

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2014 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Notice of No Auditor Review of Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor. The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Eagleford Energy Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management of the Company. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.



| (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) Unaudited | Febr | uary 28, 2014 | August 31, 2013 | |
|---|------|---------------|-----------------|------------|
| • • • • • | | | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Current assets | ¢ | 454 440 | ¢ | 400.007 |
| Cash Trada and ether receivebles | \$ | 154,112 | Ф | 196,837 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 42,484 | | 27,786 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits | | 332,250 | | 158,295 |
| Total current assets | | 528,846 | | 382,918 |
| Non-current assets | | | | 0 505 070 |
| Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6) | | 6,449,804 | | 6,535,278 |
| Total non-current assets | | 6,449,804 | | 6,535,278 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 6,978,650 | \$ | 6,918,196 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency) | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | \$ | 1,792,103 | \$ | 1,379,581 |
| Secured note payable (Note 10) | | 1,063,200 | | 1,013,088 |
| Shareholders' loans (Note 9) | | 1,976,038 | | 2,108,205 |
| Provisions (Note 7) | | - | | 178,553 |
| Derivative warrant liabilities (Note 11) | | 722,875 | | 688,803 |
| Total current liabilities | | 5,554,216 | | 5,368,230 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | · · · |
| Derivative warrant liabilities (Note 11) | | 1,351,794 | | 1,288,080 |
| Provisions (Note 7) | | 104,467 | | 119,742 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 1,456,261 | | 1,407,822 |
| Total liabilities | | 7,010,477 | | 6,776,052 |
| | | , , | | , , |
| Shareholders' equity (deficiency) Share capital (Note 8 (a)) | | 7 256 755 | | 7 050 250 |
| | | 7,356,755 | | 7,050,350 |
| Share purchase warrants (Note 8 (b)) | | 1,169,889 | | 1,422,526 |
| Share purchase options (Note 8 (d)) | | 170,972 | | 170,972 |
| Contributed surplus (Note 8 (e)) | | 680,599 | | 506,200 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | | 316,280 | | 204,657 |
| Accumulated deficit | | (9,726,322) | | (9,212,561 |
| Total shareholders' equity (deficiency) | | (31,827) | | 142,144 |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency) | \$ | 6,978,650 | \$ | 6,918,196 |
| Going Concern (Note 1) | | | | |
| Related Party Transactions and Balances (Note 9) | | | | |
| Committments and Contingencies (Note 14) | | | | |
| Subsequent Event (Note 16) | | | | |

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position



Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) Unaudited

| | | Three Months Ended February 28 2014 2013 | | | Six Months Ended February 28 2014 2013 | | |
|---|----|--|----|--------------|--|------------|--|
| Revenue | | | | | | | |
| Natural gas sales, net of royalties | \$ | 9,754 | \$ | 9,787 \$ | 23,357 \$ | 19,685 | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Operating costs | | 3,911 | | 2,566 | 5,888 | 5,800 | |
| Depletion and accretion | | 788 | | 4,226 | 1,639 | 8,379 | |
| General and administrative | | 101,646 | | 172,606 | 179,652 | 344,766 | |
| Interest expense | | 69,197 | | 20,014 | 88,729 | 40,816 | |
| Loss on derivative warrant liabilities (Note 11) | | 89,169 | | 67,251 | 97,786 | 79,378 | |
| Loss on foreign exchange | | 146,645 | | 111,369 | 163,424 | 125,722 | |
| Marketing and public relations | | - | | 6,428 | - | 6,428 | |
| | | 411,356 | | 384,460 | 537,118 | 611,289 | |
| Net loss | | (401,602) | | (374,673) | (513,761) | (591,604) | |
| Foreign currency translation | | (101,504) | | 159,531 | 111,623 | 190,120 | |
| Comprehensive loss | \$ | (503,106) | \$ | (215,142) \$ | (402,138) \$ | (401,484) | |
| Loss per share, basic and diluted | \$ | (0.003) | \$ | (0.004) \$ | (0.004) \$ | (0.006) | |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted (Note 8 (c)) | | 124,127,337 | | 98,957,457 | 122,694,037 | 98,659,142 | |

*Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split



Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Unaudited

| | SHARE CAPITAL Number of | SHARE CAPITAL Amount | SHARE PURCHASE WARRANTS | SHARE PURCHASE OPTIONS | CONTRI- BUTED SURPLUS | FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION | DEFICIT | TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| | Shares* | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | RESERVE \$ | \$ | (DEFICIENCY) \$ |
| Balance, August 31, 2012 | 96,707,667 | 5,906,633 | 1,422,526 | 170,972 | 506,200 | (109,463) | (4,946,515) | 2,950,353 |
| Private placement of units | 2,249,790 | 197,214 | - | - | - | - | - | 197,214 |
| Foreign currency translation | - | - | - | - | - | 190,120 | - | 190,120 |
| Net loss for the period | - | - | - | - | - | - | (591,604) | (591,604) |
| Balance, February 28, 2013 | 98,957,457 | 6,103,847 | 1,422,526 | 170,972 | 506,200 | 80,657 | (5,538,119) | 2,746,083 |
| Issuance of shares as debt settlement | 23,662,569 | 946,503 | - | - | - | - | - | 946,503 |
| Foreign currency translation | - | - | - | - | - | 124,000 | - | 124,000 |
| Net loss for the period | - | - | - | - | - | - | (3,674,442) | (3,674,442) |
| Balance, August 31, 2013 | 122,620,026 | 7,050,350 | 1,422,526 | 170,972 | 506,200 | 204,657 | (9,212,561) | 142,144 |
| Foreign currency translation | - | - | - | - | - | 111,623 | - | 111,623 |
| Net loss for the period | - | - | - | - | - | - | (513,761) | (513,761) |
| Warrants exercised | 6,519,043 | 306,405 | (78,238) | - | - | - | - | 228,167 |
| Warrants expired | - | - | (174,399) | - | 174,399 | - | - | - |
| Balance, February 28, 2014 | 129,139,069 | 7,356,755 | 1,169,889 | 170,972 | 680,599 | 316,280 | (9,726,322) | (31,827) |

*Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

See Note 15 for explantion relating to comparitive figures



| Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Six Months Ended February 28, (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) Unaudited | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|--------------------|-----------|
| Cash provided by (used in) | | |
| Operating activities | | |
| Net loss for the period | \$ (513,761) \$ | (591,604) |
| Items not involving cash: | | |
| Depletion and accretion | 1,639 | 8,379 |
| Unrealized loss on derivative warrant liabilities | 97,786 | 79,378 |
| Provisions | - | 115,781 |
| Net changes in non-cash working capital (Note 13) | 223,645 | 314,291 |
| | (190,691) | (73,775) |
| Investing activities | | |
| Additions to exploration and evaluation assets | (124,989) | (280,356) |
| Disposal of exploration and evaluation assets | 162,350 | - |
| | 37,361 | (280,356) |
| Financing activities | | |
| Private placement of units, net of share issue costs | - | 405,650 |
| Secured notes payable, net | 50,112 | 40,512 |
| Shareholders' loans, net | 91,626 | 78,774 |
| | 141,738 | 524,936 |
| Increase (decrease) in cash for the period | (11,592) | 170,805 |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (31,133) | (23,175) |
| Cash, beginning of period | 196,837 | 330,003 |
| Cash, end of period | \$ 154,112 \$ | 477,633 |

Supplemental Cash Flow Information and Non Cash Transactions (Note 13)

1. Nature of Business and Going Concern

Eagleford Energy Inc. ("Eagleford" or the "Company") was amalgamated under the Business Corporations Act (*Ontario*) on November 30, 2009. The principal activities of the Company consist of exploration, development and production of petroleum and natural gas properties. In addition, the Company holds a 0.3% net smelter return royalty on 8 mining claim blocks located in Red Lake, Ontario which is carried on the consolidated statement of financial position at nil.

The company's registered office is 1 King Street West, Suite 1505, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 1A1.

The Company's common shares trade on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board (OTCBB) under the symbol EFRDF.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the realization of assets and the payment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Company plans to obtain additional financing by way of debt or the issuance of common shares or some other means to service its current working capital requirements, any additional or unforeseen obligations or to implement any future opportunities. Should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, it may be unable to realize the carrying value of its assets and to meet its liabilities as they become due. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments for this uncertainty.

The Company has accumulated significant losses and negative cash flows from operations in recent years which raise doubt as to the validity of the going concern assumption. At February 28, 2014, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$5,025,370 (August 31, 2013: \$4,985,312) and an accumulated deficit of \$9,726,322 (August 31, 2013: \$9,212,561). The Company does not have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities for the ensuing twelve months as they fall due. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The Company's ability to continue operations and fund its liabilities is dependent on its ability to secure additional financing and cash flow. During the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company entered into a Joint Development Agreement on the Matthews Lease and received cash of \$162,530, and the payment of certain obligations under the Matthews Lease. During the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company issued 6,519,043 common shares upon the exercise of 6,519,043 purchase warrants at \$0.04 for settlement of cash advances of \$228,167. During the year ended August 31, 2013 the Company extinguished \$544,239 of debt through the issuance of share capital and raised net proceeds of \$405,650 through the issuance of share capital. Management is pursuing such additional sources of financing and cash flow to fund its operations and while it has been successful in doing so in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future. Management is aware, in making its assessment, of material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, they do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities and commitments in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

2. Basis of Preparation

Statement of Compliance

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These consolidated financial statements of the Company were approved by the Board of Directors on April 8, 2014.

Basis of Preparation

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") which is incorporated in the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada ("CPA Canada") Handbook-Accounting.

The accounting policies applied in these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS effective for the period ended February 28, 2014, as issued and outstanding as of the date the Board of Directors approved the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Principles of Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that currently are exercisable are taken into account. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Eagleford, the legal parent, together with its wholly-owned subsidiaries, 1354166 Alberta Ltd. an Alberta operating company ("1354166 Alberta"), Dyami Energy LLC a Texas limited liability company ("Dyami Energy") and Eagleford Energy, Zavala Inc. a Nevada company ("Zavala Inc.") effective August 29, 2013. All Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those described in our consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2013. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting (IAS 34). Accordingly, certain information and disclosure normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Reporting Standards have been omitted or condensed. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2013.

4 (a) Recent Adopted Accounting Standards

IFRS 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements" replaces the consolidation requirements of SIC-12 Consolidation Special Purpose Entities and IAS 27 "Consolidated Separate Financial Statements". It introduces a new principle-based definition of control, applicable to all investees to determine the scope of consolidation. The standard provides the framework for consolidated financial statements and their preparation based on the principle of control. This new standard is effective for the Company's Interim and Consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" which replaces IAS 31, "Interests in Joint Ventures". IFRS 11 divides joint arrangements into two types, each having its own accounting model. A "joint operation" continues to be accounted for using proportionate consolidation, whereas a "joint venture" must be accounted for using equity accounting. This differs from IAS 31, where there was the choice to use proportionate consolidation or equity accounting for joint ventures. A "joint operation" is defined as the joint operators having rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. In a "joint venture", the joint venture entity. This new standard is effective for the Company's Interim and Consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities" is a new standard, which combines all of the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements, as well as unconsolidated structured entities. This new standard is effective for the Company's Interim and Consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" replaces the fair value guidance contained in individual IFRS with a single source of fair value measurement guidance. The standard also requires disclosures which enable users to assess the methods and inputs used to develop fair value measurements. This new standard is effective for the Company's Interim and Consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" was amended by the IASB in order to align the presentation of items in comprehensive income with US GAAP. Items in other comprehensive income will be required to be presented in two categories: items that will be reclassified into profit or loss and those that will not be reclassified. The flexibility to present a statement of comprehensive income remains unchanged. The amendments to IAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012. This new standard is effective for the Company's Interim and Consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IAS 27 "Separate Financial Statements". In May 2011, the IASB amended IAS 27, Separate Financial Statements ("IAS 27"). This amendment removes the requirements for consolidated statements from IAS 27, and moves it over to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements". The amendment mandates that when a company prepares separate financial statements, investment in subsidiaries, associates, and jointly controlled entities are to be accounted for using either the cost method or in accordance with IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". In addition, this amendment determines the treatment for recognizing dividends, the treatment of certain group reorganizations, and some disclosure requirements. This amendment is effective for the Company's interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

EAGLEFORD Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 (Expressed In Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures". In May 2011, the IASB amended IAS 28, investments in Associates and Joint Ventures ("IAS 28"). This amendment requires any retained portion of an investment in an associate or joint venture that has not been classified as held for sale to be measured using the equity method until disposal. After disposal, if the retained interest continues to be an associate or joint venture, the amendment requires for it to be continued to be accounted for under the equity method. The amendment also disallows the re measurement of any retained interest in an investment upon the cessation of significant influence or joint control. This amended standard is effective for the Company's interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2013. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 7, "Financial Instruments": Disclosures", which requires disclosure of both gross and net information about financial instruments eligible for offset in the statement of financial position and financial instruments subject to master netting agreements. Concurrent with the amendments to IFRS 7, the IASB also amended IAS 32, "Financial Instruments: Presentation" to clarify the exiting requirements for offsetting financial instruments in the statement of financial position. The amendments to IAS 32 are effective as of January 1, 2014. Adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

4 (b) Recent Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The following are new IFRS pronouncements that have been issued, although not yet effective and have not been early adopted, and may have an impact on the Company in the future as discussed below.

IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". In December 2011, the IASB issued an amendment to clarify the meaning of the offsetting criterion and the principle behind net settlement, including identifying when some gross settlement systems may be considered equivalent to net settlement. This amendment is effective for the Company's interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2014. Earlier application is permitted when applied with corresponding amendment to IFRS 7.

IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets". In May 2013, the IASB issued an amendment to address the disclosure of information about the recoverable amount of the impaired assets if that amount is based on fair value less costs of disposal. This amendment is effective for the Company's interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2014. The Company is assessing the impact of this amended standard on its consolidated financial statements.

IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". In June 2013, the IASB issued a narrow scope amendment to IAS 39. Under the amendment, there would be no need to discontinue hedge accounting if a hedging derivative was novated, provided that certain criteria are met. This amendment is effective for the Company's interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2014. The Company is assessing the impact of this amended standard on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRAC 21 "levies". Issued in May 2013, this interpretation provides guidance on when to recognize a liability for a levy imposed by a government, both for levies that are accounted for in accordance with IAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* and those where the timing and amount of the levy is certain. This is effective for the Company's interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2014. The Company is assessing the impact of this amended standard on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". In October 2010, the IASB issued IFRS 9, Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"). IFRS 9, which replaces IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, establishes principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and financial liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows. This new standard is effective for the Company's interim and annual consolidated financial statements commencing September 1, 2015. The Company is assessing the impact of this new standard on its consolidated financial statements.

5. Segmented Information

The Company's reportable and geographical segments are Canada and the United States. The accounting policies used for the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies.

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Company's executive officer monitors the tangible, intangible and financial assets attributable to each segment.

All assets are allocated to reportable segments. The following tables show information regarding the Company's reportable segments.

| February 28, 2014 | Tł | nree Months Ende | d | Six Months Ended | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|
| • | Canada | United States | Total | Canada | United States | Total | |
| Net revenue | \$9,754 | - | \$9,754 | \$23,357 | - | \$23,357 | |
| Net loss | \$327,890 | \$73,712 | \$401,602 | \$411,267 | \$102,494 | \$513,761 | |
| February 28, 2013 | Tł | ree Months Ende | d | ę | Six Months Ende | ed | |
| 2 | Canada | United States | Total | Canada | United States | Total | |
| Net revenue | \$9,787 | - | \$9,787 | \$19,685 | - | \$19,685 | |
| Net loss | \$361,219 | \$13,454 | \$374,673 | \$485,749 | \$105,855 | \$591,604 | |
| As at Febr | uary 28, 2014 | | Canada | United St | ates | Total | |
| Total Assets | - | | \$3,852,266 | 3,7 | 126,384 | \$6,978,650 | |
| Total Liabilities | | | \$6,180,013 | | 830,464 | \$7,010,477 | |
| As at Aug | just 31, 2013 | | Canada | United St | ates | Total | |
| Total Assets | | | \$3,914,928 | 3,0 | 003,268 | \$6,918,196 | |
| Total Liabilities | | | \$6,029,577 | - | 746,475 | \$6,776,052 | |

6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

| Cost | |
|---|-------------|
| Balance August 31, 2012 | \$8,475,487 |
| Additions | 404,818 |
| Change in decommissioning obligation estimates | (9,268) |
| Impairment | (2,690,568) |
| Foreign exchange | 354,809 |
| Balance August 31, 2013 | \$6,535,278 |
| Additions | 124,989 |
| Change in decommissioning obligation estimates | 5,775 |
| Disposal on Matthews Lease JDA | (162,350) |
| Prepaid royalty under Matthews Lease JDA | (166,125) |
| Disposal of decommissioning obligations, Matthews Lease JDA | (26,426) |
| Foreign exchange | 138,663 |
| Balance February 28, 2014 | \$6,449,804 |

The Company's exploration and evaluation assets are located in Texas, USA. As at February 28, 2014 no impairment was recorded (year ended August 31, 2013 the Company recorded an impairment of \$2,690,568 on its Murphy Lease, Zavala County, Texas based on the amount for which management believes the assets could be sold or farmed out in an arms' length transaction, less estimated costs to sell). Included in the above additions for the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company capitalized borrowing costs interest of \$118,845 to exploration and evaluation assets (year ended August 31, 2013: \$240,092).

Matthews Lease, Zavala County, Texas, USA

During the year ended August 31, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with the lessors of the Matthews Property, OGR Energy Corporation ("OGR Energy") and Texas Onshore Energy, Inc. ("Texas Onshore"). A new lease was signed with the Company's subsidiary, Zavala Inc. effective September 1, 2013 (the "New Matthews Lease").

The New Matthews Lease has a primary term expiring January 31, 2014 (the "Primary Term") (subject to certain extensions) and can be maintained through the provision of certain royalty payments and the implementation of a continuous drilling program as follows.

- A) On August 28, 2013, the Company has agreed to a minimum annual royalty of \$323.30 per acre retained on the Matthews Property to the Lessors payable as follows:
 - (1) US\$150,000 upon execution of the Lease (paid); and
 - (2) US\$150,000 by the earliest of the following to occur:
 - (a) on or before 95 days from the Effective Date of the Lease (paid); or
 - (b) immediately prior to commencing a new operation under the terms of the Lease.
- B) US\$60,000 to Lessors upon commencement of the first new operation (paid).

- C) The Company has two (2) separate options to extend the Primary Term of the Matthews Lease. If the Company elects to extend the Primary Term of the Matthews Lease through February 28, 2014 (the "First Extension") the Company shall provide written notice and tender an additional pre-payment of royalties to Lessors in the amount of US\$30,000 on or before January 26, 2013 (paid). If, after the First Extension has been exercised by the Company, and the Company elects to extend the Primary Term of the Matthews Lease through March 31, 2014 (the "Second Extension"), the Company shall provide written notice and tender an additional pre-payment of royalties to Lessors in the amount of US\$30,000 on or before February 23, 2014.
- D) Prior to the expiration of the Primary Term, the Company shall perform a new operation satisfied by either drilling a new well to a targeted depth deemed capable of production or the hydraulic fracturing of the existing Matthews #1H well (the "New Operation").
- E) Beginning in the second lease year and continuing thereafter for each succeeding lease year drill at least 2 wells per year before the expiration of each lease year.

Upon the Company satisfying the New Operation, OGR Corporation and Texas Onshore will assign their working interests to Zavala Inc. and Zavala Inc's interest will increase to a 100% working interest in the Matthews Property. The royalties payable under the Matthews Lease are 25%.

On December 3, 2013, (as amended January 14, 2014) the Company entered into an agreement with Stratex Oil and Gas Holdings, Inc. ("Stratex") to develop the Matthews Lease in Zavala County, Texas (the "Joint Development Agreement"). Under the terms of the Joint Development Agreement ("JDA"), upon the payment of the consideration described in 1, 2 and 3 below Stratex will earn and the Company will assign a 50% working interest in the 2,629 acre Matthews Lease and upon commencing number 4 below Stratex will earn and the Company will convey a 66.67% working interest before payout (50% working interest after payout) in the Matthews #1 well.

- 1) delivering US\$150,000 to the lessors of the Matthews (paid);
- 2) delivering US\$50,000 to the Company upon execution of the JDA (paid);
- 3) delivering US\$100,000 to the Company on or before December 31, 2013 (paid); and
- 4) commencing a hydraulic fracture or the spudding of a new well no later than March 31, 2014.

Following completion of the above, Stratex will have a 66.67% working interest before payout (50% working interest after payout) in the Matthews #1H well and a 50% working interest in the 2,629 acre Matthews Lease. In February 2014, Stratex commenced a 15 stage hydraulic fracture on the Matthews #1H well.

Murphy Lease, Zavala County, Texas, USA

Dyami Energy holds a 100% working interest in a mineral lease comprising approximately 2,637 acres of land in Zavala County, Texas (the "Murphy Lease") subject to a 10% carried interest on the drilling costs from surface to base of the Austin Chalk formation, and a 3% carried interest on the drilling costs from the top of the Eagle Ford shale formation to basement on the first well drilled into a serpentine plug and for the first well drilled into a second serpentine plug, if discovered. Thereafter Dyami Energy's working interests range from 90% to 97%. The royalties payable under the Murphy Lease are 25%.

The Murphy Lease has a primary term expiring February 2, 2013 which has been extended to April 30, 2014. Dyami Energy is required to drill a well every six months in order to maintain the Murphy Lease. Three years after the cessation of continuous drilling, all rights below the deepest producing horizon in each unit then being held by production, shall be released and re-assigned to the lessor, unless the drilling of another well has been proposed on said unit, approved in writing by lessor, and timely commenced. Dyami Energy has not drilled a well or performed any operations on the Murphy Lease since August 2012.



Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 (Expressed In Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

7. Provisions

| | Decommissioning Provisions (Note a) | Other Provisions (Note b) | Total Provisions |
|----------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Balance, August 31, 2012 | \$114,755 | \$125,917 | \$240,672 |
| Accretion expense | 3,071 | - | 3,071 |
| Change in estimate | (5,104) | - | (5,104) |
| Additions | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 169,196 | 169,196 |
| Reductions | - | (125,917) | (125,917) |
| Foreign exchange | 7,020 | 9,357 | 16,377 |
| Balance, August 31, 2013 | 119,742 | 178,553 | 298,295 |
| Accretion expense | 1,639 | - | 1,639 |
| Change in estimate | 5,775 | - | 5,775 |
| Disposals | (26,426) | - | (26,426) |
| Reductions | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (169,196) | (169,196) |
| Foreign exchange | 3,737 | (9,357) | (5,620) |
| Balance, February 28, 2014 | \$104,467 | \$- | \$104,467 |

a) Decommissioning Obligations

The Company's decommissioning obligations result from its ownership interests in petroleum and natural gas assets including well sites, gathering systems and processing facilities. The total decommissioning obligation is estimated based on the Company's net ownership interest in all wells and facilities, estimated costs to reclaim and abandon these wells and facilities, and the estimated timing of the costs to be incurred in future years. The Company has estimated the net present value of decommissioning obligations to be \$104,467 at February 28, 2014 (August 31, 2013 \$119,742) based on an undiscounted total future liability of \$142,052 (August 31, 2013 \$166,578). These payments are expected to be incurred between 2015 and 2031. The discount factor, being the risk free rate related to the liability is 2.96% (August 31, 2013: 3.09%). The above amount has been classified as long term.

b) Other Provisions

In February 2013, a vendor of Dyami Energy applied a lien on the Murphy #4 well and filed a claim in the District Court of Zavala County, Texas (Case No. 13-02-12941-ZCV) seeking payment of US\$169,196 for services. Dyami Energy was disputing the amount on the basis of negligence by the vendor. On January 28, 2014 the vendor received a summary judgment against Dyami Energy in the amount of \$169,196 plus interest at a rate of 18% per annum from September 17, 2012 until paid and legal fees of \$21,178 plus interest at a rate of 5% per annum from the date of judgment until paid. The full amount of the provision has been recorded and the legal fees together with interest of \$45,150 at February 28, 2014 were expensed as incurred. The provision, legal fees and interest have been transferred to trade and other payables.

In May 2012 a vendor of Dyami Energy filed a claim in the District Court of Harris County, Texas seeking payment of US\$64,866. Dyami Energy was disputing the amount charged due to faulty equipment. The full amount of the provision which was accrued in the prior year 2012 was reversed in 2013 as the vendor is no longer in good standing as a Texas corporation and the vendor's attorney filed in the District Court of Harris County, Texas a motion to withdraw as counsel.

In December 2011, a vendor of Dyami Energy filed a claim in the District Court of Harris County, Texas (Case No. 2011-74035/Court: 113) seeking payment of US\$62,800. Dyami Energy disputed the claim on the basis of excessive charges. In December 2013 an agreed final judgment in favour of the vendor was entered into court in the amount of \$42,803 and post judgment interest at 5% per annum until paid in full. The provision has been transferred to trade and other payables and interest of US \$1,054 at February 28, 2014 was expensed as incurred.

8. Share Capital and Reserves

8 (a) Share Capital

On March 16, 2012, the Company completed a 2-for-1 stock split, pursuant to which one (1) newly-issued share of the Company's common stock was issued to each holder of a share of common stock as of the close of business. The forward stock split has been applied retrospectively for all periods presented.

Authorized:

Unlimited number of common shares at no par value Unlimited non-participating, non-dividend paying, voting redeemable preference shares

Issued:

The following table sets out the changes in common shares during the respective periods:

| Number* | Amount |
|-------------|---|
| 96,707,667 | \$5,906,633 |
| 2,249,790 | 197,214 |
| 23,662,569 | 946,503 |
| 122,620,026 | 7,050,350 |
| 6,519,043 | 306,405 |
| 129,139,069 | \$7,356,755 |
| | 96,707,667 2,249,790 23,662,569 122,620,026 6,519,043 |

* Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

8 (b) Share Purchase Warrants

The following table sets out the changes in warrants during the respective periods:

| | February | / 28, 2014 | August 31, 2013 | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Warrants | Number of Warrants* | Weighted Average Price* | Number of Warrants* | Weighted Average Price* | |
| Outstanding, beginning of period | 40,200,948 | \$0.04 | 40,200,948 | \$0.04 | |
| Warrants exercised (Note c) | (6,519,043) | \$0.04 | | | |
| Warrants expired (Note d) | (14,531,905) | \$0.04 | | | |
| Balance, end of period | 19,150,000 | \$0.04 | 40,200,948 | \$0.04 | |

* Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

(a) On September 25, 2012, the Company completed private placements for gross proceeds of \$441,004 of equity capital from arm's length private placement funding through the issuance of 2,249,790 units at a price of US\$0.20 per unit. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one-half a common share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at US\$0.50 for a period of three years from the date of issuance. The amount allocated to derivative warrant liabilities for warrants based on fair value using the Black Scholes model was \$163,541 (retranslated as \$176,087 at August 31, 2013). In connection with the private placement, the Company paid cash commissions and other expenses of \$35,354 and issued an aggregate of 179,983 broker warrants. Each broker warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price of US\$0.25 for a period of three years from the date of issuance. The amount allocated to derivative warrant and exercise price of US\$0.25 for a period of three years from the date of issuance. The amount allocated to derivative warrant liabilities based on fair value using the Black Scholes warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price of US\$0.25 for a period of three years from the date of issuance. The amount allocated to derivative warrant liabilities based on fair value using the Black Scholes model was \$44,895 (retranslated as \$48,340 at August 31, 2013) with a corresponding decrease in common shares (see Note 11).

(b) On June 1, 2013, the Company issued 23,662,569 common shares as full settlement of shareholders' loans in the amount of \$198,333 and interest due on shareholders' loans in the amount of \$345,906. The amount allocated to common shares based on fair value was \$946,503 and \$402,264 was recorded as a loss on settlement of debt in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss.

(c) Effective February 27, 2014, 6,519,043 common share purchase warrants were exercised at \$0.04 expiring February 27, 2014 for settlement of cash advances of \$228,167. The amount allocated to warrants based on relative fair value using the Black Scholes model was \$78,238 (see Note 9).

(d) On February 5, 2014, 2,000,000 common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.04 expired. The amount allocated to warrants based on relative fair value using the Black Scholes model was \$24,000 with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. On February 25, 2014 800,512 common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.04 expired. The amount allocated to warrants based on relative fair value using the Black Scholes model was \$9,606 with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. On February 27, 2014 11,731,393 common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.04 expired. The expired. The amount allocated to warrants based on relative fair value using the Black Scholes model was \$9,606 with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. On February 27, 2014 11,731,393 common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.04 expired. The amount allocated to warrants based on relative fair value using the Black Scholes model was \$140,793 with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus.

| Number of Warrants* | Exercise Price* | Expiry Date | Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years) | Warrant Value (\$) |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 6,000,000 | \$0.05 | January 24, 2015 | 0.90 | \$507,038 |
| 11,150,000 | \$0.05 | February 17, 2015 | 0.97 | 595,310 |
| 2,000,000 | \$0.05 | February 17, 2015 | 0.97 | 67,541 |
| 19,150,000 | \$0.05 | • | 0.95 | \$1,169,889 |

The following table summarizes the outstanding warrants as at February 28, 2014:

* Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

The following table summarizes the outstanding warrants as at August 31, 2013:

| Number of Warrants* | Exercise Price* | Expiry Date | Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years) | Varrant alue (\$) |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------|
| 2,000,000 | \$0.04 | February 5, 2014 | 0.43 | \$ 24,000 |
| 800,512 | \$0.04 | February 25, 2014 | 0.49 | 9,606 |
| 18,250,436 | \$0.04 | February 27, 2014 | 0.49 | 219,031 |
| 6,000,000 | \$0.05 | January 24, 2015 | 1.40 | 507,038 |
| 11,150,000 | \$0.05 | February 17, 2015 | 1.47 | 595,310 |
| 2,000,000 | \$0.05 | February 17, 2015 | 1.47 | 67,541 |
| 40,200,948 | \$0.04 | | 0.94 | \$ 1,422,526 |

* Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

8 (c) Weighted Average Shares Outstanding

The following table summarizes the weighted average shares outstanding:

| Three Months Ended Six Months February 28, February | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | | |
| 124,127,337 | 98,957,457 | 122,694,037 | 98,659,142 |
| | Februa 2014 | February 28, 2014 2013 | February 28,February201420132014 |

Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

The effects of any potential dilutive instruments on loss per share are anti-dilutive and therefore have been excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share.

8 (d) **Share Purchase Options**

The Company has a stock option plan to provide incentives for directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The maximum number of shares, which may be set aside for issuance under the stock option plan, is 20% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company on a rolling basis.

The following table is a summary of the status of the Company's stock options and changes during the period:

| | Number of Options* | Weighted Average Exercise Price |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Balance, August 31, 2012 and 2013 | 1,050,000 | \$0.16 |
| Granted | - | - |
| Balance, February 28, 2014 | 1,050,000 | \$0.16 |
| * Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split | | |

Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

| Options Outstanding | | | | | Options Exercisable | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|----|--------------------------|
| | ercise Price | Number of Options* | | ed Average cise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years) | Number of Options* | | ed Average cise Price |
| \$ | 0.16 | 1,000,000 | \$ | 0.16 | 3.00 | 1,000,000 | \$ | 0.16 |
| \$ | 0.25 | 50,000 | \$ | 0.25 | 0.67 | 50,000 | \$ | 0.25 |
| | | 1,050,000 | \$ | 0.16 | 2.89 | 1,050,000 | \$ | 0.16 |

The following table is a summary of the Company's stock options outstanding and exercisable at February 28, 2014:

* Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

The following table is a summary of the Company's stock options outstanding and exercisable at August 31, 2013:

| Options Outstanding | | | | Options | s Exerci | sable | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| ercise Price | Number of Options* | | ted Average cise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years) | Number of Options* | | ited Average rcise Price |
| \$ 0.16 | 1,000,000 | \$ | 0.16 | 3.50 | 1,000,000 | \$ | 0.16 |
| \$ 0.25 | 50,000 | \$ | 0.25 | 3.90 | 50,000 | \$ | 0.25 |
| | 1,050,000 | \$ | 0.16 | 3.52 | 1,050,000 | \$ | 0.16 |

* Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

8 (e) Contributed Surplus

Contributed surplus transactions for the respective periods are as follows:

| | Amount |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Balance, August 31, 2012 and 2013 | \$506,200 |
| Warrants expired | 174,399 |
| Balance, February 28, 2014 | \$680,599 |

9. Related Party Transactions and Balances

The following transactions with individuals related to the Company arose in the normal course of business have been accounted for at the exchange amount being the amount agreed to by the related parties, which approximates the arm's length equivalent value.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the periods set out were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended February 28, | | Six Months Ended February 28, | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Short term employee benefits (1) | \$18,750 | \$ 18,750 | \$37,500 | \$37,500 |

The following balances owing to the President of the Company are included in trade and other payables and are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand:

| | February 28, 2014 | August 31, 2013 |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|
| Short term employee benefits (1) | \$243,750 | \$206,250 |
| Expenses paid on behalf of the Company | - | 1,747 |
| | \$243,750 | \$207,997 |

(1) The Company accrues management fees for the President of the Company at a rate of \$6,250 per month.

At February 28, 2014 the amount of directors' fees included in trade and other payables was \$18,000 (August 31, 2013: \$16,100).

EAGLEFORD Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 (Expressed In Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

At February 28, 2014 the Company had a promissory note payable to the President of US \$125,000 (August 31: \$28,845 and US\$300,000). For the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company recorded interest of \$17,527 (February 28, 2013: \$17,281). At February 28, 2014 included in trade and other payables is interest of \$86,687 (August 31, 2013: \$65,826). The notes are due on demand and bear interest at 10% per annum. Interest is payable annually on the anniversary date of the notes. Effective February 27, 2014, 6,519,043 common share purchase warrants were exercised by the President at \$0.04 expiring February 27, 2014 for settlement of cash advances of \$228,167 (see Note 8 (b) (c)).

At February 28, 2014 and August 31, 2013 the Company had a US\$960,000, 10% per annum secured promissory note payable to Benchmark Enterprises LLC ("Benchmark"). Benchmark is a shareholder of the Company. For the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company recorded interest of \$51,584 (February 28, 2013: \$48,288). At February 28, 2014 included in trade and other payables is interest of \$230,117 (August 31, 2013: \$169,033) (see Note 10).

At February 28, 2014 included in trade and other payables is \$3,943 due to Gottbetter & Partners LLP for legal fees (August 31, 2013 \$3,509). During the year ended August 31, 2013 the Company completed private placements of 2,249,790 units in the capital of the Company for gross proceeds of \$441,004 and paid to Gottbetter Capital Markets, LLC, placement agent fees of \$35,280 and issued 179,983 common share purchase warrants exercisable at US\$0.25 for a period of three years from the date of issue. Gottbetter Capital Group, Inc. is a shareholder of the Company. Adam Gottbetter is the managing and principal partner of Gottbetter & Partners LLP, and the beneficial owner of Gottbetter Capital Group, Inc., and Gottbetter Capital Markets, LLC.

At February 28, 2014 and August 31, 2013, the Company had shareholders' loans payable of US\$1,433,500 and \$250,000. For the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company recorded interest of \$89,348 (February 28, 2013: \$52,083). At February 28, 2014, included in trade and other payables, is interest of \$137,367 (August 31, 2013: \$47,037). The notes are payable on demand and bear interest at 10% per annum. Interest is payable annually on the anniversary date of the notes. During the year ended August 31, 2013, the Company issued 23,662,569 common shares as full settlement of shareholders' loans in the amount of \$198,333 and interest due on shareholders' loans in the amount of \$345,906.

10. Secured Note Payable

At February 28, 2014 and August 31, 2013 the Company had a US\$960,000, 10% per annum secured promissory note payable to Benchmark Enterprises LLC. The note and all unpaid and accrued interest was due on or before August 31, 2013, or within 15 days of written demand to the Company, or upon the Company closing a cash financing or series of cash financings in excess of US\$2,500,000 in which case fifty cents of every one dollar exceeding US\$2,500,000 will be allocated to the secured note until paid in full. A lien has been placed on the Murphy #4 well by a judgment debtor of Dyami Energy. The Murphy #4 well which is located on the Murphy Lease is included as part of the security for the note. Under the terms of the note the Company shall not permit to exist any liens on the assets comprising the underlying security for the note. As of the date of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company has not paid any principle of the note and has not received written demand for payment. For the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company recorded interest of \$51,584 (February 28, 2013: \$48,288). At February 28, 2014 included in trade and other payables is interest of \$230,117 (August 31, 2013: \$169,033). The note is secured by the interests held by any of the Company's subsidiaries in the Matthews Lease and Murphy Lease in Zavala County, Texas (the "Leases"). The carrying value of their interests in the Leases at February 28, 2014 was \$2,794,135 (August 31, 2013: \$2,829,830). The Company may, in its sole discretion, prepay any portion of the principal amount.

11. Derivative Warrant Liabilities

The Company has warrants issued with an exercise price in US dollars which are different from the functional currency of the Company (Canadian Dollars) and accordingly the warrants are treated as a financial liability and the fair value movement during the period is recognized in the profit or loss.

The following tables sets out the changes in derivative warrant liabilities during the respective periods:

| | Number of Warrants* | Fair Value Assigned \$ | Average Exercise Price US \$ |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| As at August 31, 2012 | 7,842,732 | 1,640,406 | 0.47 |
| Warrants issued | 1,124,895 | 163,541 | 0.50 |
| Broker warrants issued | 179,983 | 44,895 | 0.25 |
| Change in fair value estimates | - | 128,041 | - |
| As at August 31, 2013 | 9,147,610 | 1,976,883 | \$0.50 |
| Change in fair value estimates | - | 97,786 | - |
| As at February 28, 2014 | 9,147,610 | 2,074,669 | \$0.50 |

* Reflects the March 16, 2012 two-for-one stock split

EAGLEFORD Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 (Expressed In Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

On September 25, 2012 the Company issued 1,124,895 common share purchase warrants exercisable at US\$0.50 and 179,983 common share purchase broker warrants exercisable at US\$0.25 expiring September 25, 2015. The fair value measured using the Black Scholes valuation model was \$163,541 and \$45,895, respectively.

| Number of Warrants | Exercise Price US (\$) | Expiry Date | Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years) | Fair Value CDN (\$) |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|
| 1,709,232 | \$0.50 | August 31, 2014* | 0.50 | \$722,875 |
| 1,875,000 | \$0.50 | April 13, 2015 | 1.12 | 372,778 |
| 300,000 | \$0.25 | April 13, 2015 | 1.12 | 101,408 |
| 912,500 | \$0.50 | July 20, 2015 | 1.39 | 136,097 |
| 146,000 | \$0.25 | July 20, 2015 | 1.39 | 36,633 |
| 2,500,000 | \$0.50 | August 7, 2015 | 1.44 | 373,278 |
| 400,000 | \$0.25 | August 7, 2015 | 1.44 | 96,070 |
| 1,124,895 | \$0.50 | September 25, 2015 | 1.57 | 184,799 |
| 179,983 | \$0.25 | September 25, 2015 | 1.57 | 50,731 |
| 9,147,610 | | • | 1.20 | 2,074,669 |

The following tables set out the number of derivative warrant liabilities outstanding at February 28, 2014:

*Current

The following tables set out the number of derivative warrant liabilities outstanding at August 31, 2013:

| Number of Warrants | Exercise Price US (\$) | Expiry Date | Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years) | Fair Value CDN (\$) |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|
| 1,709,232 | \$0.50 | August 31, 2014* | 1.00 | \$688,803 |
| 1,875,000 | \$0.50 | April 13, 2015 | 1.62 | 355,208 |
| 300,000 | \$0.25 | April 13, 2015 | 1.62 | 96,629 |
| 912,500 | \$0.50 | July 20, 2015 | 1.88 | 129,683 |
| 146,000 | \$0.25 | July 20, 2015 | 1.88 | 34,906 |
| 2,500,000 | \$0.50 | August 7, 2015 | 1.93 | 355,685 |
| 400,000 | \$0.25 | August 7, 2015 | 1.93 | 91,542 |
| 1,124,895 | \$0.50 | September 25, 2015 | 2.07 | 176,087 |
| 179,983 | \$0.25 | September 25, 2015 | 2.07 | 48,340 |
| 9,147,610 | | | 1.70 | 1,976,883 |

*Current

The fair value of the warrants issued during the year ended August 31, 2013 were estimated using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions:

| Black-Scholes Assumptions used | 2013 |
|--------------------------------|------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 1.5% |
| Expected volatility | 217% |
| Expected life (years) | 3 |
| Dividend yield | - |

12. Financial Instruments and Concentration of Risks

The Company has classified its financial instruments as follows:

| Financial Instrument | Category | Measurement method | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Cash | Fair value through profit or loss | Fair value | |
| Derivative warrant liabilities | Fair value through profit or loss | Fair value | |
| Trade and other receivables | Loans and receivables | Amortized cost | |
| Trade and other payables | Other financial liabilities | Amortized cost | |
| Provisions | Other financial liabilities | Amortized cost | |
| Secured note payable and shareholders' loans | Other financial liabilities | Amortized cost | |

The types of risk exposure and the ways in which such exposures are managed are as follows:

Credit Risk

Credit risk is primarily related to the Company's receivables from joint venture partners and the risk of financial loss if a partner or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Receivables from joint venture partners are normally collected within one to three months of the joint venture bill being issued to the partner. The Company historically has not experienced any collection issues with its joint venture partners to date. The Company attempts to mitigate the risk from joint venture receivables by obtaining partner approval of significant capital expenditures prior to expenditure. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts as determined by management based on their assessed collectability; therefore, the carrying amount of trade and other receivables generally represents the maximum credit exposure. The Company believes that its counterparties currently have the financial capacity to settle outstanding obligations in the normal course of business.

Concentration risks exist in cash because significant balances are maintained with one financial institution. The risk is mitigated because the financial institution is an international bank.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is as follows:

| | February 28, 2014 | August 31, 2013 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Cash | \$154,112 | \$196,837 |
| Trade and other receivables | 42,484 | 27,786 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits | 332,250 | 158,295 |
| Balance | \$528,845 | \$382,918 |

Liquidity Risk

The Company monitors its liquidity position regularly to assess whether it has the funds necessary to fulfill planned exploration commitments on its oil and gas properties or that viable options are available to fund such commitments from new equity issuances or alternative sources such as farm-out agreements. However, as an exploration company at an early stage of development and without significant internally generated cash flow, there are inherent liquidity risks, including the possibility that additional financing may not be available to the Company, or that actual exploration expenditures may exceed those planned. The current uncertainty in global markets could have an impact on the Company's future ability to access capital on terms that are acceptable to the Company. The Company has so far been able to raise the required financing to meet its obligations however, there can be no assurance that it will continue to do so in the future.

The following table illustrates the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

| February 28, 2014 | | Pa | yments Due b | y Period | |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|---------|
| | | Less than | | | After |
| | Total | 1 year | 1-3 years | 4-5 years | 5 years |
| Trade and others payables | \$1,792,103 | \$1,792,103 | - | - | - |
| Secured note payable (1) | 1,063,200 | 1,063,200 | - | - | - |
| Shareholders' loans (1) | 1,976,038 | 1,976,038 | - | - | - |
| Total | \$4,831,341 | \$4,831,341 | - | - | - |
| August 31, 2013 | | Pa | yments Due b | y Period | |
| | | Less than | | | After |
| | Total | 1 year | 1-3 years | 4-5 years | 5 years |
| Trade and others payables | \$1,379,581 | \$1,379,581 | - | - | - |
| Secured note payable (1) | 1,013,088 | 1,013,088 | - | - | - |
| Shareholders' loans (1) | 2,108,205 | 2,108,205 | - | - | - |
| | 2,100,200 | 2,100,200 | | | |

(1) Translated at current exchange rate.

Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows due to adverse changes in financial market prices, including interest rate risk, foreign currency exchange rate risk, commodity price risk, and other relevant market or price risks. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments or derivative commodity instruments to mitigate this risk.

The oil and gas industry is exposed to a variety of risks including the uncertainty of finding and recovering new economic reserves, the performance of hydrocarbon reservoirs, securing markets for production, commodity prices, interest rate fluctuations, potential damage to or malfunction of equipment and changes to income tax, royalty, environmental or other governmental regulations.

EAGLEFORD ENERGY INC Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 (Expressed In Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

Market events and conditions in recent years including disruptions in the international credit markets and other financial systems and the deterioration of global economic conditions have caused significant volatility to commodity prices. These conditions caused a loss of confidence in the broader U.S. and global credit and financial markets. Notwithstanding various actions by governments, concerns about the general condition of the capital markets, financial instruments, banks, investment banks, insurers and other financial institutions caused the broader credit markets to further deteriorate and stock markets to decline. These factors have negatively impacted company valuations and may impact the performance of the global economy going forward. Although economic conditions improved towards the later portion of 2009, the recovery has been slow in various jurisdictions including in Europe and the United States and has been impacted by various ongoing factors including sovereign debt levels and high levels of unemployment which continue to impact commodity prices and to result in volatility in the stock market.

The Company mitigates these risks by:

- utilizing competent, professional consultants as support to company staff.
- performing geophysical, geological or engineering analyses of prospects.
- focusing on a limited number of core properties.

(i) Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Commodity prices for petroleum and natural gas are impacted by world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand.

The Company believes that movement in commodity prices that are reasonably possible over the next twelve month period will not have a significant impact on the Company.

Commodity Price Sensitivity

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of the Company's risk management position for the period ended February 28, 2014 and 2013 to fluctuations in natural gas prices, with all other variables held constant. When assessing the potential impact of these price changes, the Company believes that 10 percent volatility is a reasonable measure. Fluctuations in natural gas prices potentially could have resulted in unrealized gains (losses) impacting net income as follows:

| | 2014 | | 2013 | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Increase 10% | Decrease 10% | Increase 10% | Decrease 10% | |
| Net revenue | \$26,283 | \$20,431 | \$22,231 | \$17,139 | |
| Net loss | \$510,835 | \$516,687 | \$589,078 | \$594,130 | |

(ii) Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to the fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The prices received by the Company for the production of natural gas and natural gas liquids are primarily determined in reference to United States dollars but are settled with the Company in Canadian dollars. The Company's cash flow for commodity sales will therefore be impacted by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

The Company operates in Canada and a portion of its expenses are incurred in U.S. dollars. A significant change in the currency exchange rates between the Canadian dollar relative to US dollar could have an effect on the Company's financial instruments. The Company does not hedge its foreign currency exposure. The following assets and liabilities are denominated in US dollars at February 28, 2014 and 2013:

| Financial Instruments | February 28, 2014 | February 28, 2013 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$122,303 | \$442,141 |
| Trade and other receivables | - | 14,349 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits | 300,000 | - |
| Exploration and evaluation assets | 3,293,776 | 5,231,313 |
| Trade and other payables | (1,177,525) | (935,421) |
| Derivative warrant liabilities | (1,873,290) | (1,905,130) |
| Provisions | (86,400) | (332,665) |
| Shareholders' loans | (1,558,500) | (1,883,740) |
| Secured notes payable | (960,000) | (960,000) |
| Net assets denominated in US\$ | \$(1,939,636) | \$(329,153) |
| Net asset CDN dollar equivalent at period end ⁽¹⁾ | \$(2,148,147) | \$(338,534) |

(1) Translated at the exchange rate in effect at February 28, 2014 \$1.1075 (February 28, 2013: \$1.0285)

The following table shows the estimated sensitivity of the Company's total comprehensive loss for the periods set out from a change in the U.S dollar exchange rate in which the Company has exposure with all other variables held constant:

| | February 28, 2014 | | February 28, 2013 | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|--|----------|--|
| | Increase | Increase Decrease | | Decrease | |
| Percentage change in US Dollar | In total comprehensive loss from a change in % in the US Exchange Rate (\$) | | In total comprehensive in % in the US Exc | | |
| 2% | (47,582) | 47,582 | (6,964) | 6,964 | |
| 4% | (95,163) | 95,163 | (13,927) | 13,927 | |
| 6% | (142,745) | 142,745 | (20,891) | 20,891 | |
| 8% | (190,326) | 190,326 | (27,855) | 27,855 | |
| 10% | (237,908) | 237,908 | (34,818) | 34,818 | |

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The majority of the Company's debt is short-term in nature with fixed rates.

Based on management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Company believes that the movements in interest rates that are reasonably possible over the next twelve month period will not have a significant impact on the Company.

(iv) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments included on the consolidated statement of financial position as at February 28, 2014 and August 31, 2013 are comprised of cash, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, secured note payable, shareholders' loans, provisions, and derivative warrant liabilities.

The Company classifies the fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value according to the following hierarchy based on the amount of observable inputs used to value the instrument.

• Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

• Level 2 – Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1. Prices in Level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations are based on inputs, including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the marketplace.

• Level 3 – Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

| | February 28, 2014 | | August 31, 2013 | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|
| Financial Instrument | Carrying | Carrying | Carrying | Fair |
| Classification | Value \$ | Value \$ | Value \$ | Value \$ |
| Fair value through profit or loss: | | | | |
| Cash | 154,112 | 154,112 | 196,837 | 196,837 |
| Derivative warrant liabilities | 2,074,669 | 2,074,669 | 1,976,883 | 1,976,883 |
| Loans and receivables: | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | 42,484 | 42,484 | 27,786 | 27,786 |
| Other financial liabilities: | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 1,792,103 | 1,792,103 | 1,379,581 | 1,379,581 |
| Secured note payable | 1,063,200 | 1,063,200 | 1,013,088 | 1,013,088 |
| Shareholders' loans | 1,976,038 | 1,976,038 | 2,108,205 | 2,108,205 |
| Provisions | 104,467 | 104,467 | 298,295 | 298,295 |

Cash and derivative warrant liabilities are stated at fair value (Level 1 measurement). The carrying value of trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, secured note payable, shareholders' loans and provisions approximate their fair value due to the short-term maturity of these financial instruments (Level 3 measurement).

Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to ensure the Company will have sufficient financial capacity, liquidity and flexibility to funds its operations, growth and ongoing exploration and development commitments on its oil and gas interests. The Company is dependent on funding these activities through debt and equity financings. Due to long lead cycles of the Company's exploration activities, the Company's capital requirements currently exceed its operational cash flow generated. As such the Company is dependent upon future financings in order to maintain its flexibility and liquidity and may from time to time be required to issue equity, issue debt, adjust capital spending or seek joint venture partners.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of any underlying assets in order to meet current and upcoming obligations. Current plans for the development commitments of the Company's Texas leases include debt or equity financing or seeking and obtaining a joint venture partner.

The board of directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management and favourable market conditions to sustain future development of the business.

As at February 28, 2014 and August 31, 2013 and the Company considered its capital structure to comprise of shareholders equity and long-term debt.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's capital management during the period ended February 28, 2014.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed restrictions on its capital requirements.

13. Supplemental cash flow information and Non-Cash Transactions

The following table summarizes the non-cash transactions for the periods set out:

| | Six Months Ended February 28, | | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------|--|
| Non-cash transactions | 2014 | 2013 | |
| Warrants expired | (174,399) | - | |
| Warrants exercised for settlement of cash advances | 228,167 | - | |
| Prepaid royalties on Matthews Lease JDA | (173,955) | - | |
| Disposal of decommissioning obligations under Matthews Lease JDA | 26,426 | - | |
| Broker warrants issued | - | \$56,512 | |

The following table summarizes the changes in non-cash working capital for the periods set out:

| | Six Months Ended February 28, | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| Changes in non-cash working capital | 2014 | 2013 |
| Trade and other receivables | \$(14,698) | \$(32,192) |
| Trade and other payables | 238,343 | 346,483 |
| Net change | \$223,645 | \$314,291 |

14. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has certain commitments on its Leases located in Zavala County, Texas, USA (see Note 6).

15. Comparative Figures

The comparative unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of shareholders' equity and the comparative unaudited interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at and for the three month period ended February 28, 2013 have been revised primarily to reflect revisions made to the assumptions used in the Black Scholes calculation of derivative warrant liabilities. The assumptions are now consistent with the assumptions used in the Black Scholes Scholes calculation of derivative warrant liabilities in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2013.

The effect of the changes is summarized as follows:

| | Six Months Ended February 28, 2013 As previously | |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| | filed \$ | As adjusted \$ |
| Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Share capital, August 31, 2012 | 5,906,633 | 5,906,633 |
| Private placement of units | 166,008 | 197,214 |
| Share capital, February 28, 2013 | 6,072,641 | 6,103,847 |

Also, certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation under IFRS.

16. Subsequent Event

Subsequent to the six months ended February 28, 2014 the Company filed a Certificate of Termination of a Domestic Entity for Dyami Energy LLC with the Secretary of State, Texas.