

MAJESCOR RESOURCES INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2012.

The following Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the operations, results and financial position of Majescor Resources Inc. (the "Company" or "Majescor"), current as of January 28, 2013 should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes for the three and nine months ended November 30, 2012, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for interim reporting periods. As a result, this MD&A should also be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the years ended February 29, 2012 and February 28, 2011. All financial results presented in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

This MD&A contains or may refer to certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements include estimates and statements that describe the Company's future development plans, objectives or goals, including words to the effect that the Company expects a stated condition or result to occur. Forward-looking statements may be identified by such terms as "anticipates", "believes", "could", "estimates", "expects", "may", "shall", "will", or "would". Since forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices for mineral commodities; exploration successes; new opportunities; continued availability of capital and financing; general economic, market or business conditions; and litigation, legislative, environmental or other judicial, regulatory, political and competitive developments. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. Majescor Resources Inc. does not undertake to update any forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time by Management or on its behalf, except in accordance with applicable public disclosure rules and regulations.

Nature of Business

Majescor is a Canadian mineral exploration and development company incorporated under the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. The Company is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Haiti, Québec and Madagascar with the aim of discovering commercially exploitable deposits of minerals (primarily base metals, precious metals and uranium), which can either be placed into production by the Company or disposed of for a profit to companies that wish to place such deposits into commercial production. The Company also continues to evaluate other opportunities outside its current areas of operations. The Company has not yet determined whether its properties contain mineral resources or mineral reserves.

Common shares of the Company are listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange Venture Market ("TSX-V") under the symbol "MJX". Majescor's head office is in Montréal, Québec.

Going concern assumption

In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Given that the Company has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain mineral deposits that are economically recoverable, the Company has not yet generated income nor cash flows from its operations. The Company has incurred a loss in the current and prior periods, with a current net loss of \$583,845 and \$4,037,724 during the three and nine months ended November 30, 2012 (three and nine months ended November 30, 2011 - \$1,099,658 and \$2,350,582) and has an accumulated deficit of \$32,868,533 (February 29, 2012 - \$28,875,327). These material uncertainties cast significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

As at November 30, 2012, the Company had negative working capital of \$2,276,219 (February 29, 2012 - positive working capital of \$3,290,464), including \$118,022 (February 29, 2012 - \$3,172,103) in cash and cash equivalents and current liabilities totalling \$2,498,517 (February 29, 2012 - \$977,099), which includes a debt of US\$ \$1,700,000 (CAD \$1,686,810) that the Company's subsidiary SOMINE S.A. owes to the Government of Haiti, per the terms of the Mining Convention executed between SOMINE SA and the State of Haiti on May 5, 2005 and of the two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits granted to SOMINE SA on December 21, 2012. Subsequent to quarter-end, the Company raised \$225,000 from a private placement (see subsequent events). However, the Company must secure additional funding to be able to discharge its liabilities, to fund its ongoing working capital requirements and to continue its exploration program on the SOMINE project. Management is evaluating various alternatives to secure the necessary financing so that the Company can continue as a going concern. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful. Therefore, there remains a significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Corporate development highlights

National Instrument 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate for the Douvray porphyry copper-gold deposit

On January 15, 2013, The Company reported the first National Instrument ("NI") 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate for the Douvray porphyry copper-(gold-silver-molybdenum) deposit located on the Company's recently awarded Douvray Mining Exploitation Permit (the "Douvray PEM"), Northeast Haiti:

- Oxide and sulfide zone: Inferred Mineral Resource of 189.5 Mt grading 0.30% Cu, 0.05 g/t Au, 1.12 g/t Ag and 23.05 g/t Mo (base cut-off of 0.1% Cu).

The NI 43-101 Inferred Resource Estimate is derived from 15 core holes drilled at Douvray from 2011 to 2012 for a total of 6,206 m, and from an additional 24 core holes, totaling 6,233 m drilled on the deposit by St-Geneviève Resources Ltd. and partner KWG Resources Inc. between January and July of 1997. The Inferred resource estimate was prepared by independent Qualified Person Remi Bosc, principal consultant of Arethuse Geology SARL of Aix-en-Provence, France. The full breakdown of the Douvray porphyry copper (gold-silver-molybdenum) deposit Mineral Resource Estimate for the oxide and sulfide zones and at a range of cut-off grades for comparison purposes is presented in Table 1 (see below under Exploration).

Full details of the modeling parameters and assumptions used in the NI 43-101 Mineral Resources Estimate for the Douvray porphyry copper-gold deposit will be published in a NI 43-101 technical report currently under preparation and which be filed on www.sedar.com by the end of February 2013.

Grant of two Mining Exploitation Permits covering the Douvray deposit and the Faille B prospect

On December 21, 2012, The Company and its wholly owned subsidiary SIMACT Alliance Copper-Gold Inc. ("SACG") announced that the Haitian Bureau of Mines and Energy (the "BME") had awarded two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits to the Company's Haitian partner SOMINE SA :

- One (1) 25 km² Mining Exploitation Permit covering the Blondin-Douvray-Dos Rada porphyry copper system (the "Douvray Permit"), which contains the Douvray porphyry copper-gold prospect, now host to a NI 43-101 Inferred Mineral Resource of 189.5 Mt grading 0.30% Cu, 0.05 g/t Au, 1.12 g/t Ag and 23.05 g/t Mo; and
- One (1) 20 km² Mining Exploitation Permit covering the Faille B vein gold prospect and host shear structure (the "Faille permit").

The Douvray porphyry copper-gold project is the first mineral development project to reach the Mining Exploitation permitting ("PEM") stage since the enactment of Haiti's Mining Code in 1976. The Douvray PEM is held within the limits of SOMINE SA's former 50 km² SOMINE Research Permit, the mineral rights and obligations of which were assigned under a Mining Convention executed between SOMINE SA and the State of Haiti on May 5, 2005 and valid until March 9, 2020. The Research Permit expired on June 22, 2012. On June 21, 2012 SOMINE SA submitted two independent technical reports (non-NI 43-101 compliant) to the BME. The technical reports were filed pursuant to SOMINE SA's obligations under the Mining Convention and

in support of its application to have the 50 km² SOMINE Research Permit converted to two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits.

Under Haitian mining law, a Mining Exploitation Permit is valid for five (5) years and is renewable until the start of commercial mining at which time the permit shall be automatically converted to a Mining Concession (valid for 25 years; renewable). Under the terms of the Mining Convention, the granting of the Mining Exploitation Permits will Majescor and SOMINE SA to carry out all advanced mineral development work, including but not limited to geological, geotechnical, metallurgical, engineering and environmental studies and new drilling to define additional mineral reserves (non NI 43-101), required to bring the Douvray and Faille B projects to commercial production.

Closing of the 1st tranche of a non-brokered private placement

On January 22, 2013, the Company announced that it has revised the terms of its non-brokered private placement offering announced October 16, 2012 (see subsequent events). On January 18, 2013, the Company completed the 1st tranche of its private placement by issuing 2,500,000 units for gross proceeds of \$225,000. All securities issued in this private placement are subject to a four month hold period expiring on May 19, 2013.

Exploration

Majescor is a junior explorer focusing on emerging mineral districts. The Company's exploration activities cover three geographic regions of interest. In addition to the SOMINE project in Haiti (controlled by Majescor's wholly-owned affiliate SIMACT Alliance Copper-Gold Inc. ("SACG"); SACG owns 79% of the outstanding shares of SOMINE SA, a registered Haitian corporation holding 100% of the mineral rights to the SOMINE project), Majescor's project portfolio includes the Mistassini-uranium property (under Joint-Venture: 40% Majescor, 60% Strateco Resources Inc.), located in the James Bay territory of northern Québec. In Madagascar, Majescor owns 100% mineral rights to the Besakoa gold-and-base metal property (under Joint-Venture: 50% Majescor, 50% Sunridge Gold Corp.).

Exploration expenditures during the three and nine months ended November 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

	Three months Ended November 30, 2012	Three months Ended November 30, 2011	Nine months Ended November 30, 2012	Nine months Ended November 30, 2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<u>SOMINE</u>				
Drilling	-13,683	408,090	1,527,295	436,327
Geology	90,660	233,970	345,003	469,484
Assaying	11,993	9,664	180,573	22,216
Geophysics	-34	-	3,804	-
General field expenses	22,664	46,679	86,255	158,913
Report preparation	-2,084	12,448	232,639	12,448
Resource estimate	27,168	-	43,758	-
	136,684	710,851	2,419,327	1,099,388
<u>MISTASSINI</u>				
Geophysics	-	-	-	37,725
<u>Project evaluation</u>				
	-	-	40,480	-
Totals	136,684	710,851	2,459,807	1,137,113

Throughout the nine-month period ended November 30, 2012, the Company performed geological mapping, soil sampling, core drilling and a NI 43-101 compliant mineral resources estimation study on the SOMINE project (Haiti). Two independent technical reports (non NI 43-101 compliant) authored by Montréal-based engineering firm AECOM Inc. were also completed and submitted to the Haitian Bureau of Mines and Energy (“BME”) in Port-au-Prince, as per partner SOMINE SA’s requirements under its Mining Convention and as per its application for the two (2) Mining Exploitation Permits (“PEM”) (the Douvray PEM and the Faille PEM were awarded to SOMINE SA by the BME on December 21, 2012).

Also during the nine-month period ended November 30, 2012, partner Strateco Resources Inc. completed a remotely-sensed Quaternary mapping project on the Mistassini uranium property (Québec).

On September 1, 2012, the Roche-Plate base camp was placed under care-and-maintenance pending the restart of exploration activities on the SOMINE project in 2013

SOMINE project, North-East Mineral District of Haiti (Copper-Gold):

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- Oxide and sulfide zone: 189.5 Mt grading 0.30% Cu, 0.05 g/t Au, 1.12 g/t Ag and 23.05 g/t Mo at a base cut-off of 0.1% Cu. (table 1)

The NI 43-101 Inferred Resource Estimate is derived from 15 core holes drilled at Douvray from 2011 to 2012 for a total of 6,206 m, and from an additional 24 core holes, totaling 6,233 m drilled on the deposit by St-Geneviève Resources Ltd. and partner KWG Resources Inc. between January and July of 1997. The Inferred resource estimate was prepared by independent Qualified Person Remi Bosc, principal consultant of Arethuse Geology SARL of Aix-en-Provence, France. The full breakdown of the Douvray porphyry copper (gold-silver-molybdenum) deposit Mineral Resource Estimate for the oxide and sulfide zones and at a range of cut-off grades for comparison purposes is presented in Table 1.

Table 1-a – Douvray Inferred resources, Cu cut-off = 0.1%

Minznttype	Tonnes	Cu (%)	Cu (t)	Cu (Mlb)	Au (g/t)	Au (ozt)	Ag (g/t)	Ag (kozt)	Mo (g/t)	Mo (t)	CuEq* (%)	CuEq* (t)	CuEq (Mlb)
sulfide	178 600 000	0.31	545 000	1 202	0.05	268 500	0.83	4 790	24.28	4 335	0.36	638 000	1 407
Oxide	10 900 000	0.23	25 000	55	0.02	7 600	5.86	2 050	2.94	32	0.31	34 150	75
Grand Total	189 500 000	0.3	570 000	1 257	0.05	276 100	1.12	6 840	23.05	4 367	0.35	664 000	1 464

Table 1-b – Douvray: Estimate simulating different cut-off by block filtering

Block Filtering	Volume	Tonnes	Cu (%)	Cu (t)	Cu (Mlb)	Au (g/t)	Au (kozt)	Ag (g/t)	Ag (kozt)	Mo (g/t)	Mo (t)	CuEq* (%)	CuEq* (t)	CuEq (Mlb)
0.5	6 825 539	19 794 063	0.73	145 011	320	0.11	69	1.90	1 209	35.98	712	0.83	164 499	363
0.4	10 774 156	31 245 053	0.63	196 598	433	0.09	92	1.67	1 677	32.10	1 003	0.71	223 108	492
0.3	20 858 140	60 488 608	0.49	297 298	655	0.07	134	1.27	2 476	25.86	1 564	0.56	336 169	741
0.2	44 874 468	130 135 960	0.36	473 231	1 043	0.05	213	1.22	5 118	23.07	3 002	0.42	541 043	1 193
0.1	64 870 609	188 124 768	0.30	569 850	1 256	0.05	275	1.13	6 833	23.16	4 356	0.35	659 822	1 455
Total	65 341 594	189 490 622	0.30	570 000	1 257	0.05	276	1.12	6 840	23.05	4 367	0.35	664 000	1 464

$$*CuEq \% = Cu \% + 0.6 \times Au \text{ ppm} + 0.012 \times Ag \text{ ppm} + 3 \times Mo \%$$

The Company and Haitian partner SOMINE SA plan to continue with an aggressive exploration program in 2013 which will include over 10,000 m of infill and extension drilling, as well as a second phase of metallurgical testing to improve copper and associated metal recoveries. Adjacent to the Douvray copper deposit trend to the SW is the Faille B vein gold prospect. Majescor geologists believe there is, at present, sufficient data for 43-101 compliant resource calculation, and further drilling is planned to expand this potential gold resource

Douvray deposit inferred mineral resource estimate modeling method parameters

The Inferred Mineral Estimate for the Douvray porphyry copper - (gold-silver-molybdenum) deposit was completed by independent Qualified Person Remi Bosc of Arethuse Geology SARL and is reported in accordance with the guidelines of the Canadian Securities Administrators National Instrument 43-101. The estimate is derived from 15 core holes drilled at Douvray from 2011 to 2012 for a total of 6,206 m, and from an additional 24 core holes, totaling 6,233 m drilled by St-Geneviève Resources Ltd. and KWG Resources Inc. between January and July of 1997.

The resources are classified according to their proximity to the sample locations and are reported, as required by NI 43-101, according to the CIM Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves. The Douvray Resource Estimate comprises relatively continuous, sub-vertical zones of copper (gold-silver-molybdenum) mineralization that show the potential to be mined from surface, up to a vertical depth of 500 m. The reasonable prospects of economic extraction have been tested using floating cone pit shells based on reasonable projections of technical and economic parameters. The results show that the oxide and sulfide resources could be amenable to open pit extraction methods. A marginal cut-off at 0.1% Cu was retained for the resources estimates, based on: 1) metal recoveries from initial metallurgical testing carried out at Metchib Laboratories of Chibougamau, Québec in 2012 (See Majescor Press Release dated May 10, 2012); and, 2) using reasonably conservative commodity prices, Cu = US\$ 3.00/lb; Au = US\$ 1,400/oz; Ag = US\$ 25.0/oz; and Mo = US\$ 24,000/t. A massive Cu wireframe was designed with a 0.1% cut-off, capping a set of intrusives along a North-South trend. Most of the value of the deposit is carried by Cu, and low grade credit where independently interpolated within the Cu envelope. The tropical surface oxidation profile, about 25m deep, was interpolated and reported independently. Full details of the modeling parameters and assumptions used in the NI 43-101 Mineral Resources Estimate for the Douvray porphyry copper-gold deposit will be published in a NI 43-101 technical report currently under preparation and which be filed on www.sedar.com within 45 days of this release.

Previous project developments

- On September 6 2012, the Company reported that drill hole D-016 which targeted the northeast portion of the Douvray prospect had intersected **276.4 m** grading **0.35% Cu, 1.34 g/t Ag, 0.05 g/t Au** and **27.13 ppm Mo** (from 2.00 m to 278.40 m). Hole D-016 (Dip:-90°; Depth: 408 m) includes two significant sub-intercepts deep in the sulphide zone: **12.0 m** grading **1.08% Cu, 3.04 g/t Ag, 0.09 g/t Au** and **18.50 ppm Mo** (from 187.0 m to 199.0 m) and **17.29 m** grading **0.82% Cu, 3.27 g/t Ag, 0.19 g/t Au** and **176.82 ppm Mo** (from 261.11 m to 278.40 m). Hole D-016 is located 300 m to the East of Hole D-015 where a near-surface copper enrichment zone consisting of **66.4 m** grading **0.48% Cu, 0.89 g/t Ag, 0.08 g/t Au** and **9.00 ppm Mo** was encountered (from 3.6 m to 70.0 m; See Majescor Press release dated August 28, 2012). A similar pattern of near-surface copper-enrichment within the upper sulphide zone was encountered in Hole D-016 with **21.0 m** grading **0.47% Cu, 2.90 g/t Ag, 0.03 g/t Au** and **1.59 ppm Mo** (from 2.0 to 23.0 m). The near-surface copper enrichment has been interpreted to form a shell around the central porphyry system. This shell outcrops at the apex of the topographic ridge marking the divide between the East and West limbs of the Douvray prospect. Drill hole D-016, along with results from previously released drill intersections and historic drilling at Douvray were incorporated in the three-dimensional ("3D") model of the Douvray prospect available at www.corebox.net.

- On October 9 2012, the Company releases the final assay results from the 2012 drilling program at Douvray. Hole D-017 (Azimuth 070°; Dip: -60°; Depth: 401 m) which targeted the East Limb of the Douvray prospect intersected **388.5 m** grading **0.26% Cu, 0.38 g/t Ag, 0.01 g/t Au** and **15.07 ppm Mo** (from 12.50 m to 401.00 m), including **278.28 m** grading **0.30% Cu, 0.46 g/t Ag; 0.02 g/t Au** and **17.58 ppm Mo** (from 122.72 m to 401.00 m). Hole D-013 (Azimuth 070°; Dip:-75°; Depth: 499 m), which also targeted the East limb and was designed as an undercut to Hole D-008 intersected **154.55 m** grading **0.26% Cu, 0.61 g/t Ag, 0.03 g/t Au** and **11.33 ppm Mo** (from 230.20 m to 384.75 m), including **46.05 m** grading **0.41% Cu, 0.96 g/t Ag, 0.04 g/t Au** and **10.41 ppm Mo** (from 277.95 m to 324.00 m). The final drill holes, along with results from previously released drill intersections and historic drilling at Douvray were incorporated in the three-dimensional (“3D”) model of the Douvray prospect available at www.corebox.net.
- On the same date, Majescor released the finding of an independent investigation on potential near-surface drill core silver contamination at the Douvray and Blondin porphyry copper-gold prospects. In its press releases dated February 12 and March 13, 2012, the Company had reported high silver values in the near-surface (less than 15 m) portion of the oxide zone at Douvray and Blondin. Upon subsequent inspection of the assay data, Majescor management noted that high silver values in the near-surface oxide zone were accompanied by anomalously high levels of tungsten. Tungsten is commonly present in high strength alloy steel used in drill bits and in steel jaw crushers used by analytical laboratories. Accordingly, select drill sample pulps and rejects with high silver and tungsten values from the Douvray core drilling program were submitted for investigation to Overburden Drilling Management (“ODM”) of Ottawa, Ontario, a laboratory specialised in the mineralogical analysis and interpretation of overburden surveys. Also, as a preventive measure, high silver values from the near-surface oxide zone have been removed from the drill database (n = 12, in a database of n = 3200, or 0.0375% of the silver analyses at Douvray) and from the Majescor Website and are not included in the Corebox® 3D model for Douvray. Furthermore, all assay values above the sulphide-oxide interface have been excluded in the NI 43-101 resource estimate currently underway for the Douvray prospect. On September 27, 2012, Majescor received ODM’s report which confirmed suspicions that contamination from the drill bits occurred in the near-surface oxide zone at Douvray. The ODM report has been posted on the Company’s Website at www.majescor.com.

Faille B vein gold prospect drilling program

In July 2012, the Company completed a small shallow core drilling programme (5 holes; total: 639.50 m) on the Faille B vein gold prospect. The drilling which targeted the historical “Central Zone” of the Faille B prospect is designed to start the historical drill hole twinning and data validation process, in preparation for a first NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate to start in 2013; to map trace element geochemical signatures across the entire length of the core; and to start the step-out drilling process in order to test the down-hole continuity of the gold mineralisation.

The Faille B gold prospect is located 1.8 km to the south of the Douvray Cu-Au prospect. The quartz vein hosted gold prospect was discovered by the United Nations Development Programme (“UNDP”) in 1983 and was drill tested by the UNDP between September 1985 and May 1987 (the UNDP also excavated >15 trenches across the strike of the quartz-gold vein system). A total of 31 drill holes (3,186 m) tested the Faille B gold prospect and host shear structure over a strike length of 1.8 km using a hole spacing of between 60-250 m. Subsequent drill holes were positioned in intermediate locations to test lateral and vertical continuity or to improve gold grade data for the purpose of calculating a preliminary resource estimate for the “Central Zone”. The drilling and trenching revealed that the Faille B gold-bearing structure is exposed at surface for ~300 m along a NW strike, and up to 100 m across strike, and is open along strike and at depth. In Late 2009, Majescor/SACG and SOMINE SA completed nine (9) additional core drill holes (total: 935 m) at Faille B. The drilling was designed to test the western extension of the gold mineralization outlined previously by the UNDP. Drill hole FB-09-09 returned a significant intersection of 77 g/t Au uncut over 10.5 metres (see Majescor Press Release dated August 18, 2011).

The five (5) shallow drill holes at the Central Zone were systematically assayed for precious and base metals and other trace elements. Highlights from the drill program are provided below:

On September 20 2012, the Company reported that drill hole FB-012 had intersected **17.5 m** grading **2.59 g/t Au**, **0.95 g/t Ag** and **0.14% Cu** (from 58.0 m to 75.5 m). Hole FB-012 (Azimuth: 026°; Dip -50°; Depth: 131.0 m) also contains a series of significant sub-intercepts including **3.9 m** grading **8.96 g/t Au**, **1.50 g/t Ag** and **0.22% Cu**. Hole FB-012 is the second of five shallow drill holes completed at Faille B. Final drill assay results for holes FB-010, FB-011, FB-013 and FB-014, including five over-limit Au assays, were pending at the time of the press release.

- Finally, on October 23, the Company released the final assay results from the five shallow drill holes targeting the “Central Zone” at Faille B.
 - o Hole FB-010 intercepted **35.65 m** grading **3.23 g/t Au**, **0.42 g/t Ag** and **0.06% Cu** (from 66.00 m to 101.65 m), including **1.65 m** grading **67.97 g/t Au**, **5.10 g/t Ag**, and **0.22% Cu** (from 100.00 m to 101.65 m).
 - o Hole FB-011 intercepted **7.25 m** grading **0.95 g/t Au**, **0.51 g/t Ag** and **0.11% Cu** (from 34.50 m to 41.75 m), including **2.79 m** grading **2.28 g/t Au**, **0.51 g/t Ag** and **0.11% Cu** (from 34.50 m to 37.29 m).
 - o Hole FB-012 intercepted **17.50 m** grading **2.90 g/t Au**, **0.95 g/t Ag** and **0.14% Cu** (from 58.00 m to 75.50 m), including **3.90 m** grading **10.12 g/t Au**, **1.50 g/t Ag** and **0.22% Cu** (from 58.00 m to 61.90 m).
 - o Hole FB-013 intercepted **20.15 m** grading **0.58 g/t Au**, **0.71 g/t Ag** and **0.11% Cu** (from 42.85 m to 63.00 m), including **3.15 m** grading **2.25 g/t Au**, **1.37 g/t Ag** and **0.12% Cu** (from 42.85 m to 46.00 m). Hole FB-013 also intercepted **4.50 m** grading **9.93 g/t Au**, **2.67 g/t Ag** and **0.16% Cu** (from 102.00 m to 106.50 m), including **1.50 m** grading **29.51 g/t Au**, **4.10 g/t Ag** and **0.04% Cu** (from 102.00 m to 103.50 m); and
 - o Hole FB-014 intercepted **11.0 m** grading **1.94 g/t Au**, **0.90 g/t Ag** and **0.11% Cu** (from 87.00 m to 98.00 m), including **2.00 m** grading **8.73 g/t Au**, **2.00 g/t Ag** and **0.22% Cu** (from 91.50 m to 93.50 m). Hole FB-014 also intercepted **1.95 m** grading **10.97 g/t Au**, **5.90 g/t Ag** and **1.49% Cu** (from 114.75 m to 116.70 m).

The drill hole assay database at the time Hole FB-012 results were released contained five greater than 10 g/t Au assays. These over limit samples, together with a selection of other drill core samples registering greater than 1 g/t Au were re-analysed using metallic screen fire assay analysis (Acme Labs Code: G615-G610; 50 g samples (www.acmelab.com)). The Faille B drill hole database incorporates the metallic screen assay results.

Mistassini, Otish Mountains, Quebec (Uranium): Uranium rights in joint-venture with Strateco Resources Inc.

The Mistassini property is host to the Lac Mantouchiche uranium prospect where in November 2007, the Company drilled an 18.5-metre intersection grading 0.215% U₃O₈ at a vertical depth of 47 metres in hole MIST-07-03 (see Majescor Press Releases dated February 25 and May 29, 2008). The property, optioned by Strateco Resources Inc. (“Strateco”) in 2008, is comprised of 171 map-designated claims with a total surface area of 9,115 hectares. The property is located in the Otish Mountains of Quebec, 50 km southwest of Strateco’s Matoush uranium property.

Over the reporting period, the Centre d’Étude Appliquée du Quaternaire (“CÉAQ”) of Chibougamau, Québec, conducted a remotely sensed Quaternary mapping study of the Mistassini property and property area. The Mistassini property hosts extensive and thick tracks of subglacial sediments and numerous radioactive boulder trains. The objective of the study was to develop a clearer understanding of the character and distribution of glacial sediment types, ice flow indicators and dispersal distances will aid in the selection and planning of new drilling targets and of future ground mapping and prospecting areas.

All exploration plans for the Mistassini property have been placed on hold by Strateco subsequent to the August 9, 2012 decision by the James Bay Cree Nation to declare a Permanent Moratorium on uranium exploration, uranium mining and uranium waste emplacement in Eeyou Istchee, the James Bay Cree territory, which is host to the Property. The Government of Québec as yet to officially react to the self-declared Cree Moratorium.

On January 17, 2013, Strateco announced that it has filed a motion for mandamus and declaratory judgement with the Quebec Superior Court. Among other things, the motion is intended to ensure that the Québec ministry of sustainable development, environment, wildlife and parks (Ministère du Développement durable, de l'Environnement, de la Faune et des Parcs, or "MDDEFP") comes to a decision on the authorization required for the execution of the Matoush underground uranium exploration program.

Madagascar gold and base metal property: Optioned to Sunridge Gold Corp. ("Sunridge")

Pursuant to an Option Agreement dated September 15, 2008 and an amendment agreement dated June 19, 2009 with Sunridge, Sunridge can acquire up to a 100% interest in the Company's 100% owned Malagasy subsidiary Daraina ("Daraina"). Sunridge can earn a 50% interest by spending \$2.0 million in qualifying expenditures over 3 years and issuing 500,000 of its common shares to the Company. Within 90 days following its initial obligations, Sunridge can obtain an additional 25% by expending an additional \$2,500,000 by the end of the third anniversary of the Agreement and by issuing an additional 500,000 of its common shares to the Company. Within one year following all of its obligations, Sunridge can obtain the remaining undivided 25% interest in Daraina by paying to Majescor the fair market value of the 25% interest in Daraina.

On September 15, 2011, Sunridge acquired its 50% interest in Daraina after it met the above conditions. On September 14, 2012, Sunridge failed to fulfill the above conditions to acquire an additional 25% interest. Therefore, Sunridge will maintain its 50% interest in Daraina.

In July of 2012, Majescor conducted a field inspection of the Besakoa property and Besakoa property drill core from the 2011 Sunridge base and precious metal core drilling program.

Sunridge is currently reviewing its mineral development strategy for the Besakoa property. The property may be worthy of additional investigation notably for its graphite and uranium potential.

Princess Mary Lake base camp, Nunavut.

On August 22 2012, the Company received Aboriginal and Northern Development Canada's (ANDC) site inspection report relating to the fall 2001 demobilisation and site clean-up of the Princess Mary Lake ("PML") base camp located in the East Thelon basin area of Nunavut. The report noted the presence on site of ash and unburnt garbage which will have to be removed. Arrangements have been made with Discovery Mining Services Ltd ("Discovery") of Yellowknife for a final site clean-up.

Qualified person

The above technical information was prepared, confirmed and/or reviewed by Marc-André Bernier, M.Sc., P.Geo (Ontario and Québec), Majescor Director and Technical Adviser, and a qualified person under NI 43-101.

Financial Information

The following selected financial data is derived from the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company.

Selected Consolidated Financial Information

	Three months Ended November 30, 2012	Three months Ended November 30, 2011	Nine months Ended November 30, 2012	Nine months Ended November 30, 2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Operations				
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	136,684	710,851	2,459,807	1,137,113
General and administration	329,500	481,612	1,388,579	1,391,955
Loss on foreign exchange	17,036	90,762	169,409	11,018
Loss on sale of marketable securities	101,035	-	107,776	-
Gain on reversal of provision for uncollectible tax credits	-	-	79,512	-
Net loss	(583,845)	(1,099,658)	(4,037,724)	(2,350,582)
attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company	(716,550)	(860,168)	(3,911,206)	(1,969,096)
attributable to non-controlling interest	132,705	(239,490)	(126,518)	(381,486)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.04)
Cash Flows				
Cash flows used in operating activities	(252,071)	(1,181,943)	(3,198,080)	(2,293,111)
Cash flows (used in) provided by investing activities	(54,348)	977,276	(8,897)	(732,020)
Cash flows provided by financing activities	-	-	108,338	3,832,942
Effect of foreign currency translation	1,276	(61,212)	44,558	(315,602)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(305,143)	(265,879)	(3,054,081)	492,209
			November 30, 2012	February 29, 2012
			\$	\$
Balance Sheet				
Cash and cash equivalents			118,022	3,172,103
Marketable securities			850	137,572
Prepaid expenses			89,010	759,639
Exploration and evaluation assets			8,470,252	6,720,552
Total assets			8,919,678	11,118,235
Long term debt			2,932	2,000
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company			5,761,701	9,356,090
Non-controlling interest			656,528	783,046

Since its incorporation, the Company has not paid any cash dividends on its outstanding common shares. Any future dividend payment will depend on the Company's financial needs to fund its exploration programs and its future growth, and any other factor that the board may deem necessary to consider. It is highly unlikely that any dividends will be paid in the near future.

Results of Operations

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures for the three months ended November 30, 2012 decreased by \$574,167 over the prior year comparative period, due to limited exploration work performed during this period, since the end of the drilling campaign and the placement of the Roche plate camp under care and maintenance as of September 1, 2012.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures for the nine months ended November 30, 2012 increased by \$1,322,694 over the prior year comparative period. This increase is attributable to significantly increased exploration activities on the Somine project during this nine-month period: drilling, expenditures related to camp and infrastructure costs, completion of two independent technical reports on the Faille B vein gold prospect and the Douvray porphyry copper-gold prospects, as well as the initiation of work on a resource estimate report (refer to Exploration Activities section).

Loss on sale of marketable securities

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company sold 18,721 common shares of Vaaldiam Mining Inc. for proceeds of \$4,960 and 225,000 common shares of Sunridge Gold Corp. for proceeds of \$49,265. As a result, a loss on sale of marketable securities of \$107,776 was recorded (\$Nil - 2011).

Gain on reversal of provision for uncollectible tax credits

During the nine months ended November 30, 2012, the Company received a \$163,356 refund of refundable tax credits and refundable mining duties. As a result, the Company recorded a gain on reversal of provision for uncollectible tax credits of \$79,512 for amounts which had been impaired in a previous period.

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative costs ("G&A") include both the Company's head office G&A and local office G&A related to the Company's subsidiary Somine in Haiti. G&A are summarized as follows:

	Three months		Nine months	
	Ended November 30, 2012	2011	Ended November 30, 2012	2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Management and consulting fees	109,387	134,135	336,837	264,947
Share-based payments	-	71,925	183,200	410,373
Salaries and benefits	72,404	58,749	230,414	166,446
Travel and promotion	17,834	138,632	206,080	276,056
Shareholder information	28,681	1,940	42,143	30,976
Professional fees	39,932	45,058	176,521	138,359
Office and general expenses	50,055	10,947	181,784	76,837
Amortization of property, plant and equipment	11,207	6,702	31,600	14,437
Bad debt	-	13,524	-	13,524
Total	329,500	481,612	1,388,579	1,391,955

Changes during the three-month period ended November 30, 2012

Total G&A decreased by \$152,112 in the three-month period ended November 30, 2012 over the prior-year comparative period, mainly due to the following changes:

Share based payments

Share based payments were \$Nil during this period as no stock options were granted, while in the prior year comparative period, 975,000 stock options were granted and \$71,925 was therefore recorded as share-based payment.

Travel and promotion

Travel and promotion expenses decreased by \$120,798 during this period, due to a significant decrease in marketing activities by the Company.

Shareholder information

Shareholder information increased by \$26,741 over the prior-year comparative period, mainly due to the special annual meeting costs which increased significantly this year due to an increased number of the Company's shareholders further to multiple private placements closed by the Company throughout this year.

Office and general expenses

Office and general expenses increased by \$39,108 over the prior year comparative period, mainly due to an increase in the Company's activities in 2012 as well as costs related to running Somine's new office in Haiti in 2012.

Changes during the nine-month period ended November 30, 2012:

Total G&A decreased by \$3,376 in the nine-month period ended November 30, 2012 over the prior-year comparative period. Despite this slight change, some of the G&A components have registered the following changes:

Management and consulting fees

Management and consulting fees increased by \$71,890 during the nine months ended November 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended November 30, 2011 mostly due to fees paid for the management and administration services of the Haitian subsidiary Somine S.A. (\$175,475 in 2012 - \$90,321 in 2011).

Salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits increased by \$63,968 during the nine months ended November 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended November 30, 2011 due to the salaries and benefits paid to new employees as well as an increase in salaries compared to the prior year comparative period.

Travel and promotion

Travel and promotion expenses decreased by \$69,976 during the nine months ended November 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended November 30, 2011, due to a significant decrease in marketing activities by the Company during this period.

Professional fees

Professional fees increased by \$38,162 over the prior year comparative period, mainly due to an increase in accounting and tax preparation fees related to Somine, as well as an increase in related annual audit fees of the Company in connection with the first application of IFRS standards in 2012.

Office and general expenses

Office and general expenses increased by \$104,947 over the prior year comparative period, mainly due to an increase in the Company's activities in 2012 as well as costs related to running Somine's new office in Haiti in 2012.

Share based payments

Share based payments decreased by \$227,173 during this period due to the grant of a lower number of stock options as well as a decrease in the average fair value of these granted stock options: 1,600,000 options were granted at an average fair value of \$0.11 during this nine-month period, as compared to 2,675,000 options granted at an average fair value of \$0.20 in the prior year comparative period.

Quarterly information

The following summarized financial data has been prepared in accordance with IFRS and should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the consolidated annual financial statements for the respective periods.

Quarter Ended	Other Income	Net Loss	Basic and diluted Net Loss per common share
	\$	\$	\$
30/11/2012	759	583,845	0.010
31/08/2012	3,098	1,375,422	0.020
31/05/2012	5,410	2,078,457	0.020
29/02/2012	4,499	1,506,907	0.020
30/11/2011	5,766	1,099,658	0.010
31/08/2011	2,821	964,605	0.020
31/05/2011	3,116	286,319	0.010
28/02/2011	3,327	148,431	0.003

Net loss and the basic and diluted net loss per common share were significantly higher since the quarter ended August 31, 2011 as compared to the previous two quarters, due to:

- An increase in Exploration and evaluation expenditures further to the carrying out of a drilling program on the Somine project in Haiti, which begun in the quarter ended August 31, 2011.
- An increase in Share based payments due to the grant of higher number of stock options to Officers, employees and consultants of the Company, as well as the increase in the average fair value of the granted options.
- An increase in travel and promotion expenses due to the Company's engagement in a more aggressive marketing campaign.
- Fees paid for the management and administration services of the Haitian subsidiary Somine S.A.

Net loss and the basic and diluted net loss per common share during the quarter ended November 30, 2012 decreased over the five previous quarters due to:

- A decrease in Exploration and evaluation expenditures further to the end of the drilling campaign and the placement of the Roche plate camp under care and maintenance as of September 1, 2012.
- Absence of share based payments as no stock options were granted by the Company during this period.
- A significant decrease in travel and promotion expenses due to a significant decrease in marketing activities by the Company.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Going Concern

As at November 30, 2012, the Company had a negative working capital of \$2,276,219 as compared to a positive working capital of \$3,290,464 at February 29, 2012. This decrease is mostly due to the following changes:

- General and administrative expenses in the normal course of business for \$1,173,779
- The incurring of exploration expenditures for \$2,459,807
- Purchase of field equipment and other for a total of \$128,608
- A loss on marketable securities fair value for \$107,776 due to an unfavorable stock market
- Accounting for a USD 1,800,000 (CAD 1,783,782) debt due to the government of Haiti (see going concern section). A first payment of this debt was made during this period for US\$ 100,000 (CAD 97,870).
- Proceeds from a private placement for net proceeds of \$108,338
- Refund for tax credit and mining duties received from the government of Quebec for a total of \$163,357
- Proceeds from sale of marketable securities for \$54,225

During the quarter ended November 30, 2012, the Company used net cash of \$252,071 in operating activities which consisted mostly of exploration and evaluation expenditures for \$136,684 and General and administrative expenses in the normal course of business. Also during this period, the company used \$54,348 in investing activities, mostly for the payment of \$97,870 to the Government of Haiti, which was partially financed by proceeds from sale of marketable securities for \$49,265. No cash was provided by nor used in financing activities during this period.

As at November 30, 2012, the Company had negative working capital of \$2,276,219 (February 29, 2012 - positive working capital of \$3,290,464), including \$118,022 (February 29, 2012 - \$3,172,103) in cash and cash equivalents and current liabilities totalling \$2,498,517 (February 29, 2012 - \$977,099), which includes a debt of US\$ \$1,700,000 (CAD \$1,686,810) that the Company's subsidiary SOMINE owes to the Government of Haiti. Subsequent to quarter-end, the Company raised \$225,000 from a private placement (see subsequent events below), Based on current liquidities including these proceeds, the Company does not have sufficient funds to discharge all of its liabilities as they come due. In addition, the Company must secure sufficient funding for its working capital requirements for at least the next 12 months. The Company's ability to meet its corporate and administrative obligations and to continue funding exploration programs is dependent on the Company's ability to obtain additional financing through various means, including but not limited to equity financing. The amount and timing of additional funding may be impacted by, among others, the strength of the capital markets. Management is evaluating various alternatives to secure the necessary financing so that the Company can continue as a going concern. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful.

Capital management

When managing capital, the Company's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to achieve optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management adjusts the capital structure as necessary in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of its mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management team to sustain the future development of the business. The Company considers its capital to be equity, which is comprised of share capital, reserves and deficit which at November 30, 2012 totalled \$5,761,701 (February 29, 2012 - \$9,356,090).

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out its planned exploration programs and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts when economic conditions permit it to do so. Management has chosen to mitigate the risk and uncertainty associated with raising additional capital in current economic conditions by:

- (i) minimizing discretionary disbursements;
- (ii) focusing financing exploration expenditures on those properties considered to have the best potential; and
- (iii) exploring alternative sources of liquidity.

In light of the above, the Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if the Company thinks there is sufficient potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is appropriate. The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the three and nine months ended November 30, 2012. The Company is not subject to any external capital requirements or restrictions.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of November 30, 2012, the Company has no off balance sheet arrangements.

Related Party Transactions

Related parties include the Board of Directors and key management personnel, as well as, close family members and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions.

Unless otherwise stated, none of the transactions incorporated special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received.

- (a) Transactions with related companies

Majescor entered into the following transactions with related companies:

		Three months		Nine months	
		Ended November 30,		Ended November 30,	
		2012	2011	2012	2011
Everton Resources Inc. ("Everton")	(i)	-	-	-	\$ 15,223

- (i) Under an agreement, which was terminated on May 31, 2011 between the Company and Everton, the Company reimbursed the cost of shared salaries and benefits, rent and office expenses paid by Everton (which shares common management).

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

Remuneration of directors and key management personnel of the Company was as follows:

	Three months		Nine months	
	Ended November 30, 2012	2011	Ended November 30, 2012	2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and benefits, including directors fees	52,500	54,288	157,067	144,544
Consulting fees	18,700	20,950	80,300	83,200
Share based payments	-	71,252	177,850	375,950
	<u>71,200</u>	<u>146,490</u>	<u>415,217</u>	<u>603,694</u>

As at November 30, 2012 directors and key management personnel was owed \$54,119 (February 29, 2012 - \$74,533).

Mining Property Book Values

At the end of each quarter, management reviews the carrying value of its resource properties to determine whether any write-downs are necessary. Following this analysis, no write-down was deemed necessary during the three and nine months ended November 30, 2012 (\$Nil in 2011).

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, debt obligation and long-term debt. Other than marketable securities, the fair value of these instruments, excluding long-term debt, approximates their carrying value, given their short-term nature. It is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant credit risks arising from these financial instruments. A plus or minus 50% change in the value of the marketable securities would affect the comprehensive loss for the period by approximately \$400.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting standards during the nine-month period ended November 30, 2012 that would have an impact on the Company's financial reporting.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of the Financial Statements requires Management to make estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the amounts recorded in the Financial Statements. These estimates and assumptions are based on the Company's experience and Management's expectations about future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, and they are continually being evaluated based on the new facts and experience. Actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The effect of a change in accounting estimate is recognized prospectively in the period of change and future periods if the change impacts both periods.

The Company's significant accounting policies and estimates are fully described in notes 3 and 4 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended November 30, 2012.

Outstanding Share Data

Common shares and convertible securities outstanding at January 28, 2013 are as follows:

Securities	Expiry date	Exercise price	Securities outstanding
Common shares	-	-	74,744,409
Warrants	Up to January 18, 2015	\$0.15 to \$0.40	25,201,200
Options	Up to August 14, 2017	\$0.15 to \$1.50	5,403,000

Subsequent events

On January 2, 2013, 68,500 options at an exercise price of \$1.50 expired unexercised.

On January 22, 2013, the Company announced revised terms for the non-brokered private placement previously announced. The placement will now consist of up to 25,000,000 units at a price of \$0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of up to \$2,250,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.18 for a period of twenty-four months following the closing of the offering. The warrants are subject to an accelerated expiry if, the published closing trade price of the common shares on the TSX.V is equal or greater than \$0.36 for a period of 20 consecutive trading days, commencing on the day following the expiry of the four month resale restriction period in which event the Company may give the holder a written notice and the warrants will automatically expire, if not exercised, 30 days after receipt of such notice.

In connection with the private placement, the Company will pay up to 8% commission of the gross proceeds and may issue a maximum of 8% of non-transferable warrants entitling the holders to acquire the same number of common shares at a price of \$0.12 per common share for a period of 18 months following the closing.

All securities issued in the Offering will be subject to a four month hold period and regulatory approval.

On January 18, 2013, the Company completed the 1st tranche of its private placement by issuing 2,500,000 units for gross proceeds of \$225,000. All securities issued in this private placement are subject to a four month hold period expiring on May 19, 2013.

Risk and uncertainties

Exploration of minerals and development of mineral properties involve significant risks, many of which are outside of the Company's control. In addition to the normal and usual risks of exploration and mining, the Company often works in remote locations that lack the benefit of infrastructure and easy access.

Financial risk

The Company is considered to be in the exploration stage, that it is dependant on obtaining regular financing in order to continue exploration. Despite previous success in acquiring this financing, there is no guarantee of obtaining any future financing, or that it will be available on acceptable terms.

The prices of metals fluctuate widely and are affected by many factors outside of the Company's control. The relative prices of metals and future expectations for such prices have a significant impact on the market sentiment for investment in mining and mining exploration companies.

Foreign exchange risk

Some of the Company's expenditures are in US dollars or HTG (Haitian Gourdes). Movement in the Canadian dollar against these currencies therefore has a direct impact on the Company's cost base. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign exchange risks.

Risk on the uncertainty of title

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mining properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title.

Risk on obtaining permits and licenses

The Company's operations may require licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary licenses and permits that may be required to carry out exploration, development and mining operations at its projects.

Environmental risk

The Company is subject to various environmental incidents that can occur during exploration work. The Company maintains an environmental management system including operational plans and practices.

Additional information and continuous disclosure

This Management's Discussion and Analysis has been prepared as of January 28, 2013. Additional information on the company is available through regular filings of press releases, financial statements and its annual information form on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

(s) "Daniel Hachey"

Daniel Hachey, Chief Executive Officer

(s) "Khadija Abounaim"

Khadija Abounaim, Chief Financial Officer