

VIKING GOLD EXPLORATION INC.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION AND MATERIAL ASSUMPTIONS

This report on results for the six months ended June 30, 2020 contains forward-looking information, including forward-looking information about Viking Gold Exploration Inc.'s (the "Company" or "Viking") operations, estimates, and exploration and acquisition spending.

Forward-looking information is generally signified by words such as "forecast", "projected", "expect", "anticipate", "believe", "will", "should" and similar expressions. This forward-looking information is based on assumptions that the Company believes were reasonable at the time such information was prepared, but assurance cannot be given that these assumptions will prove to be correct, and the forward-looking information in this report should not be unduly relied upon. The forward-looking information and the Company's assumptions are subject to uncertainties and risks and are based on a number of assumptions made by the Company, any of which may prove to be incorrect.

GENERAL

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2020 should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2020, which are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the IASB. This MD&A is effective August 24, 2020.

Additional information related to the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Viking was incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario, and on August 6, 2019 was continued into British Columbia. The Company is a reporting issuer in the provinces of Ontario, Newfoundland and Labrador, British Columbia and Alberta. The Company was under a Cease Trade Order that was filed December 8, 2015 for failure to file its financial statements. The Cease Trade Order was revoked on April 4, 2019. On May 14, 2020, Viking was reinstated for trading on the NEX board of the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V").

The address of the Company's corporate office and its principal place of business is 1680 – 200 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3L6. The Company's registered and records office is 400 – 725 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V7Y 1G5.

The Company is a junior mineral exploration company engaged in the business of acquiring, exploring and evaluating natural resource properties, with a focus on gold.

On August 15, 2019 and May 14, 2020, the Company performed two common share consolidations, each on the basis of one new share for ten old shares. All share and per share amounts have been revised to reflect the consolidations.

See **Events Subsequent to June 30, 2020**.

CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

The Company has a net income during the six months ended June 30, 2020 of \$306,689 (2019 - loss of \$48,867) (before the change in estimate of provision, the June 30, 2020 loss was \$94,944) and as at June 30, 2020 has a deficit of \$9,700,141 (December 31, 2019 - \$10,006,830), has limited resources, no sources of operating cash flow and no assurances that sufficient funding will be available to continue operations for an extended period of time. As at June 30, 2020, the Company also had a working capital deficiency of \$434,147 (December 31, 2019 - \$777,797). The Company is in the exploration stage, and accordingly, has not yet commenced revenue-producing operations. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

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In early March 2020, there was a global outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) that has resulted in changes in global supply and demand of certain mineral and energy products. These changes, including a potential economic downturn and any potential resulting direct and indirect negative impact to the Company cannot be determined, but they could have a prospective material impact to the Company's project exploration activities, cash flows and liquidity.

The Company's corporate offices were closed in March 2020 as a precaution. Safety protocols have been implemented, and the corporate offices have only re-opened in a limited capacity as of the date of this MD&A. The Company continues to monitor the situation. To date, the Company has not applied for any assistance related to COVID-19 from the provincial or federal governments.

The application of the going concern concept is dependent upon the Company's ability to satisfy its liabilities as they become due and to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of its mineral property interests, the attainment of profitable mining operations or the receipt of proceeds from the disposition of its mineral property interests. Management is actively engaged in the review and due diligence on opportunities of merit in the mining sector and is seeking to raise the necessary capital to meet its funding requirements. There can be no assurance that management's plan will be successful.

EXPLORATION PROJECTS

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company sold its 60% interest in Viking Yellowknife JV for \$70,000 and a conditional 250,000 shares of the purchasing company if the property was ever taken public, resulting in a gain of \$70,000. The Company retains a 0.6% net smelter return royalty ("NSR"), which the purchaser can buy back for \$1,000,000.

The Company currently holds a 100% interest in nine claims known as Verneuil East. The Company also has the following NSRs:

- a 0.5% NSR on the Verneuil West interests, one-half (0.25%) of which the purchaser can buy back for \$250,000; and
- a 0.35% NSR on the Verneuil Central interests, one-half (0.175%) of which the purchaser can buy back for \$175,000.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020

During the three months ended June 30, 2020, the Company reported a net loss of \$74,349 (2019 - \$31,620). The Company's net loss included expenditures as follows:

- Interest expense of \$11,299 (2019 - \$5,861) increased compared to the prior period as a result of the \$10,000 bonus interest payable resulting from the common shares of the Company being reinstated for trading;
- Office and miscellaneous of \$3,306 (2019 - \$1,083) increased due to increased activity;
- Professional fees of \$14,271 (2019 - \$5,687) increased as a result of increased legal fees related to increased corporate activity during the period;
- Rent of \$6,000 (2019 - \$nil) increased from the prior period, as office rent is now being paid by the Company;
- Shareholder communications and investor relations of \$nil (2019 - \$8,675) decreased due to the timing of expenses;
- Share-based payments of \$27,361 (2019 - \$nil) increased due to options granted in the current period, but not the prior period;
- Transfer agent and filing fees of \$12,112 (2019 - \$7,784) increased due to increased public listing activity during the period; and
- Change in unrealized loss on investments of \$nil (2019 - \$2,500) decreased, as the Company sold all investments during the 2019 fiscal year.

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Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company reported a net income of \$306,689 (2019 - loss of \$48,867). The Company's net income included expenditures as follows:

- Interest expense of \$17,313 (2019 - \$15,555) increased compared to the prior period as a result of the \$10,000 bonus interest payable resulting from the common shares of the Company being reinstated for trading;
- Management fees of \$nil (2019 - \$5,000) were lower in the current period due to the discontinuation of fees charged by the former CEO in the second quarter of 2019;
- Office and miscellaneous of \$6,520 (2019 - \$1,116) increased due to increased activity;
- Professional fees of \$15,805 (2019 - \$9,477) increased as a result of increased legal fees from increased corporate activity during the period;
- Rent of \$12,000 (2019 - \$nil) increased from the prior period, as office rent is now being paid by the Company;
- Shareholder communications and investor relations of \$512 (2019 - \$8,675) decreased due to the timing of expenses;
- Share-based payments of \$27,361 (2019 - \$nil) increased due to options granted in the current period, but not the prior period;
- Transfer agent and filing fees of \$15,433 (2019 - \$7,784) increased due to increased public listing activity during the period;
- Adjustment to provision for indemnification of flow-through subscribers of \$401,633 (2019 - \$nil) was the result of the Company changing its estimate for provision to \$nil in 2020;
- Realized loss on investments of \$nil (2019 - \$905) decreased, as the Company sold all investments during the 2019 fiscal year; and
- Change in unrealized loss on investments of \$nil (2019 - \$250) decreased, as the Company sold all investments during the 2019 fiscal year.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION (\$000s, except earnings (loss) per share)

	December 31, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$	December 31, 2017 \$
Revenue	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	81	(66)	54
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	0.08	(0.08)	0.07
Total assets	1	62	42
Long-term debt	-	-	-
Dividends	-	-	-

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS (\$000s, except earnings (loss) per share)

Results for the eight most recently completed quarters are summarized as follows:

For the periods ending	June 30, 2020 \$	March 31, 2020 \$	December 31, 2019 \$	September 30, 2019 \$
Revenue	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	(74)	381	4	126
Earnings (loss) per share	(0.06)	0.30	0.00	0.12

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For the periods ending	June 30, 2019 \$	March 31, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$	September 30, 2018 \$
Revenue	-	-	-	-
Net loss	(32)	(17)	(61)	(22)
Loss per share	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.08)	(0.03)

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company had cash of \$40,345 and a working capital deficit of \$434,147 at June 30, 2020, compared to \$90 of cash and a working capital deficit of \$777,797 at December 31, 2019.

The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2020 were \$111,075 (December 31, 2019 - \$127,903).

On April 4, 2019, the Company agreed to settle \$15,000 of trade payables for 25,000 common shares of the Company valued at \$0.36 per share. The Company issued the common shares on August 19, 2019 and recorded a gain on settlement of debt of \$6,000.

On April 4, 2019, the Company agreed to settle \$165,263 worth of convertible debentures (\$107,500 of principal and \$57,763 of accrued interest) for 330,526 common shares of the Company valued at \$0.50 per share. On August 19, 2019, the Company issued the common shares and the remaining accrued interest of \$4,129 was recorded as a gain on settlement of debt.

On April 4, 2019, the Company agreed to settle \$225,068 of amounts due to related parties for \$35,000 in cash and 127,136 common shares of the Company valued at \$0.36 per share. The Company issued the common shares on August 19, 2019 and recorded a gain on settlement of debt of \$144,300.

The Company has the following loans payable outstanding at June 30, 2020:

Issuance	Maturity	Interest Rate	Principal	Accrued Interest	Total
March 5, 2018	September 2, 2018	10%/20%*	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000

*The loans bear interest at 10% until the maturity date, after which the interest rate increases to 20% if not repaid.

The March 5, 2018 loan agreement includes a bonus payment of \$10,000 to the lender if the Company's common shares are reinstated for trading. This payment was accrued during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

See **Commitments** for a discussion on outstanding flow-through share liabilities.

The Company has taken the following measures to address working capital concerns during the 2020 fiscal periods and as of the date of this MD&A:

- On July 6, 2020, the Company closed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$355,000. The private placement consisted of 1,183,333 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitled the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 for a period of one year. Directors and officers of the Company subscribed for 196,667 units.
- On July 23, 2020, the Company closed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$100,000. The private placement consisted of 333,333 common shares at a price of \$0.30 per share.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO JUNE 30, 2020

On July 28, 2020, the Company entered into an assignment and novation agreement with 1208004 B.C. Ltd. ("1208004"), pursuant to which it has acquired the right to enter into a share exchange agreement dated July 28, 2020, among the Company, Happy Supplements Inc., a Delaware corporation doing business as Happy Tea ("Happy Tea"), and the securityholders of Happy Tea (the "Definitive Agreement"). Happy Tea develops health and wellness

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supplements that contain cannabidiol and other cannabinoids derived from industrial hemp (as permitted by applicable laws).

Pursuant to the terms of the Definitive Agreement, the Company will acquire all of the issued and outstanding securities of Happy Tea (the “Acquisition”), and Happy Tea will become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

Upon completion of the Acquisition, the Company will carry on the business of Happy Tea as currently constituted, under the new name “Happy Supplements Inc.” or such other name as may be approved by the Board of Directors (the “Resulting Issuer”). The Acquisition is an arm’s length transaction and constitutes a reverse takeover of the Company by Happy Tea. In connection with the Acquisition, the Resulting Issuer will voluntarily delist from the TSX-V and will apply to list its common shares on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the “CSE”, and together with the TSX-V, the “Exchange”).

The existing shareholders of Happy Tea will receive common shares of the Resulting Issuer (“Resulting Issuer Shares”) in exchange for their common shares of Happy Tea. It is currently expected that a total of 34,468,616 Resulting Issuer Shares will be issued pro rata to the shareholders of Happy Tea as consideration for 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Happy Tea. The Resulting Issuer Shares are being issued at a deemed value of \$0.25 per Resulting Issuer Share.

Each Happy Tea warrant issued and outstanding will be exchanged for one common share purchase warrant of the Resulting Issuer (“Resulting Issuer Warrants”). It is currently expected that a total of 9,000,000 Resulting Issuer Warrants will be issued to the Happy Tea warrant holders. Each Resulting Issuer Warrant will entitle the warrant holder to purchase one Resulting Issuer Share at a price of \$0.05 per Resulting Issuer Share until March 3, 2021.

In addition, the Company will issue 900,000 Resulting Issuer Shares to 1208004 as an assignment fee in connection with the acquisition and pursuant to the terms of the assignment agreement at a deemed price of \$0.25 per share.

The Company has agreed to undertake a concurrent non-brokered private placement offering of 2,000,000 common shares at a price of \$0.25 per common share for gross proceeds of \$500,000.

Completion of the Acquisition is subject to a number of conditions, including, but not limited to, completion of the concurrent non-brokered private placement, approval of the Exchange, and shareholder approval if required pursuant to policies of the Exchange, securities regulatory or corporate law requirements. There can be no assurance that the Acquisition will be completed as proposed or at all.

Trading of the common shares of the Company has been halted and will remain halted in accordance with Exchange policies until all required documentation with respect to the Acquisition has been received and the Exchange and securities regulatory authorities are otherwise satisfied that the halt should be lifted.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

These amounts of key management compensation are included in the amounts shown on the condensed interim statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) and were incurred in the normal course of operations:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019
Short-term compensation	\$ -	\$ 5,000
Share-based payments	20,794	-
	\$ 20,794	\$ 5,000

Short-term compensation was paid or accrued as follows:

- \$nil (2019 - \$5,000) in management fees to a private company controlled by a director/former CEO/CFO.

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As at June 30, 2020, the Company has outstanding amounts payable to officers, directors and advisory committee members of the Company of \$8,750 (December 31, 2019 - \$8,750) for outstanding fees and expenses. The amounts payable are non-interest-bearing, uncollateralized and repayable on demand.

On April 4, 2019, the Company agreed to settle \$225,068 of amounts due to related parties for \$35,000 in cash and 127,136 common shares of the Company valued at \$0.36 per share. The Company issued the common shares on August 19, 2019 and recorded a gain on settlement of debt of \$144,300.

COMMITMENTS

Flow-through Shares

As at December 31, 2012, the Company was committed to incur \$566,880 in qualifying Canadian exploration expenditures prior to January 1, 2014, pursuant to two 2012 private placements for which flow-through share proceeds had been received by the Company and then renounced to Ontario and Québec subscribers effective December 31, 2012.

The Company incurred actual qualifying expenditures of \$6,444 in 2012 and \$7,608 in 2013, leaving a shortfall of \$552,828 as at December 31, 2013. Accordingly, effective December 31, 2013, the Company recorded (in other expense and current liabilities) a \$400,000 provision for the estimated cost to indemnify flow-through share subscribers for their expected personal income tax reassessments by Canada Revenue Agency and Revenu Québec, attributable to each subscriber's proportionate share of the shortfall. The indemnifications are provided for in the underlying subscription agreements for the private placements. In 2014, the Company recorded a further \$15,000 related to interest on reassessed amounts.

The Company made the following assumptions in estimating its subscriber indemnification provision:

- Ontario subscribers had a combined personal income tax rate of 47.97% and were eligible for both the federal 15% and provincial 5% investment tax credits;
- Québec subscribers had a combined personal income tax rate of 48.22% and were eligible for the federal 15% investment tax credit and the 150% Canadian exploration expenditures "super-allowance";
- Of the \$552,828 shortfall, \$73,329 applied to Ontario subscribers and \$479,499 applied to Québec subscribers; and
- Subscribers would be assessed two years' interest on reassessed amounts.

During 2018, the Company paid \$13,367 in compensation to one subscriber for additional taxes owing as a result of this flow-through spending shortfall. No further subscribers have made claims for additional taxes owing. Based on the lack of claims to date, the Company has adjusted its estimate of the provision to \$nil at June 30, 2020.

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company has also accrued in accounts payable and accrued liabilities the estimated federal Part XII.6 tax and similar Québec tax for 2013 and prior years.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company reached an agreement to pay outstanding Part XII.6 tax of \$48,093. The Company had previously accrued \$70,627 for Part XII.6 tax, resulting in a recovery of \$22,534.

Environmental Contingencies

The Company's exploration activities are subject to various federal, provincial and international laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The Company believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and has made, and expects to make in the future, appropriate expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

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FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are agreements between two parties that result in promises to pay or receive cash or equity instruments. The Company classifies its financial instruments as follows: cash is classified as amortized cost; investments, as fair value through profit or loss; receivables, as amortized cost; and accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loans payable, as amortized cost. The carrying values of these instruments approximate their fair values due to their short term to maturity.

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company manages credit risk, in respect of cash, by placing it at major Canadian financial institutions. Included in receivables is \$1,583 (December 31, 2019 - \$809) owing from the Canada Revenue Agency. The Company has minimal credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquid funds to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The contractual financial liabilities of the Company as of June 30, 2020 equal \$476,075 (December 31, 2019 - \$778,696). All of the liabilities presented as accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within 30 days of June 30, 2020. The cash available is not sufficient to meet the Company's financial obligations at June 30, 2020. The Company will need to raise additional capital in order to address its liquidity.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposure within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on capital.

- i) *Currency risk* – Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company has no funds held in a foreign currency, and as a result, is not exposed to significant currency risk on its financial instruments at period-end.
- ii) *Interest rate risk* – Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Interest earned on cash is at nominal interest rates, and therefore, the Company does not consider the related interest rate risk to be significant. The Company incurs interest on fixed rate debentures and loans payable. It may be subject to changes in cash flows resulting from rate changes upon renewal.
- iii) *Other price risk* – Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk. The Company is exposed to some price risk with respect to commodity prices; however, this is limited since the Company is not a producing entity. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine its appropriate course of action.

Capital management

The Company considers its capital to be comprised of shareholders' deficiency.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does

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not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company spends its working capital and raises additional amounts as needed. The Company may attempt to issue new shares. Although the Company has been successful at raising funds in the past through the issuance of share capital, it is uncertain whether it will continue this method of financing due to the current difficult market conditions.

The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews the capital structure on a regular basis to ensure that the above objectives are met. There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements other than of the TSX-V, which requires adequate working capital or financial resources of the greater of (i) \$50,000 and (ii) an amount required in order to maintain operations and cover general and administrative expenses for a period of six months. As of June 30, 2020, the Company is not compliant with the policies of the TSX-V. The impact of this violation is not known and is ultimately dependent on the discretion of the TSX-V.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The condensed interim financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material. As a result of the financial matters discussed in the preceding paragraph, there is significant doubt regarding the ultimate applicability of the Company's going concern assumption.

The Company is primarily involved in gold exploration, an inherently high-risk activity. Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title.

Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements, unregistered claims, aboriginal claims, and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements.

Exploration is also capital-intensive and the Company has no funding mechanism other than equity financings (including private placements and exercises of common share purchase warrants and common share purchase options) and potential financial arrangements with other mineral exploration companies.

Market risk and environmental risk are additional risks the Company faces. Market risk is the risk of depressed metals prices, particularly gold. The Company is dependent on capital markets to fund exploration, development and general working capital requirements, and a period of depressed gold prices may make access to investment capital more difficult. Environmental regulations affect the cost of exploration and development, as well as future mining operations.

The skills of management and staff in mineral exploration and raising capital serve to mitigate these risks. The ability of the Company to continue operations into the future is dependent upon continuing to obtain favourable results from its exploration activities, which will affect its ability to raise funds and to attract potential exploration partners. In addition, there is also a risk that existing exploration partners may be unable to meet their financial obligations, which could delay resource projects and possibly place additional stress on the Company's cash resources.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income (loss) in the year of the change, if the change affects that year only, or in the year of the change and future years, if the change affects both.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the financial statements within the next fiscal year are included in note 5 of the condensed interim financial statements.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD ADOPTED

The Company did not adopt any new accounting standards for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

DISCLOSURE OVER INTERNAL CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There have been no significant changes to the Company's internal control environment during the six months ended June 30, 2020 that would have materially affected the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

The Company's certifying officers concluded that the Company's internal disclosure controls and procedures are effective and sufficient to execute its business plan.

OUTSTANDING SHARE INFORMATION

	August 24, 2020	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Common shares	2,827,042	1,310,376	1,280,376
Warrants	1,183,333	-	-
Stock options	95,000	95,000	-
Fully diluted shares	4,105,375	1,405,376	1,280,376