

MAJESCOR RESOURCES INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2015

The following Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the operations, results, financial position and future prospects of Majescor Resources Inc. (the "Company" or "Majescor"), current as of June 19, 2015, should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the years ended February 28, 2015 and 2014, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All financial results presented in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Nature of Business

Majescor is a Canadian mineral exploration and development company incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. The Company is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Haiti, Québec and Madagascar with the aim of discovering commercially exploitable deposits of minerals (primarily base metals, precious metals and uranium), which can either be placed into production by the Company or disposed of for a profit to companies that wish to place such deposits into commercial production. The Company also continues to evaluate other opportunities outside its current areas of operations. The Company has not yet determined whether its properties contain mineral resources or mineral reserves.

Common shares of the Company are listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange Venture Market ("TSX-V") under the symbol "MJX". Majescor's head office is located in Ottawa, Ontario.

Letter of intent with Advantagewon

On November 27, 2014, Majescor announced that it has entered into a non-binding letter of intent with Advantagewon Oil Corp. ("Advantagewon"), an arm's length private company, dated October 31, 2014 (the "Letter of Intent"), for a business combination between the Company and Advantagewon (the "Proposed Transaction"), pursuant to a share exchange, amalgamation, plan of arrangement or such other comparable form of transaction as determined by the Corporation and Advantagewon following a review of all relevant tax, corporate and securities law considerations. The proposed transaction would constitute a reverse take-over of Majescor under the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange and was intended to list Advantagewon on the TSX-V as a Tier 1, oil and gas issuer

As a result of the announcement, the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada (IIROC) had imposed a temporary suspension (halt) of trading of the Company's securities.

Proposed Transaction

Pursuant to the terms of the Letter of Intent, and subject to: (i) regulatory, shareholder, director and other approvals as may be required; (ii) the completion of satisfactory due diligence by both parties; (iii) the closing of the Financing (as defined below); (iv) the determination of the structure of the Proposed Transaction, and (v) other conditions contained in the Letter of Intent, the parties have agreed to negotiate and enter into a definitive agreement on or before December 15, 2014. Pursuant to the definitive agreement and the proposed transaction, Advantagewon shareholders would have become shareholders of the Company. However, there was no assurance that the parties would successfully negotiate or enter into the definitive agreement.

The Company intended to complete a consolidation of its common shares on a 4 for 1 basis with the result that there would be approximately 3,255,000 common shares issued and outstanding. The Company's outstanding warrants and options would also be consolidated on a 4 for 1 basis.

The proposed transaction was also subject to Advantagewon completing a private placement financing, raising in the aggregate not less than \$2,000,000 and up to \$4,000,000, with Majescor raising subscriptions of not less than \$500,000 as part of the financing, on terms and conditions to be mutually agreed by both parties.

On February 12, 2015, Majescor announced that both companies had mutually agreed to terminate the proposed transaction.

Letter of intent with Développement Minier Durable Haiti S.A

On March 2, 2015, the Company announced that it had entered into a binding letter of intent with Développement Minier Durable Haiti S.A. ("DDMH"), a private company, for the sale of 100% of Majescor's interest in the SOMINE SA shares held by its wholly owned subsidiary SIMACT Alliance Copper-Gold Inc. ("SACG").

In exchange for Majescor's interest in SOMINE SA, the Company will receive a 2% royalty on each of the two Mining Exploitation Permits (PEM) held by SOMINE. DDMH will retain the right to purchase at any time the royalties in whole or in part in the amount of \$1,000,000 for 1% per royalty.

On June 2, 2015, management has assessed that the likelihood of this transaction being completed as tabled is very low. Due to technical requirements in selling assets to a Haitian company, it is very likely that this transaction will have to be significantly altered in order to be completed. It is uncertain as to the timeline in getting the transaction completed. Management is working closely with DDMH to propose a new transaction which will allow the Company to sell its interest in SOMINE to DDMH.

Overview of Braúna Gross Sales Royalty

On September 30, 2013, the Company announced the signing of an Option Agreement with the joint venture partners (the "Purchasers") of the Brauna diamond property located in the State of Bahia, Brazil, to purchase the Company's 1% Gross Sales Royalty (the "Royalty") on the property. Majescor had been granted the Royalty on the Brauna diamond property pursuant to a share purchase agreement executed on March 1, 2007 between Majescor and Vaaldiam Resources Ltd., the former owner of the property (See Majescor Press Release dated February 15, 2007 at www.majescor.com).

Under the terms of the Option Agreement, the Company granted the Purchasers until March 31, 2014 the sole and exclusive irrevocable right and option (the "Option") to acquire the Royalty, in accordance with the following terms: (a) In order to acquire a 0.25% interest in the Royalty, the Purchasers shall pay \$125,000 to Majescor on the effective date of the Option Agreement, upon which payment the Purchasers shall have acquired a 0.25% interest in the Royalty; (b) In order to acquire an additional 0.25% interest in the Royalty, the Purchasers shall pay an additional \$125,000 to Majescor on or before December 31, 2013, unless otherwise extended by the parties under the Option Agreement, upon which payment the Purchasers shall have acquired a 0.50% interest in the Royalty; (c) Upon the Purchasers having completed the purchases above and having respected other terms and conditions outlined in the Option Agreement, in order to acquire the remaining 0.50% interest in the Royalty, the Purchasers shall pay an additional \$250,000 to Majescor on or before March 31, 2014, upon which payment the Purchasers shall become the beneficial and legal owner of 100% of all of Majescor's right, title and interest in, to and under the Royalty. The Option may be exercised partially or in full, and, if exercised only partially, the Purchasers shall, for greater certainty, remain the legal and

beneficial owners of any interest in the Royalty acquired pursuant to payments made in accordance with the provisions of the Option Agreement.

Majescor received the first tranche of payment (\$125,000) from the Purchasers on September 30, 2013, and accordingly, the Company's Gross Sales Royalty in the Brauna diamond property has been reduced from 1% to 0.75%.

On December 17, 2013, the Company was notified by the Purchasers of their intention to purchase, pursuant to section 2.1 (b) of the Option, an additional 0.25% interest in the Royalty on or before March 31, 2014. Majescor received the second tranche of payment (\$125,000) from the Purchasers on March 31, 2014, and accordingly, the Company's Gross Sales Royalty in the Brauna diamond property has been reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%.

On March 30, 2014, the Company and its former joint venture partners on the Brauna Diamond project in Brazil signed an addendum to the September 20, 2013 Option Agreement. The terms of the Addendum stipulate that the purchase by the former joint venture partners of the Company's remaining 0.5% interest in the original 1% diamond royalty shall take place by September 30, 2014.

On September 30, 2014, the Company was informed that the purchasers had elected to opt out of acquiring the remaining 0.5% interest in the Gross Sales Royalty and as a result the Company did not receive the final payment of US \$250,000.

On October 21, 2014, Majescor reported that on October 14, Lipari Mineração Ltda. ("Lipari"), the owner of the Brauna property announced that it had been granted the final installation licence (the "Construction Licence") for the Brauna diamond project by the Environmental and Water Resources Agency of the State of Bahia (INEMA), located in northeast Brazil. The receipt of the Construction Licence is the final governmental approval required in order to begin construction of the Brauna diamond mine.

Lipari's development plan for its Brauna diamond project focuses on the Brauna 3 kimberlite pipe, one of 22 diamondiferous kimberlite occurrences that have been discovered on the project to date. The open pit mining operation is projected to produce approximately 360,000 carats of diamond per year during the initial seven years of operation. In April 2011, Vaaldiam released a NI 43-101 compliant positive preliminary economic assessment (PEA) of the Brauna diamond project based on an independent average diamond valuation of US\$338/carat (Refer to Vaaldiam news release dated April 7, 2011 available at www.sedar.com). Potential exists to extend the life of the mine by transitioning to an underground mining operation. Construction of the mine is expected to commence during the next two months.

New President and interim CEO

At the Company's Annual General Meeting (AGM) held in Ottawa, on October 17, 2014, shareholders elected Director C. Tucker Barrie, Ph.D., P.Geo., as President and Acting CEO of Majescor. Mr. Barrie replaces Mr. Marc-André Bernier, M.Sc., P.Geo. who held the President and interim CEO positions from August 21, 2013 through to October 17, 2014 (refer to Majescor news release dated October 22, 2014 available at www.majescor.com).

Mistassini uranium property Joint-Venture with Strateco

On April 10, 2014, Majescor advised Strateco Resources Inc., of the Company's decision to suspend payments of its pro-rata share of exploration and exploration-related expenditures on the Mistassini uranium property. The Company's interest in the Mistassini uranium property will be adjusted subsequently, per the terms of the Joint-Venture agreement.

Subsequent to the year end, at the Joint-venture Management Committee meeting held on April 15, 2015, the Management Committee proposed that in the event that Majescor would assume alone the costs of the three upcoming claim renewals on the Mistassini property, Majescor's interest of 40% in the Joint-Venture would not need to be diluted anymore as it had been previously decided by the Management Committee. Majescor owes Strateco its share of the last three years expenses in the Joint-Venture and the combined amount to be paid by Majescor for the three claim renewals represents an equivalent amount of expenses in the Joint-Venture. However, the claims to be renewed should remain property of the Joint-Venture unless Majescor would be willing to reimburse Strateco in cash for Majescor's share of the expenses on the Mistassini property of the last three years. The Committee accepted that the Mistassini property claims scheduled to be renewed in April, July and September of 2015 be renewed by the Joint-Venture and that the costs of the renewals be assumed entirely by Majescor in order to pay Majescor's share of the JV expenses of the last 3 years, to the explicit exclusion of the obligation of Strateco to pay these renewals costs. Majescor in paying these renewals will maintain a 40% interest in uranium rights in the JV. In April, The Joint-Venture proceeded with the first claim renewal for a total of 49 claims. As of the reporting date, the Mistassini uranium property is made comprised of 98 claims.

Subsequent to the year end, on June 16, 2015, Strateco notified Majescor that it was resigning as Operator of the Mistassini Uranium Property Joint-Venture, pursuant to article 7.4 of the Joint-Venture Agreement. Per the terms of the Agreement, Majescor has 30 days following receipt of the notice to notify Strateco in writing that it accepts to assume thereafter the functions of the Operator of the Joint-Venture.

As of the reporting date, the province-wide freeze on uranium exploration permits issued on March 28, 2013 was still in effect and the Québec Office of Public Hearings on the Environment (BAPE) had still not released its report on environmental, economic, social, and human health and security issues relating to uranium exploration and mining

Closing of non-brokered private placements

Throughout the reporting period and up to the date of the MD&A, the Company closed a series of non-brokered private placements:

- On April 1, 2014 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 3,150,000 units of the Corporation for gross proceeds of \$189,000. Each Unit consisted of (i) one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.06 per common share and (ii) one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one additional common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.12 per common share for a period of eighteen (18) months (October 1, 2015).

In connection with the private placement of the units, the Company paid a cash finder's fee of \$15,600 (10% on gross proceeds raised, excluding Directors' participation), and issued 260,000 agent's options (10% of the units issued, excluding Directors' participation), exercisable at the issue price of \$0.06 for a period of eighteen (18) months from the closing date.

On April 22, 2014 the Company announced that it has completed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement (First tranche closed April 1, 2014) by issuing 250,000 units of the Company for gross proceeds of \$15,000. Each unit consisted of (i) one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.06 per common share and (ii) one common share purchase warrant.

Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one additional common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.12 per common share for a period of eighteen (18) months (October 17, 2015).

The 3,400,000 warrants issued in connection to the first and second tranche private placements listed above have been recorded at a value of \$87,600 based on the proportional method based on the Black Scholes option pricing model, using the following assumptions: share price of \$0.089, an average exercise price of \$0.12, risk free interest rate of 1.06%, expected life of warrants of 1.5 years, annualized volatility rate of 205% (based on the Company's historical volatility for 1.5 years up to the issuance date) and dividend rate of 0%.

- In March 2014, the Company received \$25,000 and issued 250,000 units in relation to a subscription agreement received from the August 12, 2013 private placement. The 250,000 units were issued at a price of \$0.10 each for gross proceeds of \$25,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at a price of \$0.50 until August 12, 2014 and at a price of \$1.00 until August 12, 2015.

Princess Mary Lake base camp, Nunavut

On January 23, 2015, Majescor received a notice from the Nunavut Water Board that indicated there were no outstanding reclamation issues associated with the former Princess Mary Lake base camp site as well as no outstanding land issues or administrative matters that required attention. Furthermore the Nunavut Water Board cancelled Majescor's existing water license for the camp.

Going concern assumption

This MD&A, along with the February 28, 2015, audited consolidated financial statements and related notes, have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assume that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations as they come due. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Given that the Company has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain mineral deposits that are economically recoverable, the Company has not yet generated income nor cash flows from its operations. The Company has incurred a loss in the current period and losses in the prior years, with a current net loss of \$404,713 during the year ended February 28, 2015 (2014 - \$3,579,227) and has an accumulated deficit of \$40,767,974 (2014 - \$40,392,568). These material uncertainties cast significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

As at February 28, 2015, the Company had negative working capital of \$3,165,698 (2014 - negative working capital of \$2,990,212), including \$71,528 (2014 - \$31,114) in cash and current liabilities totalling \$3,264,792 (2014 - \$3,024,711), which includes a debt of US\$ 302,000 (CAD - \$377,591) to a creditor of SOMINE S.A. ("SOMINE") as well as US\$ 1,700,000 (CAD - \$2,125,510) that the Company's subsidiary SOMINE owes to the Government of Haiti, per the terms of the Mining Convention executed between SOMINE and the State of Haiti on May 5, 2005 and of the two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits granted to SOMINE on December 21, 2012. The Company must secure additional funding to be able to discharge its liabilities, to fund its ongoing working capital requirements and to continue its exploration program on the SOMINE project. Management is evaluating various alternatives to secure the necessary financing so that the Company can continue as a going concern. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful.

As of the reporting date, the SOMINE creditor and the Haitian Government have not issued a demand for payment notice to SOMINE for failure to make the payments per the debt agreements. Should the Haitian Government issue a demand payment notice to SOMINE for the US\$ \$1,700,000 debt, the Company, by virtue of its majority interest in SOMINE, is at risk of losing its two Mining Exploitation Permits (“PEMs”) on the SOMINE project. Therefore, there remains a significant doubt regarding the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

The carrying amount of assets, liabilities and expenses presented in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2015, and the classification used in the consolidated statement of financial position have not been adjusted as would be required if the going concern assumption was not appropriate. Those adjustments could be material.

Exploration

Majescor is a junior explorer focusing on emerging mineral districts. The Company’s exploration activities cover three geographic regions of interest. In addition to the SOMINE project in Haiti (controlled by Majescor’s wholly-owned affiliate SIMACT Alliance Copper-Gold Inc. (SACG); SACG owns 77.25% of the outstanding shares of SOMINE, a registered Haitian corporation holding 100% of the mineral rights to the SOMINE project), Majescor’s project portfolio includes the Mistassini uranium property (under Joint-Venture: 40% Majescor, 60% Strateco Resources Inc.), located in the James Bay territory of northern Québec. In Madagascar, Majescor owns 100% mineral rights to the Besakoa gold-and-base metal property.

Majescor is currently in the process of divesting of its interest in SOMINE.

Exploration expenditures during the years ended February 28, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	February 28, 2015	February 28, 2014
	\$	\$
<u>SOMINE</u>		
General field expenses	64,297	129,439
<u>MISTASSINI</u>		
Geology	4,431	-
Totals	68,728	129,439

During the year ended February 28, 2015, a limited amount was expended on the SOMINE project chiefly to continue maintaining the Roche-Plate base camp under care and maintenance. The Roche-Plate base camp has been on care and maintenance since September 1, 2012.

SOMINE project, North-East Mineral District of Haiti (Copper-(gold-silver-molybdenum)):

Grant of two Mining Exploitation Permits covering the Douvray deposit and the Faille B prospect

On December 21, 2012, The Company and its wholly owned subsidiary SIMACT Alliance Copper-Gold Inc. (SACG) announced that the Haitian Bureau of Mines and Energy (BME) had awarded two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits (“PEM” or Permis d’Exploitation Minière) to the Company’s Haitian

subsidiary SOMINE:

- One (1) 25 km² PEM covering the Blondin-Douvray-Dos Rada porphyry copper system (the “Douvray Permit”), which contains the Douvray porphyry copper-(gold-silver- molybdenum) prospect, now host to a NI 43-101 Inferred Mineral Resource of 189.5 Mt grading 0.30% Cu, 0.05 g/t Au, 1.12 g/t Ag and 23.05 g/t Mo* at a base cut-off of 0.1% Cu; and
- One (1) 20 km² PEM covering the Faille B vein gold prospect and host shear structure (the “Faille permit”).

** Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability*

The Douvray porphyry copper-(gold-silver-molybdenum) project is the first mineral development project to reach the Mining Exploitation permitting (“PEM”) stage since the enactment of Haiti’s Mining Code in 1976. The Douvray PEM is held within the limits of SOMINE’s former 50 km² SOMINE Research Permit, the mineral rights and obligations of which were assigned under a Mining Convention executed between SOMINE and the State of Haiti on May 5, 2005 and valid until March 9, 2020. The Research Permit expired on June 22, 2012. On June 21, 2012 SOMINE submitted two independent technical reports (non-NI 43-101 compliant) to the BME. The technical reports were filed pursuant to SOMINE SA’s obligations under the Mining Convention and in support of its application to have the 50 km² SOMINE Research Permit converted to two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits.

Under Haitian mining law, a Mining Exploitation Permit is valid for five (5) years and is renewable once until the start of commercial mining at which time the permit shall be automatically converted to a Mining Concession (valid for 25 years; renewable). Under the terms of the Mining Convention, the granting of the Mining Exploitation Permits will allow Majescor and SOMINE to carry out all advanced mineral development work, including but not limited to geological, geotechnical, metallurgical, engineering and environmental studies and new drilling to define additional mineral reserves (non-NI 43-101), required to bring the Douvray and Faille B projects to commercial production.

As of the reporting date, the Company was still searching for a buyer for SACG’s interest in the SOMINE project.

Mistassini, Otish Mountains, Quebec (Uranium): Uranium rights in joint-venture with Strateco Resources Inc.

The Mistassini property is host to the Lac Mantouchiche uranium prospect where in November 2007, the Company drilled an 18.5 m intersection grading 0.215% U₃O₈ at a vertical depth of 47 m in hole MIST-07-03. The property, optioned by Strateco Resources Inc. (“Strateco”) in 2008, is comprised of 171 map-designated claims with a total surface area of 9,115 hectares. The property is located in the Otish Mountains of Quebec, 50 km southwest of Strateco’s Matoush uranium property.

All exploration plans for the Mistassini property have been placed on hold by Strateco subsequent to the August 9, 2012 decision by the James Bay Cree Nation to declare a Permanent Moratorium on uranium exploration, uranium mining and uranium waste emplacement in Eeyou Istchee, the James Bay Cree territory, which is host to the Property. The Government of Québec has yet to officially react to the self-declared Cree Moratorium.

On January 17, 2013, Strateco announced that it has filed a motion for mandamus and declaratory judgment with the Quebec Superior Court. Among other things, the motion is intended to ensure that the Québec ministry of sustainable development, environment, wildlife and parks (Ministère du Développement durable, de l’Environnement, de la Faune et des Parcs, or “MDDEFP”) comes to a decision on the authorization required for the execution of the Matoush underground uranium exploration program.

On March 28, 2013 the Québec government announced a minimum two-year freeze on all new land use permits and other authorizations for uranium exploration in the province. The freeze will be in effect until the Office of Public Hearings on the Environment (BAPE) had conducted a public review on Quebec's uranium industry and has submitted its report to the Government.

The year-long BAPE inquiry and public hearing on environmental, economic, social, and human health and security issues relating to uranium exploration and mining commenced in May of 2014 and ended in December 2015. The final inquiry report is to be delivered to the Québec government by May 20th, 2015.

Finally, two (2) of the 171 claims making up the Mistassini uranium property were also allowed to lapse in February 2013. The Mistassini uranium property now comprises 169 claims.

On April 10, 2014, Majescor advised Strateco Resources Inc., of the Company's decision to suspend payments of its pro-rata share of exploration and exploration-related expenditures on the Mistassini uranium property. The Company's interest in the Mistassini uranium property will be adjusted subsequently, per the terms of the Joint-Venture agreement.

On January 12, 2015, the Joint-Venture management committee elected to allow 71 of the 169 claims making up the Mistassini property to lapse in February 2015 as a result of Strateco's ongoing inability to carry-out additional uranium exploration work on that property due to the province-wide freeze on the issuance of uranium exploration land-use permits enacted by the Quebec government in March 2013. The remaining 98 claims require renewal fees but no exploration expenditures to remain in good standing for 2015 and remain valid until 2017. The Joint-Venture intends to renew all 98 of these claims.

Majescor Resources Inc. has requested approval from Northern Superior Resources Inc. to sell or option its 49.5% rights to mineral commodities, other than diamonds or uranium, on all of the remaining claims forming the Mistassini property. Northern Superior Resources owns 100 % of the diamond rights on the Mistassini property as well as 50.5% of the rights to mineral commodities other than diamonds and uranium.

Subsequent to the year end, at the Joint-venture Management Committee meeting held on April 15, 2015, the Management Committee proposed that in the event that Majescor would assume alone the costs of the three upcoming claim renewals on the Mistassini property, Majescor's interest of 40% in the Joint-Venture would not need to be diluted anymore as it had been previously decided by the Management Committee. Majescor owes Strateco its share of the last three years expenses in the Joint-Venture and the combined amount to be paid by Majescor for the three claim renewals represents an equivalent amount of expenses in the Joint-Venture. However, the claims to be renewed should remain property of the Joint-Venture unless Majescor would be willing to reimburse Strateco in cash for Majescor' share of the expenses on the Mistassini property of the last three years. The Committee accepted that the Mistassini property claims scheduled to be renewed in April, July and September of 2015 be renewed by the Joint-Venture and that the costs of the renewals be assumed entirely by Majescor in order to pay Majescor' share of the JV expenses of the last 3 years, to the explicit exclusion of the obligation of Strateco to pay these renewals costs. Majescor in paying these renewals will maintain a 40% interest in uranium rights in the JV. In April, The Joint-Venture proceeded with the first claim renewal for a total of 49 claims. As of the reporting date, the Mistassini uranium property is made comprised of 98 claims.

Subsequent to the year end, on June 16, 2015, Strateco notified Majescor that it was resigning as Operator of the Mistassini Uranium Property Joint-Venture, pursuant to article 7.4 of the Joint-Venture Agreement. Per the terms of the Agreement, Majescor has 30 days following receipt of the notice to notify Strateco in writing that it accepts to assume thereafter the functions of the Operator of the Joint-Venture.

As of the reporting date, the province-wide freeze on uranium exploration permits issued on March 28, 2013 was still in effect and the BAPE had still not released its report on environmental, economic, social, and human health and security issues relating to uranium exploration and mining.

Madagascar gold and base metal property held under Daraina S.A.R.L.

On January 20, 2014, the Company received official notification that Sunridge was pulling out of Daraina S.A.R.L. and out of the Besakoa project returning its 50% stake in Daraina to Majescor. As a result, Majescor is now 100% owner of Daraina S.A.R.L. and of the Besakoa, gold, base metal and graphite property.

Subsequent to Sunridge's notice, the Board of Directors has elected to suspend the activities of Daraina S.A.R.L. and terminate the Besakoa property exploration program. The Company continues to search for a buyer for Daraina SARL or a partner for the Besakoa property.

Qualified person

The above technical information was prepared, confirmed and/or reviewed by Marc-André Bernier, M.Sc., P.Geo. (Ontario and Québec), Majescor Director and Technical Adviser, and a qualified person under NI 43-101.

Financial Information

The following selected financial data is derived from the Company's consolidated financial statements.

	February 28, 2015	February 28, 2014
	\$	\$
Operations		
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	68,728	129,439
General and administrative	193,875	610,908
Loss on Foreign exchange	306,351	162,531
Gain on sale of royalty	(137,902)	(125,000)
Gain on settlement of trade payables	(4,132)	(67,301)
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets	-	2,600,000
Impairment of property and equipment	-	128,047
Write down to net realizable value of prepaid exploration supplies	-	56,556
Interest and other income	(28,155)	(2,383)
Accretion expense	-	86,430
Gain on sale of marketable securities	(5,948)	-
Net loss	404,713	3,579,227
attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	324,406	3,006,592
attributable to non-controlling interest	80,307	572,635
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.03	0.36

	February 28, 2015	February 28, 2014
	\$	\$
Statement of Financial Position		
Cash	71,528	31,114
Property and equipment	19,000	19,000
Total assets	118,094	53,499
Trade payables	761,691	817,041
Current debt obligations	2,503,101	2,207,670
Long term debt	4,871	4,873
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	(1,366,549)	(1,261,408)
Non-controlling interest	(1,785,020)	(1,714,677)
Cash Flows		
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	178,185	(267,991)
Cash flows provided by investing activities	427	-
Cash flows provided by financing activities	213,400	237,350
Effect of foreign currency translation	4,772	2,537
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	40,414	(28,104)

Since its incorporation, the Company has not paid any cash dividends on its outstanding common shares. Any future dividend payment will depend on the Company's financial needs to fund its exploration programs and its future growth, and any other factor that the board may deem necessary to consider. It is highly unlikely that any dividends will be paid in the near future.

Results of Operations

1) Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures for the year ended February 28, 2015 compared to 2014 decreased by \$60,711. This significant decrease is attributable to a further reduction of amounts expended on the SOMINE project during 2015 to keep the camp under care and maintenance.

2) General and administrative expenses

General and administrative costs ("G&A") include both the Company's head office G&A and local office G&A related to the Company's subsidiary SOMINE SA in Haiti. G&A are summarized as follows:

	Year ended February 28, 2015	Year ended February 28, 2014
	\$	\$
Management and consulting fees	62,038	196,166
Share based payments	-	21,100
Salaries and benefits	1,972	122,746
Travel and promotion	410	24,190
Shareholder information	14,495	20,921
Professional fees	61,047	105,038
Office and general expenses	53,913	76,132
Amortization expense	-	44,615
	\$	\$
	193,875	610,908

Total G&A decreased by \$417,033 in the year ended February 28, 2015, over the prior-year, mainly due to the following changes:

Management and consulting fees

Management and consulting fees decreased by \$134,128 over the prior year comparative period. The decrease was due to the technical consultants and CEO not taking any salary or consulting fees in 2015 as well as a decrease in company activity will management continues to develop its diversification strategy.

Share based payments

Stock based payments expense decreased by \$21,100 during the year ended February 28, 2015, over the year ended 2014. In 2014, the company issued 300,000 stock options with a Black-Scholes value of approximately \$0.07 per option. There were no stock options granted in 2015.

Salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits expenses decreased by \$120,774 over the prior year comparative period, as there was no salaried employees in the Company during the current year. The only salary incurred in 2015 was for administrative staff in SOMINE.

Travel and promotion

Travel and promotion expenses decreased by \$23,780 over the prior year comparative period, due to a significant decrease in marketing activities by the Company, given the limited financial resources of the Company.

Professional fees

Professional fees decreased by \$43,991 over the prior year comparative period, mainly due to a decrease of approximately \$33,200 of audit and accounting fees in 2015 compared to 2014 due to a decrease in legal fees of approximately \$10,000 from the prior year. Legal fees incurred in the current year were in relations to the Advantagewon and Développement Minier Durable Haiti S.A. letter of intents, compared to last year's legal fees relating to the settlement with ATP and the sale of Majescor's partial interest in the Brauna Royalty.

Office and general expenses

Office and general expenses decreased by \$22,219 during the year period ended February 28, 2015, over the 2014 year end, mainly due to a decrease in the Company's activities during this period.

Amortization expenses

Amortization expenses decreased by \$44,615 during the year period ended February 28, 2015, over the 2014 year end, as the company had fully amortized all of its property and equipment in Canada in the prior year. No amortization was taken on property and equipment held in SOMINE in 2015 as it was written down to its net realizable value in 2014 due to prolonged suspended exploration activity.

3) Loss of foreign exchange

The loss on foreign exchange increased by \$143,820 during the year period ended February 28, 2015, over the 2014 year end, mainly due to the fluctuation in the exchange rate between the United States

dollar and the Canadian dollar from March 1, 2014 to February 28, 2015. The Company had approximately \$2,281,000 debt is in United States dollars as at February 28, 2015 and 2014, however, the USD to CAD exchange rate increased by approximately 13% resulting in an FX loss of approximately \$295,000.

4) Impairment of property and equipment

Property and equipment located in SOMINE was impaired by \$128,047 during the year ended February 28, 2014. In 2014, management impaired the value of the property and equipment to its fair value less costs to sell, due to minimal activity in SOMINE. There were no further impairments or reversal of impairments in 2015.

5) Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets.

Exploration and evaluation assets located in SOMINE were impaired by \$2,600,000 during the year ended February 28, 2014, due to the minimal activity in SOMINE. There were no further impairments or reversal of impairments in 2015.

6) Write-down to net realizable value of prepaid exploration supplies

Prepaid exploration supplies located in SOMINE were impaired by \$56,556 during the year ended February 28, 2014 due to the minimal activity in SOMINE. Management impaired the value of the prepaid exploration supplies in 2014 to its fair value less costs to sell. There were no further impairments or reversal of impairments in 2015

Quarterly information

The following summarized financial data has been prepared in accordance with IFRS and should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the audited consolidated annual financial statements for the respective periods.

Quarter Ended	Other Income	Net (Gain) Loss	Basic and diluted Net (Gain) Loss per common share
	\$	\$	\$
28/02/2015	2,056	209,752	0.01
30/11/2014	(2,079)	163,070	0.01
31/08/2014	4,529	116,447	0.01
31/05/2014	23,649	(84,556)	(0.01)
28/02/2014	16	2,543,189	0.27
30/11/2013	-	223,436	0.01
31/08/2013	2,367	358,819	0.03
31/05/2013	-	369,736	0.05

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As at February 28, 2015, the Company had negative working capital of \$3,165,698 (February 28, 2014 - negative working capital of \$2,990,212), including \$71,528 (February 28, 2014 - \$31,114) in cash and

current liabilities totaling \$3,264,792 (February 28, 2014 - \$3,024,711), which includes a debt of US\$ 302,000 (CAD - \$377,591) to a creditor of SOMINE S.A. ("SOMINE") as well as US\$ 1,700,000 (CAD - \$2,125,510) that the Company's subsidiary SOMINE owes to the Government of Haiti. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days, and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company regularly evaluates its cash position to ensure preservation and security of capital as well as liquidity.

The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities.

Capital management

When managing capital, the Company's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to achieve optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management adjusts the capital structure as necessary in order to support the acquisition, exploration, and development of its mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management team to sustain the future development of the business. The Company considers its capital to be equity attributable to the shareholders of the parent company, which is comprised of share capital, reserves and deficit which at February 28, 2015 totaled (\$1,366,549) (February 28, 2014 – (\$1,261,408)).

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out its planned exploration programs and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts when economic conditions permit it to do so. Management has chosen to mitigate the risk and uncertainty associated with raising additional capital in current economic conditions by:

- (i) minimizing discretionary disbursements;
- (ii) focusing financing exploration expenditures on those properties considered to have the best potential; and
- (iii) exploring alternative sources of liquidity.

In light of the above, the Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if the Company thinks there is sufficient potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is appropriate. The Company's capital management objectives, policies, and processes have remained unchanged during the years ended February 28, 2015 and 2014. The Company is not subject to any external capital requirements or restrictions.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of February 28, 2015, and February 28, 2014, the Company has no off balance sheet arrangements.

Related Party Transactions

Related parties include the Board of Directors and key management personnel, as well as, close family members and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions.

Unless otherwise stated, none of the transactions incorporated special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received.

Remuneration of directors and key management personnel of the Company was as follows:

	Year Ended	
	February 28, 2015	February 28, 2014
	\$	\$
Salaries and benefits, including directors fees	13,500	107,620
Consulting fees	48,270	108,250
Share based payments	-	18,990
Total	61,770	234,860

As at February 28, 2015 directors and key management personnel, as well as former officers and directors, were owed \$251,762 (2014 - \$235,593), included in trade and other payables.

During the year ended February 28, 2015 the following related party transactions were incurred with management and directors of Majescor:

- Sabino Di Paola (CFO) charged the Company \$44,667 of consulting fees for work performed in relation to management of the Company. (2014 - \$22,500);
- Professional fees of \$3,604 (2014 - \$ Nil) were paid to Jean-Guy Lacasse for legal consultations;
- The Company accrued director's stipends of \$13,500 (2014 - \$15,500).

Mining Property Book Values

At the end of each quarter, management reviews the carrying value of its resource properties to determine whether any impairments or reversal of impairments are necessary. There were no impairments or reversal of impairments during the year ended February 28, 2015 (2014 – impairments of \$2,600,000, reversal of impairments - \$ Nil). The 2014 impairments related to the Company's Haitian assets.

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, marketable securities, Trade payables, debt obligation and long-term debt. Other than marketable securities, the fair value of these instruments approximates their carrying value, given their short-term nature.

Long-term debt was valued at acquisition by performing a present value calculation on the expected cash outflows using a discount rate of 50% and a starting period of 6.5 years in the future.

The Government of Haiti debt was valued at acquisition by performing a present value calculation on the expected cash outflows using a discount rate of 10%. As of February 28, 2015, the fair value approximates the carrying value given that the debt is current.

Investor relations activity

The management of the Company has assumed the investor relations role.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no significant changes in accounting standards during the year ended February 28, 2015, that would have an impact on the Company's financial reporting.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of the Financial Statements requires Management to make estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the amounts recorded in the Financial Statements. These estimates and assumptions are based on the Company's experience and Management's expectations about future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, and they are continually being evaluated based on the new facts and experience. Actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The effect of a change in accounting estimate is recognized prospectively in the period of change and future periods if the change impacts both periods.

The Company's significant accounting policies and estimates are fully described in note 3 to the annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended February 28, 2015 and 2014.

Outstanding Share Data

Common shares and convertible securities outstanding at June 19, 2015, are as follows:

Securities	Expiry date	Exercise price	Securities outstanding
Common shares	-	-	13,021,107
Warrants	Up to October 17, 2015	\$0.10 to \$0.12	5,130,000
Options	Up to July 27, 2017	\$0.07 to \$2.50	347,500
Agents options ⁽¹⁾	October 1, 2015	\$0.06	260,000

(1) The agent options have an exercise price of 0.06 per unit, with each unit exercisable into 1 common share and 1 whole warrant with an exercise price of \$0.12

Subsequent events

On March 2, 2015, the Company announced that it had entered into a binding letter of intent with Développement Minier Durable Haiti S.A. ("DDMH"), a private company, for the sale of 100% of Majescor's interest in the SOMINE SA shares held by its wholly owned subsidiary SIMACT Alliance Copper-Gold Inc. ("SACG"). SACG owns 77.25% of the outstanding common shares of SOMINE SA.

In exchange for Majescor's interest in SOMINE SA, the Company will receive a 2% royalty on each of the two Mining Exploitation Permits (PEM) held by SOMINE. DDMH will retain the right to purchase at any time the royalties in whole or in part in the amount of \$1,000,000 for 1% royalty on each property.

On June 2, 2015, management has assessed that the likelihood of this transaction being completed as tabled is very low. Due to technical requirements in selling assets to a Haitian company, it is very likely that this transaction will have to be significantly altered in order to be completed. It is uncertain as to the timeline in getting the transaction completed. Management is working closely with DDMH to propose a new transaction which will allow the Company to sell its interest in SOMINE to DDMH.

On June 16, 2015, Strateco informed the Company that they were resigning as operator of the Mistassini Joint Venture. Strateco will retain its 60% interest in the Joint Venture as long as it continues to fund its portion of future exploration programs.

Proposed transactions

In the normal course of business, the Company evaluates property acquisition transactions and, in some cases, makes proposals to acquire such properties. These proposals, which are usually subject to Board and sometimes regulatory and shareholder approvals, may involve future payments, share issuances, and property work commitments. These future obligations are usually contingent in nature and generally the Company is only required to incur the obligation if it wishes to continue with the transaction.

Refer to the section on the LOI with Développement Minier Durable Haiti S.A. for details regarding the proposed disposition of the Company's SOMINE assets.

Risk and uncertainties

Exploration of minerals and development of mineral properties involve significant risks, many of which are outside of the Company's control. In addition to the normal and usual risks of exploration and mining, the Company often works in remote locations that lack the benefit of infrastructure and easy access.

Financial risk

The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage, that it is dependent on obtaining regular financing in order to continue exploration. Despite previous success in acquiring this financing, there is no guarantee of obtaining any future financing, or that it will be available on acceptable terms.

The prices of metals fluctuate widely and are affected by many factors outside of the Company's control. The relative prices of metals and future expectations for such prices have a significant impact on the market sentiment for investment in mining and mining exploration companies.

Foreign exchange risk

Some of the Company's expenditures are in US dollars or HTG (Haitian Gourdes). Movement in the Canadian dollar against these currencies therefore has a direct impact on the Company's cost base. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign exchange risks.

Risk on the uncertainty of title

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mining properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title.

Risk on obtaining permits and licenses

The Company's operations may require licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary licenses and permits that may be required to carry out exploration, development and mining operations at its projects.

SOMINE is currently in default on its US\$302,000 debt to a creditor as well as its US\$1,700,000 payments to the Haitian Government per the terms of the Mining Convention signed in 1997 and two Mining Exploitation Permits issued in December 2012, and should the Government of Haiti issue a demand for payment, there is a risk that the Mining Exploitation Permits may be revoked by the Government of Haiti.

As of the reporting date the Company does not have the funds to pay the Government of Haiti and should the Company be unable to ascertain proper funding to settle the demand for payment status it risks losing its two Mining Exploitation Permits for the SOMINE project in Haiti. The loss of these

permits would pose a serious risk to the Company's ability to remain a going concern.

Environmental risk

The Company is subject to various environmental incidents that can occur during exploration work. The Company maintains an environmental management system including operational plans and practices.

Forward-looking information

This Management's Discussion and Analysis contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

In certain cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "believe", "intend", "may", "will", "should", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "potential", "intends", "expects" and other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations and assumptions, and are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements, the actual results of exploration activities, the estimation or realization of mineral reserves and resources, capital expenditures, costs and timing of the development of new mineral deposits, requirements for additional capital, future prices of precious and base metals, possible variations in ore grade or recovery rates, failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate as anticipated, accidents, labour disputes, road blocks and other risks of the mining industry, delays in obtaining governmental approvals, permits or financing or in the completion of development or construction activities, currency fluctuations, title disputes or claims limitations on insurance coverage and the timing and possible outcome of pending litigation and the timing or magnitude of such events are inherently risky and uncertain.

Key assumptions upon which the Company's forward-looking statements are based include the following:

- the Company's ability to successfully divest of its interest in SOMINE (as defined in this Management's Discussion and Analysis);
- the Company will be able to secure new financing to continue its exploration, development and operational activities;
- there being no significant adverse changes in currency exchange rates;
- there being no significant changes in the ability of the Company to comply with regulatory requirements;
- the absence of any material adverse effects arising as a result of political instability, terrorism, sabotage, natural disasters, equipment failures or adverse changes in government legislation or the socio-economic conditions in the surrounding area to the Company's Haitian operations;
- the Company's operating costs will not increase significantly; and

These assumptions should be considered carefully by investors. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements or the assumptions on which the Company's forward-looking statements are based.

Investors are advised to carefully review and consider the risk factors identified in this Management's Discussion and Analysis under the heading "Risk Factors" for a discussion of the factors that could cause the Company's actual results, performance and achievements to be materially different from any anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Investors are further cautioned that the foregoing list of assumptions is not exhaustive and it is recommended that prospective investors consult the more complete discussion of the Company's business, financial condition and prospects that is included in this Management's Discussion and Analysis and other documents available under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The forward-looking statements contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis are made as of the date hereof and, accordingly, are subject to change after such date.

Although the Company believes that the assumptions on which the forward-looking statements are made are reasonable, based on the information available to the Company on the date such statements were made, no assurances can be given as to whether these assumptions will prove to be correct. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information, except as, and to the extent, required by applicable securities laws. The forward-looking statements contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this document is not intended to be a comprehensive review of all matters and developments concerning the Company. It should be read in conjunction and in context with all other disclosure documents of the Company. The information contained herein is not a substitute for detailed investigation or analysis on any particular issue. No securities commission or regulatory authority has reviewed the accuracy of the information presented.

Additional information and continuous disclosure

This Management's Discussion and Analysis has been prepared as of June 19, 2015. Additional information on the company is available through regular filings of press releases, financial statements and its annual information form on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

(s) "C. Tucker Barrie"

C. Tucker Barrie, President & Acting Chief Executive Officer

(s) "Sabino Di Paola"

Sabino Di Paola, Chief Financial Officer