Planet Mining Exploration Inc.
(formerly Planet Exploration Inc.)

Condensed Interim Financial Statements

Nine Months Ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

(Unaudited – prepared by management)

PLANET MINING EXPLORATION INC.
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December 31, 2014 and 2013

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR'S REVIEW of
CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that these condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

PLANET MINING EXPLORATION INC.
Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position

		December 31, 2014		March 31, 2014
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	**$**	**104,581**	$	345,608
Investments in equity instruments at fair value (Note 4 and 10)		**1,873,745**		2,867,178
Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 4)		**-**		450
Receivables (Note 5 and 10)		**42,940**		31,090
Reclamation bond (Note 7)		**51,133**		50,753
Prepaid expenses		**16,116**		18,787
Total current assets		**2,088,515**		3,313,866
Resource properties (Note 6)		**1**		1
Total assets	**$**	**2,088,516**	$	3,313,867
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8 and 10)	**$**	**107,163**	$	139,392
Total liabilities		**107,163**		139,392
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Capital and reserves				
Share capital (Note 9)		**14,005,651**		14,005,651
Contributed surplus (Note 9)		**1,820,510**		1,820,510
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		**-**		(5,650)
Deficit		**(13,844,808)**		(12,646,036)
Total equity		**1,981,353**		3,174,475
Total liabilities and equity	**$**	**2,088,516**	$	3,313,867

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Approved and authorized by the Board of Directors

"Darold Parken" Director *"David Birkenshaw"* Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

PLANET MINING EXPLORATION INC.
Condensed Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

	Three months ended December 31, 2014	Three months ended December 31, 2013	Nine months ended December 31, 2014	Nine months ended December 31, 2013
Net investment gains				
Net realized losses (gains) on disposal of investments	**$ -**	$ (93,683)	**$ (177,883)**	$ (135,759)
Net change in unrealized losses (gains) on investments	**574,193**	(25,660)	**891,340**	125,230
Total net investment losses (gains)	**574,193**	(119,343)	**713,457**	(10,529)
Interest income	**(2,549)**	(4,060)	**(15,876)**	(26,282)
Expenses				
Commissions	**-**	11,959	**19,014**	23,445
Insurance	**2,857**	2,774	**10,229**	10,117
Management and directors' fees (Note 10)	**21,000**	101,100	**206,149**	255,899
Office, general and consulting (Note 10)	**4,775**	81,337	**147,912**	211,187
Professional fees	**21,437**	9,125	**41,916**	49,662
Rent (Note 10)	**20,448**	25,064	**46,088**	63,237
Share-based compensation (Note 9(c) and 10)	**-**	-	**-**	50,873
Transfer agent and filing fees	**2,633**	2,214	**14,068**	19,302
Travel, promotion and shareholder information	**2,136**	10,096	**10,165**	27,324
Total expenses	**75,286**	243,669	**495,541**	711,046
Other expense (income)				
Other comprehensive income reclassified	**-**	-	**5,650**	-
Write down (recovery) of resource properties		(42,977)	**-**	(42,977)
Loss on debt settlement	**-**	-	**-**	30,000
Total other expenses (income)	**-**	(42,977)	**5,650**	(12,977)
Net loss for the period	**$ 646,930**	$ 77,289	**$ 1,198,772**	$ 661,258
Basic and diluted loss per common share	**$ (0.015)**	$ (0.002)	**$ (0.027)**	$ (0.015)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	**44,539,190**	44,539,190	**44,539,190**	44,539,190
Net loss for the period	**$ 646,930**	$ 77,289	**$1,198,772**	$ 661,258
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments in equity instruments, net of tax	**-**	-	**-**	225
Net comprehensive loss for the period	**$ 646,930**	$ 77,289	**$1,198,772**	$ 661,483

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

PLANET MINING EXPLORATION INC.
Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

	Share Capital					
	Number of Shares	Amount	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Deficit	Total
Balance, March 31, 2013	44,539,190	$ 14,005,651	$ 1,769,637	$ (5,575)	$ (12,310,187)	$ 3,459,526
Share-based compensation	-	-	50,873	-	-	50,873
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	-	-	-	(225)	-	(225)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(661,258)	(661,258)
Change during the period	-	-	50,873	(225)	(661,258)	(610,610)
Balance, December 31, 2013	44,539,190	$ 14,005,651	$ 1,820,510	$ (5,800)	$ (12,971,445)	$ 2,848,916
Balance, March 31, 2014	44,539,190	$ 14,005,651	$ 1,820,510	$ (5,650)	$ (12,646,036)	$ 3,174,475
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	
Other comprehensive loss reclassified	-	-	-	5,650	(5,650)	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(1,193,122)	(1,193,122)
Change during the period	-	-	-	5,650	(1,198,772)	(1,193,122)
Balance, December 31, 2014	44,539,190	$ 14,005,651	$ 1,820,510	$ -	$ (13,844,808)	$ 1,981,353

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PLANET MINING EXPLORATION INC.
Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows

		Nine months ended December 31,	
		2014	2013
Cash flows used in operating activities			
Net loss for the period		**$ (1,198,772)**	$ (661,258)
Items not involving cash:			
Net realized gain on disposal of investments		**(177,883)**	(135,759)
Net change in unrealized losses on investments		**891,340**	125,230
Asset usage included in office, general and consulting		**-**	111
Interest accrued		**9,488**	(1,153)
Loss on debt settlement		**-**	30,000
Share-based compensation		**-**	50,873
Reclassified from other comprehensive income		**5,650**	-
		(470,177)	(591,956)
Adjustments for			
Proceeds on disposal of investments		**1,459,986**	691,454
Purchase of investments		**(1,179,560)**	(2,916,298)
Interest received , cash		**16,892**	23,113
Reclamation bonds		**(380)**	-
Receivables		**(38,230)**	(691)
Prepaid expenses		**2,671**	(1,225)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		**(32,229)**	(67,703)
Net cash used in operating activities		**(241,027)**	(2,863,306)
Net cash used in investing activities			
Mineral exploration tax credit received		**-**	555,982
Net cash used in investing activities		**-**	555,982
(Decrease) Increase in cash and cash equivalents		**$ (241,027)**	$ (2,307,324)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		**$ 345,608**	$ 2,913,812
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		**$ 104,581**	$ 606,488

Supplementary cash flow information (Note 11)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Planet Mining Exploration Inc. ("the Company") was incorporated in Canada as Planet Exploration Inc. on January 29, 1996 under the Alberta Business Corporations Act. On April 12, 2012, the Company changed its name to Planet Mining Exploration Inc. under the British Columbia Business Corporations Act.

The Company's shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange (TSX.V) under the trading symbol "PXI".

From its inception up to October 2, 2014 the Company was in the business of acquiring, exploring and developing gold, copper, silver and other resource properties, both directly and through joint ventures in Canada. On February 7, 2013, the Company announced its intention to become a publicly traded investment issuer that will capitalize on the track record of success of its management in the resource industry. The adoption of the Company's new business model constitutes a "change of business" (the "COB") for the Company pursuant to Exchange Policy 5.2 – *Change of Business and Reverse Takeovers* ("Policy 5.2").

The Company's shareholders approved the COB at the annual general and special meeting of shareholders convened on March 15, 2013. In October 2014, the Company received approval from the TSX Venture Exchange to complete its change from a "junior mineral exploration company" to an "investment issuer". Pursuant to the COB, the Company became an investment issuer focused on the resource market. The Company's investment activities are primarily in the resource sector, including precious metals, uranium and coal, oil and gas, base metals, potash, lithium and rare earths.

To date, the Company has not generated significant revenues from operations. These financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation.

The Company's registered office and its principal place of business is located at Suite 302, 750 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC Canada V6C 2T7.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

The condensed interim financial statements for the nine months ended December 31, 2014 were prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") in effect at December 31, 2014. The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting.*

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in accordance with IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The Company has elected to present the 'Statement of Comprehensive Loss' as a single statement, 'Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss.'

The preparation of financial data is based on accounting policies and practices consistent with those used in the preparation of the Company's recent audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2014. These Condensed Interim Financial Statements for the nine months ended December 31, 2014 should be read in conjunction with the audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2014.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION*(continued)*

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the nine months ended December 31, 2014 (including comparatives) have been prepared by management, reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 27, 2015. Shortly thereafter, the condensed interim financial statements are made available to shareholders and others through filing on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR").

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Effective April 1, 2013, the Company has adopted the following new and revised standards, along with any consequential amendments. The changes were made in accordance with the applicable transitional provisions.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments is part of the IASB's wider project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. Early application is permitted. The Company has assessed its financial instruments and determined that the amendments to IFRS 9 did not have any significant impact on the financial statements.

IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other
IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities , requires the disclosure of information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of and risks associated with an entity's interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows. The Company does not have any material subsidiaries that require additional disclosures. The Company does not have any associates that are individually material nor any associates that are accounted for using the equity method that require additional disclosures. The Company does not have interests in joint arrangements or interest in unconsolidated structured entities. The Company has assessed and determined that the adoption of IFRS 12 did not result in any significant change in its disclosures of interests in other entities.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, provides the guidance on the measurement of fair value and related disclosures through a fair value hierarchy. The measurement of the fair value of an asset or liability is based on assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability under current market conditions, including assumptions about risk. As a result of the guidance in IFRS 13, the Company re-assessed its policies for measuring fair value.

IFRS 13 requires additional disclosures. Additional disclosures where required are provided in the individual notes relating to the assets and liabilities whose fair values were determined. Fair value hierarchy is provided in Note 13.

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

IAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
IAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - as a consequence of the issue of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 has been amended and will provide the accounting guidance for investments in associates and set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. The amended IAS 28 will be applied by all entities that are investors with joint control of, or significant influence over, an investee. The Company accounts for its investments in associates at fair value (as permitted by IAS 28) and does not have any investments accounted for using the equity method. Therefore, the amendments to IAS 28 do not impact the Company.

IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation was amended to clarify the requirements for offsetting financial assets and liabilities. The amendments clarify that the right of offset must be available on the current date and cannot be contingent on a future date. The Company has early adopted IAS 32 effective on March 1, 2013 and determined that there was no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In October 2012, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27, "*Investment Entities*", which introduced an exception to the principle that all subsidiaries should be consolidated. The amendments require a parent that is an investment entity to measure its investments in particular subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss instead of consolidating all subsidiaries in its consolidated and separate financial statements. The amendments are effective from January 1, 2014 with early adoption permitted. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the amendments on its financial statements.

The majority of the Company's investments consist of common shares of publicly traded companies, and therefore have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate. Financial assets acquired after April 1, 2013 are classified as "investments in equity instruments available for sale" with the change in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Financial assets acquired before April 1, 2013 are classified as "investments in equity instruments available for sale" with the change in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income. The fair value of the listed investments has been determined directly by reference to published price quotations in an active market.

Convertible debentures and convertible notes are carried as though converted to common shares.

4. INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Investments at cost and fair value consist of the following:

	December 31, 2014	
	Cost	**Fair market value**
Securities – available for sale through profit or loss	$ 2,222,452	$ 1,760,648
Warrants – fair value through profit or loss	230,572	113,097
Total	**$ 2,453,024**	**$ 1,873,745**

	March 31, 2014	
	Cost	**Fair market value**
Securities – available for sale through profit or loss	$ 2,368,233	$ 2,679,652
Securities – fair value through other comprehensive income	6,100	450
Warrants – fair value through profit and loss	196,193	187,526
Total	**$ 2,570,526**	**$ 2,867,628**

4. INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS *(continued)*

During the nine months ended December 31, 2014 $75 of unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments was reclassified from other comprehensive income to net investment gains. During the nine months period ended December 31, 2013 $225 of unrealized gain was recorded in other comprehensive income with no amounts being reclassified to net investment gains or losses.

Realized and unrealized losses on equity securities classified at fair value through profit or loss totalled $713,457 (December 31, 2013 – gain $10,529).

During the year ended March 31, 2014, as consideration for settlement of a receivable from a company with common directors the Company received 200,000 common shares. These shares were classified as financial assets through profit or loss and initially recognized at a fair value of $20,000. As at December 31, 2014 the Company recorded an unrealized gain of $22,000 through the profit or loss (Note 10).

5. RECEIVABLES

The Company's receivables relate to Goods and Services Tax (GST) receivable, interest receivable and a receivable from a third party.

The receivables balance is comprised of the following:

	December 31, 2014	*March 31, 2014*
GST recoverable	**$ 6,036**	$ 9,746
Interest receivable	**9,488**	10,947
Other receivable (note 10)	**27,416**	10,397
	$ 42,940	$ 31,090

6. RESOURCE PROPERTY

Title to a resource property involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims, as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance history characteristic of many resource properties. The Company has investigated title to its resource property and, to the best of its knowledge, title to its property is in good standing.

Red Lake, Ontario, Canada

The Company currently owns a 40% (March 31, 2012 – 40%) interest in the Red Lake, Ontario mineral property claims. The remaining 60% is held by affiliates of Goldcorp Inc.

Due to the Company changing its business from junior mining exploration to investment issuer, it is unlikely that the Company will undertake any exploration activities with regards to the Red Lake property. As such, the Company wrote off the costs capitalized to the Red Lake property as at March 31, 2013 to $1.

7. RECLAMATION BOND

The Company designated the reclamation bond as measured at amortized cost financial asset which is measured using the effective interest method. Any changes to the carrying amount of the reclamation bond, including impairment losses, are recognized in the profit or loss.

7. RECLAMATION BOND *(continued)*

The reclamation bond is a guaranteed investment certificate held in a financial institution as security for reclamation obligations pursuant to the *Mines Act* and Health, Safety and Reclamation Code for Mines in British Columbia. The investment bears the variable interest rate of prime less 2.25% per annum, maturing April 27, 2015 and is restricted for general use. The reclamation bonds relate to the Golden Loon resource property.

8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities for the Company are broken down as follows:

	December 31, 2014	*March 31, 2014*
Accounts payable to third parties	**$ 88,788**	$ 84,831
Accounts payable to related parties (Note 10)	**-**	5,061
Accrued liabilities	**18,375**	49,500
	$ 107,163	$ 139,392

9. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Common shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common voting shares without par value. The holder of common shares is entitled to receive any dividend declared by the Company on such shares.

No common shares were issued during the nine months ended December 31, 2014 and year ended March 31, 2014.

b) Preferred shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of first preferred shares and second preferred shares issuable in series with the issue price to be fixed by the directors. The holders of first preferred shares are entitled to preference over the common shares and the second preferred shares with respect to payment of dividends and distribution of assets in the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Company.

No preferred shares were issued during the nine months ended December 31, 2014 and year ended March 31, 2014.

c) Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan whereby the Company may grant options to its directors, officers, employees and consultants for up to 10% of the outstanding common shares from time to time with vesting rights determined at each grant date. The exercise price of each option equals the market price of the Company's stock on the date of the grant (less any permitted discount, if any) and an option's maximum term is five years.

9. SHARE CAPITAL *(continued)*

c) Stock options *(continued)*

During the nine months ended December 31, 2014, the Company recognized share-based compensation of $nil (2013 - $50,873) in contributed surplus, which will be applied to share capital upon exercise. The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the nine months ended December 30, 2013, was $0.04 per option.

The fair value of stock options granted during the nine months ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 are determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model with assumptions as follows:

	2014	2013
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	**- %**	1.10%
Weighted average estimated volatility	**- %**	96%
Weighted average expected life	-	5 years
Weighted average expected dividend yield	**- %**	0%

Option-pricing models require the use of highly subjective estimates and assumptions including the expected stock price volatility which was estimated based on historical volatility of the Company's publicly-traded shares. Changes in the underlying assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates and therefore, in management's opinion, existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options.

No options were exercised during the nine months ended December 31, 2014.

	December 31, 2014		*March 31, 2014*	
	Number of Options	***Weighted Average Exercise Price***	*Number of Options*	*Weighted Average Exercise Price*
Balance, beginning of period	**3,880,000**	**$ 0.22**	3,250,000	$ 0.24
Cancelled	**(600,000)**	**$ 0.23**	-	-
Granted	**-**	**-**	1,200,000	0.15
Expired	**-**	**-**	(570,000)	0.18
Balance, end of period	**3,280,000**	**$ 0.22**	3,880,000	$ 0.22
Exercisable, end of period	**3,280,000**	**$ 0.22**	3,880,000	$ 0.22

9. SHARE CAPITAL *(continued)*

c) Stock options *(continued)*

As of December 31, 2014, the following stock options were outstanding and exercisable:

Number of Options Outstanding	*Exercise Price*	*Expiry Date*	*Number of Options Exercisable*
800,000	$ 0.34	November 11, 2015	800,000
150,000	$ 0.35	March 31, 2016	150,000
680,000	$ 0.20	October 13, 2016	680,000
125,000	$ 0.22	November 3, 2016	125,000
50,000	$ 0.25	April 3, 2017	50,000
475,000	$ 0.15	July 25, 2017	475,000
1,000,000	$ 0.15	May 2, 2018	1,000,000
3,280,000			3,280,000

d) Share purchase warrants

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	December 31 2014		*March 31, 2014*	
	Number of Warrants	***Weighted Average Exercise Price***	*Number of Warrants*	*Weighted Average Exercise Price*
Balance, beginning of period	**-**	**$ -**	3,920,000	$ 0.25
Issued in private placement	**-**	**$ -**	-	$ -
Issued to finders	**-**	**$ -**	-	$ -
Expired	**-**	**$ -**	(3,920,000)	$ 0.25
Balance, end of period	**-**	**$ -**	-	$ -

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Amounts paid and accrued to directors, officers and companies in which directors and officers are shareholders are as follows:

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Management and directors' fees	**$ 204,000**	$ 229,000
Share-based compensation	**$ -**	$ 51,000

As at December 31, 2014, $Nil (March 31, 2014 - $5,061) is payable to various officers and directors of the Company.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(continued)*

During the nine months ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company incurred the following from a company in which directors and officers are employees:

	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Management fees	**$ 2,149**	$ 26,899
Salaries paid to officers and included in Office, general and consulting	**$ 51,461**	$ 91,086

During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Company advanced funds to a company in which certain directors and officers are employees. As at December 31, 2014, $27,414 (March 31, 2014 - $10,397) was loaned to this company to cover subsequent month expenditures. These expenses were charged back to the Company at cost without markup.

During the nine months ended December 31, 2014, the Company paid $46,088 (December 31, 2013 - $63,237) in rent to companies with common directors. A total of $nil was payable with respect to these fees at December 31, 2014.

During the year ended March 31, 2013, the Company recorded a receivable from an entity with common directors in the amount of $100,000 (March 31, 2012 - $Nil). During the year ended March 31, 2014 the Company received 200,000 shares of the entity with a fair value of $20,000 as settlement of this receivable. The shares were recorded as investment at fair value through profit or loss. As at December 31, 2014 the shares had a fair value of $22,000 (March 31, 2014 - $14,000), consequently $8,000 was recorded as unrealized gain on investment in equity instruments.

During the year ended March 31, 2014 the Company subscribed for a convertible note of a company, of which directors and officers of the Company are directors. The note has a principal amount of $50,000 and bears an interest at 10% per annum maturing upon the earlier of twelve months from the date of issuance or the conversion date. The debt could be converted at any time before maturity at the option of the Company into common shares of the company at $0.05 per share. The principal amount is subject to a 10% discount. During the nine months ended December 31, 2014 the convertible note was converted into 1,000,000 common shares and recorded as investment at fair value through profit or loss. As at December 31, 2014 the shares had a fair value of $50,000 (March 31, 2014 - $60,000), consequently $10,000 was recorded as unrealized loss on investment in equity instruments.

In April 2013, the Company participated in a private placement and purchased 1,333,333 units ("Units") at $200,000 of a company of which a director of the Company is an officer and director. Each Unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at $0.25 per common share for a period of five years. $100,000 was allocated to fair value of the common shares and $100,000 to fair value of the warrants. The investment was recorded as an investment in equity instrument at fair value through profit or loss. During the nine months ended December 31, 2014 the Company recorded $61,127 (December 31, 2013 - $160,000 loss) in unrealized gain on investment in equity instruments related to this investment.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(continued)*

In September 2013, the Company participated in a private placement and purchased 666,667 units ("Units") at $50,000 of a company with directors in common. Each Unit consists of one common share and one half common share purchase warrant exercisable at $0.10 per common share for a period of five years. $24,728 was allocated to fair value of the common shares and $25,272 to fair value of the warrants. The investment was recorded as an investment in equity instrument at fair value through profit or loss. During the nine months ended December 31, 2014 the Company recorded $111,782(December 31, 2013 - $50,000 unrealized gain) in unrealized loss on investment in equity instruments related to this investment. During the year ended March 31, 2014 the Company recorded $80,091 in unrealized gain on investment in equity instruments related to this investment.

In September 2013, the Company participated in a private placement and purchased 300,000 units ("Units") at $105,000 of a company with a director in common. Each Unit consists of one common share and one half common share purchase warrant exercisable at $0.50 per common share for a period of 18 months. $13,538 was allocated to fair value of warrants and $91,462 was allocated to common shares. The investment was recorded as an investment in equity instrument at fair value through profit or loss. During the nine months ended December 31, 2014 45,500 shares of this company were sold and the Company recorded $2,275 in realized loss. During the nine months ended December 31, 2014 the Company recorded $7,136 (December 31, 2013 - $55,500 loss) in unrealized loss on investment in equity instruments related to this investment.

11. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The components of cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

	December 31, 2014	March 31, 2014
Cash	**$ 104,581**	$ 175,608
Term deposits	**-**	170,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	**$ 104,581**	$ 345,608

Restricted cash of $51,133 (March 31, 2014 - $50,753) relates to guaranteed investment certificates held at a Canadian financial institution as reclamation bond for Golden Loon resource property (see Note 6).

12. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to various financial instrument risks and assesses the impact and likelihood of this exposure. These risks include liquidity risk, credit risk, fair value risk and interest rate risk. Where material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

a) Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide adequate returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders, and to have sufficient funds on hand for business opportunities as they arise.

12. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

a) Capital Management

The Company considers the items included in share capital as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares through private placements, the sale of assets, debt, or return of capital to shareholders. As at December 31, 2014, the Company does not have any debt, other than accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company maintains sufficient cash balances to meet current working capital requirements. In October 2014, the Company received approval from the TSX Venture Exchange to complete its change from a "junior mineral exploration company" to an "investment issuer.

c) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial assets including cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

The Company limits exposure to credit risk on liquid financial assets through maintaining its cash and cash equivalents, and other assets with high-credit quality financial institutions.

The majority of the Company's cash and cash equivalents are held with major Canadian based financial institutions. The Company views the credit risk associated with receivables as minimal as a significant portion of the balance is GST recoverable from Government of Canada.

d) Currency Risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. The Company does not have any exposure to any highly inflationary foreign currencies.

e) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises from the interest rate impact on its cash and cash equivalents and reclamation bond. The Company's practice has been to invest cash at floating rates of interest, in cash equivalents, in order to maintain liquidity, while achieving a satisfactory return for shareholders. There is minimal risk that the Company would recognize any loss as a result of a decrease in the fair value of any guaranteed bank investment certificates included in reclamation bond as they are generally held with large financial institutions.

12. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

f) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of, or future cash flows from, the Company's financial instruments will significantly fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The value of the financial instruments can be affected by changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and equity and commodity prices. The Company is exposed to market risk in trading its investments, and unfavourable market conditions could result in dispositions of investments at less than favourable prices.

Additionally, in accordance with IFRS 9, the Company is required to fair value its investments at the end of each reporting period. This process could result in significant write-downs of the Company's investments over one or more reporting periods, particularly during periods of overall market instability, which would have a significant unfavourable effect on the Company's financial position.

During periods of significantly broader market volatility or volatility experienced by the resource/commodity markets, the value of the Company's investment portfolio can be quite vulnerable to market fluctuations.

13. FAIR VALUE

The fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The level in the hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorized is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

(i) Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
(ii) Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
(iii Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

	December 31, 2014		**March 31, 2014**	
	Level 1	**Level 2**	**Level 1**	**Level 2**
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 104,581	$ -	$ 345,608	$ -
Receivables	42,940	-	31,090	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss				
Equity investments (a)	1,760,649	-	2,679,652	-
Warrants held (b)	-	113,096	-	187,526
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity investments (a)	-	-	450	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	107,163	-	139,392	-

13. FAIR VALUE *(continued)*

The methods of measuring each of these financial assets and liabilities have not changed during the past year. The Company does not have any financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value based on unobservable inputs (Level 3). The fair values of financial instruments measured at amortized cost approximate their carrying amounts.

(a) Equity investments

The Company's equity investments are valued using quoted market prices in active markets and as such are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of investment securities is calculated as the closing market price of the investment equity security multiplied by the quantity of shares held by the Company.

(b) Warrants held

The fair value of warrants held that are not traded on an active market is determined using a Black Scholes pricing model based on assumptions that are supported by observable current market conditions and as such are classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.