

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

INDEX	PAGE
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	1
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss	2
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	3
Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	4
Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements	5 - 19

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

Expressed in Canadian dollars

As at

	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020 \$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	104,520	55, 663
Prepaid expenses	6,717	6, 684
Amounts receivable	11,427	15, 093
Total current assets	122,664	77,440
Property and equipment (Note 6)	30,429	82,901
Investment in Cerrado Gold Inc. (Note 7)	4,176,000	25,020
Total non-current assets	4,206,429	107,921
Total assets	4,329,093	185,361
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8, 18)	1,364,432	897,194
Shareholder loan (Note 10)	272,287	238,538
Current portion of lease payable (Note 9)	20,118	77,551
Total current liabilities	1,656,837	1,213,283
Non-current		
Canada emergency business account loan (Note 11)	52,914	49,116
Total non-current liabilities	52,914	49,116
Total liabilities	1,709,751	1,262,399
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 12)	18,380,000	18,209,835
Warrants reserve (Note 14)	179,801	54,027
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 7)	, <u>-</u>	(237,807)
Deficit	(15,940,459)	(19,103,093)
Total common shareholders' (deficit) equity	2,619,342	(1,077,038)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	4,329,093	185,361

NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN (Note 1) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 19)

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

<u>Signed "STEPHEN SHEFSKY"</u>, Director <u>Signed "JEAN J. GAUTHIER"</u>, Director

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss Expressed in Canadian dollars

	Three	Three months ended		Nine months ended		
	September 30,		Septe	ember 30,		
	2021 2020		2021	2020		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Expenses						
Management salaries and benefits (Note 19)	7,392	15,136	26,220	13,005		
Professional fees (Note 9, 19)	13,531	24,379	47,993	122,077		
Office and general	1,942	10,168	5,829	17,963		
Transfer agent and listing fees	781	303	2,342	879		
Depreciation	2,183	1,703	5,598	5,049		
(Loss) before the undernoted	(25,829)	(51,689)	(87,981)	(158,973)		
Foreign exchange (loss) gain	(9,845)	71,498	(438,895)	(2,326)		
Interest expense (recovery) (Note 9)	-	(466)	(837)	(1,675)		
(Impairment) Reversal of impairment on equity investment						
in CINRL (Note 16)	113,662	(88,808)	(591,794)	(161,632)		
Income (loss) from equity investment (Note 16)	(135,032)	(121,222)	(486,981)	(104,266)		
Gain (loss) from equity investment in Cerrado Gold (Note 7)	378,706	(202,411)	480,348	(989,684)		
(Loss) on disposal of equipment	-	(4,660)	-	(4,660)		
Realized gain (loss) from investment in Cerrado Gold (Note 7)	-	_	4,288,774			
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the						
period	321,662	(397,758)	3,162,634	(1,423,216)		
Income (loss) per share						
Basic and diluted	0.01	(0.01)	0.06	(0.01)		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding Basic and diluted	53,198,698	51,014,068	51,750,280	51,014,068		
-	.,,	,- ,- ,-	,,	, - ,		

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Expressed in Canadian dollars

For the nine months ended

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
	\$	\$
Cash used in operating activities:		
Net income (loss) for the period	3,162,634	(1,423,217)
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash:		
Depreciation	5,598	5,049
Income (loss) from equity investment in CINRL (Note 16)	486,981	104,266
(Reversal) impairment on equity investment in CINRL (Note 16)	591,794	161,632
Interest accretion	(837)	2,477
Loss (gain) from equity investment in Cerrado Gold Inc. (Note 7)	(4,288,774)	989,684
Realized gain from the sale of Cerrado Gold Inc. shares (Note 7)	480,348	-
Net change in non-cash working capital	(85,994)	206,093
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	351,750	45,984
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities:		
Advances to equity investment in CINRL (Note 16)	(598,831)	(265,898)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(598,831)	(265,898)
Cash provided by financing activities:		
Private Placement (Note 12)	300,000	259,000
Share issue costs	(4,062)	
Canada emergency business account loan (CEBA)	-	40,000
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	295,938	299,000
Increase (decrease) in net cash flow during the period	48,857	79,076
	•	
Cash, beginning of the period	55,663	15,988
Cash, end of the period	104,520	95,074

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

Expressed in Canadian dollars

	Common Shares \$	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Warrants reserve	Deficit \$	Total Shareholders' equity \$
Balance, December 31, 2020	18,209,835	(237,807)	54,027	(19,103,093)	(1,077,038)
Private placement	300,000	-	-	-	300,000
Warrant issued	(127,500)	-	127,500	-	-
Share issue costs	(2,335)		(1,726)	-	(4,061)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	-	237,807	-	-	237,807
Net income for the period		-	-	3,162,634	3,162,634
Balance, September 30, 2021	18,380,000	-	179,801	(15,940,459)	2,619,342

	Common Shares	Share-based payments reserve \$	Warrants reserve	Deficit \$	Total Shareholders' equity \$
Balance, December 31, 2019	18,028,167	305,170	-	(17,497,209)	836,128
Private placement Warrant issued Share-based payment reserve — expired	259,000 (59,369)	(305,170)	59,369	305,170	259,000 - -
Share issue costs (Loss) for the period	(17,963)	-	(5,342)	(1,422,415)	(23,305) (1,422,415)
Balance, September 30, 2020	18,209,835	-	54,027	(18,614,454)	(350,592)

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

James Bay Resources Limited (the "Company" or "James Bay") was incorporated on November 5, 2007. The Company's shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ('CSE') under the symbol "JBR".

James Bay is a junior resource company originally focused on the acquisition and exploration of base and precious metal mineral properties, with activities centered in Canada. In 2011, the Company entered into a preliminary agreement to conduct due diligence to identify potential oil and gas acquisition targets in Nigeria. The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, James Bay Energy Nigeria Limited ("JBENL") has a 45% ownership interest in Crestar Integrated Natural Resources Limited ("CINRL" or "Crestar") with the remaining 55% portion held by an indigenous Nigerian corporation, Crestar Hydrocarbon Exploration and Production Company Limited ("CHEPCL").

The business of exploring for oil and gas involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable operations. The Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interests in its underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, the ability of the Company to secure an interest in new properties or the ability of the Company to complete additional financings, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements, unregistered claims, aboriginal claims and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements. The Company's assets may also be subject to increases in taxes and royalties, renegotiation of contracts, social licensing requirements, currency exchange fluctuations and restrictions, and political uncertainty.

As at September 30, 2021, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$1,534,173 (December 31, 2020 - \$1,135,843) and had an accumulated deficit of \$15,940,459 (December 31, 2020 - \$19,103,093) which has been funded primarily by the issuance of equity and debt. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise sufficient funds to meet its obligations as they become due. While the Company has been successful in securing financing in the past, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. Because of continuing operating losses, the Company's continuance as a going concern is dependent on its ability to obtain adequate financing and to reach profitable levels of operation. It is not possible to predict whether financing efforts will be successful or if the Company will attain profitable levels of operation.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to a going concern. Accordingly, they do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore, be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in the accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements. Such adjustments could be material. The material uncertainties noted above together may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The head office, principal address and records office of the Company is located at 110 Yonge St, Suite 501, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5C 1T4. These consolidated financial statements of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2021 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 15, 2021.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries were prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB") and in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim financial reporting. These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for the full annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the most recent audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year December 31, 2020. In addition, these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information. The policies set out below were consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise noted below.

3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective or adopted

IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment

The IASB issued an amendment to IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment to prohibit the deducting from property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while preparing an asset for its intended use. Instead, sales proceeds and its related costs must be recognized in profit or loss. The amendment will require companies to distinguish between costs associated with producing and selling items before the item of property, plant and equipment is available for use and costs associated with making the item of property, plant and equipment available for its intended use. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, with earlier application permitted. The Company assessed the implication of the amendment and concluded no material impact on the financial statements.

IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements

The IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements to clarify one of the requirements under the standard for classifying a liability as non-current in nature, specifically the requirement for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The amendment includes: (i) specifying that an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period; (ii) clarifying that classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement; (iii) clarifying how lending conditions affect classification; and (iv) clarifying requirements for classifying liabilities an entity will or may settle by issuing its own equity instruments. An assessment will be performed prior to the effective date of January 1, 2023 to determine the impact to the Company's financial statements.

4. PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

James Bay Energy Nigeria LLC, USA	100%
James Bay Energy Nigeria Limited, Nigeria	100%
D&H Energy Nigeria Limited, Nigeria	100%

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries consist of entities over which the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns as well as the ability to affect those returns through the power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Company and are de-consolidated from the date control ceases. The consolidated financial statements include all the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries after eliminating inter-entity balances and transactions.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements include estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, and the revision affects both current and future periods. Such estimates and assumptions affect the carrying value of assets, the determination of impairment charges of non-current assets, impact decisions as to when exploration and evaluation costs should be capitalized or expensed and affect estimates for asset retirement obligations and reclamation costs. Other significant estimates made by the Company include factors affecting valuations of share-based payments, warrants and income tax accounts. The Company regularly reviews its estimates and assumptions; however, actual results could differ from these estimates and these differences could be material.

(a) Capitalization of exploration and evaluation assets

Management has determined that exploration and evaluation costs incurred may have future economic benefits. In making this judgement, management has assessed various sources of information including but not limited to the geologic and metallurgic information, proximity of other operating facilities and discoveries, operating management expertise and existing permits. See Note 10 for details of exploration and evaluation assets.

(b) Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

While assessing whether any indications of impairment exist for exploration and evaluation assets, consideration is given to both external and internal sources of information. Information the Company considers includes changes in the market, economic and legal environment in which the Company operates that are not within its control that could affect the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. Internal sources of information include the manner in which exploration and evaluation assets are being used or are expected to be used and indications of expected economic performance of the assets. Estimates may include, but are not limited to, estimates of the discounted future cash flows expected to be derived from the Company's properties, costs to sell the properties and the appropriate discount rate.

Reductions in metal price forecasts, increases in estimated future costs of production, increases in estimated future capital costs, and/or adverse current economics can result in an impairment of the carrying amounts of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (continued)

(c) Income taxes

Provisions for taxes are made using the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid based on a qualitative assessment of all relevant factors. The Company reviews the adequacy of these provisions at the end of the reporting period. However, it is possible that at some future date an additional liability could result from audits by taxing authorities. Where the final outcome of these tax-related matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(d) Share-based payments and warrants

Management determines costs for share-based payments using market-based valuation techniques. The fair value of the market-based and performance-based share awards are determined at the date of grant using generally accepted valuation techniques. Assumptions are made and judgment used in applying valuation techniques. These assumptions and judgments include estimating the future volatility of the stock price, expected dividend yield, future employee turnover rates and future employee stock option exercise behaviours and corporate performance. Such judgments and assumptions are inherently uncertain. Warrants are valued in a similar way. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value estimates.

(e) Valuation of investment in associate

The valuation of investment in associate is assessed when events occur that indicate impairment. These indicators include a significant technical difficulty regarding the investee operations, significant adverse changes in the market, economic, or legal environment in which the investee operates, changes in the investee's financial condition, significant financial difficulty of the investee and the investee's liquidity.

(f) Contingencies Refer to Note 19.

(g) Estimated useful life property and equipment, depreciation

Management estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period during which the assets are expected to be available for use. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for depreciation of property and equipment for any period are affected by these estimated useful lives. The estimates are reviewed at least annually and are updated if expectations change as a result of physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits to use. It is possible that changes in these factors may cause significant changes in the estimated useful lives of the Company's property and equipment in the future.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

6. EQUIPMENT

Cont	Office equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Computer equipment	Vehicles	ROU	Total
Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u> </u>
Balance, December 31, 2019	21,366	126,381	46,253	22,946	197,103	414,049
Disposal	(3,976)	(684)	_	-	-	(4,660)
Addition	-	-	-	-	6,309	6,309
Balance December 31, 2020	45.000	107.507	4 5 0 50	22.046	202 442	44 7 500
and September 30, 2021	17,390	125,697	46,253	22,946	203,413	415,699
	Office	Furniture	Computer	** * * *	D.071	75 . 1
Accumulated amortization	equipment	and fixtures	equipment	Vehicles	ROU	Total
	\$	\$	D	\$	\$	\$
Balance December 31, 2019	14,065	125,537	45,161	18,888	58,598	262,249
Depreciation	1,472	160	601	1,478	66,837	70,548
Balance, December 31, 2020	15,537	125,697	45,762	20,366	125,435	332,797
Depreciation	1,853	-	491	-	50,128	52,472
Balance, September 30, 2021	17,390	125,697	46,253	20,366	175,564	385,270
	Office	Furniture	Computer		ROU	
C	equipment	and fixtures	equipment	Vehicles	ф	Total
Carrying value	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2020	1,853	-	491	2,580	75,063	79,987
Balance, September 30, 2021	-	-	-	2,373	27,849	30,429

As at September 30, 2021, the net book value of the Company's property and equipment by geographic location is as follows: Canada \$nil (December 31, 2020 - \$80,322) and Nigeria \$2,373 (December 31, 2020 - \$2,579).

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

7. INVESTMENT IN CERRADO GOLD INC.

On November 8, 2018, the Company announced that the Board of Directors approved an investment (the "Investment") of US\$1.5 million to acquire 3,333,334 common shares from the treasury of Cerrado Gold Inc. ("Cerrado" or "Cerrado Gold"). The Investment represented approximately 14% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Cerrado Gold on November 8, 2018.

Cerrado, through its 100%-owned Brazilian subsidiaries Templewood Mineração e Participações Societárias Ltda ("Templewood") and Serra Alta Mineração Ltda. ("Serra Alta") owns the Monte de Carmo Gold Project ("MDC") in the State of Tocantins, Brazil and the Minera Don Nicholas mine in Santa Cruz province, Argentina.

On February 19, 2021, Cerrado completed a reverse takeover ("RTO") transaction with BB1 Acquisition Corp. ("BB1") whereby Cerrado amalgamated with a wholly owned subsidiary of BB1 and the shareholders of BB1 received corresponding securities of Cerrado on a 1:8.3 basis for the issuance of Cerrado shares and options. Cerrado continued under the name Cerrado Gold Inc. following the completion of the RTO and began trading its common shares on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol CERT.

Mr. Stephen Shefsky, President, Chief Executive Officer and a director of James Bay, is also a director and a shareholder of Cerrado Gold. Mr. Mark Brennan, a former director of James Bay, is also a director and a shareholder of Cerrado Gold. As at March 31, 2021, the Company's, Mr. Shefsky's and Mr. Brennan's shareholdings were 4.73%, 3.89% and 4.83% respectively. As at March 31, 2021, the aggregated shareholdings between the Company and its common directors was approximately 13.44%. Due to the common directors and the Company's shareholding in Cerrado Gold, it was determined that as of March 31, 2021 the Company continues to exercise significant influence over Cerrado Gold and the investment is accounted for on an equity basis as of March 31, 2021.

On April 30, 2021, Mr. Mark Brennan resigned as a director of James Bay. This event triggered a change of accounting policy. Cerrado Gold no longer met the definition of an associate. Therefore, the Company's investment in Cerrado Gold was reclassified as an available-for-sale investment. Upon discontinuing the use of the equity method, an investment, if a financial asset, is to be measured at fair value and the difference between the fair value and the carrying value of the investment recognized in profit or loss.

On April 30, 2021, the Company recorded a \$101,642 net gain from investment in Cerrado Gold. The balance comprised of the \$25,019 share of Cerrado Gold loss in the first quarter under the equity method and the \$126,661 realized gain from the sale of 100,000 shares between April 1, 2021 and April 30, 2021.

Upon reclassification as an available investment, the Company recorded a \$4,372,052 gain (\$4,609,859 net of \$237,807 other comprehensive loss). The Company sold 433,333 shares between May 1, 2021 and September 30, 2021. The Company recognized a gain in the amount \$480,348. Cerrado's share price decreased from \$1.49 to \$1.44 between April 30, 2021 and September 30, 2021, resulting in an unrealized loss recognition of \$145,000. At September 30, 2021, the fair value of the 2,900,000 common shares of Cerrado Gold was \$4,176,000.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

8. PETROLEUM PROPERTY INTERESTS

OML 25 PROJECT

In June 2014, Crestar Integrated Natural Resources Limited ("CINRL") (see Note 17) was selected as the winning bidder for a 45% participating interest in active Oil Mining Lease No. 25 ("OML 25") in the Niger Delta region, offered by joint venture partners: The Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria Limited, Total E&P Nigeria Limited, and Nigerian AGIP Oil Company Limited (collectively the "Shell JV"). CINRL obtained terms for a loan from a prospective future investor, for the full purchase price of OML 25.

The Company, through Crestar, is engaged in arbitration before the International Chamber of Commerce (International Court of Arbitration) against The Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria Limited, Total E&P Nigeria Limited and Nigerian Agip Oil Company Limited, in relation to claims involving its interest in OML 25 and has filed a Respondent /Counterclaimant Statement of Defence and Counterclaim in the arbitration.

Pursuant to the agreement with the Company's litigation counsel, James Bay is to pay 30% of the legal fees, to a cap of US\$1.25 M. The terms of the 70% accrued fees ("Accrued Fees") are contingent as follows:

- 1. If the Arbitration is resolved prior to the date on which the hearing is scheduled to commence, James Bay shall pay litigation counsel an amount equal to three times the Accrued Fees.
- 2. If the Arbitration is not resolved prior to the commencement date of the Hearing, James Bay shall pay litigation counsel an amount equal to five times the Accrued Fees.

In addition to the Accrued Fees, James Bay has agreed to pay litigation counsel a success fee equal to 2% of any sums recovered by Crestar at resolution of the Arbitration, whether through settlement, award or otherwise.

The maximum legal fees exposure is US\$375,000. The Company has paid US\$229,800 with the remaining balance of \$145,200 included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at September 30, 2021. Subsequent to period end, the Company paid US\$35,000 for a total payment of US\$264,800 to the litigation counsel. Also included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is US\$115,000 for the arbitration panel. The balance was paid subsequent to period end.

9. LEASES

	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
	\$	\$
Total lease payable	60,855	81,140
Effect of discounting	(40,737)	(3,589)
Present value of lease payable	20,118	77,551
Less: current portion	(20,118)	(77,551)
Long-term lease payable	-	-

10. SHAREHOLDER LOAN

The President and CEO of the Company had extended a loan to finance the working capital of the Company. The loan bears an interest rate of 4.75% and is due on demand. As at September 30, 2021, the Company owed \$272,287 which includes accrued interest in the amount of \$20,543.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

11. CANADA EMERGENCY BUSINESS ACCOUNT (CEBA)

On April 15, 2020 and December 18, 2020, the Company received a loan of \$40,000 and \$20,000 respectively pursuant to the Canada Emergency Business Account ("CEBA"). The CEBA provides zero-interest, partially forgivable loans of up to \$60,000 to small businesses that have experienced diminished revenues due to COVID-19 but face ongoing non-deferrable costs, such as rent, utilities, insurance, taxes, and employment costs. If the balance of the loan is repaid on or before December 31, 2022, 25% of the loan will be forgiven. The loan bears no interest until December 31, 2022, at which point if unpaid, it will convert to a three-year term loan bearing interest at 5% per annum.

Proceeds	\$60,000
Benefit from favourable interest rate	13,184
Initial carrying amount	46,816
Interest Expense	\$6,098
Balance	\$52,914

The loan was initially measured at its fair value of \$46,816 and is subsequently measured at amortized cost, using an effective interest rate of 10%. During the period ended September 30, 2021, \$6,098 of interest expense related to the CEBA loan was recognized and included in accretion expense in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. The Company received a benefit of \$13,184 due to the below-market interest rate on the CEBA loan. This benefit was initially recognized as a deferred gain and was recognized as income as the Company used the proceeds from the loan to fund its operational expenditures.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

12. SHARE CAPITAL

- (a) Authorized Unlimited common shares, with no par value
- **(b)** Issued -54,014,068 common shares

	#	\$
Balance, December 31 2019	46,697,401	18,028,167
Private placement (i)	4,316,667	259,000
Warrants attached to units	-	(59,369)
Share issue costs	-	(17,963)
Balance, December 31, 2020	51,014,068	18,209,835
Private placement (ii)	3,000,000	300,000
Warrants attached to units	-	(127,500)
Share issue costs		(2,335)
Balance, September 30, 2021	54,014,068	18,380,000

- (i) On July 31, 2020, the Company raised proceeds of \$259,000 by way of a non-brokered private placement of 4,316,667 units at a price of \$0.06 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share for 2 years at an exercise price of \$0.12 per common share. The Company paid a total of \$23,305 for legal and filing fees and other cash-related share issue costs.
- (ii) On July 8, 2021, the Company announced the closing of a non-brokered private placement (the "Offering") of 3,000,000 units ("Units") at a price of \$0.10 per Unit, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$300,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share (a "Common Share") and one Common Share purchase warrant (each a "Warrant") in the capital of James Bay. Each Warrant is exercisable for a Common Share at a price of \$0.15 for 2 years from the date of issuance.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS RESERVE

The Company has an incentive stock option plan (the "Plan") whereby the Company can grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants, options to purchase shares of the Company. The Plan provides for the issuance of stock options to acquire up to 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding capital at the time of granting of options for a maximum term of five years. In no case (calculated at the time of grant) shall the Plan result in:

- the number of options granted in a 12-month period to any one consultant exceeding 2% of the issued shares of the Company;
- the aggregate number of options granted in a 12-month period to any one individual exceeding 5% of the outstanding shares of the Company;
- the number of options granted in any 12-month period to employees or consultants undertaking investor relations activities exceeding in aggregate 2% of the issued shares of the Company;
- the aggregate number of common shares reserved for issuance to any one individual upon the exercise of options granted under the Plan or any previously established and outstanding stock option plans or grants exceeding 5% of the issued shares of the Company in any 12-month period.

The following reconciles the share options outstanding:

	September 30, 2021		Decemb	December 31, 2020	
		Weighted		Weighted	
	Number	average	Number	average	
	of options	exercise price	of options	exercise price	
	#	\$	#	\$	
Balance, beginning of year	-	-	5,150,000	0.29	
Expired May 4, 2020	-	-	(4,900,000)	0.25	
Expired September 15, 2020			(250,000)	0.30	
Balance, end of period		- -	-	-	

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

14. WARRANT RESERVE

	#	\$
Balance, December 31, 2018	151,313	3 40,171
Warrants expired, October 30, 2019	(50,000	(23,226)
Warrants expired, December 19, 2019	(101,31	(16,945)
Balance, December 31, 2019	-	-
Warrants ⁽ⁱ⁾	4,316,6	59,369
Warrant issue costs	-	(5,342)
Balance, December 31, 2020	4,316,6	54,027
Warrants ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	3,000,0	127,500
Warrant issue costs	-	(1,726)
Balance, September 30, 2021	7,316,6	179,801

- (i) In connection with July 31, 2020 private placement (Note 13), the Company issued 4,136,667 warrants which entitle the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.12 for a period of 2 years. The estimated fair value of the warrants of \$59,369 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: an expected dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 100%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.27% and an expected life of 2 years.
- (ii) In connection with July 8, 2021 private placement (Note 13), the Company issued 3,000,000 warrants which entitle the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.15 for a period of 2 years. The estimated fair value of the warrants of \$127,500 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: an expected dividend yield of 0%, expected volatility of 100%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.48% and an expected life of 2 years.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

15. INVESTMENT IN CRESTAR INTEGRATED NATURAL RESOURCE ("CINRL")

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary JBENL has a 45% ownership interest in CINRL with the remaining 55% portion held by an indigenous Nigerian corporation, Crestar Hydrocarbon Exploration and Production Company Limited ("CHEPCL").

During the period ended September 30, 2021, the Company recorded a loss on equity investment in CINRL of \$486,981 (December 31, 2020 - \$185,395). As at September 30, 2021, the Company recorded impairment of equity investment of \$591,794 (December 31, 2020 - \$226,595). The majority of expenses incurred in CINRL pertains to arbitration fees in connection with OML-25. The Company incurred approximately \$449,000 in arbitration costs as at September 30, 2021. This includes legal and arbitration panel fees.

The following is a summary of the financial information for CINRL for the period ended September 30, 2021 and 2020:

	USD September 30, 2021 \$	USD December 31, 2020 \$
Total current assets Total current liabilities Total non-current asset	89,270 2,491,133	73,820 89,270 1,943,810
Total comprehensive loss	102,097	347,428

16. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of its properties. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity attributable to common shareholders comprised of common shares, warrant reserve, share-based payments reserve, and deficit. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a lending institution or regulatory body, other than of the CSE which requires adequate working capital of \$50,000. As of September 30, 2021, the Company is not in compliance with the policies of the CSE.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below. There have been no significant changes in the risks, objectives, policies and procedures from the previous period.

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable is remote.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have liquidity to meet liabilities when due. At September 30, 2021, the Company had cash of \$104,520 (December 31, 2020 - \$55,663) to settle current liabilities of \$1,656,837 (December 31, 2020 - \$1,213,283). The Company has a working capital deficiency of \$1,534,173 (December 31, 2020 - \$1,135,843). The Company's current financial liabilities generally have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

Market risk

(a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term guaranteed investment certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. The Company's convertible debentures bear interest at a fixed interest rate.

(b) Price risk

The ability of the Company to pursue its resource interests and the future profitability of the Company is directly related to the market price of oil and gas.

(c) Foreign currency risk

The Company is subject to foreign exchange risk as the Company has certain assets and liabilities, and makes certain expenditures, in US dollars and Nigerian Naira. The Company is therefore subject to gains and losses due to fluctuations in the US dollar and the Nigerian Naira relative to the Canadian dollar. The Company does not hedge its foreign exchange risk.

Sensitivity analysis

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following movements are reasonably possible over a twelve-month period.

Fair value

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and convertible debentures approximate their fair value due to the relatively short periods to maturity of the financial instruments. Management believes the carrying value of the convertible debentures approximates its fair value. The derivative liabilities are recorded at their estimated fair values.

Fair value hierarchy and liquidity risk disclosure

Fair value measurements are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy shall have the following levels: (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1); (b) inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices) (Level 2); and (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements include balances and transactions with directors and officers of the Company and/or corporations related to them. During the period ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company entered into the following transactions involving related parties:

For the period ended September 30, 2021, the Company incurred professional fees of \$37,766 (December 31, 2020 - \$194,263), of which approximately \$9,693 (December 31, 2020 - \$188,321) was charged by a law firm of which a partner is a director of the Company. As of September 30, 2021, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is an accumulated balance of approximately \$217,200 (December 31, 2020 - \$188,321) owing to this law firm.

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company.

The remuneration of key management personnel for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Management salaries	\$189,000	\$139,000
Director fees	30,000	=
_	\$219,000	\$139,000

During the period ended September 30, 2021, the Company paid \$43,200 and accrued \$145,800 (December 31, 2020 - paid \$64,800 and accrued \$187,200) to two executive officers, of which \$170,100 (December 31, 2020 - \$291,600) has been charged as management fees to CINRL.

At September 30, 2021, the Company has accrued a total of \$365,000 (December 31, 2020 - \$230,000) in management salary to the President and CEO. The amounts are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 Expressed in Canadian dollars

19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is party to certain management contracts, which contain clauses requiring additional payments of up to \$864,000 be made upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change of control and additional payments of up to \$872,000 be made upon termination of contracts. As a triggering event has not taken place, the contingent payments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements. As of September 30, 2021, under these management contracts, management has committed to \$522,000 of salaries and benefits due within one year.

James Bay had retained Mr. Olaniyan to serve as its subsidiary company James Bay Energy Nigeria Limited's ("JBENL") Chief Operating Officer and the Corporation's Country Manager in Nigeria pursuant to an employment agreement dated June 1, 2012. Mr. Olaniyan was subsequently appointed as the President and Chief Executive Officer of JBENL on December 4, 2014. The employment agreement had an initial term which ran until June 1, 2014 and had been automatically extended for additional consecutive one (1) year periods and was most recently extended for a further one (1) year term, until June 1, 2019. James Bay provided notice to Mr. Olaniyan on April 30, 2019 that it is not extending the employment agreement for a further one-year term, and it terminated and expired on June 1, 2019. James Bay has entered into an at-will consulting agreement with Mr. Olaniyan for any consulting services to be provided by Mr. Olaniyan to James Bay as may be required by James Bay in the future.

The Company's exploration and evaluation activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

The Company is party to legal proceedings in the ordinary course of its operations related to legally binding agreements with a third party. As at September 30, 2021, one such proceeding was ongoing. The Company believes this claim to be without merit. Management does not expect the outcome of this proceeding to have a materially adverse effect on the results of the Company's financial position or results of operations and therefore this amount has not been reflected in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements. Should any losses result from the resolution of this dispute, that amount will be charged to operations in the year that it is determined.

20. COVID-19 (coronavirus)

The global outbreak of COVID-19 had a significant impact on businesses through restrictions put in place by the Canadian government regarding travel, business operations and isolations/quarantine orders. At this time, it is unknown the extent of the impact the COVID-19 outbreak may have on the Company as this will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and that cannot be predicted with confidence. These uncertainties arise from the inability to predict the ultimate geographic spread of the disease and the duration of the outbreak, including the duration of travel restrictions, business time, or disruptions and quarantine/isolation measures that are currently, or may be put, in place by Canada and other countries to fight the virus. While the extent of the impact is unknown, we anticipate that this outbreak may cause supply chain disruptions, staff shortages and increased government regulations, all of which may negatively impact the Company's business and financial condition. The Company has put in place strict health protocols to safeguard the health and wellbeing of its staff. The Company's management and staffs work from home. While the extent of the impact is unknown, the President and CEO of the Company has continued to seek equity financing and extend loans to finance the working capital of the Company.