



VIPER GOLD LTD.
(formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Notice to Readers:

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements of Viper Gold Ltd. (the “Company”) have not been reviewed by the auditors of the Company. This notice is being provided in accordance with Section 4.3 (3) (a) of National Instrument 51-102 - *Continuous Disclosure Obligations*.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)			
Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position			
<i>(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)</i>			
		As at June 30, 2012	As at December 31, 2011
	Notes		
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 51,315	\$ 98,813
Amounts receivable		8,792	43,004
Prepaid expenses and deposits		5,281	10,572
Total current assets		65,388	152,389
Equipment	5	1,622	2,132
Exploration and evaluation assets	6	1,203,592	1,171,592
Total assets		\$ 1,270,602	\$ 1,326,113
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13	\$ 11,136	\$ 42,591
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	7	1,519,051	1,487,051
Warrants	7	396,738	396,738
Share-based payments reserve	8	174,717	174,717
Deficit		(831,040)	(774,984)
Total equity		1,259,466	1,283,522
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 1,270,602	\$ 1,326,113
<i>Going concern (note 2)</i>			
<i>Commitments and contingencies (notes 6 and 12)</i>			
Approved on Behalf of the Board:			
<i>Joseph Del Campo</i>			<i>Paul C. Davis</i>
Director			Director
<i>The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.</i>			

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)					
Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss					
<i>(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)</i>					
		For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
		June 30,		June 30,	
	Notes	2012	2011	2012	2011
Expenses					
Share-based payments	8	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139,314
General and administrative expenses		10,350	41,550	24,365	112,779
Professional and consulting fees		13,994	62,087	31,181	74,315
Depreciation		255	104	510	208
		24,599	103,741	56,056	326,616
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period					
		\$ (24,599)	\$ (103,741)	\$ (56,056)	\$ (326,616)
Basic and diluted loss per share					
Basic and diluted loss per share	9	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.03)
Weighted average number of common shares					
		12,605,000	12,005,000	12,605,000	11,890,000
<i>The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.</i>					

Viper Gold Inc. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)							
Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity							
<i>(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)</i>							
		Capital stock		Warrants	Share-based payments reserve	Deficit	Total Equity
	Notes	Number of shares	Amount				
Balance at December 31, 2011		12,205,000	\$ 1,487,051	\$ 396,738	\$ 174,717	\$ (774,984)	\$ 1,283,522
Issued to for mineral properties	7 (a)(i)	400,000	32,000	-	-	-	32,000
Net loss		-	-	-	-	(56,056)	(56,056)
Balance at June 30, 2012		12,605,000	\$ 1,519,051	\$ 396,738	\$ 174,717	\$ (831,040)	\$ 1,259,466
Balance at December 31, 2010		11,705,000	\$ 1,375,051	\$ 422,583	\$ 44,582	\$ (242,785)	\$ 1,599,431
Issued to for mineral properties	7 (a)(i)	300,000	72,000	-	-	-	72,000
Share-based payments	8	-	-	-	139,314	-	139,314
Net loss		-	-	-	-	(326,616)	(326,616)
Balance at June 30, 2011		12,005,000	\$ 1,447,051	\$ 422,583	\$ 183,896	\$ (569,401)	\$ 1,484,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)					
Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows					
<i>(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)</i>					
		For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
		June 30,		June 30,	
	Notes	2012	2011	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss for the period		\$ (24,599)	\$ (103,741)	\$ (56,056)	\$ (326,616)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows:					
Non-cash adjustments:					
Depreciation		255	104	510	208
Share-based payments	8	-	-	-	139,314
		(24,344)	(103,637)	(55,546)	(187,094)
Working capital adjustments:					
(Increase) decrease in amounts receivable		36,827	(12,375)	34,212	(5,126)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		2,645	(28,544)	5,291	(30,307)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(38,777)	384,551	(31,455)	310,898
Net cash flows (used in) operating activities		(23,649)	239,995	(47,498)	88,371
Cash flows used in investing activities					
Purchase of equipment		-	(1,797)	-	(1,797)
Exploration and evaluation assets		-	(651,284)	-	(651,284)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		-	(653,081)	-	(653,081)
Net cash flows from financing activities					
		-	-	-	-
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(23,649)	(413,086)	(47,498)	(564,710)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of period		74,964	1,171,975	98,813	1,323,599
Cash and cash equivalents - End of the period		\$ 51,315	\$ 758,889	\$ 51,315	\$ 758,889
Supplemental information:					
Common shares issued for interest in exploration properties	7 (a)(i)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,000	\$ 72,000
Interest paid		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.) (the "Company") was incorporated pursuant to the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta) on January 29, 2008. Until August 19, 2010, the Company was classified as a capital pool company as defined by TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV") Policy 2.4. During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company completed its Qualifying Transaction, namely, the optioning of the Corongo Property as described in Note 6. The Company is a public corporation whose shares are listed and posted for trading on the TSXV under the symbol "VPR" (formerly "LEB"). The Company is in the business of acquiring and exploring mineral properties with a view to finding and developing mineable deposits of precious and base metals.

The address of the Company's executive office is: First Canadian Place, Suite 5700, 100 King Street West, Toronto, Ontario, M5X 1C7, Canada.

The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of the carrying value of exploration properties and the Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, or the ability of the Company to raise alternative financing, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis. Changes in future conditions could require material write downs of the carrying values. The Company's interest in the Corongo Property is located outside of Canada and is subject to the risk of foreign investment, including increases in taxes and royalties, renegotiation of contracts, currency exchange fluctuations, and political uncertainties.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current state of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements.

2. GOING CONCERN

The Company is in the exploration and evaluation stage and has an interest in certain mineral claims in Peru and Canada, from which no revenue has yet been generated. The exploration and development of mineral properties involves significant financial risk, with recoverability of costs incurred being subject to future profitable production from economically recoverable reserves and/or financing through issuance of shares or sale of property interests.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and the payment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. Accordingly, they do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business at amounts different from those in these financial statements. Such adjustments could be material. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to obtain the necessary financing to meet ongoing administration expenses and related liabilities as they fall due.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

These condensed interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 9, 2012.

(b) Basis of preparation

These condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars. The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis. In addition, these financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

(c) Recent accounting pronouncements

Certain pronouncements were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") that are mandatory for accounting periods after July 1, 2012 or later periods. Many are not applicable or do not have a significant impact to the Company and have been excluded from the discussion below. The following have not yet been adopted and are being evaluated to determine their impact on the Company.

- IFRS 9 - *Financial instruments* ("IFRS 9") was issued by the IASB in October 2010 and will replace IAS 39 - *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. IASB has proposed to move the effective date of IFRS 9 to January 1, 2015.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

(c) Recent accounting pronouncements (continued)

- IFRS 10 - *Consolidated financial statements* ("IFRS 10") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 10 is a new standard which identifies the concept of control as the determining factor in assessing whether an entity should be included in the financial statements of the parent company. Control is comprised of three elements: power over an investee; exposure to variable returns from an investee; and the ability to use power to affect the reporting entity's return. IFRS 10 is effective for annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier adoption is permitted.
- IFRS 11 - *Joint arrangements* ("IFRS 11") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 11 is a new standard which focuses on classifying joint arrangements by their rights and obligations rather than their legal form. Entities are classified into two groups: parties having rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of an arrangement, and rights to the net assets of an arrangement. Entities in the former case account for assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses in accordance with the arrangement, whereas entities in the latter case account for the arrangement using the equity method. IFRS 11 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier application is permitted.
- IFRS 12 - *Disclosure of interests in other entities* ("IFRS 12") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 12 is a new standard which provides disclosure requirements for entities reporting interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, special purpose vehicles, and off balance vehicles. IFRS 12 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier application is permitted.
- IFRS 13 - *Fair value measurement* ("IFRS 13") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 13 is a new standard which provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement considerations for use across IFRSs. The key points of IFRS 13 are as follows:
 - fair value is measured using the price in a principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market;
 - financial assets and liabilities with offsetting positions in market risks or counterparty credit risks can be measured on the basis of an entity's net risk exposure;
 - disclosures regarding the fair value hierarchy has been moved from IFRS 7 to IFRS 13, and further guidance has been added to the determination of classes of assets and liabilities;
 - a quantitative sensitivity analysis must be provided for financial instrument measured at fair value;
 - a narrative must be provided discussing the sensitivity fair value measurements categorized under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy to significant unobservable inputs; and
 - information must be provided on an entity's valuation processes for fair value measurements categorized under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

IFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier application is permitted.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

(d) Significant accounting judgments and use of estimates

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. The financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the statement of financial position date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

i. Capitalization of exploration and evaluation costs

Management has determined that exploration and evaluation costs incurred during the year have future economic benefits and are economically recoverable. In making this judgment, management has assessed various sources of information including but not limited to the geologic and metallurgic information, history of conversion of mineral deposits to proven and probable mineral reserves, scoping and feasibility studies, proximity of operating facilities, operating management expertise and existing permits. See note 6 for details of capitalized exploration and evaluation costs.

ii. Share-based payments

Management determines costs for share-based payments using market-based valuation techniques. The fair value of the market-based share awards are determined at the date of grant using generally accepted valuation techniques. Assumptions are made and judgment used in applying valuation techniques. These assumptions and judgments include estimating the future volatility of the stock price, expected dividend yield, future employee turnover rates and future employee stock option exercise behaviors and corporate performance. Such judgments and assumptions are inherently uncertain. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value estimates.

iii. Estimation of decommissioning and restoration costs and the timing of expenditure

The cost estimates are updated annually and are subject to review at regular intervals. Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities are estimated based on the Company's interpretation of current regulatory requirements, constructive obligations and are measured at fair value. Fair value is determined based on the net present value of estimated future cash expenditures for the settlement of decommissioning, restoration or similar liabilities that may occur upon decommissioning of the mine. Such estimates are subject to change based on changes in laws and regulations and negotiations with regulatory authorities.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

(d) Significant accounting judgments and use of estimates (continued)

iv. *Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets*

While assessing whether any indications of impairment exist for exploration and evaluation assets, consideration is given to both external and internal sources of information. Information the Company considers includes changes in the market, economic and legal environment in which the Company operates that are not within its control that could affect the recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets. Internal sources of information include the manner in which exploration and evaluation assets are being used or are expected to be used and indications of expected economic performance of the assets. Estimates include but are not limited to estimates of the discounted future after-tax cash flows expected to be derived from the Company's mining properties, costs to sell the properties and the appropriate discount rate. Reductions in metal price forecasts, increases in estimated future costs of production, increases in estimated future capital costs, reductions in the amount of recoverable mineral reserves and mineral resources and/or adverse current economics can result in a write-down of the carrying amounts of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets.

v. *Income taxes and recoverability of potential deferred tax assets*

In assessing the probability of realizing income tax assets recognized, management makes estimates related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax planning opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws. Future changes in tax laws could limit the Company from realizing the tax benefits from the deferred tax assets. The Company reassesses unrecognized income tax assets at each reporting period.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies that have been used in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are summarized in the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2011. These condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011.

5. EQUIPMENT

	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value
As at June 30, 2012	\$ 3,056	\$ 1,434	\$ 1,622
As at December 31, 2011	\$ 3,056	\$ 924	\$ 2,132

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Balance December 31, 2010	2011 Additions	2011 Write-Offs	Balance December 31, 2011	2012 Additions	Balance June 30, 2012
Corongo Property	\$ 330,982	\$ 793,901	\$ -	\$ 1,124,883	\$ 32,000	\$ 1,156,883
Campbell Lake Property	-	88,395	(88,395)	-	-	-
Currie-Bowman Property	-	46,709	-	46,709	-	46,709
	\$ 330,982	\$ 929,005	\$ (88,395)	\$ 1,171,592	\$ 32,000	\$ 1,203,592

Corongo:

On March 17, 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement ("Option Agreement") with Duran Ventures Inc. ("Duran"), an arm's length resources company, and its subsidiary Minera Aguila de Oro S.A.C. ("Minera"), providing for the right to acquire a 50% interest in certain mineral claims comprising a prospective gold property known as the Corongo Property in Peru. The Option Agreement was subsequently amended June 22, 2010 and August 5, 2010. The Option Agreement, as amended, provides for the acquisition of a 50% interest in certain mineral claims comprising the Corongo Property in consideration for: (i) the payment of US\$25,000 (\$25,247 paid) in cash upon execution of the Agreement, (ii) the Company incurring not less than US\$1,000,000 in exploration expenditures on the Corongo Property (US\$1,000,000 has been incurred) prior to March 10, 2012; and (iii) the issuance of 1,000,000 common shares in the capital of the Company as to: (a) 300,000 common shares on or prior to the closing of the Qualifying Transaction (issued and valued at \$45,000); (b) 300,000 common shares on or prior to March 10, 2011 (issued and valued at \$72,000); and (c) 400,000 common shares on or prior to March 10, 2012 (issued and valued at \$32,000). The Company is the operator of the project.

Campbell Lake:

On August 15, 2011, the Company entered into a property option agreement with a local prospector (the "Vendor"), whereby the Company could acquire an undivided 100% interest in certain unpatented mining claims known as the Campbell Lake Property, consisting of 96 claim units in northeastern Ontario. The Company could have earned a 100% interest over a two-year period by making option payments totaling \$100,000 (\$10,000 has been paid) and issuing 600,000 common shares (200,000 issued and valued at \$40,000). The Vendor was to retain a 2% Net Smelter Royalty, 1% of which could have been purchased by the Company for \$1,000,000.

On February 15, 2012, the Company terminated the option agreement on this property with the Vendor and has written off all expenditures of \$88,395 incurred on the property.

Currie-Bowman:

On August 8, 2011, the Company staked 369 unpatented mining claims in northern Ontario. The Company holds a 100% interest in the staked mining claims, which are valid for two years from the date of recording, and can be held for additional years by completing a minimum of \$400 of work per 16 hectare unit per year.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY

(a) Authorized, issued and outstanding shares

Authorized:

- unlimited number of common shares without par value
- unlimited number of preferred shares issuable in series

Issued:

12,605,000 and 12,205,000 common shares as at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

Transactions during the first six months of 2012 and for the year ended December 31, 2011 are as follows:

	<u>Number of Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Balance, December 31, 2010	11,705,000	\$1,375,051
Corongo option agreement (i)	300,000	72,000
Campbell Lake option agreement (i)	200,000	40,000
Balance, December 31, 2011	<u>12,205,000</u>	<u>\$1,487,051</u>
Corongo option agreement (i)	<u>400,000</u>	<u>32,000</u>
Balance, June 30, 2012	<u>12,605,000</u>	<u>\$1,519,051</u>

(i) Shares issued for mineral exploration properties

On March 10, 2011, the Company issued 300,000 common shares valued at \$0.24 per share (being the market value on the date of issue) to Duran pursuant to the Option Agreement (see Note 6).

On August 15, 2011, the Company issued 200,000 common shares valued at \$0.20 per share (being the market value on the date of issue) pursuant to the option agreement on the Campbell Lake Property (see Note 6).

On January 24, 2012, the Company issued 400,000 common shares valued at \$0.08 per share (being the market value on the date of issue) to Duran pursuant to the Option Agreement (see Note 6).

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY (continued)

(b) Warrants

Details of common share purchase warrants outstanding at June 30, 2012 are as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Exercise price	Expiry date
Share purchase warrants			
Issued on private placement	1,750,000	\$0.40	August 17, 2012
Issued on private placement	5,155,000	\$0.30	December 17, 2012
	6,905,000		

Common share purchase warrant transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2012 and for the year ended December 31, 2011 are as follows:

	June 30, 2012			December 31, 2011		
	Number of Warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Fair Value	Number of Warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Fair Value
Outstanding – beginning of the year	6,905,000	\$ 0.33	\$ 396,738	7,418,200	\$ 0.32	\$ 422,583
Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	(513,200)	0.24	(25,845)
Outstanding – end of the period	6,905,000	\$ 0.33	\$ 396,738	6,905,000	\$ 0.33	\$ 396,738

The weighted average remaining contractual life of the issued and outstanding warrants as at June 30, 2012 was 4 months.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

8. SHARE - BASED PAYMENTS – SHARE OPTION PLAN

The Company has adopted a stock option plan (the "Plan") for its directors, officers, employees and consultants to acquire common shares of the Company at a price determined by the fair market value of the shares at the date immediately preceding the date on which the option is granted. The terms and conditions of the options are determined by the Board of Directors.

The aggregate number of common stock options shall not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company, with no one individual being granted more than 5% of the issued and outstanding common shares. In addition, the exercise price of options granted under the plan shall not be lower than the exercise price permitted by the TSX Venture Exchange, and all options granted under the plan will have a term not to exceed five years.

A summary of the status of the Plan as at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, and changes during periods ended on those dates are presented below:

	June 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding – beginning of the year	1,006,000	\$0.30	500,000	\$0.20
Granted	-	-	581,000	\$0.38
Forfeited	-	-	(12,500)	\$0.40
Expired	-	-	(62,500)	\$0.24
Outstanding – end of the period	1,006,000	\$0.30	1,006,000	\$0.30

As at June 30, 2012, the Company had stock options issued to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company outstanding as follows:

Date of grant	Number of options	Exercisable	Exercise price	Expiry date	Weighted average remaining contractual life
July 10, 2008	250,000	250,000	\$0.20	July 10, 2013	1.04 years
August 17, 2010	200,000	200,000	\$0.20	August 17, 2015	3.13 years
January 26, 2011	456,000	456,000	\$0.40	January 26, 2016	3.58 years
March 29, 2011	100,000	100,000	\$0.26	March 29, 2016	3.75 years
	1,006,000	1,006,000			2.88 years

No options were granted during the six month period ended June 30, 2012.

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. SHARE - BASED PAYMENTS – SHARE OPTION PLAN (continued)

On January 26, 2011, the Company granted a total of 481,000 stock options to directors, officers and a consultant of the Company, exercisable at a price of \$0.40 per common share for a period of five years from the date of grant. The 456,000 options granted to directors and officers vested immediately. The 25,000 options granted to the consultant vested as to ¼ on each of the 3rd, 6th, 9th, and 12th month anniversaries of the date of grant. The 25,000 options have expired unexercised in 2011.

On March 29, 2011, the Company granted options to a director of the Company to acquire an aggregate of 100,000 stock options, exercisable at a price of \$0.26 per common share for a period of five years from the date of grant, all of which vested immediately.

The grant date fair value of the options granted in the year ended December 31, 2011 was estimated to be \$139,870. This amount was recognized as a share-based payment expense in the year ended December 31, 2011 as substantially all of the options vested immediately. The related credit is included in the share-based payments reserve.

The fair value of the options granted was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following range of assumptions:

	<u>2011</u>
Risk-free interest rate	2.56% - 2.71%
Expected life	5 years
Expected volatility	100%
Dividend yield	nil
Exercise price	\$0.26 - \$0.40
Grant date fair value per option	\$0.20 - \$0.25

9. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	For the three months ended		For the six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (24,599)	\$ (103,741)	\$ (56,056)	\$ (326,616)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	12,605,000	12,005,000	12,605,000	11,890,000
Basic loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.03)

Viper Gold Ltd. (formerly LeBoldus Capital Inc.)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. LOSS PER SHARE (continued)

(b) Diluted

Diluted loss per share has not been presented as issued and outstanding warrants and options are considered to be anti-dilutive.

10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below. There have been no changes in the risks, objectives, policies and procedures from the previous year.

(a) Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and amounts receivables. Cash is held with a reputable Canadian financial institution, from which management believes the risk of loss is remote. Financial instruments included in amounts receivable consists of harmonized sales tax due from the Federal Government of Canada. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in amounts receivable is minimal.

(b) Liquidity risk

As at June 30, 2012, the Company had working capital of \$54,252 (December 31, 2011 - \$109,798). The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. The Company has a sufficient cash balance to settle current liabilities.

(c) Market risk

At the present time, the Company does not hold any interest in a mining property that is in production. The Company's viability and potential success depends on its ability to develop, exploit, and generate revenue from the development of mineral deposits. Revenue, cash flow, and profits from any future mining operations in which the Company is involved will be influenced by precious and/or base metal prices and by the relationship of such prices to productions costs. Such prices can fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control.

(d) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. The Company is required to make all exploration expenditures required under the Option Agreement in US dollars (Note 6). As at June 30, 2012, the Company had cash balances of \$883 (December 31, 2011 - \$972) in U.S. dollars.

Sensitivity to a plus or minus 5% change in the foreign exchange rate would not have had a material effect to the net loss for the six month period ended June 30, 2012.

The Company does not undertake currency hedging activities to mitigate its foreign currency risk.

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AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
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10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has cash balances and currently does not carry interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its financial institutions. It is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

(f) Commodity price risk

The ability of the Company to develop its properties and the future profitability of the Company is directly related to the market price of certain minerals.

(g) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The book values of the cash, amounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their respective fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

The fair values together with the carrying amounts shown in the statements of financial position are as follows:

	As at June 30,		As at December 31,	
	2012		2011	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Cash	\$ 51,315	\$ 51,315	\$ 98,813	\$ 98,813
Amounts receivable	8,792	8,792	43,004	43,004
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(11,136)	(11,136)	(42,591)	(42,591)

11. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company defines capital as Shareholders' Equity which at June 30, 2012 was \$1,259,466 (December 31, 2011 - \$1,283,522). The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in order to have the funds available to support its exploration, development and operations activities.

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration of its mineral properties and maximize shareholder returns. The Company satisfies its capital requirements through careful management of its cash resources and by utilizing bank indebtedness or equity issues, as necessary, based on the prevalent economic conditions of both the industry and the capital markets and the underlying risk characteristics of the related assets. As at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Company had no bank debt.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the six month period ended June 30, 2012 and for the year ended December 31, 2011. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
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12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(a) Consulting agreements

On August 31, 2011, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Paul C. Davis, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, to provide management services to the Company. The Company will pay Mr. Davis a per diem rate of \$650 to a maximum of \$4,000 monthly, along with a vehicle allowance of \$55 per day to a maximum of \$330 per month. The agreement is for a one year term, expiring August 31, 2012.

On January 1, 2012, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Joseph Del Campo, the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer, to provide management services to the Company. The Company will pay Mr. Del Campo a monthly fee of \$1,000. The agreement is for a one year term, expiring December 31, 2012.

(b) Office lease commitment

On February 14, 2011, the Company entered into a lease agreement for office space commencing May 1, 2011. The term of the lease is for a period of two years, expiring on April 30, 2013. As part of the agreement, the Company paid a rental deposit of \$1,233 to be applied to the first rental payment due and an additional \$1,253 to be held as a security deposit. Future minimum rental payments under this lease are as follows:

July 1, 2012 – December 31, 2012	\$ 7,515
January 1, 2013 – April 1, 2013	<u>\$ 3,758</u>
	<u>\$11,273</u>

(c) Environmental matters

The Company currently has an interest in exploration properties in Peru and Canada. The enforcement of environmental regulation in Peru is evolving and the enforcement posture of government authorities is continually being reconsidered. The Company periodically evaluates its obligations under environmental regulations.

The Company's exploration activities are subject to various federal and international laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011 (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

13. COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The remuneration of directors and members of key management personnel during the six month period ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was as follows:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Aggregate compensation	\$ 29,400	\$ 23,400
Share-based payments	\$ -	\$133,092
	<u>\$ 29,400</u>	<u>\$156,492</u>

No options were granted during the six month period ended June 30, 2012. The directors and key management were awarded the following share options under the employee share option plan during the six month period ended June 30, 2011.

Date of grant	Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry
January 26, 2011	456,000	\$0.40	January 26, 2016
March 29, 2011	100,000	\$0.26	March 29, 2016

During the six month period ended June 30, 2012, the Company incurred legal fees in the amount of \$6,047 (2011 - \$21,855) from a law firm of which a director is a partner, of which \$Nil (December 31, 2011 - \$Nil) was included in accounts payable.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2012, directors and officers of the Company were paid a total of \$29,400 (2011 - \$23,400) for services rendered as disclosed in the compensation table above, and \$4,900 (December 31, 2011 - \$6,110) is included in accounts payable. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

14. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company's only activity is mineral exploration and development. The Company's exploration property interests are located in Peru and Canada (see note 6). Substantially all of the Company's operating expenditures are incurred in Canada.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 31, 2012, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Agreement") with Kinross Gold Corporation ("Kinross") and Selkirk Metals Corp. ("Selkirk"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Imperial Metals Corporation on the Currie-Bowman Property, located 54 kilometres east of Timmins Ontario (the "Grindstone Creek Property"). Pursuant to the Agreement the Company can acquire 100% interest in the Grindstone Creek Property by earning 100% of the 60% participating interest currently held by Kinross and 100% of the 40% interest held by Selkirk, subject to the approval of the TSX Venture Exchange. The option requires expenditures totalling \$375,000 over 2 years, with the first \$125,000 committed to be expended during the first year of the Agreement in addition to staged share payments totalling 667,000 common shares of the Company, of which 167,000 are due within 10 days of completing a 30 day due diligence period. Kinross retains a 1% NSR and Selkirk retains a 0.67% NSR, 50% (or 0.835%) of which can be purchased by the Company for a total of \$835,000.