Form 51-102F2
Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD & A)

Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A contains "forward-looking information" that is based on management's expectations, estimates and projections as of the date of this MD&A. Forward looking information in this MD&A can frequently be identified as incorporating such words as "plans", "becomes", "expects", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will". This forward looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward looking information in this MD&A. Actual results may vary materially from the forward looking information contained in this MD&A.

The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is based on the information available as of the date of this MD&A and we have no intention of updating them except as required by applicable securities law. Numerous events and circumstances could occur subsequent to the date of this MD&A that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by the forward-looking information.

Forward-looking statements are included in sections 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, and 1.9. Examples of such forward looking information included in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, trends in the marketplace favoring both Quizam's products; the demand for Corporate Computer training being fueled by the increased reliance on computers in the workplace; growing use of the internet helping to improve the awareness and consequent demand for the Quizam product; demand for Quizam's products increasing; the large global increase in the use of cell phones and internet, together with an increased appreciation for education and training giving the company excellent strategic positioning; all future global License sales will be in Canadian dollars; there can be no assurance that the company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favorable; the company will continue to improve its cash positions by focusing on increasing sales, improving profitability and equity financings; broadening of On-TrackTV; increasing our On-TrackTV sales team; significant parental/family demand for study tools; inventory increasing in value; anticipating receiving deferred purchases; management anticipates more Country Licenses coming on board and increased website visits in the coming quarters. In addition, Quizam Media has opened up a "Movie" division. We are producing our own feature length movies.

All of the above forward looking statements are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Certain material risk factors, that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking information contained in this MD&A include, but is not limited to, changes in the actions of competitors; fluctuations of exchange rates; the trading level of the company's stock; the continued availability of financing on appropriate terms for future projects; the continued increase of commercial run rates; a decline in market liquidity, and the volatility of global markets. Events and circumstances that occurred during the six months ended November 30, 2017, which are reasonably likely to cause actual results to differ materially are the volatility of the global economy and increased competition which could prevent the company from improving its cash position, improving profitability, increasing Country Licenses or completing necessary financings; decreased usage of the internet, cell phones, and PDA's which could decrease demand for Academic Quizzing software and Quizam's products; the inability to hire appropriate staff and the results of product development activities could prevent further revisions to the software and the development of new products. Changes in the Entertainment industry could also affect results. Currently the movie business is going through major changes as the Internet and On-Demand usage increases.

The current economy increases the uncertainty of forward looking statements and information included in the MD&A.

1.1 Date of Information

January 26, 2018

1.2 Overall Performance

We are pleased with development of On-Track TV as it's library of current software topics has become very comprehensive. More recently, we have entered into several discussions with top industry players who are interested in using On-Track TV to train their teams. In addition, we have many individual users that use On-Track TV for learning. The business model is based on self-service through a website with residual subscriptions. People are going to the On-Track TV site and using the training. Our continued increase in On-Track TV Web-Hits supports this.

We continue to enhance On-Track TV. Our two main areas of On-Track TV development include the LMS (learning management system) and content. More recently we have invested much time and effort to ensure our content is of the highest quality. As software companies continue to release new versions we continue to develop On-Track TV content for these new versions.

The company competes in the global marketplace and the continued devalued Canadian Dollar is helping to make our product more competitive globally.

The page hits and Video view/downloads from the On-Track TV website continues to increase quarter by quarter. It appears that trends in the marketplace are favoring Quizam's On-Track TV product. The demand for corporate computer training is being fueled by the increased reliance on computers in the workplace coupled with the continued releases of new products from software producers like Microsoft.

Our usage and page hits worldwide for the each of the last eight quarters are as follows

Fiscal quarter ended:	Page Hits	Video Downloads
November 30, 2017	336,383	272,764
August 31, 2017	257,378	193,940
May 31, 2017	244,823	189,578
February 28, 2017	238,103	187,533
November 30, 2016	189,601	150,400
August 31, 2016	158,470	122,518
May 31, 2016	151,016	121,487
February 29, 2016	117,211	89,095

We continue to transition from face to face training to online training. Our online division is growing faster than the face to face training division and the ontracktv.com website is growing much faster than the On-Track face to face training website.

Quizam has altered its "Exclusivity" agreement with Central Media in the UK. The agreement is now non-exclusive and permits Quizam to work with other partners in the UK for the sale and distribution of ontrackTV.com into the UK market under the name ontrackTV.co.uk. The ontrackTV.co.uk library of online learning videos is sold via annual subscriptions to those seeking to learn about common software packages, Human Resource (HR) training, and Management Leadership Training.

On-TrackTV continues to diversify its offering to include far more than just software training.

Our UK partner is continuing to forge new clients for us in the UK market. Sales have been down this year in Europe, but we are currently working on some significant deals that are taking longer than expected. Management feels European sales will increase this year.

Until now On-TrackTV has focused on information technology computer training, however, due to client demands and custom training requests we are now expanding the curriculum to include soft skill training for corporations. We have added new soft skill courses such as Conflict Resolution in the Workplace, Brain Storming and Increasing Workplace Assertiveness. We have also added 500 new on-line courses in trades including apprentice programs for plumbing, electrical, pipe fitting and carpentry.

In addition to the training services described above, our global strategy with On-TrackTV has been to place our tags on partner's websites; however, revenue from this source has been minimal so far.

The Company has two teams familiar with both markets working in Canada and the United Kingdom. Increased demand for On-TrackTV has resulted in reassigning some of the Quizam Software team and as a result, Quizam Software development and sales efforts have become secondary to On-TrackTV. However, we are still working to develop a free shared online Quizam community. More recently we have developed some Quizzing tools for National Companies to test their employees. We see this market as having large and complimentary potential to On-Track TV.

We are also adding administrative components to On-TrackTV which will broaden our corporate appeal. We are looking at broadening On-TrackTV to include other broadcasts such as CEO messages, compliance issues, and other customized corporate communication requirements for clients. We plan to increase our On-TrackTV corporate sales team and to sell the product to Fortune 500 companies.

Management feels that the growing use of the internet will help to improve the awareness and consequently demand for the Quizam product.

Management sees the demand for Quizam's products increasing. The global increased use of cell phones and internet, together with an increased appreciation for education and training will give the company excellent strategic positioning. We are currently developing products for handheld devices such as iPhones and Android phones.

The Company is continuing to add quizzes to its internet library. Many of the topics are classic and timeless. As this library continues to grow it becomes a valuable asset to the Company. The Company is exploring ways of accelerating the growth of this library either through corporate purchases of content or perhaps a "community" sharing model where quizzes can be added by global users. In either case management sees this inventory increasing in value as time goes on.

The Company has the equipment and experience in producing non-fiction learning vignettes. Management decided to expand its content to include some "Fiction" based filming such as Movies for Entertainment. In October, 2014, the Company announced the opening of a new Entertainment Division. The Company will be a producer/aggregator of family entertainment. In October, 2014 the Company also announced the appointment of Lewis Schoenburn, Jacquie Wechselberger and Uwe Boll as members of the Company's Advisory Board.

In January 2015 the Company signed a deal with Event Film for film distribution and management believes that overall performance is improving. The Company is working toward producing content both for education and for entertainment. Thus far Event Film has introduced our films to new markets and we are making sales.

In February 2015, the Company signed a deal with Extreme Video in Italy to produce a horror thriller movie entitled "The Blind King". The movie was completed in February 2016 and has made some modest sales. We have earned some revenues and we expect sales and royalties to continue for this film.

In March 2015, the Company signed a deal with Clarius Entertainment in Los Angeles whereby the Company will guarantee loans of up to US$6.25Million to assist with theatrical releases in the North American market. In May 2015 both parties agreed to have the deal expire and work on new improved deal whereby Quizam could have equity position (see below). We signed the new improved deal in October 2015 whereby for shares and warrants we acquired a 10% non-dilutive share of Aviron Pictures and a US$1million promissory note payable to Quizam Media (see below).

In May 2015, the Company through Event Film entered into a licensing agreement with Koch Media whereby Koch will purchase 4 feature films from Event Film for the Italian speaking European market. The films are titled "Gifted", "Gifted 2", "Primal Shift" and "The Blind King". Koch is to pay US$20,000 for "The Blind King" owned by the Company (received) and US$15,000 for the other three movies distributed by Quizam Media as an agent for a 15% distribution commission, plus 50% of all gross receipts from the exploitation of the film. A 20% commission is to be paid by Quizam Media to Event Film (waived for “The Blind King”). These deals will continue to earn royalty revenue for the company.

Effective October 5, 2016, the Company completed a 1-for-10 share consolidation. All share and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share consolidation.

The Company plans to continue to focus on growth and profitability. The main strategies in the process include:

a) Strict focus on increasing gross sales in each month compared to the same month in previous year;

b) Increase of pricing in all areas;

c) Huge expansion of course offerings beyond IT and computer training. Some of the new course offerings include customer service, conflict resolution, minute note-taking, and project management;

d) Special marketing team devoted to gaining Fortune 500 companies as clients for On-Track TV;

e) Continue to develop On-Track TV markets in the UK, North America, and Bahrain (Middle East);

f) Add quizzing component to On-Track TV where users are quizzed after viewing content;

g) Offering web development services under the name On-Track Web Development. This enables us to leverage our in house team and increase revenue;

h) Continue to enhance the LMS (learning management system) of the On-Track TV website;

i) Further development of the UK market;

j) Full scale animation and film productions in the areas of non-fiction and education;

k) Production of 1 – 2 Independent films per year;

l) Develop and offer courses in common accounting software such as Simply Accounting, Quick Books and Caseware. This would be for both Face to Face and OntrackTV.

1.3 Discussion of Operations

Revenue for the six months ended November 30, 2017, increased to $317,375 compared to $229,993 during the six months ended November 30, 2016. Loss before other items decreased to $468,485 (2016 - $1,328,843) during the six months ended November 30, 2017. Operating expenses decreased from $1,575,893 during the six months ended November 30, 2016, to $785,869 during the six months ended November 30, 2017. The decrease of $790,024 was mainly as a result of a decrease expense in accounting and legal fees, investor and finance development, office and miscellaneous, On-Track TV development costs, rent, software development, and share-based compensation. Net loss decreased by $860,358 as a result of a decrease in operating expenses.

The significant changes were as follows:

- Accounting and legal costs decreased to $94,967 for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 – $263,917). The decrease is a result of finding effective ways for bookkeeping and maintaining files.
- Investor and finance development costs decreased to $46,773 for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 – $122,155). The decrease is a result of more investor relations meetings done through conference calls.
- Office and miscellaneous costs decreased to $49,506 for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 – $81,649). The decrease is a result of increased using electronic manuals, rather than production of in house manuals.
- On-Track TV development costs decreased to $62,400 for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 – $139,720). The decrease is a result of far more economical and cost effective solution of On-Track TV. In 2016 much money was spent upgrading and streamlining On-Track TV.
- Rent costs decreased to $58,585 for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 – $71,030), as a result of benefit of lease incentive from renting a new office location, which is no rental fee for July and August 2017.
- Software development costs decreased to $2,500 for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 – $50,851). The decrease is a result of software upgrades completeness. Much money was spent upgrading and streamlining in 2016. The costs are now down significantly.
- Share-based compensation costs decreased to $Nil for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 – $176,924), as there were no stock options granted during the period.
- Subcontractors costs decreased to $62,846 for the six months ended November 30, 2017 (2016 - $150,257). The decrease is a result of upgrades completed now. In 2016 much money was spent on upgrades and streamlining. Those upgrades are now complete and costs are down. We see this trend continuing.
- Our training division continues to improve its performance and management feels we are gaining more market share every quarter. We are blending out On-TrackTV with our face to face offerings to attract more large clients.

1.4 Summary of Quarterly Results

The effect of applying the treasury stock method to the Company's loss per share calculation is antidilutive. Therefore, basic and diluted losses per share are equal for the periods presented.

The quarterly periods in the table below are presented under International Financial Reporting Standards in Canadian dollars.

Description	November 30, 2017	August 31, 2017	May 31, 2017	February 28, 2017	November 30, 2016	August 31, 2016	May 31, 2016	February 28, 2016
Total Revenue	$178,431	$138,944	$164,006	$132,116	$134,108	$116,620	$187,677	$125,884
Income or (loss) before other items	$(300,060)	$(168,434)	$(127,598)	$(444,331)	$(783,414)	$(541,751)	$(348,010)	$(415,799)
Net Income or (loss) for the period	$(300,059)	$(168,426)	$(152,265)	$(377,969)	$(783,443)	$(545,400)	$(1,637,700)	$(410,395)
Net income (Loss) before other items per share basic and diluted	$(0.02)	$(0.01)	$(0.01)	$(0.03)	$(0.08)	$(0.07)	$(0.30)	$(0.10)
Income (Loss) per share basic and diluted	$(0.02)	$(0.01)	$(0.01)	$(0.03)	$(0.08)	$(0.07)	$(0.30)	$(0.10)

Revenue increased during the three months ended May 31, 2016. Net loss increased during the fourth quarter ended May 31, 2016, largely due to the impairment losses of investment in Aviron and the promissory note and receivable from Aviron.

Revenue decreased during the three months ended August 31, 2016. Net loss decreased during the first quarter ended August 31, 2016, as a result of the impairment losses recognized during the three months ended May 31, 2016.

Revenue increased during the three months ended November 30, 2016. Net loss increased during the second quarter ended November 30, 2016, as a result of the share-based compensation and an increase in professional fees, share-based compensation and travel and business development.

Revenue remained consistent during the three months ended February 28, 2017. Net loss decreased during the third quarter ended February 28, 2017, as a result of a decrease accounting and legal costs, share-based compensation and travel and business development.

Revenue increased during the three months ended May 31, 2017. Net loss decreased during the fourth quarter ended May 31, 2017, as a result of a decrease accounting and legal costs, investor and finance development, office and miscellaneous, and research and development.

Revenue decreased during the three months ended August 31, 2017. Net loss remained consistent during the first quarter ended August 31, 2017.

Revenue increased during the three months ended November 30, 2017. Net loss increased during the second quarter ended November 30, 2017, as a result of an increase in accounting and legal costs, rent, research and development and travel and business development.

1.5 Liquidity

The Company’s liquidity has decreased at November 30, 2017 since May 31, 2017.

	November 30, 2017	May 31, 2017
Cash and cash equivalents	$3,398	$324,911
Accounts receivable & prepaid expenses	$78,467	$30,324
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$94,876	$110,477
Due to related parties	$566,142	$474,908

As at November 30, 2017, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of $3,398 and a working capital deficiency of $575,546 compared to cash and cash equivalents of $324,911 and a working capital deficiency of $232,211 as at May 31, 2017. The Company's decrease in working capital is mainly attributable to the decrease in cash and cash equivalents.

During the six months ended November 30, 2017, the Company used $437,060 of cash for operating activities compared to $1,324,330 in the comparative period. The Company incurred $62,726 (2016 - $6,695) in acquisition of equipment during the period ended November 30 2017. The Company has financed its operations for the last two years mainly through the issuance of share capital. The Company has raised $178,273 (2016 - $1,308,100) through subscription of share capital during the six months ended November 30, 2017. The Company has incurred losses as it continues to develop its software products. The Company continues to be dependent on its cash reserves and future financings.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favorable. If adequate financing is not available when required, the Company may be required to delay or scale back its software development and marketing. Any equity offerings will result in dilution to the ownership interests of the Company's shareholders and may result in dilution to the value of such interests.

Currently the Company has insufficient funds to meet its requirements for the coming year. It will continue to improve its cash positions by focusing on increasing sales, improving profitability and equity financings.

1.6 Capital Resources

The Company's capital currently consists of common shares, options and warrants. The Company's principal source of funds is from the issuance of common shares. The Company's capital management objectives are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to have sufficient capital to be able to meet the Company's educational software development, internet training development and film production to ensure the growth of activities.

During the year ended May 31, 2017, the Company signed a new rental agreement effective until August 31, 2022. The Company has committed to pay rent, taxes and operating costs. Minimum future lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	$
2018	49,128
2019	101,460
2020	105,732
2021	110,004
2022	114,276
Thereafter	28,836
Total	509,436

1.7 Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

1.8 Transactions Between Related Parties

The Company has identified its directors and certain senior officers as its key management personnel and the compensation costs for key management personnel and companies related to them were recorded at their exchange amounts as agreed upon by transacting parties as follows:

	November 30, 2017	November 30, 2016
Management fees	$ 72,000	$ 72,000

For the six months ended November 30, 2017 and 2016, key management personnel were not paid any post-employment benefits, termination benefits or any other long-term benefits.

At November 30, 2017, $566,142 (May 31, 2017 – $474,908) was owed to a significant shareholder and companies owned by a significant shareholder, who is also a director and officer, and to a company owned by his relative.

Accounting and legal, investor and finance development, office and miscellaneous, On-Track TV development, research and development, software development, subcontractors, travel and business development, and wages and benefit expenses are provided by related parties and significant shareholders of the Company.

During the six months ended November 30, 2017, $366,052 (2016 - $933,704) of these expenses were included in expenses to companies owned by a significant shareholder, who is also a director and officer, and immediate family of the significant shareholder.

1.9 Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses for the period reported. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to estimation of an allowance for doubtful accounts, the measurement of share-based compensation, expected lives of long-lived assets, and the recognition of deferred income tax assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant judgements are applied by management to determine whether sales have met the Company's revenue recognition criteria, and to assess the probability of realizing deferring income tax assets based on the likelihood of generating taxable income in the future. Different judgement could yield different results.

1.10 Changes in Accounting Policies including Initial Adoption

Future Accounting Changes:

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") that are mandatory for the Company's fiscal year beginning June 1, 2018, or for later years. Some updates that are not applicable or are not consequential to the Company may have been excluded from the list below.

The following accounting standards and amendments are effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning on June 1, 2018:

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") which supersedes IAS 11 – Construction Contracts, IAS 18 – Revenue, IFRIC 13 – Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 – Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 – Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC 31 – Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive five-step framework for the timing and measurement of revenue recognition.

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

The IASB intends to replace IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement in its entirety with IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") which is intended to reduce the complexity in the classification and measurement of financial instruments.

IFRS 2 Share-Based Payment

In June 2016, the Board issued the final amendments to IFRS 2 *Share-Based Payment* as follows:

(a) Effects that vesting conditions have on the measurement of a cash-settled share-based payment;

(b) Accounting for modification to the terms of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity settled;

(c) Classification of share-based payment transactions with net settlement features.

The following accounting standard is effective for the Company's fiscal year beginning on June 1, 2019:

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases, with the objective of ensuring that lessees and lessors provide relevant information that faithfully represents those transactions. IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. However, lessees are no longer classifying leases as either operating leases or finance leases as it is required by IAS 17.

Management is currently evaluating any impact that the above standards may have on the Company's consolidated financial statements and this assessment has not yet been completed.

1.11 Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

All financial assets are initially recorded at fair value and classified into one of four categories: held to maturity, available for sale, loans and receivable or at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). All financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and classified as either FVTPL or other financial liabilities. Financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, bank indebtedness, accounts payable, and due to related parties. The Company has elected to account for transaction costs related to the issuance of financial instruments as a reduction of the carrying value of the related financial instruments.

At initial recognition management has classified financial assets and liabilities as follows:

a) Financial assets

The Company has no assets other than cash classified as FVTPL at November 30, 2017. The Company has classified accounts receivable as loans and receivables. The Company has not classified any financial assets held to maturity or available for sale.

b) Financial liabilities

The Company has recognized its accounts payable, due to related parties and promissory notes payable as other financial liabilities. The Company derecognizes a financial liability when it its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

The following table summarizes information regarding the carrying values of the Company's financial instruments:

	November 30, 2017 $	**May 31, 2017** $
FVTPL (i)	3,398	324,911
Loans and receivables (ii)	78,467	30,324
Other financial liabilities (iii)	(661,018)	(585,385)

(i) Cash and cash equivalents
(ii) Accounts receivable
(iii) Accounts payable, amounts due to related parties and promissory notes payable

The Company classifies its fair value measurements in accordance with an established hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs in valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market date.

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy:

	Level	**November 30, 2017** $	**May 31, 2017** $
Cash and cash equivalents	1	3,398	324,911

The risk management function within the Company is carried out in respect of financial risks, operational risks and legal risks. Financial risk comprises market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The primary objectives of the financial risk management function are to establish risk limits, and then ensure that exposure to risks stays within these limits. The operational and legal risk management functions are intended to ensure proper functioning of internal policies and procedures, in order to minimize operational and legal risks.

Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of accounts receivable. The Company manages its exposure to credit risk by only working with reputable companies and by performing on-going credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and requires letters of credit or other guarantees whenever deemed appropriate. The maximum exposure to loss arising from accounts receivable is equal to their carrying amounts.

The following table provides information regarding the aging of financial assets that are past due but which are not impaired as at November 30, 2017:

		Neither past due nor impaired	31-60 days	61-90 days	91 days and over	Carrying value
Trade accounts Receivable	$	48,213	30,254	–	–	78,467

Liquidity Risk

The Company manages its ability to meet its short-term obligations through the capital management described in Note 10 to the interim consolidated financial statements. The Company has a working capital deficit and requires additional financing to fund operations.

Foreign Exchange Risk

As the Company generates a portion of its revenues in the U.K., and a portion is in the U.S. (movie sales), the Company's foreign exchange risk arises with respect to the U.K. pound sterling and U.S. dollar. Financial instruments that subject the Company to foreign currency exchange risk include cash and accounts receivable. Approximately 0% of the Company's revenues are denominated in the U.K. pound sterling (2016 – 4%), and 0% in U.S. dollars (2016 – 0%) while a significant amount of the Company's expenses are denominated in Canadian dollars. In management's opinion the Company is not exposed to significant foreign exchange rate risk.

Interest Rate Risk

In management's opinion the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

1.12 Additional Information

Additional information about the Company is available on SEDAR (Website: www.sedar.com)

Outstanding Share Data

The following table summarizes the issued and outstanding share capital as of the date of the MD&A:

	Number of shares issued or issuable as at November 30, 2017	Number of shares issued or issuable as at January 26, 2018
Common shares	15,953,111	17,019,778
Stock options	425,000	425,000
Warrants	7,376,390	6,213,333