, 2015

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Stated in Canadian dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments:

(i) Financial assets:

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables, held-to-maturity ("HTM") and available-for-sale ("AFS"). The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at recognition.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL include a derivative financial asset, and are initially recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recorded through profit or loss.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are classified as current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity dates. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Held to maturity

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. HTM investments are initially recognized on their trade-date at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. If there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired, determined by reference to external credit ratings and other relevant indicators, the financial asset is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. Any changes to the carrying amount of the investment, including impairment losses, are recognized in profit or loss.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- (b) Financial instruments: (continued)
 - (i) Financial assets: (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified in any of the other financial asset categories. Changes in the fair value of AFS financial assets are recognized as other comprehensive income and classified as a component of equity. AFS financial assets include investments in equities of other entities.

Management assesses the carrying value of AFS financial assets at each reporting date and any impairment charges are recognized in profit or loss. When financial assets classified as AFS are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in other comprehensive income are included in profit or loss.

(ii) Financial liabilities:

The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories: FVTPL, other financial liabilities, and derivative financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL include derivative financial liabilities, and are initially recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recorded through profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are non-derivatives and are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Any difference between the amounts originally received, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period to maturity using the effective interest method. Other financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on their maturity date.

Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognized at their fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value at each reporting period with changes in the fair value recognized in profit or loss. Derivatives include warrants denominated in a currency other than the Company's functional currency.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Stated in Canadian dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments: (continued)

(iii) Fair value hierarchy:

The Company categorizes financial instruments measured at fair value at one of three levels according to the reliability of the inputs used to estimate fair values. The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities included in Level 1 are determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Financial assets and liabilities in Level 2 are valued using inputs other than quoted prices for which all significant inputs are based on observable market data. Level 3 valuations are based on inputs that are not based on observable market data.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An evaluation is made as to whether a decline in fair value is "significant" or "prolonged" based on indicators such as significant adverse changes in the market, economic or legal environment.

Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized.

(v) Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities:

Financial assets are derecognized when the investments mature or are sold, and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses on derecognition are recognized in profit or loss.

(c) Mineral property interests:

The Company capitalizes all costs related to investments in mineral property interests on a property-by-property basis. Such costs include mineral property acquisition or staking costs and exploration and development expenditures, net of any recoveries. Costs are deferred until such time as the extent of mineralization has been determined and mineral property interests are either developed or the Company's mineral rights are allowed to lapse.

All deferred mineral property expenditures are reviewed, on a property-by-property basis, to consider whether there are any conditions that may indicate impairment. When the carrying value of a property exceeds its net recoverable amount that may be estimated by quantifiable evidence of an economic geological resource or reserve, joint venture expenditure commitments or the Company's assessment of its ability to sell the property for an amount exceeding the deferred costs, provision is made for the impairment in value.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
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3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Mineral property interests: (continued)

The amounts shown for acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values. These costs will be depleted over the useful lives of the properties upon commencement of commercial production or written off if the property interests are abandoned or the claims are allowed to lapse.

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of a mineral property interest pursuant to the terms of a property option agreement. As the property options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable in the future are not recorded. Property option payments are recorded as property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received. When the amount of recoveries exceeds the total amount of capitalized costs of the property, the amount in excess of costs is credited to profit or loss.

(d) Equipment:

Equipment is recorded at cost. The Company calculates amortization using the declining balance method at rates varying from 10% to 30% annually.

(e) Convertible instruments:

The proceeds received on the issuance of the Company's convertible debt are allocated into their liability and equity components. The amount initially attributed to the debt component equals the discounted cash flows using a market rate of interest that would be payable on a similar debt instrument that does not include an option to convert. Subsequently, the debt component is accounted for as a financial liability measured at amortized cost until extinguished on conversion or maturity of the debt. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option and is recognised in the "Convertible debt option reserve" within shareholders' equity.

If the convertible debt has a conversion feature that permits only the Company to demand conversion, then there is no equity component, and instead a derivative asset is recognized and measured at fair value. The allocation between the debt and derivative asset component is performed on a relative fair value basis. The derivative asset is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit and loss.

(f) Proceeds on unit offerings:

Proceeds received on the issuance of units, consisting of common shares and warrants, are first allocated to the fair value of the common shares with any residual value then allocated to warrants.

(g) Non-monetary transactions:

Common shares issued for consideration other than cash are valued at their fair value at the date of issuance.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
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3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(h) Share-based payments:

The Company has a stock option plan that is described in Note 10(c). Share-based payments to employees are measured on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The offset to the recorded cost is to the reserve for share-based payments. Consideration received on the exercise of stock options is recorded as share capital and the related reserve for share-based payments is transferred to share capital. Upon expiry, the recorded fair value is transferred from the reserve for share-based payments to deficit.

(i) Environmental rehabilitation:

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the retirement of mineral property interests and equipment, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future rehabilitation cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work is capitalized to mining assets along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. The rehabilitation asset is depreciated on the same basis as mining assets.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to mining assets with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision. The Company's estimates are reviewed annually for changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates, effects of inflation and changes in estimates.

Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit or loss for the period.

The net present value of restoration costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production are charged to profit or loss in the period incurred.

The costs of rehabilitation projects that were included in the rehabilitation provision are recorded against the provision as incurred. The cost of ongoing current programs to prevent and control pollution is charged against profit and loss as incurred.

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3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(j) Loss per share:

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing the loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The treasury stock method is used to calculate diluted loss per common share amounts. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used for the calculation of the diluted per common share amount assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period. In the Company's case, diluted loss per common share presented is the same as basic loss per common share as the effect of outstanding share options and warrants would be anti-dilutive.

(k) Provisions:

Provisions are recorded when a present legal or constructive obligation exists as a result of past events where it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount receivable can be measured reliably.

4. Management of Capital

The Company is an exploration stage company and its activities involve a high degree of risk. The Company has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain reserves and currently has not earned any revenues from its mineral property interests and does not generate cash flows from operations. The Company's primary sources of funds are from debt capital and the issuance of share capital.

The Company defines its capital as debt and share capital. Capital requirements are driven by the Company's exploration activities on its mineral property interests. To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to ensure that adequate funds are available to meet its strategic goals. The Company monitors actual expenses on all exploration projects and overhead to manage its costs, commitments and exploration activities.

The Company has in the past invested its capital in liquid investments to obtain adequate returns. The investment decision is based on cash management to ensure working capital is available to meet the Company's short-term obligations while maximizing liquidity and returns of unused capital.

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4. Management of Capital (continued)

Management reviews the capital availability and needs on a regular basis to ensure the above-noted objectives are met. There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

Although the Company has raised funds in the past from the issuance of debt instruments and share capital, it is uncertain whether it would be able to continue this financing in the future. The Company will continue to rely on debt and equity financings to meet its commitments as they become due, to continue exploration work on its mineral property interests, and to meet its administrative overhead costs for the coming periods.

As at March 31, 2015, the Company was not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

5. Financial Instruments and Management of Financial Risk

The Company has classified its cash and derivative asset component of convertible debt as FVTPL; receivables as loans and receivables; and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, demand loans payable and convertible promissory notes payable as other financial liabilities.

The fair values of the Company's receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, demand loans payable and convertible promissory notes payable approximate their carrying values due to the short terms to maturity. Cash is measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs. The derivative asset component of the Company's convertible promissory notes is measured using Level 3 inputs.

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks, including credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk which includes foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The types of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed are as follows.

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its cash. The Company limits exposure to credit risk on liquid financial assets through maintaining its cash with high-credit quality Canadian financial institutions. Non-contractual taxes receivables from government agencies are not considered financial instruments.

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5. Financial Instruments and Management of Financial Risk (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash and its ability to raise equity financings. The Company will require significant additional funding to meet its short-term liabilities and administrative overhead costs, and to maintain its mineral property interests in 2015.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due in less than 90 days.

(c) Market risk:

The significant market risk exposures to which the Company is exposed are foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

(i) Foreign currency risk:

The Company has certain cash, receivables and accounts payable stated in United States dollars, mineral property interests which are in Nicaragua and were previously in Mexico, and a portion of its operations are in Nicaragua and were in Mexico, resulting in expenditures subject to foreign currency fluctuations. Fluctuations in the United States dollar, Nicaraguan Cordoba and Mexican peso would impact the losses of the Company and the values of its assets and liabilities as the Company's functional and presentation currencies are the Canadian dollar. The Canadian dollar fluctuates and floats with the United States dollar, Nicaraguan Cordoba and Mexican peso.

At March 31, 2015, the Company was exposed to currency risk for its Canadian dollar equivalent of financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Canadian dollars as follows:

				Stated in Cana	adian I	Oollars	
]	Held in			Total
	United States				araguan		
	-	Dollars	Mex	ican Pesos	C	ordoba	
Cash	\$	2,051,235	\$	10,492	\$	1,246	\$ 2,062,973
Receivables and prepaids		-		42,228		2,090	44,318
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(254,073)		(295,830)		(11,939)	(561,842)
Net financial assets (liabilities), March 31, 2015	\$	1,797,162	\$	(243,110)	\$	(8,603)	\$ 1,545,449

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5. Financial Instruments and Management of Financial Risk (continued)

- (c) Market risk: (continued)
 - (i) Foreign currency risk: (continued)

Based upon the above net exposure as at March 31, 2015 and assuming all other variables remain constant, a 10% depreciation or appreciation of the Canadian dollar relative to the United States dollar, Nicaraguan Cordoba and the Mexican peso could result in a decrease/increase of approximately \$154,500 in the Company's net losses.

The Company has not entered into any agreements or purchased any instruments to hedge possible currency risks at this time.

(ii) Interest rate risk:

In respect of financial assets, the Company's policy is to invest excess cash at floating rates of interest in cash equivalents, in order to maintain liquidity, while achieving a satisfactory return. Fluctuations in interest rates impact on the value of cash equivalents. Interest rate risk is not significant to the Company as it has no cash equivalents at period-end. The Company's debt obligations owed for demand loans and convertible promissory notes, if any, bear fixed interest rates.

(iii) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Company's financial instruments which fluctuate with market prices include derivative asset, if any, which is recognized when the market price of the Company's common shares is less than the conversion price of the convertible promissory notes (Note 6) and derivative liability, if any, which is payable in common shares of the Company (Note 9(a)).

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6. Derivative Asset

Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ _
Add: Unrealized gain from derivative asset	74,639
Balance, December 31, 2013	74,639
Less: Unrealized loss from derivative asset	(74,639)
Balance, December 31, 2014 and March 31, 2015	\$ -

The Company recognized a derivative asset from the convertible promissory notes given the convertible promissory notes were convertible at the sole option of the Company (Note 9(b)). The market price of the common share was \$0.10 as at December 31, 2013 which is less than the conversion price of \$0.15, resulting in the recognition of a derivative asset. The fair value of the derivative asset was reduced by the liability attributable to the fair value of the warrants in the underlying units.

The convertible promissory notes were converted into units by the Company on March 11, 2014 on which date the market price of its common shares was \$0.16, resulting in the derecognition of the derivative asset; each unit was converted into one common share and one warrant. Upon conversion, the fair value of the net derivative asset (\$74,639) was de-recognized, and the value of the warrant arising from exercise of the unit was recorded in reserves (\$40,449), with the net change recognized in profit and loss (\$115,088) in 2014.

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7. Mineral Property Interests

	Three months ended March 31, 2015								
		Nicaragua							
	1	Los Andes	San	Francisco		Other		Total	
Acquisition Costs:									
Balance, December 31, 2014 Staking	\$	1,720,319	\$	-	\$	479 1,361	\$	1,720,798 1,361	
Balance, March 31, 2015		1,720,319		-		1,840		1,722,159	
Deferred Exploration Expenditures:									
Balance, December 31, 2014		5,405,352		70,780		22,599		5,498,731	
Advances		230		-		-		230	
Aerial, photo and mapping		2,899		2,259		-		5,158	
Assays and surveys		353		-		-		353	
Camp and field supplies		959		2,732		-		3,691	
Community and social		33,025		31,267		-		64,292	
Environmental		-		7		-		7	
Geochemistry		-		-		61		61	
Geology		5,618		64,865		-		70,483	
Salaries and remuneration		73,641		107,580		-		181,221	
Sundry		15,527		2,484		-		18,011	
Surface taxes		8,905		10,503		51,701		71,109	
Transportation and travel		16,607		32,039		124		48,770	
Balance, March 31, 2015		5,563,116		324,516		74,485		5,962,117	
Mineral Property Interests:									
December 31, 2014	\$	7,125,671	\$	70,780	\$	23,078	\$	7,219,529	
March 31, 2015	\$	7,283,435	\$	324,516	\$	76,325	\$	7,684,276	

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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7. **Mineral Property Interests** (continued)

		Year ended I)ecen	nber 31, 2014				
	 Nicaragua							
	Los Andes	San Francisco		Other		Total		
Acquisition Costs:								
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 1,071,573	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,071,573		
Option payment	300,536	-		-		300,536		
Funds paid in trust	348,210	-		-		348,210		
Staking	-	-		479		479		
Balance, December 31, 2014	1,720,319	-		479		1,720,798		
Deferred Exploration Expenditures:								
Balance, December 31, 2013	4,045,411	26,495		22,185		4,094,091		
Advances	(2,044)	-		-		(2,044		
Aerial, photo and mapping	2,225	-		(141)		2,084		
Assays and surveys	9,993	15,189		34		25,216		
Camp and field supplies	8,948	-		-		8,948		
Community and social	211,500	-		-		211,500		
Drilling	245,356	4,790		-		250,146		
Equipment and systems	263	-		-		263		
Environmental	1,946	-		-		1,946		
Geochemistry	26,704	-		-		26,704		
Geology	36,323	-		-		36,323		
Geophysics	12,985	-		-		12,985		
Roads and access	9,191	-		-		9,191		
Salaries and remuneration	510,391	24,256		10,498		545,145		
Sundry	37,348	-		-		37,348		
Surface taxes	110,380	-		(10,145)		100,235		
Transportation and travel	138,432	50		168		138,650		
Balance, December 31, 2014	5,405,352	70,780		22,599		5,498,731		
Mineral Property Interests:								
December 31, 2013	\$ 5,116,984	\$ 26,495	\$	22,185	\$	5,165,664		
December 31, 2014	\$ 7,125,671	\$ 70,780	\$	23,078	\$	7,219,529		

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7. Mineral Property Interests (continued)

(a) Los Andes property (Nicaragua):

In December 2010, as amended in January 2011, the Company entered into a property option agreement with Inversiones Ecologicas S.A. ("Inecosa") to acquire a 100% interest in the Los Andes property by making US\$1.17 million in cash payments, issuing 500,000 common shares and spending US\$2.97 million on exploration over a 4 year period. The Company also agreed to issue 50,000 common shares for the staking of additional properties to Inecosa in January 2011, and thereafter the Company shall issue that number of common shares equal to 0.53 multiplied by the number of hectares staked in the area of mutual interest as defined, subject to regulatory approvals. Inecosa retains a 2% NSR, and the Company has the right to reduce the NSR to 1% by paying US\$1 million and to acquire the remaining 1% NSR by paying an additional US\$2 million.

In April 2012, a shareholder who owns a 40% interest in Inecosa became a senior officer of the Company (Note 11).

The Company paid US\$300,000 in December 2013, and issued 189,300 common shares at a value of \$0.075 in February 2014.

In connection with the loan agreement and security interest referred to in Note 9(a), Inecosa acknowledged the security interest granted in favour of Polygon Mining Opportunity Master Fund ("Polygon") pursuant to an acknowledgement dated July 31, 2014 and had made certain covenants in favor of Polygon thereunder. In December 2014, Polygon released and discharged its security interests against the Company.

In December 2014, the Company entered into a Purchase Agreement with Inecosa, which amended and superseded the prior property option agreement, to acquire a 100% interest in the Los Andes property. The Company issued 7.06 million common shares to Inecosa at a value of \$0.04 per share and paid US\$300,000 "in trust" to shareholders of Inecosa pending successful transfer of title of the Los Andes property to the Company. In the event that all transfers of title are not completed by December 18, 2015, the Company would, at its option, have the right to: (i) extend the date for the completion of the transfers; (ii) retain such properties as have been transferred together with any part of the final cash payment not yet paid to Inecosa and, subject to certain ongoing requirements, terminate the Purchase Agreement; or (iii) release to Inecosa's shareholders any part of the final cash payment not yet paid to them in conjunction with acquiring 100% of the shares of Inecosa at no additional cost and, subject to certain ongoing requirements, terminate the Purchase Agreement.

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7. **Mineral Property Interests** (continued)

(b) Mineral property commitments:

As at March 31, 2015, to maintain the Company's interest and to fully exercise the options under various property agreements covering its properties, the Company must incur exploration expenditures on the properties and/or make payments in the form of cash and/or shares to the optionors as follows:

		Acquisition Monthl			Expenditure		Number of	
		ments	Payments		Commitments		Shares	
	(US	dollars)	(US dollars)	(US dollars)			
Los Andes (Note 7(a)):								
December 15, 2015 (1)	\$	300,000		-		-		-
	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	-		-

Such funds have been paid "in trust" for shareholders of Inecosa, pending transfer of title (Note 7(a)).

These amounts may be reduced in the future as the Company determines which mineral property interests to continue to explore and which to abandon.

(c) Title to mineral property interests:

The Company has investigated rights of ownership of all of its mineral properties/concessions and, to the best of its knowledge, all agreements relating to such ownership rights are in good standing. However, all properties/concessions may be subject to prior claims, agreements or transfers, and rights of ownership may be affected by undetected defects.

(d) Realization of assets:

The Company's investment in and expenditures on its mineral property interests comprise a significant portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent on establishing legal ownership of the properties, on the attainment of successful commercial production or from the proceeds of their disposal. The recoverability of the amounts shown for mineral property interests is dependent upon the existence of reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of the properties, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

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7. **Mineral Property Interests** (continued)

(e) Environmental matters:

The Company is subject to the laws and regulations relating to environmental matters in all jurisdictions in which it operates, including provisions relating to property reclamation, discharge of hazardous materials and other matters. The Company may also be held liable should environmental problems be discovered that were caused by former owners and operators of its properties and properties in which it has previously had an interest. The Company conducts its mineral exploration activities in compliance with applicable environmental protection legislation. The Company is not aware of any existing environmental problems related to any of its current or former mineral property interests that may result in material liability to the Company.

Environmental legislation is becoming increasingly stringent and costs and expenses of regulatory compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future environmental legislation of the Company's operation may cause additional expenses and restrictions.

If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of exploration and development on the mineral properties, the potential for production on the property may be diminished or negated.

8. Equipment

Office Equipment		Field Equipment			Total
\$	20,370	\$	5,515	\$	25,885
	20,370		5,515		25,885
	-		26,765		26,765
	20,370		32,280		52,650
	13,304		3,899		17,203
	4,298		737		5,035
	17,602		4,636		22,238
	143		-		143
	17,745		4,636		22,381
\$	2,768	\$	879	\$	3,647
\$	2,625	\$	27,644	\$	30,269
	\$	Equipment \$ 20,370	Equipment Equipment Equipment Equipment Substituting Substitution Subs	Equipment Equipment \$ 20,370 \$ 5,515 - - 20,370 5,515 - 26,765 20,370 32,280 13,304 3,899 4,298 737 17,602 4,636 143 - 17,745 4,636 \$ 2,768 \$ 879	Equipment Equipment \$ 20,370 \$ 5,515 \$ 20,370 5,515 -

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9. Loans

	 mand Notes Payable	Convertible Promissory Notes		
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ -	\$	_	
Add:				
Proceeds from loans	200,000		121,058	
Interest	10,652		8,479	
Less:				
Issue costs	-		(11,334)	
Interest payments	(6,049)		-	
Balance, December 31, 2013	 204,603		118,203	
Proceeds from loan	658,260		_	
Loan issuance costs	(9,327)		_	
Obligation to issue loan bonus in common shares	(118,486)		_	
Interest accrual	88,742		4,183	
Interest paid	(69,615)		(8,709)	
Foreign exchange	35,461		-	
Loan balance on settlement date, December 30, 2014	789,638	•	113,677	
Conversion of convertible promissory notes	-		(113,677)	
Cash repayment amount	(896,420)		-	
Gain (loss) on settlement	(106,782)		-	
Gain on forgiveness of obligation to issue loan bonus in common shares	118,486		-	
Net Gain on Settlement for the year ended December 31, 2014	\$ 11,704	\$	-	

(a) Promissory Note:

In July 2013, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Polygon under which the Company borrowed \$200,000 at an interest rate of 12% per annum, compounded and payable quarterly. The loan and any accrued interest were repayable upon the earlier of January 22, 2015 or written demand for repayment after November 19, 2013. The Company had the option for early repayment whereby a minimum of 12 months interest compounded quarterly must be paid if the early repayment was made on or before July 22, 2014 and a minimum of 18 months interest compounded quarterly if early repayment after July 22, 2014 and prior to January 22, 2015. In connection with the loan, Polygon was granted a security interest in the Company's present and after-acquired personal property as well as a negative pledge over all of the Company's assets. In December 2014, the Company repaid the principal plus interest, and Polygon released and discharged its security interests against the Company.

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9. Loans (continued)

(a) Promissory Note: (continued)

In August 2014, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Polygon under which the Company borrowed US\$600,000 at an interest rate of 12% per annum, compounded and payable each calendar quarter. The loan and any accrued interest were repayable upon the earlier of February 8, 2016 or written demand for repayment after August 8, 2015. The Company had the option for early repayment whereby a minimum of 12 months interest compounded quarterly must be paid if the early repayment was made on or before August 8, 2015 and a minimum of 18 months interest compounded quarterly if early repayment after August 8, 2015 and prior to February 8, 2016. As a bonus for the loan, the Company was to issue common shares to Polygon, subject to applicable approvals. The number of common shares was to equal 18% of the principal amount of the loan divided by the market price of the Company's common share on the date of the notice of the Company's next shareholders' meeting subject to a minimum price of \$0.08 per common share if required by the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company would have recorded a derivative liability in relation to its obligation to issue common shares to Polygon as a loan bonus, and would recognize gains and losses from such liability as the market price of its common shares fluctuated below \$0.08. In connection with the loan. Polygon was granted a security interest in the Company's present and afteracquired personal property including the property option agreement under which the Company has a contractual right to acquire a 100% interest in the Los Andes property (Note 7(a)). Inecosa provided acknowledgement of Polygon's security interest. Polygon also had a negative pledge over all of the Company's assets pursuant to the loan agreement. In December 2014, the Company repaid the principal plus interest, with Polygon waiving any make-whole interest from early redemption of the loan and the issuance of bonus shares. Polygon also released and discharged its security interests in the Company's present and after-acquired personal property and its negative pledge over the Company's assets.

(b) Convertible Promissory Notes:

In August 2013, the Company arranged convertible promissory notes for \$121,058 of which \$35,000 were from certain current and former directors. The convertible notes bore an interest rate of 12% per annum compounded annually and payable every second quarter, and would mature on February 7, 2015. The Company may repay any portion of the convertible promissory note at any time without notice, bonus or penalty. The principal and accrued interest can be converted, at the sole option of the Company, into units of the Company with the principal at \$0.15 per unit for the first year and at \$0.30 per unit for the remaining 6 months, and accrued interest at market price per unit. Each unit was comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant; each warrant is exercisable to acquire one common share at \$0.30 per share until August 7, 2016. A finder's fee of \$4,000 was paid on the debt financing. In February 2014, the Company paid interest of \$7,260. Then on March 11, 2014 the Company converted the promissory notes into 800,000 units and paid interest of \$1,450.

As the convertible promissory notes are compound financial instruments which are convertible at the Company's sole discretion into units, the instrument contains both a liability and a derivative asset. The liability, net of issue costs, was accreted using the effective interest rate method over the term of the convertible promissory notes. Note 6 provides further details.

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10. Share Capital

(a) Authorized:

The authorized share capital of the Company is comprised of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

(b) Issued:

- (i) In April 2015, the Company issued 1.25 million common shares at a value of \$0.03 per share which were issuable to a senior officer pursuant an employment agreement.
- (ii) On February 3, 2014, the Company issued 189,300 common shares which were issuable for the Los Andes property and the staking of additional properties, at a value of \$0.075 per share (Note 7(a)).

On March 11, 2014, the Company converted the convertible promissory notes into 800,000 units, with each unit comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant (Note (9)(b)).

On August 25, 2014, the Company issued 1.87 million common shares at a value of \$0.08 to current and former senior officers pursuant to shares-for-debt settlements for \$149,960.

On December 30, 2014, the Company issued 7.06 million common shares to Inecosa at a value of \$0.04 per share pursuant to a Purchase Agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Los Andes property (Note 7(a)).

Also on December 30, 2014, the Company closed a private placement with Polygon for 88.16 million units at \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$4.4 million. Each unit was comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant which is exercisable to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.05 until December 30, 2019; Polygon is a control person and related party, as defined, to the Company and had a 78.9% interest in the Company at that time. Of the \$0.05 unit price, \$0.04 was allotted to common shares representing the fair value of the common shares on that date and \$0.01 was allotted to warrants, resulting in a corresponding increase in the reserve for share-based payments.

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10. Share Capital (continued)

(c) Stock option plan:

The Company has a stock option plan that allows it to grant stock options to its directors, officers, employees and consultants, provided that the aggregate number of stock options granted shall not at any time exceed 10% of the total number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. The exercise price of each stock option shall be based on the market price of the Company's shares as traded on the TSX Venture Exchange at the time of grant. Stock options have a maximum term of ten years and terminate 30 days following the termination of the optionee's employment, except in the case of death, in which case they terminate one year after the event. Vesting of stock options is made at the discretion of the Board at the time the stock options are granted.

The continuity of stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2015 is as follows:

	March 31	, 2015
	Number of Shares	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding balance, beginning of period Expired	2,819,003 (11,167)	\$0.33 \$1.01
Outstanding balance, end of period	2,807,836	\$0.33
Exercise price range	\$0.08 - \$1.26	

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10. Share Capital (continued)

(c) Stock option plan: (continued)

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2015:

		Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable					
		Weighted		Weighted					
		Average	Weighted		Average	Weighted			
	Number	Remaining	Average	Number	Remaining	Average			
Exercise	Outstanding at	Contractual Life	Exercise	Exercisable at	Contractual Life	Exercise			
Prices	Mar 31, 2015	(Number of Years)	Prices	Mar 31, 2015	(Number of Years)	Prices			
\$1.05	261,334	0.65	\$1.05	261,334	0.65	\$1.05			
\$1.26	30,667	0.67	\$1.26	30,667	0.67	\$1.26			
\$1.125	178,334	1.23	\$1.125	178,334	1.23	\$1.125			
\$0.78	157,501	2.08	\$0.78	157,501	2.08	\$0.78			
\$0.15	1,680,000	3.98	\$0.15	1,008,000	3.98	\$0.15			
\$0.08	500,000	4.48	\$0.08	200,000	4.48	\$0.08			
	2,807,836	3.44	\$0.33	1,835,836	3.08	\$0.44			

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recognized share-based payments of \$22,060 (March 31, 2014 - \$54,812) based on the fair value of stock options that were earned by the provision of services during the period. Share-based payments are segregated between directors and officers, employees and consultants as follows:

	March 31,						
		2015	2014				
Directors (excludes directors who are officers) Officers (includes directors who are officers) Employees Consultants	\$	3,015 17,546 1,206 293	\$	5,541 38,014 4,244 7,013			
	\$	22,060	\$	54,812			

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10. Share Capital (continued)

(c) Stock option plan: (continued)

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted and the weighted average assumptions used to calculate share-based payments for stock option grants are estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model as follows:

	March 31,			
	2015	2014		
Number of stock options granted	-	2,315,000		
Fair value of stock options granted	n/a	\$0.11		
Market price of shares on grant date	n/a	\$0.15		
Pre-vest forfeiture rate	n/a	8.41%		
Risk-free interest rate	n/a	1.35%		
Expected dividend yield	n/a	0%		
Expected stock price volatility	n/a	120.15%		
Expected option life in years	n/a	3		

Expected stock price volatility is based on the historical price volatility of the Company's common shares.

On March 24, 2014, the Company granted stock options to purchase up to 2.32 million common shares at an exercise price of \$0.15 until March 24, 2019. Stock options for 2.16 million common shares are subject to vesting provisions in which 20% of the stock options vest immediately on the grant date and 20% vest every six months thereafter.

On September 25, 2014, the Company granted stock options to purchase up to 500,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$0.08 until September 25, 2019. These stock options are subject to vesting provisions in which 20% of the stock options vest immediately on the grant date and 20% vest every six months thereafter.

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10. Share Capital (continued)

(d) Warrants:

At March 31, 2015, the Company had outstanding warrants as follows:

Exercise		Outstanding at				Outstanding at
Prices	Expiry Dates	December 31, 2014	Issued Exercised		Expired	March 31, 2015
\$0.24	December 13, 2016	20,833,333	-	-	-	20,833,333
\$0.30	August 7, 2016 (1)	800,000	-	-	-	800,000
\$0.05	December 30, 2019 (2)	88,160,000	-	-	-	88,160,000
		109,793,333				109,793,333

- Warrants were issued from conversion of convertible promissory note (Note 9(b)). Fair value of \$40,449 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: volatility 139%, risk-free rate 1.123%, expected life 2.4 years, and expected dividend yield 0%.
- On December 30, 2014, the Company closed a private placement with Polygon for 88.16 million units at \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$4.4 million. Each unit was comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Of the \$0.05 unit price, \$0.04 was allotted to common shares representing the fair value of the common shares on that date and \$0.01 was allotted to warrants, resulting in a corresponding increase in the reserve for share-based payments.

On March 11, 2014, the Company converted the convertible promissory notes into 800,000 units, with each unit comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant (Note (9)(b)).

On December 30, 2014, the Company closed a private placement for 88.16 million units at \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$4.4 million. Each unit was comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant which is exercisable to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.05 until December 30, 2019 (Note (10)(b)(ii)).

(e) Common shares reserved for issuance at March 31, 2015:

	Number of Shares
Stock options (Note 10(c))	2,807,836
Warrants (Note 10(d))	109,793,333
Common shares reserved for issuance	112,601,169

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2015
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10. Share Capital (continued)

(f) Shareholder rights plan:

On June 12, 2012, the shareholders of the Company approved a shareholder rights plan (the "Plan"). The Plan was intended to ensure that any entity seeking to acquire control of the Company made an offer that represented fair value to all shareholders and provided the board of directors with sufficient time to assess and evaluate the offer, to permit competing bids to emerge, and, as appropriate, to explore and develop alternatives to maximize value for shareholders. Under the Plan, each shareholder at the time of the Plan's adoption was issued one Right for each common share of the Company held. Each Right entitled the registered holder thereof, except for certain "Acquiring Persons" (as defined in the Plan), to purchase from treasury one common share at a 50% discount to the prevailing market price, subject to certain adjustments intended to prevent dilution. The Rights were exercisable after the occurrence of specified events set out in the Plan generally related to when a person, together with affiliated or associated persons, acquires, or makes a take-over bid to acquire, beneficial ownership of 20% or more of the outstanding common shares of the Company. The Rights expire in three years. The Company had authority to terminate or abandon the Plan if its Board of Directors determined such cancellation was in the best interest of the Company.

In December 2014, the Company resolved to redeem all of the Rights issued and outstanding under the Company's Plan and otherwise effectively abandon the Plan. The Plan provided that the Company's Board may elect to redeem all, but not less than all, of the Rights at a redemption price of \$0.0003 per Right (the "Redemption Price") and/or terminate the Plan. The Company had no obligation to make any payment to any person in the event the aggregate amount owing to such person as a result of the redemption of Rights is less than \$15 (ownership of less than 50,000 shares). The effective date of the redemption was the close of business on December 2, 2014 (the "Redemption Date") as of which date the only right of qualifying holders of Rights was to receive the Redemption Price. The Company accrued \$2,380 in redemption commitments owed to shareholders as at December 31, 2014 which was paid in 2015.

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11. Related Party Transactions

Key management includes directors (executive and non-executive) and senior management. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is disclosed in the table below.

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the Company had the following transactions with related parties:

						Net balance rece	ivable	(payable)
	Three months ended March 31,				March 31,	December 31,		
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Key management compensation:								
Executive salaries and remuneration (1)	\$	150,740	\$	169,265	\$	(94,174)	\$	(83,992)
Directors fees (2)		10,000		10,889		(88,196)		(80,196)
Share-based payments		20,561		43,555		-		-
	\$	181,301	\$	223,709	\$	(182,370)	\$	(164,188)
Acquisition costs: Number of common shares issued		-		189,300				
	_	-						
Exploration expenditures incurred	\$	-	\$	212,261				
Legal fees incurred to a law firm in which a director of the Company is a partner (4)	\$	11,087	\$	18,064	\$	(8,334)	\$	(20,298)
Net office, sundry, rent and salary allocations recovered from (incurred to) company(s) sharing certain common								
director(s) (5)	\$	227	\$	-	\$	51,927	\$	48,650

- Includes key management compensation which is included in mineral property interests and property investigation.
- A portion of Directors fees are accrued.
- A 40% shareholder of Inecosa became a senior officer of the Company in April 2012. Exploration expenditures include those related to mineral property interests and property investigations. (Notes 7(a) and 12).
- Includes legal fees which are included in finance charges and share issuance expenses, if any.
- The company is Aztec Metals Corp. which shares a certain common director.

The above related party transactions are incurred in the normal course of business.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Three months ended March 31, 2015

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11. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Transactions with Polygon are provided in Notes 9(a) and 10(b)(ii). Convertible promissory notes with certain related parties are provided in Note 9(b). Shares-for-debt settlement with current and former senior officers are provided in Note 10(b)(ii).

12. Property Investigation

		March 31,				
	201	.5	2014			
Property Investigation:						
Mapping and surveys	\$	9,990 \$	916			
Office and sundry		3,539	-			
Transportation and travel		602	-			
	\$ 1	4,131 \$	916			

13. Segment Disclosures

The Company has one operating segment, being mineral exploration, with assets located in Canada, Mexico and Nicaragua, as follows:

	March 31, 2015							December 31, 2014						
	Ca	anada	N	1 exico	Nicaragua	Total	Ca	anada	M	exico	Nicaragua	Total		
Mineral property interests	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,684,276	\$7,684,276	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,219,529	\$ 7,219,529		
Equipment		1,759		1,745	26,765	30,269		1,902		1,745	-	3,647		

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OFFICERS Brian Arkell ~ Chief Executive Officer and President

Marco Montecinos ~ Vice-President, Exploration

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