

### INTERIM UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the three month period ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

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#### Notice of no auditor review of interim financial statements:

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed financial statements of the Company have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements.



# (An Exploration Stage Enterprise) Interim Unaudited Condensed Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

As at,		December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
	Note	\$	\$
Assets			
Current			
Cash	3	553,039	530,072
Marketable securities	4	46,500	53,000
HST recoverable	5	10,493	34,386
Prepaid expenses	6	9,728	568
		619,760	618,026
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Flow-through share premium liability	9 11(ii)	74,180 10,000	139,416
		84,180	139,416
Shareholders' deficiency			
Capital stock	11(b)	5,773,371	5,610,871
Reserve for warrants	11(c)	43,300	28,050
Contributed surplus	12	655,548	655,548
Accumulated deficit		(5,936,639)	(5,815,859)
		535,580	478,610
		619,760	618,026

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1) Commitments and Contractual Obligations (Notes )

## On behalf of the Board of Directors on February 26, 2013;

"Ivan Buzbuzian" (signed)
Director

"Michael Meredith" (signed)
Director



# (An Exploration Stage Enterprise) Interim Unaudited Condensed Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
For the three month periods ended,		\$	\$
N	10	52.500	40.500
Management fees	10	52,500	49,500
Office, general and administrative	10	24,359	31,019
Consulting fees	10	14,000	73,000
Investors' relations	10	9,250	33,008
Directors' fees	10	7,603	7,500
Professional fees		6,568	10,360
Stock-based compensation		-	3,283
		114,280	207,670
Exploration expenses	7	-	245,810
Flow-through share premium recovery		-	(41,993)
Net Loss from operations		114,280	411,487
Loss (Gain) in value of marketable securities held for trade	ing	6,500	(15,907)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the periods		120,780	395,580
Loss per share			
Weighted average number of shares- basic and diluted		25,157,868	21,707,324
Net loss per share-basic and fully diluted		0.005	0.018



# (An Exploration Stage Enterprise) Interim Unaudited Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Share (	Capital	Rese	rves		Total \$
	Number of Shares	Amount \$	Warrants \$	Share based Payments \$	Accumulated deficit \$	
Balance at September 30, 2011	20,994,281	4,827,921	26,925	622,292	(4,845,670)	631,468
Private placements, net of issue costs Shares issued for property Warrants issued Warrants expired Flow-through share premium Share based payments Net loss for the period	4,000,000 100,000 - - - -	850,000 11,000 (28,050) - (50,000)	28,050 (26,925)	26,925	- - - - - (970,189)	850,000 11,000 - (50,000) 6,331 (970,189)
Balance at September 30, 2012	25,094,281	5,610,871	28,050	655,548	(5,815,859)	478,610
Private placements, net of issue costs Flow-through share premium Warrants issued Warrants revalued Net loss for the period	2,000,000 - - - -	187,750 (10,000) (28,300) 13,050	28,300 (13,050)	- - - -	- - - - (120,780)	187,750 (10,000) - (120,780)
Balance at December 31, 2012	27,094,281	5,773,371	43,300	655,548	(5,936,639)	535,580



# (An Exploration Stage Enterprise) Interim Unaudited Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the three month periods ended December 31,	2012 \$	2011 \$
Operating		
Net loss for the period	(120,780)	(395,580)
Items not affecting cash	(120,700)	(373,300)
Amortization	-	39
Common shares issued for advisory services	-	11,000
Share-based compensation	-	3,283
Flow through share premium recovery	-	(41,993)
Loss (Gain) on value of marketable securities	6,500	(15,907)
	(114,280)	(439,158)
Net changes in non-cash working capital:		
Decrease in HST recoverable	23,893	25,134
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable	-	(25,000)
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses	(9,160)	(9,297)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(65,236)	195,320
Net changes in non-cash working capital balances:	(50,503)	186,157
Cash used in operating activities	(164,783)	(253,001)
Financing		
Proceeds from issuance of shares	187,750	850,000
	187,750	850,000
Net increase in cash position	22,967	596,999
Cash, beginning of periods	530,072	428,898
Cash, end of periods	553,039	1,025,897
Supplemental Information  Interest paid		
Income tax paid		



#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

McLaren Resources Inc. (CNSX:MCL) ("McLaren" or the "Company") was incorporated on July 13, 1999 under The Business Corporations Act (Ontario). The Company's head office is located at 65 Queen St. W., Suite 520 Toronto, ON, M5H 2M5. The Company is currently pursuing gold exploration in Ontario and will continue to source and evaluate gold exploration ventures within Canada.(see Note 7)

On November 7, 2011 the Company signed a binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") with TimGinn Exploration Limited ("TimGinn") to earn 60% in a past producing gold Property located in the heart of the Timmins Gold Camp and adjacent to Goldcorp's Hollinger and McIntyre mines (Note 7).

On September 26, 2012, the Company announced it had entered into an option agreement with Red Mile Minerals Corp. ("Red Mile") (RDM-TSX-V) whereby Red Mile has the option to earn 50% interest in the Blue Quartz Property Extension ("BQ Extension") which is owned 100% by the Company. Upon completion of the option agreement McLaren and Red Mile will each own 50% of the entire Blue Quartz BQ-Extension Property package.

As at December 31, 2012, the Company had a net loss of \$120,780 (2011 - \$395,580), a working capital surplus of \$535,580 (2011 - \$478,610). The Company has not yet achieved profitable operations, it has accumulated losses of \$5,936,639 (2011 - \$5,815,859) and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. Management intends to obtain further financing through the issuance of new equity and entering into joint venture arrangements. While management has been successful in the past, the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot presently be determined because they are contingent on future events. However, the Company's management believes that it will be successful in meeting its business objectives, and that the going concern assumption remains appropriate.

The business of exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of the carrying value of exploration properties and the Company's continued existence are dependent upon the preservation of its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, and the ability of the Company to raise alternative financing, if necessary, or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements, non-compliance with regulatory requirements or aboriginal land claims.

These unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to a going concern. Accordingly, they do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in the accompanying financial statements.



#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND GOING CONCERN

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The policies applied in these unaudited financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as of February 26, 2013, the date the Board of Directors approved these unaudited financial statements.

#### 2.2 Basis of presentation

In 2010, the CICA Handbook was revised to incorporate IFRS, and require publicly accountable enterprises to apply such standards effectively for years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Accordingly, the Company has commenced reporting on this basis in these unaudited financial statements. In these financial statements , the term "Canadian GAAP" refers to Canadian GAAP before the adoption of IFRS.

### 2.3 Adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations

The IASB issued a number of new and revised International Accounting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards, amendments and related interpretations which are effective for the Company's financial years beginning on or after October 1, 2011. For the purpose of preparing and presenting the financial information for the relevant periods, the Company has consistently adopted all these new standards for the relevant reporting periods.

At the date of authorization of these unaudited financial statements, the IASB and IFRIC have issued the following new and revised Standards and Interpretations which are not yet effective for the relevant reporting periods.

- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments.
- IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, establishes principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities.
- IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, provides for a more realistic reflection of joint arrangements by focusing on the rights and obligations of the arrangement, rather than its legal form.
- IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, requires the disclosure of information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with its interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.
- IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted, provides the guidance on the measurement of fair value and related disclosures through a fair value hierarchy.



# (An Exploration Stage Enterprise) Notes to the Interim Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

- IAS 27 'Separate Financial Statements' as a result of the issue of the new consolidation suite of standards, IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements has been reissued, as the consolidation guidance will now be included in IFRS 10. IAS 27 will now only prescribe the accounting and disclosure requirements for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements.
- IAS 28 `Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures` as a consequence of the issue of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12, IAS 28 has been amended and will provide the accounting guidance for investments in associates and to set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. The amended IAS 28 will be applied by all entities that are investors with joint control of, or significant influence over, an investee.
- IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' the IASB amended IAS 1 with a new requirement for
  entities to group items presented in other comprehensive income on the basis of whether they are
  potentially reclassification to profit or loss.
- IAS 19 `Employee Benefits` a number of amendments have been made to IAS 19, which included eliminating the use of the "corridor" approach and requiring remeasurements to be presented in OCI. The standard also includes amendments related to termination benefits as well as enhanced disclosures.

The Company has not early adopted these standards, amendments and interpretations; however, the Company continues to assess what impact the application of these standards or amendments will have on the financial statements of the Company.

#### 3. CASH

The cash balance at December 31, 2012 consists of cash on deposit with a major Canadian bank in general interest-bearing accounts totaling \$553,039 (September 2012 - \$530,072).

#### 4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company's marketable securities consist of the following:

	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
	\$	\$
Held-for-trading:		
Shoal Point Energy common shares (200,000 shares @ \$0.07 per share)	14,000	18,000
Victory Gold Mine Inc - common shares (250,000 shares @ \$0.13)	32,500	35,000
	46,500	53,000

The shares and warrants have been classified as held-for-trading.

The shares have been classified as held-for-trading.



#### 5. HST RECOVERABLE

The Company's receivables arise from harmonized services tax ("HST") due from the Canadian government. These are broken down as follows:

	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
	\$	\$
HST recoverable	10,493	34,386
Total accounts receivable	10,493	34,386

At December 31, 2012, the Company anticipates full recovery of these amounts and therefore no impairment has been recorded against these receivables. The credit risk on the receivables has been further discussed in Note 14.

The Company holds no collateral for any receivable amounts outstanding as at December 31, 2012.

#### 6. PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses represent advance payments made to vendors for expenses applicable to a future period. The Company's prepaid expenses represent the unexpired portion of insurance.

### 7. MINERAL PROPERTIES

The evaluation and exploration expenses for the Company are broken down as follows:

	Three month	Cumulative to date*	
	December 31,	September 30,	
	2012	2012	
Blue Quartz property	-	286,010	286,010
TimGinn property	-	491,216	491,216
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	-	777,226	777,226

<sup>\*</sup> Only properties currently under exploration are included in this figure.

### Northern Ontario, Canada

#### Blue Quartz

On December 6, 2010, McLaren and Red Mile entered into an Option Agreement whereby McLaren could earn a 50% interest in the Blue Quartz gold property, with McLaren having the right of first refusal on the remaining 50% interest. The Property consists of 25 patented mining claims and is located in Beatty Township, Northern Ontario. To earn a 50% interest in the Blue Quartz Property, the Company paid \$10,000 cash and was required to spend \$200,000 on exploration and development on or before September 1, 2011.



## (An Exploration Stage Enterprise) Notes to the Interim Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Commitments	On	September 1	Second	Total	Paid /	Balance
	Signing	2011	Anniversary	Required	Issued	Remaining
Cash Payments Work	10,000	-	-	10,000	10,000	-
commitments	-	200,000	-	200,000	200,000	
Total payments	10,000	200,000	-	210,000	210,000	-

During the calendar year ended December 31, 2011, the Company completed the \$200,000 in exploration and development expenditures and exercised its option to acquire 50% of the Blue Quartz property holding 25 patented mining claims. A 1.0% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") is retained by the predecessor companies (Thundermin Resources Inc. and Wesdome Mines Ltd.). Upon completion of the earn in and exercising its option to acquire the 50% interest in the Blue Quartz property, the Company has the right to purchase 50% (.5%) of the NSR from the predecessor companies for \$250,000.

#### **Blue Quartz Extension**

On July 26, 2011, the Company purchased additional property "BQ-Extension" from 2285944 Ontario Limited consisting of 8 unpatented claims totaling 240 hectares or approximately 600 acres for a purchase price of \$68,000.

On September 18, 2012, the Company entered into an option agreement with Red Mile whereby Red Mile has the option to earn 50% interest in the Blue Quartz Property Extension ("BQ Extension") which is owned 100% by McLaren. The BQ-Extension property consists of 8 unpatented claims totaling 240 hectares or approximately 600 acres. Upon completion of the option agreement McLaren and Red Mile will each own 50% of the entire Blue Quartz and BQ-Extension Property package.

#### **TimGinn**

On November 7, 2011 the Company announced that it had signed a binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") with TimGinn Exploration Limited to earn a 60% interest in a past producing gold property located in the heart of the Timmins Gold Camp adjacent to Goldcorp's Hollinger and McIntyre mines which have combined production of over 30 million ounces of gold to date.

McLaren can earn a 50% interest in the property by incurring \$2 million of exploration expenditures by April 30, 2015 and an additional 10% interest by incurring an additional \$2 million in exploration expenditures by April 30, 2016 in order to earn a 60% interest for \$4 million in total exploration expenditures.

Commitments	Due Diligence	April 30 2013	April 30 2014	April 30 2015	Total Required	Paid / Issued	Balance Remaining
Cash							
Payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Work							
commitments	200,000	500,000	600,000	700,000	2,000,000	491,216	1,508,784
Total							
payments	200,000	500,000	600,000	700,000	2,000,000	491,216	1,508,784



Total expenditures required by April 30, 2013 are \$700,000. The Company had spent \$491,216, to date, with plans to spend the balance required of \$208,784 by April 30, 2013.

#### 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

The Company's operations were partly financed by the issuance of flow-through shares. However, there is no assurance that the funds spent by the Company will qualify as Canadian exploration expenses, even if the Company has committed to take all the necessary measures for this purpose. All flow-through funds raised to date, have been spent on qualified Canadian exploration expenditures in accordance with the Income Tax Act (Canada).

#### 9. ACCOUNTS PAYABLES AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist primarily of outstanding vendors' invoices and accrued expenses incurred during the period. The balances owing to the creditors are payable in accordance with the vendors' individual credit terms. The Company has the following contractual maturities:

	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
	\$	\$
3 - 6 months	74,180	139,418
6 - 9 months	· -	-
9 - 12 months	-	-
Greater than 12 months	<del>-</del>	_
	74,180	139,418

## 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) During the three month period ended December 31, 2012, officers and directors of the Company and corporations related to them charged consulting and management fees \$52,500 (2011 \$14,000) and consulting fees of \$14,000 (2011-\$73,000). Included in accounts payable is \$32,790 (2011-\$Nil) relating to unpaid management and consulting fees.
- (b) During the three month period ended December 31, 2012, directors of the Company and corporations related to them charged director fees of \$7,603 (2011-\$7,500). Included in accounts payable is \$Nil (2010-\$Nil) relating to unpaid director fees.
- (c) During the three month period ended December 31, 2012, the Company was charged \$Nil, (2011-\$8,154) by a law firm of which an officer of the Company is a partner. Accounts payable owing to this law firm at December 31, 2012 is \$Nil (2011-\$Nil).

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.



#### 11. CAPITAL STOCK

#### (a) Authorized

An unlimited number of one class of voting shares, designated common shares, with no par value.

### (b) Issued and outstanding

		December 31, 2012		September 30, 2012
	Number of shares	Amount \$	Number of shares	Amount \$
Beginning balance	25,094,281	5,610,871	20,994,281	4,827,921
Private placement flow-through (i)	2,000,000	187,750	1,000,000	250,000
Issuance of warrants (i)	-	(28,300)	-	(28,050)
Warrant revaluation	-	13,050	-	-
Private placement	-	-	3,000,000	600,000
Stock issued for services	-	-	100,000	11,000
Flow-through share premium (ii)	-	(10,000)	<u> </u>	(50,000)
Ending balance	27,094,281	5,773,371	25,094,281	5,610,871

During the period the following transactions occurred:

- (i) During the 1st quarter of 2013, the Company issued 2,000,000 Flow-through common share units at \$0.10 per share unit realizing gross proceeds of \$200,000 and net proceeds of \$187,750. Each unit consists of one common share and a half-warrant, with each full warrant being exercisable at \$0.20 per share for 18 months from the date of closing.
- (ii) Flow-through premium of \$10,000, (2011 \$50,000) was calculated based on the residual value of flow-through shares. The residual value is the excess of the issuance price of the flow-through shares over the market value of the shares on the date of issuance.

### c) Warrants:

In December of 2011, the Company issued 3,000,000 common share units consisting of one common share and a half-warrant, with each full warrant being exercisable at \$0.30 per share for 18 months from the date of closing.

In December of 2012, the Company issued 2,000,000 common share units consisting of one common share and a half-warrant, with each full warrant being exercisable at \$0.20 per share for 18 months from the date of closing. These warrants remain outstanding as at December 31, 2012



## (An Exploration Stage Enterprise) Notes to the Interim Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Date issued	Number of Warrants	Fair Value of Exercise Warrants Price \$ \$	Expiry Date
December 05, 2011(i)	1,500,000	\$ 15,000 \$0.30	June 04, 2013
December 30, 2012 (ii)	1,175,000	\$ 28,300 \$ 0.20	June 29, 2014
	2,675,000	\$ 43,300	

The Company follows the fair value method of accounting for warrants using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of warrants were calculated on December 31, 2012, based on the following assumptions:

Risk free interest rate	1.14 %
Expected volatility	100 %
Dividend yield	0.00 %
Expected life (in years) (i)	0.40
Stock price (i)	\$ 0.15
Exercise price (i)	\$ 0.30
Expected life (in years) (ii)	1.50
Stock price (ii)	\$ 0.10
Exercise price (ii)	\$ 0.20

### d) Stock option plan:

The Company has adopted a stock option plan (the "Plan"), which provides that the board of directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company options to purchase the Company's shares, provided that the number of the Company's shares reserved for issuance may not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares at any time. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 5 years from the date of grant. Except in specified circumstances, options are not assignable and will terminate if the optionee ceases to be employed by or associated with the Company. The terms of the Plan further provide that the price at which shares may be issued cannot be less than the market price (net of permissible discounts) of the shares when the relevant options were granted.



As at December 31, 2012, common share options held by directors, officers, and consultants are as follows:

Number of options outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Expiry Date	Number of options exercisable	
62,500	0.20	August 30, 2013	62,500	
1,025,000	0.20	December 30, 2014	1,025,000	
375,000	0.20	December 10, 2015	375,000	
350,000	0.35	April 28, 2016	350,000	
1,812,500	0.23		1,812,500	

During the quarter ended December 31, 2012 there were no stock option transactions.

	December 31, September 2012 20			
Weighted average exercise price	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.23		
Balance, beginning of the year	1,812,500	2,075,000		
Options cancelled during the year	-	(62,500)		
Options cancelled during the year	-	(200,000)		
Balance, end of the year	1,812,500	1,812,500		

## 12. CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

The following table summarizes the changes of Contributed Surplus during the period:

	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
	\$	\$
Balance - beginning of the period	655,548	622,292
Stock-based compensation (Note 11(d))	-	6,331
Warrants expired	-	26,925
Balance - end of the period	655,548	655,548



#### 13. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective in managing capital is to maintain the entity's ability to continue as going concern, support the Company's normal operating requirements and to continue the exploration and development of its mineral properties.

The capital of the Company consists of the items in the shareholders' equity. The Board of Directors does not establish a quantitative return on capital criteria for management but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The Company regularly monitors and reviews the amount of capital in proportion to risk and future development and exploration opportunities. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new debts or equity or similar instruments to obtain additional financing.

The Company's over-all strategy with respect to capital risk management remained unchanged during the period. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements as at December 31, 2012.

### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company manages its exposure to a number of different financial risks arising from its operations as well as its use of financial instruments including market risks (commodity prices, foreign currency exchange rate and interest rate), credit risk and liquidity risk though its risk management strategy. The objective of the strategy is to support the delivery of the Company's financial targets while protecting its future financial security and flexibility.

Financial risks are primarily managed and monitored through operating and financing activities and, if required, through the use of derivative financial instruments. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for purposes other than risk management. The financial risks are evaluated regularly with due consideration to changes in the key economic indicators and to up-to-date market information.

The Company's risk exposure and risk management policies and procedures have not changed.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk or uncertainty arising from possible market price movements and their impact on the future performance of the business. The Company may use derivative, financial instruments such as foreign exchange contracts and interest rate swaps to manage certain exposures. These market risks are evaluated by monitoring changes in key economic indicators and market information on an on-going basis.

#### Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying amount of financial instruments classified as loans and receivables.



### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk encompasses the risk that a company cannot meet its financial obligations in full. The Company's main sources of liquidity are its cash and cash equivalents. These funds are primarily used to finance working capital, operating expenses, exploration expenditures, capital expenditures, dividends and acquisitions.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring its cash flows from operating activities, holding adequate amounts of cash and cash equivalents. The current year's budget is planned to be funded and cash and cash equivalents provide additional flexibility for short-term timing fluctuations.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are current financial instruments expected to be settled in the normal course of operations.

#### Fair value

The carrying value and fair value of these unaudited financial instruments at December 30, 2012 is disclosed below by financial instrument category, as well as any related interest expense for the period ended December 31, 2012:

	December 31, 2012		September 30, 2012			
	Carrying	Fair	Interest	Carrying	Fair	Interest
Financial Instrument	Value	Value	Expense	Value	Value	Expense
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Held for trading						
Cash	553,039	553,039	-	530,072	530,072	-
Marketable Securities	46,500	46,500	-	53,000	53,000	-
Loan and receivable						
HST Recoverable	10,493	10,493	-	34,386	34,386	-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	74,180	<b>74,18</b> 0	-	139,418	139,418	-

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates their respective carrying values as at the balance sheet dates because of the short term maturity of these instruments. The fair value of the financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the balance sheet are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) observed in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 valuation techniques based on inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.



The fair value of cash and cash equivalent is measured based on Level 1 inputs referred to in the three levels of the hierarchy noted above. The Company does not have any Level 2 or Level 3 fair value measurements and thus no continuity schedule has been presented. In addition, there have been no significant transfers between levels.

#### 15. LOSS PER SHARE

Net loss per share has been calculated by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The effect of stock options and warrants was anti-dilutive and hence, the diluted loss per share equals the basic loss per share.

#### 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no subsequent events to report.

### 17. RECLASSIFICATION

The comparative financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of the current period financial statements.