



**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED**

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**



KINGSTON  
ROSS  
PASNAK<sup>LLP</sup>

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Suite 1500, 9888 Jasper Avenue NW  
Edmonton, Alberta T5J 5C6  
T. 780.424.3000 | F. 780.429.4817 | W. krpgroup.com

January 29, 2024  
Edmonton, Alberta

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

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To the Shareholders of Cypherpunk Holdings Inc.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Cypherpunk Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Company), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at September 30, 2023, and 2022 and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at September 30, 2023, and 2022, and the consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For the matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

#### ***Existence and valuation of equity investments***

We refer to the financial statement summary of significant accounting policies on various equity investments recorded at fair value and related disclosure in Notes 8 and 16.

The Company held various equity investments which were recorded at fair value through profit and loss in accordance with IFRS 9 at the fair value of \$6,464,119 as at September 30, 2023. These equity investments were considered a key audit matter due to the classification, nature and quantum of the investments held and the estimates and judgments involved in determination of the fair value.

The Company has specific procedures for determining the treatment and valuation of the equity investments.

To address the risk for material misstatement on the equity investments, our audit procedures included, amongst other procedures:

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Cypherpunk Holdings Inc.  
(continued)

- Reviewing management assessment of meeting the criteria to be classified as an equity investment;
- Reviewing purchase and related supporting documentation to verify the ownership of the equity investments;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation methodology and value source information used by management to calculate the fair value of the equity investments;
- Engaging an expert in valuation to act as an auditor's expert in evaluating the valuation prepared by management's expert; and
- Performing recalculation of the fair value of the equity investments.

We assessed the adequacy of the Company's presentation and disclosures with respect to the appropriate fair value level and risk management related to equity investments.

**Existence, accuracy, completeness and valuation of cryptocurrencies**

We refer to the financial statement summary of significant accounting policies on cryptocurrencies and related disclosure in Notes 7 and 16.

At September 30, 2023, the Company held Bitcoin cryptocurrency which was revalued at year end in line with the requirements of the revaluation model under IAS 38 at a collective reported value of \$7,852,418. These cryptocurrencies were considered a key audit matter due to their completely digital nature and the emerging technology that they are built around.

The Company has specific procedures for the purchasing, storage, and disposal of cryptocurrencies.

To address the risk for material misstatement on these cryptocurrencies, our audit procedures included, amongst other procedures:

- Reviewing management assessment of meeting the criteria to be classified as intangible assets;
- Assessing the adequacy of the controls in place with the custodian of their cryptocurrency;
- Reviewing all purchase documentation of the cryptocurrency, including verification on the blockchain;
- Detailed substantive testing of cryptocurrency sales and purchases;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation methodology and value source information used by management to calculate the fair value of the cryptocurrency; and
- Performing recalculation of the fair value of the cryptocurrencies.

We assessed the adequacy of the Company's disclosures related to cryptocurrencies.

**Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which includes Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Cypherpunk Holdings Inc.  
(continued)

**Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Cypherpunk Holdings Inc.  
(continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Jane Davidson, CPA, CA.

*Kingston Ross Parnak LLP*  
Kingston Ross Parnak LLP  
Chartered Professional Accountants

**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

Years ended September 30	2023	2022
<b>Assets</b>		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	\$ 1,927,280	\$ 18,537,221
Receivables and prepaid expenses (note 5)	117,138	147,610
Treasury management investments (note 6)	-	60,037
	<u>2,044,418</u>	<u>18,744,868</u>
Cryptocurrencies (note 7)	7,852,418	3,035
Investments (note 8)	6,464,119	3,859,808
Other assets (note 9)	60,145	769,494
Deferred tax asset (note 19)	633,145	514,850
	<u>\$ 17,054,245</u>	<u>\$ 23,892,055</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 10 and 15)	\$ 226,476	\$ 308,292
	<u>226,476</u>	<u>308,292</u>
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>		
Capital stock (note 12)	17,864,782	18,572,547
Reserves	17,669,046	17,238,101
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(196,846)	-
Accumulated deficit	(18,509,213)	(12,226,885)
	<u>16,827,769</u>	<u>23,583,763</u>
	<u>\$ 17,054,245</u>	<u>\$ 23,892,055</u>

Nature of operations and going concern (note 1)

Subsequent events (note 21)

SIGNED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(Signed) "Rubsun Ho"

Director

(Signed) "Mohammed Adham"

Director

**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

<b>Years ended September 30</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>Income (loss)</b>		
Realized gain on disposition of assets (Note 9)	\$ 536,633	\$ -
Other income	159,599	489,784
Dividend income	44,068	208,699
Realized (loss) gain on investments (note 8)	(1,178,765)	3,758,852
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments (note 8)	(4,060,250)	(1,325,836)
	<u>(4,498,715)</u>	<u>3,131,499</u>
Stock-based compensation (notes 13 and 15)	430,945	1,345,099
Consulting fees (note 15)	424,735	625,990
General and administrative	198,052	342,204
Amortization (note 9)	70,885	255,548
Professional fees (note 15)	270,058	209,013
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	346,669	(715,354)
Director fees (note 15)	69,213	60,000
Asset impairment (note 9)	-	215,802
	<u>1,810,557</u>	<u>2,338,302</u>
<b>Income (loss) before taxes</b>	<b>(6,309,272)</b>	<b>793,197</b>
Tax recovery (paid) (note 19)	26,944	(434,741)
<b>Income (loss) for the year</b>	<b>(6,282,328)</b>	<b>358,456</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss)</b>		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(288,197)	(8,802,924)
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss (note 19)	91,351	2,831,591
<b>Total comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ (6,479,174)</b>	<b>\$ (5,612,877)</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) per share - basic and diluted</b>	<b>\$ (0.04)</b>	<b>\$ 0.00</b>
<b>Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted</b>	<b>156,073,535</b>	<b>160,063,321</b>

**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

	Common Shares	Capital Stock	Reserves	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Deficit	Total
<b>Balance, September 30, 2021</b>	<b>159,970,718</b>	<b>\$ 18,559,920</b>	<b>\$ 15,895,629</b>	<b>\$ 7,803,853</b>	<b>\$ (14,417,861)</b>	<b>\$ 27,841,541</b>
Warrants exercised	100,000	10,000	-	-	-	10,000
Fair value of warrants exercised	-	2,627	(2,627)	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation (note 13)	-	-	1,345,099	-	-	1,345,099
Net income for the year	-	-	-	-	358,456	358,456
Unrealized gain on cryptocurrencies	-	-	-	(8,802,924)	-	(8,802,924)
Realized gain (loss) on cryptocurrencies	-	-	-	7,407,453	(7,407,453)	-
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	2,831,591	-	2,831,591
Items reclassified to retained earnings	-	-	-	(9,239,973)	9,239,973	-
<b>Balance, September 30, 2022</b>	<b>160,070,718</b>	<b>\$ 18,572,547</b>	<b>\$ 17,238,101</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (12,226,885)</b>	<b>\$ 23,583,763</b>
Stock-based compensation (note 13)	-	-	430,945	-	-	430,945
Purchase of shares for cancellation (note 12)	(8,003,535)	(707,765)	-	-	-	(707,765)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(6,282,328)	(6,282,328)
Unrealized loss on cryptocurrencies	-	-	-	(196,846)	-	(196,846)
<b>Balance, September 30, 2023</b>	<b>152,067,183</b>	<b>\$ 17,864,782</b>	<b>\$ 17,669,046</b>	<b>\$ (196,846)</b>	<b>\$ (18,509,213)</b>	<b>\$ 16,827,769</b>



**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

Years ended September 30	2023	2022
<b>Cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by:</b>		
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Income (loss) for the period	\$ (6,282,328)	\$ 358,456
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Unrealized loss on investments	4,060,250	1,325,836
Realized loss (gain) on investments	1,178,765	(3,758,852)
Realized (gain) loss on sale of assets	(536,633)	-
Stock-based compensation	430,945	1,345,099
Asset impairment	-	215,802
Dividend income received in cryptocurrencies	(36,642)	(208,699)
Tax (paid) recovery	(26,944)	434,741
Amortization	70,885	255,548
<b>Net change in non-cash working capital items:</b>		
Receivables and prepaid expenses	30,472	94,519
Treasury management assets	60,037	(60,037)
Bitcoin loan receivable	-	11,019
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(81,816)	(13,221)
<b>Cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(1,133,009)</b>	<b>211</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Exercise of options and warrants	-	10,000
Loan payable	-	(1,185,806)
Purchase of shares for cancellation	(707,765)	-
<b>Cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>(707,765)</b>	<b>(1,175,806)</b>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Purchase of cryptocurrencies	(8,120,383)	(1,791,820)
Proceeds from sale of cryptocurrencies	19,620	16,817,611
Purchase of assets	-	(376,820)
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,174,922	-
Purchase of investments	(9,434,917)	(3,218,016)
Sale/redemption of investments	1,591,591	7,405,104
<b>Cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(14,769,167)</b>	<b>18,836,059</b>
<b>Change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(16,609,941)</b>	<b>17,660,464</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period</b>	<b>18,537,221</b>	<b>876,757</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 1,927,280</b>	<b>\$ 18,537,221</b>
<b>Supplemental cash flow information - non-cash transactions</b>		
Net purchases of cryptocurrencies	68,267	737,306
Fair value reversal on exercise of options and warrants	-	(2,627)

**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)**  
**Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022**

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**1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN**

Cypherpunk Holdings Inc. (the "Company" or "Cypherpunk") is a publicly listed company incorporated in Canada under the legislation of the Province of Ontario. The registered office of the Company is located at 217 Queen St W #401, Toronto, ON M5V 0R2. Since February 4, 2019, the Company's common shares trade on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the trading symbol "HODL".

The Company's business plan is based on its investment thesis that there will be increasing demand for technologies and cryptocurrencies with strong privacy, self-sovereignty, and digital property rights (the "Thesis"). Cypherpunk executes its Thesis through three lines of effort: (1) Cryptocurrency management - a core holding of crypto currencies held for long-term appreciation, supported with risk management strategies to reduce volatility, and lending, staking and liquidity provisioning to generate yield; (2) Private equity focused on early stage companies in the privacy, gaming, DeFi and blockchain sectors; and (3) Active investments to generate yield including IPv4 leasing and bitcoin mining. The Company's cryptocurrencies and related investments may be subject to significant fluctuations in value and are subject to risks unique to the asset class and different from traditional financial assets (note 18). Additionally, during the year ended September 30, 2023, certain assets were held in cryptocurrency exchanges or with custodians that are limited in oversight by regulatory authorities.

**Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented on a going concern basis. The Company has sufficient cash and cash equivalents and other liquid assets to support its operations for the next twelve months from the date of the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Statement of Compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB") and their interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the accounting policies. Those areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 3. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

On January 29, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the consolidated financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

**Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include all entities over which the Company has control. For accounting purposes, control is established by an investor when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Company and are no longer consolidated on the date control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary located in Netherlands, Khan Resources B.V. ("KRBV"). Intercompany balances and any unrealized gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intercompany transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)**  
**Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022**

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**Basis of Measurement**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments and cryptocurrencies that are measured at fair value. In addition, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the measurement basis specified by IFRS for each type of asset, liability, revenue and expense and the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow disclosure.

**Functional and Presentation Currency**

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in International Accounting Standard IAS 21. The functional currency of the parent company Cypherpunk is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency of the wholly owned subsidiary KRBV is the Euro. The presentation currency for the Company is the Canadian dollar.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective entity or division, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items denominated in foreign currency at period-end exchange rates are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are not re-translated at period end are measured at historical cost (translated using the exchange rates at the transaction date), except for non-monetary items measured at fair value, which are translated using the exchange rates as at the date when fair value was determined. Gains and losses are recorded in profit or loss.

The results and financial position of entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows: (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the rate of exchange in effect as at the date of the statement of financial position; (ii) income and expense items are translated at the average rates of exchange in effect during the reporting period; and (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

**Cryptocurrencies**

The Company's cryptocurrencies are primarily traded in active markets and are purchased to hold as a store of value and for the long term, this is supported by the Company's risk management strategies to reduce volatility, and lending, staking and liquidity provisioning to generate yield. As a result, the Company has determined that its holdings of cryptocurrencies should be accounted for under IAS 38, as the Company is expected to access future economic benefits of its cryptocurrencies through future sale, or by exchanging the cryptocurrency asset for goods or services. The Company has elected to use the revaluation model for its cryptocurrencies, which is to measure the assets at fair value with reference to the principal market on the date of revaluation less any subsequent amortization and impairment losses.

The net Increase in fair value over the initial cost of the cryptocurrencies is recorded in other comprehensive income (loss). The accumulated other comprehensive income is transferred directly to deficit upon de-recognition (i.e., sale or exchange for another cryptocurrency). IAS 38 does not allow the amounts in accumulated other comprehensive income to be transferred to profit or loss. However, if the cryptocurrency's carrying amount is decreased as a result of a revaluation, the decrease shall be recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. However, IAS 38 permits the decrease to be recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) to the extent of any credit balance in accumulated other comprehensive income in respect of that asset. The decrease recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) reduces the amount accumulated in equity under the heading of accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company has determined that its Bitcoin cryptocurrency holdings are traded in active markets and based on quoted prices at the end of each reporting period end as of 24:00 UTC.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

This category consists of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash within ninety days of original purchase.

**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)**  
**Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022**

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**Financial Instruments**

*Initial recognition and measurement (financial assets and financial liabilities)* - The Company initially recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Initial measurement of the financial instrument is at fair value, plus for those financial assets and liabilities not classified at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), directly attributable transaction costs.

*Financial assets – subsequent classification and measurement* - Financial assets are classified in their entirety including any embedded derivatives. Two criteria are used to determine how financial assets should be classified and measured: (a) the Company's business model for managing the financial assets; and (b) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The Company's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, treasury management investments, and investments.

Where the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, taken on an instrument-by-instrument basis, give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest then a financial asset is classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. This is called the SPPI criterion. A financial asset that does not meet the SPPI criterion is always measured at FVTPL. Cash and cash equivalents are measured at amortized cost.

In addition, at initial recognition, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination. Such an equity instrument is classified as subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"). Gains and losses recognized in OCI are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss, although the Company may determine to transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity to accumulated deficit. Dividends are still recognized in profit or loss unless they clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Financial assets are classified as fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is held for trading, or it is designated as fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if: (i) it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; (ii) it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Company manages and has an actual pattern of short-term profit taking; or (iii) it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument. Financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value with any gain or loss recognized in the consolidated statements of net loss and comprehensive loss. The net gain or loss recognized incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset. The Company has classified its investments at fair value through profit or loss. The Company classifies all investments in equity instruments and treasury management investments as FVTPL.

*Reclassification* - Financial assets are only reclassified between measurement categories, when and only when, the Company's business model for managing those changes. This is a significant event and thus is expected to be uncommon. There were no reclassifications across its measurement categories for the years presented.

*Impairment of financial assets* - Financial assets are subject to an impairment test at each reporting date. It also includes any off-balance sheet loan commitments and financial guarantees. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. If such evidence exists, the Company recognizes an impairment loss. For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the loss is the difference between the amortized cost of the loan or receivable and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted using the instrument's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced by this amount either directly or indirectly through the use of an allowance account. Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized. The Company's only financial assets subject to impairment are due from related party and loans receivable, which are measured at amortized cost. The Company has elected to apply the simplified approach to impairment as permitted by IFRS 9, which requires the expected lifetime loss to be recognized at the time of initial recognition of the receivable. An impairment loss is reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the expected loss decreases, and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the initial impairment was recognized.

The expected lifetime loss of a financial asset at amortized cost, is estimated based on the expected credit loss ("ECL"). ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

**CYPHERPUNK HOLDINGS INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)**  
**Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022**

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*Financial liabilities* – Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method or FVTPL. Non-derivative financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVPL as is the case for held for trading or derivative instruments, or the Company has opted to measure the financial liability at FVPL. The Company's financial liabilities include trade payable and accrued liabilities, which are each measured at amortized cost. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, financial liabilities measured at amortized cost are subsequently measured at the end of each reporting period at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate ("EIR") method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance cost, in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Financial liabilities measured at FVPL are carried at fair value in the consolidated statements of financial position with changes in fair value recognized in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss. The Company does not have any financial liabilities classified as at FVPL. Financial liabilities include accounts payable and loan payable and are measured at amortized cost.

*Derecognition* – The Company will derecognize a financial asset when the rights to the cash flows from the financial asset have expired or where the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards associated with the financial asset and has relinquished control of the financial asset.

The Company will derecognize a financial liability only when extinguished — i.e., when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or it expires.

**Provisions**

A provision is recognized on the statement of financial position when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

**Income Tax**

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case the income tax is also recognized directly in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted, at the end of the reporting year, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Deferred taxes are recorded for temporary differences existing at closing date between the tax base value of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the expected tax rates for the year during which the asset will be realized, or the liability settled, based on tax rates (and tax regulations) enacted or substantively enacted at year-end. They are reviewed at the end of each year, in line with any changes in applicable tax rates.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of tax losses and unused tax credits, insofar as it is probable that a taxable profit will be available, or when a current tax liability exists, to make use of those deductible temporary differences, tax loss carry forwards and unused tax credits, except where the deferred tax asset associated with the deductible temporary difference is generated by initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination, and which, at the transaction date, does not impact earnings, tax income or loss.

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**Income**

Revenues are earned primarily from the Company's investments and include interest and dividend income. The Company also earns lease income from its intangible assets (IP addresses).

Interest and lease income are recognized at the time persuasive evidence of an agreement exists, the amount is fixed and determinable, and its collection is reasonably assured. These amounts are recognized as other income in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Dividends are received from financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Dividends are recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

**Leases**

The Company was a lessor to unrelated third parties for certain of its intangible assets to provide customers access to the use the asset over a period of one month to up twelve months. The Company does not have any lease related liabilities. The Company sold its intangible assets that generate lease income during the year ended September 30, 2023.

**Stock-based Compensation**

The Company has a share option plan. Each tranche in an award is considered a separate award with its own vesting period and grant date fair value. Fair value of each tranche is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Compensation expense is recognized as a charge to profit or loss over the tranche's vesting period by increasing reserves based on the number of awards expected to vest. Any consideration paid on exercise of share options is credited to capital stock. The reserves resulting from stock-based payment is transferred to capital stock when the options are exercised.

For equity settled transactions with non-employees, the Company measures goods or services received at their fair value, unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case, the Company measures their value by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted.

**Capital Stock**

Capital stock is classified as equity. Incremental costs directly relating to the issuance of new common shares are shown as a deduction net of tax from the proceeds.

**Unit Offerings**

The Company accounts for unit offering financing using the relative fair value method. Under this method, the fair values of the shares and share purchase warrants are determined separately and prorated to the actual proceeds received. The fair value of shares is determined using the share price at the issue date. The fair value of share purchase warrants is measured using the Black-Scholes valuation model at the issue date.

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**Earnings (Loss) per Share**

Basic earnings (loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing net income (loss) for the year by the basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of diluted shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into common shares. The options and warrants of the Company are anti-dilutive as of September 30, 2023 and 2022.

**Other Assets - Internet Protocol (IP) Addresses and Crypto Mining Equipment**

The Company's fixed and intangible assets acquired are measured at cost of acquisition on initial recognition which includes the purchase price and related acquisition costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, fixed and intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Fixed and Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the fixed or intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for the fixed assets and intangible assets with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. The mining equipment and IP addresses acquired by the Company from a third party (note 9) are amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years from the acquisition date. The Company sold its intangible assets that generate lease income during the year ended September 30, 2023.

**New Accounting Standards**

*Accounting standards issued but not yet applied*

In June 2023 the International Sustainability Standards Board (the "ISSB") issued IFRS S1 General Requirements for disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information ("IFRS S1"), proposing general requirements for an entity to disclose sustainability-related financial information about its sustainability-related risks and opportunities. The objective of IFRS S1 is to require an entity to disclose information about its sustainability related risks and opportunities that is useful to users of general purpose financial reports in making decisions relating to providing resources to the entity. IFRS S1 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with earlier application permitted as long as IFRS 2 climate related disclosures is also applied.

In June 2023 the ISSB issued IFRS S2 Climate-Related Disclosures to integrate and build on the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) and incorporating industry-based disclosure requirements derived from Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) Standards. The objective of IFRS S2 is to require an entity to disclose information about its climate related risks and opportunities that is useful to users of general purpose financial reports and making decisions relating to providing resource is to the entity. IFRS S2 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1st 2024 with earlier application permitted as long as IFRS S1 is also applied.

IFRS 7 is a financial reporting standard that requires entities to disclose information about the significance of financial instruments to an entity, and the nature and extent of risks arising from those financial instruments, both in qualitative and quantitative terms. In February 2023, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") proposed an amendment to add disclosure requirements about an entity's supplier finance arrangements to enhance the transparency of supplier finance arrangements and their effects on a company's liabilities, cash flows, and exposure to liquidity risk.

On May 23rd 2023, the IASB issued the amendments to IAS 12, income taxes to introduce a temporary exception from accounting for deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the OECD's Pillar Two models model rules, as well as targeted disclosures for affected entities. Although the temporary exception is effective immediately, the disclosures to investors are only required for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

In November 2021, the IASB proposed amendments to IAS 1 to modify the requirements on how an entity classifies debt and other

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financial liabilities as current or noncurrent in particular circumstances: Only covenants with which an entity is required to comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. In addition, an entity has to disclose information in the notes that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk that non-current liabilities with covenants could become repayable within 12 months. The amendment requires the entity to present noncurrent liabilities with covenants separately in the statement of financial position, disclosed whether and, if so, how it expects to comply with the covenants after the reporting date, and clarify some situations in which an entity would not have a right to defer settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024.

On February 12, 2021, IASB amended IAS 8 to include definitions of accounting estimates to help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

### **3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires the Company's management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the of the consolidated financial statement, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. These estimates are periodically reviewed, and any necessary adjustments are reported in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates due to risks and uncertainties. Significant estimates and assumptions include provisions for future tax, stock based compensation, useful life of bitcoin mining equipment, fair value of the Level 2 and Level 3 investments, the estimated useful economic life of the IP addresses and the fair value of treasury management investments. Actual results and outcomes may differ from management's estimates and assumptions due to risks and uncertainties. To the extent that there are material differences between these estimates and actual results, the Company's consolidated financial statements will be affected. The Company based its estimates on historical experience, future cash flows, discount rates, comparable market analysis, and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable; the result of which forms the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities, as well as reported amounts during the reported periods.

#### **Critical Judgements**

*Accounting for cryptocurrencies* - The Company accounts for its cryptocurrencies as Intangible assets which are recorded at fair value using the revaluation model under IAS 38 with changes in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income. There was significant judgment applied by the Company in making this assessment as accounting for cryptocurrencies depends on the nature of the asset, the use of the asset including the expected timeline or use, and how the asset is held. This judgement included consideration of the operations, strategy, and intent of management. The Company classifies its cryptocurrency holdings as noncurrent and as an intangible asset, based on the Company's overall strategy to hold a portfolio of asset tokens from an approved product list in order to buy/sell to risk-manage long positions. The Company also assessed the industry and what would appropriately reflect the operations of the Company. With the guidance under IFRS, there was significant judgment by management in determining the accounting for cryptocurrencies as well as the classification. As the Company's operations mature together with the industry, the accounting and classification of cryptocurrencies continue to be sources of critical judgment and estimation.

*Valuation techniques of certain investments (Level 2 and Level 3)* - The fair value of investments is measured using an income or market approach (note 16). The determination of the fair value requires significant judgement by the Company and include the use of the milestone method analysis and other valuation techniques.

#### **Significant Estimates**

*Valuation of Level 2 and Level 3 investments* – The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Company uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions used and the impact of changes to these assumptions see note 17.

The directors have determined that they do not control any of the Company's investments, primarily as in all cases the Company's interest in the equity of these companies are less than 5% and the Company is not exposed, and has no right, to variable returns from these companies.



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Valuation of Treasury Management Investments – The Treasury Management Investments represent the net cost of the purchase and sale of options to acquire cryptocurrencies that trade on over-the-counter (“OTC”) markets. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (e.g., other public markets) is determined using valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. Due to the short duration of the Treasury Management Investments, the Company believes that the prices quoted on the OTC markets represent fair value for the Treasury Management Investment.

*Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets* – Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (collectively, the “Assets”) are capitalized if they are expected to have future economic benefits and are expected to be economically recoverable. Purchased Assets are valued on acquisition using established methodologies and amortized over their estimated useful economic lives, except in those cases where Assets are determined to have indefinite lives, where there is no foreseeable limit over which these Assets would generate net cash flows. The valuations and lives of Assets are based on management's best estimates of future performance and periods over which value from Assets will be derived. Assets are assessed for impairment indicators at each reporting date or earlier if events and circumstances indicate. At September 30, 2023 management determined that there was no impairment to the intangible assets and no impairment to its bitcoin mining assets, however, in the year ending September 30, 2022, its bitcoin mining assets were determined to be impaired and written down to the estimated fair value. The Company estimates the useful life of Assets to be at least five years based on the expected technical obsolescence of such assets.

**4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The balance consists of funds in cash and banks immediately available for their use in the Company's operations. There were no restricted balances at September 30, 2023 and 2022.

	<b>September 30, 2023</b>	September 30, 2022
Cash in banks	\$ 1,927,280	\$ 18,537,221
	<b>\$ 1,927,280</b>	<b>\$ 18,537,221</b>

**5. RECEIVABLES AND PREPAID EXPENSES**

The balances are comprised as follows:

	<b>September 30, 2023</b>	September 30, 2022
Prepaid expenses	\$ 54,477	\$ 58,950
Harmonized sales tax	<b>62,661</b>	88,660
	<b>\$ 117,138</b>	<b>\$ 147,610</b>

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**6. TREASURY MANGEMENT INVESTMENTS**

During the second quarter of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Company initiated a treasury management investment strategy (the “Strategy”) to increase the income generated on its cryptocurrency assets. The Strategy involved buying and selling European options to acquire cryptocurrencies on OTC markets. The majority of the options expired prior to year end. The Company discontinued the Strategy during the third quarter of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The balance of \$60,037 at September 30, 2022 is the cost of unexpired options at year end, all of which expired out of the money with a value of \$nil during the year ended September 30, 2023. The treasury management investments at September 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Trading Platform	Option type	Bought/ Sold	Crypto-currency	Expiry	Strike (USD)	Premium (USD)	Units	Value September 30, 2023	Value September 30, 2022
Wintermute	call	Sold	BTC	30-Dec-22	\$ 100,000	\$ 2,418	10	\$ -	(24,826)
Ledger Prime	call	Bought	ETH	30-Dec-22	5,000	(88)	1,250	-	112,940
Ledger Prime	call	Sold	ETH	30-Dec-22	8,000	26	1,250	-	(33,369)
Wintermute	call	Bought	BTC	30-Dec-22	100,000	(329)	10	-	3,378
Foreign exchange								-	1,914
<b>Total</b>								\$ -	\$ 60,037

**7. CRYPTOCURRENCIES**

Cryptocurrencies are digital assets that are typically part of a decentralized system of recording transactions, new digital assets are issued based on reliance on cryptography to secure its transactions, to control the creation of additional digital assets, and to verify the transfer of assets.

The balance of cryptocurrencies at cost and at market value, is as follows:

	Quantity	Cost (USD) (a)	Cost (CAD) (a)	Market Value
Bitcoin	215.37	\$ 6,038,069	\$ 8,172,065	\$ 7,852,418
<b>Balance at September 30, 2023</b>		\$ 6,038,069	\$ 8,172,065	\$ 7,852,418

	Quantity	Cost (USD) (a)	Cost (CAD) (a)	Market Value
Bitcoin	0.12	\$ 2,374	\$ 3,035	\$ 3,035
<b>Balance at September 30, 2022</b>		\$ 2,374	\$ 3,035	\$ 3,035

(a) The cost is determined as the historical weighted average cost of the cryptocurrencies’ acquisitions and disposals.

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The activity of the Company's cryptocurrencies, for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

<b>Balance at September 30, 2021</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>20,334,429</b>
Cash purchases		1,791,820
Cash sales		(16,817,990)
Loss on cash sales		(7,407,453)
Loan to Genesis		(5,503,597)
Loan repaid by Genesis		5,416,035
Loan to LedgerPrime		(5,404,475)
Loan repaid by LedgerPrime		4,221,736
Cryptocurrencies posted as collateral		(1,172,483)
Cryptocurrencies receipt from collateral account		4,939,855
Investments paid for with cryptocurrencies		(729,195)
Investment income received in cryptocurrencies		334,352
<b>Balance at September 30, 2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>3,035</b>
Cash purchases		8,120,383
Cash sales		(19,620)
Investment income received in cryptocurrencies		31,625
Dividend income received in cryptocurrencies		36,642
Change in fair value		(319,647)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2023</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>7,852,418</b>

The activity of the Company's cryptocurrencies posted as collateral for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows:

<b>Balance at September 30, 2021</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>4,021,203</b>
Cryptocurrencies transferred to Bitcoin loan receivable (Note 8)		(1,929,077)
Cryptocurrencies post as collateral		1,172,482
Cryptocurrency collateral returned		(3,010,778)
Foreign exchange gain		101,041
Change in fair value		(354,870)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2023</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>-</b>

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**8. INVESTMENTS**

The Company's investments in equity instruments are classified as FVTPL and are carried at fair value. The detail is as follows:

	Quantity	September 30, 2023	Quantity	September 30, 2022
Animoca Brands Corporation Limited (a)	9,090,909	\$ 5,120,897	\$ -	\$ -
Chia Network Inc. (b)	19,860	366,932	19,860	369,490
GOAT Gaming Pte Ltd. (c)	176,470	-	176,470	-
ISLA Digital Strategies SP (d)	-	-	14,762	2,062,707
Lucy Labs Flagship Offshore Fund SPC (e)	500	-	500	707,649
NGRAVE.IO (f)	138,966	80,976	138,966	148,419
Streetside Development, LLC (g)	1,429	122,646	1,429	126,516
zkSNACKS Limited - Shares (h)	4,500	772,668	4,500	445,028
		\$ 6,464,119	\$	3,859,808

- (a) During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company purchased 9,090,909 shares of Animoca Brands Corporation Limited ("Animoca") at a cost of AUD \$1.10 (\$1.04 CAD) per share for a total cost of AUD \$10,000,000 (\$9,434,917 CAD). During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Company purchased 2,000,000 shares of Animoca for a total cost of \$2,000,242. During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Company sold all of its Animoca shares to hold nil, recognizing a gain of \$4,212,365 in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The Company determined the fair value of its Animoca shares was \$5,120,897 as at September 30, 2023 recognizing an unrealized loss of \$4,314,020 in its consolidated statements of comprehensive income.
- (b) During the year ended September 30, 2021, pursuant to the Company's Simple Agreement for Future Equity ("SAFE") investment in Chia Network Inc. ("Chia"), the Company received 19,806 shares of Series B Stock priced at US\$15 per share, and the Company also exercised its participation rights and acquired 600 common shares of Chia at a price of US\$21.21. Based on a review of the financial status of Chia as at September 30, 2023, management estimated Chia's fair market value per share to be \$17.98 (US\$13.30), the Company wrote its investment Chia down by \$2,558 (2022 - \$188,231) to a value of \$366,932 (2022 - 369,490) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.
- (c) During the year ended September 30, 2022 the Company acquired a 176,470 subscription shares of GOAT Gaming Pte Ltd. ("GOAT") for consideration of US\$200,000 priced at US\$1.13333 per subscription share (\$252,695). The Company's management determined that as at September 30, 2023 and 2022, the fair value of GOAT was \$nil, and recognized a realized loss of \$252,695 in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the year ended September 30, 2022.
- (d) During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Company invested US\$1,500,000 (\$1,923,658) in three tranches acquiring 14,762.1833 Class B common shares of the AB Digital Strategies Fund (the "Isla Shares") managed by UK FCA-regulated Isla Capital. During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company redeemed its Isla shares for proceeds of \$1,591,591, realizing a loss of \$471,116 in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.
- (e) During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Company invested \$636,075 (US\$500,000) in Lucy Labs Flagship Offshore Fund Crypto Rising tide portfolio ("Lucy Labs"). As at September 30, 2022, the Company determined that the fair value of Lucy Labs was \$707,649, recognizing an unrealized gain of \$71,574 in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. On November 11, 2022, FTX Trading Ltd. ("FTX") filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection. FTX was a counterparty of Lucy Labs. Based on correspondence with Lucy Labs, the Company wrote down its investments with Lucy Labs to \$nil during the year ended September 30, 2023 and does not expect to recover any amounts from this investment.
- (f) During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Company's convertible loan to NGRAVE was converted into common shares of NGRAVE pursuant to its convertible loan agreement which resulted in the Company receiving 138,966 NGRAVE common shares at a deemed price of EUR 0.7936. Based on an independent valuation of NGRAVE dated September 30, 2023, that estimated the fair value of NGRAVE to be C\$80,976 (2022 - \$148,419) as at September 30, 2023, the Company recognized an unrealized loss of \$67,443 (2022 - \$107,692) on its NGRAVE investment in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

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- (g) During the year ended September 30, 2023, Company received 0 Bitcoin with a value of \$nil (2022 – 0.26 Bitcoin with a value of \$16,336) as a dividend from Streetside Development, LLC (“Streetside”) which has been recorded in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Based on an independent valuation of Streetside dated September 30, 2023 that estimated the fair value of Streetside to be \$122,646 (2022 - \$126,516) as at September 30, 2023, the Company recognized an unrealized loss of \$3,870 (2022 - \$nil) on its Streetside investment in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.
- (h) During the year ended September 30, 2020, the Company acquired 4,500 shares in zkSNACKS Limited (“zkSNACKS”) for \$337,500 U.S. Dollars resulting in a 4.5% stake in the company. During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company received 0.99 Bitcoin (2022 – 3.06 Bitcoin) with a value of \$36,642 (2022 - \$171,511) as a dividend from zkSNACKS Limited which has been recorded in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Based on an independent valuation of zkSNACKS dated September 30, 2023 that estimated the fair value of zkSNACKS to be \$772,668 (2022 - \$445,028) as at September 30, 2023, the Company recognized an unrealized gain of \$327,641 (2022 - \$nil) on its zkSNACKS investment in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The activity of investments for the year ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows:

<b>Balance, September 30, 2021</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>4,620,462</b>
Cash purchases		3,218,016
Purchases using cryptocurrencies		737,306
Reclassification from current assets		256,112
Proceeds from sales		(7,405,104)
Realized gain on sale of investments		3,758,852
Net unrealized gain on investments		(1,325,836)
<b>Balance, September 30, 2022</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>3,859,808</b>
Cash purchases		9,434,917
Proceeds from sales		(1,591,591)
Realized loss on sale of investments		(1,178,765)
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments		(4,060,250)
<b>Balance, September 30, 2023</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>6,464,119</b>

**9. OTHER ASSETS**

The balances are comprised as follows:

	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
Intangible assets (a)	\$ -	\$ 675,289
Cryptocurrency mining assets (b)	60,145	94,205
	<b>\$ 60,145</b>	<b>\$ 769,494</b>

- (a) Intangible assets of \$nil (September 30, 2022 - \$675,289) reflect the disposition of the Company’s 24,576 IPv4 addresses (the “Intangible Assets”). The Intangible Assets were purchased by the Company during the year ended September 30, 2021 for cash consideration of \$938,582. The intangible assets were being amortized on a straight line basis from the date of purchase over the estimated economic useful life of 5 years. During the year ended September 30, 2023 the Company recognized amortization expense of \$39,059 (2022 - \$188,737) for total accumulated amortization of \$302,352 (2022 – \$263,293). During the year ended September 30, 2023 the Company sold its Intangible Assets for gross proceeds of \$1,172,863 and recognized a gain of \$536,633 in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

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(b) Cryptocurrency mining assets with a net book value of \$60,145 (2022 - \$94,205) represent the acquisition cost of 25 Bitmain S19J Pro miners (the "Equipment") purchased by the Company during the year ended September 30, 2022 for cash consideration of \$376,819, net of accumulated amortization and other adjustments. The Equipment is leased to MineOn LLC, which hosts and operates the machines in Iowa, USA for Cypherpunk pursuant to a managed mining and profit sharing agreement. During the year ended September 30, 2022 the Company determined that the value of the Equipment had declined and an impairment charge of \$215,802 was recorded at year end. The Equipment is amortized on a straight line basis from the date of acquisition over its estimated economic useful life of 5 years. During the year ended September 30, 2023 the Company recognized amortization expense of \$31,826 (2022 - \$66,812) for total accumulated amortization of \$98,035 (2022 - \$66,812).

**10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

The balances are comprised as follows:

	<b>September 30, 2023</b>	September 30, 2022
Trade accounts payable	\$ 107,025	\$ 194,841
Accrued liabilities	119,451	113,451
	<b>\$ 226,476</b>	<b>\$ 308,292</b>

**11. LOAN PAYABLE**

In August 2021, the Company entered into a master digital loan agreement (the "Agreement") with Genesis pursuant to which the Company may borrow up to \$1,700,000 U.S. Dollars (\$2,159,000) from Genesis (the "Genesis Loan"). The Genesis Loan bore interest at 10.5% per annum, payable monthly in cash, there was no maturity date, and the Company had the option to repay a portion or the entirety of the Genesis Loan balance at any time. The Company posted 72 Bitcoins as collateral for the Genesis Loan which were held with Genesis to satisfy the margin requirement in accordance with the terms of the Agreement. The Genesis Loan was repaid, and the Bitcoins posted as collateral returned in October 2021.

The continuity of the loan payable for the year ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

<b>Balance at September 30, 2021</b>	<b>\$ 1,185,806</b>
Accrued interest	(22,423)
Repayment	(1,163,383)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2023</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

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**12. CAPITAL STOCK**

**a) AUTHORIZED**

Unlimited common shares with a par value of \$nil.

**b) ISSUED**

<b>Common Shares</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Stated Value</b>
<b>Balance at September 30, 2021</b>	<b>159,970,718</b>	<b>\$ 18,559,920</b>
Warrants exercised	100,000	10,000
Fair value of warrants exercised	-	2,627
<b>Balance at September 30, 2022</b>	<b>160,070,718</b>	<b>\$ 18,572,547</b>
Purchase of shares for cancellation	(8,003,535)	(707,765)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2023</b>	<b>152,067,183</b>	<b>\$ 17,864,782</b>

Pursuant to the terms of a normal course issuer bid (the "NCIB"), during the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company purchased and cancelled 8,003,535 shares.

On October 27, 2021, 100,000 shares were issued in connection with warrants exercised for \$10,000. The original fair value of the warrants was \$2,627 which amount was transferred from reserves to capital stock.

**13. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") in place under which it is authorized to grant options to acquire shares of the Company to directors, officers, consultants, and other key employees of the Company. The number of common shares subject to options granted under the Plan is limited to 10% in the aggregate, of the number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Company at the date of the grant of the option. The exercise price of any option granted under the Plan may not be less than the fair market value of the common shares at the time the option is granted, less any permitted discount. Options issued under the Plan may be exercised during a period determined by the board of directors which cannot exceed five years. The plan does not require any vesting period and the board of directors may specify a vesting period on a grant by grant basis.

On November 21, 2022, the Company issued 3,956,500 options for future services to a director and an officer to buy common shares at an exercise price of \$0.10 per common share and expiring on November 21, 2027. The stock options vest 25% on each six month anniversary of the grant date, fully vesting on November 21, 2024. The fair value assigned was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.10, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility based on historical volatility of 161.6%, a risk free interest rate of 3.32%, and an expected life of 5 years. The fair value of the options was estimated at \$369,925 of which \$224,402, representing the pro rata value of options that had vested during the period, was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended September 30, 2023 (2022 - \$nil).

On November 11, 2021, the Company issued 2,000,000 options for future services to a director and an officer to buy common shares at an exercise price of \$0.24 per common share and expiring on November 11, 2026. The stock options vest 25% on each six month anniversary of the grant date, fully vesting on November 11, 2023. The fair value assigned was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.24, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility based on historical volatility of 207.72%, a risk free interest rate of 1.56%, and an expected life of 5 years. The fair value of the options was estimated at \$470,600 of which \$nil was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended September 30, 2023 (2022 - \$295,188). During the year ended September 30, 2023, 2,000,000 options were cancelled.

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On October 7, 2021, the Company issued 1,000,000 options for future services to a director to buy common shares at an exercise price of \$0.20 per common share and expiring on October 7, 2026. The stock options vest 25% on each six month anniversary of the grant date, fully vesting on October 7, 2023. The fair value assigned was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.20, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility based on historical volatility of 207.17%, a risk free interest rate of 1.49%, and an expected life of 5 years. The fair value of the options was estimated at \$196,000 of which \$42,487 (2022 - \$153,043) was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended September 30, 2023.

On July 7, 2021, the Company issued 8,900,000 options for future services to directors, officers, and consultants to buy common shares at an exercise price of \$0.165 per common share and expiring on July 7, 2026. The stock options vest 25% on each six month anniversary of the grant date, fully vesting on July 7, 2023. The fair value assigned was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.165, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility based on historical volatility of 206.18%, a risk free interest rate of 0.78%, and an expected life of 5 years. The fair value of the options was estimated at \$1,438,094 of which \$132,117 was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended September 30, 2023 (2022 - \$771,954). During the year ended September 30, 2023, 2,000,000 options were cancelled.

On April 9, 2021, the Company issued 1,500,000 options for future services to an officer to buy common shares at an exercise price of \$0.30 per common share and expiring on April 9, 2026. The stock options vest at 1/3 on the issue date, 1/3 on the first anniversary of the issue date and 1/3 on the second anniversary of the issue date. The fair value assigned was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.25, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility based on historical volatility of 204.96%, a risk free interest rate of 0.93%, and an expected life of 5 years. The fair value of the options was estimated at \$366,213 of which \$31,939, representing the pro rata value of options that had vest during the period, was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended September 30, 2023 (2022 - \$124,914).

The continuity of outstanding stock options for the year ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows:

	September 30, 2023	Weighted average exercise price	September 30, 2022	Weighted average exercise price
Beginning balance	14,050,000	\$0.18	12,650,000	\$0.18
Granted	3,956,500	\$0.10	3,000,000	\$0.23
Cancelled	(4,000,000)	(\$0.20)	(1,600,000)	(\$0.18)
Expired	(900,000)	(\$0.07)	-	\$0.00
<b>Ending balance - outstanding</b>	<b>13,106,500</b>	<b>\$0.16</b>	<b>14,050,000</b>	<b>\$0.18</b>

During the year ended September 30, 2023, 4,000,000 options were cancelled due to the termination of agreements with consultants to the Company (2022 – 1,600,000) and 900,000 options expired unexercised (2022 – nil).



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The detail of outstanding options at September 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

<b>Expiry Date</b>	<b>September 30, 2023</b>	<b>Exercisable</b>	<b>Exercise Price</b>	<b>September 30, 2022</b>	<b>Exercisable</b>	<b>Exercise Price</b>
June 1, 2023	-	-	\$0.07	900,000	900,000	\$0.07
August 28, 2025	600,000	600,000	\$0.10	600,000	600,000	\$0.10
December 1, 2025	250,000	250,000	\$0.12	250,000	250,000	\$0.12
April 9, 2026	1,500,000	1,000,000	\$0.30	1,500,000	1,000,000	\$0.30
July 7, 2026	5,800,000	3,650,000	\$0.17	7,800,000	3,900,000	\$0.17
October 7, 2026	1,000,000	500,000	\$0.20	1,000,000	250,000	\$0.20
November 11, 2026	-	-	\$0.00	2,000,000	500,000	\$0.24
November 21, 2027	3,956,500	989,125	\$0.10	-	-	-
<b>Ending balance - outstanding</b>	<b>13,106,500</b>	<b>6,989,125</b>		<b>14,050,000</b>	<b>7,400,000</b>	

At September 30, 2023, 6,989,125 options were exercisable at a weighted average price of \$0.17 per share (2022 – 7,400,000 at \$0.19 per share). The weighted average life of the outstanding options is 1.9 years (2022 – 3.9 years).

**14. WARRANTS**

In connection with a private placement completed on March 24, 2021, the Company issued 14,705,883 warrants exercisable within 36 months at a price of \$0.395 per share. The warrants were assigned a fair value of \$2,443,637 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.285, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility, based on historical volatility 152.75%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.49% and an expected life of 3 years.

In connection with a private placement completed on March 24, 2021, the Company issued 2,058,824 broker warrants exercisable within 36 months at a price of \$0.425 per share. The warrants were assigned a fair value of \$455,542 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.285, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility, based on historical volatility 152.75%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.49% and an expected life of 3 years.

In connection with a private placement completed on January 15, 2021, the Company issued 9,933,735 warrants exercisable within 24 months at a price of \$0.25 per share. The warrants were assigned a fair value of \$842,368 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: share price \$0.25, dividend yield 0%, expected volatility, based on historical volatility 173.47%, a risk-free interest rate of 0.15% and an expected life of 2 years. These warrants expired unexercised during the year ended September 30, 2023.

The continuity of outstanding warrants for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows:

	<b>September 30, 2023</b>	<b>Weighted average exercise price</b>	<b>September 30, 2022</b>	<b>Weighted average exercise price</b>
Beginning balance	26,698,442	\$0.33	27,673,442	\$0.33
Expired	(9,933,735)	\$0.25	(875,000)	\$0.10
Exercised	-	-	(100,000)	\$0.10
<b>Ending balance</b>	<b>16,764,707</b>	<b>\$0.40</b>	<b>26,698,442</b>	<b>\$0.34</b>

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The detail of outstanding warrants at September 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

Expiry Date	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	Exercise Price
January 15, 2023	-	9,933,735	\$0.250
March 24, 2024	<b>14,705,883</b>	14,705,883	\$0.395
March 24, 2024	<b>2,058,824</b>	2,058,824	\$0.425
	<b>16,764,707</b>	26,698,442	

The weighted average life of the outstanding warrants at September 30, 2023 is 0.48 years (2022 - 1.04 years).

**15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

The Company's related parties include its subsidiary, key management personnel and any entity related to key management personnel that has transactions with the Company. Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company paid \$72,000 (2022 - \$72,000) for consulting services provided by a director and officer of the Company. At September 30, 2023 there is \$6,000 (2022 - \$nil) of accounts payable to this related party.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company paid \$77,502 (2022 - \$60,000) for consulting services provided by an officer of the Company. At September 30, 2023 there is \$nil (2022 - \$nil) of accounts payable to this related party.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company paid \$nil (2022 - \$225,500) for consulting services provided by an officer of the Company. At September 30, 2023 there is \$nil (2022 - \$nil) of accounts payable to this related party.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company paid \$120,000 (2022 - \$107,796) for consulting services provided by an officer of the Company. At September 30, 2023 there is \$nil (2022 - \$50,000) of accounts payable to this related party.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company paid \$nil (2022 - \$25,142) for consulting services provided by an officer of the Company. At September 30, 2023 there is \$nil (2022 - \$nil) of accounts payable to this related party.

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company paid \$72,000 (2022 - \$72,000) for consulting services provided by a director and officer of the Company. At September 30, 2023 there is \$nil of accounts payable to this related party (2022 - \$nil).

During the year ended September 30, 2023, \$63,223 (2022 - \$28,341) was charged for legal services by a firm of which an officer of the Company is a partner. At September 30, 2023 there is \$3,819 of accounts payable to this related party (2022 - \$2,252).

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**Key Management Compensation**

Key management includes the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Investment Officer, and directors of the Company.

The compensation payable to current and former key management is shown below:

September 30,	<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
Consulting fees	\$	<b>346,502</b>	\$	561,809
Director fees		<b>69,213</b>		60,000
Stock-based compensation		<b>430,945</b>		1,345,099
	\$	<b>846,660</b>	\$	1,966,908

At September 30, 2023, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$10,295 (2022 - \$10,000) owed relating to director fees.

**16. FAIR VALUE**

The fair value of the Company's accounts payable, accrued liabilities and cash and cash equivalents are not materially different from the carrying values given the short-term nature.

**Recurring fair value measurements (financial and non-financial assets)**

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The Company records certain financial instruments or assets on a recurring fair value basis as follows:

<b>Recurring fair value measurements - September 30, 2023</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>
<b>Financial assets at fair value through FVTPL</b>			
Equity investment	\$ -	\$ 5,120,897	\$ 1,343,222
<b>Non financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>			
Cryptocurrencies	-	7,852,418	-
	\$ -	\$ 12,973,315	\$ 1,343,222

<b>Recurring fair value measurements - September 30, 2022</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>
<b>Financial assets at fair value through FVTPL</b>			
Treasury management investments	\$ -	\$ 60,037	\$ -
Equity investment	-	-	3,859,808
<b>Non financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</b>			
Cryptocurrencies	-	3,035	-
	\$ -	\$ 63,072	\$ 3,859,808

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The Company defines its fair value hierarchy as follows:

**Level 1:** The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

**Level 2:** The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (e.g., other public markets) is determined using valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

The Company exercised significant due diligence and judgement and determined that this presence and availability of this market was the most advantageous market and utilized the pricing available in the market as an estimate of the fair value of the investment. In addition, The Company's cryptocurrencies, convertible loan, and assets held as collateral are classified as Level 2 determined by taking the price from [www.coinmarketcap.com](http://www.coinmarketcap.com) as of 24:00 UTC.

**Level 3:** If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

(ii) Valuation *techniques used to determine fair values:*

Specific valuation techniques used to fair value financial instruments, specifically those that are not quoted in an active market. These are development stage companies, as such the Company utilized a market approach:

- a) The use of quoted market prices in active or other public markets
- b) The use of most recent transactions of similar instruments
- c) Changes in expected technical milestones of the investee
- d) Changes in management, strategy, litigation matters or other internal matters
- e) Significant changes in the results of the investee compared with the budget, plan, or milestone

(iii) *Transfers between levels 2 and 3*

There were no transfers between levels 2 and 3 during the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

(iv) *Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value*

The following table summarizes the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in the level 3 fair value measurements (see above for valuation techniques adopted):

Description	Fair Value		Unobservable Inputs	Range of inputs
	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2023
Investments	\$ 1,343,222	\$ 3,859,808	(a) and (b)	N/A

(vi) Valuation processes

The Investment Committee includes a team that performs the valuations of all items required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values. This team collaborates with the chief financial officer ("CFO") at least once every three months which is in-line with the Company's reporting requirements. The main Level 3 inputs derived and evaluated by the Company's team are the timeline for expected

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milestones and assessment of the technical matter relating to the technology.

The independent valuers utilized a variety of approaches and assumptions, including but not limited to:

- Income, comparable market multiples, precedent transactions, and cost approach
- Forecast revenue, expenses, and profitability
- Income tax
- Capex
- Discount rates
- Residual value
- Volatility of underlying asset
- Risk free rate of interest
- Value of strategic coin reserves, if any
- Weighting of various valuation approaches
- Timing of liquidity date, if any

The Company performed a sensitivity analysis on the carrying value of its Level 3 assets and noted that a 20% decrease would result in a \$268,644 decrease in fair value.

#### **17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Netherlands Preliminary Tax Assessment - On February 15, 2017 the Company received an income tax reassessment from the Netherlands tax authority reassessing the Company's subsidiary KRBV for an amount payable of 3.3 million euros (CAD\$5 million). This reassessment was pursuant to management challenging an earlier preliminary assessment for an amount payable by KRBV of 11.4 million euros. The preliminary tax assessment and the reassessment were both issued before KRBV had filed its 2016 tax return and as such are based on incomplete information. The 2016 tax return has since been filed. It is management's opinion that the assessed amount payable of 3.3 million euros (CAD\$5 million) continues to be an over assessment. The Netherlands Tax Authority has again issued a preliminary assessment and the Company has filed a notice of objection to this assessment. Management believes that this issue will be resolved when the Netherlands tax authority has completed a review of all the facts. As a result, no provision has been made for this reassessment in these consolidated financial statements.

Disputed Claim for Unpaid Services – During the year ending September 30, 2021, the Company received a claim for unpaid services of 83,731 euros (the "Claim") from a Netherlands based company that had been engaged to provide administrative services to KRBV (the "Engagement"). The Engagement was terminated by the Company on July 29, 2020. The Company has accrued 50,000 euros (\$73,980) for the Claim in these consolidated financial statements. The Company has not received any new information regarding the Claim in during the year ended September 30, 2023 and believes that the lawsuit is unlikely to result in any liability to the Company.

#### **18. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS**

##### **Capital Management**

The Company manages and adjusts its capital structure, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the investment in cryptocurrencies and blockchain companies. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company considers capital to be its capital stock, warrant, and stock option components of shareholders' equity.

To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the management has in place a planning, budgeting, and forecasting process to help determine the funds required to ensure the Company has the appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives. The Company ensures that there is sufficient working capital and planned future capital raises to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flow from operations and its holding of cash and short-term investments.

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Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended September 30, 2023.

**Safeguarding of Cryptocurrency Assets**

The Company retains two third-party custodians (the "Custodians") to safeguard its Bitcoin cryptocurrency assets; Coinbase Custody Trust Company, LLC ("Coinbase") and Gemini Trust Company, LLC., with Coinbase holding almost 100% of the Company's Bitcoin at September 30, 2023. The Custodians are only responsible for holding and safeguarding the Company's cryptocurrency assets and have not appointed a sub-custodian to hold certain cryptocurrency assets.

Coinbase, located at 200 Park Avenue South, Suite 1208, New York, NY 10003, is regulated by the New York Department of Financial Services (NYDFS) and operates as an independently capitalized entity. Coinbase is a fiduciary under § 100 of the New York Banking Law and is licensed to custody its clients' digital assets in trust on their behalf. As a New York state-chartered trust, Coinbase is held to the same fiduciary standards as national banks and is a qualified custodian for purposes of § 206(4)-2(d)(6) of the Advisers Act, commonly called the custody role.

Management of the Company is not aware of anything with regards to the Coinbase's operations that would adversely affect the Company's operations and there are no known security breaches or other similar incidents involving the custodian as a result of which the Company's cryptocurrency assets have been lost or stolen. Coinbase held 100% of the Company's bitcoin holdings and carries an annually renewed commercial crime policy, with Coinbase Global Inc., Coinbase's parent company, as the named insured. In the event of a bankruptcy or insolvency Cypherpunk will enforce its rights under the Custodial Services Agreement through Arbitration under the laws of the State of New York, and will be in contact with Coinbase's Regulator, the New York State Department of Financial Services, as well as Coinbase's named insurer.

The due diligence Cypherpunk performed on Coinbase included confirmation that an annual SOC 1 audit report pertaining to internal controls over financial reporting, as well as an annual SOC 2 audit report pertaining to controls related to operations and compliance were completed by Coinbase, a review of negative news related to Coinbase, and a review of online training and tutorials offered by Coinbase.

**Risk Disclosures**

Exposure to credit, interest rate, cryptocurrency and currency related risks arises in the normal course of the Company's business.

**Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into, causing the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company limits its credit risk by placing its cash with high credit quality financial institutions and with cryptocurrency exchanges on which the Company has performed internal due diligence procedures. The Company deems these procedures necessary as some exchanges are unregulated and not subject to regulatory oversight. Furthermore, cryptocurrency exchanges engage in the practice of commingling their clients' assets in exchange wallets. When crypto assets are commingled, transactions are not recorded on the applicable blockchain ledger but are only recorded by the exchange. Therefore, there is risk around the occurrence of transactions, or the existence of period end balances represented by exchanges.

As at September 30, 2023, the Company holds \$1,927,280 in cash and cash equivalents at high credit quality financial institutions (2022 - \$18,537,221). The Company's due diligence procedures around exchanges and custodians utilized throughout the period include, but are not limited to, internal control procedures around on-boarding new exchanges or custodians which includes review of the exchanges or custodians anti-money laundering ("AML") and know-your-client ("KYC") policies by the Company's chief investment officer, constant review of market information specifically regarding the exchanges or custodians security and solvency risk, setting balance limits for each exchange account based on risk exposure thresholds and preparing weekly asset management reports to ensure limits are being followed

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and having a fail-over plan to move cash and cryptocurrencies held on an exchange or with a custodian in instances where risk exposure significantly changes.

There is no significant credit risk with respect of receivables.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Company has no exposure to interest rate risk since there are no outstanding debts or other payables subject to interest charges at the end of the reported periods.

**Cryptocurrencies Risk**

Cryptocurrencies are measured at fair value less cost to sell. Cryptocurrency prices are affected by various forces including global supply and demand, interest rates, exchanges rates, inflation or deflation and political and economic conditions. Further, cryptocurrencies have no underlying backing or contracts to enforce recovery of invested amounts. The profitability of the Company is related to the current and future market price of cryptocurrencies; in addition, the Company may not be able to liquidate its cryptocurrencies at its desired price if necessary. Investing in cryptocurrencies is speculative, prices are volatile, and market movements are difficult to predict. Supply and demand for such currencies change rapidly and are affected by a variety of factors, including regulation and general economic trends.

Cryptocurrencies have a limited history; their fair values have historically been volatile, and the value of cryptocurrencies held by the Company could decline rapidly. A decline in the market prices of cryptocurrencies could negatively impact the Company's future operations. Historical performance of cryptocurrencies is not indicative of their future performance.

Many cryptocurrency networks are online end-user-to-end-user networks that host a public transaction ledger (blockchain) and the source code that comprises the basis for the cryptographic and algorithmic protocols governing such networks. In many cryptocurrency transactions, the recipient or the buyer must provide its public key, which serves as an address for a digital wallet, to the seller. In the data packets distributed from cryptocurrency software programs to confirm transaction activity, each party to the transaction user must sign transactions with a data code derived from entering the private key into a hashing algorithm, which signature serves as validation that the transaction has been authorized by the owner of the cryptocurrency. This process is vulnerable to hacking and malware and could lead to theft of the Company's digital wallets and the loss of the Company's cryptocurrency.

Cryptocurrencies are loosely regulated and there is no central marketplace for exchange. Supply is determined by a computer code, not a central bank. Additionally, exchanges may suffer from operational issues, such as delayed execution, which could have an adverse effect on the Company.

The cryptocurrency exchanges on which the Company may trade on are relatively new and, in many cases, largely unregulated, and therefore may be more exposed to fraud and failure than regulated exchanges for other assets. Any financial, security, or operational difficulties experienced by such exchanges may result in an inability of the Company to recover money or cryptocurrencies being held on the exchange. Further, the Company may be unable to recover cryptocurrencies awaiting transmission into or out of the exchange, all of which could adversely affect an investment of the Company. Additionally, to the extent that the digital asset exchanges representing a substantial portion of the volume in digital asset trading are involved in fraud or experience security failures or other operational issues, such digital asset exchanges' failures may result in loss or less favorable prices of cryptocurrencies, or may adversely affect the Company, its operations, and its investments.

Furthermore, crypto-exchanges engage in commingling their client's assets in exchange wallets. When crypto-assets are commingled transactions are not recorded on the applicable blockchain ledger but are only recorded by the exchange. Therefore, there is a risk around the occurrence of transactions or existence of period end balances represented by exchanges.

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**Loss of access risk**

The loss of access to the private keys associated with the Company's cryptocurrency holdings may be irreversible and could adversely affect an investment. Cryptocurrencies are controllable only by an individual that possesses both the unique public key and private key or keys relating to the "digital wallet" in which the cryptocurrency is held. To the extent a private key is lost, destroyed, or otherwise compromised and no backup is accessible the Company may be unable to access the cryptocurrency.

**Irrevocability of transactions**

Cryptocurrency transactions are irrevocable and stolen or incorrectly transferred cryptocurrencies may be irretrievable. Once a transaction has been verified and recorded in a block that is added to the blockchain, an incorrect transfer or theft generally will not be reversible, and the Company may not be capable of seeking compensation.

**Hard fork and air drop risks**

Hard forks may occur for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to, disputes over proposed changes to the protocol, significant security breach, or an unanticipated software flaw in the multiple versions of otherwise compatible software. In the event of a hard fork in a cryptocurrency held by the Company, it is expected that the Company would hold an equivalent amount of the old and new cryptocurrency following the hard fork.

Air drops occur when the promoters of a new cryptocurrency send amounts of the new cryptocurrency to holders of another cryptocurrency that they will be able to claim a certain amount of the new cryptocurrency for free.

The Company may not be able to realize the economic benefit of a hard fork or air drop, either immediately or ever, for various reasons. For instance, the Company may not have any systems in place to monitor or participate in hard forks or airdrops.

**Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The Company's investments are susceptible to other market risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of the instruments. The Company moderates this risk through the various investment strategies within the parameters of the Company's investment guidelines.

As of September 30, 2023, management's estimate of the effect on equity to a +/- 10% change in the market prices of the Company's investments, with all other variables held constant, is \$646,412 (2022 - \$385,981).

**Foreign Currency Risk**

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on financial assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily the U.S. dollar and the Australian dollar, the balance of net monetary assets in such currencies as of September 30, 2023 is \$1,669,621 (2022 - \$18,045,237). Sensitivity to a plus or minus 10% change in the foreign exchange rates would result in a foreign exchange gain/loss of \$166,962 (2022 - \$1,804,524).

**Liquidity Risk**

The Company is exposed to liquidity risk primarily as a result of its trade accounts payable as well as the risk of not being able to liquidate assets at reasonable prices. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2023, the Company had cash and cash equivalents balance of \$1,927,280 (2022 - \$18,537,221)



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to settle accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$226,594 (2022 - \$308,292). All of the Company's trade accounts payable have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

**19. INCOME TAX**

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with reported taxes is as follows:

<b>Years ended September 30</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ (6,309,272)	\$ 793,197
Expected income tax expense (recovery)	(1,671,959)	210,197
Permanent differences	1,556,368	(171,472)
Share issue costs and other	(50,134)	(50,134)
Adjustment to prior years provision from statutory tax returns	-	-
Realized gain on disposal of investments	-	476,826
Non-capital loss deferred (utilized)	165,725	(153,905)
Change in unrecognized deductible temporary differences	-	(322,921)
Change in unrecognized deductible temporary differences	(26,944)	446,150
<b>Total income tax recovery reported in the statements of comprehensive income</b>	<b>\$ (26,944)</b>	<b>\$ 434,741</b>
Current income tax recovery	-	(11,409)
Deferred income tax recovery	(26,944)	446,150

Income taxes related to items recognized in other comprehensive income are as follows:

<b>Years ended September 30</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Current income tax		
Realized gain (loss) on cryptocurrencies	\$ -	\$ 212,927
Deferred tax		
Non-capital loss carryback	-	(201,518)
Unrealized loss on cryptocurrencies	(91,351)	(2,843,000)
<b>Income tax expense (recovery)</b>	<b>\$ (91,351)</b>	<b>\$ (2,831,591)</b>

The change for the year in the Company's net deferred tax liability is as follows:

<b>Years ended September 30</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)		
Share issue costs	\$ 99,645	\$ 149,780
Investments	1,114,518	55,665
Cryptocurrencies	91,351	-
Other assets	(1,958)	303,117
Allowable capital losses	121,307	-
Non-capital losses available for future period	489,800	228,953
	1,914,663	737,515
Unrecognized deferred tax assets	\$ (1,281,518)	(222,665)
<b>Net deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 633,145</b>	<b>\$ 514,850</b>

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The change for the year in the Company's net deferred tax liability is as follows:

<b>Years ended September 30</b>	<b>2023</b>		<b>2022</b>	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	514,850	\$	(1,882,000)
Deferred tax recovery recognized in net income		26,944		(446,150)
Deferred tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income		91,351		2,843,000
<b>Income tax recovery (expense)</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>633,145</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>514,850</b>

The significant components of the Company's temporary differences, unused tax credits and unused tax losses that have not been included on the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	<b>2023</b>	<b>Expiry Date Range</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>Expiry Date Range</b>
<b>Temporary Difference</b>				
Investments	1,114,518	No expiry date	55,665	No expiry date
Netherlands	167,000	2024 - 2026	167,000	2024 - 2026

Tax attributes are subject to review, and potential adjustment, by tax authorities.

**20. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

The Company operates in one reportable operating segment being investment in cryptocurrencies and blockchain technology.

**21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to year end ISLA sold its FTX bankruptcy claim and paid the Company its pro rata share of the proceeds, \$270,661 (US\$201,024).