Scryb Inc.

CONDENSED UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

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Scryb Inc. Management's Responsibility of Financial Reporting March 31, 2022

Notice of No Auditor Review of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements; they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor. The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company on May 30, 2022. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Scryb Inc. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

As at	-	March 31, 2022	September 30, 2021
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash	\$	254,361	\$ 5,687,089
Other receivables (note 5)		3,066,397	2,907,875
Prepaid expenses		108,314	486,965
		3,429,072	9,081,929
Non-current assets			
Reclamation bonds (note 12)		73,431	73,431
Property, plant and equipment (note 7)		32,279	50,875
Right-of-use asset (note 8)		251,086	299,652
Investment in associates (note 6)		2,374,113	2,362,989
Intangible assets (notes 9 and 10)		5,505,470	6,197,161
	\$	11,665,451	\$ 18,066,037
Current Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	729,946	\$ 643,801
Current portion of lease liability (note 11)		74,277	89,725
Current portion of government loans (note 13)		60,000	60,000
		864,223	793,526
Non-Current Liabilities			
Lease liability (note 11)		316,849	293,205
Government loans (note 13)		66,629	122,719
Total liabilities		1,247,701	1,209,450
Shareholders' equity			
Capital stock (note 14)		44,582,532	44,913,345
Warrant reserve		6,953,802	7,655,043
Contributed surplus		14,936,216	14,936,216
Deficit		(56,054,800)	(50,648,017)
Total equity attributable to shareholders of Relay		10,417,750	16,856,587
	\$	11,665,451	\$ 18,066,037
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS			
"Greg Van Staveren"			"Michael Minder"
Director			Directo

Scryb Inc. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended			Six months ended				
	M	arch 31, 2022	М	arch 31, 2021	M	larch 31, 2022	M	larch 31, 2021
Revenues								
Government grant revenue	\$	51,380	\$	-	\$	51,380	\$	-
Other revenue		9,208		-		22,899		-
Sales and royalties revenue		12,709		-		63,660		_
·		73,297		-		137,939		_
Expenses		•				,		
Advertising and promotion		56,398		-		150,256		_
Amortization expense (note 7 and 9)		372,741		4,000		718,586		8,000
Consulting and management fees		559,791		716,174		1,061,669		1,169,882
Depreciation		10,144		46,322		48,567		62,808
Dilution gain on investment in associate		-		(733,616)		-		(734,260)
Insurance expenses		36,501		-		77,356		-
Interest and accretion		15,073		28,645		34,909		45,463
Gain (Loss) on investment in associate		1,237,500		(1,648,067)		495,000		(1,634,418)
Office, general and administrative		164,032		234,784		966,179		462,231
Product research and development costs		128,509		561,774		249,209		851,966
Professional fees		77,099		656,607		185,224		685,106
Salaries and benefits		682,720		596,511		1,190,854		729,764
Share-based compensation (note 14b)		-		3,261,560		-		4,030,496
Shareholder communications and marketing		149,936		1,191,372		343,950		1,554,797
Transfer agent and filing fees		5,882		18,899		22,963		43,176
Net earnings (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(3,423,027)	\$	(4,934,965)	\$	(5,406,782)	\$	(7,275,011)
Loss per share								
Basic and diluted (note 18)	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.04)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		239,651,983		191,323,033		239,651,983		176,905,351

Scryb Inc.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Capital St	ock	-	Varrant eserve	C	ontributed surplus	Co	Equity mponent of onvertible ebentures	Deficit	Total Equity
	Number					•				
	of shares	Amount								
Balance - October 1, 2020	146,416,827 \$	21,963,267	\$	4,592,552	\$	7,576,121	\$	20,386	\$ (33,281,095)	871,231
Units issued for cash, net of issuance costs	42,862,500	4,650,801		3,921,697		-		-	-	8,572,498
Units issued in relation to Cybeats Acquisition (note 10)	10,950,819	6,680,000		-		-		-	-	6,680,000
Shares issued for cash on exercise of options	12,277,587	3,719,297		-		(1,694,331)		-	-	2,024,966
Shares issued on exercise of warrants	23,590,415	7,133,204		(844,696)		(6,025)		-	-	6,282,483
Share-based compensation	-	-		-		4,030,496		-	-	4,030,496
Coversion of debentures	5,250,000	945,000		-		-		(20,386)	-	924,614
Warrant Modification	-	-		113,642		=		-	(113,642)	-
Expiration of warrants	-	-		(146,295)		-		-	-	(146,295)
Net loss for the period	-	=		-		=		-	(10,500,566)	(10,500,566)
Balance - March 31, 2021	241,348,148 \$	45,091,569	\$	7,636,900	\$	9,906,261	\$	-	\$ (43,895,303) \$	18,739,427
Balance - October 1, 2020	146,416,827 \$	21,963,267	\$	4,592,552	\$	7,576,121	\$	20,386	\$ (33,281,095)	871,231
Units issued for cash, net of issuance costs	42,862,500	4,650,801		3,921,697		-		-	-	8,572,498
Units issued in relation to Cybeats Acquisition (note 10)	10,950,819	6,680,000		, , -		_		-	_	6,680,000
Shares issued on exercise of options	10,538,000	2,571,750		_		(583,021)		_	_	1,988,729
Shares issued on exercise of warrants	26,230,003	8,086,287		(826,553)		-		_	_	7,259,734
Share-based compensation		-		-		7,943,116		_	_	7,943,116
Conversion of debentures	5,250,000	945,000		_		-		(20,386)	_	924,614
Warrant Modification	-	-		113,642		_			(113,642)	-
Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid (NCIB)	(1,558,000)	(342,760)		- 110,012		_		_	(110,012)	(342,760)
Expiration of warrants	(1,000,000)	(0.12,700)		(146,295)		_		_	_	(146,295)
Shares issued on the setlement of debt	588,524	359,000		-		_		_	_	359,000
Net loss for the period	-	-		_		_		_	(17,253,280)	(17,253,280)
Balance September 30, 2021	241,278,673 \$	44,913,345	\$	7,655,043	\$	14,936,216	\$	-	\$ (50,648,017) \$	16,856,587
Balance - October 1, 2021	241,278,673	44,913,345		7,655,043		14,936,216		-	(50,648,017)	16,856,587
Expiration of Warrants	-	-		(701,241)		-		-	-	(701,241)
Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid (NCIB)	(1,586,001)	(330,813)		-		-		-	-	(330,813)
Net loss for the period	-	-		-		-		-	(5,406,782)	(5,406,782)
Balance - March 31, 2022	239,692,672 \$	44,582,532	\$	6,953,802	\$	14,936,216	\$	-	\$ (56,054,799) \$	10,417,750

Scryb Inc. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

		March 31, 2022	September 30, 2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities			
Net loss for the period	\$	(5,406,782) \$	5 (17,253,280)
Items not affecting cash from operations:	*	(0,100,10=)	(::,=55,=55)
Depreciation		48,567	140,580
Amortization		691,691	708,648
Gain on ceasation of significant influence		, -	(365,485)
Diluation loss (gain) on investment in associate		_	21,868
Loss (Gain) on investment in associate		495,000	788,043
Share-based compensation		-	7,943,116
Interest and accretion net		48,566	62,282
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		,	
Prepaid expenses		378,651	(473,977)
Amounts receivable		(158,522)	(2,325,206)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		86,145	117,925
Net cash used in operating activities		(3,816,685)	(10,635,486)
Investment in associate Fionet Rapid Response Group Acquisition of Cybeats Technologies Inc.		(506,124)	(600,000) (500,000)
Acquisition of Cybeats Technologies Inc.		-	(500,000)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(29,971)	(50.440)
Net cash used in investing activities		. , ,	(58, 149)
<u> </u>		(536,095)	
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities		(536,095)	(1,158,149)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue			(1,158,149) (60,140)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities		(536,095)	(1,158,149) (60,140) 6,347,303
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs		(536,095)	(1,158,149) (60,140) 6,347,303 8,086,287
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs Proceeds from warrant exercise		(536,095)	(1,158,149) (60,140) 6,347,303
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs Proceeds from warrant exercise Proceeds from options exercise		(536,095)	(60,140) (60,140) 6,347,303 8,086,287 2,571,750 63,423
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs Proceeds from warrant exercise Proceeds from options exercise Proceeds from government loans		(536,095) (56,090) - - -	(60,140) (60,140) 6,347,303 8,086,287 2,571,750 63,423
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs Proceeds from warrant exercise Proceeds from options exercise Proceeds from government loans Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid (NCIB)		(536,095) (56,090) - - - - (330,813)	(1,158,149) (60,140) 6,347,303 8,086,287 2,571,750 63,423 (342,760)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs Proceeds from warrant exercise Proceeds from options exercise Proceeds from government loans Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid (NCIB) Expiration of warrants		(536,095) (56,090) - - - (330,813) (701,241)	(1,158,149) (60,140) 6,347,303 8,086,287 2,571,750 63,423 (342,760)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs Proceeds from warrant exercise Proceeds from options exercise Proceeds from government loans Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid (NCIB) Expiration of warrants Net payments on leases Net cash from financing activities		(536,095) (56,090) - - - (330,813) (701,241) 8,196 (1,079,948)	(1,158,149) (60,140) 6,347,303 8,086,287 2,571,750 63,423 (342,760) - (81,196) 16,584,667
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities Government grant revenue Proceeds from private placement, net of issue costs Proceeds from warrant exercise Proceeds from options exercise Proceeds from government loans Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid (NCIB) Expiration of warrants Net payments on leases		(536,095) (56,090) - - - (330,813) (701,241) 8,196	8,086,287 2,571,750 63,423 (342,760) - (81,196)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Scryb Inc., formerly Relay Medical Corp., ("the Company") was incorporated in British Columbia and is a technology company that provides its platform to power businesses and technologies with applied intelligence, real-time analytics, and actionable insights headquartered in Toronto, Ontario. On January 31, 2017, the Company filed Articles of Amalgamation under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario), whereby the Company was amalgamated with ChroMedX to form an amalgamated corporation operating under the name of "Relay Medical Corp." On December 8, 2021 the Company filed articles of amendment to change its name to Scryb Inc. All amounts herein reflect the financial effects of the amalgamation. The principal business address of the Company is 65 International Blvd., Suite 202, Toronto, Ontario, M9W 6L9.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the six-month period ended March 31, 2022 were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 30, 2022.

Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Cybeats Technologies Inc. (note 6), UX Data Sciences Corp., Osprey Device Networks Corp. and HemoPalm Corp. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

Subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Company has control. Control is defined as when the Company is exposed or has rights to the variable returns from the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary. Power is defined as existing rights that give the Company the ability to direct the relevant activities of the subsidiary. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Company and are de-consolidated from the date control ceases.

Non-controlling interests

A non-controlling interest is initially recognized as the proportionate share of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary on the date of its acquisition and is subsequently adjusted for the noncontrolling interest's share in changes of the acquired subsidiary's earnings and capital. Effects of transactions with non-controlling interests are recorded in equity if there is no change in control.

Basis of Measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

Functional and Presentation Currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting polices set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

(a) Impairment

At each financial position reporting date, the carrying amounts of the Company's long-lived assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets are impaired at a cash generating unit level. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use, which is the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived. If the recoverable amount is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss for the period.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

(b) Intangible assets

The Company records intangible assets at fair value at the date of acquisition. An intangible asset is capitalized when the economic benefit associated with an asset is probable and when the cost can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost consists of expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets. Intangible assets with finite lives are tested amortized over the related benefit period. Those with indefinite lives are not amortized and are tested for impairment on an annual basis. The Company's intangible assets consist of patents, patent applications, software license and research and development costs that are amortized over their five-year estimated useful life.

(c) Research and Development costs

Costs associated with the development of the Company's products are capitalized where the following criteria are met:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so it will be available for use or sale;
- its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset;
- · how the asset will generate future economic benefits:
- · the availability of resources to complete the asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably of the expenditure during development.

All research and development costs incurred by the Company were expensed in the year.

(d) Share-based Payments

The Company accounts for share-based payment using the fair value method. Under this method, compensation expense is measured at fair value on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized as an expense or capitalized, depending on the nature of the grant, with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period that the employees earn the options. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of share options expected to vest. The Black-Scholes option pricing model requires the input of subjective assumptions, including the expected term of the option and stock price volatility.

For transactions with employees and others providing similar services, the Company measures the fair value of the services received by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. For transactions with parties other than employees, the Company measures the goods or services received, and the corresponding increase in equity, directly, at the fair value of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably. When the Company cannot estimate reliably the fair value of the goods or services received, it measures their value, and the corresponding increase in equity, indirectly, by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted.

(e) Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar. Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency at the transaction date exchange rate. At closing date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the closing date exchange rate, and non-monetary assets and liabilities at the historical rates. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements are recognized in profit or loss.

(f) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Under IFRS 9, financial assets are classified and measured based on the business model in which they are held and the characteristics of their contractual cash flows. IFRS 9 contains the primary measurement categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") and fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL").

Below is a summary showing the classification and measurement bases of financial instruments;

Asset or Liability	Measurement
Cash and funds held in trust	Fair value
Other Receivables	Amortized cost
Convertible Debentures	Amortized cost
Reclamation bonds	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Government loans	Amortized cost

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified as either financial assets at FVTPL, amortized cost, or FVTOCI. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(i) Financial assets recorded at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL if they do not meet the criteria of amortized cost or FVTOCI. Gains or losses on these items are recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Amortized cost

Financial assets are classified as measured at amortized cost if both of the following criteria are met and the financial assets are not designated as at FVTPL: 1) the object of the Company's business model for these financial assets is to collect their contractual cash flows; and 2) the asset's contractual cash flows represent "solely payments of principal and interest".

(iii) Fair Value through other comprehensive income

Investments recorded at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to measure the investment at FVOCI whereby changes in the investment's fair value (realized and unrealized) will be recognized permanently in OCI with no reclassification to profit or loss. The election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

(i) Amortized cost

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost unless they fall into one of the following categories: financial liabilities at FVTPL, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition, financial guarantee contracts, commitments to provide a loan at a below-market interest rate, or contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

(ii) Financial liabilities recorded FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as FVTPL if they fall into one of the five exemptions detailed above.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs associated with financial instruments, carried at FVTPL, are expensed as incurred, while transaction costs associated with all other financial instruments are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset or the liability.

Subsequent measurement

Instruments classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in profit or loss. Instruments classified as amortized cost are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Instruments classified as FVTOCI are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income.

Derecognition

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled, or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

Expected credit loss impairment model

IFRS 9 introduced a single expected credit loss impairment model, which is based on changes in credit quality since initial application. The adoption of the expected credit loss impairment model had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Scryb Inc.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due. The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full or when the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

The carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the consolidated statements of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 – valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices): and

Level 3 – valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market date (unobservable inputs).

Cash is measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of the financial liabilities approximates the carrying value, due to the short-term nature of the instruments.

(g) Cash

Cash consists of deposits in banks.

(h) Revenue Recognition

Product sales revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(i) Funds Held in trust

Funds held in trust consists of cash on hand, deposits in banks and funds held in trust by the Company's external legal counsel. Funds held in trust are not restricted and can be used for working capital purposes.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized in profit or loss in the period.

Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis at the following annual rates:

Laboratory and technical equipment 3 years
Office, furniture and equipment 3 years
Computer equipment 2 years

(k) Income Taxes

Income tax on profit or loss for the year comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected tax paid or payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax paid or payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. The effect on deferred income tax assets and liabilities of a change in income tax rates is recognized in the period that includes the date of the enactment or substantive enactment of the change. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are presented separately except where there is a right of set off within fiscal jurisdictions.

(I) Basic and Diluted Income (Loss) per Share

Basic income (loss) per share has been calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted income (loss) per share has been calculated using the weighted average number of common shares that would have been outstanding during the respective period had all of the stock options and warrants outstanding at year end having a dilutive effect been converted into shares at the beginning of the year and the proceeds used to repurchase the Company's common shares at the average market price for the year. If these computations prove to be anti-dilutive, diluted income (loss) per share is the same as basic income (loss) per share.

(m) Comprehensive Income (loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) consists of net income (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) and represents the change in shareholders' equity which results from transactions and events from sources other than the Company's shareholders. Income or loss from an investment in associate is included in other comprehensive income (loss). Accumulated other comprehensive income (net of income taxes) is included on the consolidated statements of financial position as a component of common shareholders' equity.

(n) Investment in Associates

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method based on the Company's ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the investee.

Investments of this nature are recorded at original cost and adjusted periodically to recognize the Company's proportionate share of the associate's net income or losses after the date of investment, additional contributions made and dividends received. Investments are written down when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in fair value.

(o) Leases

All leases are accounted for by recognizing a right-of-use asset and a lease liability except for leases of low value assets and leases with a duration of twelve months or less. Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the contractual payments due to the lessor over the term of the lease with the discount rate determined by using the incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease. Right-of-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the lease or over the remaining economic life of the asset if this is judged to be shorter than the remaining lease term.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires that management make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes to the consolidated financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

(i) Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and are, but are not limited to, the following:

Share based payments and warrants

The fair value of stock options and warrants issued are subject to the limitation of the Black Scholes option pricing model that incorporates market data and involves uncertainty in estimates used by management in the assumptions. Because the Black Scholes option pricing model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share prices, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

Useful life of intangible assets

Management has exercised their judgment in determining the useful life of its patents, patent applications, software license and research and development costs. The estimate is based on the expected period of benefit of the patent and the expected life of the product in the marketplace.

(ii) Critical accounting judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are, but are not limited to, the following:

Determination of functional currency

In accordance with IAS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, management has determined that the functional currency of the Company is the

Canadian dollar.

Evaluation of going concern

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments regarding the going concern of the Company as previously discussed in Note 1.

Impairment of intangible assets

Management has exercised their judgment in determining if the patents are impaired. The judgment is based on the expected future benefit of the intangible assets and intellectual property.

Income taxes

Management has exercised their judgment in determining the provision for future income taxes. The judgment is based on the Company's current understanding of the tax law as it relates to the transactions and activities entered into by the Company.

Acquisition of an asset or business combination

In accordance with IFRS 3, management has exercised their judgment in determining the acquisition of Cybeats Technologies Inc. was considered an asset acquisition as it did not meet the definition of a business.

5. OTHER RECEIVABLES

As at March 31, 2022 and 2021, other receivables were comprised of the following:

	March 31	September 30
	2022	2021
HST receivable	709,591	587,738
Due from Fionet Rapid Reponse Group	2,087,119	1,469,464
Due from Glow LifeTech Ltd.	137,372	74,620
Other receivables	132,315	776,053
	3,066,397	2,907,875

6. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

Fionet Rapid Response Group:

On August 19, 2020, Scryb announced the establishment of a joint venture ("JV") with Fio Corporation ("Fio") to accelerate adoption and delivery of Fio's proven data-and-device platform, Fionet, as a COVID-19 pandemic testing, data collection and reporting solution. The JV will operate under the name "Fionet Rapid Response Group" and be headquartered in Toronto, Canada. Scryb and Fionet Rapid Response Group previously announced the signing of a Memorandum of Understanding May 15, 2020. The Fionet Rapid Response Group will enable mass distributed testing and automated aggregation, triage, and tracking to contain COVID-19, for deployment by public health agencies, retail health providers and private sector companies in Canada, the United States, Europe, Africa, and elsewhere.

On December 22, 2020, Fionet Rapid Response Group ("FRR") was incorporated in Ontario. As part of the Joint Venture agreement Scryb was to invest \$1,500,000 into FRR through the provision of consulting services with another \$500,000 to be given in the form of a repayable loan. With this investment Scryb is entitled to receive a 33% royalty on all FRR revenue related to individual testing and a 20% royalty on all FRR revenue related to FRR platform solutions. In addition to the revenue royalty, Scryb also owns 33% of the FRR while Fio owns the remaining balance. Scryb recognized an investment in associate, as a result of the Company's ability to significantly influence FRR. The investment in associate has been initially valued and recognized at its cost of \$1,500,000 less the Company's share of markup on certain consulting services provided of \$57,114.

Glow LifeTech Corp. (formerly Glow LifeTech Ltd.):

During the September 30, 2020 fiscal year, Glow LifeTech Ltd. (Glow Ltd.) completed a series of private placements for gross proceeds of \$2,411,115 through the issuance of 12,120,000 common shares at a price of \$0.20 per share. In connection with these private placements, as of September 30, 2020, Scryb's ownership in Glow Ltd. was further diluted down to 22.2% (September 30, 2019 – 39.1%). As a result, a dilution gain on investment in associate was recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss for the year ended September 30, 2020 totaling \$197,410 (September 30, 2019 - \$nil).

During the three months ended December 31, 2020, Glow Ltd. completed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$285,000 through the issuance of 1,425,000 common shares.

On February 9, 2021, the Company acquired 2,000,000 common shares of Glow Ltd. at a price of \$0.30 per share for a total investment of \$600,000.

On March 3, 2021, Glow Ltd. completed its previously announced reverse takeover of Ateba Resources Inc. ("Ateba"), an inactive company, pursuant to the terms of a Business Combination Agreement. The reverse takeover transaction was completed by way of a three-cornered amalgamation between Glow Ltd. and Ateba whereby Ateba acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Glow Ltd. in exchange for 47,334,379 common shares of Ateba, resulting in Glow Ltd. becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Ateba.

In connection with the reverse takeover transaction, Glow Ltd. completed a non-brokered private placement financing of 17,138,432 units of Glow Ltd. at a price of \$0.30 per unit for gross proceeds of \$5,141,530. Each unit was comprised of one common share in the capital of Glow Ltd. and one half of one whole common share purchase warrant, with each warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.40 per common share for a period of two years from the date of issuance. On February 9, 2021, the Company acquired 2,000,000 units of Glow Ltd. at a price of \$0.30 per unit for a total investment of \$600,000.

Prior to the completion of the reverse takeover transaction Ateba changed its name to Glow LifeTech Corp. ("Glow Corp."). Upon completion of the reverse takeover transaction the common shares of Glow Corp. became listed on the Canadian Stock Exchange under the symbol "GLOW".

On September 30, 2021 the Company held 8,250,000 commons shares of Glow Corp. or 14.57% of the issued and outstanding common shares.

Prior to March 3, 2021, Scryb valued its investment in Glow Corp. (formerly Glow Ltd.) using the equity method. As a result of the dilution of the Company's holdings of Glow Corp. to 14.57% (September 30, 2020 - 22.2%) and Management's assessment that its significant influence over

the operating and financial policy decisions of Glow Corp. ceased on March 3, 2021, the Company recorded a dilution loss of \$21,868 and adopted the fair value method of accounting for its investment in Glow Corp. effective March 3, 2021.

Scryb's investment in Glow Corp. has been valued at \$0.13 per common which was the listed price per share at March 31, 2022 share (up from \$0.19 at September 30, 2021).

	March 31, 2022	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Opening balance	1,567,500	764,529	1,139,607
Purchase of common shares	-	600,000	-
Dilution (loss) gain	-	(21,868)	197,410
Share of equity loss	-	(140,646)	(495,810)
Elimination of intercompany transactions	-	-	(76,678)
Fair value gain (loss)	(495,000)	365,485	
	1,072,500	1,567,500	764,529

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Laboratory equipment	Office furniture & equipment	Computer equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost				
As at October 1, 2019	76,647	67,996	2,879	147,522
As at September 30, 2020	76,647	67,996	2,879	147,522
Additions	-	24,479	14,789	39,268
As at September 30, 2021	76,647	92,475	17,668	186,790
Additions	-	8,300	-	8,300
As at March 31, 2022	76,647	100,775	17,668	195,090

	Laboratory equipment	Office furniture & equipment	Computer equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Amortization for the period	15,015	17,659	1,179	33,853
As at October 1, 2019	15,015	17,659	1,179	33,853
Amortization for the period	25,549	22,665	1,440	49,654
As at September 30, 2020	40,564	40,324	2,619	83,507
Amortization for the period	7,217	37,967	7,224	52,408
As at September 30, 2021	47,781	78,291	9,843	135,915
Amortization for the period	3,608	19,675	3,612	26,896
As at March 31, 2022	51,390	97,966	13,455	162,811

	Laboratory equipment \$	Office furniture & equipment \$	Computer equipment \$	Total
Net book value				
As at October 1, 2019	61,632	50,337	1,700	113,669
As at September 30, 2020	36,083	27,672	260	64,015
As at September 30, 2021	28,866	14,184	7,825	50,875
As at March 31, 2022	25,257	2,809	4,213	32,279

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET

Right-of-use assets consist of the lease for the Company's office and laboratory and are amortized over a period of 74 months.

	Six months ended	Period ended
	March 31, 2022	September 30, 2021
Opening Balance	299,652	396,785
Depreciation	(48,567)	(97,133)
Ending Balance	251,086	299,652

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following is a summary of patents as of March 31, 2022:

	Software	Intellectual	
	license	Property	Total
Balance September 30, 2020	60,000	-	60,000
Additions	-	6,836,857	6,836,857
Amortization	(16,010)	(683,686)	(699,696)
Balance September 30, 2021	43,990	6,153,171	6,197,161
Amortization	(8,005)	(683,686)	(691,691)
Balance March 31, 2022	35,985	5,469,485	5,505,470

10. ACQUISITIONS

On March 18, 2021, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Cybeats Technologies Inc. ("Cybeats") pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement signed March 2, 2021. The acquired business was purchased for \$7,180,000, paid by the issuance of 10,950,819 common shares, valued at \$0.61 per share and \$500,000 in cash. As Cybeats did not meet the definition of a business per IFRS 3, the acquisition has been accounted for as an asset acquisition, whereby Scryb is considered to issue shares in return for the net assets of Cybeats at their fair value as follows;

Net assets acquired	
Receivables and prepaids	331,862
Property, plant and equipment	9,985
Accounts payable	1,296
Intellectual property	6,836,857
	7,180,000

Intellectual property represents technologies developed by Cybeats.

11. LEASE LIABILITY

On September 1, 2017, the Company entered into a 36-month lease agreement to lease office and laboratory facilities. On July 15, 2019, the Company entered into a sub lease agreement to lease this space to a third party for the remainder of the original lease term, ending August 30, 2020.

On November 1, 2018, the Company entered into a 60-month lease agreement to lease an office and laboratory facilities. The lease payments are \$5,540 per month from the commencement date of the lease.

	Office	& laboratory			
		lease	0	office lease	Total
Balance, September 30, 2019	\$	490,181	\$	42,767	\$ 532,948
Interest expense		70,767		2,706	73,473
Lease payments		(88,294)		(45,473)	(133,767)
Balance, September 30, 2020	\$	472,654	\$	-	\$ 472,654
Interest expense		62,282		-	62,282
Lease payments		(152,006)		-	(152,006)
Balance, September 30, 2021	\$	382,930	\$	-	\$ 382,930
Interest expense		26,384		-	26,384
Lease payments		(73,377)		-	(73,377)
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	335,937	\$	-	\$ 335,937

The Company has recorded these leases as right-of-use assets (note 9) and lease liability in the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022. At the commencement date of the lease, the lease liability was measured at the present value of the lease payments that were not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using an interest rate of 15%, which was the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Maturity Analysis - Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows

As at	Ma	rch 31, 2022	Septe	mber 30, 2021
Less than one year	\$	74,277	\$	147,655
Greater than one year		327,721		327,721
Total undiscounted lease obligation	\$	401,999	\$	475,376

The continuity of the undiscounted lease liability is presented in the table below:

	Under	Between	Over	
	 1 year	1-2 years	2 years	Total
Office Lease	\$ 74,277	\$ 158,459	\$ 169,263	\$ 401,999

12. RECLAMATION BONDS

The Company holds reclamation bonds with the Alberta Energy Regulator as required by section 1.100(2) of the Oil and Gas Conservation Regulations and Directive 006: License Liability Rating Program and License Transfer Process. The reclamation bonds are held for the purposes of the future well abandonment, related to the business of the Company prior to the reverse takeover transaction. The Company has performed all requested remediation work at the site and is currently engaged with the regulator for the return of these funds to the Company.

13. GOVERNMENT LOANS

Canadian Emergency Business Account ("CEBA") Loan:

The Company applied for a received a CEBA loan for amounts totaling \$60,000. The CEBA loan was implemented by the Government of Canada to provide relief measures to small businesses adversely effected by COVID-19. Under the terms of the CEBA loan, proceeds received are interest free up until December 31, 2022. If a minimum of 66.7% of the principal balance is repaid on or prior to, December 31, 2022, the remaining 33.3% shall be forgiven. On January 12, 2022, the Government of Canada announced that the repayment deadline of December 31, 2022 for CEBA loans to qualify for the 33.3% forgiveness is being extended to December 31, 2023, for all eligible borrowers in good standing.

The Company has identified that they do not qualify for the CEBA loan and as a result, the Company has not recognized any grant revenue or interest benefit in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss in connection with this loan.

Regional Relief and Recovery Fund ("RRRF") Loan:

On November 27, 2020 the Company applied for and received a RRRF loan for amounts totaling \$103,563 (September 30, 2020 - \$168,000). The RRRF loan was implemented by the Government of Canada to provide financial relief measures to small businesses in Southern Ontario adversely effected by COVID-19. Under the terms of the RRRF loan, proceeds received are interest free and repayable in sixty (60) equal monthly payments, commencing on January 15, 2020.

In connection with the interest free term on the loan, the interest benefit has been valued at \$49,906 (September 30, 2021 - \$52,609) based on a fair market interest rate of 16.5% (September 30, 2021 - 16.5%). As of December 30, 2021, the Company has incurred the maximum amount of eligible expenses resulting in amounts totaling \$49,906 (September 30, 2021 - \$52,609) recognized as government grant revenue in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

14. CAPITAL STOCK

(a) Common shares

Authorized

The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares.

Issued and Outstanding	Number
Balance - October 1, 2020	146,416,827
Shares issued on financing	42,862,500
Shares issued on convertible debentures	5,250,000
Shares issued on the exercise of stock options	10,538,000
Shares issued on the exercise of warrants	26,230,003
Shares issued on the Cybeats	10,950,819
Shares issued on the settlement of debt	588,524
Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid	(1,558,000)
Balance - September 30, 2021	241,278,673
Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid	(1,133,334)
Balance - December 31, 2021	240,145,339
Shares repurchased under Normal-Course Issuer Bid	(452,667)
Balance - March 31, 2022	239,692,672

- i. On January 22, 2021, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement financing for gross proceeds of \$8,572,500 through the issuance of 42,862,500 Units (each "Unit") at a price of \$0.20 per unit. Each Unit is comprised of: (i) one common share in the capital of the Company (each a "Common Share"); (ii) one Common Share purchase warrant (each, a "Warrant"). Each whole Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional Common Share at an exercise price of \$0.30 on or before 18 months from the date of issuance.
- ii. On December 22, 2020, 5,250,000 common shares were issued in connection with the converting of the convertible debenture of \$945,000 for the price of \$0.18 per share.
- iii. During the year-ended September 30, 2021 10,538,000 common shares were issued in connection with the exercise of 10,538,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.24 for gross proceeds of \$2,571,750.
- iv. During the year-ended September 30, 2021, 26,203,003 common shares were issued in connection with the exercise of 26,230,003 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.29 for gross proceeds of \$8,086,287.
- v. On March 18, 2021, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of Cybeats Technologies Inc. pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement signed March 2, 2021. The acquired business was purchased for \$7,180,000, paid by the issuance of 10,950,819 common shares, valued at \$0.61 per share and \$500,000 in cash.
- vi. On April 8, 2021, 588,524 common shares were issued in connection with the settlement of debt, issued at a price of \$0.61 to settle amounts owing of \$359,000.
- vii. The Company purchased 1,588,000 common shares under the Normal-Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB") stock buyback program used by companies listed in Canada for total costs of \$330,813. These shares have been returned to treasury and cancelled.

(b) Stock option plan and share-based compensation

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 20% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price, minimum price, or a discounted price of the Company's shares as calculated on the date of grant.

The following table summarizes activity within the Company's stock option plan during the period:

	Number of			Weighted
	Options	В	lack-Scholes	Average
	Outstanding		Value	Exercise Price
Balance - October 1, 2020	25,641,500	\$	4,370,566	\$ 0.22
Granted	24,100,000		7,943,116	0.33
Exercised	(10,538,000)		(583,021)	0.24
Corrections	(352,000)		(17,571)	0.05
Balance - September 30, 2021	38,851,500	\$	11,713,090	\$ 0.29
Expired and cancelled	(500,000)		(74,767)	0.15
Balance - March 31, 2022	38,351,500		11,638,323	\$ 0.27

On December 18, 2020, the Company announced that it has granted an aggregate of 4,600,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$968,625 exercisable at a price of \$0.225 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on December 18, 2025, to certain directors, employees, officers, and consultants of the Company.

On January 8, 2021, the Company announced that it has granted an aggregate of 1,000,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$285,001 exercisable at a price of \$0.305 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on January 8, 2026, to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On January 22, 2021, the Company announced that it has granted an aggregate of 3,000,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$939,430 exercisable at a price of \$0.335 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on January 22, 2026, to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On March 3, 2021, the Company announced that it has granted an aggregate of 4,000,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$2,921,548 exercisable at a price of \$0.74 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on March 3, 2026, to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On April 26, 2021, the Company granted an aggregate of 1,500,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$580,237 exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on April 26, 2026 to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On July 22, 2021, the Company granted an aggregate of 6,000,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$1,346,487 exercisable at a price of \$0.22 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on July 22, 2026 to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On August 4, 2021, the Company granted an aggregate of 2,500,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$580,237 exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on April 26, 2026 to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On September 8, 2021, the Company granted an aggregate of 500,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$115,576 exercisable at a price of \$0.235 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on September 8, 2026 to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On September 17, 2021, the Company granted an aggregate of 500,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$72,738 exercisable at a price of \$0.245 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on September 17, 2026 to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

On September 21, 2021, the Company granted an aggregate of 500,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company with an estimated fair value of \$133,237 exercisable at a price of \$0.27 per common share, vesting immediately and expiring on September 21, 2026 to certain directors, employees, officers and consultants of the Company.

The following common share purchase options are outstanding as at March 31, 2022:

			Weighted		
	Number		Average		Number
Date of Grant	Of Options Outstanding	Exercise Price	Remaining life (years)	Expiry Date	Of Options Exercisable
June 19, 2017	740,000	0.300	0.22	June 19, 2022	740,000
November 20, 2017	1,612,000	0.270	0.64	November 20, 2022	1,612,000
June 20, 2018	1,094,500	0.270	1.22	June 20, 2023	1,094,500
September 12, 2019	2,625,000	0.200	2.45	September 12, 2024	2,625,000
February 18, 2020	5,680,000	0.200	2.89	February 18, 2025	5,680,000
August 18, 2020	3,700,000	0.205	3.38	August 18, 2025	3,700,000
August 26, 2020	750,000	0.230	3.41	August 26, 2025	750,000
December 18, 2020	2,900,000	0.225	3.72	December 18, 2025	2,900,000
January 8, 2021	1,000,000	0.305	3.78	January 8, 2026	1,000,000
January 22, 2021	2,750,000	0.335	3.81	January 22, 2026	2,750,000
March 3, 2021	4,000,000	0.740	3.92	March 3, 2026	4,000,000
April 26, 2021	1,500,000	0.390	4.07	April 26, 2026	1,500,000
July 22, 2021	6,000,000	0.250	4.31	July 22, 2026	6,000,000
August 4, 2021	2,500,000	0.250	4.34	August 4, 2026	2,500,000
September 8, 2021	500,000	0.250	4.44	September 8, 2026	500,000
September 17, 2021	500,000	0.250	4.47	September 17, 2026	500,000
September 21, 2021	500,000	0.270	4.48	September 21, 2026	500,000
_	38,351,500	\$ 0.299	3.41		38,351,500

Share based compensation during the six months ended March 31, 2022 was NIL (March 31, 2021 - \$4,030,496).

The fair value of options granted during the period ended March 31, 2022 was estimated at the date of grant using a Black Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions.

	April 26 2021	March 3 2021	January 22 2021	January 8 2021
Share price	0.39	0.74	0.335	0.305
Risk-free interest rate	0.49%	0.70%	0.44%	0.44%
Expected life of options	5 years	5 years	5 years	5 years
Annualized volatility	102%	105%	102%	102%
Dividend rate	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Forfeiture rate	0%	0%	0%	0%

(c) Warrants

The following table summarizes warrants that have been issued, exercised or have expired during the period ended March 31, 2022:

	Number of			Weighted
	Warrants	ı	Black-Scholes	Average
	Outstanding		Value	Exercise Price
Balance - September 30, 2020	37,483,711	\$	2,503,773	\$ 0.25
Granted	46,094,824		3,921,697	0.29
Exercised	(26,230,003)		(826,553)	0.29
Expired	(1,124,723)		(146,295)	0.30
Balance - September 30, 2021	56,223,809	\$	5,452,622	\$ 0.29
Expired	(9,833,237)		(1,104,754)	0.20
Balance - March 31, 2022	46,390,572	\$	4,347,868	\$ 0.30

The fair value of warrants granted during the period ended September 31, 2021 was estimated at the date of grant using a Black Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions:

	Investor and Broker Warrants					
	February 2021	May 2020	September 2020			
Share price	0.3	0.235	0.255			
Risk free interest rate	0.15%	0.28%	0.26%			
Time to maturity	1.5 years	2 years	2 years			
Annualized volatility	71%	80%	73%			
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil	Nil			

As at March 31, 2022, there were 46,390,572 (March 31, 2021 – 51,452,937) warrants outstanding.

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors, Corporate Officers and Vice Presidents.

During the six months ended March 31, 2022, \$304,128 (March 31, 2021 - \$142,500) was due to key management and companies controlled by or related to key management. Remuneration of key management of the Company was as follows:

	I	March 31,	March 31,
		2022	2021
Consulting and management fees		304,128	142,500
	\$	304,128 \$	142,500
	<u>-</u>		

16. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS

The Company manages its exposure to a number of different financial risks arising from its operations as well as its use of financial instruments including market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk through its risk management strategy. The objective of the strategy is to support the delivery of the Company's financial targets while protecting its future financial security and flexibility.

Financial risks are primarily managed and monitored through operating and financing activities and, if required. The financial risks are evaluated regularly with due consideration to changes in the key economic indicators and up-to-date market information.

The Company's financial instruments primarily consist of cash, other receivables, reclamation bonds, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, government loans. The fair value of the Company's other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and government loans approximate their carrying value, due to their short-term maturities or ability of prompt liquidation.

The Company's cash is recorded at fair value, under the fair value hierarchy, based on level one quoted prices in active markets for identical assets of liabilities. The Company's other receivables, reclamation bonds, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, government loans are measured at amortized cost.

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk or uncertainty arising from possible market price movements and their impact on the future performance of the business. These market risks are evaluated by monitoring changes in key economic indicators and market information on an on-going basis.

a) Interest Rate Risk

The Company has cash balances and is not at a significant risk to fluctuating interest rates. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. The Company monitors the credit worthiness of the debtor and is satisfied with the debtor's ability to repay the amount owing.

b) Foreign currency risk

As at March 31, 2022, the Company's expenditures are predominantly in Canadian dollars, and any future equity raised is expected to be predominantly in Canadian dollars and therefore is not at a significant risk to fluctuating exchange risks.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk encompasses the risk that a company cannot meet its financial obligations in full. The Company's main source of liquidity is derived from its common stock issuances. These funds are primarily used to finance working capital, operating expenses, capital expenditures, and acquisitions.

The Company manages its liquidity risk by regularly monitoring its cash flows from operating activities and holding adequate amounts of cash and cash equivalents.

As at March 31, 2022, the Company held cash of \$254,361 (March 31, 2021 - \$10,698,233) to settle current liabilities of \$864,223 (March, 2021 - \$1,961,906).

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash. The Company has reduced its credit risk by investing its cash with Canadian chartered banks.

17. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Due to the development stage of the Company and its reliance on equity funding at this time, Scryb defines capital as its common stock. As at March 31, 2022, the Company's capital stock was \$44,582,532 (March 31, 2021 - \$45,139,054).

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended March 31, 2022 and the Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. Management has no expectations that it will raise debt in the coming year.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- a) To safeguard the Company's financial capacity and liquidity for future earnings in order to continue to provide an appropriate return to shareholders and other stakeholders;
- b) To maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at an acceptable risk; and
- c) To enable the Company to maximize growth by meeting its capital expenditure budget, to expand its budget to accelerate projects, and to take advantage of acquisition opportunities.

The Company regularly monitors and reviews the amount of capital in proportion to risk and future opportunities. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

18. BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share has been calculated by dividing the net loss per the financial statements by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The fully diluted loss per share would be calculated using a common share balance increased by the number of common shares that could be issued on the exercise of outstanding warrants and options of the Company. As the Company is in a loss position for the six months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, this would be anti-dilutive.