The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an overview of the activities of Prominex Resource Corp. ("Prominex" or the "Company") prepared as of October 28, 2011 for the three months period ended July 31, 2011. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited interim financial statements for the three months ended July 31, 2011, and the notes attached thereto, prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 (IAS 34), using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). All amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

The following MD&A is management's assessment of the Company's operations and financial results, together with future prospects. This MD&A contains certain forward-looking information. All information, other than historical facts included herein, including without limitation data regarding potential mineralization, exploration results and plans and objectives of the Company, is forward-looking information that involves various risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate and future events and actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking information.

It is the Company's policy that forward-looking statements are based on the Company's beliefs and assumptions and on information available at the time these assumptions are made. The forward looking statements contained herein are as of October 28, 2011, and are subject to change after this date, and the Company assumes no obligation to publicly update or revise the statements to reflect new events or circumstances, except as may be required pursuant to applicable laws. Although management believes that the expectations represented by such forward-looking information or statements are reasonable, there is significant risk that the forward-looking information or statements may not be achieved, and the underlying assumptions thereto will not prove to be accurate. Forward-looking information or statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, information or statements concerning our expectations for our ability to raise capital and meet our obligations.

Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations expressed or implied in any forward-looking information or statements, including the underlying assumptions thereto, as a result of numerous risks, uncertainties and other factors such as those described above and in "Risks and Uncertainties" below. The Company has no policy for updating forward-looking information beyond the procedures required under applicable securities laws. The MD&A has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of National Instrument 51-102, Section 5 and Form 51-102F1.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

The Company is a mineral exploration company engaged in acquiring and exploring mineral properties, and holds interests in properties located in the province of Newfoundland and Labrador, Canada. The Company's properties are currently at an "exploration stage."

To date, the Company is dependent on the equities market to finance all of its activities and it will continue to rely on this source of funding for its exploration expenditures and to meet its ongoing working capital requirements. The common shares of the Company are listed on the TSX Venture

Exchange (the "Exchange") under the symbol "PXR". The Company's head office is in Vancouver, BC, Canada. The Company also maintains an exploration office in Buchans, NL.

MINERAL RESOURCE PROPERTIES

The Company's mineral properties are located on the island of Newfoundland in the province of Newfoundland and Labrador, Canada. The Company has investigated title to its mineral properties and all of its properties are in good standing.

Tulks Hill Project

On December 15, 2005, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 51% interest in a property known as Tulks Hill located in central Newfoundland. In November 2007, the Company earned a 51% interest by completing the requirements under the option agreement. In July 2008, the Company received a National Instrument (NI) 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101) compliant technical report on the Tulks Hill property (the "Tulks Hill Property"). The Tulks Hill Property is subject to net smelter return royalty ranging from 2.0% to 2.25% on certain of the claims.

The following summary is from the NI 43-101 technical report on the Tulks Hill Property, Newfoundland and Labrador, Canada, prepared for the Tulks Hill joint venture between Prominex (operator) and Buchans Mineral Corporation (formerly Buchans River Limited). Prepared by Mr. Hrayr Agnerian, M.Sc. (Applied), P. Geo. of Scott Wilson RPA on July 22, 2008:

"The T3 Lens of the Tulks Hill deposit contains some 431,000 tonnes of Indicated mineral resources at an average grade of 0.89% Cu, 3.97% Zn, 1.61% Pb, 35.09 g/t Ag and 1.17 g/t Au. The 1.1% CuEq cut-off grade is based on a minimum 2 m horizontal thickness of mineralization.

The drilling by Prominex at Tulks Hill has confirmed the earlier results by Asarco Inc." "There is good potential for the discovery of additional Cu-Zn-Pb-Ag-Au mineralization northeast, southwest, and southeast of the T3 Lens and at other targets within Mineral License 10212M. These targets have geological and geophysical characteristics that are similar to the T3 Lens."

T3 Lens – Mineral Resources above the Adit

			Grade				
Zone	**Category**	**Tonnes**	**% Cu**	**% Zn**	**% Pb**	**g/t Ag**	**g/t Au**
2	Indicated	290,000	0.91	5.03	2.00	38.81	1.24
3	Indicated	30,000	0.52	2.67	1.53	61.52	0.59
Total	**Indicated**	**320,000**	**0.87**	**4.81**	**1.96**	**40.94**	**1.18**

Mineral Resources below the Adit and Elsewhere

Zone	Category	Tonnes	Grade				
			% Cu	% Zn	% Pb	g/t Ag	g/t Au
1	Indicated	4,000	0.79	1.09	0.41	26.19	0.31
2	Indicated	44,000	0.76	1.77	0.56	19.53	2.76
3	Indicated	5,000	0.52	2.46	1.39	57.95	0.66
4	Indicated	58,000	1.12	1.42	0.60	15.09	0.06
Total	**Indicated**	**111,000**	**0.94**	**1.55**	**0.60**	**18.24**	**1.15**

Lake Bond

On December 28, 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Reid Option Agreement") to acquire a 100% interest (the "Option") in a property known as Reid Lot 50, Lake Bond (the "Reid Property") located in central Newfoundland. Under the terms of the Reid Option Agreement, in order to acquire the Option, the Company must expend $50,000 on exploration and development of the Reid Property by October 17, 2010. The Reid Option Agreement has been extended to October 17, 2011, to allow the Company additional time to complete the expenditures. The property is subject to a net smelter return royalty of 2.0%, of which the Company can purchase 1.0% for $1,000,000.

2011 EXPLORATION PLANS

The Company has announced that the summer/fall exploration program on its Tulks Hill volcanogenic massive sulphide project located in central Newfoundland did commence exploration at Tulks Hill on August 29, 2011. Prominex is the operator of the Tulks Hill Property with a 51% interest in a joint venture with Buchans Minerals Corporation (BMC-TSX-V), which holds the remaining 49% interest. In accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement, Buchans Minerals Corporation has notified the Company that it will not be participating in this year's exploration program and will dilute its interest, which may be approximately 10% upon completion of the $500,000 program planned for 2011. The 2011 exploration program will consist of prospecting and surface evaluation in areas identified in the 2006 exploration program and a 2,800 m diamond-drilling program.

QUALIFIED PERSON

Mr. Agnerian is a Qualified Person as set out in the definitions of National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101) by reason of his education, affiliation with a professional association (as defined in NI 43-101) and past relevant work experience and is independent of the Issuer applying the test set out in Section 1.4 of NI 43-101. Mr. Hrayr Agnerian is the author of the report titled "Technical Report on the Tulks Hill Cu-Zn Property, Newfoundland" prepared for Tulks Hill Joint Venture between Prominex Resources Corp. (The Operator) and Buchans River Ltd., (TSX:V-BUV), now Buchans Mineral Corporation (TSX:V-BMC) and dated July 22, 2008. The report is available on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) and on the company website (www.prominex.ca).

MINERAL RESOURCE PROPERTY EXPENDITURES

Three months ended July 31, 2011 and 2010

	Balance April 30, 2011	Acquisition Costs	Exploration Expenditures[1]	Write-downs	Balance July 31, 2011
	$	$	$	$	$
Tulks Hill	1,623,852	-	47,709	-	1,671,561
Lake Bond	71,086	-	-	-	71,086
	1,694,938	-	47,709	-	1,742,647

	Balance May 1, 2010	Acquisition Costs	Exploration Expenditures[1]	Write-downs	Balance April 30, 2011
	$	$	$	$	$
Tulks Hill	1,604,274	-	19,578	-	1,623,852
Lake Bond	53,972	-	17,114	-	71,086
	1,658,246	-	17,114	-	1,694,938

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The review of results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim financial statements of for the three months ended July 31, 2011. The Company had a net loss for the quarter ending July 31, 2011 of $49,719 compared to a net loss of $36,433 in the same quarter of 2010. The Company did not incur any unusual expenses during the quarter.

Expenses for the quarters ended July 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	For The Quarter Ended July 31	
	2011	**2010**
Expenses:		
Consulting Wages and Benefits	24,900	24,000
Legal Fees	4,455	60
Office	3,185	-
Filing & Transfer Agent Fees	6,094	1,177
Rent	4,266	9,327
Secretarial Services	945	-
Investor Relations & Shareholder Information	1,234	1,611

	For The Quarter Ended July 31	
	2011	**2010**
Training& Seminars	2,944	-
Travel and Entertainment	1,563	-
Total Expenses	**49,719**	**36,433**

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following is selected quarterly information for each of the past eight quarters

Quarter	Revenue ($)	Expenses ($)	Net Income (loss) After Tax ($)	Net Income (loss) per Share Basic and Diluted
Q1/12	Nil	49,719	(49,719)	(0.001)
Q4/11	Nil	74,817	(74,817)	(0.002)
Q3/11	Nil	169,017	(169,017)	(0.003)
Q2/11	Nil	47,715	(47,715)	(0.001)
Q1/11	Nil	36,433	(36,433)	(0.001)
Q4/10	Nil	594,169	(594,169)	(0.01)
Q3/10	Nil	52,199	(52,199)	(0.001)
Q2/10	Nil	41,736	(41,736)	(0.001)

SUMMARY OF ANNUAL INFORMATION

Annual Financial Data – 2009 to 2011

Year Ending April 30	2011	2010	2009
Net Loss ($)	327,982	699,487	360,263
Net Loss per Share-Basic & Diluted ($)	(0.007)	(0.02)	(0.01)
Current Assets ($)	338,028	103,447	34,642
Total Assets ($)	2,032,966	1,761,693	1,683,051
Total Liabilities ($)	549,695	490,490	344,340
Working Capital (deficiency) ($)	(211,667)	(387,043)	(309,698)
Equity/(deficit) ($)	1,483,271	1,271,203	1,338,711
Cash Dividends ($)	Nil	Nil	Nil

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's cash balance at July 31, 2011, was $140,287 compared to $290,103 for the year ended April 30, 2011.

Future Funding

The Company has historically financed its activities principally by sale of equity securities and while it has been successful in the past, there can be no assurances it will be successful in the future. The recoverability of exploration costs is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain financing to fund and complete the development of such reserves or through the sale of the licenses.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent on its ability to raise sufficient and appropriate equity financing to fund and complete the development of its mineral properties and attainment of future profitable operations. While the Company has been successful in the past in financing its activities there can be no assurances it will be successful in the future.

Companies involved in the mineral exploration industry face many risk factors. While it is not possible to eliminate all the factors inherent in the mineral exploration business, the Company, through ongoing assessment, strives to mitigate these risks to ensure the protection of its assets.

Exploration and Development Risk

Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk and few properties will become producing mines. There is no assurance that any mineral resources identified and defined will be mined commercially. The Company attempts to mitigate these risks by conducting exploration programs and studies using qualified contractors and personnel who will make professional recommendations based upon the findings of these studies.

Risk in Resource/Reserve Calculations and Estimation of Metal Recoveries

There is a degree of uncertainty attributable to the calculation of mineral resources and mineral reserves and corresponding grades and all mineral resources and mineral reserves and grades should be treated as estimates only.

Financing Risk

The Company has limited financial resources and relies upon the issuance of share capital to raise funds. The Company's management is aware that the availability of equity funds at favourable terms is not certain, so the financial requirements of the Company's operations are reviewed at least quarterly to allow for timely changes in capital deployment. The Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing from the placement of equity, however there can be no assurance that it will obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable.

Political and Legislative Risk

The Company's properties are located in Canada in the province of Newfoundland and Labrador. Any changes in regulations or shifts in political conditions are beyond the control of the Company and may adversely affect its business. Operations may be affected, to varying degrees, by changes in federal or provincial legislation and regulations and the effects of any changes cannot be accurately predicted. The

Company identifies changes and potential changes in environmental legislation, provincial laws and regulations, and 'best practices guidelines' as sources of potential risk in this regard.

Business Cycle Risk

General market conditions and the price of precious and base metals will have an impact on the Company's ability to access financing in the future to continue the exploration of its properties and further the Company's long-term plan. Changes in cyclical market direction may have a positive or negative affect the Company. Changes in general market conditions are beyond the control of the Company.

OUTSTANDING SHARE CAPITAL

The Company has unlimited share capital and as at July 31, 2011, there were 58,320,890 shares issued and outstanding as compared to 49,325,890 as at July 31, 2010. The Company did not complete a private placement during the quarter ending July 31, 2011.

Warrants Outstanding

Expiry Date	Exercise Price per Share $	Number of Shares
Jan.29, 2012	0.10	1,760,000
Apr.29, 2012	0.10	7,235,000

Stock Options Outstanding

Expiry Date	Exercise Price per share ($)	Number of Shares
January 19, 2016	0.10	3,700,000

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company's related parties consist of executive officers and directors, the spouse of an executive officer, and companies controlled by executive officers and directors.

During the quarter, the Company paid or accrued the following amounts to related parties:

- $3,866 (2010 - $5,154) in head office rent to an officer and director, which was charged to loss for the period
- $35,400 (2010 - $24,000) in salaries, management fees and director fees to key management personnel, of which $24,900 (2010 - $24,000) was charged to loss for the period and $10,500 (2010 - $Nil) was charged to mineral properties.

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are amounts owing to related parties of $286,529 (2010 - $320,301)

The above transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which are the amounts agreed to by the related parties.

INVESTOR AWARENESS

The Company does not have an investor awareness program. Currently, the president provides shareholder communication. The Company will continue some investor awareness initiatives including investor conference participation, print, radio, and web media advertising of the Company and its prospective properties. The Company maintains a summary of corporate and technical information on its website and provides links to regulatory, government, and other sources of information.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

The Company does not currently have any proposed transaction approved by the Board of Directors.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In connection with Exemption Orders issued in November 2007, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company will file a Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with respect to the financial information contained in the unaudited interim financial statements and the audited annual financial statements and respective accompanying MD&A.

In contrast to the certificate under Multilateral Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuer's Annual and Interim Filings* (MI 52-109), the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, as defined in MI 52-109.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Company has no contractual obligations.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off balance sheet transactions.

CONVERSION TO IFRS

Overview

These are the Company's first interim financial statements prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 (IAS 34) using accounting policies consistent with IFRS. Previously, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Canadian GAAP. The accounting policies described in Note 2 of the interim financial statements for the three months ending July 31, 2011, are consistent with IFRS as expected to be effective on April 30, 2012, the Company's first annual IFRS reporting date. These policies have been applied in the preparation of these unaudited interim financial statements, including all comparative information.

Impact of Adopting IFRS on the Company's Business

The adoption of IFRS has resulted in minimal changes to the Company's accounting systems and business processes. The Company has not identified any contractual arrangements that are significantly affected by the adoption of IFRS. The Company's staff and advisers involved in the preparation of financial statements have been appropriately trained in the relevant aspects of IFRS and the changes to accounting policies. The Board of Directors and Audit Committee have been regularly updated through the Company's IFRS transition process, and are aware of the key aspects of IFRS affecting the Company

First-Time Adoption of IFRS

The adoption of IFRS requires the application of, First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS 1). IFRS 1 requires that comparative financial information be provided. As a result, the first date at which the Company has applied IFRS was May 1, 2010 (the "Transition Date"). IFRS 1 requires retrospective application of IFRS effective at the end of its first annual reporting period, which for the Company will be April 30, 2012. However, it also provides for certain optional exemptions and certain mandatory exceptions to this retrospective treatment.

In preparing the Company's opening IFRS interim financial statements, the Company has adjusted amounts reported previously in the financial statements prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP.

The Company has elected to apply the following optional exemptions in its preparation of an opening statement of financial position dated May 1, 2010, the Company's Transition Date:

- Share-based payment transactions – To apply IFRS 2 Share-based Payments only to equity instruments that were issued after November 7, 2002, and had not vested by the Transition Date.
- Restoration, rehabilitation, and environmental obligations (Decommissioning Liabilities) – The Company has elected to apply the exemption from full retrospective application of decommissioning provisions allowed under IFRS 1. As a result, the company has re-measured the provisions at May 1, 2010, under IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities, and Contingent Assets and estimated the amount to be included in the cost of the related asset by discounting the liability to the date at which the liability first arose.
- Lease Arrangements – The Company has elected to apply the transition provisions of IFRIC 4 Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease, therefore determining if arrangements existing at the Transition Date contain a lease based on the circumstances existing at that date. The Company has no leases.

Changes to Accounting Policies

The Company has changed certain accounting policies to be consistent with IFRS effective or available for early adoption on April 30, 2012, the Company's first annual IFRS reporting date. Adoption of IFRS has had no material impact on the Company's statements of cash flows for the three months ended July 31, 2011 and the twelve months ended April 30, 2011. The changes to accounting policies and the impact on the Company's financial statements are as follows:

(a) Share-based payment transactions

Under IFRS, each tranche of an award with different vesting dates is considered a separate grant for the calculation of fair value, and the resulting fair value is amortized over the vesting period of the respective tranches. Forfeiture estimates are recognized in the period they are estimated, and are revised for actual forfeitures in subsequent periods. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee, including directors of the Company. The fair value for share purchase options granted to non-employees for services provided is measured at the date the services are received. The fair value of the share purchase options granted is measured at the fair value of the services received, unless the fair value of services received cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share purchase options were granted.

Under Canadian GAAP, the fair value of stock-based awards to employees with graded vesting are calculated as one grant and the resulting fair value is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Forfeitures of awards are recognized as they occur.

The Company's accounting policies relating to share-based payment transactions have been changed to reflect these differences. There is no impact on the financial statements.

(b) Impairment of (non-financial) Assets

IFRS requires a write-down of assets if the higher of the fair market value and the value in use of a group of assets is less than its carrying value. Value in use is determined using discounted estimated future cash flows. Canadian GAAP required a write-down to estimated fair value only if the undiscounted estimated future cash flows of a group of assets are less than its carrying value.

The Company's accounting policies relating to impairment of non-financial assets have been changed to reflect these differences and there is no impact on the financial statements.

(c) Restoration, Rehabilitation and Environmental Obligations (Decommissioning Liabilities)

IFRS requires the recognition of a decommissioning liability for legal or constructive restoration, rehabilitation, and environmental obligations, while Canadian GAAP only requires the recognition of such liabilities for legal obligations. A constructive obligation exists when an entity has created reasonable expectations that it will take certain actions.

The Company's accounting policies related to decommissioning liabilities have been changed to reflect these differences. Management has determined that it has no legal or constructive obligations and accordingly, there is no impact on the financial statements.

(d) Flow-through Shares

The Company will issue, from time to time, flow-through common shares to finance a portion of its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share subscription agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. Under IFRS, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and ii) share capital. Upon expenses being incurred, the Company recognizes a deferred tax liability for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders and the premium liability is reversed. The reversal of the premium liability and the deferred tax liability are recognized as tax recoveries to the extent that suitable deferred tax assets are available. Under Canadian GAAP, the Company recorded the tax cost of expenditures renounced to subscribers on the date the deductions were renounced to the subscribers. Share capital was reduced and future income tax liabilities were increased by the tax cost of expenditures renounced to the subscribers, except that the amount was recognized as a tax recovery to the extent that suitable future tax assets were available. The Company's accounting policies relating to flow through shares have been changed to reflect these differences. There is no impact on the financial statements.

(e) Provisions

Under IFRS, a provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Under Canadian GAAP, a liability was recognized for legal obligations.

The Company's accounting policies relating to provisions has been changed to reflect this difference and there is no impact on the financial statements.

OUTLOOK

The Company has sufficient funds to maintain its listing and while the Company is conducting exploration on its properties in 2011, the size, scope, and objective(s) of the exploration activity is dependent upon access to additional funds and subject to the objective of limiting shareholder dilution, among other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors carries out its responsibility for the financial statements primarily through the audit committee, which comprises independent, non-executive directors who meet periodically with management and independent auditors to review financial reporting and internal control matters.

APPROVAL

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MDA is available upon request from the Company and is available for viewing on the Company website at www.prominex.ca or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information related to the Company is available for viewing on the Company's website www.prominex.ca and on SEDAR at www.sedar.com

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Gordon Barron – President, CEO, and Director

Mr. Barron has 30 years of experience in the evaluation and financing of mineral exploration projects. He is the founder of New Island Resources Inc. (1985) (NIS.TSX-V) and has provided various services to Prominex during the last six years.

Allan Innes – Corporate Secretary, CFO, and Director

Mr. Allan Innes has over 20 years accounting experience and is the founder and president of Innes and Company, Certified General Accountants of North Vancouver, BC (1998). Mr. Innes began his career with Pannell Kerr MacGillivary, Chartered Accountants, in Toronto, as a junior and intermediate accountant and auditor from 1988 to 1991. In 1991, Mr. Innes moved to Vancouver, BC, to work as a senior accountant with Brendan Higgins, Chartered Accountants.

Dr. David Stirling – Director and Chair of Audit Committee and Compensation Committee Member

Dr. David Stirling has over 25 years' experience in post-secondary university education, development, research, and teaching in fields of Medicine and Education. Dr. Stirling has served as Chairman of Undergraduate Programs in the School of Kinesiology, Simon Fraser University; Assistant Academic Dean and Director of Research and Development Trinity Western University; Director of Development, Kodaikanal International Baccalaureate School, Tamil Nadu, India; and Vice President of University Development, Universario Nazarena, Costa Rica.

Gordon MacNiel – Director – Chair of the Compensation Committee and Audit Committee Member

Mr. MacNiel has 26 years' experience in the financial, investment and taxation arena and is the founder and president of Taurus Accounting Services Inc. of Vancouver, BC (2002). Having graduated from St. George's School in Vancouver in 1977, he attended Queen's University in Kingston Ontario, finishing his B.A. at UBC in 1984. He completed the Canadian Securities Course with honours later in 1984 and joined Investors Group as a financial planner from 1985-1988.

Mr. MacNiel moved on to a position with Canada Revenue Agency for two years in income tax and then two more years involved with the organization of the registration, compliance, collection and remittance processes of the GST for its implementation in 1991. He went into the private sector starting his own tax consulting business in late 1991 and his firm represents clients in personal and corporate tax accounting, planning, preparation, and filing.

Liliana Hartwig – Director and Audit Committee Member

Ms. Hartwig has 25 years' experience in communications and publishing of technical documentation particularly within the mining industry, and is the founder and Managing Director of LFH-FIELDSCOM Communications Ltd. in North Vancouver, BC (2010).