

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

November 30, 2015

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of Tanzania Minerals Corp. (the “Company”) have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company’s management. These financial statements, along with the accompanying notes, have been reviewed and approved by the members of the Company’s audit committee.

In accordance with Canadian Securities Administrators National Instruments 51-102, the Company discloses that these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company’s auditors.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)
AS AT

	November 30, 2015	February 28, 2015
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,970	\$ 251,304
Receivables	3,356	5,752
Prepaid expenses	21,774	28,378
	<u>43,100</u>	<u>285,434</u>
Investment (Note 7)	6,250	25,000
Due from Related Party (Note 9)	88,531	86,914
Equipment (Note 5)	63,290	71,979
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	4,449,661	4,218,641
	<u>\$ 4,650,832</u>	<u>\$ 4,687,968</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 9)	\$ 231,079	\$ 30,737
EQUITY		
Capital stock (Note 8)	13,660,966	13,660,966
Reserves (Note 8)	2,514,841	2,514,841
Deficit	(12,650,884)	(12,190,044)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	894,830	671,468
	<u>4,419,753</u>	<u>4,657,231</u>
	<u>\$ 4,650,832</u>	<u>\$ 4,687,968</u>

Nature of operations (Note 1)
Going concern (Note 2)
Commitments (Note 14)

Approved on behalf of the Board on January 28, 2016:

Sidney Soronow Director James Walchuck Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2014	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2014
Consulting fees	\$ 12,500	\$ 107,043	\$ 131,500	\$ 315,422
Depreciation (Note 5)	4,223	4,768	13,115	14,224
Foreign exchange gain	-	(9)	-	(2,415)
General and administrative expenses	22,259	89,696	134,231	268,092
Professional fees	22,066	51,313	107,267	144,512
Property examination (Note 9)	485	38,589	29,347	11,099
Share-based compensation (Note 8)	-	111,140	-	111,140
Travel and promotion	3	29,489	28,399	72,766
Finance income	(539)	(2,214)	(1,769)	(9,265)
Loss on fair value of investments	-	5,000	18,750	5,000
Gain from sale of assets	-	(1,323)	-	(6,627)
Loss for the period	(60,997)	(433,492)	(460,840)	(923,948)
Translation adjustment	(43,661)	136,476	(223,362)	69,480
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (104,658)	\$ (297,016)	\$ (684,202)	\$ (854,468)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted	72,153,197	72,153,197	72,153,197	72,153,197

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	For the nine months ended	
	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the period	\$ (460,840)	\$ (918,948)
Items not involving cash:		
Share-based compensation	-	111,140
Depreciation	13,115	14,224
Gain on sale of equipment	-	(6,627)
Accrued finance income	-	(403)
Loss on fair value of investment	18,750	-
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Decrease in receivables	2,396	14,906
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses	8,103	(3,083)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	200,955	(8,476)
Due from related party	(1,617)	(48,985)
Net cash used in operating activities	(219,138)	(846,252)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of equipment	-	(18,450)
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	(17,971)	(66,523)
Net cash used in investing activities	(17,971)	(84,973)
Effect of foreign exchange rate	3,775	(1,440)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(233,334)	(932,665)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	251,304	1,499,029
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 17,970	\$ 566,364
Cash paid during the period for:		
interest	\$ -	\$ -
income taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:		
Cash	\$ 17,970	\$ 62,908
Short term investments	-	503,456
	\$ 17,970	\$ 566,365

Supplemental disclosures with respect to cash flows (Note 10)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Capital Stock		Reserves	Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Number	Amount				
Balance, February 28, 2014	72,153,197	\$13,660,966	\$ 2,403,701	\$ (11,023,050)	\$ 320,817	\$ 5,362,434
Share-based compensation	-	-	111,140	-	-	111,140
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(918,948)	-	(918,948)
Fair value adjustment on investment	-	-	-	-	(5,000)	(5,000)
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(69,480)	(69,480)
Balance, November 30, 2014	72,153,197	\$ 13,660,966	\$ 2,514,841	\$ (11,941,998)	\$ 385,297	\$ 4,619,106
Balance, February 28, 2015	72,153,197	\$13,660,966	\$ 2,514,841	\$ (12,190,044)	\$ 671,468	\$ 4,657,231
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(460,840)	-	(460,840)
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	223,362	223,362
Balance, November 30, 2015	72,153,197	\$ 13,660,966	\$ 2,514,841	\$ (12,650,884)	\$ 894,830	\$ 4,419,753

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOVEMBER 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Tanzania Minerals Corp.(the “Company”) is an exploration stage company, and is in the business of exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Tanzania, Africa through its wholly owned subsidiary, Tansmin Resources (Tanzania) Limited (“Tansmin”). The Company was incorporated under the laws of the British Columbia on June 29, 2007. The Company has its head office at #450-800 West Pender, Vancouver, BC V6C 2V6.

To date, the Company has not earned significant revenues, and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

On July 22, 2010, the Company closed a transaction with a private company, 0886490 B.C. Ltd. (previously named Tanzania Minerals Corp) (“Privco”), whereby the Company acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Privco by issuing 48,332,027 common shares of the Company. The Company subsequently changed its name from Hill Top Resources Corp. to Tanzania Minerals Corp. The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) under the symbol “TZM.”

2. GOING CONCERN

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going-concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it does not give effect to adjustments, if any that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts which may differ from those shown in the consolidated financial statements. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to obtain additional equity financing and achieve future profitable operations.

As at November 30, 2015, the Company had a working capital deficit (excess of current liabilities over current assets) of \$187,979 (February 28, 2015 - \$254,697). The Company’s liquidity is dependent on its ability to obtain additional equity financing.

The Company is in the process of exploring and evaluating its exploration and evaluation assets and has not yet determined whether the properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those mineral reserves and upon future production or proceeds from the disposition thereof. The Company has not generated revenue from operations and will require additional financing to undertake further exploration and subsequent development of its exploration and evaluation assets. These conditions may cast significant doubt as to the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of compliance

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the nine months ending November 30, 2015, including comparatives, are prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s February 28, 2015 annual financial statements.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, or available-for-sale, which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on January 28, 2016.

Basis of measurement

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company, Privco, and Tansmin, which are wholly owned, and controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of Privco and Tansmin are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Critical accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments regarding the going concern of the Company, as discussed in Note 2, as well as the determination of functional currency. The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates, and has been determined for each entity within the Company. The functional currency for the Company and Privco has been determined to be the Canadian dollar, while the functional currency of Tansmin has been determined to be the United States (“US”) dollar.

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd...)

Critical accounting judgments and estimates (cont'd...)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences could be significant. Significant estimates made by management affecting our consolidated financial statements include:

Carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying amount of Company's exploration and evaluation assets does not necessarily represent present or future values, and the Company's exploration and evaluation assets have been accounted for under the assumption that the carrying amount will be recoverable. Recoverability is dependent on various factors, including the discovery of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the mineral properties themselves. Additionally, there are numerous geological, economic, environmental and regulatory factors and uncertainties that could impact management's assessment as to the overall viability of its properties or to the ability to generate future cash flows necessary to cover or exceed the carrying value of the Company's mineral properties. To the extent that any of management's assumptions change, there could be a significant impact on the Company's future financial position, operating results and cash flows.

Income taxes

The estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets and liabilities based on an assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions. Management assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets and liabilities will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets and liabilities is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, which in turn is dependent upon the successful discovery, extraction, development and commercialization of mineral reserves. To the extent that management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize future tax deductions changes, the Company would be required to recognize more or fewer deferred tax assets or liabilities, and deferred income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies followed by the Company are set out in Note 4 to the audited financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2015, and have been consistently followed in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Adoption of New Standards and Interpretations, and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective March 1, 2015, the following standard was amended but had no material impact on the financial statements.

- IFRS 7: Amended to require additional disclosures on transition from IAS 39 and IFRS 9, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the IASB or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”). The following has not yet been adopted by the Company and is being evaluated to determine its impact.

- IFRS 9: New standard that replaced IAS 39 for classification and measurement, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018

5. EQUIPMENT

Equipment consists of the following:

	Mining Tools and Equipment	Automotive	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Total
<u>Cost</u>					
Balance at February 28, 2014	\$ 39,942	\$ 86,294	\$ 13,213	\$ 18,438	\$ 157,887
Additions	-	-	36,673	131	36,804
Dispositions	-	(30,826)	(11,576)	-	(42,402)
Balance at February 28, 2015 and November 30, 2015	\$ 39,942	\$ 55,468	\$ 38,310	\$ 18,569	\$ 152,289
<u>Depreciation</u>					
Balance at February 28, 2014	\$ 23,520	\$ 60,206	\$ 9,702	\$ 14,305	\$ 107,733
Depreciation for the year	4,848	7,282	5,478	1,310	18,918
Accumulated depreciation of disposal	-	(28,015)	(2,661)	-	(30,676)
Balance at February 28, 2015	28,368	39,473	12,519	15,615	95,975
Depreciation for the period	3,146	4,725	4,381	864	13,115
Balance at November 30, 2015	\$ 31,514	\$ 44,198	\$ 16,900	\$ 16,479	\$ 108,961
<u>Translation adjustment</u>					
At February 28, 2015	\$ 3,407	\$ 6,507	\$ 4,588	\$ 1,163	\$ 15,665
At November 30, 2015	\$ 4,270	\$ 7,801	\$ 6,620	\$ 1,400	\$ 20,090
<u>Carrying amounts</u>					
At February 28, 2015	\$ 14,981	\$ 22,502	\$ 30,379	\$ 4,117	\$ 71,979
At November 30, 2015	\$ 12,698	\$ 19,072	\$ 28,031	\$ 3,489	\$ 63,290

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUGUST 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Ownership in mineral interests involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral interests. The Company has investigated ownership of its mineral interests and, to the best of its knowledge, such ownership interests are in good standing.

On August 9, 2012, (the "Closing Date") the Company entered into an option agreement with Karoo Exploration Corp. ("Karoo") a company with three directors and two officers in common with the Company, whereby Karoo can acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Songea and Lindi regions of southern Tanzania (the "Option"). In order to acquire the interest, Karoo must:

- (a) Issue 2,000,000 common shares to the Company as follows:
 - i. 1,000,000 common shares on or before August 9, 2014 (issued). See Note 7.
 - ii. an additional 500,000 common shares on or before the two year anniversary of the Closing Date. During the year ended February 28, 2015, Karoo and the Company agreed to extend the issuance of these shares to the third year anniversary, and
 - iii. an additional 500,000 common shares on or before the three year anniversary of the Closing Date. During the year ended February 28, 2015, Karoo and the Company agreed to extend the issuance of these shares to the fourth year anniversary.
- (b) Incur exploration expenditures totaling \$750,000 as follows:
 - i. \$150,000 on or before the one year anniversary of the Closing Date (completed);
 - ii. an additional \$250,000 on or before the two year anniversary of the Closing Date. During the year ended February 28, 2015, Karoo and the Company agreed to extend to the third year anniversary of the Closing Date. During the nine months ended November 30, 2015, Karoo and the Company agreed to extend to the fourth year anniversary of the Closing Date, and
 - iii. an additional \$350,000 on or before the three year anniversary of the Closing Date. During the year ended February 28, 2015, Karoo and the Company agreed to extend to the fourth year anniversary of the Closing Date. During the nine months ended November 30, 2015, Karoo and the Company agreed to extend to the fifth year anniversary of the Closing Date.

Upon exercise of the Option, the Company will retain a 2% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR"). One half of the NSR and a right of first refusal on the other half can be purchased by Karoo for \$2,000,000. The other half can be purchased by Karoo for \$5,000,000.

During the term of the Option, the Company will have the right to nominate two individuals to the Board of Directors of Karoo.

The Company has acquired 100% of certain exploration and evaluation assets and rights in Tanzania. Other than keeping the claims in good standing, the Company does not have any significant expenditure commitments on these properties. Details of the costs incurred are as follows:

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
NOVEMBER 30, 2015
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Balance, February 28, 2014	\$ 3,805,748
Acquisition costs	35,227
Administration fees	11,597
Consulting	63,181
Equipment sold (Note 9)	(13,185)
Shares received for mineral claims	(20,000)
Translation adjustment	336,073
Total for the year	<u>412,893</u>
Balance, February 28, 2015	\$ 4,218,641
Acquisition costs	3,781
Administration fees	6,352
Consulting	4,655
Translation adjustment	216,121
Total for the period	<u>231,020</u>
Balance, November 30, 2015	\$ 4,449,661
Cumulative Totals	
Acquisition costs	\$ 137,919
Administration fees	311,406
Consulting	1,081,136
Data	235,220
Drilling	1,353,897
Equipment	47,563
Leases	33,803
Travel	260,623
Shares received for mineral claims	(20,000)
Survey	182,521
Translation adjustment	<u>825,574</u>
Balance, November 30, 2015	\$ 4,449,661

7. INVESTMENT

During the year ended February 28, 2015, the Company received 1,000,000 common shares from Karoo as part of an option agreement (Note 6) and 250,000 common shares in order to extend the principal repayment to June 25, 2015, of the amount due from related party (Note 9). During the nine months ended November 30, 2015, the date was extended further to June 25, 2016 with no additional consideration given to the Company. The fair market value of the shares is as follows:

Balance, February 28, 2014	\$ -
Additions	25,000
Fair market value adjustment	(18,750)
Balance, February 28, 2015 and November 30, 2015	\$ 6,250

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES

The authorized capital stock of the Company is unlimited common shares without par value.

The authorized preferred shares of the Company is unlimited preferred shares without par value.

There were no capital stock transactions during the nine months ended November 30, 2015 or the year ended February 28, 2015.

Warrants

The following is a summary of warrants outstanding as at November 30, 2015 and February 28, 2015:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at February 28, 2014, February 28, 2015 and November 30, 2015	8,182,000	\$0.75

As at November 30, 2015, the Company had the following warrants outstanding:

Outstanding	Exercise Price	Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Expiry Date
8,182,000	\$ 0.75	0.02	December 6, 2015

Stock options

The Company has established a stock option plan pursuant to which options to purchase common shares may be granted to certain officers, directors, and employees of the Company as well as persons providing ongoing services to the Company. The exercise price of options is to equal at least the market price of the Company's stock on the date of grant. Stock options are exercisable for a five-year term in accordance with TSX-V policy. The options vest at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The number of common shares reserved for issuance may not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company.

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding and exercisable at February 28, 2014	3,900,000	\$ 0.68
Granted	3,150,000	0.05
Outstanding and exercisable at February 28, 2015	7,050,000	0.40
Forfeited	(2,275,000)	0.43
Outstanding and exercisable at November 30, 2015	4,775,000	\$ 0.39

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

At November 30, 2015 the following stock options were outstanding and exercisable:

Outstanding and Exercisable	Exercise Price	Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Expiry Date
1,850,000	\$ 0.90	0.26	March 3, 2016
200,000	\$ 0.27	1.19	February 8, 2017
2,725,000	\$ 0.05	3.99	November 24, 2019
4,775,000			

Share-based payments

The Company recognizes share-based payments expense for all stock options granted using the fair value based method of accounting. There were no stock options granted during the nine months ended November 30, 2015 and November 30, 2014.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties and related party transactions impacting the accompanying financial statements are summarized below and include transactions with the following individuals or entities:

Key management personnel

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

Remuneration attributed to key management personnel can be summarized as follows:

	For the nine months ended	
	November 30, 2015	November 30, 2014
Consulting and professional fees	\$ 179,000	\$ 314,000
Share-based compensation	-	85,560
	\$ 179,000	\$ 399,560

Other related parties

Other related parties include Encanto Potash Corp., a company with a common director; Karoo Exploration Corp. which has two directors in common with the Company; and 6362959 Manitoba Ltd., a company owned by an officer and director of Tansmin, a subsidiary of the Company.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOVEMBER 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (cont'd...)

Transactions entered into with related parties other than key management personnel that are not disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements include the following:

- a) Paid or accrued office rent of \$6,000 (November 30, 2014 - \$7,200) to Encanto Potash Corp.
- b) Paid or accrued office rent of \$5,800 (November 30, 2014 - \$11,100) to 6362959 Manitoba Ltd.
- c) The Company removed \$Nil (November 30, 2014 - \$13,185) from its exploration and evaluation assets, as this equipment was transferred to Karoo Exploration Corp. The value of this equipment is included in amounts due from related party.
- d) The Company incurred \$Nil (November 30, 2014 – recovered \$46,370) in property examination costs which it incurred on behalf of Karoo Exploration Corp. The recovery of these costs is included in amounts due from related party.

As at November 30, 2015, \$117,200 (February 28, 2015 \$8,300) was included in accounts payable due various related parties.

As at November 30, 2015, \$88,531 (February 28, 2015, \$86,914) was included in due from related party and is due from Karoo Exploration Corp. This amount accrues annual interest of 2.5%, starting June 25, 2014, payable quarterly.

On November 18, 2014, Karoo Exploration Corp. issued 250,000 common shares at a value of \$5,000 to extend the principal repayment date to June 25, 2015, on the note payable by one year. Subsequent to period end, the Company agreed to extend the principal repayment date to June 25, 2016 on the note payable with no additional consideration given to the Company.

The amounts due to related parties are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment.

10. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

The following were the significant non-cash transactions affecting cash flows from investing activities during the nine months ended November 30, 2015:

- a) Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$242 (February 28, 2015 - \$3,658) of exploration and evaluation asset expenditures.
- b) Included in due from related party is \$13,185 (February 28, 2015 - \$13,185) from the sale of equipment which was included in exploration and evaluation assets.

The following was the significant non-cash transaction affecting cash flows from investing activities during the nine months ended November 30, 2014:

- a) Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$4,400 (February 28, 2014 - \$338) of exploration and evaluation asset expenditures.
- b) Included in due from related party is \$13,185 (February 28, 2014 - \$nil) from the sale of equipment which was included in exploration and evaluation assets.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOVEMBER 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of exploration and evaluation assets. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

In the management of capital the Company considers components of equity.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage as such the Company has historically relied on the equity markets to fund its activities. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an on-going basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, due from related party, investment, and accounts payable. The Company has classified its cash and cash equivalents as fair value through profit or loss. The Company's receivables and due from related party are classified as loans and receivables. The Company's investment is classified as available for sale. The Company's accounts payable is classified as other financial liabilities. The fair value of the Company's receivables, and accounts payable approximate the carrying value, which is the amount on the consolidated statements of financial position due to their short-term maturities or ability of prompt liquidation. The Company's cash and cash equivalents and investment, under the fair value hierarchy are measured at fair value, based on level one quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

As at November 30, 2015, the Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company is financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company believes it has no significant credit risk as the majority of its cash is held at a large Canadian bank.

The Company's receivables consist mainly of input tax credits receivable from the Government of Canada, and amounts due from related parties and as a result the Company does not believe it is subject to significant credit risk.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at November 30, 2015, the Company had cash and equivalents of \$17,970 to settle current liabilities of \$231,079. The Company's liquidity is dependent on its ability to obtain additional equity financing.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd...)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash and cash equivalents balances and an amount due from related party which bears interest. The Company has no interest bearing debt. The interest earned on cash and cash equivalents and the amount due from related party is insignificant, and the Company does not rely on interest received to fund its operations. As a result, the Company is not at a significant risk to fluctuating interest rates.

b) Currency risk

The Company's operations are in Canada and Tanzania. The international nature of the Company's operations results in foreign exchange risk as transactions are denominated in foreign currency.

The operating results and the financial position of the Company are reported in Canadian dollars. The fluctuations of the operating currencies in relation to the Canadian dollar will, consequently, have an impact upon the reported results of the Company and may also affect the value of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Sensitivity Analysis

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following movements are "reasonably possible".

As at November 30, 2015, the majority of the Company's net US dollar financial assets are held by Tansmin, which has a US dollar functional currency. As at November 30, 2015, net financial assets denominated in US dollars, subject to a 10% change in the Canadian dollar versus the US dollar exchange rate would not have a significant impact on loss and comprehensive loss.

The Company also has an insignificant amount of net assets denominated in the Tanzanian shilling. A 10% change in the Tanzanian shilling versus the Canadian dollar would also not have a significant impact on loss and comprehensive loss.

The Company has not entered into any agreements or purchased any instruments to hedge possible currency risks at this time.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. As at November 30, 2015, the Company was exposed to price risk on its \$6,250 investment. A 10% change in the share price of the investment would change comprehensive loss by approximately \$625. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold and copper, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company primarily operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration, and evaluation of resource properties located in Tanzania. Geographic information is as follows:

	Total assets	Equipment	Exploration and evaluation assets	Investment	Due from related party	Other assets
November 30, 2015						
Canada	\$ 109,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,250	\$ 88,531	\$ 14,385
Tanzania	4,541,665	63,290	4,449,661	-	-	28,714
	\$ 4,650,831	\$ 63,290	\$ 4,449,661	\$ 6,250	\$ 88,531	\$ 43,100

	Total assets	Equipment	Exploration and evaluation assets	Investment	Due from related party	Other assets
February 28, 2015						
Canada	\$ 354,397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ 86,914	\$ 242,483
Tanzania	4,333,571	71,979	4,218,641	-	-	42,951
	\$ 4,687,968	\$ 71,979	\$ 4,218,641	\$ 25,000	\$ 86,914	\$ 285,434

14. COMMITMENTS

The Company has the following commitments with respect to the lease of its office in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania:

Fiscal Year End	Office lease payments
2016	\$ 6,000
2017	2,000
	\$ 8,000