

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2013

Management's Discussion & Analysis Year ended December 31, 2013

#### **Introduction and Background**

The Management's Discussion & Analysis is a discussion and assessment of the results to date and future prospects of Solid Resources Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("Solid" or the "Company"). The information provided herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 and related notes attached thereto, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Except as otherwise disclosed, all dollar figures in this report are stated in Canadian dollars. The effective date of this report is April 3, 2014.

Statements in this report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements involving known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to vary considerably from these statements. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. See "Forward-Looking Information and Statements" herein.

Additional information related to the Company is available for view on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Solid is a Canadian junior mining company focused in Spain on the exploration and development of rare and industrial metals. The Company is currently in the late stages of re-opening the Cehegin iron ore mine in south-eastern Spain and is applying for an exploitation permit on its Alberta-1 tantalum/tin and lithium property in north-western Spain. The Company's shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange in Canada and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange.

#### **Overall Performance**

Solid Resources Ltd. was incorporated under the laws of the Province of Alberta, Canada. Its shares are listed for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company is involved in the exploration and development of mineral resource properties and does not currently have a recurring revenue stream. In addition, the Company's goals are to prospect for mineral resource properties that exhibit the potential for development into profit producing mines, obtain the rights to such properties, conduct sampling, drilling, and assaying programs to establish mineral resources and reserves, and generate revenue for the benefit of its shareholders.

At December 31, 2013, there were 127,694,379 common shares issued and outstanding. There have been issuances of new securities during the past year in order to finance working capital and exploration work programs on the Company's properties. The global outlook is generally positive for mineral resource companies with good properties because of the high level of continuing demand for metals. With properties in various countries and consisting of various metals, there is a possibility that Solid will generate revenue from operations in the future. Management believes in diversification in terms of both mineral deposit types and geographical location.

#### **Exploration and Evaluation Assets**

Management has worked diligently to identify mineral resource properties that indicated potential for commercial ore bodies. Exploration programs and technical studies aimed at determining the existence, grade, and economic feasibility of mineral deposits are being carried out. Mining activities are generally required to comply with varying levels of regulatory and environmental requirements that vary by jurisdiction. Sufficient capital must be raised to carry out the programs. The accompanying discussions below address the status of each project and management's current beliefs with respect to each project.

#### The Doade-Presqueira Property, Spain

The Company has 100% interest in this concession which is located in Northwestern Spain and is 3,690 hectares in size. This property is under exploration for Lithium, Tantalum, Tin, Rubidium, and Cesium. During 2011, 31 holes (3500 metres) were drilled, sampled, and assayed were completed and the results were filed on SEDAR and portions of it are posted on the Company's website.

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The 2012 Drill Program, previously announced on September 10, 2012, was initiated on September 5, 2012. The drilling campaign was programmed with infill drilling to complete a 50 m x 50 m grid in just the northern zone of the deposit (Presqueiras). This would allow those resources previously classified as indicated and inferred to meet the directives of the Spanish mining authorities for classification as NI 43-101 compliant "measured resources" and enable commencement of exploitation of the entire 3,690 Ha concession. The systematic geological continuity and consistency found in the mineralized pegmatite dykes allowed for the reduction of the number of drill holes originally scheduled in order to meet the measured reserve requirements for permit application. In total, eighteen holes were drilled for a total of 1,570.2 meters. The tonnage of the measured resource estimates is easily in excess of requirements to proceed with the application for an Exploitation Permit.

The Company reports its results on the property on regular basis or as assays results come available on the Company's website and are press released and filed on SEDAR.

The Company has received a technical report (NI 43-101) for the Alberta-1 (Doade-Presquerias) property, prepared by Jose M Canto Romera Ph.D., P. Geol dated Dec. 8, 2011 which was filed on SEDAR at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a> on Dec. 15, 2011.

#### Peru Gold & Copper Property

The Company entered into a binding option agreement with an arm's length third party (the "Optionor") pursuant to which it acquired the option to purchase a metallic mining license, covering an area of 1,000 hectares, located in Northwest Peru. Under the terms of the option agreement, The Company has the right to purchase the license by paying the Optionor a total of US\$500,000. The first cash payment of US\$4,000 has already been paid to the Optionor.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, as the Company has changed its focus on exploring and developing the Doade-Presqueira and the Cehegín Iron Ore Concessions in Spain; accordingly, all related capitalized costs of \$153,293 were considered to be fully impaired and written-down.

## The Cehegín Iron Ore Concession

On October 21, 2012, the Company entered into a binding option agreement with Lorente Y Pallares SL (the "Optionor") pursuant to which it acquired the option to purchase 100% of the sixty-two (62) iron ore concessions and metallic mining licenses, covering an area of 1,030 hectares, located in south eastern Spain.

Under the terms of the option agreement, Solid has the right to purchase the licenses, by paying the Optionor a total of  $\in$  900,000 (approx. \$1,250,000) upon one of the 62 concessions receiving a mining permit and an additional  $\in$  2,100,000 (approx. \$2,900,000), upon the second concession of the 62 concessions being granted a mining permit. The exercise of the option will be subject to acceptance by the TSX Venture Exchange.

The magnetite concessions are located in the province of Murcia, region of Cehegín, in the triangle formed by the towns of Calasparra, Cehegín and Mula in south eastern Spain. The geological formation where the magnetite mineralization is located in the various fields is a Triassic Keuper facies associated with ophitic sub volcanic rock. The concessions were formally owned by the Spanish ironworks company, Altos Hornos de Vizcaya, which was the largest industrial company in Spain for much of the twentieth century. In 1975, all 62 concessions were grouped together in one single subsidiary of Altos Hornos de Vizcaya called Agrupacion Minera, SA., who exploited one of the open pit mines – Mina Maria, for its own needs until 1985.

The 62 separate concessions, which were mined for iron ore during the 20th century, offer excellent infrastructure, including hydro, water and a railway, approximately 12 km away, connecting at the rail station in the municipality of Calasparra, to the deep sea port of Cartagena, 100 km away.

Production can commence on the existing permitted concessions upon the Company updating the viability and environmental studies to the satisfaction of the local mining and environmental authorities.

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Solid Resources' Spanish Geological team has been completing the analysis of the 38,000 meters of historical drilling on the Cehegin Iron Ore concessions. 100% of the drill holes on three of the 62 concessions we are presently evaluating have now been put into digital format. This has been loaded onto a Geographical Information System ("GIS") software program to allow for 3D modelling. The original producing company - Altos Hornos de Vizcaya, S.A. ("AHV") only drilled to shallow depths of approximately 30 meters. Their reasoning was that as they were a vertically integrated company (supplying iron ore for their own steel mills in Spain), they explored only for consistency of grade and adding to their already determined reserves. The Company's analysis confirms a vast expansion of the ore bodies which are open in all directions including depth.

The Company is currently undertaking a joint due diligence study with Glencore, which includes and analysis of the now completed 3D modelling of the historical drilling, the historical production data, logistics, environmental, production capital expenditure and the impact to the region and surrounding communities. Once the due diligence report is completed to the satisfaction of both parties, Solid Resources and Glencore will commence its initial work / drill program, which will include parallel deep drilling, in order to begin increasing the measured reserves as well as making all the historical data NI 43-101 compliant, plus a full Scoping Study.

The Company will continue its policy of continuous contact with local and regional authorities of all levels to ensure an alliance of mutual benefit. Politically, there is a strong commitment for the economic development of this region.

The Cehegín iron ore concession has a good infrastructure and access by rail to the deep sea Port of Cartagena, 104 Km away from the property. The concession is located in the south eastern area of the mineral rich Iberian Peninsula; this region has a long history of iron ore production that was once the dominant supplier to all of Europe. The Company was able to obtain all of the detailed historical mining and exploration data, compiled by the previous operational owner, Altos Hornos de Vizcaya. This valuable data will result in significant savings in exploration costs and advance the timeline to production.

The Company intends to release additional technical information on the property's potential in the very near future.

## **Co-operation Agreement with Glencore**

On October 21, 2013, the Company signed a definitive and exclusive Co-operation Agreement (the "Agreement") with a wholly owned subsidiary of Glencore Xstrata plc ("Glencore")\*\*, for joint due diligence of the Cehegin Project. The Agreement also provides for the potential formation of a joint venture company to progress development of the formerly producing Cehegin Iron Ore Mine located in the Province of Murcia, south-eastern Spain

\*\* Glencore is one of the world's largest global diversified natural resource companies. As a leading integrated producer and marketer of commodities with a well-balanced portfolio of diverse industrial assets, they are strongly positioned to capture value at every stage of the supply chain, from sourcing materials deep underground to delivering products to an international customer base. The Group's industrial and marketing activities are supported by a global network of more than 90 offices located in over 50 countries. Their diversified operations comprise over 150 mining and metallurgical sites, offshore oil production assets, farms and agricultural facilities. They employ approximately 190,000 people, including contractors.

Under the terms of the Joint Venture Agreement (the "JVA"), Glencore would be granted a 20% interest in the Cehegin Project, with Solid retaining an 80% interest. The joint venture would progress exploration and phased development studies with the objective of identifying and constructing a new iron ore mine.

The proposed Project would be carried out in 4 Phases. As set out in the Agreement, during Phase 1, Solid and Glencore would determine the potential feasibility of the Project. Following the completion of the due diligence during Phase 1, Glencore would then either elect to proceed with Phase 2, in which case the parties would enter into the JVA, or terminate the Agreement.

As set out in the JVA, during Phase 2, the parties would form a joint venture company (the "JV Company") to carry out the Project, which would initially be owned 80% by Solid and 20% by Glencore. The ownership of the JV Company would be subject to change based on the terms of the JVA, which would depend on further funding requirements. Solid would transfer

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all of its rights in the Cehegin Iron Ore concessions in south-eastern Spain to the JV Company. During Phase 2, the parties would prepare an Exploration and Concept Study. During Phase 3, the parties would prepare a Pre-Feasibility Study. During Phase 4, the parties would prepare a Feasibility Study and raise funding for the Project.

Significant terms of the potential JVA are:

- Glencore to hold a 20% interest, with Solid maintaining an 80% interest.
- Glencore to exclusively purchase all production.
- Agreement to jointly pursue third party financing when required.
- Dilution of non-financing partner(s) at fair market value.

In addition, upon execution of the Agreement, Solid has also issued to Glencore twelve million (12,000,000) purchase warrants to purchase an equivalent number of common shares in the capital of Solid, at an exercise price of \$0.19 during the period from the date of issuance until October 18, 2014 and \$0.26 during the period from October 19, 2014 until the expiry date of October 18, 2015. The warrants will only vest and be exercisable as to 50% on the signing of the Agreement and as to 50% on Glencore contributing its share of costs for the initial exploration and study phase of the development programme. The warrants, and any common shares issuable on exercise, are subject to a hold period that expires on February 18, 2014.

Subsequent to the year-end, on March 13, 2014, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Solid Mines España, S.A.U. ("SME"), acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Lorente y Pallares, S.L. ("LYP"), a private Spanish company, in an arm's length transaction.

LYP held all of the rights and interests associated with the Cehegin 62 iron ore concessions in south-eastern Spain. In total the Cehegin iron ore property represents 62 exploitation concessions representing a surface area of 1,030 Hectares. According to the present mining law of 1973 this area will be extended to 3,270 Hectares. SME previously submitted an Investigation Permit covering all the area in between the individual 62 exploitation concessions. This created a total continuous area of 6,900 Hectares on which mining rights have been filed on behalf of Solid through its two Spanish subsidiaries.

The purchase price for the acquisition was  $\[mathebox{\ensuremath{6}{l}}135,000\]$ , plus the repayment of mortgage debt in the amount of  $\[mathebox{\ensuremath{6}}45,861.14\]$  was given to a financial institution for future environmental restoration purposes and is now registered as an asset to SME. These amounts were paid on the closing representing a total price of  $\[mathebox{\ensuremath{6}}225,861.14\]$ .

SME will be required to pay an additional amount of up to &2,700,000 once a mining permit is submitted and granted for all 62 concessions, an improvement over the previously announced cost of &3,000,000. If SME proceeds with the new magnetite mining project, this additional payment would be made within four months from the decision notice date on which the permits or licenses are issued. This additional amount will be reduced to &1,800,000 if SME proceeds with the project, but does not obtain all mining permits for the total 62 concessions in its initial submission for permitting. No net royalties will be due on any proceeds from commercialization of the project.

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Revenues from continuing operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Loss and comprehensive loss	(2,376,538)	(834,995)	(1,233,245)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Exploration and evaluation assets	4,701,565	4,096,713	3,353,605

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Total assets	5,369,699	4,139,838	3,645,984
Total liabilities	170,956	91,116	159,395
Total cash dividend paid	-	-	-
Working capital (deficiency)	497,178	(47,991)	132,984

**Selected Annual Financial Information** 

#### Management's Discussion & Analysis Year ended December 31, 2013

#### **Summary of Quarterly Results**

The following financial data is selected information for the Company for the eight most recently completed financial quarters:

	Dec 31,	Sep 30,	Jun 30,	Mar 31,	Dec 31,	Sep 30,	Jun 30,	Mar 31,
	2013	2013	2013	2013	2012	2012	2012	2012
Total revenue	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil
Loss for the period	(1,329,584)	(324,801)	(228,863)	(493,290)	(270,928)	(153,820)	(220,883)	(189,364)
Loss per share (basic								
& diluted)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Fluctuations in the Company's expenditures reflect the variations in the timing of exploration activities and general corporate operations, and the timing of share-based payments.

#### **Results of Operations**

This review of the results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013:

#### Financial results

The Company had no operating revenue for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company incurred a net loss of \$2,376,538 (\$0.02 loss per share) compared to a net loss of \$834,995 (\$0.01 loss per share) for the year ended December 31, 2012. The loss is comprised of general and administrative expenses of \$2,220,958 (2012 - \$830,689).

During the year ended December 31, 2013, consulting fees of \$180,157 (2012 - \$87,655), management fees of \$268,000 (2012 - \$222,000), office and general costs of \$70,798 (2012 - \$55,917), Investor relations of \$162,106 (2012 - \$27,289), professional fees of \$91,367 (2012 - \$40,211), and travel expenses of \$106,906 (2012 - \$37,120) were higher to support the increased corporate activity during the period as compared to the same period in 2012.

Share-based payments of \$344,203 (2012 - \$171,411) increased as the number of stock options granted during the current period was greater than those granted or vested during the same period in 2012.

Foreign exchange gain was \$3,505 for the year ended December 31, 2013 from a foreign exchange gain of \$4,306 for the year ended December 31, 2012. The exchange rate gain is due to timing differences (difference in the amount recorded as compared to the amount paid) in the foreign exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the Euro).

## **Exploration and Evaluation Assets**

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Doade-Presqueira project's total expenditures were \$741,620 (2012 - \$707,214), comprised of geological fees and expenses were \$301,824 (2012 - \$136,733), mining rights and taxes were \$23,545 (2012 - \$63,010), and drilling, sampling and assay were \$416,251 (2012 - \$507,471).

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company has changed its focus on exploring and developing the Doade-Presqueira and the Cehegín Iron Ore Concessions in Spain; accordingly, all Peru Gold and Copper project's related capitalized costs of \$153,293 were written off.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, all costs relating to Cehegín Iron Ore Concessions Option were expensed to Project investigations.

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#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of December 31, 2013, The Company's cash position was \$643,603 (2012 - \$22,851) and the working capital was \$497,178 as compared to working capital deficiency of \$47,991 as at December 31, 2012.

Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$1,022,987 (2012 - \$770,686) which primarily relates to general and administrative expenses and change in non-cash working capital.

Net cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$699,452 (2012 - \$696,915) which primarily relates to expenditure on exploration and evaluation assets.

Net cash from financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$2,343,191 (2012 - \$1,225,717) was primarily the result of issuance of shares on private placement of \$1,575,000 (2012 - \$1,237,920), net of share issuance costs of \$59,395 (2012 - \$62,370) and from exercise of warrants for \$45,875 (2012 - \$50,167) and from subscriptions received in advance of \$781,711 (2012 - \$nil).

As the Company is in an exploration phase and is not generating revenue as yet, it is expected that the working capital balance will follow a cycle of reduction and replenishment. Management currently follows a policy of raising only sufficient capital to carry out its near term plans. This policy is meant to minimize dilution of shareholders' positions by raising capital when the stock price is at higher levels.

Historically, the Company has been successful in raising working capital through private placements and loan money to fund its operations and exploration programs and will need to raise more working capital through private placements to continue this. With regard to the exploration of its Canadian property, the Company has been able to raise financing through the issue of common shares and sees this as a continuing source of financing.

#### **Transactions with Related Parties**

#### Key management personnel compensation

	Year ended			
	December 31, D		December 31,	
	2013		2012	
Short-term employee benefits - management	\$ 268,000	\$	222,000	
Short-term employee benefits - directors	32,000		48,000	
Share-based payments - officers	126,016		93,427	
Share-based payments - directors	63,008		48,304	
Total	\$ 489,024	\$	411,731	

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Included in accounts payable as at December 31, 2013 is \$380 (2012 - \$3,438) in amounts due to officers and directors.

#### **Changes in Accounting Policies Including Initial Adoption**

#### Future Accounting Pronouncements

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations, described in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, are not yet effective as of the date of this report, and were not applied in preparing the financial statements. The Company is currently assessing the impact that these standards will have on the consolidated financial statements.

## Management's Discussion & Analysis Year ended December 31, 2013

#### Financial Risk Management

International Financial Reporting Standards 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, establishes a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

As at December 31, 2013, the carrying values of cash, receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short terms to maturity.

#### Financial risks

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

#### Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and receivables. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Cash consists of chequing account at reputable financial institution, from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. Federal deposit insurance covers balances up to \$100,000 in Canada. Financial instruments included in receivables consist of amounts due from government agencies. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss for cash by placing its cash with high quality financial institution and for receivables by standard credit checks. At December 31, 2013, the Company's exposure to credit risk is minimal.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash.

As at December 31, 2013, the Company had a cash balance of \$643,603 (2012 - \$22,851) to settle current liabilities of \$170,956 (2012 - \$91,116).

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements and loans from related and other parties. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

## a) Interest and foreign exchange risk

The Company is subject to normal risks including fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. While the Company manages its operations in order to minimize exposure to these risks, it has not entered into any derivatives or contracts to hedge or otherwise mitigate this exposure. At December 31, 2013, the Company was not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

The Company has significant operating expenditures which are denominated in Euro ("EUR"). The Company's exposure to exchange rate fluctuations arises mainly on foreign currencies against the Canadian dollar functional currency of the

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relevant business entities. The Company is principally engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Spain and Peru.

#### Financial assets

The Canadian dollar equivalent of the amounts denominated in foreign currencies as at December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

December 31, 2013	EUR
Cash	\$ 13,983
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December 31, 2012	EUR
Cash	\$ 18,442

#### Financial liabilities

The exposure of the Company's financial liabilities to currency risk are as follows:

December 31, 2013		EUR
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	103,307
December 31, 2012	-	EUR

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in Euro. As at December 31, 2013, net financial assets totalling \$37,406 were held in Euro.

Based on the above net exposure as at December 31, 2013 and assuming all other variables remain constant, a 2% depreciation or appreciation of the Euro against the Canadian dollar would result in an increase or decrease of approximately \$1,786 in the Company's loss and comprehensive loss.

## b) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

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#### **Capital Commitments**

The Company had no commitments for property and equipment expenditures for fiscal 2013. The Company expects that any property and equipment expenditures incurred, based on future needs, will be funded from working capital and/or from operating or capital leases.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### **Proposed Transactions**

As at the date of this MD&A, there are no proposed transactions that the board of directors or senior management who believe that confirmation of the decision by the board is probable, have decided to proceed with and that have not been publicly disclosed.

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to the recoverability of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based payments and other equity-based payments, and the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

## **Outstanding Share Data**

## Authorized share capital

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

#### Common shares

At December 31, 2013 there were 127,694,379 issued and fully paid common shares (2012 - 108,342,715).

At April 3, 2014 (date of report), there were 142,486,046 issued and fully paid common shares, as the Company issued 14,791,667 common shares of the Company via private placements detailed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Stock options

At December 31, 2013, there were 13,250,000 stock options of the Company outstanding, of which 12,975,000 are exercisable at weighted average price of \$0.13.

At April 3, 2014 (date of report), there were 17,400,000 stock options of the Company outstanding, of which 16,712,500 are exercisable at weighted average price of \$0.13,

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#### Warrants

As at December 31, 2013, there were 54,735,864 warrants outstanding at weighted average exercise price of \$016; of which, 48,735,864 warrants are exercisable at weighted average exercise price of \$0.15.

As at April 3, 2014 (date of report), there were 52,148,331 warrants outstanding at weighted average exercise price of \$0.16; of which, 35,606,664 warrants are exercisable at weighted average exercise price of \$0.16.

#### Agent's warrants

At December 31, 2013 and April 3, 2014 (date of report), there were 525,000 finders' warrants outstanding and exercisable at weighted average exercise price of \$0.15.

As at April 3, 2014 (date of report), there were 743,050 finders' warrants outstanding at weighted average exercise price of \$0.16; of which, 525,000 warrants are exercisable at weighted average exercise price of \$0.15.

#### **Risk and Uncertainties**

The Company's principal activity is mineral exploration and development. Companies in this industry are subject to many and varied kinds of risks, including but not limited to, environmental, fluctuating metal prices, social, political, financial and economics. Additionally, few exploration projects successfully achieve development due to factors that cannot be predicted or foreseen. While risk management cannot eliminate the impact of all potential risks, the Company strives to manage such risks to the extent possible and practicable.

The risks and uncertainties described in this section are considered by management to be the most important in the context of the Company's business. The risks and uncertainties below are not listed in order of importance nor are they inclusive of all the risks and uncertainties the Company may be subject to as other risks may apply: the risks associated with our dependence on the Doade-Presqueira and the Cehegín Iron Ore Concessions in Spain; geological exploration and development; changes in law, unrest and political instability in Spain and Peru; IUP, CoW and environmental permits for development of the Company's Properties cannot be obtained or renewed on terms satisfactory to the Company and other land title permitting and licensing risks; continued negative operating cash flow and the availability of additional funding as and when required; infrastructure; inflation; governmental regulation; environmental; hazards, insurance; uninsured risks; competition; currency fluctuations; labour and employment; joint ventures; contract repudiation; dependence on key management personnel and executives; and litigation risks.

#### **Forward-Looking Information and Statements**

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements and forward-looking information (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. All statements other than statements of present or historical fact are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking information is often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "could", "should", "can", "anticipate", "expect", "believe", "will", "may", "projected", "sustain", "continues", "strategy", "potential", "projects", "grow", "take advantage", "estimate", "well positioned" or similar words suggesting future outcomes. In particular, this MD&A contains forward-looking statements relating to: the future opportunities for the Company; the business strategy of the Company; and the competitive advantage of the Company.

In addition, forward looking statements regarding the Company are based on certain key expectations and assumptions of the Company concerning anticipated financial performance, business prospects, strategies, the sufficiency of budgeted capital expenditures in carrying out planned activities, the availability and cost of services, the ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms, the actual results of exploration projects being equivalent to or better than estimated results in technical reports or prior exploration results, and future costs and expenses being based on historical costs and expenses, adjusted for inflation, all of which are subject to change based on market conditions and potential timing delays. Although management

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of the Company consider these assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available to them, these assumptions may prove to be incorrect.

By their very nature, forward looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties (both general and specific) and risks that forward looking statements will not be achieved. Undue reliance should not be placed on forward looking statements, as a number of important factors could cause the actual results to differ materially from the Company's beliefs, plans, objectives and expectations, including, among other things: general economic and market factors, including business competition, changes in government regulations or in tax laws; the early stage development of the Company and its projects; general political and social uncertainties; commodity prices; the actual results of current exploration and development or operational activities; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; accidents and other risks inherent in the mining industry; lack of insurance; delay or failure to receive board or regulatory approvals; changes in legislation, including environmental legislation, affecting the Company; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; conclusions of economic evaluations; and lack of qualified, skilled labour or loss of key individuals. These factors should not be considered exhaustive. Many of these risk factors are beyond the Company's control and each contributes to the possibility that the forward-looking statements will not occur or that actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such statements. The impact of any one risk, uncertainty or factor on a particular forward-looking statement is not determinable with certainty as these risks, uncertainties and factors are interdependent and management's future course of action depends upon the Company's assessment of all information available at that time.

The forward-looking statements contained herein are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. The forward-looking statements included in this MD&A are made as of the date of this MD&A and the Company does not undertake and is not obligated to publicly update such forward-looking statements to reflect new information, subsequent events or otherwise unless so required by applicable securities laws.

#### **Additional Information**

The Company's publicly filed documents are available on SEDAR at <a href="www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a> and more information is also available on Company's website at <a href="www.solidresources.com">www.solidresources.com</a>.