

## An exploration stage company

## **Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

## For the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2014

## (Unaudited)

## (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

The accompanying interim financial statements of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2014 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditors have not performed an audit or review of these condensed interim financial statements.

### Index

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	2
Statements of Comprehensive Loss	3
Statements of Changes in Equity	4
Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements	6

## St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd. Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited)

As at	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets	\$	\$
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	14,560	707
Other receivables (Note 5)	8,827	41,562
Prepaid expenses	4,301	6,535
Total current assets	27,688	48,804
Non-current assets		
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	2,290,411	1,300,000
Advances (Note 7)	120,000	80,000
Total non-current assets	2,410,411	1,380,000
Total assets	2,438,099	1,428,804
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	682,945	485,663
Taxes payable	24,174	24,174
Due to a company controlled by a director (Note 8)	9,000	32,500
Due to a director (Note 9)	79,125	-
Total liabilities	795,244	542,337
Long-Term Liabilities Debt component of convertible debentures (Note 10)	229,288	615,792
Shareholders' equity		
Common shares (Note 11)	10,261,106	8,804,832
Equity component of convertible debentures (Note 11)	336,204	1,359,552
Contributed surplus (Note 11)	1,419,447	1,419,447
Deficit	(10,603,190)	(11,313,156)
Total shareholders' equity	1,413,567	270,675
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	2,438,099	1,428,804

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 2, 2014

(Signed) Francois Dumas President and Chief Executive Officer

(Signed) Vivian Doyle-Kelly Chief Financial Officer

# St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd. Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

	3-month period ended September 30		9-month period ended Septembe	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Income				
Gain on disposal of exploration and evaluation				
assets	431,000	-	431,000	-
Operating Expenses				
Professional fees	6,060	28,273	23,723	41,482
Subcontractors	28,466	15,862	76,392	43,260
Publicity and promotion	53,151	(27,208)	82,700	40,003
Office expenses	318	1,470	421	5,365
Brokerage fees	7,547	10,117	28,707	37,635
Travel expenses	556	-	556	19,238
Financial fees and bank charges	3,999	187	4,438	2,858
Mineral rights		(2,250)	-	(2,250)
Interest on convertible debentures	8,847	-	46,422	-
	108,944	26,451	263,359	187,591
Net income (loss) before the following items	322,056	(26,451)	167,641	-
Sales taxes written off (recoverable)	-	-	-	(2,100)
Net income (loss) before income taxes	322,056	(26,451)	167,641	(185,491)
Reversal of impairment charge on exploration and				
evaluation assets (Note 6)	542,325	-	542,325	-
Income taxes – Future (recovered)	-	-	-	-
Net Income (loss) and comprehensive income				
(loss) for the period	864,381	(26,451)	709,966	(185,491)
Deficit, beginning of period	(11,467,571)	(4,204,942)	(11,313,156)	(4,045,902)
Deficit, end of period	(10,603,190)	(4,231,393)	(10,603,190)	(4,231,393)
				• • •
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share (\$ per share)	0.03	(0.002)	0.027	(0.012)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding –				
Basic Diluted	28,830,202 28,830,202	15,932,606 15,932,606	28,830,202 28,830,202	15,932,606 15,932,606

# St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd. Statements of Changes in Equity For the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

	Number of Common Shares (Note 10)	Common Shares	Equity component of convertible debentures	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at January 1, 2013	15,932,606	8,804,832	-	1,419,447	(4,045,902)	6,178,377
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(185,491)	(185,491)
Balance as at September 30, 2013	15,932,606	8,804,832	-	1,419,447	(4,231,393)	5,992,886
Balance as at January 1, 2014	15,932,606	8,804,832	1,359,552	1,419,447	(11,313,156)	270,675
Issued on conversion of debentures	14,411,926	1,456,274	(1,456,274)	-	-	-
Debt component of debentures	-	-	432,926	-	-	432,926
Net income for the period			-		709,966	709,966
Balance as at September 30, 2014	30,344,532	10,261,106	336,204	1,419,447	(10,603,190)	1,413,567

# St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd. Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the nine months ended September 30	2014	2013
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period Non-cash items	709,966	(185,491)
Reversal of impairment charge (Note 6) Interest on convertible debentures	(542,325) 46,422	-
-	214,063	(185,491)
Net changes in working capital	00 705	044 405
Other receivables Prepaid expenses	32,735 2,234	244,435 (10,078)
Advances	(40,000)	(40,000)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	197,282	6,506
	192,251	221,019
Net cash from operating activities	406,314	35,528
Investing activities		
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	(448,086)	(16,795)
Net cash from investing activities	(448,086)	(16,795)
Financing activities Due to a company controlled by a director	(23,500)	(17,500)
Due to a director	79,125	-
Net cash from financing activities	55,625	(17,500)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	13,853	1,233
	10,000	1,200
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	707	525
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	14,560	1,758
Supplemental cash flow information		
Non-cash transactions		
Issuance of Debenture Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Please see Note 10)	-	1,829,000 (1,829,000)

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 1. Corporate Information and Going Concern of Operations

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd. (the "Company" or "St-Georges") was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on June 21, 2002. The Company is listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE"), having the symbol SX, on the OTCQX, having the symbol SXOOF, and on the Deutsche Börse in Frankfurt (FSE) under the symbol 85G1. The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is 999 De Maisonneuve West, Suite 725, Montreal, Québec H3A 3L4 Canada. The principal activities of the Company are the exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Canada. The Company, which is in the process of exploring its mineral properties, has one reportable segment in Canada and all of the assets are located in Canada.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business. At September 30, 2014, the Company has not yet achieved profitable operations, had no operating income and had cash and cash equivalents of \$14,560 and negative working capital of \$767,556. As such, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern depends on its ability to successfully raise additional financing. If additional capital is not raised, the going concern basis may not be appropriate with the result that the Company may have to realize its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business, and at amounts different from those stated in the financial information. No adjustments for such circumstances have been made in the financial information.

### 2. Basis of Presentation

### a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2014 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

The policies applied in these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with the policies disclosed in Notes 2, 3 and 4 of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. These condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

### b) Basis of Measurement

The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis.

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement of complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4 of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 3. Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of the financial data is based on accounting principles and practices consistent with those used in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. The condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

### 4. Future Accounting Policy Changes Issued But Not Yet In Effect

The following are new pronouncements issued by the IASB. The following new standards and interpretations are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements; however, they may impact future periods.

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation"

IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets"

### 5. Other Receivables

As of September 30, 2014, the Company had accounts receivable of \$8,827 (December 31, 2013 - \$41,562), as described below:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	\$	\$
Taxes recoverable	8,827	32,556
Tax credits and mining duties	-	9,006
	8,827	41,562

### 6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

### (\$)

		Julie &			
		Isoukustouc	St-Jean	Franquelin	
	Villebon	Projects	Property	Property	Total
Balance as at Dec. 31, 2013	85,000	1,200,000	-	15,000	1,300,000
Exploration costs	103	15,550	-	-	15,653
Property acquisitions	1,315	62	450,000	56	451,433
Property dispositions	(19,000)	-	-	-	(19,000)
-	67,418	1,215,612	450,000	15,056	1,748,086
Reversal of impairment charge	-	542,325	-	-	542,325
Balance as at Sept. 30, 2014	67,418	1,757,937	450,000	15,056	2,290,411

The Villebon, Julie & Isoukustouc Projects, the St-Jean Property and the Franquelin Property are all located in Quebec, Canada and are 100% owned by the Company.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

### Villebon

The Villebon copper-nickel-PGE property lies within the Abitibi Greenstone Belt of northwestern Quebec, close to the north boundary of the La Vérendrye Provincial Park and the Reserve in Villebon Township, close to Val-d'Or. This property is located less than 2 kilometres east of Highway 117, about 21 kilometres south of the community of Louvicourt and about 45 kilometres southeast of Val-d'Or.

On September 25, 2014 St-George announced that it had signed an Agreement to transfer all its rights and titles in 9 mining claims in Villebon to Exploration Khalkos Inc. in consideration of the transfer of 93 mining claims constituting the St-Jean Property (previously known as the Poissons Blancs property).

As part of the acquisition, St-Georges agreed to issue 800,000 common shares over a period of four years starting in Fall 2015. The transaction was valued by the parties at \$450,000 and a 1% Net Smelter Royalty was in favour of each party was assigned to the respective properties. The NSRs are exercisable at any time and half of either of the royalties can be purchased for \$500,000.

The Villebon property consists of 32 claims.

### Julie & Isoukustouc Projects

The Isoukustouc Project is located less than 10 kilometres west of the Manic-3 Hydro electric Dam within the Manicouagan River – Manic Complex.

The Julie Project is located approximately 65 kilometres further to the east, south of Lac La Blache and near the Outarde IV Electric Dam.

During 2013 the Company recognized an Impairment loss on its exploration and evaluation assets of which \$1,906,273 related to the Julie and Isoukustouc Projects. Prior to recognizing this impairment the data and information available on the Julie Project was limited to three sections separated by hundreds of metres with no guarantee of a direct relationship between these showings and no knowledge of any continuity between them. The information about the surface and near surface of the historical Julie "showing" was known but the Company had limited information on the two other sections.

The two exploration campaigns executed in the Fall of 2013 and analysed through the second and third quarter of 2014 enabled the Company to confirm the presence of nickel at surface along the whole 1.8 km corridor and to establish the presence of additional nickel mineralisation in historical trenches that were ignored by previous exploration efforts. This new data indicates that the impairment of the Julie asset no longer exists to the extent previously estimated and the Company has reversed its impairment loss on this asset in the amount of \$542,325.

These Projects are accessible from the deep sea port town of Baie-Comeau by paved and gravel road (Isoukustouc 74km, Julie 146km). Collectively they consist of 340 claims.

### The St-Jean Property

On September 25, 2014 St-George announced that it had signed an Agreement to acquire 93 mining claims constituting the St-Jean Property (previously the "Poissons Blancs" property) in consideration of

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

St-Georges transferring all of its rights and titles in 9 claims in Villebon. The transaction was valued by the parties at \$450,000.

As part of the acquisition, St-Georges agreed to issue 800,000 common shares over a period of four years starting in Fall 2015. A 1% Net Smelter Royalty was in favour of each party was assigned to the respective properties. The NSRs are exercisable at any time and one half of either of the NSR's can be purchased for \$500,000.

The St-Jean Property is located in the Saguenay Lac St-Jean region and comprises 93 contiguous claims.

### **Franquelin Property**

The Franquelin property is located about 21 kilometres east of Baie-Comeau and is accessible by national route 138 and is bordered to the south by the St-Lawrence River. The property hosts Gold, Copper, Nickel, Zinc and PGE showings. It consists of 54 claims.

### Claims Held Jointly with Amseco Exploration Ltd.

In February 2012, the Company announced that it had partnered with Amseco Exploration Ltd. ("Amseco") to acquire and explore properties known to host multiple graphite occurrences in two areas. The Tétépisca West, Canadian Goose and Wooden Lake properties (collectively, the "Tétépisca West properties") are all located to the southwest of the Manicouagan Reservoir, close to the Company's Tétépisca property; St-Georges and Amseco jointly have 118 claims on the Tétépisca West properties. In addition, the Pike River, Lake 222 and the Polynesian Lake Graphite properties (collectively, the "Southern properties") are located approximately 120 km northwest of Baie-Comeau, Quebec, close to the Company's Julie property.

These claims have expired and, as at September 30, 2014 St-Georges and Amseco jointly have Nil claims (December 31, 2013 – 185).

The Tétépisca West and Southern properties were owned 50-50 by each corporation. The relationship between the two corporations does not constitute a joint venture.

### 7. Advances

As per the Agreement entered into by the Company with Fancamp Resources Inc. and Sheridan Platinum Group Ltd. on February 15, 2009 concerning the Villebon Property, the Company is obliged to pay an advance royalty payment of \$40,000 per year, beginning in February 2012. These advances will be applied against future royalty payments. Please see Note 14 below for further details in this regard.

As of September 30, 2014, the Company had Advances of \$120,000 (December 31, 2013 - \$80,000).

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 8. Due to a Company Controlled by a Director

On March 9, 2012, the Company signed a promissory note with a company controlled by a Director of the Company for a principal amount of \$50,000, plus \$10,000 in fees. The total amount is due 48 hours following the closing of the Company's next private placement or upon receipt of sales taxes receivable. If the amount is not paid in full within 65 calendar days after the date when such payment is due, then a late charge of 5% applies (please refer to Note 17).

### 9. Due to a Director

On February 21, 2014 St-Georges issued a promissory note in the amount of \$200,000 maturing on February 21, 2019 in favour of a Director of the Company. Under the terms of the Promissory Note the Director will provide financing to the Company in a series of scheduled payments between February 21, 2014 and March 30, 2015.

Interest on the Promissory Note is calculated at 18% per annum of which 12% is payable in cash or shares and 6% is payable in shares.

The Company has the right to repay the financing under the Promissory Note at any time. (please refer to Note 17).

### **10. Convertible Debentures**

	September 30, 2014 \$	December 31, 2013 \$
Convertible debenture, unsecured, bearing interest at an annual rate of 6% (effective interest rate of 20%) calculated quarterly. The capital amount of \$1,829,000 is due on July 2, 2023 and is convertible any time into common shares. (Please see a) below).	229,288	586,994
Convertible debenture, unsecured, bearing interest at an annual rate of 6% (effective interest rate of 20%) calculated quarterly. The capital amount of \$ 93,916 is due on October 5, 2023 and is convertible any time into common shares. (Please see b) below).	<u>-</u>	28,798
	229,288	615,792

During 2013 the Company issued Convertible Unsecured Debentures in tranches of \$1,829,000 and \$93,916 respectively and entered into Agreements with its suppliers to satisfy more than 90% of its short-term liabilities by conversion of current Accounts Payable to Debentures.

The Debentures bear interest at the annual rate of 6% calculated quarterly in arrears and payable on a pro-rata basis on conversion or at maturity. At any time before the maturity date the Debentures are convertible at the option of either the holder or the Company into fully paid and non-assessable common shares of the Company subject to certain conditions.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 10. Convertible Debentures (continued)

- a) At the date of issuance, the debt component of the first tranche of the Debentures amounted to \$535,850, representing the present value of interest and principal repayment until July 2, 2023. The difference between the nominal value and the debt component amounted to \$1,293,150 and represents the conversion option, which was recorded in the equity of the Company. Over the term of the convertible debenture, the debt component will be increased to its nominal value of \$1,829,000 to provide, for accounting purposes, an actual interest expense equal to 20%, representing the estimated interest rate of similar debt instruments which do not have such an equity component. Following conversion of \$606,000 of the first tranche in the period, the debt component amounted to \$229,288 at September 30, 2014. (December 31, 2013 - \$586,994).
- b) At the date of issuance, the debt component of the second tranche of the Debentures amounted to \$27,515, representing the present value of interest and principal repayment until October 5, 2023. The difference between the nominal value and the debt component amounted to \$66,401 and represents the conversion option, which was recorded in the equity of the Company. Over the term of the convertible debenture, the debt component will be increased to its nominal value of \$93,916 to provide, for accounting purposes, an actual interest expense equal to 20%, representing the estimated interest rate of similar debt instruments which do not have such an equity component. Following conversion of \$31,305 of the second tranche in the period, the debt component amounted to \$Nil at September 30, 2014. (December 31, 2013 \$28,798).

### 11. Share Capital

### a) Common Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares, voting, participating and with no par value.

The holders of common shares are entitled to receive dividends, which may be declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares are ranked equally with regards to the Company's residual assets.

The following is a summary of changes in common shares from December 31, 2013 to September 30, 2014:

	Number of	Amount
	Shares	(\$)
Balance at December 31, 2013	15,932,606	8,804,832
Issued on conversion of Debentures	14,411,926	1,456,274
Balance at September 30, 2014	30,344,532	10,261,106

During the period ended September 30, 2014, a total \$1,219,916 of the capital value of the debentures was converted into common shares. Including accumulated interest this represented a value of \$1,456,274 for which the Company issued 14,411,926 common shares on conversion.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 11. Share Capital (continued)

#### b) Preferred Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares without nominal or par value.

### c) Equity component of Convertible Debentures

During 2013 the Company issued convertible debentures including a debt component as described in Note 8 and an equity component. The following is a summary of the changes in the equity component from December 31, 2013 to September 30, 2014.

	Amount (\$)
Balance at January 1, 2013	-
Issuance of convertible debentures	1,359,552
Balance at December 31, 2013	1,359,552
Conversion of equity component to common shares	1,023,348
Balance at September 30, 2014	336,204

#### d) Contributed Surplus

There were no changes in the contributed surplus from December 31, 2013 to September 30, 2014:

	Amount (\$)
Balance at December 31, 2013	1,419,447
Balance at September 30, 2014	1,419,447

#### e) Warrants

#### Warrants

The following is a summary of changes in warrants from December 31, 2013 to September 30, 2014:

		Weighted
	Number of	Average
	Warrants	Strike Price
Balance as at December 31, 2013	953,077	\$3.16
Expired	(796,154)	\$3.60
Balance as at September 30, 2014	156,923	\$0.92
Warrants exercisable, September 30, 2014	156,923	\$0.92

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

#### 11. Share Capital (continued)

As at September 30, 2014, the Company had warrants outstanding and exercisable as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Strike Price	Expiry Date
	26,154	\$0.65	December 29, 2014
	130,769	\$0.98	December 29, 2014
_	156,923	\$0.92	

#### 12. Share-based Payments

#### a) Stock Option Plan

On June 1, 2009, the Company established a stock-based compensation plan. Under the stock-based compensation plan, the board of directors of the Company may, from time to time, at its discretion, and in accordance with CSE requirements, grant to directors, officers and technical consultants of the Company, non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed ten percent (10%) of the issued and outstanding common shares reserved for issuance to any individual director or officer will not exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding Common Shares and the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to any individual director or officer will not exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding Common Shares and the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to assume the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to shares and the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to shares and the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to assume the shares and the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to shares and the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to all technical consultants will not exceed two percent (2%) of the issued and outstanding Common Shares.

Options may be exercised no later than 90 days following cessation of the optionee's position with the Company, provided that if the cessation of office, directorship, or technical consulting arrangement was by reason of death, the option may be exercised with a maximum period of one year after such death, subject to expiry date of such option.

The subscription price of the shares which may be issued under the plan must not be lower than the closing price of the last regular board lot (not less than \$0.10) sold on the CSE on the trading day immediately preceding the date of grant. The option price is payable in full at the time the options is exercised. The vesting periods in respect of the options are determined by the Board of Directors at the time of each grant of options.

On April 3, 2014, St-Georges granted 1,125,000 stock options exercisable at a price of \$0.20 per share before April 3, 2019.

Officers of the Company were granted an aggregate of 775,000 stock options and members of the Board of Directors were granted an aggregate of 350,000 stock options.

The Company also confirmed the expiry of 100,000 stock options issued in 2010 and 250,000 options issued in 2014 resulting in a total of 1,182,692 options outstanding as of April 3, 2014.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

#### 12. Share-based Payments (continued)

The fair value of stock options issued on April 3, 2014 was \$130,340 estimated at the grant date based on the Black-Scholes options pricing model using the following assumptions:

Share price at grant date	\$0.11
Exercise price	\$0.20
Risk-free interest rate	1.789%
Expected life (years)	5
Expected volatility	200%
Expected dividend yield	Nil

The following options were outstanding as at September 30, 2014:

				During the period					
Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Opening Balance	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	Closing Balance	Vested	Unvested
6-Jan-10	6-Jan-15	\$1.30	61,538	-	-	61,538	-	-	-
20-Oct-10	20-Oct-15	\$0.98	346,154	-	-	38,462	307,692	307,692	-
3-April-14	3-April-19	\$0.20	-	1,125,000	-	250,000	875,000	875,000	-
		-	407,692	1,125,000	-	350,000	1,182,692	1,182,692	-
Weighted Average Exercise Price \$1.03				\$0.20	-	\$0.48	\$0.27	\$0.27	-

#### 13. Financial Risk Management and Financial Instruments

#### **Financial Risk**

The primary goals of the Company's financial risk management are to ensure that the outcomes of activities involving elements of risk are consistent with the Company's objectives and risk tolerance, and to maintain an appropriate risk/reward balance while protecting the Company's balance sheet from events that have the potential to materially impair its financial strength. Balancing risk and reward is achieved through aligning risk appetite with business strategy, diversifying risk, pricing appropriately for risk, mitigating risks through preventive controls and transferring risk to third parties.

The Company's exposure to potential loss from financial instruments is primarily due to various market risks, including interest rate, liquidity and credit risk. There has been no change in the financial risk of the Company during the year.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes to market rates and prices, such as interest rates, equity market fluctuations, foreign currency exchanges rates, and other relevant market rate or price changes. Market risk is directly influenced by the volatility and liquidity in the markets in which the related underlying assets are traded. Below is a discussion of the Company's primary market risk exposures and how those exposures are currently managed.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet cash flow commitments associated with financial instruments. The purpose of liquidity management is to ensure that there is sufficient cash to meet all financial commitments and obligations as they fall due. To manage cash flow requirements, the Company may have to issue additional common shares or conclude private investments.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

#### 13. Financial Risk Management and Financial Instruments (continued)

As at September 30, 2014, the Company has current liabilities and accrued liabilities of \$795,244 due within 12 months and has cash and cash equivalents of \$14,560 to meet its current obligations. As a result, the Company does face liquidity risk.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. The Company's credit risk is due mainly to its other receivables.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market-interest rates. The Company's convertible debentures fixes interest at 6% per annum and accordingly is not subject to cash flow interest rate risk due to changes in the market rate of interest. The Company does not use financial derivatives to reduce its exposure to risk. The Company considers its interest rate risk to be minimal.

The Company's statement of financial position is presented net of the allowance for doubtful advances established on a receivable by receivable basis. This amount best represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk. The allowance for doubtful advances was established on the basis of an individual appraisal of the advance and an overall appraisal that takes into account the current economic environment.

#### Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged between willing parties, based on current markets for instruments with the same risk, principal and remaining maturity. Fair value estimates are based on present value and other valuation techniques using rates that reflect those that the Company could currently obtain, on the market, for financial instruments with similar terms, conditions and maturities.

The carrying amount and fair value of financial instruments are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value because of their short-term maturities.

#### 14. Capital Management

Capital is comprised of the Company's shareholders' equity and any debt that it may issue. As at September 30, 2014, the Company's shareholders' equity was \$1,413,567 (December 31, 2013 – \$270,675) and it had amounts due to related parties of \$216,405 (December 31, 2013 - \$106,730). The Company had no outstanding debt other than the debt component of the Unsecured Convertible Debentures of \$229,288 (December 31, 2013 - \$615,792). The Company's objectives when managing capital are to maintain financial strength and to protect its ability to meet its on-going liabilities, to continue as a going concern, to maintain creditworthiness and to maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. Protecting the ability to pay current and future liabilities includes maintaining capital above minimum regulatory levels, current financial strength rating requirements, internally determined capital guidelines and calculated risk management levels. To meet these objectives, management monitors the Company's capital requirements against unrestricted net working capital and assesses additional capital requirements on specific business opportunities on a case-by-case basis.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 14. Capital management (continued)

Capital for expansion is primarily from proceeds from the issuance of common shares. The net proceeds, when raised, are sufficient for a certain amount of exploration and development work on the Company's properties, and for working capital purposes. Additional future funds may subsequently be required to finance the Company's corporate objectives. There was no change in the capital management policy for the period ended September 30, 2014.

The Company is not exposed to any externally imposed capital requirements, except when the Company issues flow-through shares, for which an amount should be used for exploration work.

#### 15. Commitments

#### Payments to Fancamp Exploration Ltd. and Sheridan Platinum Group

On February 15, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase claims in the Villebon area of Quebec from Fancamp Exploration Ltd. ("Fancamp") and Sheridan Platinum Group ("Sheridan") (collectively, the "Vendors"). St-Georges originally acquired 50% of these claims, with LiteWave acquiring the remaining 50%. Since LiteWave defaulted on its payments of a total of \$100,000 to each of Fancamp and Sheridan (for a total of \$200,000), St-Georges paid these amounts to Fancamp and Sheridan in February 2011 and assumed a 100% interest in these claims.

As per the terms of this agreement with Fancamp and Sheridan, St-Georges is obliged to pay an advance royalty payment of \$40,000 per year to the Vendors, beginning in February 2012.

In addition, if the Company were to generate revenues from these claims, a Net Smelter Return of between 2% and 3% would be paid to the Vendors.

#### 16. Contingencies

The Company is partly financed by the issuance of flow-through shares however there is no guarantee that the funds spent by the Company will qualify as Canadian exploration expenses even if the Company has committed to take all measures necessary for this purpose. Refusal of certain expenses by tax authorities could have negative tax consequences for investors.

Moreover, tax rules regarding flow-through placements set deadlines for carrying out the exploration work no later than the first of the following dates:

- Two years following the flow-through placements; and
- One year after the Company has renounced the tax deductions relating to the exploration work.

Commitments to carry out exploration work that are not respected are subject to a combined tax of 30% (Canada and Quebec).

The Company may provide an indemnification to subscribers of flow-through shares in an amount equal to the income tax that would be payable by subscribers in the event, and as a consequence, of the Company not incurring and renouncing qualifying exploration expenses as required under the subscription agreement.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 16. Contingencies (continued)

The Company is not in a position to estimate any contingent liability representing such indemnification in the event of a reduction in the expenses or renunciations allowed.

### 17. Related Party Transactions

### a) Management Contracts

During the period, the Company incurred professional fees amounting to \$43,730 (September 30, 2013 - \$35,475) with a company controlled by its Chief Financial Officer. In relation to these transactions, \$50,879 was payable as at September 30, 2014. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the period, the Company has incurred professional fees amounting to \$18,000 (September 30, 2013 - \$Nil) with the Secretary of the company. In relation to these transactions, \$18,000 was payable as at September 30, 2014. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the period, the Company has incurred professional fees amounting to \$8,162 (September 30, 2013 - \$8,838 with a Director of the company. In relation to these transactions, \$43,803 was payable as at September 30, 2014. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

### b) Due to a Company Controlled by a Director

On March 9, 2012, the Company signed a promissory note with a company controlled by a Director of the Company for a principal amount of \$50,000. The Company agrees to repay the principal of \$50,000 and fees of \$10,000 following the closing of a private placement or upon receipt of sales taxes receivable, as described above in Note 7.

### c) Due to a Director

On February 21, 2014 St-Georges issued a promissory note in the amount of \$200,000 maturing on February 21, 2019 in favour of a Director of the Company. Under the terms of the Promissory Note the Director will provide financing to the Company in a series of scheduled payments between February 21, 2014 and March 30, 2015.

Interest on the Promissory Note is calculated at 18% per annum of which 12% is payable in cash or shares and 6% is payable in shares.

The Company has the right to repay the financing under the Promissory Note at any time.

### d) St-Georges Family Trust

On October 5, 2013, following the final payment related to the 2007 initial acquisition of Julie and Isoukustouc properties, the St-Georges Family Trust (of which François Dumas, a Director of the Company, is one of the Trustees) became eligible to receive a perpetual production royalty of 1.5% of the Net Smelter Returns from these properties. The Company has the option to purchase 0.5% of these NSR within 12 months of commencement of industrial exploitation of the properties for an amount of \$500,000. As exploration of these properties is ongoing, there is currently no industrial exploitation.

September 30, 2014 and 2013 (Unaudited)

### 18. Segmental Reporting

The Company is organized into business units based on mineral properties and has one reportable operating segment, being that of acquisition and exploration and evaluation activities.

### 19. Loss per Share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss for the period divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period. In calculating the diluted loss per share, potential ordinary shares such as share options and warrants have not been included as they would have the effect of decreasing the loss per share. Decreasing the loss per share would be antidilutive. Details of share options, warrants and broker warrants in issue that could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future are given in Note 11.

For the nine months ended September 30	2014	2013
Income (Loss) for the period	864,381	(185,491)
Weighted average number of shares in issue		
Basic	22,778,864	15,932,606
Diluted	22,778,864	15,932,606
Income (Loss) per share		
Basic	(0.03)	(0.012)
Diluted	(0.03)	(0.012)

### 20. Events after the Reporting Date

Following the end of the fiscal period at September 30, 2014, \$295,000 of Convertible Debentures plus accumulated interest to that date were converted into 3,171,130 common shares of the Company. As at the date of issue of these Financial Statements St-Georges had 33,515,662 common shares outstanding and \$235,000 in Convertible Debentures outstanding.