

# **Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

# NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements; they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	June 30,	December 31,
	2020	2019
	(\$)	(\$)
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	197,973	129,492
Prepaid expenses	5,926	1,696
Receivables (Note 4)	15,113	2,336
	219,012	133,524
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	190,501	10,501
Oil properties (Note 6)	44,849	-
	454,362	144,025
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Notes 7, 10)	28,028	57,150
Note payable (Note 8)	40,000	-
Asset retirement obligation (Note 9)	71,900	-
	139,928	57,150
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (Note 11)	4,416,953	4,025,206
Reserves (Note 11)	499,906	450,706
Deficit	(4,602,425)	(4,389,037)
	314,434	86,875
	454,362	144,025

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1) Subsequent Events (Note 15)

On behalf of the Board:

''Ken Brophy''

Ken Brophy - Director

''J. Lewis Dillman''

J. Lewis Dillman - Director

Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Three Month Period Ended	Three Month Period Ended		Six Month Period Ended
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	<u>2020</u> (\$)	<u>2019</u> (\$)	<u>2020</u> (\$)	<u>2019</u> (\$)
REVENUE	(Φ)	<b>(Φ</b> )	(φ)	( <b>Φ</b> )
Oil sales	15,869	-	45,467	-
Royalties and freehold mineral tax (Note 10)	(1,543)	-	(7,307)	-
•	14,326	-	38,160	-
EXPENSES				
Accretion (Note 9)	349	-	698	-
Consulting fees (Note 10)	27,500	3,500	45,500	4,500
Depletion (Note 6)	3,378	-	5,040	-
Director fees (Note 10)	9,000	12,000	18,000	24,000
Field operating expenses	2,004	-	13,139	-
General and administrative	6,840	3,121	10,248	6,050
Professional fees (Note 10)	37,320	31,763	69,496	47,147
Share-based compensation (Note 11)	49,200	58,200	49,200	58,200
Transfer agent and filing fees	5,489	7,512	13,898	10,711
	(141,080)	(116,096)	(225,219)	(150,608)
Finance expense	(470)		(2,089)	-
Impairment of oil properties (Note 6)	-	-	(26,312)	-
Interest and other income	121	-	2,072	-
	(141,429)	(116,096)	(251,548)	(150,608)
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(127,103)	(116,096)	(213,388)	(150,608)
Basic and diluted loss per share:	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	26,061,119	12,097,849	22,734,504	12,097,849
Diluted	26,061,119	12,097,849	22,734,504	12,097,849

Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Share ca	pital	Reser	ves		
	Number of Shares	Amount	Options	Warrants	Deficit	Total
		(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Balance at December 31, 2018	12,097,849	3,848,206	333,776	26,530	(4,174,691)	33,821
Stock options vested Loss for the period	-	-	58,200	-	(150,608)	58,200 (150,608)
Balance at June 30, 2019	12,097,849	3,848,206	391,976	26,530	(4,325,299)	(58,587)
Share issuance - private placement Stock options vested Loss for the period	5,900,000	177,000 - -	32,200	- -	(63,738)	177,000 32,200 (63,738)
Balance at December 31, 2019	17,997,849	4,025,206	424,176	26,530	(4,389,037)	86,875
Share issuance - property acquisition	3,000,000	180,000	-	-	-	180,000
Share issuance - private placement	2,000,000	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Share issuance - debt settlement	4,469,863	111,747	-	-	-	111,747
Stock options vested	-	-	49,200	-	-	49,200
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(213,388)	(213,388)
Balance at June 30, 2020	27,467,712	4,416,953	473,376	26,530	(4,602,425)	314,434

Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Six Month Period Ended	Six Month Period Ended June 30,	
	June 30,		
	2020	2019	
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	(\$)	(\$)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss for the period	(213,388)	(150,608)	
Items not affecting cash			
Accretion	698	-	
Depletion	5,040	-	
Impairment of oil properties	26,312	-	
Stock-based compensation	49,200	58,200	
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Receivables	(12,777)	5,833	
Prepaids	(4,229)	(5,917)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	82,625	4,220	
	(66,519)	(88,272)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of oil property	(5,000)	-	
	(5,000)	_	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Common shares issued for cash	100,000	-	
Proceeds from promissory note	40,000	-	
	140,000	_	
Change in cash during the period	68,481	(88,272)	
Cash - beginning of period	129,492	105,330	
Cash - end of period	197,973	17,058	

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (Note 14)

# 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Volt Energy Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated on November 20, 2000 under the laws of the province of Alberta, Canada and was continued into the province of British Columbia in 2010. The Company's offices are located at 1090 Hamilton Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada, V6B 2R9. The Company is engaged in oil production and the exploration of mineral properties in North America. The Company's shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "VOLT".

These financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. The Company has a deficit of \$4,602,425 and ongoing losses. The Company's only source of revenue is from its oil interests in Saskatchewan.

The above conditions cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. If for any reason, the Company is unable to continue as a going concern, then this could result in adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities in the Company's financial statements and such adjustments could be material

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

# **Statement of Compliance**

These condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations committee. They do not include all disclosures required by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for annual financial statements, and therefore should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB

These condensed interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 28, 2020.

# **Basis of Presentation**

The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

# **Functional and Presentation Currency**

The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar, which is also the presentation currency of the financial statements.

# Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

These condensed interim financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the reporting date that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

# Income taxes

The calculation of income taxes requires judgment in applying tax laws and regulations, estimating the timing of the reversals of temporary differences, and estimating the reliability of deferred tax assets. These estimates impact current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, and current and deferred income tax expense (recovery).

Significant judgements that management has made at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

# Carrying value and the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets

Management has determined that exploration, evaluation and related costs incurred which were capitalized may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including geologic and other technical information, history of conversion of mineral deposits with similar characteristics to its own properties to proven and probable mineral reserves, scoping and feasibility studies, accessible facilities and existing permits.

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies as those used in the Company's annual financial statements at December 31, 2019.

# 4. **RECEIVABLES**

	June 30,	December 31,
	2020	2019
	(\$)	(\$)
GST receivable	3,487	2,336
Trade receivables	11,626	-
	15,113	2,336

# 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

#### Lac Saint Simon, Quebec

On June 1, 2017, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Lac Saint Simon lithium property located in west-central Quebec in exchange for 625,000 common shares of the Company which were valued at \$325,000.

The Company did not incur any expenditures on the property during the six month period ended June 30, 2020.

The Company incurred \$10,500 in exploration expenditures during the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### Lac Roy and Faraud, Quebec

On January 2, 2020, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Lac Roy and Faraud vanadium properties located in Quebec in exchange for 3,000,000 common shares of the Company which were valued at \$180,000.

The Company did not incur any expenditures on the property during the six month period ended June 30, 2020.

During the period ended June 30, 2020, the Company reviewed the carrying value of its exploration and evaluation assets and determined there were no impairment indicators present.

# 6. OIL PROPERTIES

On January 1, 2020, the Company acquired non-operating working interests in five wells in southeastern Saskatchewan from a corporation that shares directors and officers in common with the Company. The consideration for the acquisition was a cash payment of \$5,000 and a contingent performance bonus of up to \$40,000 payable after one year of production. In addition, the Company assumed the reclamation liability for its proportional interest in these wells which has been determined to be \$71,551 (Note 9).

Well #		Working Interest (%)	Net Revenue Interest (%)
1	King 141/08-13-004-07 W2M	45.90	39.02
2	King 91/06 HZ 1D08-13-1D06-18-04-06 W2M	13.00	13.00
3	King 92/07 HZ 2C5-18-1D7-13-04-07 W2M	45.90	39.02
4	King 4D8-14/2A11-13-004-07 W2	10.50	8.93
5	Steelman 191/07-18-004-06W2	13.00	13.00

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. The Company reviews each CGU for indicators of possible impairment at the end of each reporting period. During the six month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company reviewed the carrying value of its oil properties and determined there were impairment indicators present for Well #3. The well has not produced any oil since acquisition, and it is unclear if there is any future benefit left in the well. Accordingly, the Company has recorded an impairment charge of \$26,312.

#### 6. **OIL PROPERTIES** (continued)

2020	Well #1	Well #2	Well #3	Well #4	Well #5	Total
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Cost:						
At December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	26,772	7,106	26,312	7,142	8,869	76,201
At June 30, 2020	26,772	7,106	26,312	7,142	8,869	76,201
Depletion:						
At December 31, 2019						
Charge for the period	2,201	1,303	-	489	1,047	5,040
At June 30, 2020	2,201	1,303	-	489	1,047	5,040
Impairment:						
At December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for the period	-	-	26,312	-	-	26,312
At June 30, 2020	-	-	26,312	-	-	26,312
Net book value:						
At December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-
At June 30, 2020	24,571	5,803	-	6,653	7,822	71,161

#### 7. **ACCOUNTS PAYABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	(\$)	(\$)
Trade payables	4,064	-
Related party payables	13,964	41,150
Accrued liabilities	10,000	16,000
	28,028	57,150

#### 8. **NOTE PAYABLE**

On January 10, 2020, the Company borrowed \$40,000 pursuant to a promissory note that is unsecured, bears interest at a rate of 18% compounded monthly and is repayable on or before December 31, 2020. During the six month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company repaid the loan plus accrued interest of \$1,978 through the issuance of 1,678,713 common shares of the Company and a cash payment of \$11.

On April 13, 2020, the Company borrowed \$15,000 from a director of the Company pursuant to a promissory note that is unsecured, bears interest at a rate of 18% compounded monthly and is repayable on or before December 31, 2020. During the six month period ended June 30, 2020, the Company repaid the loan plus accrued interest of \$111 through the issuance of 600,000 common shares of the Company and a cash payment of \$111.

On May 11, 2020, the Company borrowed \$40,000 under a COVID-19 Relief Line of Credit as part of the Government-sponsored Canada Emergency Business Account ("CEBA"). The credit line is interest free until December 31, 2020, and any unpaid balance on January 1, 2021 will be converted to a two year 0% interest term loan that must be repaid by December 31, 2022. A total of \$10,000 of the loan will be forgiven if \$30,000 is repaid in full on or before December 31, 2022. The Company can exercise an option for a three year term extension but any remaining principal balance outstanding will be subject to 5% interest.

# 9. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

	June 30, 2020	
	(\$)	(\$)
Balance, beginning	-	-
Addition	71,202	-
Accretion expense	698	-
Balance, end	71,900	

The Company's provision for restoration and environmental obligations consists of costs accrued based on the current best estimate of reclamation activities that will be required at the completion of petroleum extraction activities. The Company's provision for future site closure and reclamation costs is based on the level of known disturbance at the reporting date, known legal requirements and estimates prepared by a third party specialist. It is not currently possible to estimate the impact on operating results, if any, of future legislative or regulatory developments.

The Company has calculated the fair value of the asset retirement obligation using a risk-free discount rate of 2.2% and an inflation rate of 2.0%. The estimated total future undiscounted cash flows to settle the asset retirement obligations are \$85,700 and are expected to be incurred over a period of approximately 19 years.

# 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management includes the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), directors and companies controlled by them. The Company incurred the following transactions with key management of the Company during the six month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	(\$)	(\$)
Director fees	18,000	24,000
Consulting fees	32,500	3,500
Professional fees	60,000	15,000
Mineral royalties	540	-
	111,040	42,500

As at June 30, 2020, a total of \$13,964 (December 31, 2019 - \$41,150) was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities owing to the directors of the Company.

# 11. SHARE CAPITAL

# Authorized share capital

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preference shares without par value.

# Issued share capital

There are no preferred shares issued or outstanding.

# Six month period ended June 30, 2020

On January 9, 2020, the Company issued 3,000,000 common shares at \$0.06 per share in connection with the acquisition of the Lac Roy and Faraud vanadium properties.

On April 28, 2020, the Company issued 4,469,863 common shares to settle accounts payable and notes payables totaling \$111,746.

On June 4, 2020, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement wherein it issued 2,000,000 units at \$0.05 for aggregate proceeds of \$100,000. Each unit is comprised of a common share and a share purchase warrant that entitles the holder to acquire an additional common share at \$0.07 for a period of two years. The warrant was determined to have a value of \$Nil.

# Year ended December 31, 2019

On October 10, 2019, the Company issued 5,900,000 common shares at \$0.03 per share pursuant to a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$177,000.

# Stock options

The Company has rolling incentive stock option plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the Exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and technical consultants to the Company, non-transferable stock options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Such options will be exercisable for a variable period from the date of grant. In connection with the foregoing, the number of common shares reserved for issuance to any one optionee will not exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding common shares reserved for issuance to all technical consultants will not exceed two percent (2%) of the issued and outstanding common shares.

Options may be exercised no later than 90 days following cessation of the optionee's position with the Company.

#### Six month period ended June 30, 2020

On June 2, 2020, the Company granted 1,150,000 stock options with a fair value of \$49,200. The options were fully vested on the grant date, and the Company expensed \$49,200 as stock-based compensation.

# 11. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

#### Year ended December 31, 2019

On May 3, 2019, the Company granted 1,000,000 stock options with a fair value of \$58,200. The options were fully vested on the grant date, and the Company expensed \$58,200 as share-based compensation.

On October 10, 2019, the Company granted 775,000 stock options with a fair value of \$32,200. The options were fully vested on the grant date, and the Company expensed \$32,200 as share-based compensation.

The options granted during the period were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model under the following weighted average assumptions:

	2020	2019
Risk-free interest rate	0.39%	1.52%
Expected life of options	5 yrs	5 yrs
Volatility	130%	121%
Expected Dividend yield	Nil	Nil
Forfeiture rate	Nil	Nil
Weighted average fair value	\$0.04	\$0.05

A continuity schedule of the Company's stock options is as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
		(\$)
Balance, December 31, 2018	155,000	0.40
Granted	1,775,000	0.06
Expired	(555,000)	0.16
Balance, December 31, 2019	1,375,000	0.06
Granted	1,150,000	0.05
Balance, June 30, 2020	2,525,000	0.05

The following table summarizes the stock options outstanding and exercisable as at June 30, 2020:

Number of Options	Number of Options	Weighted Average		Weighted Average Remaining Contractual
Outstanding	Exercisable	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Life
		(\$)		(yrs)
600,000	600,000	0.07	May 2, 2024	3.84
775,000	775,000	0.05	October 10, 2024	4.28
1,150,000	1,150,000	0.05	June 2, 2025	4.93
2,525,000	2,525,000	0.05		4.34

# 12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

# Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada. As the Company's cash is held by one bank there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company prepares general operating budget to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company uses its best efforts to ensure that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash.

The Company's financial liabilities consist of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, all of which are due within twelve months.

Historically and prior to the spin out of the oil and gas assets, the Company's main source of funding has been through revenue earned from its operating well interests and the issuance of equity securities for cash. The Company's access to financing in the public markets is always uncertain. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk.

# Commodity risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Commodity prices for petroleum are impacted by world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand. The Company had no hedging contracts in place as at or during the period ended June 30, 2020.

# Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

# Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value of assets and future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. However, the Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and the Company doesn't have any material assets or operations that are denominated in a foreign currency. Accordingly, the Company is not exposed to any material foreign exchange risk and has not hedged its limited exposure to currency fluctuations

# 12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### Classification of financial instruments

The Company classifies its other financial assets and other financial liabilities measured at fair value using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets included in the statement of financial position are cash and receivables. Financial liabilities included in the statement of financial position include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and note payable. The fair value of cash is measured using Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of receivables, and accounts payable approximate the carrying amount due to their short term to maturity. The fair value of note payable reflects the market rate of interest. The effect of changes in the Company's credit risk do not have a significant impact on the fair value due to the short term to maturity.

#### Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The capital structure of the Company consists of the components of shareholders' equity.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue debt and acquire or dispose of assets.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended June 30, 2020.

# **13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

The Company operates in two reportable operating segments being the acquisition, exploration and development of oil and gas and mineral resources properties.

The Company operates in one geographic segment located in Canada.

# 14. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
	(\$)	(\$)
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation asset		
– Lac Roy and Faraud	180,000	-
Settlement of accounts payable through the issuance of		
common shares	54,778	-
Settlement of notes payable through the issuance of common		
shares	59,968	-
Interest paid during the period	122	-
Income taxes paid during the period	-	-

# **15.** SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to June 30, 2020, the Company

- a) issued 1,000,000 common shares pursuant to the exercise of share purchase warrants for gross proceeds of \$70,000.
- b) issued 2,000,000 common shares pursuant to the exercise of stock options for gross proceeds of \$106,000.
- c) entered into a letter of intent with Silver Range Resources Ltd. ("Silver Range") wherein the Company can acquire a 75% interest in the Cold Springs gold/silver project (the "**Property**") by paying Silver Range an aggregate of \$300,000 in cash and performing a minimum of 2,000 meters of drilling on the Property over a three year period. The Property is subject to a 2.5% NSR that can be bought down to 1% for a cash payment of \$1,250,000.
- d) entered into a definitive option agreement with Allegiant Gold Ltd. ("Allegiant") wherein the Company can acquire up to a 50.1% interest, subject to a 2% NSR royalty, in the Clanton Hills silver project by paying Allegiant 2,000,000 common shares on execution of the agreement and an aggregate of US\$550,000 in cash and common shares and incurring exploration expenditures of US\$1,500,000 over a three year period. The Company can increase its ownership interest to 70% by paying Allegiant an additional US\$3,000,000, 50% of which can be settled in common shares at the Company's election.
- e) announced its intention to change the name of the Company to Supernova Metals Corp.