(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.)

Financial Statements

Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020  $\,$ 

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Shareholders of Vinergy Capital Inc. (formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc. (formerly Vinergy Resources Ltd.) (the "Company"), which comprise the statements of financial position as at February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020, and the statements of operations and comprehensive loss, changes in equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern**

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Company has not generated any revenues and has negative cash flow from operations during the year ended February 28, 2021, and as of that date, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$1,321,454 and an accumulated deficit of \$7,157,009. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lonny Wong.

Saturna Group Chartered Professional Accountants LLP

afuna Group LIP

Vancouver, Canada

July 27, 2021

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	February 28, 2021 \$	February 29, 2020 \$
		(Restated – Note 15)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Advance receivable (Note 5) Amounts receivable	128,421 150,000 20,758	81,911 - 18,043
Total assets	299,179	99,954
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Notes 6 and 8) Loans payable (Note 7)	1,139,633 481,000	1,167,768 485,000
Total liabilities	1,620,633	1,652,768
Shareholders' deficit		
Share capital (Note 9) Share subscription receivable (Note 9) Warrant reserve Share-based payment reserve Equity component of convertible debt Deficit	4,134,052 (15,000) 993,420 546,832 176,251 (7,157,009)	3,805,928 - 732,162 171,016 176,251 (6,438,171)
Total shareholders' deficit	(1,321,454)	(1,552,814)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	299,179	99,954
Nature of operations and continuance of business (Note 1) Subsequent events (Note 16)  Approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on	July 27 2021	
/s/ "Arif Merali" /s/ "Ken	•	
	fs, Director	

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Year ended February 28, 2021 \$	Year ended February 29, 2020 \$
		(Restated – Note 15)
Operating expenses		
Consulting fees (Note 8) General and administrative Impairment of investment (Note 4) Professional fees Share-based payments (Notes 8 and 11) Transfer agent and filing fees	15,000 1,262 - 38,632 375,816 16,594	117,500 14,244 476,840 98,620 - 37,133
Total operating expenses	447,304	744,337
Loss before other income (expense)	(447,304)	(744,337)
Other income (expense)		
Interest expense Loss on settlement of debt (Note 9) Write-off of accounts payable Write-off of loans receivable (Note 3)	(77,812) (193,722) – –	(50,872) - 1,130 (2,199,035)
Total other income (expense)	(271,534)	(2,248,777)
Net loss for the year	(718,838)	(2,993,114)
Loss per share, basic and diluted	(0.01)	(0.06)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	62,655,720	53,565,739

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share capital		Share subscriptions	Warrant	Share-based payment	Equity component of convertible		Total shareholders'
	Number of shares	Amount \$	receivable reserve	reserve \$	debt \$	Deficit \$	deficit \$	
Balance, February 28, 2019	36,750,330	2,531,290	(300,000)	_	171,016	176,251	(3,445,057)	(266,500)
Private placement	12,805,664	807,706	300,000	728,974	_	_	_	1,236,680
Share issuance costs	_	(6,720)	_	_	_	_	_	(6,720)
Fair value of agent's warrants issued	_	(3,188)	_	3,188	_	_	_	_
Shares issued to acquire Phyto Pharma	7,560,000	476,840	_	_	_	_	_	476,840
Net loss for the year	_		_		_	_	(2,993,114)	(2,993,114)
Balance, February 29, 2020 (Restated – Note 15)	57,115,994	3,805,928	_	732,162	171,016	176,251	(6,438,171)	(1,552,814)
Private placement	20,000,000	158,684	(15,000)	141,316	_	_	_	285,000
Share issuance costs	_	(4,340)	_	_	_	_	_	(4,340)
Fair value of agent's warrants	_	(6,220)	_	6,220	_	_	_	_
Shares issued pursuant to debt settlement	2,000,000	180,000	_	113,722	_	_	_	293,722
Share-based payments	_	_	_	_	375,816	_	_	375,816
Net loss for the year			_		_	_	(718,838)	(718,838)
Balance, February 28, 2021	79,115,994	4,134,052	(15,000)	993,420	546,832	176,251	(7,157,009)	(1,321,454)

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Year ended February 28, 2021 \$	Year ended February 29, 2020 \$
		(Restated - Note15)
Operating activities:		
Net loss for the year	(718,838)	(2,993,114)
Items not involving cash: Impairment of investment Loss on settlement of debt Share-based payments Write-off of accounts payable Write-off of loans receivable	193,722 375,816 – –	476,840 - - (1,130) 2,199,035
Changes in non-cash operating working capital: Amounts receivable Prepaid expenses and deposits Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,715) - (28,135)	(12,081) 13,846 265,081
Net cash used in operating activities	(180,150)	(51,523)
Investing activities		
Purchase of investment Loans receivable advances	(150,000) —	_ (1,382,497)
Net cash used in investing activities	(150,000)	(1,382,497)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from loans payable Proceeds from shares issued and share subscriptions received Share issuance costs	96,000 285,000 (4,340)	250,000 1,236,680 (6,720)
Net cash provided by financing activities	376,660	1,479,960
Change in cash and cash equivalents	46,510	45,940
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	81,911	35,971
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	128,421	81,911
Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash in bank Cash in legal trust account	127,641 780	12,089 69,822
Total cash and cash equivalents	128,421	81,911
Non-cash investing and financing activities: Fair value of shares issued to acquire investment Fair value of warrants issued as part of a private placement Fair value of agent's warrants issued Fair value of shares issued to settle loan payable Fair value of warrants issued to settle loan payable	- 141,316 6,220 180,000 113,722	476,840 728,974 3,188 –

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## 1. Nature of Operations and Continuance of Business

Vinergy Capital Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as Vanguard Investments Corp. on March 20, 2001 under the provisions of the Alberta Business Corporations Act. On May 10, 2011, the Company changed its name to Vinergy Resources Ltd. and continued the Company's registered jurisdiction from Alberta to British Columbia. On July 9, 2019, the Company changed its name to Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc. On March 9, 2021, the Company changed its name to Vinergy Capital Inc. The Company's head office is located at Suite 1000, 409 Granville Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 1T2 and its shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "VIN". During the year ended February 29, 2020, the Company became an investment issuer.

In March 2020, there was a global pandemic outbreak of COVID-19. To date, there have been a large number of temporary business closures, quarantines and a general reduction in consumer activity in Canada. The outbreak has caused companies and various governmental bodies to impose travel, gathering and other public health restrictions. While these effects are expected to be temporary, the duration of the various disruptions to businesses locally and internationally and the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Similarly, the Company cannot estimate whether or to what extent this outbreak and the potential financial impact may extend. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 will or may impact the Company is uncertain and these factors are beyond the Company's control; however, it is possible that COVID-19 may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. During the year ended February 28, 2021, the Company did not generate any revenues and incurred negative cash flow from operations. As at February 28, 2021, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$1,321,454 and an accumulated deficit of \$7,157,009 since inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. The Company is also in default for certain loans payable. The continued operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to generate future cash flows or obtain additional financing. Management is of the opinion that with its current cash and other funds that may be obtained from external financing that it has sufficient working capital to meet the Company's liabilities and commitments as they become due, although there is a risk that additional financing will not be available on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to the Company. These financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on a going concern basis.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis and are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

#### (b) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Company's management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include the collectability of loans receivable, impairment of investments, fair value of share-based payments, and unrecognized deferred income tax assets.

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Use of Estimates and Judgments (continued)

The assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to. 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties related to events or conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance, are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value to be cash equivalents.

#### (d) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the respective instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are included in the initial carrying value of the related instrument and are amortized using the effective interest method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in the statement of operations.

Fair value estimates are made at the statement of financial position date based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. All financial instruments are classified into either: fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or amortized cost.

The Company has made the following classifications:

Cash and cash equivalents Amortized cost Loans receivable Amortized cost

Investments **FVTPL** 

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Amortized cost Loans payable Amortized cost

## Financial Assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as FVTPL. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial Assets (continued)

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are non-derivative financial assets which are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those classified as FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been decreased.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are offset against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the statement of operations. Loss allowances are based on the lifetime ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade receivable, using the simplified approach.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through the statement of operations to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

## Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized as the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### (d) Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments (continued)

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including loans and borrowings and trade payables and other liabilities) are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### (e) Income Taxes

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in the statement of operations. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the statement of financial position method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (f) Share-based Payments

The Company grants share-based awards to employees, directors and consultants as an element of compensation. The fair value of the awards is recognized over the vesting period as share-based compensation expense and share-based payment reserve. The fair value of share-based payments is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using estimates at the date of the grant. At each reporting date prior to vesting, the cumulative expense representing the extent to which the vesting period has expired and management's best estimate of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest is computed. The movement in cumulative expense is recognized in the statement of operations with a corresponding entry within equity, against share-based payment reserve. No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest. When stock options are exercised, the proceeds received, together with any related amount in share-based payment reserve, are credited to share capital.

Share-based payments arrangements in which the Company receives goods or services as consideration for its own equity instruments are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions, unless the fair value cannot be estimated reliably. If the Company cannot reliably estimate the fair value of the goods or services received, the Company will measure their value by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted.

#### (g) Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The treasury stock method is used for the calculation of diluted loss per share, whereby all "in the money" stock options and share purchase warrants are assumed to have been exercised at the beginning of the period and the proceeds from their exercise are assumed to have been used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. When a loss is incurred during the period, basic and diluted losses per share are the same as the exercise of stock options and share purchase warrants is considered to be anti-dilutive. As at February 28, 2021, the Company had 42,808,330 (February 29, 2020 – 12,861,664) potentially dilutive shares outstanding.

#### (h) Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income (loss) is the change in the Company's net assets that results from transactions, events and circumstances from sources other than the Company's shareholders and includes items that are not included in the statement of operations.

#### (i) Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ended February 28, 2021, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. These new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### 3. Loans Receivable

(a) On May 8, 2018, the Company entered into a share subscription agreement with Next Level Energy Inc. ("Next Level") whereby it agreed to purchase 1,245,330 common shares of Next Level at a price of \$0.4015 per share. As at February 28, 2019, the Company had advanced \$350,000 pursuant to the agreement. During the year ended February 29, 2020, the Company recognized an impairment of \$350,000 as Next Level did not accept and countersign the share subscription agreement and has not returned the advance.

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 3. Loans Receivable (continued)

(b) On February 7, 2019, the Company entered into a binding term sheet with Phyto Pharma, Inc. ("Phyto"), whereby it agreed to purchase all of the issued and outstanding shares of Phyto for the issuance of 7,000,000 common shares of the Company and provide an aggregate of US\$1,200,000 in working capital advances. A definitive share purchase agreement was to be entered into between the two parties. During the year ended February 29, 2020, the Company advanced \$1,132,500 (US\$850,000) (February 28, 2019 - \$466,538 (US\$350,000) pursuant to the agreement. In addition, another \$250,000 was advanced directly to Phyto Pharma from Block One Capital Inc. (see Note 6(c)). During the year ended February 29, 2020, the Company recognized an impairment of \$1,849,035 as the operators (former owners) of Phyto resigned and have cut off communications with the Company. Refer to Note 4.

#### 4. Investment

On March 28, 2019, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with Phyto, whereby it agreed to purchase all of the issued and outstanding shares of Phyto for the issuance of 7,000,000 common shares of the Company. The Company also agreed to issue 560,000 common shares as a finder's fee. On July 17, 2019, the Company issued 7,560,000 common shares with a fair value of \$476,840. As the Company meets the definition of an investment entity under IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, its investment in Phyto is exempt from consolidation. During the year ended February 29, 2020, the Company recognized an impairment of \$476,840 as the operators (former owners) of Phyto resigned and have cut off communications with the Company.

#### 5. Advance Receivable

During the year ended February 28, 2021, the Company advanced \$150,000 and subscribed to 1,250,000 units of CWE European Holdings Ltd. Each unit is to consist of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.18 per common share expiring two years for the date of issuance. The units were issued on March 3, 2021.

#### 6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Trade accounts payable	765,329	882,888
Accrued liabilities	28,021	13,881
Accrued interest payable (Note 7)	346,283	270,999
	1,139,633	1,167,768

#### 7. Loans Payable

(a) On January 15, 2010, the Company issued a \$215,000 convertible debenture which bears interest at 10% per annum, is unsecured, and was due on January 16, 2015. The debenture was convertible into shares of the Company at a conversion price of \$0.05 per share at any time at the option of the holder prior to the due date. The Company's convertible debenture matured on January 16, 2015 and the Company continues to accrue interest at the rate of 10% per annum.

The fair value of the equity component was determined to be \$176,251 which was recorded as equity and an equivalent discount on the convertible debenture. The accretion of the discount was recognized over the term of the debenture. As at February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020, the carrying value of the convertible debenture is \$215,000 and accounts payable and accrued liabilities includes \$218,475 (February 29, 2020 - \$196,975) in interest with respect to these convertible debentures.

(formerly Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc.) Notes to the Financial Statements Years Ended February 28, 2021 and February 29, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## 7. Loans Payable (continued)

- (b) As at February 28, 2021, the Company owed \$20,000 (February 29, 2020 \$20,000) to a non-related party. The amount owing is unsecured, bears interest at 20% per annum compounded monthly, and is due on demand. As at February 29, 2020, the Company has incurred interest on this loan of \$78,028 (February 29, 2020 \$57,380), which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- (c) On August 12, 2020, the Company issued a promissory note agreement for proceeds of \$96,000 to a non-related party. The promissory note is unsecured, bears interest at 20% per annum, and was due on December 31, 2021. As at February 28, 2021, the Company has incurred interest on this promissory note of \$10,573 (February 29, 2020 \$nil) to the non-related party which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- (d) On July 2, 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement with ESG Global Impact Capital Inc. (formerly Block One Capital Inc) ("ESG") for \$250,000. The loan was unsecured, bears interest at 10% per annum, and due on July 31, 2020. On December 21, 2020, the Company entered into a debt settlement agreement with ESG to settle \$100,000 of the principal. The Company agreed to issue 2,000,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.06 per share expiring on December 21, 2021. As at February 28, 2021, the Company has incurred interest on this promissory note of \$39,205 (February 29, 2020 \$16,644) to the non-related party which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

#### 8. Related Party Transactions

- (a) As at February 28, 2021, the Company owed \$15,000 (February 29, 2020 \$nil) to a company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. During the year ended February 28, 2021, the Company incurred \$15,000 (February 29, 2021 \$nil) in consulting fees to a company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
- (b) During the year ended February 28, 2021, the Company granted 2,000,000 stock options with a fair value of \$115,636 to officers and directors of the Company. Refer to Note 11.

#### 9. Share Capital

Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares without par value

Share transactions during the year ended February 28, 2021:

(a) On November 23, 2020, the Company issued 20,000,000 units at \$0.015 per unit for gross proceeds of \$300,000, of which \$15,000 was receivable as at February 28, 2021. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.05 per share expiring on May 23, 2022. The fair value of warrants issued was determined to be \$141,316 and was recorded in warrant reserve. The fair value of the warrants issued were estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.30%, dividend yield of 0%, volatility of 214%, and expected life of 1.5 years In connection with this private placement, the Company paid a finder's fee of \$4,340 and issued 1,446,666 agent's warrants with a fair value of \$6,220. Each agent's warrant is exercisable at \$0.05 per share expiring on May 23, 2021. The fair value of the agent's warrants issued were estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.3%, dividend yield of 0%, volatility of 295%, and expected life of 0.5 years.

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## 9. Share Capital (continued)

Share transactions during the year ended February 28, 2021 (continued):

(b) On January 18, 2021, the Company issued 2,000,000 units with a fair value of \$293,722 to settle outstanding a loan payable of \$100,000 which resulted in a loss on settlement of \$193,722. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.06 per share expiring on December 21, 2021. The fair value of common shares issued was determined to be \$180,000 based on the closing stock price on the date of issuance. The fair value of warrants issued was determined to be \$113,722 and was recorded in warrant reserve. The fair value of the warrants issued were estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 0.30%, dividend yield of 0%, volatility of 302%, and expected life of one year. Refer to Note 7(d).

Share transactions during the year ended February 29, 2020:

- (c) On March 21, 2019, the Company issued 12,805,664 units at \$0.12 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,536,680, of which \$300,000 was received as at February 28, 2019. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.15 per share expiring on March 21, 2021. The fair value of warrants issued was determined to be \$728,974 and was recorded in warrant reserve. In connection with this private placement, the Company paid a finder's fee of \$6,720 and issued 56,000 agent's warrants with a fair value of \$3,188. Each agent's warrant is exercisable at \$0.15 per share expiring on March 21, 2021. The fair value of the warrants issued were estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 1.60%, dividend yield of 0%, volatility of 100%, and expected life of two years.
- (d) On July 17, 2019, the Company issued 7,560,000 common shares with a fair value of \$476,840 pursuant to its investment in Phyto.

#### 10. Share Purchase Warrants

The following table summarizes the continuity of share purchase warrants:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, February 28, 2019	_	_
Issued	12,861,664	0.15
Balance, February 29, 2020	12,861,664	0.15
Issued	23,446,666	0.05
Balance, February 28, 2021	36,308,330	0.06

As at February 28, 2021, the Company had the following share purchase warrants outstanding:

Number of warrants outstanding	Exercise price \$	Expiry date
12,861,664 1,446,666 2,000,000 20,000,000	0.08 0.05 0.06 0.05	March 31, 2021 May 23, 2021 December 21, 2021 May 23, 2022
36,308,330		

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#### 10. Share Purchase Warrants (continued)

On January 18, 2021, the Company re-priced the exercise price of the 12,861,664 outstanding share purchase warrants from \$0.15 to \$0.08.

## 11. Stock Options

The Company has established a stock option plan for directors, employees and consultants which is administered by the board of directors with full and final authority with respect to the granting of all options. The exercise prices shall be determined by the board, but shall, in no event, be less than the closing market price of the Company's shares on the grant date, less the maximum discount permitted under the TSX Venture Exchange's policies. The number of common shares issuable under the plan may not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. In addition, the number of common shares which may be reserved for issuance to any one individual may not exceed 5% of the issued common shares on a yearly basis. Options may be exercisable for a maximum of ten years from the date of grant.

The following table summarizes the continuity of the Company's stock options:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$
Outstanding, February 28, 2019 and February 29, 2020	_	_
Granted	6,500,000	0.06
Outstanding, February 28, 2021	6,500,000	0.06

Additional information regarding stock options outstanding as at February 28, 2021 is as follows:

	Outstanding and exercisable			
	Weighted			
Range of		average	Weighted	
exercise		remaining	average	
prices	Number of	contractual life	exercise price	
\$	options	(years)	\$	
0.06	6,500,000	1.8	0.06	

The fair values for stock options granted have been estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming no expected dividends and the following weighted average assumptions:

	2021	2020
Risk-free interest rate	0.22%	_
Expected life (in years)	2	_
Forfeiture rate	0%	_
Expected volatility	296%	_

For the year ended February 28, 2021, the total fair value of the stock options granted was \$375,816 (February 29, 2020 - \$nil) which was recorded as share-based payment reserve and charged to operations. The weighted average grant date fair value of stock options granted during the year ended February 28, 2021 was \$0.06 (February 29, 2020 - \$nil) per option.

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## 12. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

## (a) Fair Values

Fair value measurements are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level
  1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e.
  derived from prices); and
- Level 3 valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Investments are classified as fair value through profit or loss and measured at fair value using level 3 inputs. The fair values of other financial instruments, which include cash and cash equivalents, advance receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and loans payable, approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

#### (b) Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash with high credit quality financial institutions. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

### (c) Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is not exposed to any significant foreign exchange rate risk.

#### (d) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as it does not have any liabilities with variable rates.

## (e) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do this relies on the Company raising equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs.

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## 13. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders. The capital structure of the Company consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity comprised of issued share capital, warrant reserve, share-based payments reserve, equity component of convertible debt, and share subscriptions receivable.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of economic conditions. The Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues or by undertaking other activities as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Company's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remained unchanged from the year ended February 29, 2020.

#### 14. Income Taxes

The tax effect (computed by applying the Canadian federal and provincial statutory rate) of the significant temporary differences, which comprise deferred income tax assets and liabilities, are as follows:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Canadian statutory income tax rate	27%	27%
Income tax recovery at statutory rate	(194,086)	(736,147)
Tax effect of: Permanent differences and other True up of prior year difference Change in unrecognized deferred income tax assets	100,646 (71,608) 165,048	(2,195) - 738,342
Income tax provision	_	_

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Deferred income tax assets		
Non-capital losses carried forward	1,649,858	1,477,654
Investment	128,747	128,747
Property and equipment	6,612	7,712
Share issuance costs	2,026	8,082
Total gross deferred income tax assets	1,787,243	1,622,195
Unrecognized deferred income tax assets	(1,787,243)	(1,622,195)
Net deferred income tax asset	_	

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## 14. Income Taxes (continued)

As at February 28, 2021, the Company has non-capital losses carried forward of \$6,110,586, which are available to offset future years' taxable income. These losses expire as follows:

	\$
2026	56,949
2027	36,881
2028	93,472
2029	64,705
2030	54,711
2031	149,954
2032	138,703
2033	81,711
2034	138,430
2035	128,811
2036	102,196
2037	267,197
2038	617,903
2039	1,265,634
2040	2,543,536
2041	369,793
	6,110,586

### 15. Restatement

The Company has restated its financial statements as at February 29, 2020 and for the year then ended to record loan proceeds of \$250,000 that were directed to Phyto and related accrued interest payable. The restatement resulted in an increase in net loss per share from \$0.05 to \$0.06.

The impact of the restatement as at February 29, 2020 and the year then ended is summarized below:

## Statement of financial position

	As reported \$	Adjustment \$	As restated \$
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Loans payable Convertible debt	1,151,124 20,000 215,000	16,644 465,000 (215,000)	1,167,768 485,000 -
Total liabilities	1,386,124	266,644	1,652,768
Shareholders' deficit			
Deficit	(6,171,527)	(266,644)	(6,438,171)
Total shareholders' deficit	(1,286,170)	(266,644)	(1,552,814)

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#### 15. Restatement (continued)

## Statement Operations and Comprehensive Loss

	As reported \$	Adjustment \$	As restated \$
Other income (expense)			
Interest expense Write-off of loans receivable	(34,228) (1,949,035)	(16,644) (250,000)	(50,872) (2,199,035)
Total other income (expense)	(1,982,133)	(266,644)	(2,248,777)
Net loss for the year	(2,726,470)	(266,644)	(2,993,114)
Statement of changes in equity			
	As reported \$	Adjustment \$	As restated \$
Deficit	(6,171,527)	(266,644)	(6,438,171)
Total shareholders' deficit	(1,286,170)	(266,644)	(1,552,814)
Statement of cash flows			
	Previously reported	Adjustments	Restated
Operating activities	\$	\$	\$
Net loss for the year	(2,726,470)	(266,644)	(2,993,114)
Items not involving cash:			
Write-off of loans receivable	1,949,035	250,000	2,199,035
Changes in non-cash operating working capital:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	248,437	16,644	265,081
Net cash used in operating activities	(51,523)	_	(51,523)

#### 16. Subsequent Events

- (a) On April 14, 2021, the Company issued 10,305,667 units at \$0.15 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,545,850 of which \$50,000 is receivable. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of a share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.25 per share expiring on April 14, 2023. The Company paid a finder's fee of \$31,848 and issued 262,320 agent's warrants. Each agent's warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.15 per share on or before October 14, 2021 and at a price of \$0.20 per share thereafter until April 14, 2022.
- (b) On April 14, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with an investor relations consultant whereby it agreed to pay US\$125,000 for a six month term. The Company also agreed to grant 1,200,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.26 per share expiring on April 14, 2022.
- (c) On April 15, 2021, the Company granted 1,600,000 stock options exercisable at \$0.26 per share expiring on April 15, 2022 to a consultant.
- (d) On April 16, 2021, the Company repaid the remaining \$150,000 loan payable plus accrued interest to ESG.

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## 16. Subsequent Events (continued)

- (e) On April 20, 2021, the Company entered into an employment agreement with the new Chief Executive Officer and director ("CEO") and a company controlled by the CEO whereby it agreed to pay the CEO \$250,000 per annum. The CEO will be entitled to an annual bonus of up to 8% of the base salary payable quarterly based on performance reviews by the Board of Directors and another bonus based on portfolio performance.
- (f) Subsequent to February 28, 2021, the Company issued 13,234,998 common shares for proceeds of \$994,400 pursuant to the exercise of share purchase warrants.
- (g) On June 3, 2021, the Company issued 2,100,000 common shares for proceeds of \$126,000 pursuant to the exercise of stock options.