

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Notice to Reader

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended January 31, 2013.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Unaudited -Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	January 31, 2013	July 31, 2012
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		4,062,857	3,594,303
Marketable securities	4	265,060	341,170
Note receivable	9	-	614,268
Other receivable		7,724	15,053
		4,335,641	4,564,794
Equipment	5	124,790	135,002
Exploration and evaluation assets	6	1,074,414	1,014,424
Total Assets		5,534,845	5,714,220
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7	22,614	36,123
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	8	8,130,000	8,130,000
Reserves	8	5,145,746	5,220,129
Deficit		(7,763,515)	(7,672,032)
Total equity		5,512,231	5,678,097
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		5,534,845	5,714,220

Nature of operations and going concern

1
See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 18, 2013

<u>"Curt Huber"</u>
Director

"Sonny Janda"

Director

Maxtech Ventures Inc.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Loss
(Unaudited -Expressed in Canadian dollars except the number of shares)

Three months ended Six months ended January 31, January 31, Note 2013 2012 2013 2012 \$ \$ \$ \$ **Expenses** Amortization 6,530 10,754 13,055 18,647 31,208 Consulting 29,451 18,258 55,151 Office facilities and administration 19,069 12,872 31,663 29,246 Professional fees 8,350 5,871 12,850 22,766 Salaries and wages 3,252 3,762 7,941 7,245 Transfer agent, filing and stock exchange fees 1,142 3,776 5,596 4,782 6,028 6,028 Travel and promotion Loss before the following (67,794)(61,321)(126, 256)(119,922)Interest income 15,444 15,907 26,819 28,042 Other income (loss) (4,098)7,954 (7,932)Gain from recovery of impairment of long term investment 297,535 (49,512)Net income (loss) for the period (52,350)(91,483)197,723 Other comprehensive income (loss): Translation (loss) gain 8 638 1,727 Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities (66,110)4 89,130 (76,110)104,084 Comprehensive income (loss) 301,807 (117,822)39,618 (165,866)Basic and diluted income (loss) per (0.00)(0.00)share (0.00)0.01 Weighted average number of common

33,649,002

33,649,002

33,649,002

33,649,002

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

shares outstanding

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars except for number of shares)

	_	Share capital		Reserves				
	Note	Number	Amount	Foreign translation	Share-based payment	Investment revaluation	Deficit	Total equity
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, August 1, 2011 Corporate restructuring Unrealized gain on		33,649,002	8,130,000 –	(8,721) –	5,349,127 –	115,625 _	(7,477,661) (342,685)	6,108,370 (342,685)
marketable securities Net earnings for the period		<u>-</u>	- -	-	- -	104,084 –	- 197,723	104,084 197,723
Balance, January 31, 2012		33,649,002	8,130,000	(8,721)	5,349,127	219,709	(7,622,623)	6,067,492
Balance, August 1, 2012		33,649,002	8,130,000	(57,008)	5,349,127	(71,990)	(7,672,032)	5,678,097
Translation (loss) gain Unrealized loss from	8	-	-	1,727	-	-	-	1,727
marketable securities	8	-	-	-	-	(76,110)	-	(76,110)
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(91,483)	(91,483)
Balance, January 31, 2013		33,649,002	8,130,000	(55,281)	5,349,127	(148,100)	(7,763,515)	5,512,231

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

MAXTECH VENTURES INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Six Months Ended January 31,		
Cash provided by (used in)	Note	2013	2012
		\$	\$
Operating activities			
Income(loss) for the period		(91,483)	197,723
Items not involving cash			
Amortization		13,055	18,647
Gain from recovery of impaired investment		_	(297,535)
Changes in non-cash operating working capital			
Receivables		7,329	8,535
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(14,625)	(9,277)
Cash used in operating activities		(85,724)	(81,907)
Investing activities			
Acquisition of equipment		(2,008)	(21,021)
Increase of exploration and evaluation assets	6	(59,990)	(88,823)
Promissory note (issuance) redemption	9	614,268	(600,000)
Cash (used in) provided by investing activities		554,278	(709,844)
			<u> </u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5	468,554	(791,751)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		3,594,303	4,523,373
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		4,062,857	3,731,622
Represented by:			
Cash		4,062,857	686,040
Cash equivalents		_	3,045,582
		4,062,857	3,731,622
Supplementary information			
Cash paid during the period for income taxes			_
Cash received from interest income		26,819	

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013 (Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Maxtech Ventures Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on April 19, 2000 under the laws of the province of British Columbia, Canada, and its principal activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. The Company's shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "MVT". The head office, principal address and records office of the Company are located at 8338 - 120th Street, Surrey, BC V3W 3N4. The Company's registered address is 8338 - 120th Street, Surrey, BC V3W 3N4

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the second quarter ended January 31, 2013 (the "Interim Financial Statements") have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at January 31, 2013, the Company had not advanced its exploration and evaluation assets to commercial production and is not able to finance day to day activities through operations. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its mineral property exploration activities and its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. These uncertainties cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with cash and cash equivalents on hand and funds generated from private placements of common shares, if needed.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Statement of compliance

These Interim Financial Statements, including comparatives within, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34"), using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Report Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee. Any subsequent changes to IFRS, which are given effect to in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ending July 31, 2013, could result in revisions to these Interim Financial Statements.

These Interim Financial Statements do not include all of the information required of a full annual financial report and is intended to provide users with an update in relation to events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Company since the end of the last annual reporting period. It is therefore recommended that these Interim Financial Statements be read in conjunction with the most recent audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended July 31, 2012.

These Interim Financial Statements were approved and authorized by the Board of Directors on March 18, 2013.

b) Basis of consolidation and presentation

These Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, except for financial instruments measured at their fair value. These Interim Financial Statements are presented are in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted

These Interim Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries Maxtech Resources Private Limited ("MRPL") (incorporated in India) and its interest in the Julia property which is held through its 53% owned subsidiary Emerging Minerals (BC) Corp.("Emerging Minerals") (incorporated in Canada). All material intercompany balances and transactions between the Company and the subsidiaries have been eliminated.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013 (Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

c) Significant accounting policies

Significant estimates and assumptions

Significant estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions concerning the future. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Estimates and assumptions where there is significant risk of material adjustments to assets and liabilities in future accounting periods include the useful lives of equipment, the recoverability of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, fair value measurements for financial instruments, the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets, decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities and contingent liabilities.

Significant judgments

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies. The most significant judgments in applying the Company's financial statements include:

- The determination of whether an acquisition constitutes a business combination or an acquisition of assets:
- the classification of expenditures as exploration and evaluation expenditures or operating expenses;
- the classification of financial instruments; and
- the determination of the functional currency of the parent company and its subsidiaries.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

The Company's significant accounting policies have not changed since it most recent year ended July 31, 2012. Accounting standards issued but not yet effective are as follows. The Company is reviewing these future changes and the impacts have not yet determined.

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. IFRS 9 requires all recognized financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to be subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other financial assets including equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods.

Requirements for financial liabilities were added in October 2010 and they largely carried forward existing requirements in IAS 39, Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement, except that fair value changes due to credit risk for liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss would generally be recorded in other comprehensive income. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, requires an entity to consolidate an investee when it has power over the investee, is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. IFRS 10 replaces SIC-12, Consolidation—Special Purpose Entities and parts of IAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013 (Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

IFRS 11, Joint Arrangements, requires a Venturer to classify its interest in a joint arrangement as a joint venture or joint operation. Joint ventures will be accounted for using the equity method of accounting whereas for a joint operation the Venturer will recognize its share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the joint operation. Under existing IFRS, entities have the choice to proportionately consolidate or equity account for interests in joint ventures. IFRS 11 supersedes IAS 31, Interests in Joint Ventures, and SIC-13, Jointly Controlled Entities—Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers.

IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, establishes disclosure requirements for interests in other entities, such as subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates, and unconsolidated structured entities. The standard carries forward existing disclosures and also introduces significant additional disclosure that address the nature of, and risks associated with, an entity's interests in other entities.

IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, is a comprehensive standard for fair value measurement and disclosure for use across all IFRS standards. The new standard clarifies that fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, at the measurement date. Under existing IFRS, guidance on measuring and disclosing fair value is dispersed among the specific standards requiring fair value measurements and does not always reflect a clear measurement basis or consistent disclosures.

IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, has been amended to require entities to separate items presented in OCI into two groups, based on whether or not items may be recycled in the future. Entities that choose to present OCI items before tax will be required to show the amount of tax related to the two groups separately. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012 with earlier application permitted. IAS 19, Employee Benefits, has been amended to make significant changes to the recognition and measurement of defined benefit pension expense and termination benefits and to enhance the disclosure of all employee benefits. The amended standard requires immediate recognition of actuarial gains and losses in other comprehensive income as they arise, without subsequent recycling to net income. This is consistent with the Company's current accounting policy. Past service cost (which will now include curtailment gains and losses) will no longer be recognized over a service period but instead will be recognized immediately in the period of a plan amendment. Pension benefit cost will be split between (i) the cost of benefits accrued in the current period (service cost) and benefit changes (past-service cost, settlements and curtailments); and (ii) finance expense or income. The finance expense or income component will be calculated based on the net defined benefit asset or liability. A number of other amendments have been made to recognition, measurement and classification including redefining short term and other long-term benefits, guidance on the treatment taxes related to benefit plans, guidance on risk/cost sharing features, and expanded disclosures.

IAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation. These amendments address inconsistencies when applying the offsetting requirements, and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.

Financial statement presentation

In June 2011, the IASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued amendments to standards to align the presentation requirements for other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" to require companies preparing financial statements under IFRS to group items within OCI that may be reclassified to the profit or loss. The amendments also reaffirm existing requirements that items in OCI and profit or loss should be presented as either a single statement or two consecutive statements. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2012.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013 (Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company designates its marketable securities as available-for-sale. As at January 31, 2013 and July 31, 2012, the Company's marketable securities consisted of common shares publicly traded on Canadian stock exchanges. During the 6 months ended January 31, 2012 ("2013 Six Months"), the Company recorded \$76,110 unrealized loss (2012 Six Months – unrealized gain of \$104,084) to its investment revaluation reserve and other comprehensive income as a result of revaluating the fair values of these marketable securities (Note 8). Details of the Company's marketable securities are as follows:

	January 31, 2013	July 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Cost	443,080	443,080
Unrealized gain (loss) of the marketable securities on hand	(178,020)	(101,910)
Fair value	265,060	341,170

5. EQUIPMENT

	Field equipment	Office equipment	Vehicle	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Cost:					
At July 31, 2011	151,809	18,472	16,530	186,811	
Additions	-	-	13,081	13,081	
Disposals	-	-	(2,282)	(2,282)	
At July 31, 2012	151,809	18,472	27,329	197,610	
Additions	2,008	-	-	2,008	
Disposals	-	-	-	_	
At January 31, 2013	153,817	18,472	27,329	199,618	
Amortization:					
At July 31, 2011	21,971	3,254	1,653	26,878	
Charge for the period	26,295	2,995	4,041	33,331	
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(118)	(118)	
At July 31, 2012	48,266	6,249	5,576	60,091	
Charge for the period	9,850	1,050	2,155	13,055	
At January 31, 2013	58,116	7,299	7,731	73,146	
Foreign exchange effects:					
At July 31, 2012	(617)	(1,693)	(207)	(2,517)	
At January 31, 2013	(265)	(584)	(833)	(1,682)	
Net book value:					
At July 31, 2012	102,926	10,530	21,546	135,002	
At January 31, 2013	95,436	10,589	18,765	124,790	

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013 (Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Ariane	Guercheville	Julia	Lalitpur	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at July 31, 2011	357,168	359,039	358,857	128,455	1,203,519
43-101 report	-	-	6,500	-	6,500
Acquisition and renewal	13,306	-	-	-	13,306
Analytical/assays	19,507	-	-	36,064	55,571
Transfer (Note 4)	-	(359,039)	-	-	(359,039)
Geologist and geophysics	-	-	(12,105)	55,464	43,359
Laboratory testing	-	-	8,685	-	8,685
Management	-	-	-	15,998	15,998
Mapping	7,511	-	-	-	7,511
Supplies	-	-	-	18,444	18,444
Travelling and lodging	-	-	-	570	570
As at July 31, 2012	397,492	-	361,937	254,995	1,014,424
Acquisition and renewal	914	-	-	-	914
Analytical/assays	-	-	-	4,080	4,080
Geologist and geophysics	-	-	-	26,682	26,682
Management	-	-	-	9,800	9,800
Supplies	-	-	-	6,784	6,784
Travelling and lodging	-	-	-	11,730	11,730
As at January 31, 2013	398,406	-	361,937	314,071	1,074,414

Ariane

The Company's Ariane property consists of prospective gold/copper mineral interests in the Abitibi region of Quebec.

Lalitpur Reconnaissance Permit

In March 2010, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, MRPL, was granted a Reconnaissance Permit ("RP") in the Lalitpur District, State of Uttar Pradesh, India to explore for iron ore, gold and platinum group minerals.

The RP expires on March 29, 2013. The Company has applied for a Prospecting License (PL), which allows for advanced exploration on the property. As at January 31, 2013, the PL is still proceeding through the approval process.

Julia

By an option agreement dated November 30, 2005 and amended September 7, 2006, the Company acquired a 50% interest, subject to a 2% net smelter royalty, of various mineral claims located in the Atlin Mining Division of British Columbia (the "Julia Property").

On May 31, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with the Optionor whereby the Company and the Optionor agreed to transfer their interests in the Julia Property to Emerging Minerals. The Company and the Optionor were each issued 16,500,000 shares of Emerging Minerals. On the same date, the Company and the Optionor agreed that the Company contributed \$210,000 over and above the originally agreed upon expenditures and an additional 2,100,000 shares of Emerging Minerals were issued to the Company in return for these expenditures. As a result, the Company now holds 53% of Emerging Minerals.

All the Company's mineral claims are in good standing as at the issuance date of these Interim Financial Statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013 (Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	January 31, 2013	July 31, 2012
	\$	\$
Trade payables	9,914	18,123
Accrued liabilities	12,700	18,000
	22,614	36,123

8. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares without par value authorized

Stock Options

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan (the "Plan"). The essential elements of the Plan provide that the aggregate number of shares of the Company's capital stock issuable pursuant to options granted under the Plan may not exceed 20% of the outstanding shares. Options granted under the Plan may have a maximum term of five (5) years. The exercise price of options granted under the Plan will not be less than the closing price of the Company's shares on the TSX-V on the trading day immediately before the date of grant, less the discount permitted under the TSX-V policies, subject to a minimum of \$0.10 per common share. Stock options granted under the Plan vest over a period of 18 months from the date of grant and vesting of the options shall occur equally every six months.

The Company has not issued stock options during the six months ended January 31, 2013. As at July 31 and January 31, 2013, the Company did not have any stock options outstanding.

Share base payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve records items recognized as stock-based compensation expense and other share-based payments until such time that the stock options or warrants are exercised, at which time the corresponding amount will be transferred to share capital.

Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve records unrealized exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations that have a functional currency other than the Company's reporting currency. During six months ended January 31, 2013, the Company recorded \$1,727 translation gain (2012 Six Months – translation gain of \$nil) to its foreign currency translation reserve.

Investment revaluation reserve

The investment revaluation reserve records unrealized gains and losses arising on the available-for-sale financial assets, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary items.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On June 16, 2011, the Company advanced \$600,000 (the "Amount") to Chimata. The Amount was unsecured and had a stated interest rate of 8%. Principal and accrued interest in the amount of \$674,000 was due on December 31, 2012. Chimata negotiated an interest rate reduction in exchange for an early repayment of the loan. The Company received a payment of \$614,268 as full repayment of the Amount on August 23, 2012.

During 2013 Six Months, the Company incurred \$7,981 (2012 Six Months - \$11,700) in consulting fees to its CFO and \$30,000 (2012 Six Months - \$Nil) in consulting fees to its President. As at January 31, 2013, the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities included \$2,200 (July 31, 2012 - \$1,575) and \$Nil (July 31, 2012 - \$5,000) owing to the Company's CFO and the President respectively. These amounts are due on demand, unsecured, and non-interest bearing.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Second Quarter Ended January 31, 2013 (Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

10. SEGMENT DISCLOSURES

The Company considers itself to operate in a single reportable operating segment, being exploration and development of mineral properties. Geographic segment disclosures are as follows:

	Total		Exploration and	Current
	Assets	Equipment	Evaluation Assets	Assets
	\$	\$	\$	\$
January 31,				
2013				
India	353,578	20,225	314,071	19,282
Canada	5,181,267	104,565	760,343	4,316,359
	5,534,845	124,790	1,074,414	4,335,641
July 31, 2012				
India	296,072	21,547	254,996	19,531
Canada	5,418,148	113,456	759,428	4,545,262
·	5,714,220	135,003	1,014,424	4,564,793