Management's Discussion & Analysis
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020
Discussion dated. May 29, 2024

Discussion dated: May 28, 2021

Introduction

The following interim Management Discussion & Analysis ("Interim MD&A") of Pasinex Resources Limited (the "Company" or "Pasinex") for the three months ended March 31, 2021 has been prepared to provide material updates to the business operations, liquidity, and capital resources of the Company since its last annual management discussion & analysis, being the Management Discussion & Analysis ("Annual MD&A") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This Interim MD&A does not provide a general update to the Annual MD&A, or reflect any non-material events since the date of the Annual MD&A.

This Interim MD&A has been prepared in compliance with section 2.2.1 of Form 51-102F1, in accordance with National Instrument 51-102 — Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual MD&A, audited annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, together with the notes thereto, and unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2021, together with the notes thereto. Results are reported in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted. Where the Turkish Lira is reported it is referenced as TRY. The Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and the financial information contained in this Interim MD&A are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, the information contained herein is presented as of May 28, 2021, unless otherwise indicated.

For the purposes of preparing this MD&A, management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors (the "Board"), considers the materiality of information. Information is considered material if: (i) such information results in, or would reasonably be expected to result in, a significant change in the market price or value of the Company common shares; (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision; or (iii) it would significantly alter the total mix of information available to investors. Management, in conjunction with the Board, evaluates materiality with reference to all relevant circumstances, including potential market sensitivity.

Further information about the Company and its operations can be obtained from the Secretary of the Company or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this MD&A constitute forward-looking statements; as such term is defined under applicable securities laws. These statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect management's expectations and assumptions regarding the growth, results of operations, performances and business prospects and opportunities of the Company. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. The use of any of the words "anticipate", "plan", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "may", "intend", "will", "project", "could", "believe", "predict", "potential", "should" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance, achievements or events to differ materially from those anticipated, discussed or implied in such forward-looking statements. The Company believes the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements included in this MD&A should be considered carefully and investors should not place undue reliance on them as the Company cannot assure investors that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

These statements speak only as of the date of this MD&A. Such statements are based on a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect, including, but not limited to, assumptions about: (i) general business and economic conditions; (ii) timing and amount of estimated future production (iii) the supply and demand for, deliveries of, and the level and volatility of prices of zinc and other precious metals; (iv) the timing of the receipt of any outstanding regulatory and governmental approvals for the Company's projects; (v) the ability to meet social and environmental standards and

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expectations; (vi) the availability of financing for the Company's development of its properties on reasonable terms; (vii) the ability to procure equipment and operating supplies in sufficient quantities and on a timely basis; (viii) the ability to attract and retain skilled staff; (ix) exploration and development timetables; and (x) capital expenditure and operating cost estimates.

Since March 2020, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally resulting in an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic are unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company and its operating subsidiaries in future periods.

The Pinargozu zinc mine was placed into production without a feasibility study of mineral reserves demonstrating economic and technical viability, and as such, any forward-looking statements related to the performance of the Pinargozu mine may differ materially from actual results. The decision to operate a mine without a technical report or feasibility study creates increased uncertainty. Economic or technical results of the Pinargozu zinc mine may differ materially from forward-looking statements due to reduced zinc grade, variation in estimated mineral resources, increased difficulty in mining and other risks associated with the reliability of internal analytical results, geological interpretation and statistical inferences drawn from drilling and sampling.

These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties relating to, among other things, exploration and development risks, changes in commodity and, particularly the zinc price, expectations regarding currency fluctuations, possible variation in mineral resources or grade, counterparty risk associated with sales of zinc material, access to skilled mining personnel, results of exploration and development activities, uninsured risks, regulatory changes, defects in title, availability of materials and equipment, timeliness of government approvals, changes to government regulation and unanticipated environmental impacts on operations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to, the risk factors contained in this MD&A. Investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as the plans, intentions or expectations upon which they are based might not occur. The Company cautions that the foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive. The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. The Company does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements except as expressly required by applicable securities law.

Description of Business

Pasinex Resources Limited ("Pasinex" or the "Company") is a publicly listed company incorporated in British Columbia. The Company's shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "PSE" and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange ("FSE") under the symbol "PNX". The head office, principal address and registered and records office of the Company is located at 82 Richmond Street East, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5C 1P1.

Pasinex owns 50% of Horzum Maden Arama ve Isletme Anonim Sirketi ("Horzum AS") which holds the producing Pinargozu high grade zinc mine, through its 100% owned subsidiary Pasinex Arama ve Madencilik Anonim Sirketi ("Pasinex Arama"). The other 50% owner is Akmetal Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S. ("Akmetal"), a private Turkish company. Horzum AS sells directly to zinc smelters and refiners or through commodity brokers. The Company also holds an option to acquire 80% of the Gunman high-grade zinc exploration project in Nevada ("Gunman Project" – formerly the "Spur Zinc Project").

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Selected Quarterly Consolidated Information

_	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2021		2020
Financial:				
Equity gain from Horzum AS	\$	32,232	\$	3,298
Adjusted equity gain from Horzum AS ⁽¹⁾	\$	598,869	\$	25,435
Dividend received from investment in Horzum AS	\$	32,232	\$	3,298
Consolidated net loss	\$	(209,646)	\$	(396,448)
Adjusted consolidated net income (loss) (1)	\$	341,923	\$	(340,389)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(234,543)	\$	(183,652)
Weighted average shares outstanding		144,554,371		144,554,371
As at:		March 31,		December 31,
75 dt.		2021		2020
Total assets	\$	2,074,001	\$	2,114,081
Total liabilities	\$	3,587,668	\$	3,454,502
Shareholders' deficiency	\$	(1,513,667)	\$	(1,340,421)
	7	hree Months	End	ded March 31,
		2021		2020
Horzum AS operational data (100% basis):	_			
Zinc product mined (wet) tonnes		2,580		3,797
Zinc product sold (wet) tonnes		2,372		1,932
Zinc product sold grade		31%		30%
Gross margin ⁽¹⁾		18%		13%
CAD cost per tonne mined (1)	\$	429	\$	306
USD cash cost per pound of zinc mined (1)	\$	0.53	\$	0.37
(1) see non-GAAP measures				

The Company has a 50% joint venture interest in Horzum AS, which is equity accounted. This means in the Pasinex consolidated financial statements:

- Horzum AS net income is shown on one line in the income statement Equity gain from Horzum AS.
- Horzum AS net assets are shown in Investment in Horzum AS. The investment increases from the equity gain from Horzum AS or any contributions to Horzum AS made by Pasinex and decreases when dividends are paid.

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Highlights

Financial and Operational

- For the three months ended March 31, 2021, Pasinex incurred a net loss of approximately \$210,000 compared with a net loss of approximately \$400,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020. The year over year decrease of approximately \$200,000 is the result of lower general and administrative costs, a larger dividend received in 2021 compared with 2020 and a small recovery of the Horzum AS receivable compared with a small impairment in 2020.
- The adjusted consolidated net gain (see non-GAAP measures) was approximately \$340,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with an adjusted consolidated net loss for the same period in 2020. The adjusted equity gain (see non-GAAP measures) was approximately \$600,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with approximately \$25,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020. These non-GAAP measures reflect the Company's results without recording the impairment charges and foreign currency impact related to the Akmetal receivable.
- The operating income in Horzum AS decreased slightly in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with the prior period, although when adjusting for prior period adjustments the results in 2021 are improved compared to 2020. The cost of goods sold in 2021 also includes costs related to the development of the fourth adit, from which no ore product was mined in the first quarter of 2021. The gross margin (see non-GAAP measures) for the three months ended March 31, 2021, increased to 18% from 13% for the same period in 2020.
- Development of the fourth adit was stopped after reaching approximately 370 metres in the first quarter of 2021 due to safety concerns after encountering large volumes of groundwater. As previously disclosed, this was expected and Horzum AS had started to dewater the area to be able to continue the adit development. The dewatering process has been slowed with spring rains having increased the volume of groundwater. The Company had originally expected to be completed by the end of May 2021. As of the date of this report, the dewatering process is continuing. Due to the continued large volumes of ground water being discharged, the Company is considering completing additional geoelectrical and hydrogeological studies to help determine the source of the water. It is now anticipated that the dewatering process could take an additional six to eight weeks. Thereafter, it is expected, that an additional two months of development will be needed to reach the targeted zinc sulphide.
- The dewatering process at the fourth adit has enabled Horzum AS to conduct further exploratory drilling at the 625-meter level. Horzum AS encountered zinc sulphide at the 625-metre level and started to successfully mine zinc sulphide product in that area in the first quarter of 2021. The zinc sulphide product is expected to contain a grade of between 40% to 60% zinc. The ground between the 625-metre level and the 541-metre level has had little exploration to date with the potential below the 541-metre level completely unknown. The fourth adit will allow this area to be drilled from underground and will enable the depth potential to be better delineated.
- Horzum AS completed a total of approximately 2,800 metres of underground and surface diamond core drilling and 500 metres of exploration and development adits during the first quarter of 2021.
- Horzum AS restructured its tax liabilities in December 2020 as allowed by the Turkish taxation department. Horzum AS is scheduled to make instalments of its various tax debts, with each tax debt under its own schedule of 18 equal instalments. Akmetal has paid on behalf of Horzum AS two sets of instalments during the first quarter of 2021. The first set of payments was made on March 1, 2021, with the second set on March 31, 2021. The total amount paid was approximately \$720,000 (TRY 4.44 million). The amount paid subsequent to the end of the quarter was approximately \$42,600 (TRY 287,000).

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• The Company received \$175,000 during the first quarter of 2021 and \$115,000 subsequent to the quarter end from shareholder loans.

Pinargozu Operations Update (100% basis)

- Horzum AS mined 2,580 tonnes at the Pinargozu mine in the three months ended March 31, 2021, versus 3,797 tonnes in the same period in 2020. Mine production decreased in 2021 due to limited available ore product and a focus on the development of the fourth adit. Mined tonnes for the quarter were slightly below guidance provided for 2021.
- Sales volumes increased in the first quarter of 2021 compared with the same period in 2020 from 1,932 tonnes in 2020 to 2,372 tonnes in 2021. The marginal increase in sales tonnage resulted as Horzum AS adopted a process of selling its zinc product on a more frequent smaller batch basis than in the past.
- Sales prices per tonne on a USD basis improved by approximately 35% on average during 2021 compared with 2020. The same percentage increase on a CAD basis was only 28% due to the decrease in the value of the USD compared to the CAD year over year.
- The average grade of the zinc product sold was 31% in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with 30% in the three months ended March 31, 2020.
- Cash costs per tonne mined (see non-GAAP measures) were \$429 in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with \$306 in the same period in 2020. The USD cash cost per pound of zinc product mined (see non-GAAP measures) was US\$0.53 per pound in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with US\$0.37 per pound in the same period in 2020. The increase in both metrics is primarily due to the lower number of tonnes mined year over year. The cost of goods sold remained relatively unchanged.
- Gross margins (after accounting for all operational costs) increased from 13% in the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared with 18% in the same period in 2021. The gross margin in Canadian dollar terms is negatively impacted by the decrease in the USD to CAD exchange rate, year over year, as sales are in USD.
- Production guidance for 2021 is between 7,000 and 10,000 tonnes of oxide product and between 7,000 and 9,000 tonnes of sulphide product. Oxide product mined will predominantly come from currently developed areas while the sulphide product will be mined in newly developed areas from the fourth adit and the 625-metre level.
- Mine production at the Pinargozu mine has continued on a two-shift basis throughout the first quarter of 2021 and all of 2020 notwithstanding the negative impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic. Management expects that it will be able to continue on a two-shift basis in 2021.

Going Concern

The application of the going concern concept assumes that the Company will continue in operation for at least the next twelve months and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. At March 31, 2021, the Company has a net equity deficit of \$12,129,150 (December 31, 2020 – \$11,919,504) and has a working capital deficiency position of \$3,425,521 (December 31, 2020 – working capital deficiency position of \$3,310,551). For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company had a net loss of \$209,646 (three months ended March 31, 2020 – net loss of \$396,448) and negative cash flows from operations of \$234,543 (three months ended March 31, 2020 – negative cash flows from operations of – \$183,652) for the three months then ended and accordingly does not have enough cash on hand to fund its payables and its expected non-discretionary obligations for the next 12 months.

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The Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Pasinex Arama, rely on dividends from Horzum AS and where possible equity financing to fund their exploration and development operations. Horzum AS's financial position has been severely damaged by the continued withholding of funds, by its joint venture partner Akmetal, generated via sales of zinc product produced by the joint venture's Pinargozu mine. As at March 31, 2021, Horzum AS has a receivable owing from Akmetal of approximately \$33 million.

Pasinex Arama received \$32,232 in dividend payments from Horzum AS for the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with \$3,298 in the three months ended March 31, 2020. Horzum AS expenses including payroll, supplies, services costs, costs related to exploration and certain taxes due have been paid by Akmetal to keep the mine operation going. In addition, Akmetal has paid on behalf of Horzum AS, two sets of instalments under the tax restructuring program during the first quarter of 2021 and one set subsequent to the end of the quarter. The total amount paid as of March 31, 2021 was approximately \$720,000 (TRY 4.44 million). The amount paid subsequent to the end of the quarter was approximately \$42,600 (TRY 287,000).

Management has been working with Akmetal and the Kurmel family to resolve the collectability of the trade receivable owing by Akmetal to Horzum AS. Until strong creditworthiness is demonstrated by Akmetal, accounting principles required Pasinex to maintain an expected credit loss equivalent to the full balance of the receivable. Receipt of the Akmetal receivable would provide significant cash flow to Pasinex through additional dividends.

Management expects to receive the payment of the remaining dividend and other receivables that are owing from Horzum AS to Pasinex Arama following payment of a portion of the Akmetal receivable or through the receipt of proceeds from sales. In the absence of the receipt of dividends from Horzum AS, the Company would need to secure funding from either equity financing or additional related party loans. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company received net shareholder advances of \$175,000. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to generate either sufficient dividends from Horzum AS or be able to generate funds from other sources.

Review of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

The following is a summary income statement for Pasinex:

	Three Months Ended March			
		2021	2020	
Equity gain from Horzum AS	\$	32,232 \$	3,298	
Recovery (impairment) of Horzum AS receivable		15,068	(33,922)	
Exploration costs		(40,513)	(43,933)	
General and administration costs		(161,943)	(266,834)	
Interest expense		(31,438)	(18,216)	
Share-based payments		-	(28,500)	
Other income		23,687	3,810	
Foreign exchange (loss) gain		(46,739)	(12,151)	
Net loss	\$	(209,646) \$	(396,448)	

Equity gain from Horzum AS represents the value of dividends received by Pasinex Arama from the Company's 50% owned joint venture, Horzum AS. Horzum AS is considered a joint venture for accounting purposes and as such the Company records its share of net income on one line in the income statement. Further details on the results of Horzum AS follow below – Review of Horzum AS.

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- Pasinex Arama recorded a recovery of its receivable from Horzum AS totaling \$15,068 in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with an impairment charge of \$33,922 in 2020. The impairment was recorded to reflect the uncertainty of the collectability of the receivable from Horzum AS. The recovery is recorded when the amount of funds received by Pasinex Arama, from Horzum AS, exceeds the amounts Pasinex Arama charges to Horzum AS in management fees. In the first quarter of 2021, Pasinex Arama received payments, totaling TRY300,000 from Horzum AS compared with billings to Horzum AS of TRY 212,000. In the first quarter of 2020 the total amount billed by Pasinex Arama to Horzum AS was approximately TRY290,000 versus amounts received totalling TRY135,000.
- Exploration costs represent consulting at the Gunman Project.

Pasinex general and administration costs include the following:

	Thre	ee Months E	nded	l March 31,
		2021		2020
General and administration costs				
Advertising and promotion	\$	-	\$	23
Consulting fees		51,387		73,664
Investor relations		-		352
Management fees and salaries		34,614		51,922
Office and general		10,935		11,912
Professional fees		46,606		80,509
Transfer agent and regulatory fees		8,197		21,405
Travel and meals		9,066		19,430
Other		1,138		7,617
	\$	161,943	\$	266,834

- In general, Pasinex has reduced its overall spend on all general and administrative costs during the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with the same period in 2020 in order to conserve cash.
- Specifically, consulting fees for both years were largely due to costs incurred in conjunction with the
 management of its Turkish operations. Management fees and salaries decreased in the first quarter of 2021
 compared to 2020 as the Company's former CEO resigned in the third quarter of 2020 and was not replaced. In
 total, general and administrative costs decreased by \$104,891 or 39% year over year.

Interest Expense

 Interest expense increased as a result of increased shareholder loans needed to fund the ongoing expenses of the Company.

Pasinex share-based payments are as follows:

Three	Months	Ended	March 31,
	202	1	2020
\$	-	\$	28,500

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Stock options issued:

- On February 7, 2020, 1,500,000 stock options were granted to an officer of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.04 per stock option, expiring February 7, 2022. The stock options vested immediately. The fair value of the stock options at the date of grant of \$28,500 was estimated using the Black Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: a two-year expected term; a 188% expected volatility based on historical trends; risk free interest rate of 1.47%; share price at the date of grant of \$0.03; and an expected dividend yield of 0%. The fair value was expensed during the three months ended March 31, 2020.
- On July 25, 2019, 500,000 stock options were granted to an officer of the Company at a price of \$0.09 each, expiring July 25, 2024. The stock options vested immediately and the fair value of the stock options at the date of grant was \$18,000.
- Subsequent to March 31, 2021, the Company issued 8,500,000 common share purchase options to the Board and management of the Company. The options are exercisable at a price of \$0.04 per share for a period of five years from the issue date of April 30, 2021.

Review of Horzum AS

Key Performance Indicators

(shown on a 100% basis)

	Thre	Three Months Ended March 3			
		2021		2020	
Tonnes mined (wet)		2,580		3,797	
Tonnes sold (wet):	·				
Zinc oxide product		2,372		1,932	
Zinc sulphide product		-		-	
Lead product		-		-	
		2,372		1,932	
Average grades for tonnes sold:					
Zinc oxide product		31%		30%	
Zinc sulphide product		NA		NA	
CAD cost per tonne mined (1)	\$	429	\$	306	
USD cash cost per pound of zinc product mined (1)	\$	0.53	\$	0.37	

⁽¹⁾ See non-GAAP measures

Operating results

Horzum AS mined 2,580 tonnes at the Pinargozu mine in the three months ended March 31, 2021, versus 3,797 tonnes in the same period in 2020. Mine production decreased in 2021 due to limited available ore product and a focus on the development of the fourth adit. Production in 2021 included 2,380 tonnes of zinc oxide product and 200 tonnes of zinc sulphide product.

Sales volumes increased in the first quarter of 2021 compared with the same period in 2020 from 1,932 tonnes in 2020 to 2,372 tonnes in 2021. The marginal increase in sales tonnage resulted as Horzum AS adopted a process of selling

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its zinc product on a more frequent smaller batch basis than in the past. This has allowed for more consistent cash flow. All sales during the quarter in both years was of zinc oxide product.

The average grade of the zinc product sold was 31% in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with 30% in the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Cash costs per tonne mined (see non-GAAP measures) were \$429 in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with \$306 in the same period in 2020. The USD cash cost per pound of zinc product mined (see non-GAAP measures) was US\$0.53 per pound in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with US\$0.37 per pound in the same period in 2020. The increase in both metrics is primarily due to the lower number of tonnes mined year over year. Cost of goods sold remained relatively unchanged.

Financial results

The equity gain in Horzum AS represents 50% of Horzum AS net income.

Below are the statements of operation for Horzum AS for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 with a reconciliation to the Company's equity gain as shown on the Pasinex consolidated financial statements.

(100% basis Canadian dollars)	TI	nree Months E	End	nded March 31,	
		2021		2020	
Revenue	\$	1,332,959	\$	847,199	
Cost of sales	·	(1,039,748)	·	(463,090)	
Selling, marketing and other distribution		(55,631)		(23, 183)	
Operating Income		237,580		360,926	
Recovery (impairment) of Akmetal receivable		(3,707,887)		2,763,547	
General and administration expenses		(64,281)		(54,250)	
Foreign exchange loss on receivable		4,434,577		(2,239,299)	
Finance expense		(17,308)		(130,406)	
Other		20,657		398	
		903,338		700,916	
Income tax expense		(58,519)		(7,600)	
Net income	\$	844,819	\$	693,316	
Pasinex joint venture interest		50%		50%	
Share of net income		422,410		346,658	
Recognition of prior year equity losses		(422,410)		(346,658)	
Dividend received		32,232		3,298	
Equity gain from Horzum AS	\$	32,232	\$	3,298	

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Revenue

The table below shows further details on revenue:

(100% basis Canadian dollars)	Three Months Ended	March 31, 2021	Three Months Ended M	larch 31, 2020
	Wet Tonnes	Wet Tonnes CAD		CAD
Zinc oxide product sales	2,372 \$	1,321,640	1,932 \$	830,157
Zinc sulphide product sales	2,372 ψ	1,321,040	1,302 ψ	-
Lead product sales	-	_	-	_
Other sales	-	5,663	-	26,201
Sales adjustments - prior year	-	5,656	-	(9,159)
Total revenue	2,372 \$	1,332,959	1,932 \$	847,199

Revenue

Sales volume for the quarter increased as discussed above, see *Review of Horzum AS – Operating results*. Sales prices per tonne on a USD basis improved by approximately 35% on average during 2021 compared with 2020. The same percentage increase on a CAD basis was only 28% due to the decrease in the value of the USD compared to the CAD year over year. The average USD sales price was \$441 per tonne in the three months ended March 31, 2021, versus US\$324 per tonne in the same period in 2020.

Costs of Sales

The cost of sales in the three months ended March 31, 2021, increased compared to the same period in 2020 due to higher sales volumes in 2021, the inclusion of costs related to the development of the fourth adit in 2021 and the reduction of cost of sales in 2020 by an amount relating to a prior period.

Operating Income

The operating income in Horzum AS decreased slightly in the three months ended March 31, 2021, compared with the prior period, although when adjusting for prior period adjustments the results in 2021 are improved compared to 2020. The gross margin (see non-GAAP measures) for the three months ended March 31, 2021, increased to 18% from 13% for the same period in 2020.

Impairment of Akmetal Receivable is described below Akmetal Receivable.

In 2018, the Company performed an assessment resulting in the recording of an impairment of the loan receivable from Akmetal as required by IFRS 9. For further discussion see *Review of Horzum AS – Akmetal Receivable*. The recording of the impairment does not represent the elimination of the loan receivable and as such the Company continues to expect full repayment of the loan receivable in due course. The impairment increased in the first quarter of 2021 primarily as a result of an increase in the loan resulting from an increase in the USD:TRY exchange rate.

Foreign Exchange Loss on Receivable

The functional currency of Horzum AS is the TRY. The foreign exchange gain in both 2021 and 2020 is a result of the revaluation of a portion of the Akmetal receivable, which is denominated in US dollars. The gain is the result of the significant decline in the value of the TRY relative to the US dollar during both 2021 and 2020.

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Income Tax Expense

The statutory rate for income taxes in the first quarter of 2021 was 20% compared with a rate of 22% in the first quarter of 2020. The following is a reconciliation of the expected income tax expense using the statutory rate compared to the actual income tax expense:

(100% basis Canadian dollars)	Thi	ree Months I	Ende	d March 31,
		2021		2020
Income before income tax expense	\$	903,338	\$	700,916
Statutory tax rate		20%		22%
Expected income tax recovery (expense)		(180,668)		(154,202)
Non deductible expenses		(349)		-
Tax expense not recognized on impairment				
of Akmetal receivable		122,498		146,602
Income tax expense	\$	(58,519)	\$	(7,600)

Recognition of Prior Year Equity Losses

In the fourth quarter of 2018 an impairment of the Akmetal receivable was recorded. Since the joint venture is equity accounted and because the impairment was so large, the equity loss was capped in the fourth quarter of 2018 so that the investment would not be below zero. The unrecognized loss is to be applied against future equity gains beginning in 2019, if any. The net gains in the first quarter of both 2021 and 2020 decreased the unrecognized loss.

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Financial condition

The following are summary balance sheets for Horzum AS:

(100% basis Canadian dollars)		As at March 31,	As at December 31,			
		2021	-	2020		
Assets						
Cash and prepaid expenses	\$	18,430	\$	16,095		
Loan receivable - Akmetal		33,282,160		33,862,790		
Less - discount and allowance on Akmetal receivables		(33,282,160)		(33,862,790)		
Trade receivables - other		15,991		1,140		
Other current assets		146,169		400,192		
Inventory		217,672		159,972		
Non current assets		780,730		921,746		
Total assets	\$	1,178,992	\$	1,499,145		
Liabilities						
Amounts due to shareholders and related parties	\$	1,786,686	\$	2,060,204		
Other liabilities		7,338,981		9,226,203		
Total liabilities		9,125,667		11,286,407		
Deficit	_	(7,946,675)	•	(9,787,262)		
Total liabilities and deficit	\$	1,178,992	\$	1,499,145		

Akmetal Receivable

The total receivable from Akmetal is approximately \$33 million as at the end of March 31, 2021, compared with approximately \$34 million at December 31, 2020. The receivable consists of several items including joint venture sales proceeds received and withheld by Akmetal, the value of zinc product mined at the joint venture used by Akmetal, foreign currency gains on USD denominated amounts and the value of certain loan payments made to a customer on behalf of Akmetal; less the value of ongoing operating expenses paid by Akmetal. Virtually all the current outstanding receivable arose during 2017 to 2019 with only a small increase in 2020 and 2021. The Canadian dollar equivalent of the receivable decreased in the first quarter of 2021 compared with the end of 2020 due to the rise of the Canadian dollar relative to the Turkish Lira.

As a result of not having collected the Akmetal receivable, Horzum AS has not been able to pay its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Horzum AS currently has approximately \$5.0 million in current liabilities and a working capital deficiency of approximately \$4.6 million. Included within the total current liabilities are \$0.9 million owed in trade payables (\$1.2 million at December 31, 2020), \$1.8 million owed to the Company's wholly owned subsidiary in Turkey (\$2.1 million at December 31, 2020) and \$1.9 million in various taxes payable (\$2.5 million at December 31, 2020). Due to the tax restructuring \$4.0 million of the taxes payable has been classified as non-current (\$5.0 million at December 31, 2020).

Due to Akmetal's continued liquidity issues and continued nonpayment of the receivable, management has continued to assess the probability of credit losses to be high. As a result, the receivable remains written down to zero.

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Amounts Due to Shareholders

Amounts due to shareholders and related parties include the dividend payable to Pasinex Arama of \$1.6 million (approximately TRY10.7 million) (\$2.08 million - approximately TRY 10.9 million at December 31, 2020) along with amounts owed to Pasinex Arama for services performed by Pasinex Arama.

Other Liabilities

Other liabilities include income taxes payable and mining royalties payable. Mining royalties are payable to the government based on a formula of 2% of production value plus a zinc price escalator. The decrease in other liabilities at March 31, 2021, compared with December 31, 2020 is due to the rise of the Canadian dollar relative to the Turkish Lira.

Deficit

The decrease in deficit at March 31, 2021, compared with December 31, 2020 is primarily due to exchange differences during 2020.

Commitments

Akmetal entered into a loan facility with one of its customers for overpayments received on advanced provisional invoice payments received in 2018. Akmetal did not make payments against the loan facility, but Horzum AS has paid a total of approximately US\$1.75 million (approximately \$2.2 million using the March 31, 2021 spot rate) (approximately \$2.32 million using the December 31, 2020 spot rate) to this customer, as at March 31, 2021.

Expectations for 2021

(100% basis)		or the Year Ended ecember 31, 2021
	Wet Tonnes	Grade
Zinc oxide product mined	7,000 to 10,000	28% to 32%
Zinc sulphide product mined	7,000 to 9,000	42% to 48%
	14,000 to 19,000	
CAD cost per tonne mined		\$450 - \$500

- Production guidance for 2021 is between 7,000 and 10,000 tonnes of oxide product and between 7,000 and 9,000 tonnes of sulphide product. Oxide product mined will predominantly come from currently developed areas while the sulphide product will be mined in newly developed areas from the fourth adit and the 625-metre level.
- Mine production at the Pinargozu mine has continued on a two-shift basis throughout the first quarter of 2021 and all of 2020 notwithstanding the negative impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic. Management expects that it will be able to continue on a two-shift basis in 2021.
- Development of the fourth adit was stopped after reaching approximately 370 metres in the first quarter of 2021 due to safety concerns after encountering large volumes of groundwater. As previously disclosed, this was expected and Horzum AS had started to dewater the area in order to be able to continue the adit development. The dewatering process has been slowed with spring rains having increased the volume of groundwater. The

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Company had originally expected to be completed by the end of May 2021. As of the date of this report, the dewatering process is continuing. Due to the continued large volumes of ground water being discharged, the Company is considering completing additional geoelectrical and hydrogeological studies to help determine the source of the water. It is now anticipated that the dewatering process could take an additional six to eight weeks. Thereafter, it is expected, that an additional two months of development will be needed to reach the targeted zinc sulphide.

- The de-watering process at the fourth adit has enabled Horzum AS to conduct further exploratory drilling at the 625-meter level. Horzum AS encountered zinc sulphide at the 625-metre level and started to successfully mine zinc sulphide product in that area in the first quarter of 2021. The zinc sulphide product is expected to contain a grade of between 40% to 60% zinc. The ground between the 625-metre level and the 541-metre level has had little exploration to date with the potential below the 541-metre level completely unknown. The fourth adit will allow this area to be drilled from underground and will enable the depth potential to be better delineated.
- Horzum AS completed a total of approximately 2,800 metres of underground and surface diamond core drilling and 500 metres of exploration and development adits during the first quarter of 2021.
- The decision to enter production at the Pinargozu zinc mine was made without reference to a technical report or feasibility study prepared under National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101"). Accordingly, the Company's production estimates and the economic viability of the mine may differ materially from the estimates contained herein.

Trends

Management regularly monitors economic conditions and estimates their impact on the Company's operations and incorporates these estimates in both short-term operating and longer-term strategic decisions. Apart from these and the discussion below on zinc prices and foreign currency, and the risk factors noted under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties", management is not aware of any other trends, commitments, events, or uncertainties that would have a material effect on the Company's business, financial condition, or results of operations. See "Risks and Uncertainties" below.

Management believes that Pasinex is strongly leveraged to the zinc price and so management continuously monitors the global zinc market. The zinc price averaged US\$1.25 per pound during the first quarter of 2021 compared with US\$0.96 per pound for the same period in 2020. Prices were depressed in the first seven months of 2020, averaging only US\$0.93 per pound. Prices began to rebound in August and ended the year at a high of US\$1.26 average price per pound in December. The first quarter of 2021 has seen similar pricing with an average of US\$1.25 per pound.

Horzum AS sells their product in US dollars and to a lesser extent in Euros which are then converted to Turkish Lira. As such, Horzum AS's financial performance also depends on the TRY to US dollar. The USD / TRY exchange rate had a substantial move higher in the past few years. The average rate for the three months ended March 31, 2021, was 7.4 compared with an average of 6.1 in the same period in 2020. The average rate per quarter in 2020 progressed from 6.1 in the first quarter to 7.9 in the fourth quarter. The devaluation of the Turkish Lira is a benefit to Horzum AS as sales are denominated in US dollars or Euros, however, the devaluation has a negative impact to Pasinex on the approximately 10.7 million TRY dividend still owing.

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Liquidity and Financial Position

Cash Flows

A summary of the Company's cash flows is as follows:

	Thr	ee Months E	nde	d March 31,
		2021		2020
Cash used in operating activities				
Before changes in working capital	\$	(224,370)	\$	(317,793)
Dividend from Horzum AS		32,232		3,298
Changes in working capital		(42,405)		130,843
		(234,543)		(183,652)
Cash used in investing activities		(2,851)		14,612
Cash received from shareholder loans		175,000		195,500
Effect of foreign currencies		85,407		(20,691)
Net change in cash		23,013		5,769
Opening cash balance		46,028		30,634
Closing cash balance	\$	69,041	\$	36,403

Cash used in operating activities before changes in working capital for the three months ended March 31, 2021, decreased when compared with the same period in 2020 in line with the decrease in general and administration costs.

The dividend received from Horzum AS, represents a portion of the dividend declared in 2018. The dividend received increase to \$32,232 (TRY200,000) in the first quarter of 2021 compared with \$3,298 (TRY 15,000) in the same period in 2020. As at the end of March 31, 2021, \$1.6 million (TRY10.7 million) remains to be collected from Horzum AS compared with \$1.9 million at December 31, 2020 (TRY10.9 million). The Canadian dollar equivalent of the amount receivable was negatively impacted by the rise of the Canadian dollar relative to the Turkish Lira.

The change in working capital between periods is largely a function of the timing of payable payments relating to accounts payable, accrued liabilities and amounts due to related parties. The change in the first quarter of 2021 is due to a decrease in related party amounts offset by a small increase in accounts payable.

Cash received from shareholder loans was \$175,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. Subsequent to the quarter end, the Company received an additional \$115,000 from a shareholder.

Commitments

Pasinex through its wholly-owned subsidiary Pasinex Nevada, entered into an option agreement with Cypress Development Corp ("Cypress") and Caliber Minerals Inc. ("Caliber") (formerly named Silcom Systems Inc.) to earn up to an 80% interest in the Gunman Project (formerly the "Spur Zinc Project") located in White Pine County, Nevada ("Option Agreement"). The Option Agreement's total consideration to acquire an 80% interest is a combination of cash and Pasinex common shares. The Company must incur minimum exploration expenditures totalling US\$2,950,000.

On September 12, 2019, the Company announced they reached an agreement with Cypress and Caliber to change the terms relating to the earn-in option agreement by changing the date of the US\$100,000 option payment to December 11, 2019 (paid) and deferred the 2019 exploration obligations to 2020.

On November 27, 2020, the Company entered into an additional amending agreement with Cypress and Caliber to extend the deadline for completion of the minimum exploration expenditures to December 31, 2022. Also, the deadline

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to acquire the additional 29% interest, as outlined below, has been extended to December 31, 2024. As part of the amending agreement the Company changed the name of the project to Gunman Project, agreed to pay US\$15,000 to Cypress and is required to spend a minimum of US\$200,000 by December 31, 2021, as a condition precedent for the effectiveness of the amending agreement.

The spending and associated ownership are as follows:

To acquire an initial 51% of the Gunman Project:

- In December 2017, cash payment was made to Caliber of US\$125,000 (\$158,897) and 2.2 million Pasinex Common Shares (value of \$484,000) were issued to Caliber and Cypress.
- In September 2018, a cash payment of US\$200,000 (\$258,960) and issuance of 2.2 million Pasinex Common Shares (value of \$264,000) were made to Caliber and Cypress.
- In December 2019, a payment of US\$100,000 cash and issuance of 200,000 Pasinex Common Shares (valued at \$6,000) to Cypress.
- In addition, minimum exploration expenditures as defined in the Option Agreement must be spent as follows:
 - US\$250,000 prior to December 5, 2018 (paid)
 - US\$800,000 prior to December 5, 2019 (deferred to December 31, 2022 spent US\$677,000 to March 31, 2021)
 - US\$800,000 prior to December 5, 2020 (deferred to December 31, 2022).

If the 51% option is exercised, Pasinex will enter into a joint venture agreement with Cypress. Total consideration to acquire the 51% interest includes US\$425,000 in cash payments, issuance of 4.6 million Pasinex Common Shares and minimum exploration expenditures of US\$1,850,000.

To acquire an additional 29% of the Gunman Project:

- Prior to December 5, 2021 (deferred to December 31, 2024) payment of US\$250,000 cash and issuance of 200,000 Pasinex Common Shares to Cypress
- Spend an additional US\$1.1 million in exploration expenditures as defined in the Option Agreement.

The underlying licenses are in good standing until September 2021.

Financial Condition

The application of the going concern concept assumes that the Company will continue in operation for at least the next twelve months and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. At March 31, 2021, the Company has a net equity deficit of \$12,129,150 (December 31, 2020 – \$11,919,504) and has a working capital deficiency position of \$3,425,521 (December 31, 2020 – working capital deficiency position of \$3,310,551). The Company for the three months ended March 31, 2021, had a net loss of \$209,646 (three months ended March 31, 2020 – net loss of \$396,448) and negative cash flows from operations of \$234,543 (three months ended March 31, 2020 – negative cash flows from operations of – \$183,652) for the three months then ended and accordingly does not have enough cash on hand to fund its payables and its expected non-discretionary obligations for the next 12 months.

See Going Concern above for additional discussion related to the financial condition of the Company.

See "Risks and Uncertainties" below and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" above.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company, including, and without limitation, such considerations as liquidity, capital expenditures and capital resources that would be material to investors.

Commitments and Contingencies

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has no commitments and contingencies other than those owed in accordance with the Gunman Option Agreement (see Liquidity and Financial Position – Commitments). The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various government laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These environmental regulations are constantly changing and generally are becoming more restrictive. The Company does not believe that there are currently any decommissioning liabilities at its sites, nor subject to known additional environmental liabilities or mitigation measures.

Share Capital

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has 144,554,371 issued and outstanding common shares and an aggregate of 11,750,000 stock options outstanding.

Transactions with Related Parties

Related Party Balances and Transactions

Related parties and related party transactions impacting the accompanying consolidated financial statements are summarized below and include transactions with key management personnel, which include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company, as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers. A number of key management personnel, or their related parties, hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of these entities. A number of these entities transacted with the Company during the period. The terms and conditions of these transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favorable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, for similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities on an arm's length basis.

A summary of the related party transactions are as follows:

	Thre	ee Months I	Three Months Ended March 31				
	-	2021		2020			
Management fees	\$	34,200	\$	46,469			
Consulting fees		41,511		45,828			
Share-based payments		-		28,500			
Interest expense on shareholder loans		31,438		18,216			
	\$	107,149	\$	139,013			

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Amounts Payable to related parties were as follows:

	Accrued Liabilities				Shareholder Loans					
		As at March 31, 2021	D	As at December 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2021		As at December 31, 2020		
Steven Williams (1)	\$	-	\$	1,595	\$	_	\$	-		
7312067 Canada Limited ⁽¹⁾		121,384		105,090		_		-		
Larry Seeley (2)		129,354		117,354		_		-		
Joachim Rainer ⁽²⁾		5,000		5,000		-		-		
Jonathan Challis ⁽²⁾		9,250		23,145		-		-		
1514341 Ontario Inc. ⁽³⁾		17,961		14,232		1,575,998		626,400		
Victor Wells (5)		72,000		48,000		-		-		
Soner Koldas ⁽⁷⁾		96,513		74,482		-		-		
Seeley Holdings Ltd. (8)		-		-		615,958		582,877		
Rainer Beteiligungsgesellschaft ⁽⁹⁾		1,801		1,901		71,616		67,794		
2192640 Ontario Inc. ⁽¹⁰⁾		36,889		41,803		-		-		
	\$	490,152	\$	432,602	\$	2,263,572	\$	1,277,071		

⁽¹⁾ Steven Williams was the Chief Executive Officer of the Company until his resignation on August 25, 2020. 7312067 Canada Limited is controlled by Mr. Williams.

- (3) 1514341 Ontario Inc. is a company controlled by Larry Seeley, a director of the Company.
- (4) Victor Wells is a director of the Company.
- (5) Soner Koldas is the General Manager of Pasinex AS and the Managing Director of Horzum AS.
- (6) Seeley Holdings Ltd. is a company controlled by a family member of Larry Seeley, a director of the Company.
- (7) Rainer Beteiligungsgesellschaft is owned by Joachim Rainer a director of the Company.
- (8) 2192640 Ontario Inc. is a company controlled by Andrew Gottwald, the CFO of the Company.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these consolidated financial statements at the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

⁽²⁾ Larry Seeley, Joachim Rainer and Jonathan Challis were directors of the Company at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

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To the knowledge of the directors and officers of the Company, as at March 31, 2021, no person or corporation beneficially owns or exercises control or direction over common shares of the Company carrying more than 10% of the common shares of the Company other than set out below:

	Number of Common Shares	Percentage of Outstanding Common Shares
Larry Seeley	30,000,591	20.75%

Selected Consolidated Quarterly Financial Data

The following table provides a summary of unaudited financial data for the last eight quarters:

_	Three Months Ended														
•		March 2021		Dec 2020		Sept 2020		June 2020		March 2020		Dec 2019	Sept 2019		June 2019
Financial:															
Equity gain (loss) from Horzum AS	\$	32,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,298	\$	-	\$ 135,701	\$	286,383
Adjusted equity gain (loss) from Horzum AS (1)	\$	598,869	\$	(83,836)	\$	101,173	\$	(26, 257)	\$	25,435	\$	2,502,731	\$ 1,688,233	\$	(352,513)
Consolidated net loss	\$	(209,646)	\$	(151,405)	\$	(408,615)	\$	(295,958)	\$	(396,448)	\$	(464, 140)	\$ (245,251)	\$	(108,609)
Adjusted consolidated net income (loss) (1)	\$	341,923	\$	(251,307)	\$	(330,985)	\$	(288, 554)	\$	(193,788)	\$	2,038,591	\$ 1,307,281	\$	(747,505)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$	0.00	\$	-	\$	(0.01)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(0.01)	\$ -	\$	-

⁽¹⁾ See non-GAAP measures.

The joint venture is equity accounted for. In 2018, the net loss of the joint venture was so large after the impairment of the Akmetal receivable was recorded that the equity loss was capped so the investment would not be below zero. In the above quarters, the equity gains represent dividends received from Horzum AS. The dividends received have not been consistent or predictable due to the cash flow issues at Horzum AS. Equity gains reduce the remaining equity loss that was recorded in 2018 and net losses increase the unrecorded equity loss.

Quarterly adjusted equity gains add back the impairment, net of foreign exchange and income tax impacts, to arrive at the equity gains achieved by the joint venture. Quarterly consolidated net income or loss has varied primarily due to the variability of the equity gain or loss recorded from the joint venture. A general reduction in general and administrative costs along with a reduction in exploration costs has reduced the consolidated net loss during the first quarter of 2021 when compared to prior quarters. The reduction in general and administrative costs has contributed to a general decline in the consolidated net loss through the quarters in 2020. The third quarter of 2020 included a one-time lump sum payment to the former CEO of the Company. The quarterly adjusted consolidated net income or loss variability is primarily due to the variability of the adjusted equity gain or loss as described above.

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Non-GAAP measures

The Company has included certain non-GAAP performance measures throughout this document. These performance measures are employed by management to assess the Company's operating and financial performance and to assist in business decision-making. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, certain investors and other stakeholders use this information to evaluate the Company's operating and financial performance; however, these non-GAAP performance measures do not have any standardized meaning. Accordingly, these performance measures are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted equity gain from Horzum AS

The following table provides a reconciliation of equity loss of Horzum AS to adjusted equity gain from Horzum AS.

	Th	ree Months E	nde	ed March 31,
		2021		2020
Reconciliation of adjusted equity gain:				
Equity gain (loss) as per Pasinex statement of loss	\$	32,232	\$	3,298
Add back from Horzum AS statement of operation:				
50% of (recovery) impairment of Akmetal receivable		(1,853,944)		(1,381,774)
50% of foreign exchange gain on receivable		2,160,188		1,207,152
Income tax effect of above add backs		(122,498)		(146,602)
Recognition of prior year equity losses		415,123		346,658
Receipt of dividend recorded as equity gain		(32,232)		(3,298)
Adjusted equity gain	\$	598,869	\$	25,435

Adjusted consolidated net loss

The following table provides a reconciliation of consolidated loss to adjusted net income.

	Thr	nde	nded March 31,			
		2021		2020		
Reconciliation of adjusted consolidated net loss:						
Net loss as per Pasinex statement of income	\$	(209,646)	\$	(396,448)		
Add back (deduct):						
(Recovery) impairment of Horzum AS receivable		(15,068)		33,922		
Equity gain from Horzum AS		(32,232)		(3,298)		
Adjusted equity gain		598,869		25,435		
Adjusted consolidated net income (loss)	\$	341,923	\$	(340,389)		

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Cost per tonne mined

The following table provides a reconciliation of cost per tonne mined to cost of sales (the nearest GAAP measure) per the Horzum AS Statements of Operations.

	Thi	nde	nded March 31,		
		2021		2020	
Reconciliation of cost per tonne mined			•		
Cost of sales per Horzum income statement	\$	1,039,748	\$	463,090	
Cost of sales adjustments related to a prior period		-		259,780	
Cost of sales related to other items		-		(21,693)	
Inventory change		67,329		458,925	
	\$	1,107,077	\$	1,160,102	
Tonnes mined		2,580		3,797	
CAD Cost per tonne mined	\$	429	\$	306	

US\$ cash cost per pound of zinc produced

The following table provides a reconciliation of US\$ cash cost per pound of zinc mined to cost of sales (the nearest GAAP measure) per the Horzum AS Statements of Operations.

		Th	Three Months Ended M 2021		
Reconciliation of US\$ cash cost per pour	nd of zinc product mined				
Cost of sales per Horzum income stateme for cost of sales adjustments and inventor	•	\$	1,107,077	\$	1,160,102
Less - sales of lead product	y onango	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,100,102
•			1,107,077		1,160,102
Translate to US\$	Α	\$	874,054	\$	863,043
Zinc product tonnes mined (wet)			2,580		3,797
Zinc product grade mined			31.4%		30.0%
Moisture loss			7.5%		7.0%
Pounds of zinc product mined	В		1,651,836		2,335,493
US\$ cash cost per pound of zinc product mi	ned A/B	\$	0.53	\$	0.37

Treatment and refining costs are not included in the US\$ cash cost per pound.

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Gross margin

The following table provides a reconciliation of gross margin to net income (the nearest GAAP measure) per the Horzum AS Statements of Operations.

	Th	ree Months E	nde	d March 31,
	<u> </u>	2021		2020
Reconciliation of gross margin				
Operating income per Horzum AS income statement	\$	237,580	\$	360,926
Add back final price adjustments for Revenue and				
Cost of Goods Sold related to other periods		(5,656)		(250,621)
Gross margin	\$	231,924	\$	110,305
Revenue (excluding price adjustments related to other				
periods and other sales)	\$	1,321,640	\$	856,358
Gross margin (gross margin / revenue)		18%		13%

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's business contains significant risk due to the nature of mining, exploration, and development activities. The Company is a junior resource company focused primarily on the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties located in the United States of America and Turkey. The Company's properties have no established mineral reserves and there is no assurance that any of the Company's projects can be mined profitably. The Company is also exploring and developing other opportunities and is subject to risks and challenges similar to companies in a comparable stage. These risks include, but are not limited to, the challenges of securing adequate capital in view of exploration, development, and operational risks inherent in the mining industry as well as global economic and base mineral price volatility.

An investment in the securities of the Company is highly speculative and involves numerous and significant risks. Such investment should be undertaken only by investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume these risks and who have no need for immediate liquidity in their investment. Prospective investors should carefully consider the risk factors that have affected, and which in the future are reasonably expected to affect, the Company and its financial position. Please refer to the section entitled "Risks and Uncertainties" in the Company's Annual MD&A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com

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Disclosure of Internal Controls

Management has established processes to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support representations that they have exercised reasonable diligence to ensure that (i) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements; and (ii) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented.

In contrast to the certificate required for non-venture issuers under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate filed by the Company does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers filing such certificate are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's generally accepted accounting principles (IFRS).

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in such certificate. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost-effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

Additional Information

Additional information about the Company can be found on their Disclosure Hall page at www.cnsx.ca, the Company's website at www.pasinex.com, or on www.sedar.com.