# **NEW FRONTIER VENTURES INC.**

**Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements** 

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

# Notice of Disclosure of Non-Auditor Review of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Pursuant to National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a) issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators, if an auditor has not performed a review of the financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that these financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of New Frontier Ventures Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants Canada for a review of interim condensed consolidated financial statements by an entity's auditor.

# Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

		June 30,	December 31,
	Notes	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash		5,311	3,575
Trade and other receivables		15,353	15,368
Total assets		20,664	18,943
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8	464,876	386,544
Advances payable	9	35,000	28,000
Loan payable	5	36,442	33,333
Total liabilities		536,318	447,877
Deficiency			
Share capital	6	2,000,600	2,000,600
Contributed surplus		4,373,695	4,373,695
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(184,272)	(184,272)
Deficit		(6,705,677)	(6,618,957)
Total (deficiency)		(515,654)	(428,934)
Total liabilities and deficiency		20,664	18,943

Going concern (Note 2)

Related party transactions (Note 8)

Subsequent event (Note 14)

Signed "Vikas Ranjan", Director

Signed "Winfield Ding", Director

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except for per share amount)

		3 months	3 months	6 months	6 months
		ended	ended	ended	ended
		June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	Notes	2023	2023	2023	2023
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues					
Expenses					
Compensation and management fees	8	21,429	31,416	42,429	62,832
General and administrative expenses		39,432	9,187	42,387	16,538
Interest expense		1,896	1,937	3,633	3,422
Foreign exchange (gain) loss		-	-	-	162
Total expenses		62,757	42,540	88,449	82,954
Loss before other income		(62,757)	(42,540)	(88,449)	(82,954)
Investment (loss) gain		1,729	-	1,729	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss		(61,028)	(42,540)	(86,720)	(82,954)
Net loss per share, basic and diluted		(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Weighted average number of shares out	standing				
Basic and diluted	7	2,904,052	2,904,052	2,904,082	2,904,082
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### **Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Deficiency**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except shares)

				Accumulated		
				other		Total
		Common shares	Contributed	comprehensive		Shareholders'
	Shares	Shares Amount	surplus	(loss)	Deficit	deficiency
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Note 9					
Balance at December 31, 2021	2,904,082	2,000,600	4,373,695	(184,272)	(6,455,061)	(265,038)
Net loss for the period	-	-		-	(82,954)	(82,954)
Balance at June 30, 2022	2,904,082	2,000,600	4,373,695	(184,272)	(6,538,015)	(347,992)
Net income (loss) for the period	-	-		-	(80,942)	(80,942)
Balance at December 31, 2022	2,904,082	2,000,600	4,373,695	(184,272)	(6,618,957)	(428,934)
Net loss for the period	-	-		-	(86,720)	(86,720)
Balance at June 30, 2023	2,904,082	2,000,600	4,373,695	(184,272)	(6,705,677)	(515,654)

# Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	2023	2022
		\$	\$
Operating activities			
Net (loss)		(86,720)	(82,954)
Items not involving cash			
Gain on disposal of investment		(1,729)	-
Interest accretion		3,109	3,422
		(85,340)	(79,532)
Changes in non-cash working capital		78,347	84,915
Net cash used in operating activities		(6,993)	5,383
Investing activities			
Proceeds from disposal of investment		1,729	-
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,729	-
Financing activities			
Proceeds from advances payable	9	7,000	-
Net cash used in financing activities		7,000	<del>-</del>
(Decrease) in cash		1,736	5,383
Cash, beginning of period		3,575	11,403
Cash, end of period		5,311	16,786

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

#### NATURE OF OPERATIONS

New Frontier Ventures Inc. (Formerly "Gravitas Financial Inc.") (the "Company") was an investment holding firm. It disposed of its assets in 2019 to 2021 and is currently looking for new business. The Company is a publicly listed company on the Canada Securities Exchange ("CSE") and was trading under the symbol, GFI. On September 30, 2022, the Company changed its name to New Frontier Ventures Inc. and continued to list under the new symbol VFI-X as an inactive issuer under the policies of the Canadian Securities Exchange. The Company also announced a consolidation of its issued and outstanding voting common shares on the basis of one (1) post-consolidated common share for every twenty-five (25) pre-consolidated common shares (the "Consolidation"). As a result of the Consolidation, the outstanding shares of the Company were reduced to approximately 2,904,082 common shares.

The Consolidation and name change were approved by shareholders of the Company at its special meeting held on April 9, 2021 and are fully described in the Company's management information circular dated March 9, 2021, which can be accessed on the Company's SEDAR profile at www.sedar.com.

The Company was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporation Act with its registered office and principal place of business at 200 Consumers Road, Suite 702, Toronto, Ontario, M2J 4R4.

These Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements ("Financial Statements") were approved by the Board of Directors on August 25, 2023.

### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE, BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND GOING CONCERN

These Unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and with interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") which the Canadian Accounting Standards Board has approved for incorporation into Part 1 of the CAP Canada Handbook – Accounting, as applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". These Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS as applicable for the annual financial statements. These Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, modified to include the fair valuation of certain financial instruments to the extent required or permitted under accounting standards as set out in the relevant accounting policies.

### **Going Concern**

These Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the Company will continue its operations in the foreseeable future and that it will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. As of June 30, 2023, the Company's current liabilities exceed current assets by \$515,654 (December 31, 2022 - \$428,934). The Company as of June 30, 2023, has a cumulative deficit of \$6,705,677 (December 31, 2022-\$6,618,957); negative cash flows from operations for the period ended June 30, 2023 totalling \$6,993 (2022 – positive \$5,383); and had a shareholder deficiency of \$515,654 as at June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022-\$428,934). These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities or reported expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate. These adjustments could be material.

### Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied by the Company are the same as those applied as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 as described in Note 3 of the Company's December 31, 2022 audited consolidated financial statements and are consistently applied to all the periods presented unless otherwise noted below. They do not include all of the information and disclosures required for annual financial statements. For further information, see the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### Use of Estimates, Judgements and Assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make judgments in applying its accounting policies and estimates and assumptions about the future. Judgments, estimates and assumptions affect the Company's reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and items in net income or loss, and related disclosure. Estimates are based on various assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of items in net income or loss that are not apparent from other sources. The Company evaluates its estimates on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from the Company's estimates.

The following are significant management judgments and estimates in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on these financial statements.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities – Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities on the statement of financial position that cannot be derived from active markets, are determined using a variety of techniques including the use of mathematical models. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where observable market data are not available, judgment is required to established fair values. The judgments include, but are not limited to, consideration of model inputs such as volatility, estimated life and discount rates.

Income taxes – The estimate of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions, the Company assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized the ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income. If changes were made to the Company's assessment regarding its ability to use future tax deductions, the Company may be required to recognize more or fewer deferred tax assets and future income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

Expected credit losses – Management must exercise judgment to estimate the expected credit losses related to various financial assets. The evaluation of the expected credit losses is established considering the specific credit risk to its counterparties, historical trends and economic conditions.

Provisions – The Company and its subsidiaries from time to time are subject to legal proceedings. Contingent loss provisions are recorded by the Company when it is probable that loss will occur and it can be estimated.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

These Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities which the Company has power over decisions about relevant activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable, or convertible are considered when assessing whether control exists. Subsidiaries are fully Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. Entities are de-consolidated from the date on which control ceases. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed, where necessary, to ensure consistency with the Company's policies. The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries. Purchase consideration is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, and liabilities assumed at the date of exchange. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition are expensed.

### Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

Consolidated subsidiaries	Jurisdiction of incorporation	Direct or Indirect Percentage Ownership (a)
Gravitas Financial Services Holdings Inc. ("GFSHI")	Canada	100%
Capital Ideas Media Inc.	Canada	100%
Revenue.com US Corporation	USA	55%
Gravitas Siraj Holdco Inc.	Canada	100%
Gravitas Global GP Inc.	Canada	100%
Siraj Ontario Corporation	Canada	100%
Gravitas Select Flow-Through GP Inc. ("GSFT")	Canada	100%
SearchGold Guinee SARL	Guinee, Africa	100%
Global Compliance Network Inc.	Canada	100%

### 4. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS, AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED AND ADOPTED

#### New Standards, amendments, and interpretations mandatorily adopted in the period

The Company has adopted effectively from January 1, 2023 the follow new standards and amendments. The adoption of the standards and amendments has no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1") was amended in January 2020 to provide a more general approach to the classification of liabilities under IAS 1 based on the contractual arrangements in place at the reporting date. The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or noncurrent is based solely on a company's right to defer settlement at the reporting date. The right needs to be unconditional and must have substance. The amendments also clarify that the transfer of a company's own equity instruments is regarded as settlement of a liability, unless it results from the exercise of a conversion option meeting the definition of an equity instrument.

IAS 1 – In February 2022, the IASB issued 'Disclosure of Accounting Policies' with amendments that are intended to help preparers in deciding which accounting policies to disclose in their financial statements.

IAS 8 – In February 2022, the IASB issued 'Definition of Accounting Estimates' to help entities distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates.

#### Standards, amendments, and interpretations Issued but not yet adopted

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture that is effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The management is currently assessing its impact of adopting these amendments and don't expect material impact on the Consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

### 5. LOAN PAYABLE

On June 2, 2020, the Company obtained \$40,000 in revolving credit from the Government of Canada under the Canada Emergency Business Account (CEBA) COVID-19 Economic Response Plan. The funding is granted in the form of an interest free revolving credit line of which up to \$40,000 may be drawn. On January 1, 2021, any balance remaining on the revolving credit line will automatically convert into a non-revolving term loan. Effective January 1, 2023, any outstanding balance on the term loan shall bear interest at a rate of 5% per annum. The term loan matures on December 31, 2025. If 75% of the outstanding balance of the term loan is repaid on or before December 31, 2022, the remaining 25% of the balance shall be forgiven. The Company used the assumption of 20% discount rate to determine the fair value of the interest-free period, and assumes the Company will repay the 75% outstanding balance on December 31, 2022. The difference between the amount received in cash and the related fair value was considered a government grant and was recognized as income in the statement of income.

### Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

The Company drew the full \$40,000 and intended to pay \$30,000 on or before December 31, 2022. The initial recognition of the \$40,000 was at its fair value at a discount of 20%. \$18,665 was recognized as debt and \$21,335 was recognized as government grant income in 2020. \$2,168 interest was accrued for the period ended December 31, 2020. During the year 2021, \$4,167 interest was accrued.

In 2021 the Canadian Government increased the CEBA loan available to small businesses to \$60,000. The Company made another draw of \$20,000 on January 11, 2021. If the Company would repay the outstanding balance of the loan (other than the forgiven amount) on or before December 31, 2022, the forgiven amount would be \$20,000 in total (25% of the first \$40,000 and 50% of the second \$20,000). The Company recorded the \$12,903 of the \$20,000 as government grant income, and \$7,097 as new loan portion. \$1,376 interest was accrued for the new loan principle in the year 2021.

In late 2021, the Canadian Government extended the date of repayment for the forgiven amount from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2023. As a result, the Company recorded another \$5,695 government grant income for 2021.

\$5,555 interest was accrued for the year ended December 31, 2022 (2021 - \$5,543). For the six months in 2023, \$3,109 (2022 - \$3,422) interest was accrued.

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares. As at June 30, 2023, outstanding shares were 2,094,082 (December 31, 2022 – 2,094,082). Share capital totals \$2,000,600 (December 31, 2022 - \$2,000,600). See Note 14.

### 7. INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

Income (loss) per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares of the Company outstanding during the period. The diluted income (loss) per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding share options and warrants. The weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period ended June 30, 2023 are 2,094,082 (2022- 2,094,082). No stock options were outstanding as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The diluted outstanding number of shares of the Company was 2,094,082 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 (2022 – 2,094,082).

#### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered related if the party has the ability, either directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making operating and financial decisions. This would include the Company's and their subsidiaries' senior management. Parties are also related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties. The following are the related party transactions during the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. Unless otherwise stated, none of the transactions incorporated special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received. Usually outstanding balances are settled in cash.

During the period ended June 30, 2023, the Company-

• Incurred \$42,000 (2022- \$60,000) plus HST to directors and senior officers of the Company and its subsidiaries, including the Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer of the Company and/or its subsidiary companies. This amount has been included in compensation and management fees, professional fees and general and

### Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

administrative fees. \$223,199 (December 2022 - \$178,079) was outstanding at June 30, 2023 that was included in the trade and other payables.

See Note 9 and Note 14.

### 9. ADVANCES PAYABLE

In the year ended December 31, 2022, three directors of the Company made advances in total of \$28,000 to the Company to support its working capital that are interest free, unsecured, and due on demand. In the period ended June 30, 2023, one director advanced \$7,000 to support the working capital that is interest free, unsecured and due on demand. The outstanding balance was \$35,000 as of June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022 - \$28,000).

#### 10. STOCK OPTION PLAN AND STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has adopted a stock-based option plan under which the Board of Directors may award options for common shares to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The maximum number of common shares issuable pursuant to the share option plan must not exceed 10% of the total number of the Company's outstanding. The exercise price of each option is determined by the Board of Directors and cannot be less than the discounted market value of the common shares on the eve of the award. The term of the options cannot exceed five years. As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no stock options outstanding.

#### 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Fair value

The carrying value of cash, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables, advance payable and loan payable are considered to be a reasonable approximation of the fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments. The carrying value of guaranteed investment certificates are considered to be reasonable approximate of the fair value since these instruments are redeemable at any time, except the guaranteed investment certificates used as deposit collateral for the office lease disposed are considered to impaired with a fair value of \$nil due to estimate of no recoverability.

Assets and liabilities have been categorized into hierarchical levels, according to the significance and reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value measurements.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted pries included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the assets or liabilities are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

No financial instruments were subject to the fair value hierarchy during the year ended December 31, 2022 and the period ended June 30, 2023.

### Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

#### 12. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts related to changes in the economic environment and the underlying risks of its assets. In its definition of capital, the Company includes long term debentures and equity (deficiency). The following table shows the items included in the definition of capital. There has been no change with respect to the overall capital management strategy during the period ended June 30, 2023.

	June 30, 2023 \$	December 31, 2022 \$
Advances and loan payable	71,442	61,333
Deficiency	(515,654)	(428,934)
	(444,212)	(367,601)

### 13. FINANCIAL RISKS

The Company is exposed to the following risks through its financial instruments.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company's trade and other receivables are subject to the expected credit loss model. The Company applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade and other receivables and receivables from brokers and clients, while ECL calculation based on stage assessment has been performed for loan receivables.

The loss allowance at June 30, 2023 determined under IFRS 9 was as follows.

	Current or less than 30 days past due	31-90 days past due	Greater than 90 days past due	Total
As of June 30, 2023				
<u>Trade and other receivables</u>				
Projected loss rate	1.00%	1.30%	1.50%	
Gross carrying amount	\$ -	-	15,353	15,353
Loss allowance	\$ -	-	230	230

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations with financial liabilities that would be settled either by delivering cash or another financial asset. See Note 2 for Going Concern uncertainty. The Company has current assets of \$17,946 which will be used to cover its operating and investing activities. The expected timing of consolidated cash flows relating to financial liabilities as at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	6-10 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	464,876	-	-	464,876
Loan payable	60,000		-	60,000
Advances payable	35,000	-	-	35,000
	559,876	-	-	559,876

### Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Company is exposed to the following three types of market risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk.

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as the loan payable is interest free.

### 14. Subsequent events

On July 7, 2023 the Company closed the settlement of \$211,994 debt owed by the Company to three service providers by issuing 4,239,880 common shares of the Company at \$0.05 per share, including 3,200,000 common shares issued to two directors of the Company to settle \$160,000 owed to them.