

#### VIKING GOLD EXPLORATION INC. FORM 51-102F1 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

# A) GENERAL:

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") document prepared as of November 22, 2012, should be read together with the Condensed Interim Financial Statements of Viking Gold Exploration Inc. (hereafter "**Viking Gold**" or "**the Company**") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, which are prepared using accounting policies that comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") in accordance with IAS 34, ("Interim Financial Reporting"). Readers should also read the Company's most recent annual audited IFRS financial statements for the year-ended December 31, 2011.

All amounts herein are expressed in Canadian dollars, and are based on the Company's IFRS accounting policies.

The address of the Company's registered head office is #2B – 2900 John Street, Markham, Ontario, Canada, L3R 5G3. Additional information about Viking Gold is available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.vikinggold.ca.

# B) DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS:

Viking Gold Exploration Inc. is incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario and is a junior exploration company engaged in mineral exploration in Canada. It is a reporting issuer in the Provinces of Ontario, Newfoundland and Labrador, British Columbia and Alberta, and is a Tier-2 listed company on the TSX Venture Exchange, trading under the symbol VGC.

# C) RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES:

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. These financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

As at September 30, 2012, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$11,590 and a flow-through expenditure commitment of approximately \$516,000. The Company intends to raise additional funds in the balance of 2012 in order to finance both current operations and acquisition/exploration commitments.

Long-term continuing operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to generate future cash flows or obtain additional financing. Management believes that the Company will continue to obtain sufficient working capital from external financing to meet the Company's current and future liabilities and commitments as they become due, although there is a risk that additional financing may not be available on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to the Company.

Viking Gold is primarily involved in gold exploration, an inherently high-risk activity. Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements, unregistered claims, aboriginal claims and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements.

# C) RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES (Continued):

Exploration is also capital intensive and the Company has no funding mechanism other than equity financings (including private placements and exercises of warrants and stock options) and potential joint venture financing arrangements with other mineral exploration companies.

Market risk and environmental risk are additional risks the Company faces. Market risk is the risk of depressed metals prices, particularly gold. The Company is dependent on capital markets to fund exploration, development and general working capital requirements and a period of depressed gold prices might make access to investment capital more difficult. Environmental regulations affect the cost of exploration and development as well as future mining operations.

#### D) FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS:

The skills of management and staff in mineral exploration and raising capital serve to mitigate these risks. The ability of the Company to continue operations into the future is dependent upon continuing to obtain favourable results from its exploration activities, which will affect its ability to raise funds and to attract potential joint venture partners. In addition, there is also a risk that existing joint venture partners may be unable to meet their financial obligations, which could delay resource projects and possibly place additional stress on the Company's cash resources.

This MD&A may contain certain forward looking statements relating to, but not limited to, the Company's operations, exploration plans, anticipated equity financing, business prospects and strategies. Forward looking information typically contains statements with words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan" or similar words suggesting future outcomes. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors as identified under "Risks and Uncertainties" below, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include financial market conditions and economic, competitive, regulatory and business conditions. The Company updates its forward-looking statements at future dates based on outcomes not presently known and as such, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

#### E) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS:

#### Description of Properties:

During the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company acquired 1 mineral property interest in Quebec. In 2011, the Company acquired 5 mineral property interests, 2 in Ontario (ON) and 3 in Quebec (QC). These active properties are either currently being explored or will be explored in the future.

The Company also has 6 inactive mineral property interests that comprise its "Morris Lake Project" – a block of contiguous claims and leases situated approximately 73 kilometres north of Yellowknife, Northwest Territories (NT).

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Below is a summary of the Company's 12 properties:

Properties	Year Acquired	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Current Mineral Tenure</u> (all 100% owned unless otherwise indicated)	<u># oi</u> <u>Claims/</u> <u>Leases</u>
Active Properties Venton Lake, ON Larose, ON	2011 2011	3a 3b	Claims Claims, under option by the Company to a third party which may earn up to a 50% interest	13 16
Total ON				29
Verneuil, QC Verneuil Central Verneuil West Verneuil East	2011 2011 2011	3b 3b 3b	Claims; 70% undivided working interest ** Claims Claims	44 19 <u>10</u> 73
Guyenne, QC	2012	3c	Claims, under option to the Company which may earn up to a 50% interest	7
Total QC Total Active				80 109
Inactive Properties Morris Lake Project, NT				
Viking Yellowknife	2003		Leases; 60% undivided working interest **	3
Max Lake	2004		Leases	2
ML Properties	2006		Claims	5
Peregrine Magying Lake	2006		Claims; 60% undivided working interest **	5 3
Maguire Lake LM Claims	2009 2010		Claims Claims	3
Total NT/Inactive	2010			21
Total Combined				130

\*\* Prior to December 31, 2011, the mineral tenure was disclosed as a joint venture; it is now disclosed as an undivided working interest.

In 2011, the Company recorded write-downs totaling \$3,635,489 (including \$729,331 in the nine months ended September 30, 2011) in respect of the 6 Morris Lake properties, though it still retains the mineral property interests. The Company is continuing discussions with unrelated third parties, including existing working interest partners, to determine levels of interest and potential opportunities for optioning the properties to these parties. A full description of each of the 6 properties can be found in the Company's annual audited IFRS financial statements for 2011. For any costs incurred on the Morris Lake properties after January 1, 2012, such amounts are being expensed directly in operations.

# E) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued):

# Description of Properties (Continued):

A continuity of the Company's exploration and evaluation (E&E) assets for the year ended December 31, 2011 and the nine months ended September 30, 2012 follows. Additional information about the Company's active properties is presented thereafter.

						Expenditures for pipe	
	Balance.	F	Expenditures	Write-downs	Balance,	for nine months ended	Balance,
	January 1	_	for	for	December 31,		September 30,
	2011	,	2011	2011	2011	2012	2012
Acquisition costs							
Venton Lake, ON	\$-	- \$		\$ -	\$ 112,536	\$ 79,250	\$ 191,786
Larose, ON	-	-	93,028	-	93,028	10,000	103,028
Verneuil, QC			407.070		407.070		407.070
Verneuil Central	-	-	137,372	-	137,372	-	137,372
Verneuil West	-	-	93,926	-	93,926	-	93,926
Verneuil East	-	-	65,615	-	65,615	-	65,615
Guyenne, QC		-	-	-	-	62,675	62,675
Active properties	-	-	502,477	-	502,477	151,925	654,402
Inactive properties	100 002	,		(100 700)	F		F
Morris Lake, NT Total properties	<u>180,803</u> 180,803		502,477	(180,798) (180,798)	502,482	151,925	<u> </u>
rotal properties	100,003	)	502,477	(160,796)	502,462	151,925	034,407
Deferred expl'n							
expenditures							
Venton Lake, ON	_	_	_	_	-	85,654	85,654
Larose, ON		_	179	_	179	- 00,00	179
Verneuil, QC			170		110		
Verneuil Central	-	_	718,829	-	718,829	11,845	730,674
Verneuil West	-	-	164,214	-	164,214	39,815	204,029
Verneuil East	-	-	98,177	-	98,177	20,279	118,456
Guyenne, QC	-	-	-	-	-	40,262	40,262
Active properties		-	981,399	-	981,399	197,855	1,179,254
Inactive properties							
Morris Lake, NT	3,430,801		23,891	(3,454,691)	1	-	1
Total properties	3,430,801		1,005,290	(3,454,691)	981,400	197,855	1,179,255
Total expenditures							
Venton Lake, ON	-	-	112,536	-	112,536	164,904	277,440
Larose, ON	-	-	93,207	-	93,207	10,000	103,207
Verneuil, QC							
Verneuil Central	-	-	856,201	-	856,201	11,845	868,046
Verneuil West	-	-	258,140	-	258,140	39,815	297,955
Verneuil East	-	-	163,792	-	163,792	20,279	184,071
Guyenne, QC		-	-	-	-	102,937	102,937
Active properties	-	-	1,483,876	-	1,483,876	349,780	1,833,656
Inactive properties	0.044.004		00.004	(0.005.400)	~		~
Morris Lake, NT	3,611,604	•	23,891	(3,635,489)	6	-	6
Total properties	\$ 3,611,604	\$	1,507,767	\$ (3,635,489)	\$ 1,483,882	\$ 349,780	\$ 1,833,662

#### E) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued):

#### **Description of Properties (Continued):**

Information concerning the Company's individual active properties follows.

#### VENTON LAKE

On April 12, 2011, the Company signed a letter agreement in which it was granted an option to earn a 100% undivided interest in 13 mining claims located near Thunder Bay, Ontario known as "Venton Lake". The agreement provides that the Company (as optionee) will earn a 100% interest in the property by making an initial \$75,000 cash payment followed by three additional annual cash payments of \$75,000 each from the "Effective Date" (of the transaction) which is defined as the date the TSX-V approves the transaction plus 10 days. Each respective cash payment is also to be accompanied by the issuance of the Company's common shares to the optionor, as follows – 150,000 shares (initial – completed), 50,000 shares (after the first year – completed), 50,000 shares (after the second year) and 100,000 shares (after the third year), for a total of 350,000 shares.

Upon the exercise of the option, the optionor will retain a 2.5% net smelter return royalty ("NSR") on output from the properties following the commencement of commercial production. For the period commencing on the date that is 60 months following the Effective Date and ending on the commencement of commercial production, the Company is required to pay an advance minimum royalty of \$15,000 per year to the optionor within 30 days of the start of each year, which aggregate amounts shall be deducted from the subsequent 2.5% NSR payments. The Company may buy back up to one-fifth of the 2.5% NSR at a price of \$500,000, for a period of 20 years from the Effective Date. The Company may abandon the option granted to it by giving 30 days notice prior to abandonment, provided that the mineral rights will be in good standing for at least six months following the date of abandonment.

The TSX-V approved the Venton Lake transaction on April 26, 2011 and the transaction closed on September 19, 2011.

On April 26, 2012, the Company issued 50,000 common shares as a share-based option payment for the Venton Lake property. The fair value of the shares issued was \$4,250. On May 24, 2012, the Company also paid \$30,000 towards its first annual \$75,000 cash option payment, and was granted an extension by the optionor to pay the \$45,000 balance by August 31, 2012. On August 27, 2012, the Company completed the necessary payment.

#### VERNEUIL AND LAROSE

On May 10, 2011, the Company signed a property sale agreement with Freewest Resources Canada Inc. ("Freewest"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Cliffs Natural Resources Inc. (NYSE: CLF), in which it agreed to acquire a 70% undivided working interest in the Verneuil property ("Verneuil Central") and a 100% undivided interest in the Larose property ("Larose"), in exchange for a combined share-based payment of 1,000,000 common shares (valued at \$200,000) and a 0.5% NSR on each property.

Verneuil Central is comprised of 44 claims in Verneuil Township in the Abitibi region of Quebec. The other 30% interest in Verneuil Central is held by Golden Tag Resources Ltd. ("Golden Tag"). Larose is comprised of 16 claims in Moss Township in northwestern Ontario. Verneuil Central is subject to an existing 1% NSR and Larose to an existing 3% NSR. The NSR's described herein apply to all minerals in perpetuity.

On June 7, 2011, the Company signed a letter agreement with other parties in which it agreed to acquire "Verneuil East", a 100% undivided interest in 10 mining claims located immediately east of Verneuil Central, in exchange for cash of \$20,000 (paid), a share-based payment of 200,000 common shares (issued) and a 2% NSR in perpetuity. The Company may re-purchase half of the 2% NSR for \$1,000,000 at any time.

# E) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued):

# Description of Properties (Continued):

# VERNEUIL AND LAROSE (Continued)

On June 13, 2011, the Company signed a letter agreement with other parties in which it agreed to acquire "Verneuil West", a 100% undivided interest in 19 mining claims located immediately west of Verneuil Central, in exchange for cash of \$30,000 (paid), a share-based payment of 300,000 common shares (issued) and 150,000 warrants (issued and exercisable at a price of \$0.30 for 2 years), and a 2% NSR in perpetuity. The Company may re-purchase half of the 2% NSR for \$1,000,000 at any time.

The TSX-V approved the Verneuil/Larose transaction on May 27, 2011 and the Verneuil East and West transactions on June 21, 2011. These three transactions closed on June 28, July 20 and June 29, 2011, respectively.

The Company and Golden Tag agreed that Golden Tag is not required to contribute financially towards deferred exploration expenditures incurred on the Verneuil Central property prior to January 1, 2012. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the parties have further agreed that Golden Tag's share of the Verneuil Central exploration expenditures is \$100,000. As at September 30, 2012, this amount had been received and is therefore recorded as a reduction of deferred exploration expenditures (i.e. included in the \$11,845 net exploration expenditure for Verneuil Central in the nine-month continuity schedule for 2012).

On December 8, 2011, the Company entered into an option agreement with Golden Share Mining Corporation ("Golden Share") whereby Golden Share may earn up to a 50% interest in the Larose property. Under the terms of the agreement, Golden Share agreed to issue: (i) 100,000 shares to the Company on the later of execution of the agreement and TSX-V approval (completed with an assigned value of \$8,500); and (ii) an additional 100,000 shares on the first anniversary date of the agreement.

Golden Share has agreed to spend \$200,000 in the first year of the agreement on exploration of the property plus another \$150,000 in each of years two and three of the agreement. The parties have also agreed that at the time they become 50/50 owners in the property, they will enter into a joint venture agreement with Golden Share as the operator.

#### GUYENNE

On August 29, 2012, the Company entered into an option agreement with Globex Mining Enterprises Inc. (TSX:GMX, hereafter "Globex") to earn a 50% interest in the 7 claims known as the Guyenne Property. The claims are situated approximately 40 kilometers northwest of Amos, Quebec, which is northwest of Val-d'Or in the Abitibi Mining District.

Under the terms of the option agreement, Viking Gold will pay a total of \$105,000 cash and issue 550,000 common shares to Globex as follows – (i) an initial payment of \$20,000 and 150,000 shares (representing the minimum commitment (completed), (ii) \$25,000 and 150,000 shares on or before the first anniversary date, and (iii) \$60,000 and 250,000 shares on or before the second anniversary date. In addition, the Company is required to spend a minimum of \$1,500,000 exploring the claims, as follows – \$250,000 in the first year, \$250,000 in the second year, and \$1,000,000 in the third year.

The Company also agreed to issue 100,000 common shares as a finder's fee on the closing of the option agreement. Accordingly, as at September 30, 2012, the Company has accrued \$10,500 as a property acquisition cost, which amount is also included in trade and other payables. This liability was settled on October 3, 2012 (see Note 15a).

The TSX-V approved the Guyenne transaction on September 18, 2012. The transaction closed on September 19, 2012.

### E) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued):

#### Description of Properties (Continued):

#### ACQUISITION COST SUMMARY

Acquisition costs of exploration and evaluation assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and the year ended December 31, 2011 are summarized below. The values assigned to the common shares issued by the Company were based on the closing share price on the respective dates of issuance.

<u>Properties</u> Nine months ended	# of common shares issued/to be issued	s Issu	ommon hares ed/to be ssued	<u>Cash</u> payments due	<u>Option</u> payments <u>rec'd</u>	Legal and other	<u>Totals</u>
September 30, 2012:							
Venton Lake, ON	50,000	\$	4,250	\$ 75,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 79,250
Larose, ON	-		-	(1) 10,000	-	-	10,000
Guyenne. QC	(2) 250,000	(2)	30,000	20,000	-	12,675	62,675
Acquisition costs for period	300,000	\$	34,250	\$ 105,000	\$-	\$ 12,675	\$ 151,925
Year ended December 31, 2011: Venton Lake, ON Larose, ON	150,000 400.000	\$	30,000 80,000	\$    75,000 (1)  10,000	\$- (8,500)	\$    7,536 11,528	\$   112,536 93,028
Verneuil, QC			,	()	(-,,	,	
Verneuil Central	600,000		120,000	-	-	17,372	137,372
Verneuil West	300,000		60,000	30,000	-	3,926	93,926
Verneuil East	200,000		43,000	20,000	-	2,615	65,615
Acquisition costs for year	1,650,000	\$	333,000	\$ 135,000	\$ (8,500)	\$ 42,977	\$ 502,477

(1) advance royalty payments made pursuant to an existing 3% NSR

(2) includes 100,000 common shares to be issued after September 30, 2012, at an assigned value of \$10,500 (completed see Note 15a)

#### Northwest Territories Exploration Activities – 2011 and 2012:

In February 2011, the Company fulfilled additional reporting obligations to the government and to its working interest partner with the filing of a comprehensive technical report and supporting cost analysis, covering the years 2009 and 2010. In March 2012, the Company submitted a Final Plan report to the Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board (NT) in connection with the expiration of its remaining land use permit in January 2012. The report reviewed the Company's historical exploration efforts on the Morris Lake properties covered by the permit, as well as site restoration work.

Only site restoration work was conducted on the Morris Lake properties in 2011 and 2012 to date, for which the Company accrued \$20,000 on December 31, 2011 and an additional \$3,850 on June 30, 2012. As at September 30, 2012, these accruals have been used up. Clean-up costs of \$8,212 are included in operating expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

The Company continues to review the possibility of optioning parts of its Morris Lake properties to unrelated third parties, though it presently has no plans for its own active exploration programs on these properties. As previously reported in this section, the Company wrote down the carrying value of its Morris Lake properties to nominal value in 2011.

#### E) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued):

#### *Quebec Exploration Activities – 2011 and 2012:*

#### HISTORICAL INFORMATION – VERNEUIL

In the early 1990's, Freewest Resources Canada Inc. estimated, based on 10 drill holes intersecting the Toussaint Shear Zone (TSZ), historical gold reserves of approximately 188,000 tonnes with an average grade of 7.1 g/t Au. (A qualified person has not done sufficient work to classify the historical estimate as current mineral resources; the Company is not treating the historical estimate as current mineral resources and the historical estimate should not be relied upon.)

From 1991 to 1995, Freewest carried out a series of extensive exploration programs resulting in the discovery of several gold-bearing shear zones. These programs consisted of prospecting, geophysics, trenching and diamond drilling. Six mineralized zones were uncovered by trenching with several significant gold values. Freewest completed a series of 35 diamond drill holes intersecting the TSZ. The results and location of these zones are posted on the Company's website.

#### 2011 SUMMER EXPLORATION PROGRAM – VERNEUIL

In June 2011, the Company commenced a summer exploration program on its newly acquired Verneuil properties (Central, East and West) situated in Verneuil Township in the Abitibi area of Quebec. The purpose of the program at Verneuil was to generate new exploration targets. The program included line cutting, followed by geological and geophysical surveys, stripping, trenching and channel sampling and finally diamond drilling. Assay results for the Company's Verneuil summer exploration program were presented in the Company's September 13, 2011 and November 15, 2011 press releases, copies of which may be found on the Company's website.

#### 2011 FALL-WINTER EXPLORATION PROGRAM – VERNEUIL

On October 28, 2011, the Company commenced a planned 4500 m, 25-hole fall-winter drilling program at Verneuil. On February 14, 2012, the Company announced that it had completed this drilling program distributed between 20 new drill holes and 2 holes from previous programs that were deepened. The objective of the Company's fall-winter program was to verify certain new exploration targets revealed by its summer 2011 induced polarization (IP) survey, and to expand and better define the structure of the Toussaint mineralized zone. Sampling of drill core was completed by mid-January 2012 and most of the assay results were received by the end of February.

As explained in the Company's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2011, over 500 samples were submitted in Q1-2012 for re-assay by metallic sieve method (SCR) due to the coarse-gold nature of the mineralization as observed in several places. The Company received these re-assays in Q2-2012 and disclosed the assay results in a press release dated June 26, 2012. The Company has confirmed that the original and re-assay results were mutually consistent. Several instances were also noted where the gold content increased significantly under SCR when compared to the original atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS) method.

#### 2012 FALL EXPLORATION PROGRAM – VERNEUIL WEST

On November 20, 2012, the Company announced that it had commenced a 1000 m, 7-hole, exploratory drill program on its wholly-owned Verneuil West claim group. The purpose of this program is to explore the area west of the known Toussaint gold zone. This area has only seen limited exploration in the past. The budgeted costs for this program are approximately \$250,000.

#### QUALIFIED PERSON

Mr. Pierre Poisson, P.Geo., is the Company's independent "Qualified Person" for the Verneuil and Guyenne properties, as that term is defined in NI 43-101, and he has reviewed and approved the technical disclosures in this MD&A. In July 2012, Mr. Poisson's company, Muroc Inc., completed a detailed study of the work completed to date on the Verneuil properties along with recommendations for follow-up exploration. The Company's management is currently assessing these recommendations.

# E) EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued):

# Quebec Exploration Activities – 2011 and 2012 (Continued):

#### GUYENNE

In Q3-2012, the Company performed \$40,262 of initial exploration work on the Guyenne property. The Company has further planned a 1,200 m exploratory drill program for the Guyenne property in Q4-2012. The Permit for this program was delayed until November 27, 2012 due to consultations with the First Nations. The budgeted costs for this program are approximately \$250,000.

#### Ontario Exploration Activities – 2011 and 2012:

#### VENTON LAKE

On June 27, 2012, the Company announced that it had recently completed an airborne magnetic survey over its Venton Lake claims which are located south of the "Ring of Fire" area in Northwestern Ontario. The survey work was performed under contract by Canadian Mining Geophysics Ltd. ("CMG") and consisted of one block totalling 511.6 line-kms with a line spacing of 100 m. The Company's preliminary assessment of the airborne survey results is presented below. A comprehensive technical analysis and interpretation of the results, by an independent consultant, will be completed in due course.

Within the recently completed high-resolution magnetic survey, a number of isolated features have been revealed that could represent ultramafic bodies containing minerals such as nickel, copper and platinum group elements. This includes a discrete 800 m strike length feature that appears to be coincident with similar features identified in the Wabassi area to the east. A second series of magnetic anomalies is located toward the western margin of the Viking Gold survey with a strike length of 3.7 km and containing four discrete anomalies. Northern Shield is also conducting exploration to the west of these anomalies. In total there are six magnetic anomalies that could be related to ultramafic rocks similar to those intersected by Northern Shield on its Wabassi and Max Projects that surround Viking Gold's ground.

A shaded image of the total magnetic intensity (TMI) over the survey area, extracted from CMG's report dated June 12, 2012, is presented on the Company's website.

#### LAROSE

Golden Share has commenced exploration of the Larose property under its option agreement with the Company. Golden Share has reported the following information on its website (www.goldenshare.ca), which was included in the Company's MD&A for Q1-2012:

"The sedimentary rock package and the association of the gold with syenitic type intrusives are very reminiscent of the Malartic and Timmins mining camps. Golden Share very much looks forward to working with the Viking team to further unlock the potential of this promising property."

Golden Share executed a fall 2011 campaign comprising geological reconnaissance, outcrop sampling, channel sampling, 73 km of line cutting and a ground magnetometer survey over the freshly cut grid. Highlights for this recent campaign are provided by channel sampling on the P1 trench located within the central part of the LSZ and which yielded 45.93 g/t Au over 3.1 m and 54.21 g/t Au over 1.4 m. The mineralization is hosted in sheared, very fine-grained metasediments showing local sericitization, silicification and carbonatization and quartz veinlets containing up to 20% sphalerite, 10% pyrite and 2% galena.

Golden Share subsequently completed a summer 2012 work program for the Larose property and has posted its technical results in a press release dated October 25, 2012 and also on its website.

#### Mineral Properties Advisory Committee:

The Company identifies new exploration properties for acquisition through its Property Advisory Committee, whose members are presently Mr. Mackenzie Watson and Mr. Rejean Gosselin. These members are investors of the Company, and are experienced and successful prospectors/geologists who are well known in the Canadian mining industry. In exchange for their participation on the Committee, these members periodically receive stock options. Background information on the members is presented on the Company's website.

# F) SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION:

The following table shows selected financial information with respect to Viking Gold's financial results and financial position prepared in accordance with IFRS:

Financial results for	Nine monthsYearendedendedSeptember 30,December 31,20122011			<u>Nine months</u> <u>ended</u> September 30, <u>2011</u>		
Acquisition of E&E assets Exploration of E&E assets Recoveries from E&E assets Write-offs of E&E assets	\$	151,925 297,855 (100,000) -	\$	502,477 1,005,290 - (3,635,489)	\$	510,105 393,228 (97,057) (729,331)
Change in E&E assets		349,780		(2,127,722)		76,945
Share-based compensation expense Net loss and comprehensive loss Basic and diluted loss per share Dividends paid		6,000 (261,149) (0.004) -		566,000 (4,630,834) (0.067) -		293,000 (1,120,653) (0.018) -
Financial position as at	<u>Se</u>	<u>ptember 30,</u> 2012	<u>[</u>	<u>)ecember 31,</u> <u>2011</u>	<u>Se</u>	eptember 30, 2011
Working capital (deficiency) E&E assets Total assets	\$	(11,590) 1,833,662 1,987,875		5 564,139 1,483,882 2,612,315	\$	443,436 3,688,549 4,311,542
Share capital and reserve Deficit Total equity		9,277,123 (7,443,460) 1,833,663		9,294,708 (7,229,646) 2,065,062		8,102,327 (4,149,514) 3,952,813

#### G) QUARTERLY RESULTS:

Summarized quarterly results for Viking Gold for the past eight quarters, prepared under IFRS, are as follows:

Quarter ended	<u>September 30,</u>	<u>June 30,</u>	<u>March 31,</u>	December 31,	
	2012 (Q3)	2012 (Q2)	2012 (Q1)	2011 (Q4)	
Additions to E&E assets (a) Deferred tax (recovery) expense Net loss Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 129,133 (72,865) (0.001)	\$ 118,737 (106,476) (0.002)	\$ 101,910 (81,809) (0.001)	\$    701,491 (198,267) (3,133,132) (0.049)	
Quarter ended	<u>September 30,</u>	<u>June 30,</u>	<u>March 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	
	2011 (Q3)	2011 (Q2)	2011 (Q1)	2010 (Q4)	
Additions to E&E assets (a) Deferred tax (recovery) expense Net loss Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 298,914 (133,900) (861,978) (0.014)	\$ 504,854 (5,500) (139,072) (0.002)	\$ 2,508 (39,382) (119,603) (0.002)	\$ 17,140 14,835 (299,447) (0.004)	

(a) Net of recoveries, but excluding write-downs (see additional info below)

### G) QUARTERLY RESULTS (Continued):

The Company is involved in mineral exploration and has no operating revenues. The fluctuations in the quarterly loss are mainly due to the normal timing of expenditures, however, certain additional non-cash items may also have a significant impact. Examples include share-based compensation expense, write-downs of exploration and evaluation assets, and deferred income tax provisions.

Share-based compensation expense was recorded in the following quarterly periods: Q2 – \$6,000; Q4-2011 – \$273,000; Q3-2011 – \$231,000; Q2-2011 – \$62,000; Q4-2010 – \$210,000.

Write-downs of exploration and evaluation assets were recorded in the following quarterly periods: Q4-2011 – \$2,906,158; Q3-2011 – \$657,331; Q1-2011 – \$72,000, as explained in MD&A section "E) Exploration and Evaluation Assets".

A net gain on investments of \$17,750 is recorded in Q1-2012.

Deferred tax (recovery) expense for each quarter is also disclosed above. In each of Q4-2011 and Q3-2011, the Company's substantial income tax recovery was attributable to operating losses and the tax impact of write-downs of E&E assets, as reduced by income tax adjustments relating to flow-through shares. For additional information about the Company's income tax position, see Note 8 to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012.

#### H) RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012:

All figures reported in this section are for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011.

#### Net Loss:

Net loss of \$261,149 for 2012 is \$859,504 lower than the 2011 net loss of \$1,120,653. The \$859.504 decrease in the annual net loss is due to: i) decreased operating expenses of \$255,531, ii) decreased other expense, net of \$782,755 (i.e. 2012 – income of \$35,009, 2011 – expense of \$747,746), iii) decreased income tax recovery of \$178,782, as outlined below.

#### Total Expenses and Operating Loss:

Total expenses and operating loss of \$296,158 in 2012 is \$255,531 (i.e. 46%) lower than the 2011 total expenses and operating loss of \$551,689. The decrease in total expenses and operating loss is further explained below:

Components of expenses		<u>%</u> change	 ne months ended otember 30, 2012	<u></u>	e months ended tember 30, 2011	(d	<u>\$</u> ncrease lecrease) expense
Management fees Share-based compensation Professional and regulatory fees Office and administration Depreciation Claims management NWT clean-up Investigation of new properties	a) b) c) d) e) f)	+ 10 - 98 - 4 - 6 - 47 + 70 - + 527	\$ 112,631 6,000 83,024 57,784 1,200 3,150 8,212 24,157	\$	102,563 293,000 86,743 61,431 2,250 1,848 - 3,854	\$	10,068 (287,000) (3,719) (3,647) (1,050) 1,302 8,212 20,303
Total expenses and operating loss		- 46	\$ 296,158	\$	551,689	\$	(255,531)

# H) RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (Continued):

# Total Expenses and Operating Loss (Continued):

Some key explanations follow:

- a) Increased fees associated with increased CFO activities in 2012 (website, audit prep, sales tax and flow-through audits) accounts for \$8,069 of the \$10,068 increase.
- b) Number of share purchase options granted/vested were significantly lower in 2012 than 2011.
- c) Office and administration for 2012 includes new website expenses of \$9,842 (2011 nil), lower trust services of \$3,662 (2011 \$14,194). The reduction in trust services is due to the timing of the AGM (i.e. Q4-2012 vs. Q3-2011).
- d) Claims management program implemented in Q3-2011, therefore not applicable to Q1/Q2-2011.
- e) Started directly expensing clean-up of Morris Lake properties in 2012; previously capitalized.
- f) New consultant retained in 2012.

#### Other Income (Expense):

Other income of \$35,009 in 2012 is \$782,755 higher than 2011 other expense of \$747,746. The reduction in other expense, net is further explained below:

Components of other income (expension	<u>se)</u>	<u>e</u> Septe	e months ended ember 30, 2012	 ne months ended otember 30, 2011	(d	<u>\$</u> ncrease lecrease) et expense
Interest income Part XII.6 recovery (tax) Loss on disposal of equipment Write-down of E&E assets Unrealized loss on investment Gain on sale of investment	g) h) j) k) I)	\$	1,314 17,945 - (3,000) 18,750	\$ 4,818 (20,000) (3,233) (729,331) -	\$	3,504 (37,945) (3,233) (729,331) 3,000 (18,750)
Other income (expense), net	-,	\$	35,009	\$ (747,746)	\$	(782,755)

Note: %'s not presented since not considered useful

# Other Income (Expense) (Continued):

Some key explanations follow:

- g) Greater cash surplus invested in 2011, therefore greater interest income in 2011.
- h) Recovery in 2012 of prior years' federal Part XII.6 tax relating to flow-through shares.
- i) Disposal in 2011 of ATV used on Morris Lake properties.
- j) Write-down of NWT Morris Lake properties in 2011 due to impairment.
- k) Unrealized write-down of held-for-trading investment in 2012.
- I) Sale of unquoted equity investment in 2012 for gross proceeds of \$20,000; carrying value of \$1,250.

# Deferred Tax (Recovery) Expense:

See MD&A section "G) Quarterly Results" for information concerning the income tax recovery in 2012 and 2011.

# I) LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES:

The Company has available cash and working capital resources as outlined below. The Company also has a flow-through expenditure commitment to be satisfied from available resources.

<u>As at</u>	 <u>ember 30,</u> 2012	 ember 31 <u>,</u> 2011	 ember 30 <u>,</u> 2011
Cash and cash equivalents Working capital (deficiency) [includes cash and	\$ 95,619	\$ 1,008,105	\$ 395,958
cash equivalents]	(11,590)	564,139	443,436
Flow-through expenditure commitment	516,000	722,000	644,000

The Company's management recognizes the need to raise additional capital in 2012 and 2013 to fund both exploration and operating activities. See the paragraphs below on Recent Activities – Private Placements in Q4-2012.

#### Common Shares Issued to Acquire Assets:

No common shares were issued in Q1-2012 to acquire E&E assets. In Q2-2012, 50,000 shares were issued by the Company to acquire E&E assets. In Q3-2012, an additional 150,000 common shares were issued to acquire E&E assets. These transactions did not affect the Company's liquidity.

Early in Q4-2012, an additional 100,000 common shares were issued as a finder's fee in connection with a Q3-2012 E&E asset acquisition (Guyenne).

#### Net Capital Resources Raised:

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company raised total net capital resources of \$1,126,331 from private placements and warrant/option exercises. This amount was net of issue costs paid/payable in cash (but excludes the effect of other warrants issued and recorded as transaction costs, and also deferred tax benefits). No funds were raised in Q1/Q2/Q3-2012 from either private placements or warrant/option exercises.

#### Recent Activities – Private Placements In Q4-2012:

The Company participates in capital resource transactions with investors and others to raise funds for exploration and working capital purposes. This may include private placements and exercises of share purchase warrants and stock options.

On October 29, 2012, the Company completed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement offering (Offering #1). The Company sold 431,000 units at a price of \$0.60 per unit for gross proceeds of \$258,600. Each unit consisted of five common shares (four flow-through common shares and one non-flow-through common share) and two and one-half common share purchase warrants. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional non-flow-through common share at a price of \$0.17 for a period of 24 months from the date of closing of Offering #1. The Company incurred 7% finders' fees in the amount of \$18,102 and issued 150,850 broker warrants in connection with Offering #1. Each broker warrant entitles the holder to acquire one non-flow-through common share at a price of \$0.12 for a period of 24 months from the date of closing of Offering #1 added a total of 2,155,000 common shares, 1,077,500 investor warrants and 150,850 broker warrants to the Company's outstanding securities.

On November 5, 2012, the Company completed the second and final tranche of the non-brokered private placement offering (Offering #2). The Company sold 225,000 units at a price of \$0.60 per unit for gross proceeds of \$135,000. Each unit consisted of five common shares (four flow-through common shares and one non-flow-through common share) and two and one-half common share purchase warrants. Each full warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional non-flow-through common share at a price of \$0.17 for a period of 24 months from the date of closing of Offering #2. The Company incurred 7% finders' fees in the amount of \$7,350 and issued 61,250 broker warrants in connection with Offering #2. Each broker warrant entitles the holder to acquire one non-flow-through common share at a price of \$0.12 for a period of 24 months from the date of closing of Offering #2 added a total of 1,125,000 common shares, 562,500 investor warrants and 61,250 broker warrants to the Company's outstanding securities.

# I) LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued):

#### Recent Activities – Private Placements In Q4-2012 (Continued):

The proceeds of the two offerings are to be used 80% to fund exploration expenditures (for flow-through purposes) and 20% for general corporate purposes. Securities issued in these private placements are subject to a four-month statutory hold period.

#### Recent Activities – Warrant Exercises In Q4-2012:

On October 16, 2012, 75,000 broker warrants were exercised at \$0.08 each for total proceeds of \$6,000. On November 1, 2012, 35,000 broker warrants were exercised at \$0.08 each for total proceeds of \$2,800. The 110,000 warrants were due to expire on November 2, 2012 (see Note 7d).

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements:**

The Company has no off-balance sheet financing arrangements.

# J) SHARE DATA:

The Company's share data as at September 30, 2012 with a roll-forward to November 22, 2012, the date of this MD&A, is as follows:

Share Data:	<u>As at</u> September 30, 2012	<u>Transactions</u> <u>after</u> <u>September 30,</u> <u>2012</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>November 22,</u> <u>2012</u>
Common shares outstanding	70,769,369	(1)(2) 3,490.000 (3)	74,259,369
Potential issuance of common shares Warrants (see schedule below) Stock options issued to directors, officers	24,811,501	(2)(3) 1,742,100	26,553,601
and others (see schedule below)	6,850,000	-	6,850,000
Fully diluted number of common shares outstanding	102,430,870	5,232,100	107,662,970

The fully diluted number of common shares outstanding excludes 7,900,000 potentially issuable common shares pursuant to existing option agreements with third parties – see MD&A section "E) Exploration and Evaluation Assets".

#### **Outstanding Warrants:**

				<u></u>	ransactions	
	Original		As at		after	As at
	term	Exercise	September 30,	<u>Se</u>	<u>ptember 30,</u>	November 22,
Expiry date	(years)	price	<u>2012</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>2012</u>
November 2, 2012	2	\$0.08	110,000	(2)	(110,000)	-
May 2, 2013	2	\$0.15	3,750,000		-	3,750,000
December 30, 2012	3	\$0.20	3,000,000		-	3,000,000
January 27, 2013	3	\$0.20	13,654,000		-	13,654,000
June 29, 2013	2	\$0.30	150,000		-	150,000
Nov./Dec., 2013	2	\$0.20	3,495,834		-	3,495,834
Nov./Dec., 2013	2	\$0.20	651,667		-	651,667
October 26/31, 2014	2	\$0.17	-	(3)	1,640,000	1,640,000
October 26/31, 2014	2	\$0.12	-	(3)	212,100	212,100
Totals			24,811,501		1,742,100	26,553,601

# J) SHARE DATA (Continued):

# Outstanding and Exercisable Stock Options:

The 26,553,601 outstanding warrants have a weighted average exercise price of \$0.19 each. The Company has the right to accelerate the expiry of the unexercised 13,654,000 investor warrants issued on January 27, 2010, if the Company's stock trades over \$0.30 for 30 consecutive days.

Expiry date	Exercise price	<u>As at</u> <u>September 30,</u> <u>2012</u>	<u>Transactions</u> <u>after</u> <u>September 30,</u> <u>2012</u>	<u>As at</u> <u>November 22,</u> <u>2012</u>
January 8, 2013	\$0.135	50,000	-	50,000
April 9, 2013	\$0.16	550,000	-	550,000
September 12, 2013	\$0.115	100,000	-	100,000
February 4, 2015	\$0.11	650,000	-	650,000
October 6, 2015	\$0.125	1,200,000	-	1,200,000
November 15, 2015	\$0.17	700,000	-	700,000
May 17, 2016	\$0.24	300,000	-	300,000
September 12, 2016	\$0.17	1,675,000	-	1,675,000
December 8, 2016	\$0.20	1,475,000	-	1,475,000
February 9, 2017	\$0.175	150,000	-	150,000
Totals	_	6,850,000	-	6,850,000

The 6,850,000 outstanding stock options have a weighted average exercise price of \$0.17 each. All of these options have a 5-year term and vested at their respective grant dates.

# Transactions After September 30, 2012:

- (1) Issue of 100,000 common shares re Guyenne acquisition (see Sections E and I)
- (2) Exercise of 110,000 broker warrants (see Section I)
- (3) Issue of 3,280,000 common shares, 1,640,000 investor warrants and 212,100 broker warrants from private placements (see Section I)

# K) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company considers its related parties to consist of its key management personnel (i.e. officers, directors and advisory committee members) and companies related to such individuals. Details of transactions with related parties are as follows:

	 e months ended tember 30, 2012	 <u>Nine months</u> <u>ended</u> September 30, <u>2011</u>	
Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss Management fees – officers Share-based compensation – officers Legal fees – officer's law firm Rent – officers and director	\$ 112,631 6,000 48,068 16,830	\$ 124,060 293,000 44,914 8,296	
	\$ 183,529	\$ 470,270	

The Company's officers receive management fees through their companies pursuant to fee-for-service arrangements with the Company, in lieu of salaries. The Company's Board of Directors approves these fees and the share-based compensation.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company also incurred and capitalized \$12,675 (2011 – \$42,105) of E&E asset acquisition legal costs with an officer's law firm.

Amounts receivable as at September 30, 2012 includes \$10,000 (December 31, 2011 – nil) due from an officer/director (Note 6). Trade and other payables as at September 30, 2012 includes \$43,981 (December 31, 2011 – \$32,507) owed to officers, an advisory committee member, and their companies. The related party receivable/payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due within 30 days.

#### L) FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS:

The Company's financial instruments consist of financial assets and liabilities as outlined below.

	Se	ptember 30, 2012	<u>D</u>	<u>ecember 31,</u> 2011
<u>Financial Assets</u> Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) Investment Cash equivalents	\$	5,500 50,000 55,500	\$	8,500 500,000 508,500
Loans and receivables Amounts receivable Cash	_	26,988 45,619 72,607		92,364 508,105 600,469
Total Financial Assets	\$	128,107	\$	1,108,969
<u>Financial Liabilities</u> Other financial liabilities Trade and other payables	_\$	154,212	\$	547,253

# L) FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (Continued):

As at September 30, 2012, the carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial instruments are approximately the same. In addition, the Company's financial instruments that are carried at fair value consist of cash equivalents, classified as "Level 2", and a FVTPL investment, classified as "Level 1", within the fair value hierarchy.

#### Credit risk

The Company's financial assets are exposed to some credit risk. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. The Company does not use derivatives to manage credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due.

#### Market risk

The Company's market risk has three components – interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and price risk.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and nominal interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in guaranteed investment certificates issued by its banking institution. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its bank.

#### (ii) Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and all purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. The Company has no foreign operations and thus has no foreign exchange risk derived from either currency conversions or from holding foreign currencies. The Company does not speculate in the foreign currency market nor does it have any need to acquire foreign currency hedges.

#### (iii) Price risk

The Company is exposed to some price risk with respect to commodity prices; however, this is limited since the Company is not a producing entity. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine its appropriate course of action.

### M) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

#### Flow-through Shares:

As at December 31, 2011, the Company is committed to incur, on a best efforts basis, \$786,563 in qualifying Canadian exploration expenditures pursuant to a private placement for which flow-through share proceeds had been received and renounced to investors with an effective date of December 31, 2011. As at September 30, 2012, the Company had incurred qualifying expenditures of approximately \$370,000 less exploration recoveries of \$100,000; accordingly, the Company must incur approximately \$516,000 of additional qualifying expenditures prior to January 1, 2013.

The Company has planned various exploration programs on its mineral properties for the three months ended December 31, 2012, in order to meet its flow-through obligations. See MD&A Section "I) Liquidity and Capital Resources" for information about \$393,600 of private placements completed after the end of the reporting period. A new January 1, 2014 flow-through share commitment of \$314,880 was created from these new private placements.

The Company has agreed to indemnify the subscribers of its flow-through shares for tax-related amounts that become payable by them, if the Company fails to meet it expenditure commitments.

#### Environmental Contingencies:

The Company's exploration activities are subject to various federal, provincial and international laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The Company believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and has made, and expects to make in the future, appropriate expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

# N) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### Use of Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions:

The preparation of financial statements using accounting policies that comply with IFRS, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accounting estimates are reviewed on an on-going basis and revisions are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant items in the Condensed Interim Financial Statements that involve the use of estimates include the valuation of exploration and evaluation assets, other warrants and share-based compensation, decommissioning, restoration and similar obligations, and the valuation of deferred income tax assets.

Below are excerpts of two critical accounting policies from the significant accounting policies presented in the Company's annual audited IFRS financial statements for the year-ended December 31, 2011, along with management's commentary.

#### MINERAL PROPERTIES – ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's accounting policies for mineral property interests are as follows:

#### Pre-exploration

Prospecting and other pre-exploration expenditures incurred before the Company has the legal right to explore a mineral property are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

# N) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

# Use of Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions (Continued):

MINERAL PROPERTIES – ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Exploration and Evaluation ("E&E") Assets

Acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures are capitalized to intangible assets. Acquisition costs are the costs of acquiring legal rights to explore a mineral property. Deferred exploration expenditures are exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred after the Company has secured the legal rights to explore.

Acquisition costs include cash consideration paid and the fair market value of shares issued by the Company. Properties acquired under option agreements, whereby payments are made at the sole discretion of the Company, are recorded in the accounts when the payments are made. Deferred exploration expenditures include such items as drilling and camps, transportation, technical studies, assays, consulting fees and property-specific general and administrative expenses. Amounts recovered and administrative fees earned from exploration partners are applied as a reduction of the cost of the related mineral property interest.

The Company assesses its individual exploration and evaluation properties for impairment when facts and circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The expiry of rights to explore, the cessation of planned exploration activities, and the indication of mineral reserves that are insufficient to recover the capitalized costs are important factors the Company considers in identifying impairment. When an impairment situation is identified, a write-down of the related intangible asset is charged to profit or loss.

#### Management's Commentary

In 2011, the Company applied the impairment policy for E&E assets above to its Morris Lake properties, with the result that these properties were written down by \$3,635,489. The Company continues to apply the impairment policy to its other properties at each reporting date.

#### DEFERRED TAX ASSETS – ACCOUNTING POLICY

The carrying amounts of individual deferred tax assets are reviewed at the reporting date but are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

In assessing the probability that a potential deferred tax asset will be recovered, management makes estimates as to the Company's future taxable income, applicable tax planning opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences, and the likelihood that tax positions taken by the Company will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified.

#### Management's Commentary

The Company has a potential deferred tax asset of approximately \$467,000 as at September 30, 2012, which the Company has not recorded, on the basis that it is not probable that the Company will generate future taxable income to utilize it. The potential deferred tax asset is attributable to the write-down of exploration and evaluation assets as at December 31, 2011.

# O) NEW IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET ADOPTED:

The Company has not yet adopted certain new IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards, which have been published but are only effective for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. These include:

New	IFRS standards	Description	Effective date
•	IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (issued November 2009 and revised October 2010)	The existing standard was expanded in 2010 to include guidance on the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.	April 1, 2015 (extended from January 1, 2013)
•	IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements (issued May 2011)	The standard provides a new definition of control, which is intended to provide more consistent guidance in the determination of whether control exists to justify consolidation of investees.	January 1, 2013
•	IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements (issued May 2011)	The standard addresses inconsistencies in the reporting of joint arrangements by requiring a single method to account for interests in jointly controlled entities.	January 1, 2013
•	IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (issued May 2011)	The standard sets out disclosure requirements for all forms of interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, associates, special purpose vehicles and other off statement of financial position vehicles.	January 1, 2013
•	IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement (issued May 2011)	The standard provides guidance on measuring fair value when required by other IFRS's.	January 1, 2013
•	Amendments to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements (issued June 2011)	The standard addresses accounting and disclosure for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in separate financial statements.	July 1, 2012
•	Amendments to IAS 27 – Separate Financial Statements (issued May 2011)	The standard addresses accounting and disclosure for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in separate financial statements.	January 1, 2013
•	Amendments to IAS 28 – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (issued May 2011)	The standard establishes accounting principles for investments in associates under significant influence. It sets out the equity method of accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures.	January 1, 2013

These eight new IFRS standards apply to annual periods beginning on or after the stated effective date. Early adoption is available, however, if an entity early adopts any of IFRS 10, 11, 12, or amendments to IAS27/28, it must adopt all five of these standards at the same time. Management is currently assessing the impact of adopting these proposed new standards on the Company's financial reporting.