Management's Discussion & Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Discussion dated: August 29, 2023

### Introduction

The following interim Management's Discussion & Analysis ("Interim MD&A") of Pasinex Resources Limited (the "Company" or "Pasinex") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, has been prepared to provide material updates to the business operations, liquidity, and capital resources of the Company since its last annual management discussion & analysis, being the Management's Discussion & Analysis ("Annual MD&A") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This Interim MD&A does not provide a general update to the Annual MD&A, or reflect any non-material events since the date of the Annual MD&A.

This Interim MD&A has been prepared in compliance with section 2.2.1 of Form 51-102F1, in accordance with National Instrument 51-102 — Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual MD&A, audited annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, together with the notes thereto, and the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, together with the notes thereto. Results are reported in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted. Where the Turkish Lira is reported it is referenced as TRY.

The Company's unaudited condensed interim financial statements and the financial information contained in this Interim MD&A have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") in effect for the fiscal period beginning January 1, 2023. The unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical basis and compliance with IFRS applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, the information contained herein is presented as of August 29, 2023, unless otherwise indicated.

For the purposes of preparing this MD&A, management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors (the "Board"), considers the materiality of information. Information is considered material if: (i) such information results in or would reasonably be expected to result in a significant change in the market price or value of the Company's common shares; (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision; or (iii) it would significantly alter the total mix of information available to investors. Management, in conjunction with the Board, evaluates materiality with reference to all relevant circumstances, including potential market sensitivity.

Further information about the Company and its operations can be obtained from the Secretary of the Company or on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

### **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements contained in this Interim MD&A constitute forward-looking statements; as such term is defined under applicable securities laws. These statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect management's expectations and assumptions regarding the growth, results of operations, performances and business prospects and opportunities of the Company. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. The use of any of the words "anticipate", "plan", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "may", "intend", "will", "project", "could", "believe", "predict", "potential", "should" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance, achievements or events to differ materially from those anticipated, discussed or implied in such forward-looking statements. The Company believes the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements included in this Interim MD&A should be considered carefully and investors should not place undue reliance on them as the Company cannot assure investors that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

These statements speak only as of the date of this Interim MD&A. Such statements are based on a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect, including, but not limited to, assumptions about: (i) general business and

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economic conditions; (ii) timing and amount of estimated future production (iii) the supply and demand for, deliveries of, and the level and volatility of prices of zinc and other precious metals; (iv) the timing of the receipt of any outstanding regulatory and governmental approvals for the Company's projects; (v) the ability to meet social and environmental standards and expectations; (vi) the availability of financing for the Company's development of its properties on reasonable terms; (vii) the ability to procure equipment and operating supplies in sufficient quantities and on a timely basis; (viii) the ability to attract and retain skilled staff; (ix) exploration and development timetables; and (x) capital expenditure and operating cost estimates.

The Company has not been materially impacted by the ongoing conflict in the Ukraine, but uncertainty remains surrounding the conflict and the extent and duration of the impacts that it may have on the Company's ability to operate, on prices for zinc, on logistics and supply chains, on the Company's employees and on global financial markets.

The Pinargozu zinc mine was placed into production without a feasibility study of mineral reserves demonstrating economic and technical viability, and as such, any forward-looking statements related to the performance of the Pinargozu mine may differ materially from actual results. The decision to operate a mine without a technical report or feasibility study creates increased uncertainty. Economic or technical results of the Pinargozu zinc mine may differ materially from forward-looking statements due to reduced zinc grade, variation in estimated mineral resources, increased difficulty in mining and other risks associated with the reliability of internal analytical results, geological interpretation and statistical inferences drawn from drilling and sampling.

These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties relating to, among other things, exploration and development risks, changes in commodity prices, particularly the zinc price, expectations regarding currency fluctuations, possible variation in mineral resources or grade, counter party risk associated with sales of zinc material, access to skilled mining personnel, results of exploration and development activities, uninsured risks, regulatory changes, defects in title, availability of materials and equipment, timeliness of government approvals, changes to government regulation and unanticipated environmental impacts on operations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to, the risk factors contained in this Interim MD&A. Investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as the plans, intentions or expectations upon which they are based might not occur. The Company cautions that the foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive. The forward-looking statements contained in this Interim MD&A are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. The Company does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements except as expressly required by applicable securities law.

# **Description of Business**

Pasinex Resources Limited ("Pasinex" or the "Company") is a publicly listed company incorporated in British Columbia. The Company's shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "PSE" and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange ("FSE") under the symbol "PNX". The head office, principal address and registered and records office of the Company are located at 82 Richmond Street East, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5C 1P1.

Pasinex Resources Limited owns 50% of Horzum Maden Arama ve Isletme Anonim Sirketi ("Horzum AS" or "Joint Venture"), through its 100% owned subsidiary Pasinex Arama ve Madencilik Anonim Sirketi ("Pasinex Arama"). The other 50% owner is Akmetal Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S. ("Akmetal"), a private Turkish company. Horzum AS holds 100% of the producing Pinargozu high-grade zinc mine. Horzum AS sells directly to zinc smelters and or refiners through commodity brokers from its mine site in Türkiye. The Company also holds a 51% interest, with an option to increase to an 80% interest of a high-grade zinc exploration project, the Gunman Project, located in Nevada.

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# **Selected Quarterly Information**

		Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
				June 30,				June 30,	
		2023		2022	_	2023		2022	
Financial:									
Equity gain from Horzum AS	\$	821,044	\$	-	\$	1,596,806	\$	-	
Dividend income from Horzum AS	\$	779,128	\$	-	\$	779,128	\$	4,072,320	
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$	1,107,117	\$	(890,345)	\$	911,534	\$	2,743,999	
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share	\$	0.01	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.01	\$	0.02	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(48,669)	\$	1,313,517	\$	171,817	\$	2,083,338	
Weighted average shares outstanding		144,554,371		144,554,371		144,554,371		144,554,371	
As at:						June 30,		December 31,	
					_	2023		2022	
Total assets					\$	3,957,660		\$ 4,082,136	
Total liabilities					\$	2,867,477		\$ 3,564,963	
Total shareholders' equity					\$	1,090,183		\$ 517,173	
	_	Th	ree	Months Ended			Six	Months Ended	

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
		2023		2022	2023		2022
Horzum AS operational data (100% basis):							_
Zinc product mined (wet) tonnes		1,954		3,264	4,765		7,804
Zinc product sold (wet) tonnes		2,993		3,155	5,990		6,119
Zinc oxide product average grade sold		NA		41.6%	NA		37.8%
Zinc sulphide product average grade sold		48.4%		49.5%	47.8%		50.9%
Gross margin <sup>(1)</sup>		53%		82%	56%		78%
CAD cost per tonne mined (1)	\$	496	\$	413 \$	493	\$	358
USD cash cost per pound of zinc mined (1)	\$	0.36	\$	0.29 \$	0.36	\$	0.27

<sup>(1)</sup> see non-GAAP measures

The Company has a 50% joint venture interest in Horzum AS, which is equity accounted. This means in the Pasinex consolidated financial statements:

- Horzum AS net income is shown on one line in the Statement of Income Equity gain from Horzum AS.
- The investment in Horzum AS is shown on one line on the Statement of Financial Position Equity investment in Horzum AS.

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# **Highlights**

- For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, Pasinex recorded net income of approximately \$1.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, compared with a net loss of approximately \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022, and a net income of approximately \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The primary reason for the decrease in the net income in 2023 versus 2022 was that dividend income was considerably higher in 2022 than in 2023. Also, higher general and administration costs and higher exploration costs contributed to the decrease in 2023.
- The operating income in Horzum AS decreased to \$1.6 million and \$3.6 million, in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, from \$4.8 million and \$8.1 million for the same periods in 2022. The decreases were due to lower revenue as sales prices and the number of tonnes sold declined in 2023 compared with 2022 and costs were higher due to inflationary pressures. Gross margin (see *non-GAAP measures*) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, were 53% and 56%, respectively, compared with 82% and 78% for the same periods in 2022.
- Horzum AS mined 1,954 tonnes and 4,765 tonnes of zinc product during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, at the Pinargozu mine, compared with 3,264 tonnes and 7,804 tonnes of zinc product for the same periods in 2022. Mine production was negatively impacted by a temporary halt in activity at the Pinargozu mine to ensure the safety and well-being of the Joint Venture's employees, after the tragic earthquakes in Türkiye in the first quarter of 2023. Second quarter production in 2023 was negatively impacted by the ingress of rainwater that rendered some of the deeper areas below the 541-metre level inaccessible.
- Sales volumes were 2,993 tonnes and 5,990 tonnes of high-grade zinc sulphide product in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, compared with 3,041 tonnes and 5,571 tonnes of high-grade zinc sulphide product for the same periods in 2022. Sales in 2022 also included 493 tonnes of oxide product and 55 tonnes of lead product.
- Sales prices per tonne on a USD basis decreased by 47.9% for zinc sulphide product for the six months ended June 30, 2023, when compared to prices in the same period in 2022. The average USD sales prices for the six months ended June 30, 2023, were US\$704 per tonne for zinc sulphide product versus US\$1,353 per tonne for zinc sulphide product in the same period in 2022. Sales prices were lower due to lower worldwide sales prices and a lower average grade of product sold.
- The average grade of the high-grade zinc sulphide product sold was 47.8% zinc per tonne for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared with 50.9% zinc per tonne for the same period in 2022.
- The CAD cost per tonne mined (see non-GAAP measures) increased to \$493 per tonne mined for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared with \$358 per tonne mined in the same period in 2022. The USD cash cost per pound of zinc product mined (see non-GAAP measures) increased to US\$0.36 per pound in the six months ended June 30, 2023, from US\$0.27 per pound for the same period in 2022.
- During the quarter ended June 30, 2023, at an Ordinary General Assembly Meeting, Horzum AS declared and approved a dividend, a legal reserve distribution and approved advance dividend distributions totalling approximately TRY 81.0 million (approximately \$5.5 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend, the legal reserves distribution and the advanced dividend distributions were declared and approved). Pasinex Arama will be entitled to receive up to approximately TRY 57.0 million (approximately \$3.9 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend, the legal reserves distribution and the advanced dividend distributions were declared).

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# **Going Concern**

The application of the going concern concept assumes that the Company will continue in operation for at least the next twelve months and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. As at June 30, 2023, the Company has a net equity deficit of \$9,390,788 (December 31, 2022 – \$10,302,322) and has a working capital deficiency position of \$1,240,043 (December 31, 2022 – working capital deficiency position of \$2,413,755). The Company had a net income of \$1,107,117 and \$911,534 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, (three and six months ended June 30, 2022 – net loss of \$890,345 and net income of \$2,743,999, respectively) and positive cash flows from operations of \$171,817 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 – positive cash flows from operations of \$2,083,338).

Horzum AS had a net income of \$1,634,085 and \$3,163,046 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, (\$4,109,028 and \$6,033,237 in the same periods in 2022). Pasinex Arama received TRY 22.4 million (approximately \$1.5 million using the exchange rates on the dates of the various transfers from Horzum AS) in advanced dividend and other receivable collections from Horzum AS in the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared with TRY 42 million (approximately \$3.4 million using the exchange rates on the dates of the various transfers from Horzum AS) in dividend and other receivable collections from Horzum AS in the six months ended June 30, 2022. Approximately TRY 15.5 million (approximately \$1.1 million using the exchange rates on the dates of the transfers) has been transferred to Pasinex Canada by Pasinex Arama in the six months ended June 30, 2023, (approximately TRY 38.75 million for the same period in 2022 (approximately \$3.13 million using the exchange rates on the dates of the transfers). With the reduction of cash inflows to Canada, partially caused by the decrease in the value of the Turkish Lira against the Canadian Dollar, the Company does not have sufficient cash on hand to fund its ongoing activities for the next 12 months nor does the Company have enough cash on hand to repay all of its outstanding obligations.

At an Ordinary General Assembly Meeting held in May 2023, Horzum AS declared a dividend totalling approximately TRY 46.0 million (approximately \$3.2 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend was declared) of which Pasinex Arama was entitled to TRY 23.0 million (approximately \$1.6 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend was declared) as a result of its 50% ownership in Horzum AS. In addition, Akmetal has assigned to Pasinex Arama, 20% of its entitlement to the declared dividend. The value of the assignment of the dividend was approximately TRY 9.2 million (approximately \$0.6 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend was declared). This amount will be deducted from the value of the Akmetal receivable. Therefore, Pasinex Arama's total entitlement from the declared dividend is approximately TRY 32.2 million (approximately \$2.2 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend was declared).

In addition, at the same Ordinary General Assembly Meeting, Horzum AS also approved the distribution of its legal reserves totalling approximately TRY 11.2 million (approximately \$0.8 million using the exchange rate on the date the distribution was approved). Pasinex Arama was entitled to TRY 5.6 million (approximately \$0.4 million using the exchange rate on the date the distribution was approved) as a result of its 50% ownership in Horzum AS. In addition, Akmetal has assigned to Pasinex Arama, 20% of its entitlement to the distribution. The value of the assignment of the distribution was approximately TRY 2.2 million (approximately \$0.2 million using the exchange rate on the date the distribution was approved). This amount will be deducted from the value of the Akmetal receivable. Therefore, Pasinex Arama's total entitlement from the distribution is approximately TRY 7.8 million (approximately \$0.6 million using the exchange rate on the date the distribution was approved).

This brings the total amount owing to Pasinex Arama to approximately TL 40.0 million (approximately \$2.8 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend and distribution were declared and approved). As noted above Pasinex Arama has already received TRY 22.4 million in advanced dividend distributions in 2023 plus it had received TL 5.0 million in advanced dividend distributions in 2022, which leaves a remaining amount to be collected as of the date of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of TRY 12.6 million.

Finally, at the same Ordinary General Assembly Meeting, Horzum AS also approved further additional advanced dividend distributions of up to TRY 24 million (approximately \$1.6 million using the exchange rate on the date the

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advanced dividend distribution was approved). Pasinex Arama will be entitled up to TRY 12.0 million (approximately \$0.8 million using the exchange rate on the date the advanced dividend distribution was approved) as a result of its 50% ownership in Horzum AS. In addition, Akmetal will assign to Pasinex Arama, 20% of its entitlement to the advanced dividend distribution. The value of the assignment of the advanced dividend distribution will be approximately TRY 4.8 million (approximately \$0.3 million using the exchange rate on the date the advanced dividend distribution was approved). This amount will be deducted from the value of the Akmetal receivable when received.

In total, Horzum AS declared a dividend, legal reserves distribution and approved advance dividend distributions totalling approximately TRY 81.0 million (approximately \$5.5 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend, the legal reserves distribution and the advanced dividend distributions were declared and approved). Pasinex Arama will be entitled to receive up to approximately TRY 57.0 million (approximately \$3.9 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend, the legal reserves distribution and the advanced dividend distributions were declared and approved). After deducting the amount Pasinex Arama has already received, approximately TRY 29.4 million (approximately \$2.0 million using the exchange rate on the date the dividend, the legal reserves distribution and the advanced dividend distributions were declared) remains to be collected.

As at June 30, 2023, Horzum AS has a receivable owing from Akmetal of approximately \$45.9 million. Management continues to work with Akmetal and the Kurmel family to resolve the collectability of this debt. Until strong credit worthiness is demonstrated by Akmetal, accounting principles require Pasinex to maintain an expected credit loss equivalent to the full balance of the receivable. Receipt of the Akmetal receivable would provide significant cash flow to Pasinex through additional dividends.

Horzum AS's operations have generated substantial positive cash flow in the first six months of 2023, however in the absence of the receipt of additional dividends from Horzum AS, the Company would need to secure funding from either equity financing or additional related party loans to fund its ongoing activities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to generate either sufficient dividends from Horzum AS or be able to generate funds from other sources. Accordingly, until Akmetal makes significant payments, these conditions represent a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

### **Review of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

The following is a summary income statement for Pasinex:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
Equity gain from Horzum AS	\$ 821,044	\$	-	\$	1,596,806	\$	-	
Exploration costs	(46,995)		(285,618)		(539,726)		(370,723)	
General and administration costs	(379,530)		(301,381)		(695,602)		(550,294)	
Share-based payments	-		-		-		(57,000)	
Dividend income	779,128		-		779,128		4,072,320	
Other income	1,536		316		2,380		621	
Interest expense	(34,105)		(38,876)		(68,548)		(77,325)	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	37,186		54,537		37,206		45,723	
Loss on net monetary position	(71,147)		(319,323)		(200,110)		(319, 323)	
Net (loss) income	\$ 1,107,117	\$	(890,345)	\$	911,534	\$	2,743,999	

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### Equity gain

Horzum AS is considered a joint venture for accounting purposes and as such the Company records its share of net income on one line in the income statement. In the fourth quarter of 2018 an impairment of the Akmetal receivable was recorded. Since the joint venture is equity accounted and because the impairment was so large, the equity loss was capped in the fourth quarter of 2018 so that the investment would not be below zero. The unrecognized loss was applied against equity gains beginning in 2019, and in the fourth quarter of 2022, Horzum AS had recognized all of the equity losses recorded in prior years. Further details on the results of Horzum AS follow below – *Review of Horzum AS*.

#### Exploration Costs

Exploration costs represent expenditures incurred at the Gunman Project. For further details on the exploration program at the Gunman Project see – *Liquidity and Financial Position* – *Commitments* – *Gunman Project*.

#### General and administration costs

		Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30		
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Consulting fees	\$	160,629	\$	91,333	\$	231,619	\$	184,605	
Investor relations	·	5,809		3,015	•	11,382		9,719	
Management fees and salaries		53,850		53,859		119,550		107,869	
Director fees		24,000		24,000		48,000		48,000	
Office and general		26,138		9,765		26,801		20,847	
Professional fees		71,820		86,985		136,517		124,832	
Transfer agent and regulatory fees		7,813		5,960		11,679		13,446	
Travel and meals		29,016		26,713		109,096		40,780	
Other		455		(249)		958		196	
Total general and adminstrative costs	\$	379,530	\$	301,381	\$	695,602	\$	550,294	

The largest increases year over year were registered in consulting fees and travel. One of the Company's consultants that began work for the Company in the third quarter of 2022 did not have comparable fees in the first half of 2022 and in addition a number of Turkish consultant fees increased due to inflationary pressures. The large increase in travel was due to increased activity by the Company's country manager and inflationary pressures on those costs. Management fees, professional fees and office and general all increased marginally in 2023, compared with 2022. Other costs remained mainly consistent year over year.

### Share-based payments

	Three Mo	nths Ended June 30,	Siz	x Months Ended June 30,
	 2023	2022	2023	2022
Share-based payments	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	57,000

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On March 24, 2022, 1,500,000 stock options were granted to the CFO of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.04 per stock option, expiring March 24, 2027. The stock options vested immediately. The fair value of the stock options at the date of grant of \$57,000 was estimated using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: a five-year expected term; a 183% expected volatility based on historical trends; risk-free interest rate of 2.27%; share price at the date of grant of \$0.04; and an expected dividend yield of 0%. The Company expensed the full amount of \$57,000 in the first quarter of 2022.

#### Dividend income

Horzum AS declared a dividend to be paid to its shareholders, both in the second quarter of 2023 and in the first quarter of 2022.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased slightly year over year as the Company made principal repayments during 2022, which resulted in lower outstanding balances in 2023.

#### Loss on net monetary position

Due to various qualitative factors and developments with respect to the economic environment in Türkiye during 2022, including, but not limited to, the acceleration of multiple local inflation indices, the three-year cumulative inflation rate of the Turkish Statistical Institute exceeded 100% in March 2022 and the significant devaluation of the Turkish Lira, Türkiye was designated a hyper-inflationary economy in the second quarter of 2022 for accounting purposes.

Accordingly, IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyper-Inflationary Economies, was applied to the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as the Company's Turkish wholly owned subsidiary, Pasinex Arama, uses the Turkish Lira as its functional currency. As a result, the Company recorded a loss on net monetary position of \$71,147 and \$200,110 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to nil and \$319,323 for the same periods in 2022, which relates to the revaluation of Pasinex Arama's share capital.

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### **Review of Horzum AS**

## **Key Performance Indicators**

(shown on a 100% basis)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
		June 30,	June 3			June 30,
	 2023	2022		2023		2022
Tonnes mined (wet)	1,954	3,264	-	4,765		7,804
Tonnes sold (wet): Zinc oxide product	<u>-</u>	59		_		493
Zinc sulphide product	2,993	3,041		5,990		5,571
Lead product	-	55		· <b>-</b>		55
	2,993	3,155		5,990		6,119
Average grades for tonnes sold:						
Zinc oxide product	NA	41.6%		NA		37.8%
Zinc sulphide product	48.4%	49.5%		47.8%		50.9%
CAD cost per tonne mined (1)	\$ 496 \$	413	\$	493	\$	358
USD cash cost per pound of zinc product mined (1)	\$ 0.36 \$	0.29	\$	0.36	\$	0.27

<sup>(1)</sup> See non-GAAP measures

### Operating results

Horzum AS mined 40% fewer tonnes in the first and second quarters of 2023 than in 2022. In 2023, mine production at Pinargozu was temporarily halted due to the tragic earthquakes that occurred in Türkiye in February 2023. Lower production in the second quarter of 2023 was primarily due to water ingress issues, (see *Review of Horzum AS – Exploration and Mining Review and Expectations for 2023*). The lower number of tonnes mined was the primary reason for the 38% increase in the cost per tonne mined for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared with the same period in 2022. The USD cash cost per pound of zinc product mined increased by 33% year over year. This increase was not as severe as the increase in cost per tonne as the USD:TRY rate increased from a six month average of 15.8 in the first six months of 2022 versus 20.9 for the same period in 2023. Sales volumes increased marginally in the six months ended June 30, 2023, when compared with the same period in 2022 due to a higher inventory on hand to begin the year in 2023 offset by having fewer new tonnes available due to the lower production in 2023. The average grade of the zinc sulphide product sold was 48% zinc per tonne for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared with 51% zinc per tonne in the same period in 2022.

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### Financial results

Below are the statements of operation for Horzum AS for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Statement of Operations						
	Three N	Months Ended	Six Months Ended			
_		June 30,		June 30,		
(100% basis - Canadian dollars)	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenue \$	2,952,147 \$	5,849,308 \$	6,556,664 \$	10,458,651		
Cost of sales	(1,302,394)	(914,866)	(2,731,821)	(2,208,090)		
Selling, marketing and other distibution	(88,261)	(111,964)	(177,843)	(127,968)		
Operating income	1,561,492	4,822,478	3,647,000	8,122,593		
Impairment of Akmetal receivable						
(note 4 (a))	(15,668,186)	(7,296,857)	(17,249,396)	(13,014,374)		
General and administrative expenses	(80,696)	(138,031)	(130,587)	(306,994)		
Foreign exchange gain	16,274,499	6,128,621	17,549,711	10,665,937		
Finance expense	(44,408)	(36,187)	(95,403)	(78,160)		
Deferred tax income (expense)	6,354	-	(78,370)	-		
Gain on net monetary position	211,506	629,006	589,259	629,006		
Current income tax expense	(626,476)	-	(1,069,168)	-		
Other	-	(2)	• · · •	15,229		
Net income \$	1,634,085 \$	4,109,028 \$	3,163,046 \$	6,033,237		

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#### Revenue

(100% basis Canadian dollars)		onths Ended une 30, 2023	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022			
	Wet Tonnes	CAD	Wet Tonnes	CAD		
Zina avida product agles	á		59	\$ 86.113		
Zinc oxide product sales Zinc sulphide product sales	-	2,812,556	3,041	\$ 86,113 5,679,184		
Lead product sales	2,993	2,012,550	55	80,963		
Other sales	-	139,591	-	3,048		
Total revenue	2,993	2,952,147	3,155	\$ 5,849,308		
(100% basis Canadian dollars)	Six M	onths Ended	Six	Months Ended		
(10070 20070 0017001017 0017010)		une 30, 2023	June 30, 2022			
	Wet Tonnes	CAD	Wet Tonnes	CAD		
Zinc oxide product sales	- 9	<u>.</u>	493	\$ 528,494		
Zinc sulphide product sales	- 5,990	, - 6,413,314	5,571	9,842,737		
Lead product sales	-	-	55	80,963		
Other sales	-	143,350	-	6,457		
Total revenue	5,990	6,556,664	6,119	\$ 10,458,651		

Sales prices per tonne on a USD basis decreased by 47.9% for zinc sulphide product for the six months ended June 30, 2023, when compared to prices in the same period in 2022. Overall sales prices per tonne on a USD basis decreased by 47.8% for zinc product for the six months ended June 30, 2023, when compared to prices in the same period in 2022. The overall price decrease was slightly lower than the decrease for sulphide product alone, as the 2022 sales included a portion of sales of lower priced oxide product versus only zinc sulphide product sales in 2023. The average USD sales prices for the six months ended June 30, 2023, were US\$704 per tonne for zinc sulphide product versus US\$1,353 per tonne for zinc sulphide product in the same period in 2022. Sales prices were lower not only because of lower worldwide sales prices but also because the average grade of product sold decreased by approximately 6.1% for zinc sulphide product for the six months ended June 30, 2023, when compared to prices in the same period in 2022.

## Costs of Sales

The cost of sales in the six months ended June 30, 2023, increased in dollar terms when compared to the same period in 2022 due to higher prices for goods and services.

### Operating Income

The operating income in Horzum AS decreased 68 percent in the three months ended June 30, 2023, and 55% for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared with the same periods in 2022, as a result of the lower sales prices having been realized and higher costs being incurred. The gross margin, (see *non-GAAP measures*), for the three and six

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months ended June 30, 2023, decreased to 53% and 56%, respectively, compared with 82% and 78%, in the same periods in 2022.

#### Impairment of Akmetal Receivable

In 2018, the Company performed an assessment resulting in the recording of an impairment of the loan receivable from Akmetal as required by IFRS 9. For further discussion see *Review of Horzum AS – Akmetal Receivable*. The recording of the impairment does not represent the elimination of the loan receivable and as such the Company continues to expect full repayment of the loan receivable in due course.

#### Foreign Exchange Gain

The functional currency of Horzum AS is the TRY. The foreign exchange gain in both 2023 and 2022 is a result of the revaluation of a portion of the Akmetal receivable, which is denominated in US dollars. The gains are the result of the significant decline in the value of the TRY relative to the US dollar during both 2023 and 2022.

### Gain on net monetary position

Türkiye was designated as a hyperinflationary economy in the second quarter of 2022 and as a result, IAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyper-Inflationary Economies, has been applied to the summarized financial information for Horzum AS. The effect of inflation on Horzum AS's net monetary position for the current period is included in the statement of operations as a net monetary gain, relating to adjustments on share capital, lease assets and plant and equipment.

#### Income Tax Expense

The statutory rate for income taxes in six months ended June 30, 2023, was 20% compared with 23% in the same period in 2022. The following is a reconciliation of the expected income tax expense using the statutory rate compared to the actual income tax expense. As a result of tax changes enacted subsequent to the end of 2022, the Joint Venture revised its annual income tax return, which resulted in higher income taxes being owed. The increase of \$309,815 was recorded in the second guarter of 2023.

(100% basis Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
Income before income tax expense Statutory tax rate	\$ <b>2,260,561</b> 20%	\$	4,109,028 23%	\$	<b>4,232,214</b> 20%	\$	6,033,237 23%	
Expected income tax expense Non-deductible expenses Income tax underaccrual in prior year Tax expense not recognized	(452,112) (648) (309,815) 136,099		(945,076) (32,976) - 978,052		(846,443) (971) (309,815) 88,061		(1,387,645) (52,266) - 1,439,911	
Income tax expense	\$ (626,476)	\$	-	\$	(1,069,168)	\$	-	

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#### Financial condition

The following are summary balance sheets for Horzum AS:

Statements of Financial Position	As at June 30,	As at December 31,		
(100% basis - Canadian dollars)	 2023	2022		
Current assets				
Cash and prepaid expenses	\$ 650,375	639,101		
Akmetal receivable	45,919,677	45,099,246		
Less - discount and allowance on Akmetal receivable	(45,919,677)	(45,099,246)		
Trade receivables	19,348	18,378		
Other receivables	3,804	273,870		
Due from shareholders and related parties	-	362,000		
Inventories	784,072	1,166,806		
Non current assets	2,584,940	3,867,803		
Total assets	4,042,539	6,327,958		
Current Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$ 2,966,733	4,049,057		
Non-current liabilities	176,331	245,192		
Total liabilities	3,143,064	4,294,249		
Shareholders' equity	899,475	2,033,709		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 4,042,539	6,327,958		

#### Akmetal Receivable

The total receivable from Akmetal is approximately \$45.9 million as at June 30, 2023, compared with \$45.1 million at the end of December 31, 2022. The receivable consists of a number of items including joint venture sales proceeds received and withheld by Akmetal, the value of zinc product mined at the joint venture used by Akmetal, foreign currency gains on USD denominated amounts and the value of certain loan payments made to a customer on behalf of Akmetal; less the value of any operating expenses paid by Akmetal.

As a result of not having collected the Akmetal receivable, Horzum AS has not been able to pay its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Horzum AS currently has approximately \$3.0 million in current liabilities (approximately \$4.1 million at December 31, 2022) and has working capital deficiency of approximately \$1.5 million (working capital deficiency of approximately \$1.6 million at December 31, 2022). Included within the total current liabilities are approximately \$0.4 million owed in trade payables (\$0.5 million at December 31, 2022), lease liabilities of \$0.6 million, (0.9 million at December 31, 2022), deferred revenue of \$0.4 million (\$1.7 million at December 31, 2022) and \$0.9 million in various taxes payable (\$1.0 million at December 31, 2022).

Due to Akmetal's continued liquidity issues and continued nonpayment of the receivable, management has continued to assess the probability of credit losses to be high. As a result, the Akmetal receivable remains written down to zero.

#### Due from shareholders and related parties

Amounts due from shareholders and related parties as at December 31, 2022, are for the amounts advanced to Pasinex Arama in the form of advanced dividend distributions. These amounts were extinguished upon the declaration of a dividend during the second quarter of 2023. See *Going Concern*.

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#### Inventories

The following is a reconciliation of the Horzum AS inventory tonnage movements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

Tonnes - Three Months					
Ended June 30, 2023	Oxide	Sulphide	Sulphide	Lead	Total
Opening Inventory	-	2,870	_	-	2,870
Production Net of Waste	-	1,954	-	-	1,954
Purchased Ore Product	-	-	-	-	-
Sales	-	(2,993)	-	-	(2,993)
Ending Inventory	-	1,831	-		1,831

Tonnes - Six Months		Low-Grade						
Ended June 30, 2023	Oxide	Sulphide	Sulphide	Lead	Total			
Opening Inventory	_	3,056	_	-	3,056			
Production Net of Waste	-	4,765	-	-	4,765			
Purchased Ore Product	-	-	-	-	-			
Sales	-	(5,990)	-	-	(5,990)			
Ending Inventory	-	1,831	-	<u> </u>	1,831			

#### Non-current assets

The non-current assets held in Horzum AS are primarily plant and equipment including leased assets.

#### **Current Liabilities**

Current liabilities include trade payables, amounts due to shareholders and related parties, lease liabilities, deferred revenue and taxes payable. Amounts due to shareholders and related parties as at June 30, 2023, are for the unpaid dividend and other distributions declared during the second quarter of 2023. See *Going Concern*. The decrease in current liabilities at June 30, 2023, compared with December 31, 2022 is primarily due to a reduction in deferred revenue of approximately \$1.3 million, offset by the increase in amounts due to shareholders and related parties.

### Shareholders' Equity

The decrease in the shareholders' equity at June 30, 2023, to \$899,475 from \$2,033,709 at December 31, 2022, is due to the issuance of the dividends in the second quarter of 2023 offset by a combination of factors including, net income from operations and the recognition of inflationary gains recorded as a result of applying IAS 29.

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Exploration and Mining Review and Expectations for 2023

Exploration at Pinargozu has continued underground during the second quarter of 2023 using three drill rigs, including two diamond core drills and one percussion drill. A total of 20 diamond core holes were completed during the quarter with a total length of 1,432 metres, testing the structure both above and below the 541 adit. The percussion rig drilled nine holes totalling 873 metres from the face of the 541 adit with the holes orientated in a fan pattern to better delineate the shape of the target marble anomaly in the Akkaya property. It is planned that the percussion rig will continue to drill ahead of the face in the 541 adit for a further two to three months, prior to the restart of development towards the Akkaya property boundary. A third diamond drill rig has been obtained and that drill will be used to drill from surface into the Akkaya property once the necessary drill permits and Forestry approvals have been obtained.

During the second quarter of 2023, a total of 292 metres of both horizontal and inclined development were completed, considerably below the level planned as a result of a reduced number of shifts being worked as crews that had been involved in the recovery efforts from the February earthquake that struck the area gradually returned to work. An additional complication for the development and mining teams has been the rapid percolation of rainwater into the underground workings. Although not in dangerous quantities, the percolation of rainwater was at a level that rendered some of the deeper areas below the 541-metre level inaccessible. It appears that the earthquake had disturbed some of the fissures through which water percolates into the workings in such a way that rainfall arrives underground very quickly. Once the rain had stopped, the inflow of water declined dramatically. Ground stability does not appear to have been impacted materially, but all mining activities are subject to increased safety awareness training emphasizing the need to constantly monitor ground conditions and to ensure roof bolting and meshing standards are maintained. In addition, a grouting contractor has inspected the areas that were subject to inflows of rainwater and has designed a remediation plan to be implemented prior to the next wet period that should begin about November. Recent weather conditions at the mine have been dry and hot with average daily temperatures around 40 degrees Celsius, with a maximum temperature recorded of 47 degrees Celsius. All employees are very conscious of the fire risk, and the Joint Venture has been working closely with the forest service to ensure that access and vigilance is maintained.

A total of 1,954 tonnes (net of waste) of zinc sulphide product were mined during the second quarter of 2023, bringing the total number of zinc sulphide product tonnes mined during the year to 4,765. This is approximately 20% less than what the Company had forecast at the beginning of the year and is primarily due to the slowdowns caused by the earthquakes and rainwater percolation. As a result of the lower production the Company has lowered its guidance for the year as follows:

(100% basis)	Revised Guidance	e for the Year Ended December 31, 2023
	Wet Tonnes	Average Grade
Zinc oxide product mined Zinc sulphide product mined	- 9,000 to 11,000	NA 47.5%
Zinc low-grade sulphide product mined	9,000 to 11,000	NA
CAD cost per tonne mined		\$475 - \$525

The Company has not completed a current technical report that includes a mineral resource estimate as defined by the Mineral Resources and Reserves, Definitions and Guidelines prepared by the CIM Standing Committee on Reserve Definitions and adopted by CIM Council, and procedures for classifying the reported Mineral Resources were undertaken within the context of the Canadian Securities Administrators National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101"). The Company has no intention of completing a NI 43-101 compliant technical report. The Joint Venture has not followed

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independent third-party laboratory for all of the Joint Venture's sales.

accepted quality assurance and quality control procedures with respect to its current drilling program and has not used an independent third-party laboratory for its assay analysis. The Joint Venture uses field handheld X-ray fluorescence analyzers ("XRF") for zinc assays and grade control in exploration and mining. In addition, assays are completed by an

The decision to enter production at the Pinargozu zinc mine was made without reference to a technical report or feasibility study prepared under NI 43-101. Accordingly, the Company's production estimates, and the economic viability of the mine may differ materially from the estimates contained herein.

### **Trends**

Management regularly monitors economic conditions and estimates their impact on the Company's operations and incorporates these estimates in both short-term operating and longer-term strategic decisions. Apart from these and the discussion below on zinc prices and foreign currency, and the risk factors noted under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties", management is not aware of any other trends, commitments, events or uncertainties that would have a material effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations. See "Risks and Uncertainties" below.

Türkiye continued to experience very high inflation in 2022 and into 2023. The three-year cumulative inflation rate to the end of December 2022 was 156%. The same three-year cumulative inflation rate to the end of June 2023 was 190%. As a result, Horzum AS has been and will continue to experience price pressure on its goods and services incurred, including wages of its labour force. The price of zinc has been declining during 2023, with the monthly average declining from a high of US\$1.49 per pound in January to a low of US\$1.07 per pound in June. Comparatively, the price of zinc increased during the first quarter of 2022 and then declined to where it started the year, with a low of US\$1.64 per pound in January to a high of US\$1.80 per pound in March and then returning to an average of US\$1.65 per pound in June of 2022. The year-to-date average in 2023 of US\$1.29 per pound was 26% lower than the year-to-date average of US\$1.74 per pound in 2022. Notwithstanding the lower zinc prices and higher costs, the Joint Venture continued to report a high gross margin in the first and second quarters of 2023 with a year-to-date average of 56% (see *Non-GAAP measures – Gross Margin*)

Horzum AS sells their product in US dollars and to a lesser extent in Euros, which are then converted to the Turkish Lira. As such, Horzum AS's financial performance also depends on the TRY to US dollar. The USD / TRY exchange rate has had a substantial increase in the past few years. The increase was further accelerated in 2022 and continued into 2023. The average USD / TRY rate increased to 26:1 at the end of June 2023, which represents a 40% increase when compared to the end of 2022 and a 26% monthly increase. Since the Joint Ventures sales are priced in USD, the increase in the USD / TRY exchange rate helps to offset the higher TRY costs when the sales proceeds are converted to pay for the local costs.

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# **Liquidity and Financial Position**

#### **Cash Flows**

A summary of the Company's cash flows is as follows:

	•	Thre	е Мо	nths Ended		Months Ended	
				June 30,			June 30,
		2023		2022	2023		2022
Cash (used in) provided by operating activities		<u> </u>					
Before changes in working capital	\$	1,814,688	\$	1,653,666	\$	1,029,497 \$	6,572,805
Changes in working capital		(1,863,357)		(340, 149)		(857,680)	(4,489,467)
		(48,669)		1,313,517		171,817	2,083,338
Cash used in investing activities		(141)		-		(1,823)	-
Cash used in financing activities		(50,000)		(129,688)		(50,000)	(129,688)
Effect of foreign currencies		(145,261)		(14,150)		(155,695)	(23,810)
Net change in cash		(244,071)		1,169,679		(35,701)	1,929,840
Opening cash balance		1,063,937		860,192		855,567	100,031
Closing cash balance	\$	819,866	\$	2,029,871	\$	819,866 \$	2,029,871

#### Cash provided by operating activities

The Company had modest inflows of cash from its operating activities in the six months ended June 30, 2023, as Pasinex Arama received TRY 22.4 million (approximately \$1.5 million using the exchange rates on the dates of the various transfers from Horzum AS) in advanced dividend and other receivable collections from Horzum AS. See *Going Concern* and *Review of Horzum AS - Financial Condition – Current Liabilities*. In 2022, the primary reason for the positive cash inflow from operating activities was the collection of all of the amounts that were due from related parties at the end of 2021 and the collection of the dividend that was declared in 2022.

#### Cash used in investing activities

Cash used in investing activities in 2023 relate to miscellaneous costs incurred by Pasinex Arama.

### Cash used in financing activities

Cash used in financing activities for both 2023 and 2022 related to the payment of interest and principal on the Company's shareholder loans.

#### Commitments

#### Gunman Project

Pasinex through its wholly-owned subsidiary Pasinex Nevada, entered into an option agreement with Century Lithium Corp. ("Century") (formerly Cypress Development Corp.") and Caliber Minerals Inc. ("Caliber") (formerly named Silcom Systems Inc.) to earn up to an 80% interest in the Gunman Project (formerly the "Spur Zinc Project") located in White Pine County, Nevada ("Option Agreement"). The Option Agreement's total consideration to acquire an 80% interest is a combination of cash and Pasinex common shares. The Company must incur minimum exploration expenditures totalling US\$2,950,000.

On September 12, 2019, the Company announced they reached an agreement with Century and Caliber to change the terms relating to the earn in option agreement by changing the date of the US\$100,000 option payment to December 11, 2019 (paid) and deferred the 2019 exploration obligations to 2020.

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On November 27, 2020, the Company entered into an additional amending agreement with Century and Caliber to extend the deadline for completion of the minimum exploration expenditures to December 31, 2022. Also, the deadline to acquire the additional 29% interest, as outlined below, has been extended to December 31, 2024. As part of the amending agreement the Company changed the name of the project to Gunman Project, agreed to pay US\$15,000 to Century and was required to spend a minimum of US\$200,000 by December 31, 2021, as a condition precedent for the effectiveness of the amending agreement.

On December 14, 2021, the Company entered into an additional amending agreement with Century and Caliber to extend the deadline to complete the minimum of US \$200,000 of qualified exploration expenditures to on or before June 30, 2022.

On December 29, 2022, The Company entered into an additional amending agreement with Century and Caliber to extend the deadline for completing the First Option Conditions of Exercise to March 31, 2023.

The spending and associated ownership is as follows:

The Company has completed the following to earn its initial 51% of the Gunman Project:

- In December 2017, a cash payment was made to Caliber of US\$125,000 (\$158,897) and 2.2 million Pasinex Common Shares (value of \$484,000) were issued to Caliber and Century.
- In September 2018, a cash payment of US\$200,000 (\$258,960) and issuance of 2.2 million Pasinex Common Shares (value of \$264,000) were made to Caliber and Century.
- In December 2019, a payment of US\$100,000 cash and issuance of 200,000 Pasinex Common Shares (valued at \$6,000) to Century.
- In addition, minimum exploration expenditures as defined in the Option Agreement must be spent as follows:
  - US\$250,000 prior to December 5, 2018 (spent);
  - US\$800,000 prior to December 5, 2019 (spent);
  - US\$800,000 prior to December 5, 2020 (spent).

The Option Agreement calls for Pasinex and Century to enter into a joint venture agreement now that the Company has exercised the first option and earned the 51% interest. Pasinex is currently discussing with Century whether this is necessary and may continue with phase 2, to earn an additional 29% interest, without the joint venture agreement. Total consideration to acquire the 51% interest included US\$425,000 in cash payments, the issuance of 4.6 million Pasinex Common Shares and exploration expenditures of US\$1,850,000.

To acquire an additional 29% of the Gunman Project:

- Prior to December 5, 2021 (deferred to December 31, 2024):
  - o a payment of US\$250,000 cash and issuance of 200,000 Pasinex Common Shares to Century; and
  - o spend an additional US\$1.1 million (spent approximately US\$482,000 to June 30, 2023) in exploration expenditures as defined in the Option Agreement.

The underlying licenses are in good standing until September 2023.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of the date of this Interim MD&A, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company, including, and without limitation, such considerations as liquidity, capital expenditures and capital resources that would be material to investors.

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# **Commitments and Contingencies**

As of the date of this Interim MD&A, the Company has no commitments and contingencies other than those owed in accordance with the Gunman Option Agreement (see Liquidity and Financial Position – Commitments – Gunman Project). The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various government laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These environmental regulations are constantly changing and generally are becoming more restrictive. The Company does not believe that there are currently any material decommissioning liabilities at its sites, nor subject to known additional environmental liabilities or mitigation measures.

# **Share Capital**

As of the date of this Interim MD&A, the Company has 144,554,371 issued and outstanding common shares and an aggregate of 10,500,000 stock options outstanding.

#### **Transactions with Related Parties**

#### **Related Party Balances and Transactions**

Related parties and related party transactions impacting the accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are summarized below and include transactions with key management personnel, which include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company, as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers. A number of key management personnel, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of these entities. A number of these entities transacted with the Company during the period. The terms and conditions of these transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favorable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, for similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

A summary of the related party transactions are as follows:

		Thre	е Мо	nths Ended		Si	х Мо	nths Ended
				June 30,				June 30,
		2023	2022			2023		2022
Management fees and salaries	¢	53,850	\$	53,850	\$	119,550	\$	107,850
Consulting fees	\$	48,678	φ	47,992	Ψ	92,561	φ	93,096
Director fees		24,000		24,000		48,000		48,000
Share-based payments		-		-		-		57,000
Interest expense on shareholder loans		34,105		37,448		68,548		74,485
	\$	160,633	\$	163,290	\$	328,659	\$	380,431

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Amounts payable to related parties were as follows:

	Due to	Re	lated Parties		Sha	reholder Loans			
	 As at		As at		As at		As at		
	 June 30,		December		June 30,		December		
	2023		2022		2023		2022		
Larry Seeley (1)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
1514341 Ontario Inc. <sup>(2)</sup>	-		-		1,973,947		1,968,357		
Seeley Holdings Ltd. (3)	-		-		361,547		351,093		
Rainer Beteiligungsgesellschaft (4)	-		-		86,201		83,697		
2192640 Ontario Inc. <sup>(5)</sup>	12,898		44,236		_		-		
Horzum AS	-		362,000		-				
	\$ 12,898	\$	406,236	\$	2,421,695	\$	2,403,147		

<sup>(1)</sup> Larry Seeley was a director of the Company at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued at the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties in the accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements. Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

To the knowledge of the directors and officers of the Company, as at June 30, 2023, no person or corporation beneficially owns or exercises control or direction over common shares of the Company carrying more than 10% of the common shares of the Company other than set out below:

	Number of Common Shares	Percentage of Outstanding Common Shares
Larry Seeley	30,000,591	20.75%

<sup>(2) 1514341</sup> Ontario Inc. is a company controlled by Larry Seeley, a director of the Company.

<sup>(3)</sup> Seeley Holdings Ltd. is a company controlled by a family member of Larry Seeley, a director of the Company.

<sup>(4)</sup> Rainer Beteiligungsgesellschaft is owned by Joachim Rainer a director of the Company.

<sup>(5) 2192640</sup> Ontario Inc. is a company controlled by Andrew Gottwald, the CFO of the Company.

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## Selected Consolidated Quarterly Financial Data

The following table provides a summary of unaudited financial data for the last eight quarters:

	Three Months Ended													
	June 2023	Mar 2023		Dec 2022	Sept 2022	June 2022	Mar 2022	Dec 2021	Sept 2021					
Financial:					-									
Equity gain from Horzum AS	\$ 821,044 \$	775,762	\$	3,928,724 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	167,830 \$	-					
Consolidated net income (loss)	\$ 1,107,117 \$	(195,583)	\$	(62,870) \$	(637,956) \$	(890,345) \$	3,634,344 \$	879,402 \$	(203,818)					
Basic and diluted net income														
(loss) per share	\$ 0.01 \$	0.00	\$	0.00 \$	(0.01) \$	(0.01) \$	0.03 \$	0.01 \$	0.00					

The investment in the joint venture is accounted for using the equity method. In 2018, the net loss of the joint venture was so large after the impairment of the Akmetal receivable was recorded that the equity loss was capped so the investment would not be below zero. In 2021, the equity gains represent dividends received from Horzum AS. Equity gains reduce the remaining equity loss that was recorded in 2018 and net losses increase the unrecorded equity loss. In 2022 and 2023, the equity gains include dividends received and the equity pickup from Horzum AS.

Quarterly consolidated net income or loss has varied primarily due to the variability of the equity gain or loss recorded from the joint venture. The consolidated net income in the second quarter of 2023 was due to equity gain and dividend income received whereas the loss in the first quarter of 2023 was driven by the increased exploration costs at the Gunman Project, general and administration costs and the loss on the net monetary position. The consolidated net income recorded in the first quarter of 2022 was higher as a result of the declaration of dividends from Horzum AS. The consolidated net income recorded in the fourth quarter of 2021 was primarily due to the recovery of the dividend and other receivables that was recorded in that period.

### Non-GAAP measures

The Company has included certain non-GAAP performance measures throughout this document. These performance measures are employed by management to assess the Company's operating and financial performance and to assist in business decision-making. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, certain investors and other stakeholders use this information to evaluate the Company's operating and financial performance; however, these non-GAAP performance measures do not have any standardized meaning. Accordingly, these performance measures are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

#### Cost per tonne mined

The following table provides a reconciliation of cost per tonne mined to cost of sales (the nearest GAAP measure) per the Horzum AS Statements of Operations.

		Thre	е Мо	Six Months Ended June 30,					
Reconciliation of cost per tonne mined	_	2023		2022		2023		2022	
Cost of sales per Horzum income statement Inventory change (including FX difference)	\$	1,302,394	\$	914,866 432,331	\$	2,731,821	\$	2,208,090 586,766	
inventory change (including 1 x difference)	\$	(332,652) 969,742	\$	1,347,197	\$	(382,734) 2,349,087	\$	2,794,856	
Tonnes mined		1,954	•	3,264		4,765	•	7,804	
CAD Cost per tonne mined	\$	496	\$	413	\$	493	\$	358	

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### US\$ cash cost per pound of zinc product mined

The following table provides a reconciliation of US\$ cash cost per pound of zinc mined to cost of sales (the nearest GAAP measure) per the Horzum AS Statements of Operations.

	•	Three	Mc	onths Ended	Six Months Ended					
Reconciliation of US\$ cash cost per pound of zinc				June 30,	June 30,					
product mined		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Cost of sales per Horzum income statement adjusted										
for cost of sales adjustments and inventory change		\$ 969,742	\$	1,347,197	\$	2,349,087	\$	2,794,856		
Less - sales of lead product		· -		(80,963)		-		(80,963)		
		 969,742		1,266,234		2,349,087		2,713,893		
Translate to US\$	Α	\$ 722,017	\$	1,031,135	\$	1,742,394	\$	2,174,355		
Zinc product tonnes mined (wet)		1,954		3,264		4,765		7,804		
Zinc product grade mined		48.4%		50.6%		47.8%		48.6%		
Moisture loss		3.0%		2.3%		2.6%		2.2%		
Pounds of zinc product mined	В	 2,022,006		3,554,516		4,890,705		8,021,945		
US\$ cash cost per pound of zinc product mined	A/B	\$ 0.36	\$	0.29	\$	0.36	\$	0.27		

Treatment and refining costs are not included in the US\$ cash cost per pound.

### Gross margin

The following table provides a reconciliation of gross margin to net income (the nearest GAAP measure) per the Horzum AS Statements of Operations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,									
		2023		2022		2023		2022		
Operating income per Horzum AS income statement Adjust for final price adjustments for revenue and cost of	\$	1,561,492	\$	4,819,430	\$	3,647,000	\$	8,116,136		
goods sold related to other periods		-		-		-		-		
Gross margin	\$	1,561,492	\$	4,819,430	\$	3,647,000	\$	8,116,136		
Revenue (excluding price adjustments related to other periods)	\$	2,952,147	\$	5,846,260	\$	6,556,664	\$	10,452,194		
Gross margin	53%			82%		56%		78%		

### **Qualified Person**

Jonathan Challis, a Fellow of the Institute of Materials, Minerals and Mining and a Chartered Engineer, is the qualified person ("QP") as defined by NI 43-101 for all information in this MD&A. He has inspected the original paid sales invoices issued by the Joint Venture for the shipment of zinc sulphide product specified in this Interim MD&A and has approved the scientific and technical disclosure herein. Mr. Challis is a director of the Company and Chair of the Joint Venture.

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### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company's business contains significant risk due to the nature of mining, exploration, and development activities. The Company is a junior resource company focused primarily on the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties located in the United States of America and Türkiye. The Company's properties have no established mineral reserves and there is no assurance that any of the Company's projects can be mined profitably. The Company is also exploring and developing other opportunities and is subject to risks and challenges similar to companies in a comparable stage. These risks include, but are not limited to, the challenges of securing adequate capital in view of exploration, development, and operational risks inherent in the mining industry as well as global economic and base mineral price volatility.

An investment in the securities of the Company is highly speculative and involves numerous and significant risks. Such investment should be undertaken only by investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume these risks and who have no need for immediate liquidity in their investment. Prospective investors should carefully consider the risk factors that have affected, and which in the future are reasonably expected to affect, the Company and its financial position. Please refer to the section entitled "Risks and Uncertainties" in the Company's Annual MD&A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, available on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>

#### **Disclosure of Internal Controls**

Management has established processes to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support representations that they have exercised reasonable diligence to ensure that (i) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements; and (ii) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented.

In contrast to the certificate required for non-venture issuers under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate filed by the Company does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers filing such certificate are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's generally accepted accounting principles (IFRS).

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in such certificate. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost-effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

### **Additional Information**

Additional information about the Company can be found at the Company's website at <a href="www.pasinex.com">www.pasinex.com</a>, or on <a href="www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.