

Canamex Gold Corp.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

Expressed in Canadian Dollars
(Unaudited)

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying condensed consolidated unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

VANCOUVER, BC
August 28, 2018

Canamex Gold Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
 (Unaudited)

	Note	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 197,547	\$ 458,709
Amounts receivable	4	21,332	24,438
Prepaid expenses		94,452	91,523
		313,331	574,670
Non-current assets			
Exploration and evaluation assets	5	10,827,407	10,677,667
Reclamation bond		28,632	27,290
		10,856,039	10,704,957
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 11,169,370	\$ 11,279,627
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	6,9	\$ 226,398	\$ 335,180
Non-current liabilities			
Secured convertible debentures	7	4,375,905	3,893,649
Gold Royalty Tokens and Security Token Offering	12	309,348	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,906,651	4,228,829
EQUITY			
Share capital	8	19,269,788	19,261,788
Reserves	7,8	3,607,517	3,536,721
Deficit		(16,619,586)	(15,747,711)
TOTAL EQUITY		6,262,719	7,050,798
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		\$ 11,169,370	\$ 11,279,627

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

Subsequent events (Note 13)

Approved on behalf of the Board:

“David Vincent”

“Michael Stark”

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Canamex Gold Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Note	Three months ended		Six months ended	
		2018	June 30, 2017	2018	June 30, 2017
Expenses					
Consulting	9	\$ 57,255	\$ 25,226	\$ 64,755	\$ 241,196
Interest and accretion expense	7	281,110	204,276	482,256	407,632
Management fees	9	46,500	45,744	93,000	125,485
Office and administrative		12,480	84,769	35,321	122,148
Professional fees		5,623	42,775	20,602	64,602
Share-based payments	8,9	-	-	70,796	106,477
Shareholder communications		15,000	40,473	42,153	82,909
Transfer agent and filing fees		29,048	6,889	46,450	23,499
Travel		5,866	579	16,542	9,910
Net loss and comprehensive loss		\$ (452,882)	\$ (450,731)	\$ (871,875)	\$ (1,183,858)
Loss per share – basic and diluted		\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		61,415,676	51,185,381	61,409,046	45,279,686

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Canamex Gold Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity
 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
 (Unaudited)

	Share capital					Reserves	Deficit	Total
	Number of shares	Amount	Subscription receivable					
Balance at December 31, 2016	39,308,371	\$ 16,811,353	\$ (241,000)		\$ 3,325,480	\$ (13,730,828)		\$ 6,165,005
Shares issued for cash	20,741,350	2,488,962	241,000		-	-	-	2,729,962
Finders shares/warrants	1,315,955	157,915	-		141,180	-	-	299,095
Share issuance costs	-	(337,622)	-		-	-	-	(337,622)
Share-based payments	-	-	-		106,477	-	-	106,477
Net loss for the period	-	-	-		-	(1,183,858)	-	(1,183,858)
Balance at June 30, 2017	61,365,676	\$ 19,120,608	\$ -		\$ 3,573,137	\$ (14,914,686)		\$ 7,779,059
Balance at December 31, 2017	61,365,676	\$ 19,261,788	\$ -		\$ 3,536,721	\$ (15,747,711)		\$ 7,050,798
Exercise of options	50,000	8,000	-		-	-	-	8,000
Share-based payments	-	-	-		70,796	-	-	70,796
Net loss for the period	-	-	-		-	(871,875)	-	(871,875)
Balance at June 30, 2018	61,415,676	\$ 19,269,788	\$ -		\$ 3,607,517	\$ (16,619,586)		\$ 6,262,719

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Canamex Gold Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows
 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
 (Unaudited)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (871,875)	\$ (1,183,858)
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Foreign exchange	(1,342)	-
Interest and accretion expense (Note 7)	482,256	407,632
Share-based payments (Note 8)	70,796	106,477
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Amounts receivable	3,106	83,488
Prepaid expenses	(2,929)	84,169
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	(108,782)	80,830
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(428,770)	(421,262)
Investing activities		
Exploration and evaluation assets	(149,740)	(1,685,535)
Reclamation bond	-	657
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(149,740)	(1,684,878)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of common shares, net	8,000	2,691,435
Proceeds from rights offering	268,000	-
Proceeds from security token offering	41,348	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	317,348	2,691,435
Change in cash	(261,162)	585,295
Cash, beginning	458,709	1,449,508
Cash, ending	\$ 197,547	\$ 2,034,803
Supplemental disclosures		
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Canamex Gold Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

1. Nature of operations and going concern

Canamex Gold Corp.'s (the "Company") head office and primary place of business is located at 750 West Pender Street, Suite 804, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T7. On April 23, 2018, the Company was accepted by the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE") for its securities primary market listing in Canada. On May 2, 2018, the Company's common shares have been approved for listing on the CSE under the symbol of "CSQ".

The Company was incorporated under the laws of Alberta on May 26, 1987. On August 18, 2009, the shareholders approved both the continuation of the Company from the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) to the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) and the new articles of the Company.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue its operations for a reasonable period of time. The Company is in the process of exploring mineral resource properties and has not yet determined whether the properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. As at December 31, 2017, the Company had not advanced any property to commercial production and is not able to finance day to day activities through operations. As at June 30, 2018, the Company has incurred losses since its inception and has an accumulated deficit of \$16,619,586 which has been funded primarily by the issuance of debt and equity. There is a material uncertainty related to these conditions that casts significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern depends upon its ability to raise adequate financing and to generate profitable operations in the future. Although the Company has been successful in obtaining the necessary financing to continue operations in the past, there can be no assurance that it will be able to or do so on terms acceptable to the Company in the future.

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation

The Company's consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance on August 29, 2018 by the Board of Directors.

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34 Interim Financial Reporting of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC"). The consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified for specific financial instruments carried at fair value where applicable. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted. Certain comparative figures may have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

Canamex Gold Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Consolidation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Canamex Resources US Inc. ("Canamex US"), Canamex Guyana Inc. ("Canamex Guyana") and ChainDelivery Royalties Corp. ("ChainDelivery"). Canamex US was incorporated in the State of Nevada, USA, Canamex Guyana was incorporated in Guyana and ChainDelivery was incorporated in British Columbia, Canada. Inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-company transactions, are eliminated on consolidation.

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from those estimates.

The areas which require management to make significant estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

a) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the profit or loss in the period the new information becomes available.

b) Impairment

The carrying value of non-financial assets is reviewed each reporting period upon the occurrence of events or changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying value of assets may not be recoverable and when criteria of assets held for sale are met to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is impaired and an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. The assessment of fair values, including those of the cash generating units (the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflow from other assets or groups of assets) ("CGUs") for purposes of testing goodwill, require the use of estimates and assumptions for recoverable production, long-term commodity prices, discount rates, foreign exchange rates, future capital requirements and operating performance. Changes in any of the assumptions or estimates used in determining the fair value of goodwill or other assets could impact the impairment analysis.

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2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions (cont'd)

c) Site Closure and Reclamation Provisions

The Company assesses its mineral properties' rehabilitation provision at each reporting date or when new material information becomes available. Exploration, development and mining activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. In general, these laws and regulations are continually changing and the Company has made, and intends to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations. Accounting for reclamation obligations requires management to make estimates of the future costs that the Company will incur to complete the reclamation work required to comply with existing laws and regulations at each location. Actual costs incurred may differ from those amounts estimated.

Also, future changes to environmental laws and regulations could increase the extent of reclamation and remediation work required to be performed by the Company. Increases in future costs could materially impact the amounts charged to operations for reclamation and remediation. The provision represents management's best estimate of the present value of the future reclamation and remediation obligation. The actual future expenditures may differ from the amounts currently provided.

d) Title to Mineral Properties

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

e) Share-Based Payments and finders' warrants

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of share options and finders' warrants granted. The fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which requires management to make certain estimates, judgments, and assumptions in relation to the expected life, expected volatility, expected risk-free rate, and expected forfeiture rate (Note 8). Changes to these assumptions could have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

f) Deferred Income Taxes

Judgment is required to determine which types of arrangements are considered to be a tax on income in contrast to an operating cost. Judgment is also required in determining whether deferred tax liabilities are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those potentially arising from un-utilized tax losses, require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate sufficient taxable income in future periods, in order to recognize deferred tax assets. Assumptions about the generation of future taxable income depend on management's estimates of future operations and cash flows. These estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations (which are impacted by production and sales volumes, commodity prices, reserves, operating costs, closure and rehabilitation costs, capital expenditure, and other capital management transactions) and judgment about the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize deferred tax assets or offset these against any deferred tax liabilities recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

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(Unaudited)

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions (cont'd)

- g) Discount rate used for convertible debt

The carrying value of the convertible debt is subject to management's estimates in determining an appropriate discount rate based on similar instruments with no conversion features.

Changes in accounting policies

- a) IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

The Company adopted IFRS 9, which replaced IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, in its financial statements beginning January 1, 2018. IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities, however it eliminates the previous IAS 39 categories for financial assets of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale.

Under IFRS 9 there are three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Derivatives embedded in contracts where the host is a financial asset in the scope of the standard are never separated. Instead, the hybrid financial instrument as a whole is assessed for classification. IFRS replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss' model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortized cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments. Under IFRS 9, credit losses are recognized earlier than under IAS 39.

The adoption of IFRS 9 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

- b) IFRS 15 – Revenue from contracts with customers

On May 28, 2014 the IASB issued IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. IFRS 15 deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. Revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the goods or services. The standard replaces IAS 18 Revenue and IAS 11 Construction contracts and related interpretations.

The adoption of IFRS 15 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

3. New accounting standards not yet effective

New standard IFRS 16 Leases - IFRS 16 is a new standard that sets out the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases including guidance for both parties of a contract, the lessee and the lessor. The new standard eliminates the classification of leases as either operating or finance leases as is required by IAS 17 and instead introduces a single lessee accounting model. IFRS 16 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early application permitted.

The Company is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of IFRS 16.

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(Unaudited)

4. Amounts receivable

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Government sales tax recoverable	\$ 21,332	\$ 22,438

5. Exploration and evaluation assets***Nye County, Nevada USA ("Bruner Property")***

On May 28, 2010, the Company entered into a property option agreement ("Option Agreement") with Provex Resources Inc. ("Provex"), a company with a director in common with the Company at the time, granting an exclusive right and option to acquire up to a 75% interest in certain mineral claims in the Bruner Property.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of a 100% interest in the claims comprising the Bruner Property for a payment of US \$1,000,000.

Certain claims comprising the Bruner property are subject to a 2.0% - 3.5% net smelter return ("NSR") royalty upon production.

Silverton Property

On October 17, 2017, the Company entered into a lease and option agreement (the "Agreement") with Precious Metals LLC ("Precious Metals"), whereby Precious Metals agreed to lease the Silverton Property to the Company on an annual basis, on the following terms:

- (a) Precious Metals will stake and record an additional 50 lode mining claims as directed by the Company around the original Silverton Property mining claims of Precious Metals, the cost of which will be covered by the Company.
- (b) The Company will pay Precious Metals the following cash payments in U.S. dollars:
 - a. \$15,000 on execution of the Agreement (paid);
 - b. \$20,000 within 12 months from the date of the Agreement;
 - c. \$25,000 within 24 months from the date of the Agreement;
 - d. \$30,000 within 36 months from the date of the Agreement;
 - e. \$30,000 on each anniversary date of the Agreement thereafter until the claims are in production; and
 - f. 2.0% NSR

The Company has the right to acquire a 100% interest in and to the Silverton Property from Precious Metals prior to production on the Silverton Property, by paying Precious Metals US\$1,250,000 cash.

The Company has the option to purchase the 2% NSR, distinct and separate from the option to purchase the Silverton Property, by paying Precious Metals US\$1,250,000 cash.

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 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)
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5. Exploration and evaluation assets (cont'd)

For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and for the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company incurred the following expenditures on the properties:

Bruner Property, Nevada	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Property acquisition costs		
Balance, beginning of the period	\$ 1,040,698	\$ 1,040,698
Additions during the period	-	-
	1,040,698	1,040,698
Exploration and evaluation costs		
Balance, beginning of the period	9,589,680	7,261,432
Costs incurred during the period:		
Drilling and related costs	44,267	426,470
Field work	19,625	44,584
Geological	72,426	511,697
Mineral rights options payment	4,726	1,337,270
Travel and accommodation	4,862	8,227
	9,735,586	9,589,680
Total - Bruner Property	\$ 10,776,284	\$ 10,630,378
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Silverton Property, Nevada		
Exploration and evaluation costs		
Balance, beginning of the period	\$ 47,288	\$ -
Geological	3,834	-
Mineral rights options payment	-	47,288
Total - Silverton Property	\$ 51,122	\$ 47,288
<hr/>		
Aranka North Property, Guyana		
Property acquisition costs		
Balance, beginning of the period	\$ 1	\$ 1
Total - Aranka North Property	\$ 1	\$ 1
Total exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 10,827,407	\$ 10,677,667

Canamex Gold Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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6. Trade payables and accrued liabilities

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Trade payables	\$ 154,172	\$ 140,650
Amounts due to related parties (Note 9)	48,782	73,956
Accrued liabilities	23,444	81,444
Interest payable	-	39,130
	\$ 226,398	\$ 335,180

7. Secured convertible debentures

During 2016 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of secured convertible debentures ("2016 Convertible Debentures") that were issued in two tranches. These 2016 Convertible Debentures have a first ranking security over the Company's interest in the Bruner Gold Property (see Note 5) and by the general assets of the Company.

- a) In October 2016, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$4,239,000, under which the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$4,239,000 of secured convertible debentures (the "Debentures"), maturing in three years on October 25, 2019. The Debentures are convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$0.16 per Share (the "Conversion Price") until October 25, 2019.

In addition, the holders of the Debentures received a total of 26,493,750 warrants ("Debenture Warrants"). Each Debenture Warrant is exercisable into a common share on or before October 25, 2019 at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. Interest on the Debentures shall be paid annually in arrears, at an annual rate of interest of 7% per annum or alternatively, if paid in shares the rate would be 10%.

A finder was issued 307,125 compensation warrants and each warrant is exercisable at \$0.20 per common share until expiry on October 25, 2019.

- b) In December 2016, the Company closed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$559,000, under which the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$559,000 of secured convertible debentures (the "Debentures"), maturing in three years on December 23, 2019. The Debentures are convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$0.16 per share until December 23, 2019. As at December 31, 2016, \$74,000 of the proceeds from the second tranche were recorded in amounts receivable and were received in 2017.

In addition, the holders of Debentures received a total of 3,493,750 warrants ("Debenture Warrants"). Each Debenture Warrant will be exercisable into a common share on or before December 23, 2019 at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. Interest on the Debentures shall be paid annually in arrears, at an annual rate of interest of 7% per annum or alternatively, if paid in shares the rate would be 10%.

A finder was issued 209,625 compensation warrants and each warrant is exercisable at \$0.20 per common share until expiry on December 23, 2019.

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7. Secured convertible debentures (cont'd)

The following table summarizes accounting for the convertible debentures and the amounts recognized in respect of the liability and equity components during the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016:

Principal		
Issued during year ended December 31, 2016	\$	4,798,000
Liability		
Gross proceeds received	\$	4,798,000
Issuance costs		(104,743)
Equity component less issue costs allocated		(1,334,959)
Liability component initially recognized		3,358,298
Accretion and interest expense recognized during 2016		118,203
Balance at December 31, 2016		3,476,501
Accretion and interest expense recognized during 2017		753,008
Interest paid and payable during 2017		(335,860)
Balance at December 31, 2017		3,893,649
Accretion and interest expense recognized during the period		482,256
Balance at June 30, 2018		\$ 4,375,905
Equity		
Equity component initially recognized in reserves	\$	1,334,959
Issuance costs		(40,377)
Deferred income tax recovery		(358,287)
Balance at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017		\$ 936,295

For accounting purposes, the convertible debentures were separated into their liability and equity components using the residual method. The fair value of the liability component at the time of issue was determined based on an estimated rate of 20% for debentures without the conversion feature. The fair value of the equity component was determined as the difference between the face value of the debentures and the fair value of the liability component. After initial recognition the liability component is carried on an amortized cost basis and is being accreted to its face value over the term to maturity of the debenture at an effective interest rate of approximately 21%. The Company also recorded a recovery of a deferred income tax liability of \$358,287 that was recognized in equity relating to the difference between the Company's accounting and tax basis.

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8. Share capital and reserves

Authorized share capital

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares without par value. On October 20, 2016, the Company consolidated its issued and outstanding shares on a 4:1 basis. The share consolidation has been retroactively presented in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes and all share amounts including per share amounts reflect the consolidation.

Shares issued during the six months ended June 30, 2018

On January 24, 2018, the Company issued 50,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$8,000 pursuant to the exercise of stock options.

Shares issued during the year ended December 31, 2017

On May 12, 2017, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 20,741,350 units for gross proceeds of \$2,488,960 at a price of \$0.12 per unit. In connection with the private placement, the Company issued 1,315,955 units to finders and incurred cash share issuance costs of \$38,525. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one warrant exercisable into a common share for \$0.20 per share for a period of five years.

Stock options

The Company has adopted a 10% rolling stock option plan which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the TSX-V requirements, grant options to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares. Options granted vest at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to value the stock options granted during the year. The Black-Scholes model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. The model requires management to make estimates which are subjective and may not be representative of actual results. Changes in assumptions can materially affect estimates of fair values.

Stock option transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2018

On January 5, 2018, the Company granted 250,000 stock options to certain consultants. The options vested immediately. The options have an exercise price of \$0.215 per share and expire in five years.

On January 22, 2018, the Company granted 150,000 stock options to a director. The options vested immediately. The options have an exercise price of \$0.21 per share and expire in five years.

Stock option transactions during the year ended December 31, 2017

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company granted 2,135,000 stock options to certain directors, officers and consultants of the Company. The options granted vested immediately and are exercisable for a period of five years from the date of grant at varying prices.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, 1,143,750 stock options expired unexercised.

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8. Share capital and reserves (cont'd)

Stock options (cont'd)

Stock option summary

The changes in options during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017 are summarized as follow:

	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Options outstanding, beginning of period	3,800,669	\$ 0.26	2,809,419	\$ 0.52
Options granted	400,000	0.21	2,135,000	0.16
Options exercised	(50,000)	0.16	-	-
Options expired/cancelled	-	-	(1,143,750)	0.70
Options outstanding and exercisable, end of period	4,150,669	\$ 0.26	3,800,669	\$ 0.26

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company recorded share-based payment expense of \$70,796, representing the fair value of the stock options granted during the year. The fair value of the stock options granted was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with following weighted average assumptions:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Risk-free interest rate	2.00%	1.31%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%
Expected forfeiture rate	0.00%	0.00%
Expected option life (years)	5.00 years	5.00 years
Expected stock price volatility	126%	136%

Details of options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Date of expiry	Exercise price	Number of options	Remaining Contractual life, years	Weighted Average Exercise Price
March 13, 2019	\$0.52	631,250	0.70	\$0.52
January 26, 2020	\$0.64	250,000	1.58	\$0.64
October 21, 2020	\$0.20	884,419	2.31	\$0.20
February 23, 2022	\$0.16	1,125,000	3.65	\$0.16
September 5, 2022	\$0.16	250,000	4.19	\$0.16
November 24, 2022	\$0.16	550,000	4.41	\$0.16
December 8, 2022	\$0.25	60,000	4.44	\$0.25
January 5, 2023	\$0.215	250,000	4.52	\$0.215
January 22, 2023	\$0.21	150,000	4.57	\$0.21
		4,150,669	3.02	\$ 0.26

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8. Share capital and reserves (cont'd)**Warrants**

The changes in warrants during the six months ended June 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017 are summarized as follow:

	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Warrants outstanding, beginning of year	59,072,093	\$ 0.20	37,125,038	\$ 0.20
Warrants issued	-	-	22,057,305	0.20
Warrants expired	-	-	(110,250)	0.00
Warrants outstanding, end of year	59,072,093	\$ 0.20	59,072,093	\$ 0.20

Included in the warrants issued are 1,315,955 warrants issued to finders as part of the units issued in the private placement completed during the year ended December 31, 2017. In 2016, the Company issued a total of 4,113,312 warrants to finders.

Details of warrants outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Date of expiry	Exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual life, years	Weighted Average Exercise Price
October 25, 2019	\$0.20	26,800,875	1.32	\$ 0.20
December 23, 2019	\$0.20	3,703,375	1.48	0.20
September 21, 2020	\$0.28	399,238	2.23	0.28
October 24, 2021	\$0.20	4,492,500	3.32	0.20
December 29, 2021	\$0.20	1,618,800	3.50	0.20
May 12, 2022	\$0.20	22,057,305	3.87	0.20
		59,072,093	2.50	\$ 0.20

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9. Related party transactions and balances***Related party balances***

Amounts due to related parties consist of charges accrued for office administration and management fees. These amounts are due to directors, officers, or companies controlled by directors or officers.

These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

The following amounts due to related parties are included in trade payables and accrued liabilities:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Directors and corporations controlled by directors of the Company	\$ 48,782	\$ 60,956
Survivor benefit ⁽¹⁾	-	13,000
	\$ 48,782	\$ 73,956

(1) Pursuant to a management services agreement, the Company has accrued a payable to the estate of the late CEO of the Company.

The Company incurred the following transactions with directors/officers of the Company and corporations that are controlled by directors/officers of the Company. The Company has identified these directors/officers as its key management personnel.

Key Management Compensation	Six months ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Fees for outside/independent directors	\$ 42,000	\$ 57,000
Management and administrative fees	91,439	152,261
Share-based payments	24,026	58,458
	\$ 157,465	\$ 267,719

10. Financial risk and capital management

The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada. As most of the Company's cash is held by banks there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions, as determined by rating agencies.

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10. Financial risk and capital management (cont'd)***Liquidity risk***

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise required funding through future equity issuances. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. The Company has a working capital surplus of \$86,933. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning and approval of significant expenditures and commitments. The Company's trade payables are generally due in terms ranging from 30 to 90 days.

Contractual undiscounted cash flow requirements for financial liabilities as at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Less Than 1 Year \$	Years 2 and 3 \$	Years 4 and 5 \$	More Than 5 Years \$	Total \$
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	226,398	–	–	–	226,398
Secured Convertible Debentures	–	4,798,000	–	–	4,798,000
	226,398	4,798,000	–	–	5,024,398

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the future fair value of cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the foreign exchange rates. The Company's financial results are reported in Canadian dollars while it conducts a significant portion of its business activities in US dollars. The assets, liabilities and expenses that are denominated in US Dollars will be affected by changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the US Dollar. If the Canadian dollar changes by one percent against the US dollar, with all other variables held constant, the impact on the Company's foreign denominated financial instruments would result in a reduction or increase of after tax net loss of less than \$1,000 for the period ended June 30, 2018.

The Company also conducts business in Guyanese Dollars. The assets, liabilities and expenses that are denominated in Guyanese Dollars will be affected by changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the Guyanese Dollar. If the Canadian dollar changes by one percent against the Guyanese dollar, with all other variables held constant, the impact on the Company's foreign denominated financial instruments would result in a reduction or increase of after tax net loss of less than \$1,000 for the period ended June 30, 2018.

Interest rate risk

The Company is not currently exposed to significant interest rate risk.

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10. Financial risk and capital management (cont'd)***Capital management***

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern such that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Company considers the items included in shareholders' equity as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, sell assets to settle liabilities or return capital to its shareholders. The Company is not exposed to externally imposed capital requirements.

Classification of financial instruments

Financial assets classified as fair value through profit or loss:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cash	\$ 197,547	\$ 458,709

Financial liabilities at amortized costs:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Trade payables	154,172	\$ 140,650
Amounts due to related parties	48,782	73,956
Interest payable	-	39,130
Secured convertible debentures	4,375,905	3,893,649

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates the carrying amount.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis consist of cash which is classified as level 1. There are no financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Canamex Gold Corp.

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11. Segmented information***Operating segments***

The Company operates in a single reportable operating segment – the acquisition and exploration of mining properties.

Geographic segments

The Company's non-current assets are located in the following countries:

	As at June 30, 2018		
	Guyana	US	Total
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 1	\$ 10,827,406	\$ 10,827,407
As at December 31, 2017			
	Guyana	US	Total
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 1	\$ 10,677,666	\$ 10,677,667

12. Gold Royalty Tokens and Security Token Offering

On February 2, 2018, the Company announced a non-brokered private placement of Gold Royalty Tokens (the "Offering"), to accredited investors for up to 1,000,000 Gold Royalty Tokens at \$6.25 (USD \$5.00) per token for gross proceeds of up to \$6,250,000. The minimum subscription is 200 Gold Royalty Tokens for \$1,250 (USD \$1,000). The Gold Royalty Tokens are redeemable in lots of 200 Gold Royalty Tokens in exchange for one fine ounce gold bar. The Gold Royalty Tokens have a term of 13 years, are not transferable and will not be listed for trading on any traditional stock exchange. The Gold Royalty Tokens will have no voting rights, nor do they have a right to participate in any residual equity of the Company. As at June 30, 2018, the Company received \$268,000 related to the Offering.

On May 9, 2018, the Company announced a non-brokered private placement to accredited investors, via an initial Security Token Offering ("STO"). Further general details of the proposed STO are as follows:

- a. Initial STO for GOLDUSA Tokens, Ethereum ERC20 Crypto Tokens, for only USD \$4.00 per token, which represented a 38% discount to USD \$6.50 value per token, based on USD \$1,300 per oz gold price. On May 22, 2018, the Company elected to increase the STO subscription offer price to USD \$4.125 per token.
- b. Exposure to gold-backed token, starting at USD \$800 per oz instead of approx. USD \$1,300 per oz spot price.
- c. Each token is an interest in 1/200 oz gold.
- d. Minimum subscription was 2,000 GOLDUSA Tokens. On May 24, 2018, the minimum subscription was increased to 25,000 GOLDUSA Tokens.

On June 11, 2018, due to the significant demand at lower subscription amounts, the Company has elected to decrease the STO minimum subscription amount from 25,000 GOLDUSA Tokens to 2,500 GOLDUSA Tokens. In accordance with the STO terms, the Company has elected to maintain the STO subscription offer price at USD \$4.25 per GOLDUSA Token, until further notice.

The Gold Royalty Tokens Offering will remain open until the STO launch date, at which time it will be closed. Gold Royalty Tokens subscriptions received prior to this STO launch date, will be offered to convert into this STO at a discount to the STO price, by offering Gold Royalty Token holders an additional 25% in GOLDUSA Tokens (Note 13).

As at June 30, 2018, the Company received \$41,348 related to the STO.

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13. Subsequent events

- i. On July 9, 2018, the Company elected to increase the STO subscription offer price to USD \$4.50 per GOLDUSA Token.
- ii. On July 16, 2018, the Company announced an offer to all warrant holders, conversion of warrants to discounted GOLDUSA Tokens (the “Offer”). The cash consideration to be received by the Company, for each warrant converted into GOLDUSA tokens is USD \$0.03 or CAD \$0.04 to convert each warrant into 0.01 GOLDUSA Token. This is equivalent to USD \$600 per oz Au, which is more than 50% value discount, based on the current spot gold price. The Offer will be open until September 28, 2018.
- iii. On August 17, 2018, the Company elected to decrease the STO subscription offer price to USD \$4.00 per GOLDUSA Token to maintain at least 30% discount to the current USD \$6.00 value per Token, using USD \$1,200 per oz. spot gold price.
- iv. On August 21, 2018, the Company executed a Sale and Purchase Agreement (“SPA”) with American International Ventures Inc. (“AIVN”) whereby the Company has bought back a retained royalty on the Company’s 100% owned Bruner Gold project, in Nevada USA.

The terms of the SPA mean that the Company will complete an early buyback of a 1.5% NSR retained by AIVN, on the Bruner Gold Project. The agreed buyback purchase price is USD \$450,000 for the retained AIVN 1.5% NSR, which AIVN has agreed to be paid by the Company issuing to AIVN 112,500 GOLDUSA Tokens, at a deemed price of USD \$4.00 per GOLDUSA Token, as fully consideration for the early buyback. The GOLDUSA Tokens issued to AIVN will be subject to a 4-month and 1-day escrow period, in accordance with National Instrument 45-102.