
ACME RESOURCES INC.

Management Discussion and Analysis

**For the Year Ended June 30, 2015
(Prepared October 21, 2015)**

INTRODUCTION

The following management discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the financial position of Acme Resources Inc. (“Company”) and its investment in Golden Harp Resources Inc. (GHR) and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended June 30, 2015. The audited annual financial statements together with the following management discussion and analysis are intended to provide readers with a reasonable basis for assessing the financial performance of the Company as well as forward-looking statements relating to potential future performance. All statements, other than those of historical fact, included in this MD&A, including without limitation, statements regarding potential mineralization and reserves, exploration results and future plans and objectives of the Company, are forward-looking statements that involve various risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance such statements will prove accurate and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements.

DATE

This MD&A includes material occurring up to and including October 21, 2015.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains certain statements that may constitute “forward looking statements”. Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future anticipated property acquisitions, the content, cost, timing and results of future anticipated exploration programs, the anticipated discovery and delineation of mineral resources/reserves, proposed business and financing plans (including private placements of equity securities), anticipated business trends and potential future operating revenues. Although the Company believes that such statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as: believe, expect, anticipate, intend, estimate, postulate and similar expressions or are those which, by their nature, refer to future events. The Company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements by the Company are not guarantees of future performance, and that actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to, the Company’s inability to negotiate successfully for the acquisition of interests in mineral properties, the Company’s inability to identify one or more economic deposits on its properties, variations in the nature, quality and quantity of any mineral deposits that may be located, the Company’s inability to obtain any necessary permits, consents or authorizations required for its activities, to produce minerals from its properties successfully or profitably, to continue its projected growth, to raise the necessary capital or to be fully able to implement its business strategies.

Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from this MD&A may not necessarily indicate future results from operations. In particular, the current state of the global securities markets may cause significant reductions in the price of the Company’s securities and render it difficult or impossible for the Company to raise the funds necessary to continue operations. See “Risk Factors – Insufficient Financial Resources/Share Price Volatility”.

All of the Company’s public disclosure filings, including its most recent management information circular, material change reports, press releases and other information, may be accessed via www.sedar.com and readers are urged to review these materials, including the technical reports filed with respect to the Company’s mineral properties.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Acme Resources Inc. was incorporated in the Province of British Columbia. International KRL Resources Corp. was a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta. The Company changed its name from “International KRL Resources Corp.” to “Acme Resources Inc.” on December 7, 2009 and its shares began trading under the symbol ARI. The Company is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and developing of mineral properties in British Columbia, Saskatchewan and the Yukon Territory. The Company has been focusing on identifying exploration opportunities and joint ventures for its properties.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

At this time, the Company does not own any operating mines and has no operating income/sales from mineral production. Funding for operations is raised primarily through public and private share offerings. Future operations and the Company’s ability to meet mineral property option commitments are dependent on the Company’s ability to raise sufficient funding through share offerings or operations to support current and future expenditures. At June 30, 2015, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$194,320.

Realization of the carrying value of mineral interests is dependent upon funding, the ability of the Company and third parties to bring mineral interests into profitable production, or recovery from sale.

The audited financial statements have been prepared on a going concern assumption which contemplates the Company will continue in operation and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Should the going concern assumption not continue to be appropriate, further adjustments to carrying values may be required.

During the twelve month period ending June 30, 2015, the Company raised no capital from private placements. The Company received loan proceeds totaling \$60,000 (three promissory notes at \$20,000 each) during the fiscal year. At the end of the previous fiscal year there was one promissory note totaling \$100,000 outstanding. The \$20,000 notes are due on August 7, 2016, July 16, 2015, and November 19, 2015 while the \$100,000 note is due February 11, 2016. The notes bear interest at the rate of 10% per annum payable quarterly. No cash was spent on mineral interest acquisition and exploration expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2015.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – MINERAL PROPERTIES

Net loss for the year was \$92,928 compared to a net loss of \$121,596 for the prior year, reflecting a net overall decrease in loss of \$28,668. Full details on exploration expenditures are disclosed in Note 8 accompanying the audited financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2015. See the mineral property update below, for further details of activities.

EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

Investment in Golden Harp Resources Inc.

Background on Golden Harp Resources Inc.

Golden Harp Resources Inc. (“GHR”) was incorporated on May 3, 2006 as a subsidiary of Acme Resources Inc. for the purpose of “spinning -off” to the Company’s shareholders its various mineral properties located in the Shining Tree Area in the Abitibi Greenstone Belt of Northeast Ontario.

The Return of Capital Shares were issued to Acme Resources Inc. in fiscal 2006 when 10,000,000 GHR shares were issued to the Company in consideration of the transfer by the Company of the Copper Hill claims at a deemed issue price of \$0.32 per share. During fiscal year 2008, GHR gained reporting issuer status and completed an initial public offering and listed its shares on the TSX Venture Exchange. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, Golden Harp consolidated its capital on a 10 old shares for one new share basis. Acme Resources currently holds 1,000,000 shares of Golden Harp.

Copper Hill Property, Ontario

Golden Harp’s Copper Hill property is located 100 kilometres south of Timmins, between Shining Tree and Gowganda, 87 kilometres southwest of Kirkland Lake along Highway 560 in Northern Ontario, Canada. It consists of 855 contiguous claim units covering approximately 145 square kilometers in the Larder Mining District of the prolific Abitibi Greenstone Belt. There are a number of high priority gold and base metal targets on the property, which require further evaluation.

Historical work to date on the various gold occurrences has shown that there is good potential for the property to host both narrow-vein, high-grade targets and near-surface, bulk tonnage targets. The property also hosts a number of base metal occurrences in and around the Copper Hill Zone. Further, there are also numerous additional gold and base metal occurrences, which have received limited or no exploration and require evaluation.

The property was 100%-owned subject to certain mineral claims, which are subject to net smelter royalties (“NSR”) varying from 1% to 3%. The Company or its Joint Venture (for the Block A property) is entitled to purchase all or part of the NSRs depending on the underlying option agreements.

The Company entered into an option agreement with Benton Resources Inc. on the Block A ground in June, 2009. The Block A Property represents 351 of the 855 claim units in the northeastern portion of the Company’s claim block. Benton could earn up to a 70% interest by spending \$3 million in exploration, issuing the Company cash and common shares of Benton. On October 26, 2010, Mineral Mountain Resources Inc. assumed all obligations under the Benton Resources Inc. option agreement. Mineral Mountain Resources Ltd. fulfilled all conditions and has met all terms to earn a 70% interest in Block A of the Company’s Property at Shining

Tree. The Company and Mineral Mountain have formed a Joint Venture on the Block A property. On January 29, 2015 Mineral Mountain entered into an agreement to sell its interest in the Block A joint venture to Timothy Young.

The Company entered into a separate option agreement with Mineral Mountain Resources Inc. on the Main Block ground in August, 2010. The Main Block Property covers two historic gold occurrences including the Golden Sylvia Gold Zone and the North Foley Lake Gold Zone and represents one of the largest prospective land packages in the Shining Tree Mining Camp including a total of 504 of the 855 claim units in the Company's claim block. On December 9, 2011, Mineral Mountain informed Golden Harp that it did not intend to proceed with the option on the Main Block. The Company has not completed any exploration on the property since the cancellation of the Mineral Mountain option. All Block A claims are currently in good standing until at least March, 2015.

Golden Harp Exploration

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the Company completed a prospecting program to advance and prioritize targets for a future drill program. Approximately twelve areas of interest associated with induced polarization (IP) targets and/or magnetic anomalies were examined. On the west shore of North Foley Lake a strongly sheared and heavily carbonate altered quartz eye porphyritic intrusive was identified on the south side of a strong IP anomaly covered by low lying ground. The North Foley IP target appears to be related to a historical drill hole (CH05-14) under North Foley Lake a short distance east of the Golden Harp IP zone. Hole CH05-14 ended prematurely in disseminated sulphide mineralization hosted within altered leucoxene mafics marking the start of a new gold zone. Historical assays near the end of this hole returned 1.1 g/t gold over 1.4 metres from 347.1 to 348.5 metres, and the last metre of the hole assayed 1.35 g/t gold from 350 to 351 metres. At this time there is a distinct possibility that the IP target adjacent to the porphyry intrusive is representative of the strike extension of the new gold zone found at the bottom of CH05-14. Further drilling is required to fully evaluate this priority target. Further, sulphide zones with limited exposure were noted on two of the priority geophysical target areas and these zones returned anomalous gold values. Drilling is warranted to definitively evaluate these targets. The Company has not conducted any exploration during the current fiscal year.

Benton Resources and Mineral Mountain Resources Exploration on the Block A Option Ground

During the first quarter of 2010, Benton continued an aggressive exploration program and began its second drill program on the Block A ground. The drill program was designed to follow up on the previously released high-grade results from the Cook Zone and to test the strike length of the MC Zone. The Cook Zone was subject to the first three holes. The remaining bulk of the drilling was focused on the MC Zone where exploration programs during the summer of 2009 identified a strike extensive coincident induced polarization chargeability response and soil geochemical anomaly up to 900 metres long where individual samples returned greater than 0.5 g/t gold with the highest value returning 5.11 g/t gold. This target occurs along strike to the north west of the MC Zone where diamond drilling in 2008 by Golden Harp intersected 3.6 g/t gold over 9.0m (including 14.29 g/t Au over 2.0m) from hole GH-019. A substantial drill program is planned to systematically test the new coincident soil and IP anomaly and the MC Zone. Prospecting and geological mapping programs continued concurrently.

Benton's exploration program also identified a new gold zone (the Crocker Zone) with assay results of up to 9.65 grams per tonne (g/t) gold (Au) from surface grab samples. A total of 20 samples were collected over a strike length of 340 metres (m) with values ranging from 0.012 g/t to 9.65 g/t Au. Five of the samples returned gold values of greater than 2.0 g/t Au (9.65, 9.50, 6.07, 2.27 and 2.24 g/t Au) while 9 samples returned values ranging from 0.15 to 0.81 g/t Au. This new zone is located approximately 300m north of the MC zone. Like the MC zone, the Crocker Zone is hosted within pyrite-rich green carbonate altered ultramafic volcanic rocks.

During the second quarter of 2010 Benton Resources issued the drill results from the Phase 2 drill program on the Block A option ground. A compilation of Phase 1 and Phase 2 results for holes GH09-01 to GH09-10 on the Cook Zone identified a bulk tonnage gold target which includes intercepts of 1.69 g/t gold over 37.6 metres from GH09-01, 2.05 g/t gold over 45.1 metres from GH09-02, 1.36 g/t gold over 15 metres from GH09-09 and 0.92 g/t gold over 27 metres in GH09-10. See NR, November 20, 2009 for further details.

In addition, drilling identified wide zones of highly anomalous gold mineralization from the MC zone as well as from several Induced Polarization (IP) and soil geochemical targets located between the Cook and MC zones.

The Phase Two drill program included; three holes (GH09-08 to GH09-10) which tested the Cook zone, three holes (GH09-21 to GH09-23) which tested the MC zone and 11 holes (GH09-11 to 20 and GH09-23) which tested various IP and soil geochemical exploration targets located between the Cook and MC zones.

Benton issued drill results from the Phase 3 drill program on Block A during the last quarter of fiscal 2010. The 12 hole, 2,852 meter drill program consisted of a series of stratigraphic fences designed to test a wide area of low grade gold mineralization and alteration

associated with the MC and Crocker zones. This altered and mineralized stratigraphy is over 300 meters in width and is bounded by two north-northwest faults splaying off of the Hydro Creek fault. Previous drilling by Golden Harp Resources (GH drill holes) and by Benton (GH09 drill holes) have intersected significant intervals of gold mineralization including 0.90 g/t Au over 43.8 meters (GH-25), 0.62 g/t Au over 28.3 meters (GH-23), 4.5 g/t Au over 7.0 meters and 0.68 g/t Au over 20.5 meters (GH-19) and 0.43 g/t Au over 56 meters (GH09-22). The drilling program was cut short due to the spring breakup.

Mineral Mountain announced a 3,500 meter drill program at the Cook zone during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The program was expanded to 10,000 meters during the current quarter. The drill program has been successful in expanding gold intersections to a depth of 300 m.

Highlights of the assays include:

GH10-38 intersected 4.66 g/t Au over 14.0 m including 13.01 g/t Au over 4.0 m
GH11-41 intersected 3.17 g/t Au over 15.0 m including 9.29 g/t over 4.05 m and 31.11 g/t Au over 1.05 m
GH11-44 intersected 3.46 g/t Au over 13.25 m including 5.17 g/t over 6.9 m and 10.28 g/t Au over 1.0 m
GH 11-53 intersected 67.5 m assaying 1.00 g/t Au including 13.5 m assaying 2.04 g/t

During the 2012 fiscal year Mineral Mountain announced the results for an additional 6 diamond drill holes (GH11-55 to 59) at the Cook zone. Highlights of these results were:

GH11-60 intersected 7.04 m assaying 4.284 g/t Au within a broader interval of 24.5 m assaying 2.444 g/t Au
GH11-59, the deepest intersection in the Cook Zone to date at -400 m vertical, intersected 3 separate gold zones of 4.3 m grading 4.4 g/t Au, 3.0 m grading 2.7 g/t Au and 38.0 m grading 0.822 g/t Au.

During the 2012 fiscal year, Mineral Mountain announced final assay results of an additional 5 diamond drill holes (GH11-61 to 65) from the on-going drill program at the Cook zone. Highlights of these holes included:

GH11-65 intersected 4.5 m assaying 5.69 g/t Au within a broader interval of 16.5 m assaying 2.07 g/t Au between 151.5 m to 168.0 m
GH11-64 supports the northwest plunger intersected 4.5 m grading 4.8 g/t Au, from 241.5 to 246 m down hole.

Mineral Mountain also announced the final results of a combined 64 hole reverse circulation (RC) drilling program and a 292 shovel pit sampling program covering both the Main Block and Block A. This RC sampling technique has proven to be highly effective in identifying and pinpointing the best gold zones within large gold systems. The program succeeded in identifying a very fertile N-S gold corridor located in the northern part of Block A that is up to 5 km long ranging from 200 to 600 m wide.

There has been no material exploration on the Main Block or Block A during fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 or the first nine months of the current fiscal year. The Company wrote down the value of its interests in the Copper Hill property during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

The technical information regarding the Benton Resources Corp. exploration results is extracted from press releases issued by Benton Resources Corp. and technical information regarding the Mineral Mountain Resources Ltd. exploration results is extracted from press releases issued by Mineral Mountain Resources Ltd.

Nor Property, Yukon

The Nor IOCG (iron oxide-copper-gold) property is located on the east flank of the Richardson Mountains, about 65 km east of the Dempster Highway and 395 km north of Dawson City. During fiscal 2009 the Company earned a 100% interest in the property. The Company paid \$207,500 cash and issued 66,667 shares.

Certain claims are subject to a 2% NSR royalty. The Company has the right to purchase 50% of the NSR royalty retained by the Optionor for a purchase price of \$2,000,000 and the right of first refusal on the remaining 50%.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, fuel left on the Nor Property was removed in order to satisfy permit requirements. The fuel was then sold and resulted in a recovery of \$10,559. Subsequent to the removal of the fuel and other items left on site, the Yukon Ministry of Energy, Mines and Resources issued a Certificate of Completion for the Company's exploration permit.

The Company completed no exploration on the Nor property during the current fiscal year.

Bear River Property, BC

The Company's Bear River property is located in the Skeena Mining Division, BC, in the historic Stewart Gold Camp. After expiry of the Old John claim during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010, the Company owns 100% interest in only one (and a fraction) mineral claims, covering an approximate area of 475 hectares (1,175 acres), with the one claim being subject to a 3.5% NSR.

The Company incurred no exploration expenditures on the Bear River property during the fiscal year. The Company is seeking a strategic partnership to accelerate the evaluation of the mineral potential of the Bear River property.

Middle Lake Property, Saskatchewan

The Middle Lake uranium property is located in the uranium-rich Athabasca Basin. During October, 2004, the Company staked 1 claim, consisting of 5,990 acres in the Athabasca Basin area of Saskatchewan. The Company's claim, in the Cluff Lake Structure, also known as the Carswell Dome, is located on the west side by the mining licenses of the past producing Cluff Lake Mine. The claim covers 2,416 hectares (5,970 acres). Acme Resources Inc. granted an option to Alpha Minerals Inc. ("Alpha") (previously ESO Uranium Corp.) an to acquire a 50% interest in the property in return for \$25,000 cash consideration, 200,000 shares and a \$100,000 work commitment. During the fiscal 2009, Alpha met the terms of the option agreement and has a 50% interest in the property.

Pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement dated July 24, 2008, the Company granted Alpha a further 30% interest in the claim, resulting in the third party having a 80% undivided interest in the property, subject to the delivery of a bankable feasibility study. The Company will retain a carried interest until the feasibility study is delivered, at which time the Company will have the choice to take on a 20% participating interest in a new company to operate the production facility or take on a 2% gross overriding royalty for all uranium mineral products and a 2% net smelter returns royalty for all other metals.

Alpha completed and released the results of a 3,287 meter drill program in 31 holes in the Donna zone at the Middle Lake property during the 2014 fiscal year. It was also announced that ten holes showed elevated radioactivity and strong alteration. The Alpha team considers the first phase of drilling to have been an encouraging first step towards locating shallow mineralization that may be associated with a source area of the historical Donna boulder field located down-ice to the southwest. Further information regarding the results of the winter drill program can be found in Acme's press release dated April 1, 2014.

Alpha announced a winter program at Middle Lake during the current quarter. Alpha commenced the 17 hole program in February 2015. A total of 1,850 meters were drilled in total. No significant radioactivity was intersected during the drill program.

Alpha will return all the Company's interest in any of the claims upon a decision by Alpha to terminate work thereon. The 2008 Joint Venture Agreement remains in good standing.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Net income (loss)	(92,928)	(121,596)	(\$1,449,023)
Net income (loss) per share (basic and diluted)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(\$0.13)
Total assets	435,639	\$438,485	\$424,824

As the Company has no revenues, increased exploration activity and operations causes an increase in losses. Other losses can be caused by write-downs or write-offs of carrying value of impaired mineral assets.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net loss in the current year was \$92,928 compared to a net loss of \$121,596 for the prior year, reflecting a decrease in the net loss of \$28,668. Significant line item changes were as follows:

- Consulting fees were \$15,000 in 2015 compared to \$24,825 in 2014 reflecting a decrease in management fees.
- The finance fee associated with the outstanding promissory notes decreased by \$21,115 year over year to \$2,776 in 2015.
- Interest expense increased to \$13,897 in 2015 compared to \$8,987 in 2014.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS (Prepared in accordance with IFRS)

	June 30, 2015	Mar 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2015	Sep 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	Mar 31, 2014	Dec 31, 2013	Sep 30, 2013
Net income (loss)	(21,331)	(26,535)	(18,830)	(26,232)	(30,117)	(36,061)	(31,423)	(23,995)
Net income (loss) per share (Basic and diluted)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(.003)	(0.003)	(0.003)	(0.002)

The operating results of junior exploration companies are capable of demonstrating wide variations from period to period. Other than the descriptions regarding administrative costs already discussed, management of the Company does not believe that meaningful information about the Company's operations can be derived from an analysis of quarterly fluctuations in any more detail than presented herein.

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The Company's significant accounting policies are set out in Note 2 of the audited annual financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2015. All financial amounts are in Canadian dollars.

The audited annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern assumption which contemplates the Company will continue in operation and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations as disclosed in Note 1 of the year-end financial statements.

LIQUIDITY

At June 30, 2015, the Company held cash and cash equivalents of \$6,537 compared to \$4,840 at the end of the previous fiscal year. Accounts receivable totaling \$838 were comprised of recoverable goods and services tax. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$26,669 are comprised of normal trade payables for ongoing operations. Also included in current liabilities is the promissory note of \$182,884 that was issued as part of a loan in the amount of \$160,000. The amount includes \$22,884 in interest payable.

The Company does not have sufficient cash to continue funding its current property maintenance and administrative costs. The Company will need to raise further funds to cover ongoing administrative costs and to undertake future exploration programs and/or acquire additional exploration assets.

The Company periodically seeks additional financing through the issuance of equity. While the Company has been successful in raising capital in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Commitments

The Company is committed to aggregate premise lease payments of \$23,347 as follows:

- \$21,551 for fiscal 2016 and
- \$1,796 for fiscal 2017.

In addition the Company is also committed to pay additional rent being comprised of its share of tax cost and operation costs.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS:

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements that would potentially affect current or future operations, or the financial condition of the Company.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company incurred the following related party transactions with companies that are controlled by a relative of a director of the Company.

	Years ended	
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Financing costs – relative of a director of the Company	\$ 2,776	\$ 23,891
Interest expense – relative of a director of the Company	13,897	8,987
Travel and transport fees – company controlled by relative of a director of the Company	-	14,676
	\$ 16,673	\$ 47,554

Key management personnel compensation

	Years ended	
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Consulting fees - payments made to officers	\$ 15,000	\$ 10,825
Consulting fees - payments made to a director	-	9,000
	\$ 15,000	\$ 19,825

Related party balances

The Company advanced \$NIL (June 30, 2014 – \$3,068) to Golden Harp, which is included in prepaid expenses and deposits at June 30, 2015.

Four promissory notes totaling \$160,000 (June 30, 2014 – \$100,000) and accrued interest of \$22,884 (June 30, 2014 – \$6,211) are payable to a relative of a director of the Company (See Note 10 of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015).

Included in trade payables and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2015 is \$15,750 (June 30, 2014 – \$1,313) owed to an officer of the Company for accrued consulting fees (See Note 9 of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015).

FOURTH QUARTER

	Three Months Ended		Twelve Months Ended	
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
	-\$-	-\$-	-\$-	-\$-
Amortization	103	134	413	537
Consulting fees	3,750	3,750	15,000	24,825
Financing fee	-	6,649	2,776	23,891
Interest	3,990	2,493	13,987	8,987
Office and miscellaneous	9,496	11,923	36,591	42,197
Professional fees	2,881	3,192	11,268	10,382
Transfer agent and filing fees	1,111	1,976	12,983	13,344
Gain on disposal of equipment		-	-	(2,567)
Net Loss	21,331	30,117	92,928	121,596

For the three months ended June 30, 2015 the general and administration expenses totalled \$21,331 compared with \$30,117 in the fourth quarter of 2014, representing a decrease in net loss of \$8,786. Significant line item changes during the quarter were as follows:

- Financing fee decreased in the fourth quarter of 2015 by \$6,649 to \$NIL. The main reason for this decrease is that a promissory note was issued to finance general and administration expenses in 2014 and the financing fee was amortized over the year.
- During the fourth quarter of 2015, interest increased to \$3,990 from \$2,493 during the fourth quarter of 2014. The increase of \$1,497 is a result of more promissory notes being issued during the year to finance operating expenses.
- Office and miscellaneous expenses were \$9,496 in the fourth quarter of 2015 compared to \$11,923 in the fourth quarter of 2014, a decrease of \$2,427. This decrease was a result of lower office activity during the quarter.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In August 2015, the Company entered into a loan agreement whereby the Company received a loan of \$20,000 bearing interest at 10% per annum and due on August 4, 2016.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS:

The Company does not currently have any proposed transactions approved by the Board of Directors. All current transactions are fully disclosed in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The audited annual financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and are presented in Canadian dollars. The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The financial statements have, in management’s opinion, been properly prepared using careful judgment within reasonable limits of materiality. The significant accounting policies follow that of the annual audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES:

Resource exploration is a speculative business and involves a high degree of risk. There is no certainty that the expenditures made by the Company in the exploration of properties will result in discoveries of commercial quantities of minerals. Exploration for mineral deposits involves risks which even a combination of professional evaluation and management experience may not eliminate. Significant expenditures are required to locate and estimate ore reserves, and further the development of a property. Capital expenditures to bring a property to a commercial production stage are also significant. There is no assurance the Company has, or will have, commercially viable ore bodies. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to arrange sufficient financing to bring ore bodies into production. The following are some of the risks to the Company, recognizing that it may be exposed to other additional risks from time to time:

- Limited business history of the Company, including lack of revenues and no assurance of profitability
- Dependence on key management personnel
- Reliance on availability and performance of independent contractors
- Challenges by other unknown parties to property title
- Environmental issues
- Federal and provincial political risk
- Commodity price risk
- Financial markets

The Company is diligent in minimizing exposure to business risk, but by the nature of its activities and size, will always have some risk. These risks are not always quantifiable due to their uncertain nature. Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, then actual results may vary materially from those described on forward-looking statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of cash, receivables and trade payables and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the relatively short periods to maturity of these financial instruments.

Financial assets that may be exposed to credit risk consist primarily of cash, which are placed with a major Canadian financial institution. None of the funds are invested in asset backed commercial paper type securities.

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and the Company does not operate in foreign jurisdictions, which could give rise to exposure to market risk from foreign currency rate changes.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

The information provided in this document is not intended to be a comprehensive review of all matters concerning the Company. The users of this information should read it in conjunction with all other disclosure documents provided including but not limited to all documents filed on SEDAR (www.SEDAR.com). No securities commission or regulatory authority has reviewed the accuracy or adequacy of the information presented herein.

DISCLOSURE BY VENTURE ISSUER WITHOUT SIGNIFICANT REVENUE

An analysis of the material components of the Company's general and administrative expenses is disclosed in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 to which this MD&A relates.

OUTSTANDING SHARE CAPITAL

At October 21, 2015, the Company had the following number of securities outstanding:

Securities	Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Common shares issued and outstanding	11,324,855	N/A	N/A
Share purchase options	350,000	\$0.25	December 9, 2015
Fully diluted share Capital	11,674,855	N/A	N/A

DISCLAIMER

The information provided in this document is not intended to be a comprehensive review of all matters concerning the Company. The users of this information, including but not limited to investors and prospective investors, should read it in conjunction with all other disclosure documents provided including but not limited to all documents filed on SEDAR (www.SEDAR.com) No securities commission or regulatory authority has reviewed the accuracy or adequacy of the information presented herein.