CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES INC.

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED
JULY 31, 2016

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying condensed unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these amended and restated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

VANCOUVER, BC

CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES INC.
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	July 31, 2016	January 31, 2016 (Audited)
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		$ 794	$ 104
GST receivable		4,569	4,075
		5,363	4,179
Other assets			
Restricted cash	3	58,771	58,552
Exploration and evaluation assets	4	-	-
		58,771	58,552
TOTAL ASSETS		$ 64,134	$ 62,731
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5 & 9	$ 422,628	$ 387,154
Reclamation obligation	6	70,300	70,300
TOTAL LIABILITES		492,928	457,454
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY			
Share capital	7	15,856,333	15,856,333
Reserves	7	666,865	666,865
Deficit		(16,951,992)	(16,917,921)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		(428,794)	(394,723)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		$ 64,134	$ 62,731

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)
Contingencies (Note 10)

On behalf of the Board:

"Jurgen Wolf" Director   *"Christopher Cherry"* Director

CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES INC.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 31,
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

		Six months ended		Three months ended	
	Note	**July 31, 2016**	**July 31, 2015**	**July 31, 2016**	**July 31, 2015**
EXPENSES					
Management fees	9	$ 3,000	$ 3,000	$ 1,500	$ 1,500
Office facilities and administrative		14,568	26,400	7,091	12,512
Professional fees and consulting		6,698	21,549	4,698	14,625
Shareholder communications		1,731	2,163	1,181	1,888
Transfer agent and filing fees		5,692	12,579	3,728	6,052
Travel and promotion		2,382	1,775	1,152	821
		$ (34,071)	$ (67,466)	$ (19,350)	$ (37,398)
OTHER ITEM					
Gain on disposal of exploration and evaluation asset		-	12,500	-	-
LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		$ (34,071)	$ (54,966)	$ (19,350)	$ (37,398)
Basic and diluted loss per share		$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		18,546,952	18,546,952	18,546,952	18,546,952

CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES INC.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY)
SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2016 and 2015
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

	Share capital				
	Number of shares	Amount	Reserves	Deficit	Total
Balance at January 31, 2015	18,546,952	$ 15,850,083	$ 666,865	$ (16,822,939)	$ (305,991)
Comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(54,966)	(54,966)
Balance at July 31, 2015	18,546,952	$ 15,850,083	$ 666,865	$ (16,877,905)	$ (360,957)
Balance at January 31, 2016	19,796,952	$ 15,856,333	$ 666,865	$ (16,917,921)	$ (394,723)
Comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(34,071)	(34,071)
Balance at July 31, 2016	19,796,952	$ 15,856,333	$ 666,865	$ (16,951,992)	$ (428,794)

CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES INC.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 31,
(Expressed in Canadian dollars - unaudited)

		2016		2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss for the period	$	(34,071)	$	(54,966)
Gain on disposal of exploration and evaluation asset		-		(12,500)
Net change in non-cash working capital accounts:				
GST receivable		(494)		(2,612)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		35,474		57,765
Net cash used in operating activity		909		(12,313)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY				
Change in restricted cash		(219)		(259)
Proceeds from sale of exploration and evaluation assets				12,500
Net cash provided (used in) investing activity		(219)		12,241
Decrease in cash during period		690		(72)
Cash, beginning of period		104		135
Cash, end of period	$	794	$	63

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim financial statements

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Curlew Lake Resources Inc. (the "Company" or "Curlew") was incorporated January 15, 1987, under the Company Act of British Columbia. The Company is in the business of the acquisition, exploration and development of oil and gas properties and mineral properties in Western Canada. On July 16, 2015 the Company's shares were moved to the NEX board under the symbol CWQ.H. The Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 303, 595 Howe Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on obtaining continued financial support, completing public equity financing or generating profitable production in the future. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in business. The Company has a working capital deficiency and will require additional funding.

These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issuance on September 26, 2016 by the directors of the Company.

Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. These condensed interim financial statements do not contain all of the information required for full annual financial statements.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis except for cash flow information, and are based on historical costs, except for certain financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss and available for sale which are stated at their fair value. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to the determination of the recoverability of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, rehabilitation obligation, fair value measurements for long term liabilities and other equity-based payments, and the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions *(continued)*

Management has determined that exploration, evaluation and related costs incurred which have limited future economic benefits and may not be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessment of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including geologic and other technical information, history of conversion of mineral deposits with similar characteristics to its own properties to proven and probably mineral reserves, scoping and feasibility studies, accessible facilities and existing permits.

Rehabilitation obligation - The Company has recorded an estimated value of a rehabilitation obligation that is expected to be paid at a future date, determined by estimates of amounts to be paid in future years. Such estimates are revised based on market conditions.

Deferred income taxes - Judgement is required in determining whether deferred tax assets are recognized in the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable earnings in future periods, in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the date of the statement of financial position could be impacted. The Company has not recorded any deferred tax assets for the years presented.

New accounting standards not yet adopted

The Company has reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Company has not yet early adopted any of these standards and is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that these standards might have on its financial statements.

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* replaces the current standard IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, replacing the current classification and measurement criteria for financial assets and liabilities with only two classification categories: amortized cost and fair value. This standard has a tentative effective date of January 1, 2018.

3. RESTRICTED CASH

The Company has cash on deposit with the Alberta Energy Regulator (“AER”) under the AER’s Liability Management programs to cover potential liabilities relating to its wells. The required security deposit with the AER is determined based on a monthly licensee management rating assessment. (see Note 6)

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

MINERAL PROPERTIES

		Typhoon Claims
Balance, January 31, 2014	$	2,068
Write-down		(690)
Balance, January 31, 2015		1,378
Write-down		(1,378)
Balance, January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2016	$	-

Typhoon Claims, Clear Creek District, Yukon Territories

The Company holds a 100% interest in certain mineral claims in the Clear Creek District of the Yukon. The 100% working interest on certain claims is subject to a 4% net smelter return royalty ("NSR"). During fiscal 2015, the Company impaired the property by $690 writing down the value to $1,378, as it focuses its efforts on a specific region of the claims. During fiscal 2016, the Company wrote off the remaining balance of $1,378.

OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES

		Fairydell Oil Project
Balance, January 31, 2014	$	-
Additions		3,680
Write-down		(3,680)
Balance, January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2016	$	-

Fairydell Oil Project, Alberta, Canada (unproven)

The Company had acquired freehold and Alberta Crown Petroleum and Natural Gas rights in the Fairydell-Bon Accord area of central Alberta. The Company had a 75% interest in the project subject to a 2.5% gross overriding royalty ("GORR") in nine and three-quarter sections. During fiscal 2015, the Company incurred rental/lease cost which was written off.

Minard Project, Saskatchewan, Canada (unproven)

The Company signed a Participation and Joint Operating Agreement in the Minard area of Saskatchewan. The property was written off during the year ended January 31, 2009. During the year ended January 31, 2016, the Company sold its rights to a property in Minard, Saskatchewan for $12,500.

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

		July 31, 2016		January 31, 2016
Accounts payable	$	362,638	$	337,185
Accrued liabilities		32,113		27,917
Amounts due to related parties (Note 9)		27,877		22,052
	$	422,628	$	387,154

6. RECLAMATION OBLIGATION

The Company has recorded a decommissioning provision in connection with estimated reclamation costs on the Company's Fairydell Oil Project sites. The obligation is recognized based on the estimated future reclamation costs. The Company had two wells in Alberta which have been determined uneconomic and costs have been incurred to plug these wells. Reclamation and remediation work is still required to bring the site back to its natural state. (See Note 3)

7. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

Authorized: unlimited number of common shares with no par value

During fiscal 2016, the Company issued 1,250,000 common shares valued at $6,250 to partially settle contingent litigation (Note 10).

During quarter ended July 31, 2016, there were no common share transactions.

Warrants

There were no warrants outstanding and exercisable at January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2016.

Stock options

The Company follows the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants, enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. The exercise price of each option equals the market price of the Company's stock as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years. Vesting is determined by the Board of Directors.

There were no stock options outstanding and exercisable at January 31, 2016 and July 31, 2016.

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to minimal financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The Company's cash is deposited in bank accounts held with a major bank in Canada and accordingly, there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using a major bank that is a high credit quality financial institution as determined by rating agencies. GST receivable is due from a government agency.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise required funding through future equity issuances. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning and approval of significant expenditures and commitments. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk.

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Interest rate risk

The Company is not currently exposed to significant interest rate risk.

Capital Management

The Company includes equity, comprising of issued common shares, reserves and deficit, in the definition of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of exploration and evaluation assets. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent upon external financings to fund activities. In order to carry out planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds as needed.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the six months ended July 31, 2016. The Company is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements, with the exception of restricted cash posted as a deposit (Note 3).

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates the carrying amount.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's only financial asset is cash with a fair value measured at Level 1 hierarchy

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company considers key management personnel to consist of directors and management.

During the period ended July 31, 2016, the Company accrued management fees of $3,000 to the CFO (2015 - $3,000), who is considered to be key management personnel

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	July 31, 2016	January 31, 2016
Company controlled by the CEO of the Company	$ 9,377	$ 6,552
Company controlled by the CFO of the Company	18,500	15,500
	$ 27,877	$ 22,052

10. CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Company is involved in various litigation matters arising in the ordinary course of its business. Management is of the opinion that disposition of any current matter will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or the ability to carry on any of its business activities.

In a prior year, a dispute arose with a joint venture participant who claimed the Company was in breach of agreements to explore certain properties in Alberta. During the year ended January 31, 2016, the Company partially settled the dispute by issuing 1,250,000 common shares valued at $6,250.

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one segment being the resource sector in Canada.