# TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

MAY 31, 2012

# **TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.** UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

AS AT

		May 31, 2012	February 29, 2012
ASSETS			
<b>Current</b> Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses		\$ 5,039,804 41,744 	\$ 5,448,116 32,460 13,741
		5,101,480	5,494,317
Equipment (Note 5)		47,283	49,603
Exploration and evaluation assets (N	lote 6)	3,011,633	2,880,287
		\$ 8,160,396	\$ 8,424,207
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabi	lities	<u>\$ 114,032</u>	<u>\$ 158,350</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Capital stock (Note 7) Reserves (Note 7) Deficit Accumulated other comprehensive	income	13,660,966 2,392,071 (8,091,173) <u>84,500</u> <u>8,046,364</u> \$ 8,160,396	13,660,966 2,392,071 (7,818,089) <u>30,909</u> <u>8,265,857</u> \$ 8,424,207
Nature and continuance of operations Going concern (Note 2) Subsequent event (Note 13)	(Note 1)		
Approved on behalf of the Board on J	July 27, 2012:		
Kal Matharu	Director	Rob Dzisiak	Director

# TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) For the three months ended

		May 31, 2012	May 31, 2011
EXPENSES			
Consulting fees	\$	109,419 \$	84,000
Depreciation	Ŷ	3,594	826
Foreign exchange			34,410
General and administrative		86,543	99,853
Professional fees		29,794	101,799
Property examination		11,625	46,532
Share-based compensation (Note 7)		-	1,604,494
Travel and promotion		47,831	39,775
Loss before other item		(288,806)	(2,011,689)
OTHER ITEM			
Interest income		15,722	20,144
Net loss for the period		(273,084)	(1,991,545)
Translation adjustment		53,591	(1,352)
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(219,493) \$	(1,992,897)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$	(0.004) \$	(0.036)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted		72,153,197	55,569,743

## **TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.** UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) For the three months ended

		May 31, 2012	May31, 2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss for the period	\$	(273,084) \$	(1,991,545)
Item not involving cash:			
Depreciation		3,594	826
Share-based compensation		-	1,604,494
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(9,284)	973
Increase in prepaid expenses		(6,025)	(7,748)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(55,557)	(56,420)
Net cash used in operating activities		(340,356)	(449,420)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of equipment		-	(7,315)
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets		(67,725)	(511,293)
Net cash used in investing activities		(67,725)	(518,608)
Effect of exchange rate		(231)	(1,380)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(408,312)	(969,408)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		5,448,116	8,816,844
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	5,039,804 \$	7,847,436
Cash paid during the period for:			
interest	\$	- \$	_
income taxes	\$	- \$	-
	Ψ	Ŷ	
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:			
Cash	\$	20,173 \$	844,722
Short term investments	*	5,019,631	7,002,714
Sumplemental disclosures with respect to each flows (Note 0)	\$	5,039,804 \$	7,847,436

# Supplemental disclosures with respect to cash flows (Note 9)

## **TANZANIA MINERALS CORP.** UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Capita	Capital Stock						Accumulated Other					
	Number	Amount	S	ubscriptions Receivable		Reserves	Deficit	Compre Incom			Total		
Balance, February 28, 2011	72,153,197	\$13,660,966	\$	(15,000)	\$	716,818	\$ (4,530,218)	\$	13,296	\$	9,845,862		
Share-based compensation	-	-		-		1,604,494	-		-		1,604,494		
Net loss for the period	-	-		-		-	(1,991,545)		-		(1,991,545)		
Translation adjustment		-		-		-	-		(1,352)		(1,352)		
Balance, May 31, 2011	72,153,197	\$13,660,966	\$	(15,000)	\$	2,321,312	\$ (6,521,753)	\$	11,944	\$	9,457,459		
Balance, February 29, 2012	72,153,197	\$13,660,966	\$	-	\$	2,392,071	\$ (7,818,089)	\$	30,909	\$	8,265,857		
Net loss for the period	-	-		-		-	(273,084)		-		(273,084)		
Translation adjustment	-	-		-		-	-		53,591		53,591		
Balance, May 31, 2012	72,153,197	\$13,660,966	\$	-	\$	2,392,071	\$ (8,091,173)	\$	84,500	\$	8,046,364		

## 1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Tanzania Minerals Corp. (the "Company") is an exploration stage company, and is in the business of exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Tanzania, Africa through its wholly owned subsidiary, Tansmin Resources (Tanzania) Limited ("Tansmin"). The Company was incorporated under the laws of the British Columbia on June 29, 2007. The Company has its head office at #210-400 St. Mary Avenue, Winnipeg, MB R3C 4K5. The Company is in the process of exploring and evaluating its mineral property interests and has not yet determined whether these mineral interests contain ore reserves which are economically recoverable.

To date, the Company has not earned significant revenues, and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

On July 22, 2010, the Company closed a transaction with a private company, 0886490 B.C. Ltd. (previously named Tanzania Minerals Corp) ("Privco"), whereby the Company acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Privco by issuing 48,332,027 common shares of the Company. The Company subsequently changed its name from Hill Top Resources Corp. to Tanzania Minerals Corp. The Company is listed on the TSX-V under the symbol "TZM."

## 2. GOING CONCERN

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to a going-concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it does not give effect to adjustments, if any that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts which may differ from those shown in the consolidated financial statements. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to obtain additional equity financing and achieve future profitable operations.

As at May 31, 2012, the Company had a working capital surplus (excess of current assets over current liabilities) of \$4,987,448 (February 29, 2012 - \$5,335,967) which is sufficient to carry out committed exploration activities and corporate and administrative costs beyond the end of the year.

The consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

The Company is in the process of exploring and developing its exploration and evaluation assets and has not yet determined whether the properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those mineral reserves and upon future production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

## 3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### Statement of compliance

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Company for the three months ending May 31, 2012, including comparatives, are prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's February 29, 2012 annual financial statements.

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss, which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

The consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on July 27, 2012.

#### **Basis of measurement**

The consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

#### Assumptions

The preparation of these interim financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- i) The recoverability of receivables and prepayments that are included in the consolidated statements of financial position.
- ii) The carrying value and the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets, which are included in the consolidated statements of financial position.
- iii) The recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

## **3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION** (cont'd...)

Assumptions (cont'd...)

- iv) Estimates used in the calculation of share-based payments.
- v) The estimated useful lives of equipment which are included in the consolidated statements of financial position and the related depreciation included in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies followed by the Company are set out in Note 4 to the audited financial statements for the year ended February 29, 2012, and have been consistently followed in the preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### New accounting pronouncements

Amendments to IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7") are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2011 and introduce enhanced disclosure around transfer of financial assets and associated risks. These amendments are not anticipated to impact the disclosures made by the Company.

In November 2009 and October 2010, the IASB issued IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"), which represents the completion of the first part of a three-part project to replace IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, with a new standard. Per the new standard, an entity choosing to measure a liability at fair value will present the portion of the change in its fair value due to changes in the entity's own credit risk in the other comprehensive income or loss section of the entity's statement of comprehensive loss, rather than within profit or loss. Additionally, IFRS 9 includes revised guidance related to the derecognition of financial instruments. IFRS 9 applies to financial statements for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The Company currently is evaluating any impact that this new guidance may have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements* ("IFRS 10"), which builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of a parent company. IFRS 10 also provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess. IFRS 10 applies to financial statements for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The Company currently is evaluating any impact that this new guidance may have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements* ("IFRS 11"), which enhances accounting for joint arrangements, particularly by focusing on the rights and obligations of the arrangement, rather than the arrangement's legal form. IFRS 11 also addresses inconsistencies in the reporting of joint arrangements by requiring a single method to account for interests in jointly controlled entities and prohibits proportionate consolidation. IFRS 11 applies to financial statements for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The Company currently is evaluating any impact that this new guidance may have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

#### **New accounting pronouncements** (cont`d...)

In May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* ("IFRS 12"), which is a comprehensive standard on disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and other off-balance sheet vehicles. IFRS 12 applies to financial statements for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The Company currently is evaluating any impact that this new guidance may have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement* ("IFRS 13"), which defines fair value, sets out in a single IFRS a framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. IFRS 13 does not determine when an asset, a liability or an entity's own equity instrument is measured at fair value. Rather, the measurement and disclosure requirements of IFRS 13 apply when another IFRS requires or permits the item to be measured at fair value (with limited exceptions). IFRS 13 applies to financial statements for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The Company currently is evaluating any impact that this new guidance may have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the IASB amended IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements* ("IAS 1"), to change the disclosure of items presented in other comprehensive income into two groups, based on whether those items may be recycled to profit or loss in the future. The amendments to IAS 1 apply to financial statements for annual periods beginning after July 1, 2012, with early adoption permitted. The Company currently is evaluating any impact that this new guidance may have on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. This provides for amendments relating to offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. These amendments are not anticipated to impact the disclosures made by the Company.

# 5. EQUIPMENT

Equipment consists of the following:

	Mining Tools	Automotive	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at February 28, 2011	\$ -	\$ 56,824	\$ 12,854	\$ 13,688	\$ 10,895	\$ 94,261
Additions	33,220	-	359	2,184	-	35,763
Balance at February 29, 2012	\$ 33,220	\$ 56,824	\$ 13,213	\$ 15,872	\$ 10,895	\$ 130,024
Additions	 -	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at May 31, 2012	\$ 33,220	\$ 56,824	\$ 13,213	\$ 15,872	\$ 10,895	\$ 130,024
Depreciation						
Balance at February 28, 2011	\$ -	\$ 40,884	\$ 6,786	\$ 9,432	\$ 5,420	\$ 62,522
Depreciation for the year	10,128	4,243	1,134	1,385	1,467	18,357
Balance at February 29, 2012	\$ 10,128	\$ 45,127	\$ 7,920	\$ 10,817	\$ 6,887	\$ 80,879
Depreciation for the period	 1,783	876	255	380	300	3,594
Balance at May 31, 2012	\$ 11,911	\$ 46,003	\$ 8,175	\$ 11,197	\$ 7,187	\$ 84,473

# 5. EQUIPMENT (cont'd...)

	Mining Tools	Automotive	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Computer Equipment	Total
Translation adjustment						
At February 29, 2012	\$ 632	\$ (2)	\$ (187)	\$ 15	\$ -	\$ 458
At May 31, 2012	\$ 1,317	\$ 318	\$ (50)	\$ 147	\$ -	\$ 1,732
Carrying amounts						
At February 29, 2012	\$ 23,724	\$ 11,695	\$ 5,106	\$ 5,070	\$ 4,008	\$ 49,603
At May 31, 2012	\$ 22,626	\$ 11,139	\$ 4,988	\$ 4,822	\$ 3,708	\$ 47,283

## 6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development, and future profitable production from the properties or proceeds from disposition.

Ownership in mineral interests involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral interests. The Company has investigated ownership of its mineral interests and, to the best of its knowledge, such ownership interests are in good standing.

The Company has acquired 100% of certain exploration and evaluation assets and rights in Tanzania. Other than keeping the claims in good standing, the Company does not have any significant expenditure commitments on these properties. Details of the costs incurred to date are as follows:

Balance, February 28, 2011	\$ 1,067,228
Acquisition costs	199
Administration fees	99
Consulting	100,209
Data	185,775
Drilling	1,353,897
Equipment	47,563
Travel	24,254
Survey	81,404
Translation adjustment	 19,659
Total for the year	 1,813,059

### 6. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS** (cont'd...)

Balance, February 29, 2012 Acquisition costs Administration fees Consulting Data Travel Translation adjustment	\$ <b>2,880,287</b> 998 7,151 23,498 1,959 41,397 56,343
Total for the period	 131,346
Balance, May 31, 2012	\$ 3,011,633
Cumulative Totals	
Acquisition costs	\$ 76,214
Administration fees	190,987
Consulting	630,345
Data	187,734
Drilling	1,353,897
Equipment	47,563
Leases	33,803
Travel	245,623
Survey Translation adjustment	182,521 62,946
	 02,940
Balance, May 31, 2012	\$ 3,011,633

## 7. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES

The authorized capital stock of the Company is unlimited common shares without par value.

As at May 31, 2012, 3,603,423 (February 29, 2012 – 3,603,423) common shares are held in escrow.

There were no capital stock transactions during the three months ended May 31, 2012 or the year ended February 29, 2012.

# 7. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

## Warrants

The following is a summary of warrants outstanding as at May 31, 2012 and February 29, 2012:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at February 28, 2011 and February 29, 2012	12,348,938	\$ 0.71
Expired	(3,021,458)	0.65
Outstanding at May 31, 2012	9,327,480	\$ \$0.73

As at May 31, 2012, the Company had the following warrants outstanding:

		Remaining Contractual Life (years)	
Outstanding	Exercise Price		Expiry Date
8,182,000	0.75	0.52	December 7, 2012
1,145,4801	0.61	0.52	December 7, 2012

9,327,480

1 Agent warrants

## Stock options

The Company has established a stock option plan pursuant to which options to purchase common shares may be granted to certain officers, directors, and employees of the Company as well as persons providing ongoing services to the Company. Exercise price of options are to equal at least the market price of the Company's stock on the date of grant. Stock options are exercisable on the day of grant and are for a five-year term in accordance with TSX Venture Exchange policy. The options vest at the discretion of the board of directors. The number of common shares reserved for issuance may not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company.

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average cise Price
Outstanding and exercisable at February 28, 2011	1,400,000	\$ 0.38
Granted Cancelled	3,350,000 (500,000)	0.82 0.70
Outstanding and exercisable at February 29, 2012 and May 31, 2012	4,250,000	\$ 0.68

## 7. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

#### Stock options (cont'd...)

At February 29, 2012 the following stock options were outstanding and exercisable:

			Remaining Contractual Life	
Outstanding and Exercisable	Ex	ercise Price	(years)	Expiry Date
100,000	\$	0.05	1.95	May 14, 2014
1,100,000		0.40	3.32	September 24, 2015
2,600,000		0.90	3.76	March 3, 2016
450,000		0.27	4.70	February 8, 2017
4.250.000				

### Share-based compensation

The Company recognizes compensation expense for all stock options granted using the fair value based method of accounting. There were no stock options granted during the three months ended May 31, 2012. The fair value of the options granted during the three months ended May 31, 2011 was \$1,604,494. The weighted average fair value of options granted during the three months ended May 31, 2012 was \$Nil (May 31, 2011-\$0.55).

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of the stock options granted during the period:

	May 31, 2012	May 31, 2011	
Risk-free interest rate	n/a	1.66%	
Expected life of options	n/a	5 years	
Annualized volatility	n/a	75%	
Dividend rate	n/a	0%	
Forfeiture rate	n/a	0%	

## 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties and related party transactions impacting the accompanying financial statements are summarized below and include transactions with the following individuals or entities:

#### Key management personnel

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

## 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### Key management personnel (cont'd...)

Remuneration attributed to key management personnel can be summarized as follows:

	Three months end	y <b>31, 2012</b> May <b>31, 2011</b> - \$ 1,051,220				Three months ended			
	May 31, 2012	May 31, 2011							
Share-based compensation	\$ -	\$ 1,051,220							
Short-term benefits*	109,570	96,880							
	\$ 109,570	\$ 1,148,100							

\*include base salaries, pursuant to contractual employment or consultancy arrangements

### Other related parties

Other related parties include Madison Capital Corp. where one owner is a director for the Company, Tansmin Resources (T) Ltd. where one director is a director and CEO for the Company and Encanto Potash Corp., a company with a common director.

Transactions entered into with related parties other than key management personnel include the following:

 a) Paid or accrued office rent and administration fees of \$1,344 (May 31, 2011 - \$5,557) to Encanto Potash Corp., with a common director. As of May 31, 2012, \$1,344 (February 29, 2012, \$Nil) was included in accounts payable.

The amounts due to and from related parties are non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment.

## 9. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

The following were non-cash transactions during the three months ended May 31, 2012:

a) Included in accounts payable is \$5,237 (February 29, 2012 - \$3,114) of exploration and evaluation assets expenditures.

The following were significant non-cash transactions during the three months ended May 31, 2011:

a) Included in accounts payable is \$292,596 (February 28, 2011 - \$78,058) of exploration and evaluation asset expenditures.

## 10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of exploration and evaluation assets. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

In the management of capital the Company considers components of shareholders' equity.

## **10.** CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company has historically relied on the equity markets to fund its activities. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an on-going basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

#### 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair value of the Company's receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate the carrying value, which is the amount on the consolidated statements of financial position due to their short-term maturities or ability of prompt liquidation. The Company's other financial instrument, cash and cash equivalents, under the fair value hierarchy is measured at fair value, based on level one quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company believes it has no significant credit risk as the majority of its cash is held at a large Canadian bank.

The Company's receivables consist mainly of input tax credits receivable from the Government of Canada, and as a result the Company does not believe it is subject to significant credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at May 31, 2012, the Company had cash and equivalents of \$5,039,804 to settle current liabilities of \$114,032. Management believes the Company has sufficient funds to meet its obligations as they become due.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash and cash equivalents balances and no interest bearing debt. The interest earned on cash and cash equivalents is insignificant, and the Company does not rely on interest received to fund its operations. As a result, the Company is not at a significant risk to fluctuating interest rates.

## 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd...)

Market risk (cont'd...)

b) Currency risk

The Company's operations are in Canada and Tanzania. The international nature of the Company's operations results in foreign exchange risk as transactions are denominated in foreign currency.

The operating results and the financial position of the Company are reported in Canadian dollars. The fluctuations of the operating currencies in relation to the Canadian dollar will, consequently, have an impact upon the reported results of the Company and may also affect the value of the Company's assets and liabilities.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following movements are "reasonably possible".

As at May 31, 2012, the Company's net US dollar financial liabilities were US\$73,149. Thus a 10% change in the Canadian dollar versus the US dollar exchange rate would give rise to a \$7,509 change in other comprehensive income.

The Company has not entered into any agreements or purchased any instruments to hedge possible currency risks at this time.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold and copper, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

## **12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

The Company primarily operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration, development and exploitation of resource properties located in Tanzania. Geographic information is as follows:

	 Total Assets	Equipment	ar	Exploration ad evaluation assets	Other Assets
<b>May 31, 2012</b> Canada Tanzania	\$ 5,076,604 3,083,792	\$ 3,708 43,575	\$	3,011,633	\$ 5,072,896 28,584
	\$ 8,160,396	\$ 47,283	\$	3,011,633	\$ 5,101,480

	Total Assets	Equipment	ar	Exploration and evaluation assets	Other Assets
<b>February 29, 2012</b> Canada Tanzania	\$ 5,461,100 2,963,107	\$ 4,008 45,595	\$	2,880,287	\$ 5,457,092 <u>37,225</u>
	\$ 8,424,207	\$ 49,603	\$	2,880,287	\$ 5,494,317

# **12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION** (cont'd...)

### **13.** SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 25, 2012, the Company announced that it has entered into a non-binding Letter of Intent dated May 15, 2012, with Karoo Exploration Corp. ("Karoo") whereby Karoo can acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Songea and Lindi regions of southern Tanzania (the "Property"). Karoo is a privately held mining company, incorporated under the laws of British Columbia.

Pursuant to the non-binding Letter of Intent, Tanzania will grant to Karoo the option to acquire a 100% interest in the Property (the "Option"), by issuing 1,200,000 common shares to Tanzania, and incurring exploration expenditures on the Property totalling \$750,000, all over a three year period. Upon exercise of the Option, Karoo will grant to Tanzania a 2.0% NSR on the proceeds of any commercial production from the Property. One-half of the NSR and a right of first refusal on the other half can be purchased by Karoo for a cash payment of \$2,000,000. The other half of the NSR can be purchased by Karoo for a cash payment of \$5,000,000.