JERICO EXPLORATIONS INC.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011

Prepared as of January 20, 2012

Form 51-102-F1

JERICO EXPLORATIONS INC.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011

Date of This Report

This MD&A is prepared as of January 20, 2012, and includes information to that date.

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") focuses on the financial condition and results of operations of Jerico Exploration Inc." (the "Corporation") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's audited financial statements and notes related thereto for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, both of which have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. All dollar amounts herein are expressed in Canadian Dollars.

Certain statements contained in this document may constitute "forward-looking statements". When used in this document, the words "may", "would", "could", "will", "intend", "plan", "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "investigate", "looking at" as they relate to the Corporation or its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements or information. Such statements or information reflect the Corporation's current views with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Forward-looking statements and information are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by management, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors could cause the Corporation's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements or information, including among other things, those risk factors which are discussed elsewhere in documents that the Corporation files from time to time with securities regulatory authorities. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements or information prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as intended, planned, anticipated, believed, estimated or expected.

The Corporation expressly disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements and information whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. All written and oral forward-looking statements and information attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing cautionary statements.

Overall Performance

Description of the Business

The Corporation was incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* on February 2, 2004. The Corporation has one wholly-owned subsidiary, Jerico Explorations Arizona, Inc., incorporated under the laws of Arizona on September 30, 2005.

The Corporation was incorporated to pursue the acquisition, exploration and, if warranted, the development of mineral resource properties. The Corporation does not have any producing property. Recovery of the cost of mining assets is subject to the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the Corporation's ability to obtain the financing required to pursue exploration and development of its properties, and profitable future production or the proceeds from the sale of its properties. The Corporation must periodically obtain new funds in order to pursue its activities. While it has always succeeded in doing so to date, there can be no assurance that it will continue to do so in the future.

Property Activity

Harmony Property

Background

On March 1, 2004, the Corporation entered into a Mining Property Lease and Option to Purchase Agreement (the "Harmony Claims Purchase Agreement") for a right to purchase up to a 100% interest (subject to a 1% new production royalty) in the Harmony Claim block, a contiguous block of nine unpatented mining claims comprising 165 acres located in the Wallapai Mining District, Mohave County, Arizona, approximately 16 miles by road north of Kingman (the "Harmony Property"). The Harmony Claims Purchase Agreement required a series of payments totaling US\$100,000, which payments the Corporation completed in full effective June 1, 2007.

On May 30, 2005, the Corporation filed on SEDAR a NI 43-101 technical report related to the Harmony Property dated April 18, 2005, and titled "Technical Report, Golconda Project, Wallapai Mining District, Mohave County, Arizona" (the "Technical Report") prepared for the Corporation and which is available for viewing at www.sedar.com... The Technical Report was prepared by Douglas F. Irving, P.Eng., of Chapman, Wood and Griswold, Inc. of Albuquerque, New Mexico, the professional engineer engaged by the Corporation, who is a Qualified Person as such term is defined in National Instrument 43-101.

Historic Exploration Work – Conclusions and Recommendations

In December 2007 and January 2008 the Corporation conducted and completed an exploration phase in the Golden Eagle footwall zone and the Golden Eagle main zone on the Harmony Property. Full details about such exploration is set out in the Corporation's annual MD&A for the year ended September 30, 2008 filed on SEDAR on January 28, 2009. The drilling at the Golden Eagle zone on the Harmony Project confirmed the discovery of gold-silver mineralization that was made by Cyprus Minerals in 1987 to 1988. Mineralization was encountered across true widths of 30 to 40 feet along a 300 foot strike length. Drilling in a footwall structure confirmed the presence of disseminated gold-silver mineralization in an

approximate 30 to 35 foot wide zone identified from earlier sampling of old surface and underground workings. Additional exploration on the project is recommended by the attending professional engineer and the geologist.

The technical content of the conclusions and recommendations of the drilling phase discussed herein was provided and reviewed by Douglas F. Irving, P.Eng., of Chapman, Wood and Griswold, Inc. of Albuquerque, New Mexico, the professional engineer engaged by the Corporation for such exploration phase, and who is a Qualified Person as such term is defined in National Instrument 43-101.

Based on the results of the assay and the geologist's recommendations, and assuming available financing, the Corporation may find it feasible to continue to expand the exploration program as recommended in the Technical Report.

Exploration Work Summary for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2011

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 the Corporation incurred \$2,254 exploration expenditures on the Harmony property. For comparative purposes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 these expenditures amounted to \$2,406 for exploration expenditures, compared to \$138,073 of exploration costs expended during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. The expenditures for that 2008 period consisted of \$17,729 of access improvement and drill pads preparations, \$46,988 of prospecting, sampling and assaying, and \$73,356 of reverse circulation drilling.

The differences were caused by a change in the Corporation's strategy regarding its exploration work plan starting in the 2009 fiscal year. Due to tight capital markets, in management's view, there was great uncertainty about the Corporation's ability to obtain additional financing in the near future to support a decision to proceed with further drilling under such circumstances. Therefore, the directors of the Corporation held off on decisions about expanding the exploration program recommended under the Technical Report until capital market conditions improve. Now that there are some signs of stability beginning to return to the financial markets, the Corporation is focused on seeking out additional financing opportunities to expand its exploration program either with the Harmony Property or other new opportunities.

Recent Developments

As stated, management and the Board of Directors of the Corporation kept the activities of the Company at minimal maintenance level with the intention to carry the Company through the period of economic uncertainty and volatility in the capital markets that prevailed due to the recent economic recession resulting from the global credit crisis. Currently, the Company must obtain additional financing to proceed with further exploration activities.

In January 2009, the Board of Directors of the Corporation resolved to seek disinterested shareholder approval and TSXV Exchange acceptance to extend the expiry date of 375,000 stock options (the "2005 Options") previously granted to certain directors of the Corporation, all of which had approaching expiry dates of August 26, 2010. On March 31, 2009, at the Corporation's AGM, disinterested shareholder approval was obtained for the proposed extension of the expiry date of the 2005 Options. Then in April 2009, the Board resolved to extend the

expiry date of the 2005 Options from August 26, 2010 to August 26, 2015. On June 08, 2009, the TSXV Exchange granted approval of the extension of the expiry date of the 2005 Options to August 26, 2015. All other terms of these options will remain the same.

In February 2009 the Board granted to a director of the Corporation options to acquire 100,000 common shares at the exercise price of \$0.31 until January 22, 2019, such options vesting at 10% on the date of granting and further vesting at the rate of 15% every three months until fully vested. These options were fully vested in August 2010.

In August 2010 two independent directors resigned from their positions and duties as such. On October 04, 2010, \$30,000 cash was received as these two resigned directors exercised their options to purchase 150,000 of the Corporation's common shares at an exercise price of \$0.20.

In September 2010 the then chief financial officer was appointed to the board of directors, to comply with the TSX-V requirement to have at least three directors on the corporate board of directors. On November 09, 2010 the board of directors granted the chief financial officer the option to purchase 25,000 of the Corporation's common shares at an exercise price of \$0.55.

An additional independent director was appointed in October 2010 and became a member of the audit committee, to comply with the requirement of the TSX-V to have at least two independent directors as members of the audit committee. On November 09, 2010 the board of directors granted this director the option to purchase 100,000 of the Corporation's common shares at an exercise price of \$0.55.

Both of the above option grants have been approved by the TSX –V.

Results of Operations

Operations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 compared to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, the Corporation incurred cash expenses of \$33,792; consisting of \$10,910 of audit and accounting fees, \$9,697 of legal fees, \$564 of office and miscellaneous expenditures, and \$12,621 of filing, sustaining, and transfer fees. Non-cash charges of \$58,666 were incurred during the fiscal year, consisting of \$20,000, representing the estimated value of unremunerated management and administrative services provided by the officers and directors for the year, and \$38,666, representing the fair value of the stock options vested during the fiscal year, as calculated by the Black Scholes option-pricing model. The total administrative expenses thus incurred amounted to \$92,458. Interest earned on cash deposits was \$19, resulting in a net loss of \$92,439 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 the Corporation incurred cash expenses of \$47,507; consisting of \$17,154 of audit and accounting fees, \$16,693 of legal fees, \$170 of office and miscellaneous expenditures, and \$13,490 of filing, sustaining, and transfer fees. Non-cash charges of \$20,000 were recorded, representing the estimated value of unpaid management and administrative services provided by officers and directors for the year. In addition, there was a non-cash charge of \$14,491, representing the fair market value of the stock options vested during the fiscal year, as calculated by the Black Scholes option-pricing model. Interest earned on cash

deposits for the year was \$55, resulting in a net loss of \$81,943 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. The net increase in expenditures of \$10,460 is mainly due to the non-cash charge for the vesting of the stock based compensation, valued at \$24,175 greater than for the initial prior year, less \$13,715 of a reduction in operating expenditures requiring cash over the prior year, pertaining to legal expenses connected to the issuance of stock options during the prior year.

The expenditures, requiring cash to fund, saw an aggregate decrease of \$13,715, as compared to the prior fiscal year. This net decrease is caused by an decrease in audit fees of \$6,244, due mainly to an increase in the prior year end audit accrual, a decrease in legal fees of \$6,996, due to fewer services required pertaining to the issuance of stock options and appointments of directors, an increase in office and miscellaneous expenses of \$394; and a decrease in filing, transfer, and exchange fees of \$869. The factors noted above resulted in the stated \$10,460 net increase in expenditures incurred during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, as compared to those of the prior fiscal year.

Selected Annual Information

The highlights of financial data for the Corporation for each of the three most recently completed financial years are as follows:

	Sept. 30, 2009	Sept. 30, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011
(a) Net Sales	Nil	Nil	Nil
(b) Loss before exchange and investment income	e \$(109,008)	\$(81,998)	\$(92,458)
(c) Net Loss	\$(108,669)	\$(81,943)	\$(92,439)
(d) Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$(0.02)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)
(e) Total assets	\$416,426	\$372,814	\$365,404
(f) Total long-term liabilities	Nil	Nil	Nil
(g) Cash dividends declared per share	Nil	Nil	Nil

Current Assets and Working Capital

As at September 30, 2011, the Corporation had current assets of \$37,094, consisting of \$35,707 cash, \$87 HST recoverable, and \$1,300 prepaid expenses. Current liabilities at that date were \$10,392, providing working capital of \$26,702. At September 30, 2010 the Corporation had current assets of \$46,758, consisting of \$44,805 cash, \$703 GST recoverable, and \$1,250 prepaid expenses. Current liabilities at that date were \$14,029, resulting in available working capital of \$32,729. The decrease in working capital by \$6,027 that occurred between September 30, 2010 and 2011 is attributable to the reduction in cash of \$9,098, used to fund the operating expenditures requiring cash of \$33,773, the payment of property exploration expenditures of \$2,254, and the reduced funding of HST receivable of \$616, the increase in prepaid expenses by

\$50, and a pay-down of accrued expenses of \$3,637. Offsetting these cash requirements has been the receipt of \$30,000 upon the exercise of stock options to purchase 150,000 of the Corporation's common shares at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share.

The decrease in cash of \$9,098, the decrease in HST recoverable of \$616, the increase in prepaid expenses by \$50, and the pay-down of accrued expenses of \$3,637 combine to effect the decrease in working capital of the stated \$6,027 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, as compared to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010.

In spite of the rather volatile capital markets, but faced with an approaching shortage of working capital to fund the operation, management will contact its major shareholders to contribute funding via private placement to enable the Corporation to continue operating and to execute the recommended exploration phase at its Harmony property. (Also, see below under the heading *Liquidity and Capital Resources*).

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As detailed above in the paragraph titled "Current Assets and Working Capital", at September 30, 2011, the Corporation had working capital of \$26,702 and a cash position of \$35,707.

The Corporation has funded its operations to date from the sale of its equity securities. If additional capital financing arrangements, including public or private sales of debt or equity securities, are insufficient or unavailable, the Corporation will modify its growth, mineral exploration and operating plans to match available funding. Any additional equity financing may be on terms that are dilutive, or potentially dilutive, to its shareholders. Debt financing, if available, may involve restrictive covenants with respect to the Corporation's ability to pay dividends, raise additional capital or execute various other financial and operational plans.

All payment obligations under the Harmony Claims Purchase Agreement are completed, and the Corporation has no other material payment obligation, the cash expenditures needed to fund basic operating costs are approximately \$40,000 per fiscal year.

Current cash assets of \$35,707 on September 30, 2011, may fall short to enable the Corporation to continue operations for the ensuing twelve months, unless a cash infusion via private placement can be secured.

Management has noted the development of a possible trend falling out from the ongoing effect of the economic downturn and volatility in the capital markets; that being a trend in the current capital markets for entities to improve economies of scale through mergers and acquisitions. Accordingly, the Corporation may have an increased risk to continue as a going concern in the future because of the currently minimal level of its operations.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following selected financial information is for the eight most recently completed quarters as derived from the Corporation's respective financial statements and notes thereto. The following information should be read in conjunction with the referenced financial statements, the notes to those statements and "Results of Operations" herein.

	Three month period ended Sep 30, 2011 (unaudited)	Three month period ended June 30, 2011 (unaudited)	Three month period ended Mar 31, 2011 (unaudited)	Three mone period ende Dec 3 (unaudi	th od ed 31,	Thr mor peri end Sep 201 (unaud	oth od ed 30,	Thromon periodente per	th od ed 30,	Thre mont perio endec Mar 3	h mond d period d ende 1, Dec 3	th od od 31,
Total revenue/interest income	\$1	\$3	\$6		\$9		\$10	\$	10	\$1	6 \$1	9
Total expenses	\$41,668	\$13,255	\$20,443	\$17,0)92	\$32,	528	\$13,7	21	\$21,46	0 \$14,27	9
Income (loss) for the period	(\$41,667)	(\$13,252)	(\$20,437)	(\$17,0)83)	(\$32,	518)	(\$13,7	11)	(\$21,45	4) (\$14,26	50)
Net income (loss) for the period	(\$41,667)	(\$13,252)	(\$20,437)	(\$17,0	083)	(\$32,	518)	(13,7	11)	(\$21,45	4) (\$14,26	50)
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.0	0	\$0.0	00	\$(0.0	0)	\$0.00	\$0.0	0
Balance Sheet Data:	As a Sep 3 201 (audite	0, June 1 201	30, Mar 1 20	· 31, 11	As a Dec 201 (unaud	31, 10	Sep 20	s at 5 30, 010 lited)	Jui 2	s at ne 30, 010 nudited)	As at Mar 31, 2010 (unaudited)	As at Dec 31, 2009 (unaudited
Total assets	\$365,40	94 \$367,82	22 \$378,5	582	\$394,1	61	\$372,	814	\$384	,218	\$392,479	\$414,311
Total long term financial liabilities	Nil 	Nil	N	il	Ni	1	N	Vil]	Nil	Nil	Nil
Shareholders' equity	\$355,01	2 \$367,39	98 \$371,4	159	\$381,7	99	\$358,	785	\$383	,676	\$387,989	\$400,711

Related Party Transactions

Management continues to provide administrative services to the Corporation without monetary remuneration while the Corporation is in the initial exploration stage. The fair value of management and administrative services received by the Corporation was estimated to be \$1,500 per month, plus incidental expenses of \$2,000 for the year. The fair values were determined based on market based indicators for time and expertise, and comparable arms length values. The amount has been recorded in the statement of loss, comprehensive loss, and deficit and included as an addition to contributed surplus.

Changes in Accounting Policies

Recent accounting pronouncements

Convergence with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

In February 2008, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") confirmed that publicly accountable enterprises will be required to adopt IFRS for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1 2011. Accordingly, for its fiscal reporting period beginning October 1, 2011, the Corporation will adopt IFRS as the basis of preparing its financial statements, and will report its financial results for the quarter ended December 31, 2011 prepared on an IFRS basis with restatement of comparative information presented for the quarter ended December 31, 2010. The Company's transition date of October 1, 2011 will require a reconciliation of any restatement for comparative purposes of amounts reported by the Company for the year ended September 30, 2011. It is expected that the presentation of the financial statements will change noticeably, as the Corporation complies with increased disclosure requirements under IFRS and differing prescribed formats of the balance sheet and statements of income/loss and cash flows.

Management anticipates completing its reporting conversion to IFRS on a timely basis.

Corporation's Convergence Plan

The conversion to IFRS is being led by the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer with active participation by the directors and the assistance and guidance of the Corporation's auditors.

Phase 1: Review and Assessment

In this phase, Management has concluded a detailed review of all relevant IFRS standards to identify differences with the Corporation's current accounting policies and practices, giving separate consideration to one-time accounting policy alternatives that need to be addressed at the changeover date (IFRS 1, Considerations) and address those accounting policy choices that, if and as selected, will be applied on an ongoing basis in periods subsequent to the changeover to IFRS. Management has completed this review and assessment phase during the third quarter ended June 30, 2011, and is in the process of prioritizing and implementing the changes identified.

Phase 2: Implementation

In this phase, Management will be implementing the changes to affected accounting policies and practices, business processes, systems, and internal controls. The changes will be tested prior to the formal reporting requirements under IFRS to insure all significant differences are properly addressed in time for the changeover. This phase has begun and is scheduled to continue into the beginning of the first quarter ended December 31, 2011, allowing Management sufficient time to comply with reporting under IFRS for the first quarter ending December 31`, 2011. Management is prepared and will begin to implement the requirements of IFRS starting in its fiscal reporting period beginning October 01, 2011.

Business Combinations, Non-controlling Interest and Consolidated Financial Statements

In January 2009, the CICA issued Handbook Sections 1582 Business Combinations, 1601 Consolidated Financial Statements and 1602 Non-controlling Interests which replace CICA Handbook Sections 1581 Business Combinations and 1600 Consolidated Financial Statements. Section 1582 establishes standards for the accounting for business combinations that is equivalent to the business combination accounting standard under IFRS. Section 1582 is applicable for the Company's business combinations with acquisition dates on or after October 1, 2011. Section 1601 together with Section 1602 establishes standards for the preparation of consolidated financial statements. Section 1601 is applicable for interim and annual consolidated financial statements for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Early adoption of these Sections is permitted and all three Sections must be adopted concurrently. Adoption is not expected to have a material impact on the company's financial reporting based on current operations.

Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The Corporation's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, due from related party, and accounts payable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value, unless otherwise noted.

The Corporation is exposed to a variety of financial risks by virtue of its activities including currency, credit, interest rate, and liquidity.

a) Currency risk

Currently, the Corporation is not exposed to significant currency risks as its capital and operations are in Canadian dollars. At the time the Company expands the exploration program on the Harmony Project, the Company will be contracting services in US Dollars. The Company would be exposed to fluctuations between the currencies which will affect the overall cost of the exploration program.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Corporation if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligations. The Corporation's cash is held in large Canadian financial institutions. The Corporation does not have any asset-backed commercial paper. The Corporation's receivables consist primarily of GST receivable due from the Federal Government of Canada.

c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. There is very limited interest rate risk as the Corporation holds no interest bearing financial obligations.

d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise required funding through future equity issuances. The Corporation manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

Share Capital and Outstanding Share Information

The authorized share capital of the Corporation consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in one or more series, having certain rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions as set out in the Corporation's Articles. There have been no preferred shares issued since the Corporation's inception.

As of the date of this MD&A:

Common shares issued	6,699,001
Stock options exercisable between \$0.20, \$0.35, and \$0.55	450,000
Agent's Warrants	Nil
Maximum number of common shares outstanding (fully diluted)	7,149,001

Escrow

As of the date of this MD&A, there are nil common shares that are, or have a right to be, owned by directors and major shareholders held in escrow. On August 26, 2008 all remaining common shares held in escrow (794,700) were released.

Dividend Report and Policy

The Corporation has not paid any dividends since incorporation and it has no plans to pay dividends. The directors of the Corporation will determine if and when dividends should be declared and paid in the future based on the Corporation's financial position at the relevant time. All holders of the common shares in the capital of the Corporation are entitled to an equal share in any dividends declared and paid.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Under Canadian securities laws, because the Corporation is a venture issuer, it is not required to certify the design nor provide an evaluation of its disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR") and therefore, has not completed such an evaluation. Accordingly, this MD&A does not contain a discussion relating to the establishment and maintenance of DC&P and ICFR, as defined in National Instrument 52-109. In particular, management of the Corporation is not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.

Accordingly, inherent limitations on the ability of the Corporation's management to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR for the Corporation may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, there were no changes in policies or procedures for DC&P and ICFR as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Corporation's principal activity is mineral exploration and development. Companies in this industry are subject to many and varied kinds of risks, including but not limited to, environmental, metal prices, political and economical.

Although the Corporation has taken steps to verify the title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Corporation's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

The Corporation has no significant source of operating cash flow and no revenues from operations. None of the Corporation's mineral properties currently have reserves. The Corporation has limited financial resources. Substantial expenditures are required to be made by the Corporation to establish ore reserves.

The property interests owned by the Corporation, or in which it has an option to earn an interest are in the exploration stages only, are without known bodies of commercial mineralization and have no ongoing mining operations. Mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk and few properties, which are explored, are ultimately developed into producing mines. Exploration of the Corporation's mineral exploration may not result in any discoveries of commercial bodies of mineralization. If the Corporation's efforts do not result in any discovery of commercial mineralization, the Corporation will be forced to look for other exploration projects or cease operations.

The Corporation is subject to the laws and regulations relating to environmental matters in all jurisdictions in which it operates, including provisions relating to property reclamation, discharge of hazardous material and other matters. The Corporation may also be held liable

should environmental problems be discovered that were caused by former owners and operators of its properties and properties in which it has previously had an interest. The Corporation conducts its mineral exploration activities in compliance with applicable environmental protection legislation. The Corporation is not aware of any existing environmental problems related to any of its current or former properties that may result in material liability to the Corporation.

The Corporation currently has limited working capital and incurs significant expenses on an ongoing basis by virtue of being a public company, and this represents a significant risk factor. The Corporation will therefore require additional financing to carry on its business, and such financing may not be available when it is needed.

Additional Disclosure for Issuers without Significant Revenue

The Corporation has not had any significant revenues from operations during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 and the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 Consult the audited annual financial statements pertaining to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 and the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 for presentation of the significant acquisition, exploration and operating costs.

Subsequent Events

There no subsequent events to report on.

Other Information

Additional information relating to the Corporation is available for viewing on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.