MAJESCOR RESOURCES INC. Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements Nine Months Ended November 30, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Management's Responsibility for Condensed consolidated interim financial statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Majescor Resources Inc. (the "Company") are the responsibility of management and the Board of Directors.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management, on behalf of the Board of Directors, in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. Where necessary, management has made informed judgments and estimates in accounting for transactions which were not complete at the financial position date. In the opinion of management, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared within acceptable limits of materiality and are in compliance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards.

Management has established processes, which are in place to provide it sufficient knowledge to support management representations that it has exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of, and for the periods presented by, the consolidated financial statements and (ii) the consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the audited consolidated annual financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

(signed) C.Tucker Barrie President & Interim Chief Executive Officer (signed) Sabino Di Paola Chief Financial Officer

Ottawa, Canada January 22, 2015

Majescor Resources Inc. (An exploration stage company) Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		November 30 2015	,	February 28, 2015
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	1,650	\$	71,528
Accounts receivable		7,076		19,678
Prepaid expenses		2,793		7,888
Total current assets		11,519		99,094
Property and equipment		-		19,000
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 7)		24,974		-
Total assets	\$	36,493	\$	118,094
	Ψ	30,433	Ψ	110,004
Liabilities and Equity				
Current liabilities				
Trade payables	\$	136,763	\$	761,691
Debt obligations (note 9)	-	-		2,503,101
Total current liabilities		136,763		3,264,792
Long-term debt (note 10) Total liabilities		22,000 158,763		4,871 3,269,663
		150,705		3,209,003
Equity				
Share capital (note 11)		33,973,280		33,911,780
Contributed surplus		5,292,468		5,260,890
Warrants (note 12)		197,178		228,755
Deficit		(39,585,196)		(40,767,974)
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company		(122,270)		(1,366,549)
Equity attributable to non-controlling interest (note 16)		- (122,210)		(1,785,020)
				(, , ,
Total equity		(122,270)		(3,151,569)
Total liabilities and equity	\$	36,493	\$	118,094
Going concern (note 3)				
Contingencies (note 24)				
Events after the reporting period (note 25)				
Approved on behalf of the Board:				

(signed) "Andre Audet" Andre Audet, Director

(signed) "C. Tucker Barrie" C. Tucker Barrie, Director

The accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Majescor Resources Inc. (An exploration stage company) Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended						
	November 30, November 30, 2015 2014 2014		November 30, 2015	N	November 30, 2014		
Expenses Exploration and evaluation expenditures General and administrative (note 17) Loss (gain) on foreign exchange	\$	- 35,762 20	\$ - 44,694 (4,495)	\$	5,485 117,318 1,674	\$	(6,893) 160,949 (2,296)
Gain on settlement of payables (note 10) Gain on sale of royalty		(862)	(+,+93) - -		(159,916) -		(2,290) - (137,902)
(Loss) gain before the following Interest and other income		(34,920) -	(40,199) (2,132)		35,439 -		(13,858) 9,494
(Loss) gain before income tax Income tax expense	\$	(34,920) -	\$ (42,331) -	\$	35,439 -	\$	(4,364)
(Loss) gain excluding SOMINE S.A. Loss from SOMINE S.A. operations,	\$	(34,920)	\$ (42,331)	\$	35,439	\$	(4,364)
net of tax effect of Nil Gain on deconsolidation of SOMINE S.A.		-	(120,739)		(141,073)		(106,041)
net of tax effect of Nil (note 2)	•	29,342	 -	_	1,257,022		-
	\$	(5,578)	\$ (163,070)	\$	1,151,388	\$	(110,405)
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interest (note 16)		(5,578) -	(134,026) (29,044)	\$	1,182,777 (31,389)	\$	(64,441) (45,964)
	\$	(5,578)	\$ (163,070)	\$	1,151,388	\$	(110,405)
Basic and Diluted gain (loss) per share (note 15) (Loss) gain per share from continued operations Gain (loss) per share from SOMINE operations	\$	(0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
and its deconsolidation Total (Loss) gain per share attributable to Equity		0.00	(0.00)		0.08		0.00
	\$	(0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$	0.08	\$	0.00

Majescor Resources Inc. (An exploration stage company) Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Operations

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

			t hs Ended November 30, 2014		
Net (loss) gain for the period	\$	(5,578) \$	(163,070)	\$ 1,151,388	\$ (110,405)
Other comprehensive gain Reclassification of net realized gain on available-for-sale marketable securities		-	-	-	5,865
Comprehensive (loss) gain for the period	\$	(5,578) \$	(163,070)	\$ 1,151,388	\$ (104,540)
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent Company Non-controlling interest	\$	(5,578) \$ -	(134,026) (29,044)	\$ 1,182,777 (31,389)	\$ (58,576) (45,964)
	\$	(5,578) \$	(163,070)	\$ 1,151,388	\$ (104,540)

Majescor Resources Inc. (An exploration stage company) Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Canadian Dollars)

	Share capital (note 11)	Contributed surplus	ł	Warrants (note 12)	 cumulated oth omprehensive income		to	uity attributable equity holders of the Parent Company	Non-controlling interest (note 16)	Total
Balance, February 28, 2014	\$ 33,822,480 \$	4,626,235	\$	688,310	\$ (5,865)	6 (40,392,568	3)	\$ (1,261,408) \$	\$ (1,714,677) \$	(2,976,085)
Units issued for cash Cost of issue	229,000 (15,600)	-		-	-	-		229,000 (15,600)	-	229,000 (15,600)
Cost of issue – options Warrants Warrants re-priced	(36,500) (87,600) -	36,500 - -		- 87,600 51,000	- - -	- - (51,000))	-	-	- -
Warrants expired	-	598,155		(598,155)	-	_		-	-	-
Transactions with owners Net gain and comprehensive gain for the period	89,300 -	634,655 -		(459,555) -	- 5,865	(51,000) (64,441)		213,400 (58,576)	(45,964)	213,400 (104,540)
Balance, November 30, 2014	\$ 33,911,780 \$	5,260,890	\$	228,755	\$ - 9	6 (40,508,009	Ð)	\$ (1,106,584) \$	\$ (1,760,641) \$	(2,867,225)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period Additional contributions by non-controlling interest	-	-		-	-	(259,965 -	5)	(259,965)	(34,343) 9,964	(294,308) 9,964
Balance, February 28, 2015	\$ 33,911,780 \$	5,260,890	\$	228,755	\$ - 9	6 (40,767,974	4)	\$ (1,366,549) \$	\$ (1,785,020) \$	(3,151,569)
Common shares issued on debt settlement Warrants expired	61,500 -	- 31,578		(31,578)	-		-	61,500 -	-	61,500 -
Transactions with owners Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period Gain on deconsolidation of SOMINE S.A. (note 2)	61,500 - -	31,578 - -		(31,578) - -	- -	(74,245 1,257,02	'	61,500 (74,245) 1,257,022	- (31,389) 1,816,409	61,500 (105,634) 3,073,431
Balance, November 30, 2015	\$ 33,973,280 \$	5,292,468	\$	197,178	\$ - 4	6 (39,585,196	6)	\$ (122,270) \$	\$-\$	(122,270)

Majescor Resources Inc. (An exploration stage company) Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		Three Months Ended			Nine Mont	ths Ended		
	I				N	lovember 30, 2015	Ň	ovember 30, 2014
Operating activities								
Net (loss) gain for the period	\$	(5,578)	\$	(163,070)	\$	1,151,388	\$	(110,405)
Loss from SOMINE S.A. operations		-		120,739		141,073		106,041
Gain on deconsolidation of SOMINE S.A		(29,342)		-		(1,257,022)		-
Net (loss) gain excluding SOMINE S.A.		(34,920)		(42,331)		35,439		(4,364)
Adjustments for:								
Gain on forgiveness of debt		-		-		(37,992)		-
Gain on settlement of debt for shares		-		-		(121,062)		-
Loss on sale of marketable securities		-		-		-		5,948
Changes in working capital items (note 18)		27,852		971		54,119		(125,239)
Net cash used in operating activities		(7,068)		(41,360)		(69,496)		(123,655)
Investing activities								
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		-		-		-		427
Cash in SOMINE S.A. on deconsolidation		-		-		(382)		-
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activitie	es	-		-		(382)		427
Financing activities								
Proceeds from issue of common shares, net of costs	S	-		-		-		213,400
Net cash provided by financing activities		-		-		-		213,400
Effect of foreign currency translation		-		(9,080)		-		(23,426)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash beginning of period		(7,068) 8,718		(50,440) 148,300		(69,878) 71,528		66,746 31,114
Cash end of period	\$	1,650	\$	97,860	\$	1,650	\$	97,860

1. Nature of operations

Majescor Resources Inc. ("Majescor") was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on February 23, 1996. The nature of operations involves the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral resource properties. Majescor and its subsidiaries (hereinafter the "Company") is in the exploration stage and does not derive any revenue from the development of its properties. The Company's common shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX.V") under the symbol MJX. The primary office is located at 5460 Canotek Road, Suite 99, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, K1J 9G9.

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on January 22, 2016.

2. Deconsolidation of SOMINE S.A.

On August 31, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with the minority shareholders of SOMINE S.A. for the redemption of 740,210 common shares of SOMINE. The SOMINE shares are held by Majescor's wholly owned subsidiary SIMACT Alliance Copper-Gold Inc. ("SACG"). After the redemption of the SOMINE shares, SACG will maintain 40,000 of the 263,274 remaining common shares of SOMINE, which represents approximately 15.5% of the outstanding SOMINE shares.

In compensation for the redemption of the SOMINE shares, the Corporation will receive a 2% royalty on each of the two Mining Exploitation Permits (PEM) held by SOMINE. SOMINE will retain the right to purchase at any time the royalties in whole or in part in the amount of \$1,000,000 for 1% per royalty. Management has assessed that the redemption of its shares in SOMINE along with a decreased representation on the SOMINE board of directors has resulted in a loss of control of SOMINE for financial reporting purposes. Upon redemption control of SOMINE will be transferred to SOMINE's current minority shareholders which are arms-length from Majescor.

Due to the current exploration stage of the mining permits as well as the past difficulty in raising funds to continue exploration of the projects the royalties and the remaining interest in SOMINE were valued at Nil.

Starting August 31, 2015, the Company has no power to govern the financial and operating policies of SOMINE due to the loss of power to cast the majority of votes at Shareholder and Board of Directors meetings, the Company derecognized related assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of SOMINE.

The gain on the deconsolidation of SOMINE recognized in the consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended August 31, 2015, is measured as follows:

Net liabilities as at deconsolidation date	\$ 3,073,431
Non-controlling interest	(1,816,409)
Gain on deconsolidation of SOMINE	 1,257,022
Tax effect	 -
Gain on deconsolidation of SOMINE, net of tax	\$ 1,257,022

The following is an analysis of the assets and liabilities over which the Company lost control upon deconsolidation of SOMINE.

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	382
Property and equipment		19,000
Trade payables		(453,912)
Debt obligation	((2,634,031)
Long-term debt		(4,870)
Net liabilities deconsolidated	\$ ((3,073,431)

The Company retains no current involvement with the operations of SOMINE after it has been deconsolidated.

3. Going concern

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assume that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations as they come due. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Given that the Company has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain mineral deposits that are economically recoverable, the Company has not yet generated revenues, net income nor cash flows from its operations. The Company has incurred a loss from operations in the current and prior periods, excluding the operations of SOMINE as well as a gain recognized on deconsolidation of SOMINE, of \$35,439 during the nine months ended November 30, 2015 (November 30, 2014 – loss of \$4,364) and has an accumulated deficit of \$39,585,196 (February 28, 2015 - \$40,767,974).

As at November 30, 2015, the Company had negative working capital of \$125,244 (February 28, 2015 - negative working capital of \$3,165,698), including \$1,650 (February 28, 2015 - \$71,528) in cash and current liabilities totalling \$136,763 (February 28, 2015 - \$3,264,792). On August 31, 2015, the Company lost control of its subsidiary SOMINE and as a result derecognized a debt of US\$ 302,000 (CAD \$397,341) to a creditor of SOMINE as well as US\$ 1,700,000 (CAD \$2,236,690) that SOMINE owes to the Government of Haiti, per the terms of the Mining Convention executed between SOMINE and the State of Haiti on May 5, 2005 and of the two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits granted to SOMINE on December 21, 2012 (refer to note 2).

The Company must secure additional funding to be able to discharge its liabilities and to fund its ongoing working capital requirements. Management is evaluating various alternatives to secure the necessary financing so that the Company can continue as a going concern. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful.

The carrying amount of assets, liabilities and expenses presented in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the classification used in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position have not been adjusted as would be required if the going concern assumption was not appropriate. Those adjustments could be material.

4. Statement of compliance

The Company applies IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements required by IFRS as issued by IASB and interpretations issued by IFRIC.

The policies applied in these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are based on IFRSs issued and outstanding as of November 30, 2015. The same accounting policies and methods of computation are followed in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements as compared with the most recent annual financial statements as at and for the year ended February 28, 2015. Any subsequent changes to IFRS that are given effect in the Company's annual financial statements for the year ending February 28, 2016 could result in restatement of these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgements or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 6.

5. Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for available-for-sale financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

(b) Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Majescor Resources Inc. is the group's ultimate parent company. The parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has the rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

All transactions and balances between companies are eliminated upon consolidation, including unrealized gains and losses on transactions between companies.

Where the ownership of a subsidiary is less than 100%, and a non-controlling interest thus exists, any losses of that subsidiary are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if that results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

The following companies have been consolidated within the consolidated financial statements:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Ownership interest	Principal activity
Tropic Diamonds Inc.	Ontario, Canada	100%	Holding company
Ampanihy Resources S.A.R.L	Madagascar	100%	Holding company
SIMACT Alliance Copper Gold Inc. (1)	Montreal, Canada	100%	Holding company

(c) Functional currency and foreign currency translation

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars. The functional currency for each entity consolidated with the Company is determined by the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates ("the functional currency"). Majescor's functional currency is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of all the subsidiaries is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency for Majescor and its subsidiaries has remained unchanged during the reporting period.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period: monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date; non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date the fair value was determined; and, non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Such exchange differences arising from retranslation at period-end are recognized in net loss.

5. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Exploration and evaluation assets and exploration and evaluation expenses

All of the Company's projects are currently in the exploration and evaluation phase.

The costs directly related to the acquisition of the mineral property rights are capitalized and accounted for on either an individual property or area-of-interest basis. The mineral property rights are carried at cost, less any impairment, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale, being commercial production at operating levels intended by management. Purchased mining properties are recognized as assets at their acquisition date fair value.

Exploration expenditures incurred during the exploration and evaluation phase are expensed.

(e) Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. The Company had no material provisions or contingent liabilities as at November 30, 2015 and February 28, 2015.

The Company's operations are governed by government environment protection legislation. Environmental consequences are difficult to identify in terms of amounts, timetable and impact. As of the reporting date, management believes that the Company's operations are in compliance with the currents laws and regulations. Site restoration costs currently incurred are negligible. When the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource have been demonstrated, a restoration provision will be recognized in the cost of the mining property when there is constructive commitment that has resulted from past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be measured with sufficient reliability.

In those cases where the possible outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote, no liability is recognized, unless it was assumed in the course of a business combination.

(f) Standards, amendments and interpretations not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the November 30, 2015, reporting period. Updates that are not applicable or are not consequential to the Company may have been excluded from the list below. The Company is currently assessing the impact of these new standards, if any, on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") was recently released by the IASB in 2014, representing the completion of its project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. This new standard introduces extensive changes to IAS 39's guidance on the classification and measurement of financial assets and introduces a new "expected credit loss" model for impairment of financial assets. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Earlier adoption is permitted.

6. Critical accounting estimates

Significant estimates, judgements and assumptions about the future that management has made that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from estimates, judgements and assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Estimates

- The estimation of share-based payment costs requires the selection of an appropriate valuation model and data and consideration as to the volatility of the Company's own share, the probable life of share options and warrants granted and the time of exercise of those share options and warrants. The model used by the Company is the Black-Scholes valuation model;
- determining whether facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount and impairment of exploration and evaluation assets and property and equipment may exceed their recoverable amount. Determining if there are any facts and circumstances indicating impairment loss or reversal of impairment losses is a subjective process involving judgment and a number of estimates and interpretations in many cases.

When an indication of impairment loss or a reversal of an impairment loss exists, the recoverable amount the individual asset or the cash generating units must be estimated.

In assessing impairment, the Company made some estimates and assumptions regarding future circumstances, in particular, whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established, the probability that the expenses will be recoverable from either future exploitation or sale when the activities have not reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves, the Company's capacity to obtain financial resources necessary to complete the evaluation and development and to renew permits. Estimates and assumptions may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in profit or loss in the period when the new information becomes available;

Judgements

- determination that no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations and liabilities existed based on the facts and circumstances;
- the assessment of the Company's ability to execute its strategy by funding future working capital. Further information regarding going concern is outlined in note 3;
- determination of the functional currency of the Company and the functional currency of each of its subsidiaries, based on the facts and circumstances that existed during the period.

7. Exploration and evaluation assets

a) SOMINE, Haiti

On August 31, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with the minority shareholders of SOMINE S.A. for the redemption of 740,210 common shares of SOMINE. The SOMINE shares are held by Majescor's wholly owned subsidiary SACG. After the redemption of the SOMINE shares, SACG will maintain approximately 15% of the outstanding SOMINE shares. The Company has retained a 2% NSR on the following properties:

- One (1) 25 square km Mining Exploitation Permit covering the Blondin-Douvray-Dos Rada porphyry copper system (the "Douvray Permit"), which contains the Douvray porphyry copper-gold prospect; and
- One (1) 20 square km Mining Exploitation Permit covering the Faille B vein gold prospect and host shear structure (the "Faille B permit").

These Exploitation Permits which were granted to SOMINE on December 21, 2012, are valid for five (5) years, and are renewable until the start of commercial mining at which time the license shall be converted to a Mining Lease (valid for 25 years; renewable).

SOMINE's mineral rights and obligations for the Project were assigned under a mining convention executed with the Government of Haiti on May 5, 2005 and are valid until March 9, 2020.

The disposition of the Company's significant interest in SOMINE lead to the loss of control and deconsolidation of the subsidiary (refer to note 2). As at August 31, 2015, SOMINE project had a balance of \$NIL (February 28, 2015 - \$NIL). There were no reversal of impairments as at November 30, 2015.

b) Mistassini, Quebec

On May 16, 2011, the Company executed a formal Joint Venture Agreement with Strateco Resources Inc. ("Strateco"), having an effective date as of February 14, 2011, whereby Strateco earned its 60% interest in the uranium rights on the property by spending \$1.3 million in exploration expenditures over three years.

On March 28, 2013 the Québec government announced a minimum two-year freeze on all new land use permits and other authorisations for uranium exploration in the province. The freeze will be in effect until the Office of Public Hearings on the Environment ("BAPE") had conducted a public review on Quebec's uranium industry and as submitted its report to the Government. As a result of the freeze on permitting, all planned work on the Mistassini Uranium property has been suspended indefinitely.

On April 10, 2014, Majescor advised Strateco Resources Inc., of the Company's decision to suspend payments of its pro-rata share of exploration and exploration-related expenditures on the Mistassini uranium property. The Company's interest in the Mistassini uranium property will be adjusted subsequently, per the terms of the Joint-Venture agreement.

7. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

c) Besakoa, Madagascar

Pursuant to an Option Agreement dated September 15, 2008 and an amendment agreement dated June 19, 2009 with Sunridge Gold Corp. ("Sunridge"), Sunridge can acquire up to a 100% interest in the Company's 100% owned Malagasy subsidiary Daraina ("Daraina"). Sunridge can earn a 50% interest by spending \$2.0 million in qualifying expenditures over 3 years and issuing 500,000 of its common shares to the Company. Within 90 days following its initial obligations, Sunridge can obtain an additional 25% by expending an additional \$2,500,000 by the end of the third anniversary of the Agreement and by issuing an additional 500,000 of its common shares to the Company. Within one year following all of its obligations, Sunridge can obtain the remaining undivided 25% interest in Daraina by paying to Majescor the fair market value of the 25% interest in Daraina.

On September 15, 2011, Sunridge acquired its 50% interest in Daraina after it met the above conditions. On September 15, 2012, Sunridge failed to fulfill the above conditions to earn an additional 25% interest in Daraina.

On January 20, 2014, the Company received official notification that Sunridge was pulling out of Daraina S.A.R.L. and out of the Besakoa project returning its 50% stake in Daraina to Majescor. As a result, Majescor is now 100% owner of Daraina S.A.R.L. and of the Besakoa, gold, base metal and graphite property.

Subsequent to Sunridge's notice, the Board of Directors has elected to suspend the activities of Daraina S.A.R.L. and terminate the Besakoa property exploration program. The Company continues to search for a buyer for Daraina SARL or a partner for the Besakoa property.

d) James Bay, Quebec

On, September 23, 2015 – the Company acquired 172 claims in the James Bay, Quebec for \$24,974 from a director of the Company. There are no exploration work requirements on the property.

The claims, which cover 2752 ha, are located near new Route 167, 320 km N of Chibougamau. They are within the favorable Opinaca metasedimentary Subprovince, which has numerous gold mines, deposits and occurrences, including Goldcorp's Eleanore Gold Mine (8+M oz Au, in production), Eastmain Resources' Eau Claire gold deposit (0.9M oz Au, at feasibility) and the Eastmain (Resources) Gold Mine (0.25M oz Au, open at depth and along strike).

8. Joint arrangements

The Company entered into a Joint Control Agreement, with Strateco to share costs and risks associated with exploration and evaluation activities on the Mistassini property. As long as Strateco will retain a 50% interest on uranium rights, Strateco will be the Operator of the Joint Venture and will lead the management committee for exploration of uranium on the Mistassini property and will have full and exclusive access to the property. Northern Superior Resources Inc., which holds 100% of the diamond rights and 50.5% of all other mineral rights to the exception of diamonds and uranium rights, renounced to conduct exploration and exploitation works for diamonds on the property during the duration of the Joint Venture Agreement and is entitled to a 2.0% Yellow Cake Royalty for uranium on the Mistassini property (note 7). This arrangement was classified as joint operations. In Q1 2016, Strateco notified Majescor of its resignation as Operator of the Joint Venture.

9. Debt obligations

On August 31, 2015, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to redeem a significant portion of its interest in SOMINE, as a result of the common share redemption the Company has no power to govern the financial and operating policies of SOMINE and has deconsolidated the net liabilities of the Company as at August 31, 2015 (refer to note 2). The debt obligations listed below were derecognized as a result of the loss of control:

- a) The first debt obligation derecognized was \$397,341 (February 28, 2015 \$377,591) which was due to a creditor of SOMINE to settle an outstanding debt of US\$ 302,000.
- b) The second debt obligation derecognized was \$2,236,690 (February 28, 2015 \$2,125,510) which was the carrying value of the due to the Government of Haiti to settle the US\$ 1,700,000 remainder of the US\$ 1,800,000 debt.

10. Long-term debt

- 1) As a result of the deconsolidation of SOMINE an amount of \$4,871 (February 28, 2015 \$4,871) consisting of 12,500 Class B priority shares of SOMINE was derecognized.
- 2) During the quarter, the Company negotiated agreements to issue shares for debt settlements with certain creditors, three of whom are former directors and/or officers of the Company as well as the current CEO of the Company. The settlement agreements were approved by the TSX Venture on September 18, 2015. In consideration for settlement of a total combined debt of \$223,099 owing to the Creditors by the Company, the Company issued to the Creditors 1,230,000 common shares of the Company at a deemed price of \$0.05 per share as well as total payments of \$22,000 to be paid by September 18, 2017. The common shares will be escrowed with 1/3 released in 6 months, 1/3 released in 12 months and the balance released in 18 months. As a result of the settlement the Company realized a gain of \$121,924 in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

Subsequent to the end of the quarter the company paid the \$22,000 of long term debts from the proceeds of the sale of the Brauna NSR (note 14).

11. Share capital

Authorized - the authorized share capital consisted of an unlimited number of common shares.

Common shares	Number of shares	Amount
Balance, February 28, 2014	9,371,107 \$	33,822,480
Units issued for cash (i) (ii)	3,650,000	229,000
Cost of issue (ii)	-	(52,100)
Warrants valuation (ii)	-	(87,600)
Balance, February 28, 2015	13,021,107 \$	33,911,780
Units issued for debt settlement (iii)	1,230,000	61,500
Cost of issue	-	-
Warrants valuation	-	-
Balance, November 30, 2015	14,251,107 \$	33,973,280

(i) In March 2014, the Company received \$25,000 and issued 250,000 units in relation to a subscription agreement received from the August 12, 2013 private placement. The 250,000 units were issued at a price of \$0.10 each for gross proceeds of \$25,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at a price of \$0.50 until August 12, 2014 and at a price of \$1.00 until August 12, 2015.

11. Share capital (continued)

(ii) On April 1, 2014 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 3,150,000 units of the Corporation for gross proceeds of \$189,000. Each Unit consisted of (i) one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.06 per common share and (ii) one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one additional common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.12 per common share for a period of eighteen (18) months (October 1, 2015).

In connection with the private placement of the units, the Company paid a cash finder's fee of \$15,600 (10% on gross proceeds raised, excluding Directors' participation), and issued 260,000 agent's options (10% of the units issued, excluding Directors' participation), exercisable at the issue price of \$0.06 for a period of eighteen (18) months from the closing date.

On April 22, 2014 the Company announced that it has completed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement (First tranche closed April 1, 2014) by issuing 250,000 units of the Company for gross proceeds of \$15,000. Each unit consisted of (i) one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.06 per common share and (ii) one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one additional common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.12 per common share for a period of eighteen (18) months (October 17, 2015).

The 3,400,000 warrants issued in connection to the first and second tranche private placements listed above have been recorded at a value of \$87,600 based on the proportional method based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: share price of \$0.089, an average exercise price of \$0.12, risk free interest rate of 1.06%, expected life of warrants of 1.5 years, annualized volatility rate of 205% (based on the Company's historical volatility for 1.5 years up to the issuance date) and dividend rate of 0%.

(iii) In consideration for settlement of a total combined debt of \$223,099 owing to the creditors by the Company, the Company issued to the creditors 1,230,000 common shares of the Company at a deemed price of \$0.05 per share as well as total payments of \$22,000 to be paid by September 18, 2017. The common shares will be escrowed with 1/3 released on March 18, 2016, 1/3 released on September 18, 2016 and the balance released on March 18, 2017.

12. Warrants and agent options

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	
Balance, February 28, 2014	2,350,160	\$ 2.00	
Granted (note 10 (i))	250,000	0.10	
Granted (note 10 (ii))	3,400,000	0.12	
Expired	(870,160)	3.15	
Balance, February 28, 2015	5,130,000	\$ 0.11	
Granted	-	-	
Expired	(230,000)	0.10	
Balance, November 30, 2015	4,900,000	\$ 0.11	

12. Warrants (continued)

Re-pricing of Share Purchase Warrants

On April 3, 2014, the Company re-priced the following previously issued share purchase warrants:

Number of warrants	Initial Exercise Price (\$)	Revised Exercise Price (\$)	Issue Date
750,000	0.50/1.00	0.10/0.10	August 12, 2013 & March 2014
750,000	0.50/1.00	0.10/0.10	September 9, 2013
30,000	1.00	0.10	June 26, 2013

In accordance with the policies of the TSX-V, if the Company's common shares trade at a closing price of \$0.1333 or higher for ten consecutive trading days, the exercise period of the warrants will be shortened to a period of 30 days commencing one week after the final such trading day.

The 1,730,000 warrants re-priced above have been recorded at a value of \$51,000 based on the Black Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: share price of \$0.10, an average exercise price of \$0.10, risk free interest rate of 1.25%, expected life of warrants of 1.38 years (weighted average), annualized volatility rate of 224% (based on the Company's historical volatility for 1.38 years up to the re-pricing date) and dividend rate of 0%.

The number of outstanding warrants which could be exercised for an equivalent number of common shares is as follows:

Number of		Exercise	
Warrants	Fair Value (\$)	Price (\$)	Expiry Date
750,000	55,611	0.10	August 12, 2018
750,000	53,966	0.10	August 12, 2018
3,150,000	81,300	0.12	October 1, 2017
250,000	6,300	0.12	October 1, 2017
4,900,000	197,177	0.11	

On July 30, 2015, announced the extension for a three year period the expiry date of 1,500,000 common share purchase warrants of which 750,000 common share purchase warrants scheduled to expire on August 12, 2015, and 750,000 common share purchase warrants scheduled to expire on September 9, 2015. Subsequent to the extension all 1,500,000 warrants will expire respectively on August 12, 2018.

On September 22, 2015, the Company announced that it has extend for a two year period the expiry date of 3,400,000 common share purchase warrants, of which 3,150,000 common share purchase warrants scheduled to expire on October 1, 2015, and 250,000 common share purchase warrants scheduled to expire on October 17, 2015. Subsequent to the extension all 3,400,000 warrants will expire respectively on October 1, 2017.

As part of the April 1, 2014, private placement the Company issued 260,000 agent's options, exercisable at the issue price of \$0.06 for a period of eighteen (18) months from the closing date. The options are exercisable into one common share and one common share purchase warrant. The warrant will be exercisable for a period of eighteen (18) months.

The 260,000 agent options have been recorded at a value of \$36,500 based on the Black Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: share price of unit produced from broker warrant \$0.17, a combined option and warrant exercise price of \$0.18, risk free interest rate of 1.06%, expected life of warrants of 1.5 years (weighted average), annualized volatility rate of 206% (based on the Company's historical volatility for 1.5 years up to the re-pricing date) and dividend rate of 0%.

12. Warrants (continued)

Number of Agent Options	Fair Value	Exercise Price Option	Exercise Price Warrant	Expiry Date
260,000	36,500	0.06	0.12	October 1, 2015

On October 1, 2015, 260,000 agent options expired unexercised.

13. Stock options

There were no stock options issued during the nine months ended November 30, 2015.

The following table shows the continuity of options:

	Number of Options	Weigh Exe		
Outstanding at February 28, 2014	754,000	\$	1.32	
Forfeited	(397,000)		1.90	
Expired	(9,500)		1.98	
Outstanding at February 28, 2015	347,500	\$	0.63	
Forfeited	-		-	
Expired	(250,000)		-	
Outstanding at November 30, 2015	97,500	\$	2.04	

The following table shows the options outstanding as at November 30, 2015:

Range of exercise price	Number outstanding			-	Number exercisable
\$1.50	45,000	1.58	\$	1.50	45,000
\$2.50	52,500	0.69	\$	2.50	52,500
	97,500		\$	2.04	97,500

14. Sale of Brauna diamond royalty

On December 16, 2015, the Company sold its remaining 0.5% Gross Sales Royalty on the Brauna diamond property to a company controlled Director of Majescor. Majescor had been granted the Royalty on the Property pursuant to a share purchase agreement executed on March 1, 2007 between Majescor and Vaaldiam Resources Ltd., the former owner of the Property.

Under the Option Agreement, Majescor grants the purchaser until January 31, 2016, the sole and exclusive irrevocable right and option to acquire the royalty for CAD \$279,000 (note 25)

The Company received an instalment payments of \$112,500 on December 24, 2015, and January 12, 2016.

15. Gain (loss) per common share

The calculation of basic and diluted gain (loss) per share for the three and nine months ended November 30, 2015, was based on the gain (loss) attributable to common shareholders of the parent company of (5,578) (2014 – loss of 134,026) and 1,182,777 (2014 – loss of 64,441) for the three and nine months respectively, and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding of 14,034,843 (2014 – 13,021,107) and 13,356,561 (2014 – 12,634,743) for the three and nine months respectively.

16. Non-controlling interest

On August 31, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with the minority shareholders of SOMINE for the redemption of 740,210 common shares of SOMINE. Subsequent to the redemption of the SOMINE shares, the Company's interest in SOMINE is approximately 15.5%. As a result of the share redemption, management has concluded that on August 31, 2015, the Company has lost control over the activity of SOMINE resulting in a deconsolidation of the subsidiary (refer to note 2).

Balance, February 28, 2014	\$ (1,714,677)
Share of net loss	(80,307)
Contributions by non-controlling interest	9,964
Balance, February 28, 2015	\$ (1,785,020)
Share of net loss	(31,389)
Deconsolidation of SOMINE	1,816,409
Balance, November 30, 2015	\$ -

	Proportion of c interests and v held by NCI		Loss and com loss (gain) allo			Accumulated NCI		
Name	November 30, 2015	February 28, 2015	August 31, 2015	August 2014	31,	November 30. 2015	February 28, 2015	
SOMINE SA	84.50%	22.25%	\$ 31,389	(\$ 3,	861)	\$.	¢ 4 705 000	

No dividends were paid to the NCI during the nine months ended November 30, 2015 and the year ended February 28, 2015.

17. General and administrative

	Three months ended November 30, November 30,			Nine months ended , November 30, November 30				
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Management and consulting fees	\$	12,757	\$	18,009	\$	30,576	\$	54,028
Travel and promotion		173		410	-	1,419	-	410
Shareholder information		2,136		8,602		7,401		12,203
Professional fees		6,430		6,900		32,430		45,773
Office and general expenses		14,266		10,773		45,492		48,535
	\$	35,762	\$	44,694	\$	117,318	\$	160,949

18. Changes in non-cash working capital items

	т	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended				
	No	November 30, November 30,			No	ovember 30,	, November 3			
		2015		2014		2015		2014		
Accounts receivable	\$	(2,526)	\$	1,915	\$	12,602	\$	(8,119)		
Prepaid expenses		1,385		847		5,095		(2,118)		
Trade and other payables		28,993		(1,791)		36,422		(115,002)		
	\$	27,852	\$	971	\$	54,119	\$	(125,239)		

19. Related party balances and transactions

Related parties include the Board of Directors and key management personnel, as well as, close family members and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions. Unless otherwise stated, none of the transactions incorporated special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received.

(a) Transactions with key management personnel

Remuneration of directors and key management personnel of the Company was as follows:

	Three months ended November 30, November 30,							
		2015		2014		2015		2014
Salaries and benefits, including directors fees	\$	-	\$	4,500	\$	-	\$	13,500
Professional fees		5,000		-		5,000		-
Consulting fees		11,250		11,250		24,550		33,750
Total	\$	16,250	\$	15,750	\$	29,550	\$	47,250

As at November 30, 2015, directors and key management personnel, as well as former officers and directors, were owed \$56,360 (February 28, 2015 - \$251,762), included in trade payables and long-term debt. During the quarter current and former directors of the Company agreed to waive outstanding directors fees owed to them. The Company recognized a gain of \$37,992 as a result of the debt forgiveness.

During the quarter the Company negotiated agreements to issue shares for debt settlements with certain creditors, three of whom are former directors and/or officers of the Company as well as the current CEO of the Company. The settlement agreements were approved by the TSX Venture on September 18, 2015. In consideration for settlement of a total combined debt of \$223,099 owing to the Creditors by the Company, the Company issued to the Creditors 1,230,000 common shares of the Company at a deemed price of \$0.05 per share as well as total payments of \$22,000 to be paid by September 18, 2017. The common shares will be escrowed with 1/3 released in 6 months, 1/3 released in 12 months and the balance released in 18 months.

19. Related party balances and transactions (continued)

(b) Transactions with related companies

Majescor entered into the following transactions with related companies:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended		
	No	ovember 30, 2015	November 30 2014	, November 30 2015	, November 30, 2014	
Everton Resources Inc. ("Everton")	\$	2,260	\$ 2,260	\$ 6,780	\$ 6,780	

Under an agreement, which was signed on March 25, 2013 between the Company and Everton, the Company reimbursed the cost of shared salaries and benefits, rent and office expenses paid by Everton (which shares common management).

On December 16, 2015, the Company sold its remaining 0.5% Gross Sales Royalty on the Brauna diamond property to a company controlled by a Director of Majescor. Under the Option Agreement, Majescor grants the purchaser until January 31, 2016, the sole and exclusive irrevocable right and option to acquire the royalty for CAD \$279,000 (note 25)

The Company received an instalment payments of \$112,500 on December 24, 2015, and January 12, 2016.

20. Segmented information

The Company has determined that it only operates in one segment, being acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties for economically recoverable reserves. Non-current assets segmented by geographical area are as follows:

	November 30, 2015	February 28, 2015
Haiti Overheis Connelle	\$ -	\$ 19,000
Quebec, Canada	\$ 24,974	<u> </u>

21. Capital management

When managing capital, the Company's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to achieve optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management adjusts the capital structure as necessary in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of its mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management team to sustain the future development of the business. The Company considers its capital to be equity attributable to equity holders of the parent company, which is comprised of share capital, reserves and deficit which at November 30, 2015 totalled \$122,270 (February 28, 2015 - \$1,366,549).

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out its planned exploration programs and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts when economic conditions permit it to do so.

21. Capital management (continued)

Management has chosen to mitigate the risk and uncertainty associated with raising additional capital in current economic conditions by:

- (i) minimizing discretionary disbursements;
- (ii) focusing financing exploration expenditures on those properties considered to have the best potential; and
- (iii) exploring alternative sources of liquidity.

In light of the above, the Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if the Company thinks there is sufficient potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is appropriate.

The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the nine months ended November 30, 2015 and the year ended February 28, 2015.

The Company is not subject to any external capital requirements or restrictions.

22. Financial risk factors

Financial risk

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks in relation to financial instruments. The financial assets and liabilities by category are summarized in note 23. The main types of risks are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest rate, foreign currency risk and commodity and equity price risk).

Risk management is carried out by the Company's management team with guidance from the Audit Committee under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors also provides regular guidance for overall risk management.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counter party's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and accounts receivable. Cash is held with reputable Canadian chartered banks, from which management believes the risk of loss to be minimal. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the creditworthiness of its Canadian chartered bank.

The Company's management considers that all the above financial assets that are not impaired or past due for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality. None of the Company's financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital market is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in stock market conditions generally or matters specific to the Company. The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities. As at November 30, 2015, the Company had cash of \$1,650 (February 28, 2015 - \$71,528) and current liabilities of \$136,763 (February 28, 2015 - \$3,264,792). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days, and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company regularly evaluates its cash position to ensure preservation and security of capital as well as liquidity.

22. Financial risk factors (continued)

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity and equity prices.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian and US dollars. The Company is exposed to fluctuations in the value of assets and liabilities which are denominated in U.S. dollars (USD) and up to November 30, 2015 the Haitian Gourde (HTG). The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk.

(b) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. As at November 30, 2015, the Company holds publicly listed shares of companies in the mineral exploration industry. The Company is exposed to market risk in holding these shares and unfavourable market conditions could result in the disposal at less than its fair value. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of precious minerals, individual equity movements, and the stock market in general to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company has exposure to financial risk arising from fluctuations in exchange rates (US dollars "US\$") and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Company currently does not have significant future commitments denominated in foreign currencies. The Company does not us forward exchange contracts to reduce exposure to foreign currency risk. As at November 30, 2015, the Company did not hold significant assets or liabilities in foreign currencies and as a result, a reasonably possible change in US dollars with all other variables held constant would not have a material impact on the net loss.

23. Categories of financial instruments

	No	ovember 30	, February 28,
	2015		2015
Financial assets:			
Loans and receivables			
Cash	\$	1,650	\$ 71,528
Financial liabilities:			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
Trade and other payables		136,763	761,691
Debt obligations		-	2,503,101
Long-term debt		22,000	4,871
Total financial liabilities	\$	158,763	\$ 3,269,663

As of November 30, 2015 and February 28, 2015, the fair value of all the Company's financial instruments, approximated the carrying value.

23. Categories of financial instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statement of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels: Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

There are no financial instruments in level 1, 2, and 3.

24. Contingencies

On December 19, 2013, the Company received a demand notice from its former CEO and director, in which, he claimed \$90,000 in unpaid salary and \$80,000 of unpaid expenses.

During the quarter the Company reached a settlement agreement with its former CEO. The Company will make a payment of \$10,000 by September 18, 2017, and issue 600,000 common shares over a period of 18 months (refer to notes 10 & 11).

25. Events after the reporting period

On December 16, 2015, the Company sold its remaining 0.5% Gross Sales Royalty on the Brauna diamond property to a company controlled director of Majescor (note 14).

Effective December 18, 2015, Mr. Jean-Guy Lacasse resigned as a Director of the Company.