NWT URANIUM CORP.  MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014
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#### Introduction

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial condition and results of the operations of NWT Uranium Corp. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "NWT") constitutes management's review of the factors that affected the Company's financial and operating performance for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014. This MD&A was written to comply with the requirements of National Instrument 51-102 – Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013, together with the notes thereto, and the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended September 30, 2014, together with the notes thereto. Results are reported in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted. The Company's consolidated financial statements and the financial information contained in this MD&A are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements required by IFRS. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (which consist only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Information contained herein is presented as at November 28, 2014, unless otherwise indicated.

For the purposes of preparing this MD&A, management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors, considered the materiality of information. Information is considered material if: (i) such information results in, or would reasonably be expected to result in, a significant change in the market price or value of NWT common shares; or (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision; or (iii) it would significantly alter the total mix of information available to investors. Management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors, evaluates materiality with reference to all relevant circumstances, including potential market sensitivity.

Further information about the Company and its operations can be obtained from the offices of the Company or on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

## **Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information**

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking information and forward-looking statements, as defined in applicable securities laws (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements"). These statements relate to future events or the Company's future performance. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "continues", "forecasts", "projects", "predicts", "intends", "anticipates" or "believes", or variations of, or the negatives of, such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this MD&A speak only as at the date of this MD&A or

as at the date specified in such statement. The following table outlines certain significant forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A and provides the material assumptions used to develop such forward-looking statements and material risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward looking statements.

Forward-looking information	Assumptions	Risk factors
The Company's anticipated plans, to acquire a portfolio of mining property assets and other investments that could contain significant value for shareholders.	Financing will be available for future acquisitions by the Company; the Company will be able to retain and attract skilled staff; all requisite regulatory and governmental approvals for development projects and other operations will be received on a timely basis upon terms acceptable to NWT, and applicable political and economic conditions are favourable to NWT; the price of applicable metals and applicable interest and exchange rates will be favourable to the Company.	Metal price volatility; uncertainties involved in interpreting geological data and retaining title to acquired properties and investees; availability of financing for the acquisitions; increases in costs; environmental compliance requirements and changes in environmental and other local legislation and regulation; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic and political conditions; the Company's ability to retain and attract skilled staff.
The Company's ability to meet its working capital needs at the current level for the twelve-month period ending September 30, 2015.  The Company's cash balance at September 30, 2014, is sufficient to fund its consolidated operating expenses at current levels. At the date hereof, the Company's consolidated cash balance has diminished as a result of normal business operations.	The operating and development activities of the Company for the twelve-month period ending September 30, 2015, and the costs associated therewith, will be dependent on raising sufficient capital consistent with the Company's current expectations; debt and equity markets, exchange and interest rates and other applicable economic conditions are favourable to NWT.	Adverse changes in debt and equity markets; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; increases in costs; environmental compliance requirements and changes in environmental and other local legislation and regulations; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic conditions.
Management's outlook regarding future trends.	Financing will be available for NWT's investing and operating activities; the price of applicable metals will be favourable to the Company.	Metal price volatility; changes in debt and equity markets; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic and political conditions.
Sensitivity analysis of financial instruments.	Equity price will not be subject to change in excess of plus or minus 50%; foreign exchange rates against the United States dollar, UK Pound Sterling and Euro will	Changes in debt and equity markets and exchange rate fluctuations.

		not be subject to change in excess of plus or minus 5%.	
Prices and price volatility metals.	for	favourable; debt and equity markets, interest and exchange	Changes in debt and equity markets and the spot prices of metals; interest rate and exchange rate fluctuations; changes in economic and political conditions.

Inherent in forward-looking statements are risks, uncertainties and other factors beyond NWT's ability to predict or control. Please also make reference to those risk factors referenced in the "Risks and Uncertainties" section in this MD&A. Readers are cautioned that the above chart does not contain an exhaustive list of the factors or assumptions that may affect the forward-looking statements, and that the assumptions underlying such statements may prove to be incorrect. Actual results and developments are likely to differ, and may differ materially, from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause NWT's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any of its future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements herein are qualified by this cautionary statement. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information or future events or otherwise, except as may be required by law. If the Company does update one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that it will make additional updates with respect to those or other forward-looking statements, unless required by law.

## **Description of Business**

NWT was incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, Canada by articles of incorporation on September 26, 2003 and NWT's outstanding common shares became publicly listed on March 19, 2004 on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") under the symbol "NWT". Subsequently, the NWT's outstanding common shares were listed on the OTCBB under the symbol "NWURF" and on the Frankfurt Exchange.

On January 14, 2013, NWT was advised by the Exchange that it had determined that NWT has been deemed to have undertaken a change of business from a mining issuer to an investment issuer and NWT's outstanding common shares were halted from trading on the Exchange. As a result of the Exchange's determination, NWT will seek to obtain shareholder approval for the change of business to either an investment issuer or any other business that the directors of NWT may present to the shareholders and expects to mail an information circular to shareholders in connection therewith in the near term. Although NWT continues to work with the Exchange in an effort to ensure that all future documentation and filings are acceptable to the Exchange in order for NWT to obtain Exchange approval for all outstanding matters and requirements. The Exchange has suspended trading of NWT's outstanding common shares effective August 27, 2013. NWT's outstanding common shares will

remain suspended until such time that NWT satisfies the requirements of the Exchange in order to permit the resumption of trading of such shares.

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the Company retrospectively adopted the IASB issued Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10 - "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 12 - "Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities" and IAS 27 - "Separate Financial Statements") and changed its accounting policy regarding its investments.

As an investment company, the Company will focus its resources on investments in other companies. The investment objective of the Company will be to provide its shareholders with long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of public companies and commodities

NWT currently has two wholly-owned subsidiaries, Northwest Mineral Mexico, S.A. de C.V. ("Northwest Mineral") and Niketo Co. Ltd. ("Niketo").

## **Highlights**

On July 24, 2014, the Company elected John Zorbas, David Tsubouchi, Kyle Appleby and Henry Kloepper as members of its Board of Directors.

On April 17, 2014, the Company announced the resignation of Raphael Danon as Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Company and the appointment of Jing Peng as its new CFO.

On March 3, 2014, the Company announced the appointment of John Zorbas as Chairman and interim President.

On December 20, 2013, the Company announced that its Board of Directors accepted the resignation of David Subotic as President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the appointment of Henry Kloepper as interim CEO.

On November 26, 2013, URU Metals Limited ("URU"), which is 31% owned by NWT announced that they entered into an agreement with their Joint Venture partner, Southern African Nickel Limited ("SAN") to acquire 100% interest in SAN. As a result of this purchase, URU now owns 100% interest in the Southern African Nickel Joint Venture ("SAN JV"), which holds 74% interest in the Zebediela Nickel Project and 50% interest in the Burgersfort Nickel Project.

## **Corporate Objective**

As an investment company, the Company will focus its resources on investments in other companies. The investment objective of the Company will be to provide its shareholders with long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of public companies and commodities.

## **Investments Opportunities**

#### **Vietnamese Opportunities**

The Company intends to acquire a global portfolio of equity investment assets in Asia by leveraging current relationships. Management has assessed several prospective properties in Europe, North America, South America and Africa as well.

On February 5, 2010, the Company was granted approval to conduct preliminary survey and exploration of the minerals in Quang Tri province in Vietnam, covering an area of approximately 1,500 square kilometers. The agreements pertaining to the Vietnam property in Quang Tri province in Vietnam are in good standing. Due to various changes in government officials in Vietnam and recent amendments to the mining legislation in Vietnam, the Company has not been able to undertake a comprehensive work program which would provide the Company with meaningful information with respect to this opportunity.

NWT is currently looking into several other properties and companies in Vietnam, including joint ventures with existing companies that own "grandfathered" properties.

NWT continues to negotiate with high level government officials as well as government mining ministry officials on NWT's involvement in Vietnam to build value in the country. The management team has met with Vietnamese officials as well as a delegation led by the chairman of the Vietnam Atomic Energy Commission. To date, there are no definitive agreements as to NWT's involvement with the Vietnam Atomic Energy Commission, however discussions are on-going.

## **Other Investment Opportunities**

The Company continues to investigate appropriate investment properties and investee companies. The process of locating these properties continues to be a complex task, and management has taken a cautious approach to identifying properties to maximize the probability that any potential property acquired will be successful and add to shareholder value.

#### Unique Broadband Systems Inc. Transactions and Related Events

On January 7, 2013, Niketo acquired 11,305,332 common shares of Unique Broadband Systems Inc. ("UBS") in an off-exchange trade by way of private agreement from 2064818 Ontario Inc. Niketo paid \$0.03 per UBS common share, for an aggregate cash consideration of \$339,159.96.

Niketo also entered into a share purchase agreement with 6138241 Ontario Inc. to acquire a further 8,500,000 common shares of UBS at a price of \$0.03 per share. This transaction was not completed.

On January 14, 2013, UBS entered an agreement to sell 12.43 million multiple voting shares and 14.63 million subordinate voting shares of Look Communications Inc. that UBS held indirectly through its wholly-owned subsidiary, UBS Wireless Services Inc., to 2092390 Ontario Inc. (the "Sales Transaction").

The Sales Transaction was opposed by Niketo. Niketo brought two separate motions seeking Court approval of two different plans of compromise or arrangement in lieu of the Court's approval of the Sales Transaction. Niketo's motions were opposed by UBS and its monitor. The Court denied both motions. Niketo then sought an order from the Court of Appeal for Ontario staying the effect of the Sales Transaction approval order. On February 19, 2013, the Court of Appeal denied the request for a stay.

#### **Investment in URU Metals Limited**

As at September 30, 2014, the Company owned 72,066,674 common shares (March 31, 2014 - 52,783,339 common shares) in URU Metals Limited ("URU") (formerly Niger Uranium Limited) which represents approximately 31% (March 31, 2014 – 39.8%) of URU's shareholding.

### **Other Developments**

Eurogroup Bailout of Cyprus

In March 2013, the Cyprus government reached an agreement with the Eurogroup to receive a 10 billion Euro loan to refinance its public debt and achieve its macroeconomic targets. As a condition of receiving the Eurogroup loan, Cyprus's two major banks, Laiki Bank and Bank of Cyprus were restructured to restore their capital requirements. The recapitalization involved a conversion of a portion of deposits in excess of 100,000 Euro held as at March 26, 2013 to equity in the Bank of Cyprus. The provisions of the recapitalization allow for 37.5% of the excess amount to be converted to Class A shares, 22.5% of the excess amount to remain temporarily blocked and subject to total or partial conversion to Class A shares, and a further 30% of the excess amount to remain temporarily blocked.

At March 26, 2013, the Company held \$2,047,069 of cash in a Bank of Cyprus account which was subject to the provisions above. During fiscal 2013, the Company recorded a provision of \$1,739,076 on these cash balances based on the current economic outlook.

In addition, the Company held common shares in the Bank of Cyprus as part of its portfolio of other investments. During the fiscal year of 2013, the Company recorded an impairment loss of \$3,058,586 on this investment of shares which includes a reallocation of \$1,708,739 of amounts previously recorded in other comprehensive loss.

Effective July 30, 2013, it was announced that the recapitalization of the Bank of Cyprus was completed. The impact of this announcement on the Company was the following:

- On August 12, 2013, Bank of Cyprus removed the restriction on GBP 376,008 (\$625,640), which represented a restricted balance.
- On August 26, 2013, GBP 156,670 (\$260,683), which was part of the 22.5% equity provision, was returned to Niketo. This balance formed part of the provision on cash balances noted above.

The Bank of Cyprus subsequently placed GBP 469,381 (\$827,378) split evenly into three separate fixed term deposits of six, nine and twelve months. Bank of Cyprus will have the option to renew each of the fixed term deposits once for the same time duration of the original deposit. These deposits will accrue a rate of interest which will be higher than the corresponding market rates offered by Bank of Cyprus. The expectation is that the Bank of Cyprus will exercise their option to renew each of the fixed term deposits.

On January 30, 2014, the Company received a letter from the Bank of Cyprus stating that one of the three term deposits that were placed in fixed term deposits at the bank has been released, and was automatically placed in a one-month rollover account. The amount of this deposit is GBP 156,460 (\$288,356).

During the year ended March 31, 2014, because certain deposits may not be available for withdrawal, the Company set up an additional allowance of \$370,949 (GBP201,274) for the cash deposited in the Bank of Cyprus and did not reverse any of the prior year impairment.

On September 22, 2014, the Company paid \$176,913 (EUR125,000) to acquire additional 520,833 units of common shares in the Bank of Cyprus. Due to lack of market information and credit risk of these investments, their fair value was written down to \$nil by the Company for the three and six month period ended September 30, 2014.

As at September 30, 2014, cash on deposit includes \$100,210 of unreserved cash in the Bank of Cyprus.

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recognized a loss recovery of \$847,436, relating to previously recognized impairment losses. The treasury bill associated with the loss recovery amount has been fully redeemed by the Company during the three and six months ended September 30, 2013. There was no such recovery during the three and six months ended September 30, 2014.

## **Summary of Quarterly Results**

		Income or (Loss)		
Three Months Ended	Revenue (\$)	Total (\$)	Basic and diluted income (loss) per share (\$)	Total assets (\$)
September 30, 2014	Nil	(494,650) (1)	(0.00)	7,255,850
June 30, 2014	Nil	240,332 (2)	0.00	7,249,425
March 31, 2014	Nil	(1,601,922) (3)	(0.01)	7,062,920
December 31, 2013	Nil	(1,469,775) (4)	(0.01)	8,263,056
September 30, 2013	Nil	562,306 <sup>(5)</sup>	0.00	9,739,106
June 30, 2013	Nil	(612,727) <sup>(6)</sup>	(0.00)	9,209,288
March 31, 2013	Nil	(5,928,631) (7)	(0.05)	9,836,934
December 31, 2012	Nil	(1,360,766) (8)	(0.01)	15,330,687

#### Notes:

- Net loss of \$494,650 consisted primarily of unrealized loss in investment in URU Metals Limited of \$111,188, unrealized loss in other investments of \$231,905 and general and administrative expenses of \$152,880, offset by interest income of \$1,323.
- Net income of \$240,332 consisted primarily of unrealized gain in investment in URU Metals Limited of \$807,862 and interest income of \$14,025, offset by unrealized loss in other investments of \$256,948 and general and administrative expenses of \$324,607.
- (3) Net loss of \$1,601,922 consisted primarily of unrealized loss in investment in URU Metals Limited of \$639,053, impairment of Cyprus cash deposit of \$1,218,385, general and administrative of \$333,924, offset by unrealized gain in other investments of \$349,759, foreign exchange gain of \$246,573 and interest income of \$2,359.
- (4) Net loss of \$1,469,775 consisted primarily of unrealized loss in URU Metals Limited of \$255,515, loss on sale of other investments of \$145,210, unrealized loss in other investments of \$18,138 and general and administrative of \$1,414,167 offset by foreign exchange gain of \$347,263, dividend income of \$13,929 and interest income of \$2,063.
- Net income of \$562,306 consisted primarily of recovery of impairment of Cyprus cash deposits of \$847,436, gain on sale of other investments of \$84,837, interest income of \$2,810, dividend income of \$880 and foreign exchange gain of \$265,552 offset by unrealized loss in other investment of \$45,734, unrealized loss in investment in URU Metals Limited of \$137,823 and general and administrative of \$455,652.

- Net loss of \$612,727 consisted primarily of unrealized loss in other investments of \$218,942, unrealized loss in investment in URU Metals Limited of \$343,097 and general and administrative of \$435,049 offset by gain on sale of other investments of \$168,500, interest income of \$3,325 and foreign exchange gain of \$212,536.
- Net loss of \$5,928,631 consisted primarily of unrealized loss in other investment of \$2,391,790, impairment of Cyprus cash deposit of \$1,739,076, general and administrative of \$1,276,364, loss on sale of other investments of \$4,250, foreign exchange loss of \$291,869 and current income tax of \$339,873 offset by interest income of \$21,038 and unrealized gain in investment in URU Metals Limited of \$99,702.
- <sup>(8)</sup> Net loss of \$1,360,766 consisted primarily of unrealized loss in investment in URU Metals Limited of \$689,910, impairment of loan receivable of \$500,000, general and administrative of \$417,218, loss on sale of other investment of \$51,050 offset by unrealized gain in other investment of \$302,420, foreign exchange gain of \$37,130 and interest income of \$22,862.
- (9) Per share amounts are rounded to the nearest cent, therefore aggregating quarterly amounts may not reconcile to year-to-date per share amounts.

## **Results of Operations**

For the six months ended September 30, 2014, compared with the six months ended September 30, 2013:

For the six months ended September 30, 2014, the Company's loss was \$254,318 (\$0.00 per share), compared to a loss of \$50,421 (\$0.00 per share) for the six months ended September 30, 2013. The Company has an accumulated deficit of \$26,706,391 as at September 30, 2014.

The increase of \$203,897 in net loss is a result of the following:

- Unrealized loss in other investments increased from a loss of \$264,676 for the six months ended September 30, 2013 to a loss of \$488,853 for the six months ended September 30, 2014 due to fluctuation of the fair value of the Company's other investments;
- Unrealized gain in investment in URU Metals Limited increased from a loss of \$480,920 for the six months ended September 30, 2013 to a gain of \$696,674 for the six ended September 30, 2014 due to fluctuation of the fair value of URU Metal Limited shares;
- A recovery of impairment of Cyprus cash deposits decreased from \$847,436 for the six months ended September 30, 2013 to \$nil for the six months ended September 30, 2014. The recovery was a result of the Bank of Cyprus releasing the cash deposit to the Company;
- Gain on sale of other investments was \$253,337 for the six months ended September 30, 2013. There were no disposals of investments during the six months ended September 30, 2014 and as such no gain or loss recognized; and
- General and administrative expenses increased from \$412,613 for the six months ended September 30, 2013 to \$477,487 for the six months ended September 30, 2014. The increase mainly comes from higher foreign exchange loss of \$83,825 for the six months ended September 30, 2014 compared to a gain of \$478,088 for the six months ended September 30, 2013. Management and administrative services decreased to \$173,408 for the six months ended September 30, 2014 from \$268,590 for the six months ended September 30, 2013. The professional fees decreased by \$93,143, office and administration decreased by \$201,919 and investor relations and promotion decreased by \$44,854 for the six months ended September 30, 2014 compared to the same period ended September 30, 2013.

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2013:

For the three months ended September 30, 2014, the Company's net loss was \$494,650 (\$0.00 per share), compared to a gain of \$562,306 (\$0.00 per share) for the three months ended September 30, 2013. The Company has an accumulated deficit of \$26,706,391 as at September 30, 2014.

The increase in net loss of \$1,056,956 in net loss is a result of the following:

- Unrealized loss in other investments increased from a loss of \$45,734 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to a loss of \$231,905 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 due to changes of the fair value of the Company's other investments;
- Unrealized loss in investments in URC Metals limited decreased from a loss of \$137,823 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to a loss of \$111,188 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 due to changes of the fair value of the investment;
- A recovery of impairment of Cyprus cash deposits decreased from \$847,436 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$\text{nil} for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The recovery was a result of the Bank of Cyprus releasing the cash deposit to the Company;
- Gain on sale of other investments was \$84,837 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. There were no disposals of investments during the three months ended September 30, 2014 and as such no gain or loss recognized; and
- General and administrative expenses decreased from \$190,100 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 to \$152,880 for the three months ended September 30, 2014. The decrease mainly comes from management and administrative services of \$29,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to \$133,965 for the three months ended September 30, 2013. Office and administration expenses decreased by \$81,138, Investor relations and promotions decreased by \$18,000 and shareholder information expense decreased by \$10,759 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2013.

## **Liquidity and Financial Position**

As at September 30, 2014, the Company had a consolidated cash balance of \$3,561,844 compared to \$4,259,929 at March 31, 2014. The Company had a working capital of \$326,106 as at September 30, 2014, compared to a working capital of \$1,795,939 at March 31, 2014.

The activities of the Company, which consist of investments in a diversified portfolio of public companies and commodities, are financed through the completion of equity offerings and the exercise of stock options.

Amounts payable and other liabilities increased from \$409,715 at March 31, 2014, to \$856,963 as at September 30, 2014. The increase is primarily a result of the unpaid acquisition cost for the additional URU shares during the period.

As of September 30, 2014, and to the date of this MD&A, the cash resources of the Company are held with select financial institutions in Canada and Cyprus. At September 30, 2014, the Company had no indebtedness other than trade payables in the normal course of business and income tax payable to Cyprus tax authority. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are in the ordinary course of business, short term and non-interest bearing.

The Company's use of cash at present occurs, and in the future is expected to occur, principally in two areas: the funding of its general and administrative expenditures and the funding of its investment activities. In connection with the Company's operating and investment activities, the Company will seek to raise capital primarily through the issuance of equity securities. No funds have been raised as of the date of this MD&A. The Company will continue to attempt to raise capital to meet its ongoing operating and investment purposes.

## **Related Party Transactions**

Related parties include the Board of Directors, close family members and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions.

Remuneration of directors and key management of the Company was as follows:

	Three months ended September 30, 2014	Three months ended September 30, 2013	Six months ended September 30, 2014 \$	Six months ended September 30, 2013 \$
Salaries and benefits	nil	48,500	nil	97,000
Directors fees	8,000	16,497	24,497	32,994
Management fees (1)	11,578	123,998	148,911	251,396
Totals	19,578	188,995	173,408	381,390

(1) Included in management fees are: a) management fees paid to DAS Capital Ltd, a company controlled by the former President and CEO of NWT. These management fees are related to the CEO function performed; b) consulting fees paid to Alegana Enterprises Ltd., a company controlled by a director of the Company; and c) management fees paid to 2249872 Ontario Ltd, a company controlled by the CEO of NWT.

Included in loan receivable at September 30, 2014 is \$175,141 (March 31, 2014 - \$172,011) owing from the director and CEO.

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at September 30, 2014 are \$14,998 (March 31, 2014 - \$10,998) owing to Mr. John Zorbas, President of the Company, and \$nil (March 31, 2014 - \$36,537) owing to Mr Raphael Danon, former CFO of the Company. The Company also had a balance of \$nil (March 31, 2014 - payable of \$7,910) due from Mr. Henry Kloepper, interim CEO of the Company.

## **Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements**

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company does not have any off-balance-sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company, including, and without limitation, such considerations as liquidity, capital expenditures and capital resources, that are material to investors.

## **Proposed Transactions**

As is typical of the investment industry, the Company is continually reviewing potential investment transactions and opportunities that could enhance shareholder value.

## **Change in Accounting Policies**

In addition to the change of accounting policy as discussed below in relation to the Company's change of business from a mining issuer to an investment issuer, the Company adopted the following new standards in relation to certain pronouncements were issued by the IASB and IFRIC that are mandatory for accounting periods after December 31, 2013 or later periods:

(i) IAS 32 – Financial Instruments: Presentation ("IAS 32") was amended by the IASB in December 2011 to clarify certain aspects of the requirements on offsetting. The amendments focus on the criterion that an entity currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the criterion that an entity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The amendments to IAS 32 are effective for annual period beginning on or after January 1, 2014. As at April 1, 2014, the Company adopted this pronouncement and there was no material impact on the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## **Change in Accounting Policies as an Investment Company**

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the Company retrospectively adopted the IASB issued Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10 - "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 12 - "Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities" and IAS 27 - "Separate Financial Statements") which define an investment entity. The amendments require an investment entity to measure investments at fair value through profit or loss. As an investment company, the Company will focus its resources on investments in other companies. The investment objective of the Company will be to provide its shareholders with long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of public companies and commodities.

Previously, the Company accounted for its investments as available-for-sale financial assets with changes recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income and accumulated in equity until the gain or loss was realized, at which time they were recorded in net (loss) income or using equity method. Under the new policy, the Company's investments are measured as financial assets classified as FVTPL with changes recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

The financial statement impact for the three and six months ended September 30, 2013 is as follows:

	As previously reported	Effect of change in accounting	As restated
	reporteu	policy	
	\$	\$	\$
<b>Consolidated Statements of Loss fo</b>	r Six Months Ended S	September 30, 2013	
Equity loss in URU Metals			
Limited	(144,089)	144,089	Nil
Unrealized loss in other			
investments	(21,243)	(243,433)	(264,676)
Unrealized loss in investment in			
URU Metals Limited	Nil	(480,920)	(480,920)
Net loss for the period	529,843	(580,264)	(50,421)
Comprehensive loss for the period	331,900	(382,321)	(50,421)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

	As previously reported	Effect of change in accounting	As restated
	_	policy	
	\$	\$	\$
Consolidated Statements of Loss for	Three Months Ende	d September 30, 201	13
Equity loss in URU Metals Limited	23,800	(23,800)	Nil
Unrealized loss in other			
investments	21,242	(66,976)	(45,734)
Unrealized loss in investment in			
URU Metals Limited	Nil	(137,823)	(137,823)
Net loss for the period	790,905	(228,599)	562,306
Comprehensive loss for the period	769,419	(207,113)	562,306
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

	As previously reported	Effect of change in accounting policy	As restated
<b>Consolidated Statements of Cash F</b>	•	+	Ŧ
Net loss for the period	529,843	(580,264)	(50,421)
Equity loss in URU Metals			
Limited	144,089	(144,089)	Nil
Unrealized loss in other			
investments	21,243	243,433	264,676
Unrealized loss in investment in			
URU Metals Limited	Nil	480,920	480,920

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

(i) IFRS 9 – Financial instruments ("IFRS 9") was issued by the IASB and will replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of this pronouncement.

### **Financial Instruments**

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest rate, foreign currency and commodity and equity price risk).

Risk management is carried out by the Company's management team with guidance from the Audit Committee under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors also provides regular guidance for overall risk management.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfil its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash, amounts receivable and loan receivable. Cash are held with reputable financial institutions. Amounts receivable are in good standing as of September 30, 2014. Loan receivable consists of a loan to a consultant of the Company, who is also the President and a director of the Company. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in cash, amounts receivable and loan receivable is minimal, with the exception of the cash deposits held in the Bank of Cyprus.

### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they become due, or can only do so at excessive cost. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2014, the Company had a cash balance of \$3,561,844 (March 31, 2014 - \$4,259,929) to settle current liabilities of \$4,387,298 (March 31, 2014 - \$3,940,050). The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities and management is of the opinion that additional funding is available to allow the Company to meet its financial obligations when they become due. While it has been successful in the past, there can be no assurance that it will be able to raise sufficient funds in the future. All of the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt.

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The risk is measured using cash flow forecasting. The Company maintains Mexican Peso, United States dollar, UK Pound Sterling and European Euro bank accounts. The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. Management does not hedge its foreign exchange risk.

#### Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company closely monitors commodity prices, individual equity movements and the stock market in general to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

#### **Sensitivity Analysis**

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes the following movements are "reasonably possible" over a twelve month period. The sensitivity analysis shown in the notes below may differ materially from actual results.

- (i) The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations of financial instruments related to cash and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in Mexican Pesos, United States dollars, UK Pound Sterling and European Euros. As at September 30, 2014, had the Mexican Peso, United States dollar, UK Pound Sterling and European Euro varied by 5% against the Canadian dollar with all other variables held constant, the Company's reported net income for the six months ended September 30, 2014 would have varied by approximately \$184,000.
- (ii) The Company's investments in other public companies are sensitive to an estimated plus or minus 20% change in equity prices which would affect loss and comprehensive loss by approximately \$632,000.

The following table illustrates the classification of the Company's financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy as at September 30, 2014:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	3,561,844	nil	nil	3,561,844
Other investments	869,798	nil	nil	869,798
Investment in URU Metals Limited	2,292,549	nil	nil	2,292,549

- Level 1 valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) observed in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 valuation techniques based on inputs that are quoted prices of similar instruments in active markets; inputs other than quoted prices used in a valuation model that are observable for that instrument; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means: and
- Level 3 valuation techniques with significant unobservable market inputs.

## **Capital Management**

The Company manages its capital with the following objectives:

- to ensure sufficient financial flexibility to achieve the ongoing business objectives including funding of future growth opportunities, and pursuit of accretive acquisitions; and
- to maximize shareholder return through enhancing the share value.

The Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments according to market conditions in an effort to meet its objectives given the current outlook of the business and industry in general. The Company may manage its capital structure by issuing new shares, repurchasing outstanding shares, adjusting capital spending, or disposing of assets. The capital structure is reviewed by Management and the Board of Directors on an ongoing basis.

The Company considers its capital to be equity, comprising share capital, contributed surplus and deficit which at September 30, 2014 totaled \$2,868,552 (March 31, 2014 - \$3,122,870). The Company manages capital through its financial and operational forecasting processes. The Company reviews its working capital and forecasts its future cash flows based on operating expenditures, and other

investing and financing activities. The forecast is regularly updated based on activities related to its investments. Selected information is frequently provided to the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the six months ended September 30, 2014.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

## **Share Capital**

As of the date hereof, the Company had 132,141,342 issued and outstanding common shares. In addition, the Company had 5,095,000 stock options outstanding. Therefore, the Company had 137,236,342 common shares outstanding on a fully diluted basis.

### **Disclosure Controls**

Management has established processes to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support representations that they have exercised reasonable diligence to ensure that (i) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements; and (ii) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, as of the date at and for the periods presented.

In contrast to the certificate required for non-venture issuers under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the Company uses the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate, which does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers filing this certificate are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's generally accepted accounting principles (IFRS). The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in this certificate.

Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

### **Risks and Uncertainties**

An investment in the securities of the Company is highly speculative and involves numerous and significant risks. Such investment should be undertaken only by investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume these risks and who have no need for immediate liquidity in their investment. Prospective investors should carefully consider the risk factors that have affected, and which in the future are reasonably expected to affect, the Company and its financial position. Please refer to the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Company's MD&A for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

### **Commitments**

The Company entered into an office lease which expires on November 30, 2015. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year ended	Amount \$
March 31, 2015	25,928
March 31, 2016	34,570