

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC.
(formerly, VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Condensed Interim Financial Statements
For the Six-Month Period Ended August 31, 2019
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly, VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)Condensed interim statements of financial position
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	August 31, 2019 \$	February 28, 2019 \$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	89,642	35,971
Amounts receivable	7,207	5,962
Prepaid expenses and deposits	13,846	13,846
Loans receivable (Note 3)	-	816,538
Investments (Note 4)	2,856,235	-
Total assets	2,966,930	872,317
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5)	903,557	903,817
Loan payable (Note 6)	20,000	20,000
Convertible debenture (Note 7)	215,000	215,000
Total liabilities	1,138,557	1,138,817
Shareholders' equity (deficit)		
Share capital	4,968,450	2,531,290
Share-based payment reserve	171,016	171,016
Equity component of convertible debt	176,251	176,251
Share subscriptions received	-	300,000
Deficit	(3,487,344)	(3,445,057)
Total shareholders' equity (deficit)	1,828,373	(266,500)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity (deficit)	2,966,930	872,317

Nature of operations and continuance of business (Note 1)
Subsequent events (Note 13)

Approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on October 30, 2019:

/s/ "Glen Macdonald"

Glen Macdonald, Director

/s/ "Glen Indra"

Glen Indra, Director

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Condensed interim statements of operations and comprehensive loss

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended August 31, 2019 \$	Three months ended August 31, 2018 \$	Six months ended August 31, 2019 \$	Six months ended August 31, 2018 \$
Expenses				
General and administrative	2,569	113	2,784	113
Professional fees	8,500	46,767	16,000	48,767
Transfer agent and filing fees	2,219	8,378	11,884	12,397
Total expenses	13,288	55,258	30,668	61,277
Loss before other expenses	(13,288)	(55,258)	(30,668)	(61,277)
Other income (expense)				
Interest income	-	17,039	-	17,039
Interest expense	(6,375)	(8,368)	(12,750)	(16,558)
Net loss	(19,663)	(46,587)	(43,418)	(60,796)
Loss per share, basic and diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	36,750,330	36,750,330	36,750,330	36,750,330

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Condensed interim statements of changes in equity
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share capital		Share-based payment reserve \$	Equity component of convertible debt \$	Share subscriptions received \$	Deficit \$	Total shareholders' equity (deficit) \$
	Number of shares	Amount \$					
Balance, February 28, 2018	36,750,330	2,531,290	171,016	176,251	–	(2,205,412)	673,145
Adjustment for non-consolidation	–	104,531	–	(35,900)	–	(68,631)	–
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	–	–	(60,796)	(60,796)
Balance, August 31, 2018	36,750,330	2,635,821	171,016	140,351	–	(2,334,839)	612,349
Balance February 28, 2019	36,750,330	2,531,290	171,016	176,251	300,000	(3,445,057)	(266,500)
Private placement	12,805,664	1,536,678	–	–	(300,000)	–	1,236,678
Share issuance cost	–	(6,718)	–	–	–	–	(6,718)
Investment	7,560,000	907,200	–	–	–	–	907,200
Prior period adjustment	–	–	–	–	–	1,131	1,131
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	–	–	(43,418)	(43,418)
Balance, August 31, 2019	57,115,994	4,968,450	171,016	176,251	–	(3,487,344)	1,828,373

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly, VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)Condensed interim statements of cash flows
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Six months ended August 31, 2019 \$	Six months ended August 31, 2018 \$
Operating activities:		
Net loss	(43,418)	(14,209)
Items not involving cash:		
Finance costs	-	8,190
Changes in non-cash operating working capital:		
Prior period adjustment	1,131	
Amounts receivable	(1,245)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(260)	(1,391)
Due to related parties	-	(28,562)
Net cash used in operating activities	(43,792)	(35,972)
Investing activities		
Loans receivable advances	(1,132,497)	(150,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,132,497)	(150,000)
Financing activities		
Share subscriptions received	1,236,678	-
Share issuance costs	(6,718)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,229,960	-
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	53,671	(185,972)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	35,971	807,850
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	89,642	621,878

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. Nature of Operations and Continuance of Business

Vinergy Cannabis Capital Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as Vanguard Investments Corp. on March 20, 2001 under the provisions of the Alberta Business Corporations Act. On May 10, 2011, the Company changed its name to Vinergy Resources Ltd. and continued the Company's registered jurisdiction from Alberta to British Columbia. The Company's head office is located at Suite 1008, 409 Granville Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 1T2 and its shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "VIN".

The Company completed a Change of Business pursuant to the policies of the Canadian Securities Exchange as an investment issuer.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As at August 31, 2019, the Company has no revenue generated from operations, has a working capital equity of \$1,828,373 and has an accumulated deficit of \$3,487,344. The continued operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to generate future cash flows or obtain additional financing. Management is of the opinion that with its current cash and other funds that may be obtained from external financing that it has sufficient working capital to meet the Company's liabilities and commitments as they become due, although there is a risk that additional financing will not be available on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to the Company. These financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") on a going concern basis.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis and are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

(b) Application of New IFRS

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This standard replaces IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

IFRS 9 introduces a new expected credit loss ("ECL") model for all financial assets in scope of the impairment requirements. The new ECL will result in an allowance for credit losses being recorded on financial assets irrespective of whether there has been an actual loss event.

The Company adopted the amendments to IFRS 9, effective March 1, 2018 using the full retrospective method, with no significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

(c) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Company's management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include the collectability of loans receivable, fair value of share-based payments, and unrecognized deferred income tax assets.

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Use of Estimates and Judgments (continued)

The assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties related to events or conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance, are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value to be cash equivalents.

(e) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the respective instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are included in the initial carrying value of the related instrument and are amortized using the effective interest method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in the statement of operations.

Fair value estimates are made at the statement of financial position date based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. All financial instruments are classified into either: fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or amortized cost.

The Company has made the following classifications:

Cash and cash equivalents	FVTPL
Amounts receivable	Amortized cost
Loans receivable	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Loan payable	Amortized cost
Convertible debenture	Amortized cost

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as FVTPL. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are non-derivative financial assets which are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those classified as FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been decreased.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are offset against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the statement of operations. Loss allowances are based on the lifetime ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade receivable, using the simplified approach.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through the statement of operations to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

(f) Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized as the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including loans and borrowings and trade payables and other liabilities) are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments (continued)

Other financial liabilities (continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(g) Income Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in the statement of operations. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the statement of financial position method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(h) Flow-Through Shares

The resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploration and development activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with Canadian tax legislation. On issuance, the premium recorded on the flow-through share, being the difference in price over a common share with no tax attributes, is recognized as a liability. When expenditures are renounced to flow through share investors, the deferred income tax liability associated with the renounced tax deductions is recognized through the statement of operations with a pro-rata portion of the deferred premium.

(i) Reclassifications

Certain of the prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(j) Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The treasury stock method is used for the calculation of diluted loss per share, whereby all “in the money” stock options and share purchase warrants are assumed to have been exercised at the beginning of the period and the proceeds from their exercise are assumed to have been used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. When a loss is incurred during the period, basic and diluted losses per share are the same as the exercise of stock options and share purchase warrants is considered to be anti-dilutive. As at August 31, 2019, the Company had 12,805,664 (2018 – 9,608,500) potentially dilutive shares outstanding.

(k) Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive income (loss) is the change in the Company’s net assets that results from transactions, events and circumstances from sources other than the Company’s shareholders and includes items that are not included in the statement of operations.

(l) Share-based Payments

The Company grants share-based awards to employees, directors and consultants as an element of compensation. The fair value of the awards is recognized over the vesting period as share-based compensation expense and share-based payment reserve. The fair value of share-based payments is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using estimates at the date of the grant. At each reporting date prior to vesting, the cumulative expense representing the extent to which the vesting period has expired and management’s best estimate of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest is computed. The movement in cumulative expense is recognized in the statement of operations with a corresponding entry within equity, against share-based payment reserve. No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest. When stock options are exercised, the proceeds received, together with any related amount in share-based payment reserve, are credited to share capital.

Share-based payments arrangements in which the Company receives goods or services as consideration for its own equity instruments are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions, unless the fair value cannot be estimated reliably. If the Company cannot reliably estimate the fair value of the goods or services received, the Company will measure their value by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted.

(m) Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the year ended February 28, 2019, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements.

New standard IFRS 16, “Leases”

The Company has not early adopted this new standard and it is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Loans Receivable

- (a) In conjunction with the plan of arrangement for each of the former subsidiary companies: Arq Graphite Inc, 0990756 BC Ltd., Jonpol Rare Earths Inc., Leucadia Finance Partners Inc., Wayzata Film Finance Inc., and Wedona Uranium Inc., the Company advanced \$4,900 to each of these companies for a total \$29,400. These loans are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at February 28, 2019, the Company wrote off the loans receivable of \$29,400 due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (b) As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a loan receivable of \$nil (2018 - \$345,698) to 1099955 B.C. Ltd. These advances are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at February 28, 2019, the Company wrote off the loan receivable of \$345,698 due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (c) As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a loan receivable of \$nil (2018 - \$160,000) from a non-related party which is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at February 28, 2019, the Company wrote off the loan receivable of \$160,000 due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (d) As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a loan receivable of \$nil (2018 - \$60,000) to a non-related company which is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at February 28, 2019, the Company wrote off the loan receivable of \$60,000 due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (e) As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a loan receivable of \$nil (2018 - \$125,000) to a non-related company which is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at February 28, 2019, the Company wrote off the loan receivable of \$125,000 due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (f) As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a loan receivable of \$nil (2018 - \$25,000) to a non-related company which is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at February 28, 2019, the Company wrote off the loan receivable of \$25,000 due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (g) As at August 31, 2019, the Company has a loan receivable of \$nil (2018 - \$167,076) to a non-related company which is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. As at February 28, 2019, the Company wrote off the loan receivable of \$167,076 due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (h) On March 8, 2018, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with Botanical Technologies Inc. ("Botanical"), whereby it agreed to purchase all of the issued and outstanding shares of Botanical for the issuance of 9,000,000 common shares of the Company. The Company advanced \$150,000 to Botanical. The agreement collapsed and the Company has written off the loan receivable due to the uncertainty of collection.
- (i) On May 8, 2018, the Company entered into a share subscription agreement with Next Level Energy Inc. ("Next Level") whereby it agreed to purchase 1,245,330 common shares of Next Level at a price of \$0.4015 per share. As at August 31, 2019, the Company has advanced \$350,000 pursuant to the agreement.
- (j) On March 28, 2019, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with Phyto Pharma, Inc. ("Phyto"), whereby it agreed to purchase all of the issued and outstanding shares of Phyto for US\$1,200,000 and the issuance of 7,000,000 common shares of the Company. As at August 31, 2019, the Company has advanced \$1,599,035 (\$1,200,000USD) pursuant to the agreement. Refer to Note 13(b).

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Investments

On July 17, 2019 the Company received final approval from the Canadian Securities Exchange for its Change of Business to an Investment issuer.

- (a) On May 8, 2018, the Company entered into a share subscription agreement with Next Level Energy Inc. ("Next Level") whereby it agreed to purchase 1,245,330 common shares of Next Level at a price of \$0.4015 per share. As at August 31, 2019, the Company has advanced \$350,000 pursuant to the agreement.
- (b) On March 28, 2019, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with Phyto Pharma, Inc. ("Phyto"), whereby it agreed to purchase all of the issued and outstanding shares of Phyto for US\$1,200,000 and the issuance of 7,000,000 common shares of the Company. As at August 31, 2019, the Company has advanced \$1,599,035 (\$1,200,000USD) pursuant to the agreement and issued the common shares outstanding.

5. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Trade accounts payable	636,362	571,819
Accrued liabilities	34,318	89,088
Accrued interest payable	232,877	188,021
	<u>903,557</u>	<u>848,928</u>

6. Loan Payable

As at August 31, 2019, the Company owed \$20,000 (2018 – \$20,000) to a non-related party. The amount owing is unsecured, bears interest at 20% per annum compounded monthly, and is due on demand. As at August 31, 2019, the Company had incurred interest on this loan of \$46,652 (2018 - \$36,816), which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

7. Convertible Debenture

On January 15, 2010, the Company issued a \$215,000 convertible debenture which bears interest at 10% per annum, is unsecured, and was due on January 16, 2015. The debenture was convertible into shares of the Company at a conversion price of \$0.05 per share at any time at the option of the holder prior to the due date. The Company's convertible debenture matured on January 16, 2015 and the Company continues to accrue interest at the rate of 10% per annum. The convertible debenture is currently in default.

The fair value of the equity component was determined to be \$176,251 which was recorded as equity and an equivalent discount on the convertible debenture. The accretion of the discount was recognized over the term of the debenture. As at August 31, 2019 and 2018, the carrying value of the convertible debenture is \$215,000.

8. Share Capital

Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares without par value

- (a) On March 21, 2019, the Company issued 12,805,664 units at a price of \$0.12 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,536,680, of which \$300,000 was received as at February 28, 2019. Each unit consisted of one common share and one transferable share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.15 per share expiring on March 21, 2021. In connection with this private placement, the Company paid finders' fees of \$6,720 and issued 56,000 finders' warrants with each warrant exercisable at \$0.15 per common share expiring on March 21, 2021.

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
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9. Share Purchase Warrants

The following table summarizes the continuity of share purchase warrants:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, February 29, 2017	5,537,700	0.40
Expired	(329,200)	0.40
Balance, February 28, 2018	5,208,500	0.40
Expired	(5,208,500)	0.40
Balance, February 28, 2019	–	–
Issued	12,805,664	0.15
Balance August 31, 2019	12,805,664	0.15

10. Stock Options

As at August 31, 2019 there are no stock options outstanding.

11. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

(a) Fair Values

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were presented on the Company's statement of financial position as at August 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Fair value measurements using			Balance, August 31, 2019 \$
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (Level 1) \$	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) \$	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) \$	
Cash and cash equivalents	89,642	–	–	89,642

The fair values of other financial instruments, which include amounts receivable, loans receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loan payable, and convertible debenture, approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

(b) Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality financial institutions. Amounts receivable consist of GST refunds due from the Government of Canada. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

VINERGY CANNABIS CAPITAL INC. (formerly VINERGY RESOURCES LTD.)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements for six-month period ended August 31, 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

10. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

(c) Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

The Company is not exposed to any significant foreign exchange rate risk.

(d) Interest Rate Risk

The Company is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk.

(e) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do this relies on the Company raising equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs.

(f) Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration and development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market price of commodities. As the Company does not have any producing assets or any current programs for exploration, management considers the Company's commodity price risk to be minimal.

11. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders. The capital structure of the Company consists of cash and cash equivalents and equity comprised of issued share capital, share-based payments reserve, equity component of convertible debt, and share subscriptions received.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of economic conditions. The Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues or by undertaking other activities as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Company's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remained unchanged from the year ended August 31, 2019.