

**RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

*Audit. Tax. Advisory.*

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholders of Renforth Resources Inc.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Renforth Resources Inc. (the "Company"), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Material uncertainty related to going concern**

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss during the year ended December 31, 2023. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that material uncertainties exist that cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Except for the matter described in Material uncertainty related to going concern section, we have determined that there were no additional key audit matters to communicate in our report.

## **Other information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risks of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# McGovern Hurley

The engagement partner of the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Soheil Talebi.

**McGovern Hurley LLP**

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "McGovern Hurley LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

**Chartered Professional Accountants  
Licensed Public Accountants**

Toronto, Ontario  
April 16, 2024

**RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.****Statements of Financial Position**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	As at December 31, 2023	As at December 31, 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash	\$ 356,578	\$ 558,071
Marketable securities (note 5)	-	1,698,621
Sales tax and tax credits recoverable	218,631	344,139
Prepaid expenses and deposits	84,988	69,185
Total current assets	660,197	2,670,016
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 660,197</b>	<b>\$ 2,670,016</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	\$ 473,328	\$ 572,018
Flow through share premium (note 8(b))	109,427	191,350
Total current liabilities	582,755	763,368
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>582,755</b>	<b>763,368</b>
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>		
Share capital (note 8 (b))	22,809,368	22,585,929
Warrant reserve (note 8 (c))	286,063	200,663
Contributed surplus	4,978,880	4,978,880
Accumulated deficit	(27,996,869)	(25,858,824)
Total equity	77,442	1,906,648
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 660,197</b>	<b>\$ 2,670,016</b>

Going concern (note 1)

Commitments and contingencies (notes 6 and 11)

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

Approved by the Board

Signed:

"Nicole Brewster", Director

Signed:

"Wally Rudensky", Director

**RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.****Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss**

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2023	2022
<b>Expenses</b>		
General and corporate (notes 7 and 13)	\$ 599,793	\$ 953,131
Share-based payments (note 8(d))	-	76,000
Exploration expenditures (notes 6)	1,747,682	1,790,576
<b>Loss before other items</b>	<b>\$(2,347,475)</b>	<b>\$(2,819,707)</b>
<b>Other items</b>		
Flow through share premium	191,350	268,008
Gain on settlement of debt	13,333	42,372
Investment income	6,159	-
Loss on sale of marketable securities (note 5)	(2,158,020)	(19,170)
Unrealized gain (loss) of marketable securities (note 5)	2,156,608	(1,133,665)
<b>Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year</b>	<b>(2,138,045)</b>	<b>(3,662,162)</b>
<b>Basic and diluted loss per share (note 9)</b>	<b>\$ (0.01)</b>	<b>\$ (0.01)</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

**RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.****Statements of Changes in Equity**

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share capital	Share capital	Contributed surplus	Warrant reserve	Deficit	Total
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Balance, December 31, 2021</b>	280,166,846	21,289,414	4,399,909	402,491	(22,196,662)	3,895,152
Share based payments	-	-	76,000	-	-	76,000
Units issued for private placement	39,050,000	1,368,186	-	189,914	-	1,558,100
Broker warrants	-	-	-	23,880	-	23,880
Issue costs	-	(94,599)	-	(13,131)	-	(107,730)
Flow through share premium	-	(191,350)	-	-	-	(191,350)
Shares issue to settle debt	7,142,608	214,278	-	-	-	214,278
Gain on settlement of debt	-	-	100,480	-	-	100,480
Expiry of warrants	-	-	402,491	(402,491)	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(3,662,162)	(3,662,162)
<b>Balance December 31, 2022</b>	326,359,454	22,585,929	4,978,880	200,663	(25,858,824)	1,906,648
<b>Balance, December 31, 2022</b>	326,359,454	22,585,929	4,978,880	200,663	(25,858,824)	1,906,648
Units issued for private placement	13,709,998	333,700	-	85,400	-	419,100
Issue costs	-	(17,500)	-	-	-	(17,500)
Flow through share premium	-	(109,427)	-	-	-	(109,427)
Shares issued to settle debt	666,666	16,666	-	-	-	16,666
Net income and comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	(2,138,045)	(2,138,045)
<b>Balance December 31, 2023</b>	340,736,118	22,809,368	4,978,880	286,063	(27,996,869)	77,442

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*



**RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.****Statements of Cash Flows**

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2023	2022
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>		
Net loss for the year	\$ (2,138,045)	\$ (3,662,162)
Items not affecting cash:		
Share based payments	-	76,000
Loss on sale of shares	2,158,020	19,170
Unrealized gain (loss) of marketable securities	(2,156,608)	1,133,665
Gain on settlement of debt	(13,333)	(42,372)
Flow through share premium	(191,350)	(268,008)
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Sales tax and refundable tax credits receivable	125,508	(189,429)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(68,691)	439,188
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(15,803)	(26,492)
Total cash flows (used in) operating activities	(2,300,302)	(2,520,440)
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>		
Proceeds on sale of marketable securities	1,697,209	12,830
Total cash flows from investing activities	1,697,209	12,830
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Issue of units	419,100	1,558,100
Share issue costs	(17,500)	(83,850)
Total cash flows from financing activities	401,600	1,474,250
Decrease in cash	(201,493)	(1,033,360)
Cash, beginning of year	558,071	1,591,431
Cash, end of year	\$ 356,578	\$ 558,071

*Supplemental information (note 12)**The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

## **RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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## **1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN**

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### **Nature of business**

Renforth Resources Inc. (the “Company” or “Renforth”), was incorporated in Canada under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) and carries on business in one segment, being the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Canada. The Company’s registered and head office is located at Unit 1B 955 Brock Road, Pickering, Ontario.

These financial statements were approved by the board on April 16, 2024.

The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of amounts spent on exploration and evaluation assets and the Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, or the ability of the Company to raise additional financing, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to government licensing requirements or regulations, First Nations claims, unregistered prior agreements, social licensing requirements, unregistered claims, and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements. The Company may also be subject to increases in taxes and royalties, renegotiation of contracts and political uncertainties.

### **Going concern assumption**

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations in the foreseeable future.

These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities that would be necessary if the Company were unable to obtain adequate financing. Such adjustments could be material. The Company has incurred a net loss of \$2,138,045 for the year ended December 31, 2023 (2022 – net loss of \$3,662,162) and has an accumulated deficit of \$27,996,869 (December 31, 2022 - \$25,858,824) and a working capital surplus of \$77,442 (December 31, 2022 –\$1,906,648) as at December 31, 2023.

The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon the continued financial support from its shareholders, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary equity financing to continue operations and the attainment of profitable operations. These material uncertainties raise significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The recoverability of the costs incurred to date on exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, maintaining title and beneficial interest in the properties, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of its properties and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the properties. The Company will periodically have to raise funds to continue operations and, although it has been successful in doing so in the past, there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future.

## **RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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## **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE**

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### **Basis of presentation**

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments carried at fair value. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

These financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are published at the time of preparation and that are effective for the Company's reporting date.

### **Functional currency**

The presentation currency of the Company and the functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar.

### **Critical judgments and estimation uncertainties**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Company's management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes to the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results may differ from those estimates and these differences could be material.

The areas which require management to make significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

- **Income, value added, withholding and other taxes**

The Company is subject to income, value added, withholding and other taxes. Significant judgment is required in determining the Company's provisions for taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. The determination of the Company's income, value added, withholding and other tax liabilities requires interpretation of complex laws and regulations. The Company's interpretation of taxation law as applied to transactions and activities may not coincide with the interpretation of the tax authorities. All tax related filings are subject to government audit and potential reassessment subsequent to the financial statement reporting period. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the tax related accruals and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

- **Share-based payments**

Management determines costs for share-based payments using market-based valuation techniques. The fair value of the market-based and performance-based share awards are determined at the date of grant using generally accepted valuation techniques. Assumptions are made and judgment used in applying valuation techniques. These assumptions and judgments include estimating the future volatility of the stock price, expected dividend yield, future employee turnover rates and future employee stock option exercise behaviors and corporate performance. Such judgments and assumptions are inherently uncertain. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value estimates.

## **RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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## **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE (continued)**

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- Contingences (note 11)

- Valuation of the refundable mining duties credit and the refundable tax credit for resources

The refundable mining duties credit and the refundable tax credit for resources for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from the taxation authorities using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date. Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of tax regulations, including the mining duties credit and the tax credit for resources for which certain expenditures could be disallowed by the taxation authorities in the calculation of credits, and the amount and timing of their collection. The calculation of the Company's mining duties credit and tax credit for resources necessarily involves a degree of estimation and judgment in respect of certain items whose tax treatment cannot be finally determined until a notice of assessments and payments has been received from the relevant taxation authority. Differences arising between the actual results following the final resolution of some of these items and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate adjustments to the mining duties credit and tax credit for resources, and the income tax expense in future periods.

## **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

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### **Exploration and evaluation expenditures**

Exploration expenditures are the costs incurred in the initial search for mineral deposits with economic potential, including acquisition costs. Exploration expenditures typically include costs associated with prospecting, sampling, mapping, diamond drilling and other work involved in searching for ore. All exploration expenditures are expensed as incurred.

When economically viable reserves have been determined and the decision to proceed with development has been approved, the expenditures incurred subsequent to this date related to development and construction are capitalized as construction-in-process and classified as a component of property, plant and equipment.

Mining properties and process facility assets are amortized upon commencement of commercial production either on a unit-of-production basis over measured and indicated resources included in the mine plan or the life of mine.

### **Quebec refundable tax credit and refundable mining duty**

The Company is entitled to a credit on duties refundable under the Mining Duties Act. This credit on duties on exploration costs incurred in the Province of Quebec has been recognized as a reduction to exploration expenditures in the statement of loss.

Furthermore, the Company is entitled to a refundable tax credit on qualified expenditures incurred. The refundable tax credit for exploration expenditures is 28% of qualified expenditures incurred.

The Company estimates the benefits to be recognized from refundable tax credits relating to qualified expenditures incurred. These receivables are recognized to the extent that it is probable that the Company has met all eligibility requirements for the expenditures in the period they are incurred. The Company presents these credits as a reduction to exploration expenses in the statement of loss.

## **RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.**

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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### **3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

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#### **Decommissioning, restoration and environmental rehabilitation**

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs arises when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising for the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying value of the asset, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either the unit-of-production or the straight-line method. The related liability is adjusted for each period for the unwinding of the discount rate and for changes to the current market based discount rate and the amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage which is created on an ongoing basis during production are provided for at their net present values and charged against profits as extraction progresses.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs as the disturbance to date is minimal.

#### **Income taxes**

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded using the asset and liability method, providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: goodwill not-deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting or taxable loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a future tax asset will be recovered, the tax asset is not recognized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### **Flow-through shares**

Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share subscription agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying expenditures to flow-through investors. On issuance, the Company allocates a portion of the subscription proceeds as a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, that investors pay for the flowthrough feature, which is recognized as a flow-through share liability. As expenditures are incurred and applied against the Company's associated flow-through commitment, the flow-through share liability is reduced proportionately, charged as a deferred income tax recovery in operations.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

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A deferred tax liability is recognized, in accordance with IAS 12, *Income Taxes*, for the taxable temporary difference that arises from the difference between the carrying amount of eligible expenditures capitalized as an asset in the statement of financial position and its tax base.

The Company indemnifies subscribers of flow-through shares for any tax related amounts that become due as a result of the Company not meeting its flow-through share related obligations.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and balances with banks and short term deposits with original maturities of three months or less. The deposits are held in a Canadian chartered bank or financial institution.

#### Income (Loss) per share

Basic income (loss) per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding. Diluted income (loss) per share assumes that any proceeds from the exercise of dilutive stock options and warrants would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period, with the incremental number of shares being included in the denominator of the diluted earnings per share calculation.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, all issued and outstanding warrants and options were anti-dilutive and were excluded from the diluted income (loss) per share calculations. Refer to note 9 for details of the diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### Share-based payments

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") which is discussed in note 8(d). The Company uses the fair value-based method of accounting for stock-based compensation arrangements. The fair value of each option granted is accounted for in operations over the vesting period of the option using the Black-Scholes option pricing model at the date of grant, with the related increase to contributed surplus. Upon exercise of the stock options, the consideration paid, together with the amount previously recognized in contributed surplus, is recorded as an increase in share capital. At each reporting date, the amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of stock options that are expected to vest.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service.

#### Foreign currency translation

The functional and reporting currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. At each financial position reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated to the Canadian dollar at the exchange rate at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in net loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

#### Share issue costs

Costs incurred for the issue of common shares are deducted from share capital.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

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#### Financial Instruments

Financial assets

##### *Initial recognition and measurement*

Non-derivative financial assets within the scope of IFRS 9 are classified and measured as “financial assets at fair value”, as either fair value through profit or loss (“FVPL”) or fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”), and “financial assets at amortized costs”, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at the time of initial recognition based on the Company’s business model and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not at FVPL, directly attributable transaction costs on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining their classification at FVPL or at amortized cost. Cash and amounts receivable held for collection of contractual cash flows are measured at amortized cost.

##### *Subsequent measurement – financial assets at amortized cost*

After initial recognition, financial assets measured at amortized cost are subsequently measured at the end of each reporting period at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate (“EIR”) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the statements of loss.

##### *Subsequent measurement – Financial assets at FVPL*

Financial assets measured at FVPL include financial assets management intends to sell in the short term and any derivative financial instrument that is not designated as a hedging instrument in a hedge relationship. Financial assets measured at FVPL are carried at fair value in the statements of financial position with changes in fair value recognized in other income or expense in the statements of loss. The Company’s marketable securities are measured at FVPL.

##### *Subsequent measurement – Financial assets at FVOCI*

Financial assets measured at FVOCI are non-derivative financial assets that are not held for trading and the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to measure the assets at FVOCI. The Company does not measure any financial assets at FVOCI.

After initial measurement, investments measured at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income or loss in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). When the investment is sold, the cumulative gain or loss remains in accumulated other comprehensive income or loss and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends from such investments are recognized in other income in the statements of loss when the right to receive payments is established.

##### *Derecognition*

A financial asset is derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or the Company no longer retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

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#### *Impairment of financial assets*

The Company's only financial assets subject to impairment are amounts receivable, which are measured at amortized cost. The Company has elected to apply the simplified approach to impairment as permitted by IFRS 9, which requires the expected lifetime loss to be recognized at the time of initial recognition of the receivable. To measure estimated credit losses, amounts receivable have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, including the number of days past due. An impairment loss is reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the expected loss decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the initial impairment was recognized.

#### *Financial liabilities*

##### *Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVPL as is the case for held for trading or derivative instruments, or the Company has opted to measure the financial liability at FVPL. The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, which are each measured at amortized cost. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in the case of long-term debt, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

##### *Subsequent measurement – financial liabilities at amortized cost*

After initial recognition, financial liabilities measured at amortized cost are subsequently measured at the end of each reporting period at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate ("EIR") method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance cost in the statements of loss.

##### *Derecognition*

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires with any associated gain or loss recognized in other income or expense in the statements of loss.

##### *Fair Value Hierarchy*

The Company has a three-tier hierarchy as a framework for disclosing fair value based on inputs used to value the Company's financial instruments. The hierarchy of inputs is summarized below:

- Level 1 - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. An active market is one in which transactions for the assets occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis;
- Level 2 - inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 - inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The classification of a financial instrument in the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the measurement of fair value. Marketable securities are recognized as level 1.

#### **Recent accounting pronouncements and accounting policy change**

Various IFRS standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements of existing standards have been recently announced which will apply for future periods. This included IAS 1. These new standards and changes are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.



## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements (“IAS 1”) was amended in January 2020 to provide a more general approach to the classification of liabilities under IAS 1 based on the contractual arrangements in place at the reporting date. The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or noncurrent is based solely on a company’s right to defer settlement at the reporting date. The right needs to be unconditional and must have substance. The amendments also clarify that the transfer of a company’s own equity instruments is regarded as settlement of a liability, unless it results from the exercise of a conversion option meeting the definition of an equity instrument. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on January 1, 2024.

### 4. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The capital of the Company consists of share capital, warrants and contributed surplus. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company’s management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration and evaluation stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company’s capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

### 5. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company received 12 million class A common shares of Radisson Mining Resources Inc. as part of the sale of an exploration project. During 2023, the remaining 11,900,000 shares were sold for proceeds of \$1,663,830 resulting in a realized loss on sale of \$2,145,169. The total previously recorded unrealized loss was reversed upon the sale of the shares.

On July 28, 2021, the Company received 21,603 common shares of O3 Mining Inc. as part of the sale of the Denain/Pershing Project (note 6), with a market value of \$46,230 on the date of sale, based on the quoted market price of the shares on the date of sale. All the shares were sold in May 2023, resulting in a loss on sale of \$12,851.

### 6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES

	2023	2022	Cumulative
Parbec	\$ 35,299	\$ 93,719	\$ 5,810,850
Nixon Bartelman	733	743	161,819
Malartic West/Surimeau	1,711,650	1,637,138	5,266,001
Quebec mining tax refund	-	-	(67,521)
Other	-	58,976	338,976
	<b>\$ 1,747,682</b>	<b>\$ 1,790,576</b>	<b>\$ 11,510,125</b>

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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#### 6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

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##### Nixon Bartleman Property

The Company owns a 100% interest in the Nixon-Bartleman Property, subject to a 2.5% (Net Smelter Return “NSR”) royalty.

##### Parbec Gold Project

In March 2019, Renforth acquired 100% ownership interest in the Parbec Gold Project for the following consideration:

- An additional 1% Gross Metal Royalty on the Parbec Project, in addition to the existing gross metal royalty on the property of between 1% and 2% (percentage calculated in relationship to the prevailing price of gold at the time of delivery).
- 5,000,000 shares from Treasury (issued March 27, 2019 along with the 2,500,000 for the original extension agreement. Should Renforth consolidate its shares in the next 4 years Globex will receive an additional 1,500,000 shares post-consolidation,
- Upon the commencement of commercial mining at Parbec a one-time payment shall be made to Globex of \$1,000,000, adjusted for inflation and subject to the deduction of any advance royalty payments made (a \$50,000 annual advance royalty payment commencing in 2023). In consideration of these payments Globex shall grant to Renforth a one-time right of first refusal on the sale of all or any part of Globex’s GMR.

##### Surimeau/Malartic West

The Company owns 100% interest in the Malartic West Property. The property is subject to a 2% NSR and a 2% gross overriding receipts royalty on all diamonds extracted. There is a right to buy back 1% of the royalty for \$1,000,000.

##### Bousquet

On November 11, 2020, the Company acquired the Bousquet property (located in the Quebec-Cadillac camp) by the issuance of 4,000,000 common shares. At the date of issuance, the shares had a market value of \$280,000, based on the quoted market price of the Company’s shares on the date of issuance.

#### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

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(a) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management includes members of the board of directors, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. The aggregate value of transactions relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence were as follows for years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	2023	2022
Salary or other short-term benefits	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000
	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000

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## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

(b) Other related party balances and transactions

The Company engages Minroc Management Limited (“Minroc”), a geological consulting company, to manage the Company’s exploration programs. The Company’s CEO, Nicole Brewster, is a controlling shareholder of Minroc. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company was charged \$1,440,315 (2022 - \$1,447,390) in exploration related expenditures, and \$120,000 (2022 - \$120,000) in management fees for the CEO, of which \$90,000 (2022 - \$90,000) was recorded as exploration expenditures and \$30,000 (2022 - \$30,000) was charged to general and corporate expense on the statement of loss. The Company also rents office space from Minroc and was charged \$24,600 in 2022. As at December 31, 2023, there was \$170,000 (December 31, 2022 - \$50,000) in accrued management fees due to Minroc. This amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment. On July 29, 2022, the Company settled debt with Minroc in the amount of \$180,800 by the issuance of 3,616,000 common shares. The shares had a market value of \$108,480, and therefore resulted in a gain on settlement of \$72,320. The gain was recognized in contributed surplus.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company was charged \$60,000 (2022 - \$60,000) in management fees by a corporation owned by the CFO of the Company, for CFO services. As at December 31, 2023, \$79,100 (December 31, 2022 - \$28,250) was owing to this corporation and included in accounts payable. This amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment. On July 29, 2022, the Company settled debt with CFO in the amount of \$70,400 by the issuance of 1,408,000 common shares. The shares had a market value of \$42,240, and therefore resulted in a gain on settlement of \$28,160. These gains were recognized in contributed surplus.

#### 8. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Shares authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred and common shares without nominal or par value. No preferred shares have been issued.

b) Common shares issued and outstanding

Details of shares issued and outstanding are as follows:

	Shares	Amount
<b>Balance December 31, 2021</b>	<b>280,166,846</b>	<b>21,289,414</b>
Shares issued to settle debt with related parties (i)	5,024,000	150,720
Shares issued to settle debt	2,118,608	63,558
Shares issued under private placement (ii)	39,050,000	1,558,100
Valuation of warrants (ii)	-	(189,914)
Flow through share premium (ii)	-	(191,350)
Share issue costs (ii)	-	(94,599)
<b>Balance December 31, 2022</b>	<b>326,359,454</b>	<b>\$ 22,585,929</b>
Shares issued under private placement (iii)	13,709,998	419,100
Valuation of warrants (iii)	-	(85,400)
Share issued costs (iii)	-	(17,500)
Flow through share premium (iii)	-	(109,427)
Shares issued to settle debt	666,666	16,666
<b>Balance December 31, 2023</b>	<b>340,736,118</b>	<b>\$ 22,809,368</b>

- (i) On July 29, 2022, the Company settled debt in the amount of \$251,200 associated with services rendered to Renforth by the President and CEO and the CFO. A total of 5,024,000 shares were issued to discharge this debt in full. The shares had a fair market value on the date of issuance of \$150,720. See note 7.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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#### 8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

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- (ii) Between October 28 and November 22, 2022, the Company closed a private placement with proceeds of \$1,558,100 raised through the issuance of 780,000 common units at \$0.035 per unit and 38,270,000 flow through units at \$0.04 per flow through unit. Each unit, consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.06 for a period of 24 months. Each flow through unit, consisted of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.06 for a period of 24 months. The warrants were assigned a value of \$189,914, using the Black Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: risk free interest rate 3.91%; expected volatility of 107%; expected dividend yield of 0% and an expected life of 1 year. In connection with the offering, the Company paid cash commissions of \$83,850 and issued 2,257,500 compensation warrants (\$0.05 exercise price for a period of 24 months) with a value of \$23,880. Compensation warrants were valued using the same assumptions as the warrants.
- (iii) On May 18, 2023, the Company closed a private placement with proceeds of \$22,500 raised through the issuance of 450,000 common units at \$0.05 per unit. Each unit, consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.05 for a period of 36 months. The warrants were assigned a value of \$9,160, using the Black Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: risk free interest rate 3.73%; expected volatility of 131%; expected dividend yield of 0% and an expected life of 3 years.

Between December 15 and December 22, 2023, the Company closed a private placement with proceeds of \$396,600 raised through the issuance of 300,000 common units at \$0.026 per unit and 12,959,998 flow through units at \$0.03 per flow through unit. Each unit, consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.05 for a period of 24 months. Each flow through unit, consisted of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.05 for a period of 18 months. The warrants were assigned a value of \$76,240, using the Black Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: risk free interest rate 3.99%; expected volatility of 171-186%; expected dividend yield of 0% and an expected life of 1.5 - 2 years. In connection with the offering, the Company paid cash commissions of \$17,500.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## 8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

### c) Share purchase warrants

The following summarizes the activity during the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Warrants outstanding	Estimated grant date value
Balance at December 31, 2021	27,008,864	\$ 402,491
Issued	22,172,500	200,663
Expired	(27,008,864)	(402,491)
Balance at December 31, 2022	22,172,500	200,663
Issued	7,229,999	84,500
Balance at December 31, 2023	29,402,500	\$ 286,063

Summary of warrants outstanding as at December 31, 2023:

Outstanding	Estimated grant Date fair value	Exercise price	Expiry Date	Weighted average remaining Life
#	\$	\$		years
8,722,500	83,180	0.06	28-Oct-24	0.83
1,050,000	11,107	0.05	28-Oct-24	0.83
5,692,500	54,285	0.06	16-Nov-24	0.88
437,500	4,628	0.05	16-Nov-24	0.88
5,500,000	52,449	0.06	22-Nov-24	0.90
770,000	8,145	0.05	22-Nov-24	0.90
450,000	9,160	0.05	18-May-26	2.38
5,479,999	61,917	0.05	15-May-25	1.37
1,000,000	11,298	0.05	22-May-25	1.39
300,000	3,025	0.05	22-Dec-25	1.98
Issue costs	(13,131)			
29,402,499	286,063			1.01

### d) Stock option plan

The Company has a stock option plan which provides for the granting of options to purchase common shares to a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company to officers, directors, and other service providers at the discretion of the directors. Each option granted under this plan shall be exercisable for a maximum period of five years from the date the option is granted to the optionee. Stock options vest over a period of 12 months.

On May 5, 2022, the Company issued 2,000,000 options to a consultant of the Company exercisable for a period of three years at an exercise price of \$0.065 per option. The options vested immediately on the date of grant. The fair value of the options was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: current share price \$0.06, expected volatility of 104%; expected dividend yield of 0%; risk-free interest rate of 2.74%; and expected life of 3 years. The options were valued at \$76,000.

Expected volatility in the above valuations was based on historical volatility of the Company.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

As at December 31, 2023, the weighted average exercise price of options outstanding and options exercisable were as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding – beginning of year	17,200,000	\$ 0.068	19,050,000	\$ 0.066
Granted	-	-	2,000,000	\$ 0.065
Expired/forfeited	(5,150,000)	\$ 0.050	(3,850,000)	\$ 0.050
<b>Outstanding – end of year</b>	<b>12,050,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.072</b>	<b>17,200,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.068</b>
<b>Exercisable – end of year</b>	<b>12,050,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.072</b>	<b>17,200,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.068</b>

As at December 31, 2023 the Company had the following stock options outstanding:

Number of Options Outstanding	Exercise Price (\$'s)	Expiry Date	Number of Options Exercisable	Weighted Average Remaining Life (years)
1,300,000	0.070	30-Jan-24	1,300,000	0.05
2,300,000	0.050	29-May-25	2,300,000	1.41
2,550,000	0.080	06-Apr-26	2,550,000	2.27
3,900,000	0.085	15-Nov-26	3,900,000	2.88
2,000,000	0.065	05-May-25	2,000,000	1.35
<b>12,050,000</b>	<b>0.072</b>		<b>12,050,000</b>	<b>1.91</b>

#### 9. LOSS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted loss per common share:

	2023	2022
Numerator:		
Net loss attributable to common shareholders		
- basic and diluted	\$ (2,138,045)	\$ (3,662,162)
Denominator:		
Weighted average common shares outstanding		
- basic	327,525,326	288,392,990
- diluted	327,525,326	288,392,990
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)

The warrants and options outstanding were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share in all years presented because their impact was anti-dilutive.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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## 10. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

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The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below. There have been no significant changes in the risks, objectives, policies and procedures for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

### Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Cash is held with reputable financial institutions, from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to these items is remote.

### Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2023, the Company had a cash balance of \$356,578 (December 31, 2022 – \$558,071) to settle current liabilities of \$582,755 (December 31, 2022 - \$763,368).

### Market risk

#### (a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and no long-term debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks.

#### (b) Foreign exchange risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and all major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. Management believes the foreign exchange risk is negligible and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk. The Company does not hold balances in foreign currencies to give rise to exposure to foreign exchange risk.

#### (c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Commodity price risk is remote since the Company is not a producing entity. The Company's marketable securities were subject to equity price risk prior to their disposition. The values of those investments would fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, the price of metals or other factors affecting the value of the investments.

### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The Company measures its cash, amounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, at amortized cost.

As at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the fair values of Company's financial instruments approximate their carrying values, given their short-term nature.

The fair value of financial assets at FVPL is determined by reference to their quoted closing bid price at the reporting date.

## 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

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(a) See note 6 for additional commitments and contingencies on evaluation and exploration assets.

(b) The Company renounced \$388,800 of qualifying exploration expenditures to the shareholders effective December 31, 2023. Under the "look back" provision governing flow-through shares, \$388,800 of the amount has to be spent by December 31, 2024. Certain interpretations are required to assess the eligibility of flowthrough expenditures that if changed, could result in the denial of renunciation.

## RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

- (c) The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

#### 12. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION – STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2023	2022
Debt settlement by issuance of shares	\$ 30,000	\$ 357,130
Warrants issued for broker compensation	\$ -	\$ 23,808

#### 13. GENERAL AND CORPORATE EXPENSES

	2023	2022
Management compensation	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000
Legal and audit	49,055	43,215
Consulting services	339,031	678,391
Insurance	8,150	11,979
Transfer agent	4,150	11,212
Administrative and general	50,531	85,670
Listing fees	58,876	32,664
	\$ 599,793	\$ 953,131

#### 14. INCOME TAXES

##### a) Provision for Income Taxes - Current

Major items causing the Company's income tax rate to differ from the Canadian statutory rate of approximately 26.5% (2022 – 26.50%) were as follows:

	2023	2022
Loss before income taxes	\$ (2,138,045)	\$ (3,662,162)
Statutory rate applied to loss for the year before income taxes	\$ (567,000)	\$ (970,000)
Increase (decrease) in taxes resulting from:		
Non-deductible stock-based compensation	-	20,000
Flow-through renunciation	-	-
Other items	409,000	79,000
Deferred tax assets not recognized	158,000	871,000
Deferred income tax provision (recovery)	\$ -	\$ -



**RENFORTH RESOURCES INC.****Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

**14. INCOME TAXES (continued)****b) Deferred Income Tax**

Deferred income tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following deductible temporary differences:

	2023	2022
Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities		
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	\$ 113,000	\$ -
Investments	-	2,109,000
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	6,538,000	4,949,000
Other temporary differences	5,000	5,000
Share issue costs	122,000	177,000
	\$ 6,778,000	\$ 7,240,000

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because it is not probable that future taxable-profits will be available against which the Company will be able to use the benefits.