MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS ("MD&A")

AMENDED AND RESTATED

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

This amended and restated MD&A of SponsorsOne Inc. ("SponsorsOne", "SPO" or the "Company") for the three and Nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 has been prepared by management of the Company as of January 9, 2019 and should be read in conjunction with the Company's amended and retated unaudited condensed interim financial statements and accompanying notes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the Company's Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The amended and restated unaudited condensed interim financial statements and notes thereto and this MD&A are presented in Canadian currency (unless otherwise noted) and were prepared in accordance with international financial reporting standards ("IFRS").

This amendment corrects the date as of which the MD&A was prepared by Management. The filing made on November 21, 2018 indicated it had been prepared on August 23, 2018. This date should have read November 7, 2018. In additiona, the filing included two blanks that were inadvertently omitted in the original filing. The first blank on page 6 of the MD&A omitted the amount of working capital. This amount was also provided in the second paragraph under Liquidity and Capital Resources. The blank has now been filled in. The second blank on page 7 of the MD&A should have referenced the approval date of the referenced warrant extension. This date of July 17, 2018, has now been adeded. No other substantive changes were required to the numbers or discussion as presented in the original filing.

Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to the Company that is based on the beliefs of its management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company. When used in this document, the words "may", "will", "anticipate", "plan", "intend", "estimate", "project", "continue", "believe", "estimate", "expect" and similar forward-looking terminology, as they relate to the Company or its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements relating to, among other things, regulatory compliance, the sufficiency of current working capital and the estimated cost and availability of funding for the continued operation of the Company. Such statements reflect the current views of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Many factors could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Although management believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, all forward-looking statements address matters that involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors and should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results. Accordingly, there are or will be a number of significant factors which could cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual future results, performance or achievements to differ materially include, but are not limited to, our limited operating history, our reliance on key personnel, future capital needs, dependence on proprietary technology and limited protection thereof and general economic trends and international risk. The Company is subject to significant risks and any past performance is no guarantee of future performance. The Company cannot predict all of the risk factors, nor can it assess the impact, if any, of such risk factors on the Company's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in any forward-looking statements. Accordingly, forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as a prediction of actual results. This MD&A offers a brief

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

overview of some of the risk factors to be considered in relation to the Company's business. This list may not be exhaustive and new risk factors may emerge from time to time. Please see the section "Risks and Uncertainties" for further information. We disclaim any intention or obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after distribution of this MD&A, whether as a result of new information, future events or other circumstances, except as may be required pursuant to applicable securities laws.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND CORPORATE UPDATE

THE CORPORATION

SponsorsOne Inc. ("SPO") was incorporated in accordance with the *Business Corporation Act (Ontario)* under the laws of the Province of Ontario on March 8, 1965 under the name "Superior Copper Mines Limited". The Corporation filed various articles of amendments dated August 8, 1972, March 6, 1979, March 3, 1988, May 9, 1989, January 8, 1990, February 26, 1997 and December 19, 2013 in respect of changes to share capital and other corporate matters including to change of its name to "Mountainview Explorations Inc.", then to "Banro Capital Group Inc." then to "International Infopet Systems Ltd." and finally to "SponsorsOne Inc.".

MXM Nation Inc. ("MXM"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation, was incorporated under that laws of the Province of Ontario on February 2, 2006 as "Deep Creek Ventures Inc.". On April 4, 2007, MXM changed its name to "MX Mechanics Inc." and on February 5, 2013 MXM changed its name to "MXM Nation Inc.".

SponsorsOne Media Inc. ("SPM"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the corporation, was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on January 11, 2018.

The head office of SPO, MXM and SPM is located at 2 Campbell Drive, Suite 307C, Uxbridge, ON L9P 1H6 and the registered office is located at 365 Bay Street, Suite 400, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5H 2V1.

Business of the Corporation

The Corporation is developing a proprietary platform ("SponsorsCloud") and cryptocurrency ("SponsorCoin"). The SponsorsCloud platform, SponsorCoin cryptocurrency and transaction engine, in combination, are designed to address social media marketing challenges faced by companies regarding their specific retail product lines such as fashion, specialty food and cosmetics ("Brands").

Social media marketing is influenced by people known as influencers, who are people in social media that have followings of people, which people take actions based on what a particular influencer buys, does and says. Large influencers charge fees for their social media influence. There are a lot of smaller influencers ("Micro-Influencers") who have significant followings, sometimes in niche marketing areas who can be influential as well. Social media marketing through Micro-Influencers is challenging due to the difficulty of engagement between Brands, Micro-Influencers, customers and social media advertising and there is little meaningful understanding of the return on investment, costs related to products/services and support given to customers/influencers with no communication channel post advertisement/sponsorship promotion, SPO is developing the *SponsorsCloud* platform and patent pending *SponsorCoin* cryptocurrency. These technologies were designed to address the foregoing issues by creating influencer communities, including Micro-Influencers, for Brands. A "micro-influencer" is an individual consumer that is active on social media but with a small number of subscribers or followers who can have significant effect on buying habits of their followers.

USING MICRO-INFLUENCERS TO SUCCESSFULLY PROMOTE YOUR BUSINESS

WHY MICRO-INFLUENCERS



For each Brand represented, the SPO model will help build a network of micro-influencers. The *SponsorsCloud* platform will integrate with social networks and enables the delivery of social media marketing campaigns. This will be facilitated through our proprietary e-commerce platform, *SponsorsCloud*, which will support the exchange of goods and services between brands and Micro-Influencers by the use of *SponsorCoin*. The main objective of the *SponsorsCloud* platform is to build communities of Micro-Influencers for Brands through online, social media and e-commerce channels. Micro-Influencers will work their way up to higher levels of discounts by continuously engaging and transacting with Brands through various social media and e-commerce activities online across all social networks. *SponsorsCloud* will have a mobile application to allow Micro-Influencers to engage with the Brands and their campaigns. SPO will work with Brands to create marketing content to be distributed through various forms of digital distribution such as Facebook, Instagram, YouTube and on demand content distributors for 30 and 60 minute show formats. The Micro-Influencer establishes an account with SPO through which they receive media content, then modify, add to, and deploy this content through their own social networks. Through their SPO Account, this activity is all tracked and verified allowing SPO to assesses the value of this additional content, validates their social media posts and reward the Micro-Influencer with *SponsorCoin*.

SponsorsOne Media is a wholly owned Delaware corporation in the U.S. Its purpose is to engage directly with Brands to develop their digital marketing strategy including the production of video, audio, photography, graphics and other web content ("Entertainment Media"). Brands will not be required to pay for the creation of Entertainment Media up front thereby making it more accessible to smaller Brands with limited budgets. Production costs can be offset in some circumstances from distribution partners who often pay for such content. The Entertainment Media will be designed to promote specific Brands and provides content for Micro-Influencers to disseminate to their social network.

SponsorCoin will be the currency used to compensate the Influencers for interacting, engaging and creating social media content around a Brand's campaign. The SponsorCloud will monitor all the activity of the Micro-Influencer across all social networks and SponsorCoins will be awarded to Micro-Influencers based on criteria set with the Brand such as quantity, quality, and type of engagement (campaign criteria). The more coins the Micro-Influencers earn, the higher the discount level the user will achieve in a tiered format set up by the Brand, entitling the Micro-Influencer to greater discounts and better redemption offers. The Influencer will be able to use their SponsorCoins to purchase goods and services from the Brand online through their e-commerce store set up through SponsorsCloud. Micro-Influencers will also be able to transfer their SponsorCoins to charitable organizations and convert their SponsorCoins into Bitcoin,

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

Ethereum and Litecoin cryptocurrencies. Exchanging currency within the *SponsorsCloud* will allow Micro-Influencers to monetize their *SponsorCoin* beyond the marketplace into any currency supported by participating cryptocurrency exchanges.

Additionally, the *SponsorsCloud* platform will track and log relevant data, specifically the engagement activity and movement of *SponsorCoins* between the Micro-Influencers and Brands within the social networks. This data will then be used to perform analysis and provide marketing analysis for Brands. The Brands interactive dash board and its automated content will be available on a subscription-based pricing model based on the size of their influencer community.

COMPANY HIGHLIGHTS

- On March 28, 2018, the Corporation announced the appointment of Mr. Brad Herr as the new Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation and the resignation of Mr. Arvin Ramos from that position.
- On April 18, 2018 the Corporation entered into an engagement letter with Emerging Equities Inc. to act as agent, on a reasonable best-efforts basis, in connection with a proposed financing up to 16,666,667 units ("Units") at a price of \$0.18 per unit for gross proceeds of CA\$3 million (the "Unit Offering"). Each Unit is comprised of one Common Share and one half of a common share purchase with each whole warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one Common Share at an exercise price of \$0.30 for a period of twelve (12) months (subject to acceleration in certain circumstances).
- On April 28, 2018, the Corporation received a Notice of (Re) Assessment (the "HST Assessment") from Canada Revenue Agency regarding GST / HST filings for the period from July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017, which, if correct, would give rise to \$194,994.27 in HST payable. The Corporation's tax advisors have advised that there are valid grounds to appeal the assessment and the Corporation is currently in the process of filing a Notice of Objection. Pending the outcome of the appeal process, the Corporation has booked the \$194,994.27 as an amount payable in its second guarter 2018 financial statements.
- On May 16, 2018, the Corporation completed a private placement of 1,568,440 special warrants ("Special Warrants") of the Corporation at \$0.18 per special warrant for gross proceeds of \$282,319. Each Special Warrant entitles the holder to receive 1 Unit for no additional consideration.
- On July 30, 2018, the Corporation completed a public offering of Units consisting of one share of common stock and one-half warrant exercisable at \$0.30 for two years from the closing date. Units were offered at \$0.18 per unit and a total of 12,425,742 units were sold (not including the units received by holders of the Special Warrants on exercise), and the Company received net offering proceeds totalling \$1,916,006 after payment of commissionsand certain other expenses of the offering.

Selected Annual Financial Information

The following table reflect the summary of results for the periods set out.

	Three Months	Three Months	Nine Months	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017	
	Ended	Ended	Ended		
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,		
	2018	2017	2018		
Total Assets	\$ 1,342,583	\$ 203,899	\$ 1,342,583	\$ 203,899	
Total Revenue	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (919,729)	\$ (193,945)	\$ (525,910)	\$ (602,206)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

Net Income (Loss) Per Share				
(Basic and Diluted)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)

Selected Quarterly Financial Information

The following table highlights selected unaudited financial information in respect of the previous six quarters of the Company. The Company's quarterly operating results have varied in the past and may vary substantially in the future. Accordingly, the information below is not necessarily indicative of results for any future quarter.

(Amounts expressed in \$)					
Period	Revenue	Net income	Basic and diluted Loss per share		
Q3 - 2018	Nil	(919,729.00)	-		
Q2 - 2018	Nil	893,764.00	0.03		
Q1 -2018	Nil	(499,944.00)	(0.02)		
Q4 - 2017	Nil	(98.00)	-		
Q3 - 2017	Nil	(193,945.00)	-		
Q2 - 2017	Nil	(203,425.00)	(0.01)		
Q1 - 2017	Nil	(204,836.00)	(0.01)		

Operating Results

Three months ended September 30, 2018 compared with September 30, 2017

For the three months ended September 30, 2018, the Company reported a net loss of \$919,729 versus a net loss of \$193,729 in the comparable period for 2017. The current period loss was primarily the result of compensatin expenses paid in the form of stock options and deferred stock units. As reported in the second quarter, 2018, the Company reported non-operating income derived from forgiveness of debt in conjunction with debt settlements. In the third quarter, the Company closed its public offering and is now in a position to roll out product offerings, and the software platform that will drive the Company's marketing and branding offerings to customers. The increase in operating expenditures in the quarter was due primarily to the company's efforts to staff up in anticipation of the product roll out which will be ongoing thourhg the fourth quarter and into 2019.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses were \$1,120,137 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 versus \$167,776 in the comparable period in 2017. Of this amount, \$630,000 related to compensation paid in the form of stock options and deferred stock units. These expenses are expected to increase in future periods as the Company moves from the development stage to the operational stage.

The Company incurred \$0 in research and development costs for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$22,500 in the same period in 2017. The decrease relates to the limitations on the ability of the Company to develop its products due to funding constraints. These fees will increase going forward as the Company directs more resources once financing is secured.

Depreciation decreased slightly to \$2,829 in the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the comparable period in 2017 (\$3,669). Intangible assets of the Company were fully amortized in 2016.

Nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared with September 30, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

For the Nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company reported a net loss of \$525,910 versus a net loss of \$602,206 in the comparable period for 2017. The current period loss was partially offset by income generated from foregiveness of debt in conjunction with debt settlements. Without the other income from debt settlements, the Company would have reported a net loss of \$2,014,200. The increase in operating expenditures is due to primarily to the company's efforts to staff up in anticipation therollout of the Company's marketing and branding software platform to customers. In the Nine month period, Marketing and general administrative expenses include \$1,065,000 of share based compensation issued to retain existing employees and consultants.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses were \$1,800,892 during the Nine months ended 2018 versus \$518,793 in the comparable period in 2017. The increase was due primarily to share based comensation issued in the period. These expenses are expected to increase in future periods as the Company moves from the development stage to the operational stage.

The Company incurred \$2,661 in research and development costs for the Nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$49,250 in the same period in 2017. The decrease relates to the limitations on the ability of the Company to develop its products due to funding constraints. These fees are expected to increase going forward as the Company will direct more resources once financing is secured.

Depreciation increased slightly was constant at \$11,007 in the Nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the comparable period in 2017 (\$11,007).

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company is in the development stage but is now ready to expand its operations. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company closed a public offering of its securities netting \$2,170,093. After payments of outstanding liabilities and debt settlement obligations, the Company has approximately \$599,772 of working capital which will be applied to achieve strategic objectives, product rollout, and initial revenue. The Company will likely require additional working capital to fund further product development and business development efforts expanding its VSN, building and acquiring new VSN and licensing its technology, establishing strategic partnerships, and targeting specific verticals.

As at September 30, 2018, the Company had a working capital surplus of \$599,772. SponsorsOne is currently not generating operating cash flows, but has sufficient cash to continue research and development of its platforms and cover administrative overhead while it embarks on the plan to roll out its products and services to customers in the fourth quarter of 2018 and continuing into 2019. While the Company has sufficient cash to meet its needs for the coming twelve months, it is likely that it will need to raise additional funds to aggressively pursue its business development strategy. Although SponsorsOne has been successful in obtaining financing to date, there can be no assurance that adequate funding will be available in the future, or available under terms favourable to SponsorsOne. Whether and when the Company can attain profitability and positive operating cash flows is uncertain. These uncertainties represent significant risks to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has implemented a strict cash flow management process with oversight from the board of directors to ensure cash is utilized in the most effective manner. This includes periodic cash flow reviews, budget committee pre-approval of all cash expenses and disbursements, and on-going cash balance tracking and management. Management and the board of directors collectively prioritize necessary payments and communicate payment plans with the relevant stakeholders/vendors.

In addition to the public offering proceeds, in the Nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$105,000 through the issuance of 2,625,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.04 per Unit. Each Unit is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.05 per common share for a period of 24 months from the closing of the private placement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

Also in the Nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company completed a private placement of Special Warrants raising an aggregate of \$282,319 in gorss offering proceeds and \$254,087 in net offering proceeds after payment of commissions. The Special Warrants converted to Units in the public offering and are more fully described under "Company Higlights", below.

On January 10, 2018, the Company granted 1,450,000 stock options to certain officers, directors and consultants. Each option is exercisable at \$0.30 expiring January 10, 2028. These options were valued at \$435,000 using the Black Scholes valuation method and resulted in a significant increase in comensation expense for the period. On August 7, 2018, 2,750,000 stock options were granted to certain officers, directors and consultants. Each option is exercisable at \$0.30 expiring August 7, 2028. These options were valued at \$495,000 using the Black Scholes valuation method and resulted in a significant increase in comensatin expense for the period. The Company also issued 5,000,000 deferred share units (DSU's) to certain officers, directors and consultants. Each deferred share unit represents a right to receive shares or the cash equivalent value of the shares upon the holder's separation from service with the Company, either as an officer, director or consultant. The DSU's vest 10% on the date of grant, and 30% each successive year thereafter until fully vested. These DSU's were valued at \$900,000 using the Black Scholes valuation method and resulted in \$135,000 of additional compensation expense in the current period for the value of DSU's earned as of September 30, 2018.

Company Highlights

On April 28, 2018, the Corporation received a Notice of (Re) Assessment (the "HST Assessment") from Canada Revenue Agency regarding GST / HST filings for the period from July 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017, which, if correct, would give rise to \$194,994.27 in HST payable. The Corporation's tax advisors have advised that there are valid grounds to appeal the assessment and the Corporation is currently in the process of filing a Notice of Objection. Pending the outcome of the appeal process, the Corporation has booked the \$194,994.27 as an amount payable in its second quarter 2018 financial statements.

On May 16, 2018, the Corporation completed a private placement of 1,568,440 special warrants ("Special Warrants") of the Corporation at \$0.18 per special warrant for gross proceeds of \$282,319. After offering expenses, the Company netted \$254,087 from the Special Warrant Offering. Each Special Warrant entitles the holder to receive 1 Unit n the public offering for no additional consideration.

On June 18, 2018, the Corporation announced the extension of the expiry dates of 6,790,784 outstanding share purchase warrants (the "Warrants") that were issued pursuant to private placements and debt settlements completed in July, 2016. Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one Common Share at a price of \$0.30 per share for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance which expires on July 4, 2018. Subject to Canadian Securities Exchange approval, which approval was obtained on July 17, 2018, the expiration of the Warrants has been extended to July 4, 2019. All other terms of the Warrants will remain the same.

The Corporation reached agreements with holders of accounts payable and accrued balances to extend, settle, or reduce the outstanding balances. Extensions (the "Extensions") occurred with holders of \$154,271 of accounts payable. Such amounts are now payable over a 3-year period with the first monthly payments commencing on July 31, 2019 with equal monthly installments sufficient to satisfy the debts in full by September 30, 2021. Accounts payable and accrued balances totaling \$1,227,823 were settled and / or written off in full for cash payments totaling \$30,632 (the "Settlements"). The Settlements were obtained from persons friendly to the Corporation who expressed a willingness to resolve old balances at reduced or zero payout. Lastly, the Corporation reclassified (the "Reclassifications") accounts payable totaling \$473,639 as other liabilities – long term, on the basis that the amounts are disputed and management believes them to be without merit. The Extensions, Settlements and Reclassifications resulted in a reduction of accounts payable totaling \$1,855,733. The Corporation also has reached agreement to settle an

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

additional \$191,144 in accounts payable by the payment of \$30,000 and the issuance of 400,000 common shares. The Company is currently working to clear the settled amounts with the affected vendors.

On July 30, 2018 the Company closed its public offering ("Offering") with Emerging Equities Inc. as agent (the "Agent"). The Company issued 12,425,742 units of the Corporation ("Units") at a price of \$0.18 per Unit for gross proceeds of CA\$2,236,634. The Special Warrants were also converted into 1,568,440 Units in the public offering. Each Unit is comprised of one common share ("Common Share") and one half of a common share purchase warrant (each whole warrant, being a "Warrant"). Each Warrant is exercisable into one Common Share at an exercise price of \$0.30 per Common Share, on or before July 24, 2019, provided that if the closing price at which the Common Shares trade on the Canadian Securities Exchange (or any such other stock exchange in Canada as the Common Shares may trade at the applicable time) exceeds \$0.55 for five (5) consecutive trading days at any time following November 25, 2018, the Corporation may accelerate the expiry date of the Warrants (the "Reduced Warrant Term") to the date that is twenty-one (21) calendar days following the date a press release is issued by the Corporation announcing the Reduced Warrant Term. On July 24, 2018, the special warrants converted, with no additional proceeds to the Corporation, into 1,725,283 Common Shares (1,568,440 Unit shares plus 156,843 penalty shares) and 784,220 warrants. The Agent received a cash fee equal to 10% of the gross proceeds of the Offering. The Offering was completed by way of short form prospectus filed with the securities regulatory authorities in each of the provinces of Ontario, British Columbia and Alberta (the "Prospectus"). The Prospectus is accessible on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Commitments

The Company has no commitments for capital expenditures.

Contingencies and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no contingencies and no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Outstanding Share Data

As at the date of this report, the following Common Shares and convertible securities of the Company are issued and outstanding:

Common Shares – issued and outstanding	44,685,727
Stock options – vested	5,860,000
Deferred share units (5,000,000 shares granted) - vested	500,000
Warrants	20,037,841

Future Accounting Changes

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of these financial statements are listed below. This list is of standards and interpretations issued that the Company reasonably expects to be applicable at a future date. The Company intends to adopt those standards when they become effective.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") covers the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities and the effective date is for annual periods on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Company is still assessing the impact of adopting IFRS 9. Amendments to IFRS 9 also provide relief from the requirement to restate comparative financial statements for the effect of applying IFRS 9. Instead, additional transition disclosures will be required to help investors understand the effect that the initial application of IFRS 9 has on the classification and measurement of financial instruments.

SPONSORSONE, INC. Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

Transactions with Related Parties

During the period ended September 30, 2018, officers, directors, and management, which are considered key management, received compensation of \$420,000 (September 30, 2017 - \$340,880). Management compensation has been included in the marketing, general and administrative account:

As at:	Sept	September 30, 2018		
Consulting fees	\$	110,000	\$	258,000
Accounting fees		82,000		18,000
Share-based compensation		759,000		82,880
•	\$	951,000	\$	340,880

As at March 31, 2018, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$78,271 (September 30, 2017 – \$1,402,080) due to related parties for consulting services.

In connection with the debt settlements negotiated in June 2018, the Company entered into agreements with certain vendors, including related parties to convert these accounts payable aggregating \$154,271 to long-term notes payable over three years commencing on July 31, 2019 bearing interest at 12% per annum. The company also reclassified a portion of accounts payable totaling \$470,116 from current to long-term as disputed. Of the aggregate reclassifications totalling \$624,387, \$517,110 was due to related parties. As of September 30, 2018, the entire balance in long-term debt due to related parties has been paid.

Financial Instruments

All financial assets are classified either held fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables or available-for-sale. Also, all financial liabilities are classified as either fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities. All financial instruments are initially recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. After initial recognition, financial instruments are measured at the fair values, except for held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and other liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are classified and measured as follows:

Asset/Liability	Classification	Measurement
Cash and cash equivalents	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other financial liabilities	Amortized cost
Loans payable	Other financial liabilities	Amortized cost

Risks and Uncertainties

Given the speculative nature of the business of the Company, an investment in the Common Shares should only be considered by those persons who can afford a total loss of their investment. The risks presented below should not be considered to be exhaustive and may not represent all of the risks that the Company

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

may face. It is believed that these are the factors that could cause actual results to be different from expected and historical results. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company or that the Company currently deems immaterial may also impair the Company's business operations. If any of the risks described below occur, the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations could be materially harmed:

Limited Operating History and Sales

The Company has a limited operating history on which to base an evaluation of its business, financial performance and prospects. As such, the Company's business and prospects must be considered in light of the risks, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in the early stage of development. As the Company is in an early stage and is introducing new products, the Company's revenues may be materially affected by the decisions, including timing decisions, of a relatively consolidated customer base. In addition, it is also difficult to evaluate the viability of the Company's SponsorsCloud platform because the Company has had limited experience to address the risks, expenses and difficulties frequently encountered by companies in their early stage of development, particularly companies in new and rapidly evolving markets such as the Company's target markets. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in addressing these risks, and the failure to do so in any one area could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

No Assurance of Profitability

The Company cannot give assurances that it will not incur net losses in the future. The limited operating history makes it difficult to predict future operating results. The Company is subject to the risks inherent in the operation of a new business enterprise in an emerging business sector, and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully address these risks.

Future Capital Needs; Uncertainty of Additional Funding

The Company may not be able to fully implement and execute its business strategy without additional financing. There can be no assurance that such additional financing will be available, and if available, there can be no assurance that the cost of obtaining such financing will be on favourable or reasonable commercial terms or that financing will not result in substantial dilution to the Company's shareholders.

Dependence on Key Personnel

The Company's future success depends on its ability to retain key employees and attract, train, retain and successfully integrate new talent into its management team. The Company's success is highly dependent on its continuing ability to identify, hire, train, motivate and retain appropriate personnel. Competition for these personnel can be intense, and the Company cannot provide assurance that it will be able to attract or retain them. To do so, it may be necessary for the Company to materially increase the compensation it pays.

Management of Growth

The Company may experience a period of significant growth in the number of personnel that will place a strain upon its management systems and resources. Its future will depend in part on the ability of its officers and other key employees to implement and improve financial and management controls, reporting systems and procedures on a timely basis and to expand, train, motivate and manage the workforce. The Company's current and planned personnel, systems, procedures and controls may be inadequate to support its future operations.

Competition

Competition in the advertising industry as it relates to digital and social media is increasing. While the Company is targeting smaller niche sites with higher expected revenues per subscriber, there can be no

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

assurances that competitors will not adopt a similar strategy and attempt to enter the markets that the Company has targeted.

Dependence on Proprietary Technology and Limited Protection Thereof

The Company will be relying on a combination of trademark, copyright, patent and trade secret law, as well as confidentiality restrictions contained in certain confidentiality agreements, to establish and protect the Company's proprietary rights in its intellectual property. As a result, the Company may not be able to adequately prevent a competitor, business partner or customer from creating or obtaining an illegal copy of its software or otherwise using it for inappropriate purposes such as reverse engineering.

General Economic Trends

The worldwide economic slowdown and tightening of credit in the financial markets may impact the business of the Company's customers, which could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, or results of operations. Adverse changes in general economic or political conditions in any of the major countries in which the Company does business could also adversely affect the Company's operating results.

Asset Location and Legal Proceedings

Substantially all of the Company's assets are located in Canada where intellectual property is generally enforced. Social media is global in nature, and the Company expects to have subscribers and assets located outside of Canada. Accordingly, the Company may be subject to legal proceedings and judgments in foreign jurisdictions.

Risk Associated with Foreign Operations in Developing Countries

The Company's primary revenues are expected to be achieved in North America initially. However, the Company may expand to markets outside of North America, and become subject to risks normally associated with conducting business in a developing country. The Company cannot predict government positions on such things as foreign investment, intellectual property rights or taxation. A change in government positions on these issues could adversely affect the Company's business.

Market Acceptance

The Company's ability to gain and increase market acceptance of its platform depends upon its ability to establish and maintain its brand name and reputation. In order to do so, substantial expenditures on market research, product development, product testing, strategic relationships and marketing initiatives may be required.

Rapid Technological Change

The advertising industry as it relates to social and digital media marketing is characterized by rapid technological change, changes in user and customer requirements and preferences, frequent new product and service introductions embodying new technologies and emergence of new industry standards and practices that could render the Company's existing products and systems obsolete and can exert price pressures on existing products. It is critical to the Company's success that it is able to anticipate and react quickly to changes in technology or in industry standards and successfully develop and introduce new, enhanced and competitive products on a timely basis. The Company cannot give assurance that it will successfully develop new products or enhance and improve its existing products, that new products and enhanced and improved existing products will achieve market acceptance or that the introduction of new products or enhanced existing products by others will not render the Company's products obsolete. The process of developing new technology is complex and uncertain, and, if the Company fails to accurately predict customers' changing needs and emerging technological trends, its business could be harmed. The Company must commit significant resources to developing new products before knowing whether its investments will result in products the market will accept. To remain competitive, the Company may be

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

required to invest significantly greater resources than currently anticipated in research and development and product enhancement efforts, and result in increased operating expenses.

Product Defects and Reputation

The Company will continue developing source code for its platform. Such source code and related products may contain errors or hidden defects that may significantly impact the user experience. The Company may not be able to correct the defects in a timely manner, and may lead to a loss of or a delay in market acceptance. In addition, such errors or hidden defects could cause adverse damage to its reputation and impair its ability to acquire new users. In addition, the Company may need to make significant expenditures to eliminate defects from its products. As well, errors and defects could lead to claims for liability or other claims involving costly litigation.

Electronic Communication Security Risks

A significant potential vulnerability of electronic communications is the security of transmission of confidential information over public networks. Anyone who is able to circumvent the Company's security measures could misappropriate proprietary information or cause interruptions in its operations. The Company may be required to expend capital and other resources to protect against such security breaches or to alleviate problems caused by such breaches.

Data Transmission

The Company transmits the majority of the content of its SponsorsCloud platform as a service over the Internet. If the Company experiences transmission failures or limited transmission capacity on the Internet or other data networks the Company may use, it may be unable meet its commitments.

Insurance Coverage

The Company will require insurance coverage for a number of risks, including business interruption, environmental matters and contamination, personal injury and property damage. Although the Company believes that the events and amounts of liability covered by its insurance policies will be reasonable, taking into account the risks relevant to its business, and the fact that agreements with users contain limitations of liability, there can be no assurance that such coverage will be available or sufficient to cover claims to which the Company may become subject. If insurance coverage is unavailable or insufficient to cover any such claims, the Company's financial resources, results of operations and prospects could be adversely affected.

Tax Risk

The Company will be considered to have been carrying on business in Canada for purposes of the *Income Tax Act* (the "**Tax Act**"). However, the Company will be operating in the social and digital media space, a new and developing industry that has had historically low regulations and tax compliance. There is risk that foreign governments may look to increase their tax revenues or levy additional taxes to level the playing field for perceived disadvantages to the traditional brick and mortar business. While the Company does not foresee any adverse tax affects, there is no guarantee that governments will not impose such additional adverse taxes in the future.

Risks in Foreign Jurisdictions

Social media is a global phenomenon, and the Company anticipates that a significant user base will be located outside Canada. International business activities entail additional risks such as uncertainty as to the protection and use of intellectual property, partnership risks, political risks, legal and regulatory risks, the risk of increase in taxes (including value added taxes) and trade barriers. Furthermore, as profits of foreign subsidiaries are taxable under foreign income tax legislation, revenues from foreign operations could be adversely impacted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Dated as at October 31, 2018

Currency Fluctuations

Due to the Company's present operations, and its intention to in the future operate in jurisdictions outside Canada, the Company is expected to be exposed to significant currency fluctuations in the future. Recent events in the global financial markets have been coupled with increased volatility in the currency markets. A substantial portion of the Company's revenue could be earned in US dollars, but a substantial portion of its operating expenses are incurred in Canadian dollars. Fluctuations in the exchange rate between the US dollar and other currencies, such as the Canadian dollar, may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results. The Company intends to continue to expand operations globally so it may be subject to additional gains and losses against additional currencies. The Company does not currently have a foreign exchange hedging program in place. However, in the future, it may establish a program to hedge a portion of its foreign currency exposure with the objective of minimizing the impact of adverse foreign currency exchange movements. However, even if the Company develops a hedging program, it may not hedge its entire exposure to any one foreign currency and it may not hedge its exposure at all with respect to certain foreign currencies.

Fluctuations in Quarterly Results

The Company's quarterly operating results may fluctuate significantly in the future depending on factors such as the popularity of social media, the ability to attract users, progress on implementation of projects and upgrades, the number, timing and significance of new product announcements by the Company and its competitors, the ability to license and develop new VSN, introduce and market new and enhanced versions of products on a timely basis, changes in operating expenses, and general economic factors, among others. A significant portion of the Company's expenses are based on expectations of future revenue and, therefore, is relatively fixed in the short-term. Accordingly, if revenue levels are below expectations, operating results are likely to be adversely affected. As quarterly revenue is dependent upon building a significant user base, and the ability to monetize that user base, the inability to build and monetize the user base could cause the Company to plan or budget inaccurately, and those variations could adversely affect its financial results.

Officer and Director Conflicts

The Company's officers and directors may have certain interests and arrangements that are different from, or in addition to the Company's shareholders. Executive officers and directors may have rights to indemnification including directors' and officers' liability insurance that will survive consummation of their agreements.