

ST-GEORGES

Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

St-Georges Platinum and Base Metals Ltd.

Interim Financial Statements

For the three months ended March 31, 2011

(Unaudited)

Notice of disclosure of non-auditor review of condensed interim financial statements pursuant to National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a) issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company for the period ended March 31, 2011 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditors have not performed an audit or a review of these condensed interim financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Interim Financial Statements
For the three months ended March 31, 2011
(Unaudited)

Contents

Interim Financial Statements

Interim Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited)	3
Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited)	4
Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)	5
Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)	6
Notes to Interim Financial Statements	7

**St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Unaudited)**

As at	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	January 1, 2010
Assets	\$	\$	\$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	211,351	49,144	648
Cash in trust (Note 5)	500	1,218,418	903,251
Restricted cash (Note 6)	34,105	30,000	-
Receivables and other current assets (Note 7)	77,110	843,556	7,507
Prepaid expenses (Note 8)	1,775,865	-	-
Advance to a company with common directors	17,989	17,989	-
	2,116,920	2,159,107	911,406
Non-Current assets			
Secured Debenture (Note 9)	100,000	100,000	-
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 10)	4,850,968	4,545,968	2,947,510
Property, plant and equipment (Note 11)	496	536	765
Intangible asset (Note 12)	-	-	150,000
	7,068,384	6,805,611	4,009,681
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	72,790	485,897	104,282
Due to a director	-	-	16,500
	72,790	485,897	120,782
Shareholders' equity			
Common shares (Note 13)	9,043,742	8,113,192	5,765,565
Contributed surplus (Note 13)	1,386,412	1,207,527	390,986
Deficit	(3,434,560)	(3,001,005)	(2,267,652)
	6,995,594	6,319,714	3,888,899
	7,068,384	6,805,611	4,009,681

On behalf of the Board

(Signed)

François Dumas
President, CEO & Director

(Signed)

Mark Billings
CFO & Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

**St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss
(Unaudited)**

For the three months ended March 31	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Operating Expenses		
Subcontractors	172,104	-
Administrative expenses	173,070	49,594
Mineral rights	29,876	-
Brokerage fees	11,328	100,000
Travel expenses	34,075	30,000
Professional fees	12,406	147,586
Bank charges	656	95
Depreciation – property, plant and equipment	40	57
Depreciation – intangible asset	-	11,250
Share-based payment compensation	-	21,600
	<u>433,555</u>	<u>360,182</u>
Net loss before income taxes	(433,555)	(360,182)
Income taxes	-	111,337
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(433,555)	(471,519)
Basic and diluted loss per share (\$ per share)	(0.01)	(0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding –		
Basic	95,891,733	8,247,517
Diluted	95,891,733	8,247,517

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd. Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

	Number of Common Shares	Common Shares	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at January 1, 2010	72,319,778	5,765,565	390,986	(2,267,652)	3,888,899
Shares issued for cash	6,933,333	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Warrants issued	-	(306,667)	306,667	-	-
Share-based payment compensation	-	-	21,600	-	21,600
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(471,519)	(471,519)
Balance as at March 31, 2010	79,253,111	6,458,898	719,253	(2,739,171)	4,438,980
Balance as at January 1, 2011	93,687,111	8,113,192	1,207,527	(3,001,005)	6,319,714
Shares issued for cash	5,175,000	1,175,000	-	-	1,175,000
Shares issued for property acquisition	500,000	25,000	-	-	25,000
Shares issued as finder's fee	2,500,000	-	-	-	-
Warrants issued	-	-	178,885	-	178,885
Share issue costs	-	(269,450)	-	-	(269,450)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(433,555)	(433,555)
Balance as at March 31, 2011	101,862,011	9,043,742	1,386,412	(3,434,560)	6,995,594

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Interim Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(433,555)	(471,519)
Depreciation – property, plant & equipment	40	57
Depreciation – intangible asset	-	11,250
Income taxes	-	111,337
Share-based payment compensation	-	21,600
	<u>(433,515)</u>	<u>(327,275)</u>
Net changes in working capital		
Accounts receivable	766,446	(65,719)
Prepaid expenses	(1,775,865)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(413,107)	(40,124)
	<u>(1,856,041)</u>	<u>(433,118)</u>
Investing activities		
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	(305,000)	(585,984)
	<u>(305,000)</u>	<u>(585,984)</u>
Financing activities		
Issuance of shares and warrants, net of issue costs	1,109,435	1,000,000
Repayment of amount due to a director	-	(16,500)
	<u>1,109,435</u>	<u>983,500</u>
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	(4,105)	35,015
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,055,711)	(587)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>1,267,562</u>	<u>648</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	211,851	61

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

1. Corporate Information

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements (“interim financial statements”) of St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd. (formerly ACFAW.com Inc., the “Company” or “St-Georges”) for the first quarter ended March 31, 2011 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on June 29, 2011. St-Georges’ business activity is the exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Canada. St-Georges was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on June 21, 2002. The Company is listed on the Canadian National Stock Exchange (“CNSX”), having the symbol SX and is in the process of exploring its mineral properties.

The address of the Company’s corporate office and principal place of business is 630 Sherbrooke Street West, Suite 410, Montreal, Quebec, H3A 1E4, Canada.

2. Basis of Presentation

a) Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2011 will be prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”), having previously prepared its financial statements in accordance with pre-changeover Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“pre-changeover Canadian GAAP”). These condensed interim financial statements for the three month period ended March 31, 2011 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, and as they are part of the Company’s first IFRS annual reporting period, IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards has been applied.

As these interim financial statements are the Company’s first financial statements prepared using IFRS, certain disclosures that are required to be included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS that were not included in the Company’s most recent annual financial statements prepared in accordance with pre-changeover Canadian GAAP have been included in these financial statements for the comparative annual period. However, these condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements.

These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s 2010 annual financial statements and the explanation of how the transition to IFRS has affected the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company provided in note 20.

b) Basis of Measurement

The interim financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis.

The interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company’s functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement of complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

c) Going Concern of Operations

The interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not generated revenues from operations. As such, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern depends on its ability to successfully raise additional financing. If additional capital is not raised, the going concern basis may not be appropriate with the result that the Company may have to realize its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business, and at amounts different from those stated in the financial information. No adjustments for such circumstances have been made in the financial information.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below are expected to be adopted for the year ending December 31, 2011 and have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these interim financial statements and in preparing the opening IFRS balance sheet at January 1, 2010, except when the Company applied certain exemptions and exceptions on the transition of IFRS. The exemptions and exceptions applied and effects of the transition to IFRS are presented in note 20.

a) Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

b) Mining Properties and Deferred Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

The amounts recorded as mining properties and deferred exploration costs represent exploration, development and associated operating costs incurred to date and are not intended to reflect present or future values. These costs are deferred until the discovery of economically exploitable reserves and the start-up of the production phase on a property-by-property basis or until the property is abandoned. Mining properties are abandoned when management allows property interests to lapse or when they determine that properties are not economically viable. Costs accumulated relating to projects that are abandoned are written-off in the year in which a decision to discontinue the project is made.

When it has been determined that a mining property can be economically developed as a result of establishing proven and probable reserves, costs incurred prospectively to develop the property are capitalized as incurred and are amortized using the units-of-production method over the estimated life of the ore body based upon recoverable ounces to be mined from estimated proven and probable reserves.

The Company is in the development stage and by definition commercial production has not yet commenced. Commercial production occurs when an asset or property is substantially complete, is fully permitted and ready for its intended use. No amortization of mining properties has been charged in these financial statements.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

Where there is an indication that impairment may exist, senior management reviews the carrying values of mining properties and deferred exploration expenditures with a view to assessing whether there has been any impairment in value. In the event that it is determined there is an impairment in the carrying value of any property, the carrying value will be written down or written off, as appropriate. There was no impairment write-down required at December 31, 2010.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment

Recognition and Measurement

On initial recognition, property, plant and equipment are valued at cost, being the purchase price and directly attributable cost of acquisition or construction required to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Company, including appropriate borrowing costs and the estimated present value of any future unavoidable costs of dismantling and removing items. The corresponding liability is recognized within provisions.

Property, plant and equipment are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, less any accumulated impairment losses, with the exception of land which is not depreciated.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent Costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Major Maintenance and Repairs

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Gains and Losses

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount, and are recognized net within other income in profit or loss.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in the profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Loans and receivables comprise trade receivables, sales tax recoverable and subscriptions receivable.

Available-For-Sale Investments

Non-derivative financial assets are classified as available-for-sale and comprise principally the Company's strategic investments in entities not qualifying as subsidiaries or associates. Available-for-sale investments are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss/income. Where there is a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset (which constitutes objective evidence of impairment), the full amount of the impairment, including any amount previously recognized in other comprehensive loss/income, is recognized in profit or loss. If there is no quoted market price in an active market and fair value cannot be readily determined, available-for-sale investments are carried at cost.

Purchases and sales of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized on a trade basis. On sale or impairment, the cumulative amount recognized in other comprehensive loss/income is reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss/income to profit or loss.

As at March 31, 2011, the Company did not have any Available-for-Sale Investments.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired, if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset of the group of financial assets.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, based on the purpose for which the liability was incurred and comprise trade payables and accrued liabilities. These liabilities are initially recognized at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the instrument and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, which ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a this constant rate on the balance of the liability carrying in the statement of financial position. Interest expense in this context includes initial transaction costs and premiums payable on redemption, as well as any interest or coupon payable while the liability is outstanding.

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the period which are unpaid. Trade payable amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

g) Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in net income except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive loss/income.

Current income taxes are recognized for the estimated income taxes payable or receivable on taxable income or loss for the current year and any adjustment to income taxes payable in respect of previous years. Current income taxes are determined using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year-end date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized where the carrying amount of an asset or liability differs from its tax base, except for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill and temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting or taxable profit or loss.

Recognition of deferred tax assets for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences is restricted to those instances where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized. At the end of each reporting period, the Company reassesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. The Company recognizes a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

h) Government Grants

From time to time, the Company receives government incentive programs such as investment tax credits. The Government of Quebec provides a non-taxable refundable credit for losses to help operators meet exploration, mineral deposit evaluation and mine development costs by refunding part of eligible expenditures incurred. This credit is based on the lesser of:

- The amount of the annual loss; and
- The exploration, mineral deposit evaluation and mine development expenses

The Government of Quebec also offers businesses having establishments and that carry on activities in Quebec a refundable tax credit for mineral exploration activities, covering up to 45% of exploration expenses.

Government incentives are accrued when there is reasonable assurance of realization and reflected as a reduction of the related asset or expense. In the event the investment tax credits received are less than the amount claimed, the difference will be reflected in operations in the period in which it is determined.

i) Share Capital

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares, preferred shares, share warrants and flow-through shares are classified as equity instruments.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Flow-through Shares

The Company may from time to time issue flow-through common shares to finance a significant portion of its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability and; ii) share capital. Upon expenses being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability and recognizes a deferred tax liability for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders. The premium is recognized as other income and the related deferred tax is recognized as a deferred tax expense in the statement of income/loss.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for Canadian resource property exploration expenditures within a two-year period. The portion of the proceeds received but not yet expended at the end of the Company's period is disclosed separately.

The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the Look-back Rule, in accordance with Government of Canada flow-through regulations. When applicable, this tax is accrued as a financial expense until paid.

Earnings / Loss Per Share

Basic earnings/loss per share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to common shares by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding and all additional common shares that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive instruments were converted.

j) Share-based Payments

Where equity-settled share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the statement of comprehensive loss/income over the vesting period. Performance vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether these vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition or where a non-vesting condition is not satisfied.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of comprehensive loss/income over the remaining vesting period.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

Where equity instruments are granted to employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the equity instrument granted at the grant date. The grant date fair value is recognized in comprehensive loss/income over the vesting period, described as the period during which all the vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

Where equity instruments are granted to non-employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the goods or services received in the statement of comprehensive loss/income, unless they are related to the issuance of shares. Amounts related to the issuance of shares are recorded as a reduction of share capital.

When the value of goods or services received in exchange for the share-based payment cannot be reliably estimated, the fair value is measured by use of a valuation model. The expected life and forfeiture rate used in the model is adjusted based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

All equity-settled share based payments are reflected in contributed surplus, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in contributed surplus is credited to share capital along with any consideration paid.

Where a grant of options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognizes the amount that otherwise would have been recognized for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payments made to the employee on the cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognized as an expense.

k) Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Not Yet Effective

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments is part of the IASB's wider project to replace IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurements'. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets, amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the new standard.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, Fair Value Measurement ("IFRS 13"), is a comprehensive standard for fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across all IFRS standards. The new standard clarifies that fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, at the measurement date. It also establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Under existing IFRS, guidance on measuring and disclosing fair value is dispersed among the specific standards requiring fair value measurements and in many cases does not reflect a clear measurement basis or consistent disclosures. The standard is

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the new standard.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

St-Georges makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only; or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the condensed interim financial statements within the next financial year are discussed below:

i) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgement in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the profit or loss in the period the new information becomes available.

ii) Title to Mineral Property Interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

iii) Income Taxes

Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognizes liabilities and contingencies for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Company's current understanding of the tax law. For matters where it is probable that an adjustment will be made, the Company records its best estimate of the tax liability including the related interest and penalties in the current tax provision. Management believes they have adequately provided for the probable outcome of these matters; however, the final outcome may result in a materially different outcome than the amount included in the tax liabilities.

In addition, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets relating to tax losses carried forward to the extent there are sufficient taxable temporary differences (deferred tax liabilities) relating to the same

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

taxation authority and the same taxable entity against which the unused tax losses can be utilized. However, utilization of the tax losses also depends on the ability of the taxable entity to satisfy certain tests at the time the losses are recouped.

iv) Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in note 14.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$211,851 (December 31, 2010 - \$1,267,562). This included cash of \$211,351 and cash in trust of \$500. The cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2010 included cash of \$49,144 and cash in trust of \$1,218,418.

6. Restricted Cash

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had restricted cash of \$34,105 (December 31, 2010 - \$30,000). These balances are restricted to pay legal fees associated with the Company's financings in 2011.

7. Receivables and other current assets

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had accounts receivable of \$77,110 (December 31, 2010 - \$843,556), as described below:

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
	\$	\$
Taxes recoverable	59,610	51,056
Subscriptions receivable	10,000	785,000
Interest receivable from a company with common directors	7,500	7,500
	<u>77,110</u>	<u>843,556</u>

8. Prepaid expenses

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had prepaid expenses of \$1,775,865 (December 31, 2010 - \$nil). This balance is associated with advances and deposits paid to drilling companies in connection with the Company's 2011 exploration drilling campaign.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
 March 31, 2011 and 2010
 (Unaudited)

9. Secured Debenture

On May 27, 2010, the Company issued a secured debenture to LiteWave Corp. which is a company with common directors. This secured debenture shall bear interest at the rate of 15% per annum, payable semi-annually and maturing on May 27, 2011.

10. Mining Properties and Deferred Mineral Exploration and Evaluation Assets

(\$)	Lac Julie-			Total
	Villebon	Isukoustouk Complex	Manicouagan Constellation	
Balance as at January 1, 2010	1,817,631	786,003	343,876	2,947,510
Exploration costs	1,072,617	305,378	155,463	1,533,458
Property acquisitions	65,000	-	-	65,000
Balance as at Dec. 31, 2010	2,955,248	1,091,381	499,339	4,545,968
Exploration costs	-	-	-	-
Property acquisitions	305,000	-	-	305,000
Balance as at March 31, 2011	3,260,248	1,091,381	499,339	4,850,968

The Villebon, Lac Julie – Isukoustouk and Manicouagan Constellation properties are all located in Quebec, Canada.

11. Property, Plant & Equipment

	Computer Equipment (\$)
Cost	
Balance as at January 1, 2010	900
Balance as at December 31, 2010	900
Balance as at March 31, 2011	900
Depreciation and impairment losses	
Balance as at January 1, 2010	135
Depreciation for the year	229
Balance as at December 31, 2010	364
Depreciation for the period	40
Balance as at March 31, 2011	404
Net Carrying Amounts	
As at January 1, 2010	765
As at December 31, 2010	536
As at March 31, 2011	496

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
 March 31, 2011 and 2010
 (Unaudited)

12. Intangible Asset

	Web Technology (\$)
Cost	
Balance as at January 1, 2010	840,000
Balance as at December 31, 2010	840,000
Balance as at March 31, 2011	840,000
Depreciation and impairment losses	
Balance as at January 1, 2010	690,000
Impairment loss	150,000
Balance as at December 31, 2010	840,000
Balance as at March 31, 2011	840,000
Net Carrying Amounts	
As at January 1, 2010	150,000
As at December 31, 2010	-
As at March 31, 2011	-

On June 2, 2009, the Company acquired 100% of the voting shares of ACFAW.COM, a Company which offered development, promotion and support to fundraising websites. The Company issued 6,000,000 common shares for a total value of \$840,000. This transaction was accounted for at the market value of the issued shares.

On December 1, 2010, the Company sold its web technology for one (1) dollar. The Company will receive a royalty of 10% on sales related to this web technology during the next three (3) years.

13. Share Capital and Reserves

a) Common Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares, voting, participating and with no par value.

The holders of common shares are entitled to receive dividends, which may be declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares are ranked equally with regards to the Company's residual assets.

On May 4, 2010, the Company consolidated its existing capital on the basis of two (2) common shares for one (1) new common share of the Company. For purposes of comparison, all common share figures presented in these financial statements are on a post-consolidation basis.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

The following is a summary of changes in common share capital from January 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011:

	Number of Shares	Amount (\$)
Balance at January 1, 2010	72,319,778	5,765,565
Shares issued via private placement (i)	20,650,667	3,341,826
Shares issued for acquisition of mining properties	450,000	45,000
Shares issued – issuance costs	266,666	(112,000)
Tax effect of flow-through renunciation	-	(599,242)
Issuance costs	-	(327,957)
Balance at December 31, 2010	93,687,111	8,113,192
Shares issued via private placement (ii)	5,175,000	1,175,000
Shares issued for acquisition of mining properties	500,000	25,000
Shares issued as finder's fee	2,500,000	-
Issuance costs	-	(269,450)
Balance at March 31, 2011	101,862,011	9,043,742

- i) On March 22, 2010, a non-brokered private placement was closed for gross aggregate proceeds of \$1,000,000 through the sale of 6,666,667 flow-through units at \$0.15 per unit. Each flow-through unit is comprised of common share, to be issued as a flow-through share, and one non-flow-through common share purchase warrant, exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per share no later than 36 months following the closing date. Moreover, 266,666 non-flow-through common shares were issued as a finder's fee, as well as options to purchase 666,667 non-flow-through units at a price of \$0.10 no later than 24 months following the closing date, and a cash fee equal to 10% of the subscription proceeds. The gross proceeds of \$973,333 for the units were assigned to common shares and \$27,667 to warrants, using the Black-Scholes pricing model.

On May 14, 2010, a non-brokered private placement was closed for gross aggregate proceeds of \$352,000 through the sale of 3,520,000 units at \$0.10 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per share no later than 36 months following the closing date. Moreover 72,000 warrants at \$0.50 for 36 months were issued as a finder's fee, plus \$5,760 cash. The gross proceeds of \$274,560 for the units were assigned to common shares and \$77,440 to warrants, using the Black-Scholes pricing model.

On December 31, 2010, the Company completed a brokered private placement for gross aggregate proceeds of \$2,387,000 through the sale of 153 A units at \$1,000 per unit, 1,471 B units at \$1,000 per unit and a non-brokered private placement of 763 C units at \$1,000 per unit.

The A units consist of 5,000 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share and 5,000 common share purchase warrants. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one additional common share of the capital stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share at any time on or before the date that is 36 months from the date of issuance of the warrant. The gross proceeds of \$117,381 for the A units were assigned to common shares and \$35,619 to warrants, using the Black-Scholes pricing model.

The B units consist of 4,000 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.25 per share and 4,000 common share purchase warrants. Each warrant will entitle the holder thereof to

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010

(Unaudited)

purchase on additional common share of the capital stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.50 per common share at any time on or before the date that is 12 months from the date of issuance of the warrant, and thereafter at an exercise price of \$0.55 per share at any time on or before the date that is 24 months from the date of issuance of the warrant, and thereafter at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share, at any time on or before the date that is 36 months from the date of issuance of the warrant. The gross proceeds of \$1,391,581 for the B units were assigned to common shares and \$79,419 to warrants, using the Black-Scholes pricing model.

The C units consist of 5,000 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share and 5,000 common share purchase warrants. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one additional common share of the capital stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share at any time on or before the date that is 36 months the date of issuance of the warrant. The gross proceeds of \$584,971 for the C units were assigned to common shares and \$178,829 to warrants, using the Black-Scholes pricing model.

The Company paid a total cash commission of \$235,380 and issued a total of 1,201,400 agent's options. 731 400 agent's options entitle the holder thereof to purchase one agent's unit of the Company (an "Agent's Unit") at the price of \$0.20 per Agent's Unit for a period of 36 months following the closing date. Each Agent's Unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant of the Company (an "Agent's Unit Warrant"). Each Agent's Unit Warrant entitles its holder thereof to acquire one additional common share at a price of \$0.50 per share during a period of 36 months following the closing date.

Moreover, the Company also issued 470,000 agent's options as a finder's fee (each an "Agent's Option"). Each Agent's Option entitles its holder thereof to purchase one agent's unit of the Company (an "Agent's Unit") at the price of \$0.25 per Agent's Unit for a period of 24 months following the closing date. Each Agent's Unit consists of one common share (an "Agent's Unit Share") and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant (an "Agent's Unit Warrant"). Each Agent's Unit Warrant entitles its holder thereof to acquire one additional common share at a price of an exercise price of \$0.50 per common share at any time on or before the date that is 12 months from the date of issuance of the warrant, and thereafter at an exercise price of \$0.55 per share at any time on or before the date that is 24 months from the date of issuance of the warrant, and thereafter at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share, at any time on or before the date that is 36 months from the date of issuance of the warrant.

- ii) On March 1, 2011, the Company completed the second tranche of the December 31, 2010 brokered private placement.

The Company received a total of \$700,000 for subscriptions to 700 flow-through units at a price of \$1,000 per unit (the "B Units"). Each B Unit consists of 4,000 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.25 per share and 4,000 common share purchase warrants (each being a "Warrant"). Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one additional common share of the capital stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.50 per common share at any time on or before March 1, 2012, and thereafter at an exercise price of \$0.55 per share at any time on or before March 1, 2013, and thereafter at an exercise price of \$0.60 per share, at any time on or before March 1, 2014.

The Company paid a cash commission of \$25,000 and issued 100,000 agent's options (the "Agent's Options"). Each Agent's Option entitles its holder thereof to purchase one agent's unit of the Company (an "Agent's Unit") at the price of \$0.20 per Agent's Unit for a period of

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010

(Unaudited)

24 months following the closing date. Each Agent's Unit consists of one common share (an "Agent's Unit Share") and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant of the Company (an "Agent's Unit Warrant"). Each Agent's Unit Warrant entitles its holder thereof to acquire one additional common share at a price of \$0.50 per share during a period of 36 months following the closing date.

The Company also paid finders' fees for a cash consideration of \$22,500 and issued a total of 180,000 flow-through agent's options (each a "FT Agent's Option"). Each FT Agent's Option entitles its holder thereof to purchase one agent's unit of the Company (an "FT Agent's Unit") at the price of \$0.25 per FT Agent's Unit for a period of 24 months following the closing date. Each FT Agent's Unit consist of one common share and one non-transferable Warrant.

The Company completed the second and final tranche of a non-brokered private placement previously announced of C Units on December 31, 2010. For this tranche, a total of 475 C units at a purchase price of \$1,000 per unit have been issued for total gross proceeds of \$475,000. Each C unit consists of 5,000 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share and 5,000 common share purchase warrants. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the capital stock of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share at any time on or before the date that is 36 months from the date of issuance of the warrant.

The Company paid an aggregate of \$34,000 in finder's fees on the non-brokered private placement.

b) Preferred Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares without nominal or par value.

c) Contributed Surplus

The following is a summary of changes in contributed surplus from January 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011:

	<u>Amount (\$)</u>
Balance at January 1, 2010	<u>390,986</u>
Share-based payment compensation	320,550
Warrants issued in private placements	397,174
Warrants issued for finder's fees	98,817
Balance at December 31, 2010	<u>1,207,527</u>
Warrants issued in private placements	178,885
Balance at March 31, 2011	<u>1,386,412</u>

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
 March 31, 2011 and 2010
 (Unaudited)

d) Warrants

Warrants

The following is a summary of changes in warrants from January 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Strike Price
Balance as at January 1, 2010	7,574,801	\$0.46
Issued	22,590,733	\$0.47
Expired	(260,000)	\$0.40
Balance as at December 31, 2010	29,905,534	\$0.47
Issued	5,455,000	\$0.49
Balance as at March 31, 2011	35,360,534	\$0.47
Warrants exercisable, March 31, 2011	35,360,534	\$0.47

As at March 31, 2011, the Company had outstanding warrants as follows:

Number of Warrants	Strike Price	Expiry Date
664,981	\$0.16	December 29, 2011
6,649,819	\$0.50	December 29, 2011
666,667	\$0.15	March 22, 2012
731,400	\$0.20	December 31, 2012
470,000	\$0.25	December 31, 2012
100,000	\$0.20	March 1, 2013
180,000	\$0.25	March 1, 2013
6,666,667	\$0.50	March 22, 2013
3,592,000	\$0.50	May 14, 2013
10,464,000	\$0.50	December 31, 2013
5,175,000	\$0.50	March 1, 2014
35,360,534	\$0.47	

14. Share-based Payments

a) Stock Option Plan

On June 1, 2009, the Company established a stock-based compensation plan. Under the stock-based compensation plan, the board of directors of the Company may, from time to time, at its discretion, and in accordance with CNSX requirements, grant to directors, officers and technical consultants of the Company, non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed ten percent (10%) of the issued and outstanding common shares exercisable for a period of up to five (5) years from the date of grant. The number of common shares reserved for issuance to any individual director or officer will not exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding Common Shares and the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to all technical consultants will not exceed two percent (2%) of the issued and outstanding Common Shares.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

Options may be exercised no later than 90 days following cessation of the optionee's position with the Company, provided that if the cessation of office, directorship, or technical consulting arrangement was by reason of death, the option may be exercised with a maximum period of one year after such death, subject to expiry date of such option.

The subscription price of the shares which may be issued under the plan must not be lower than the closing price of the last regular board lot (not less than \$0.10) sold on the CNSX on the trading day immediately preceding the date of grant. The option price is payable in full at the time the options is exercised. The vesting periods in respect of the options are determined by the Board of Directors at the time of each grant of options.

The following is a summary of changes in options from January 1, 2010 to March 31, 2011:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Opening Balance	During the period			Closing Balance	Vested	Unvested
				Granted	Exercised	Forfeited			
--	--	\$0.26	475,000	-	-	(475,000)	-	-	-
6-Jan-10	6-Jan-15	\$0.20	-	400,000	-	-	400,000	400,000	-
20-Oct-10	20-Oct-15	\$0.15	-	3,650,000	-	-	3,650,000	3,650,000	-
			475,000	4,050,000	-	(475,000)	4,050,000	4,050,000	-
		Weighted Average Exercise Price	\$0.26	\$0.15	-	\$0.26	\$0.15	\$0.15	-

b) Fair value of Options Issued During the Period

There were no options issued in the three-month period ended March 31, 2011. The weighted average fair value at grant date of options granted during the period ended December 31, 2010 was \$0.15 per option.

Options Issued to Employees

The fair value at grant date is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

Options Issued to Non-Employees

Options issued to non-employees are measured based on the fair value of the goods or services received at the date of receiving those goods or services. If the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be estimated reliably, the options are measured by determining the fair value of the options granted, using a valuation model.

15. Commitments

In 2010, the Company raised a total of \$2,471,000 in flow-through financings and has until December 31, 2011 to spend this amount on eligible expenditures. For the period ended March 31, 2011, the Company raised a total of \$700,000 in flow-through financings and has until December 31, 2012 to spend this amount on eligible expenditures.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

16. Related Party Transactions

On May 17, 2010, the Company issued a secured debenture to LiteWave Corp. for a total amount of \$100,000. LiteWave Corp. and the Company are related parties as François Dumas and Mark Billings are President/CEO and CFO, respectively, of both companies and both individuals sit on the boards of directors of both companies. LiteWave Corp. has an option to earn a 50% interest in the Manicouagan Constellation properties with the Company. This advance was not made in the normal course of business and is measured at the exchange amount.

17. Segmental Reporting

The Company is organized into business units based on mineral properties and has one reportable operating segment, being that of acquisition and exploration and evaluation activities.

18. Loss Per Share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss for the period divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period. In calculating the diluted loss per share, potential ordinary shares such as share options and warrants have not been included as they would have the effect of decreasing the loss per share. Decreasing the loss per share would be antidilutive. Details of share options, warrants and broker warrants in issue that could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future are given in note 13.

	March 31, 2011	March 31, 2010
Loss for the period	(433,555)	(471,519)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	95,891,733	8,247,517
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.01)	(0.02)

19. Events After the Reporting Date

New Officers of the Company

On June 2, 2011, the Company announced that it had hired, effective immediately, Michel Boily as Vice-President, Exploration and Eric Desaulniers as Chief Technology Officer.

20. First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

As stated in note 2 (a), the Company's financial statements for the year-ending December 31, 2011 are the first annual financial statements that will be prepared in accordance with IFRS. IFRS 1, First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards, requires that comparative financial information be provided. As a result, the first date at which the Company has applied IFRS was January 1, 2010 (the "Transition Date"). IFRS 1 requires first-time adopters to retrospectively apply all the effective IFRS standards as of the reporting date, which for the Company will be December 31, 2011. However, it also provides for certain optional exemptions and certain mandatory exceptions for first time IFRS adoption. Prior to transition to IFRS, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with pre-changeover Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("pre-changeover Canadian GAAP").

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

In preparing the Company's opening IFRS financial statements, the Company has adjusted amounts reported previously in the financial statements prepared in accordance with pre-changeover Canadian GAAP.

Optional Exemptions

The IFRS 1 applicable exemptions and exceptions applied in the conversion from pre-changeover Canadian GAAP to IFRS are as follows:

Business Combinations

The Company elected not to retrospectively apply *IFRS 3, Business Combinations*, to any business combinations that may have occurred prior to its Transition Date and such business combinations have not been restated.

Share-based Payments Transactions

The Company has elected not to retrospectively apply IFRS 2 to equity instruments that were granted and had vested before the Transition Date. As a result of applying this exemption, the Company will apply the provisions of IFRS 2 only to all outstanding equity instruments that are unvested at the Transition Date to IFRS.

Mandatory Exceptions

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company has applied the derecognition requirements in *IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, prospectively from the Transition Date. As a result any non-derivative financial assets or non-derivative financial liabilities derecognized prior to the Transition Date in accordance with pre-changeover Canadian GAAP have not been reviewed for compliance with IAS 39.

Estimates

The estimates previously made by the Company under the pre-changeover Canadian GAAP were not revised for the application of IFRS except where necessary to reflect any difference in accounting policy or where there was objective evidence that those estimates were in error. As a result the Company has not used hindsight to revise estimates.

Reconciliations of Pre-changeover Canadian GAAP Equity and Comprehensive Income to IFRS

IFRS 1 requires an entity to reconcile equity, comprehensive income and cash flows for prior periods. The changes made to the statements of financial position and statements of comprehensive income as shown below have resulted in reclassifications of various amounts on the statements of cash flows, however as there have been no material adjustments to the net cash flows, no reconciliation of the statement of cash flows has been prepared.

St-Georges Platinum & Base Metals Ltd.
Notes to Interim Financial Statements
 March 31, 2011 and 2010
 (Unaudited)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Financial Position as at December 31, 2010, March 31, 2010 and January 1, 2010

	December 31, 2010 (\$)	March 31, 2010 (\$)	January 1, 2010 (\$)
Total assets, as per Canadian GAAP	6,805,611	4,614,475	4,009,681
Adjustments required upon adoption of IFRS	-	-	-
Total assets, as per IFRS	6,805,611	4,614,475	4,009,681
Total liabilities, as per Canadian GAAP	485,897	175,495	120,782
Adjustments required upon adoption of IFRS	-	-	-
Total liabilities, as per IFRS	485,897	175,495	120,782
Total shareholders' equity, as per Canadian GAAP	6,319,714	4,438,980	3,888,899
Adjustments required upon adoption of IFRS	-	-	-
Total shareholders' equity, as per IFRS	6,319,714	4,438,980	3,888,899

Reconciliation of the Statement of Comprehensive Loss for the Year Ended December 31, 2010 and for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

	December 31, 2010 (12 months) (\$)	March 31, 2010 (3 months) (\$)
Net loss and comprehensive loss, as per Canadian GAAP	(733,353)	(471,519)
Adjustments required upon adoption of IFRS	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss, as per IFRS	(733,353)	(471,519)
Total liabilities, as per Canadian GAAP	485,897	175,495
Adjustments required upon adoption of IFRS	-	-
Total liabilities, as per IFRS	485,897	175,495
Total shareholders' equity, as per Canadian GAAP	6,319,714	4,438,980
Adjustments required upon adoption of IFRS	-	-
Total shareholders' equity, as per IFRS	6,319,714	4,438,980