

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Notice to Reader

These condensed interim financial statements of First Energy Metals Limited have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its external auditors have not reviewed these condensed interim financial statements, notes to financial statements and the related quarterly Management Discussion and Analysis.

Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Unaudited-expressed in Canadian dollars)

		Se	eptember 30,	March 31,
	Note		2019	2019
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash		\$	5,307	\$ 216,835
Amounts receivable and prepaid expenses	4		10,874	16,024
Total Current Assets			16,181	232,859
Non-current Assets				
Reclamation deposits			11,000	11,000
Exploration and evaluation assets	5		83,000	83,000
Total Non-current Assets			94,000	94,000
Total Assets		\$	110,181	\$ 326,859
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6	\$	72,238	\$ 125,526
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital	8		35,713,325	35,713,325
Warrants reserve			446,899	446,899
Share subscriptions			24,950	24,950
Share-based payments reserve	8		211,227	211,227
Deficit			(36,358,458)	(36,195,068)
Total Shareholders' Equity			37,943	201,333
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		\$	110,181	\$ 326,859
Going concern	1			
Subsequent events	2			

Approved and authorized for issue on behalf of the board of directors on November 29, 2019 by:

<u>/s/Gurminder Sangha</u> Director <u>/s/Jurgen Wolf</u> Director

Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Unaudited-expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended September 30,					S	ix months end	ed S	eptember 30,
	Note		2019		2018		2019		2018
Expenses									
Consulting fees		\$	-	\$	25,020	\$	91,500	\$	122,458
Exploration and evaluation costs	5		-		-		3,028		73,814
General and administrative			178		169		589		435
Professional fees			5,500		12,276		14,750		17,776
Salaries, fees and benefits	7		10,000		5,500		41,000		28,000
Shareholder communications			6,835		25,918		12,588		106,299
Loss Before Other Income			22,513		68,883		163,455		348,782
Other Income									
Interest income			65		64		65		64
Total Other Income			65		64		65		64
Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss for									
the Period		\$	22,448	\$	68,819	\$	163,390	\$	348,718
Loss per Common Share, Basic and									
Diluted		\$	0.00	\$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$	0.03
Weighted Average Number of Shares									
Outstanding - Basic and Diluted			17,631,003		12,379,330		17,631,003		12,379,330

Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

(Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

		Common	Shares										
		Without Pa	r Value										
	_								are-based				
	Note		Wa		Warrants Share				ayments				
		Shares	Amount	Reserve subsc		subscriptions Reserve				Deficit	Total Equity		
Balance, March 31, 2018		12,236,638	\$ 35,188,833	\$	245,266	\$	-	\$	245,600 5	\$	(36,195,068)	\$	(515,369)
Shares issued:													-
Stock option exercises	8	140,000	69,373		-		-		(34,373)		-		35,000
Exploration and evaluation assets	5	175,000	63,000		-		-		-		-		63,000
Net loss for the period		-	-		-		-		-		(348,718)		(348,718)
Balance, September 30, 2018		12,551,638	\$ 35,321,206	\$	245,266			\$	211,227	\$	(36,543,786)	\$	(766,087)
Balance, March 31, 2019		17,631,003	35,713,325		446,899	\$	24,950		211,227		(36,195,068)		201,333
Net loss for the period		-	-		-		-		=		(163,390)		(163,390)
Balance, September 30, 2019	_	17,631,003	\$ 35,713,325	\$	446,899	\$	24,950	\$	211,227	\$	(36,358,458)	\$	37,943

Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited -expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Six months ended	September 30,
	2019	2018
Cash provided from (used for):		
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	\$ (163,390) \$	(348,718)
Share-based compensation	-	-
Changes in non-cash working capital balances:		
Amounts receivable and prepaid expenses	5,150	(9,074)
Deferred charge	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(53,288)	51,732
Net cash used in operating activities	(211,528)	(306,060)
Investing activities		
Reclamation bonds	-	10,000
Cash used in investing activities	-	10,000
Financing activities		
Repayments of loans	-	(76,539)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	=	15,000
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(61,539)
Net decrease in cash during the period	(211,528)	(357,599)
Cash, beginning of the period	216,835	376,375
Cash, end of the period	\$ 5,307 \$	18,776
Supplemental information		
Shares issued for mineral interests	\$ - \$	83,000
Fair value of options exercised	\$ - \$	34,373

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

First Energy Metals Limited ("First Energy" or the "Company") was incorporated on October 12, 1966 in the Province of British Columbia under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia, and its principal business activity is the exploration of mineral properties in Canada.

The Company's head office and principal address is 1206 - 588 Broughton Street, Vancouver, BC V6G 3E3 Vancouver. The Company's registered and records office is 25th Floor-700 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, B.C., Canada, V7Y 1B3.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. If the going concern assumption is not appropriate for these financial statements then adjustments would be necessary to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, the reported revenue and expenses and the balance sheet classifications used.

During the period ended September 30, 2019, the Company experienced operating losses and negative operating cash flows with the operations of the Company having been primarily funded by the issuance of share capital. The Company expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, and these matters are indicative of the existence of material uncertainty that casts significant doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company will need to raise sufficient funds as the Company's current assets are not sufficient to finance its operations and administrative expenses. The Company is evaluating financing options including, but not limited to, the issuance of additional equity and debt. The Company has no assurance that such financing will be available or be available on favourable terms. Factors that could affect the availability of financing include the Company's performance (as measured by numerous factors including the progress and results of its projects), the state of international debt and equity markets, investor perceptions and expectations and the global financial and metals markets. In addition to evaluating financing options, the Company implemented cost savings measures.

These financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and statement of financial position classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The policies applied in these financial statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") issued and outstanding as at November 29, 2019, the date the board of directors approved these unaudited condensed interim financial statements for issue.

(b) Basis of preparation

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements, prepared in conformity with IAS 34, follow the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the most recent audited annual financial statements.

Since these unaudited condensed interim financial statements do not include all disclosures required by the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for annual financial statements, they should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Basis of Measurement and Presentation

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention using the accrual basis of accounting except for some financial instruments, which have been measured at fair value. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (including normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

(d) Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation

(e) New, Amended and Future IFRS Pronouncements

During the period ended September 30, 2019, the Company adopted certain new standards and amendments to standards, none of which had a significant impact on its interim condensed financial statements.

The following standards have been published and are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

IFRS 16 – Leases

On January 13, 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, according to which, all leases will be on the balance sheet of lessees, except those that meet the limited exception criteria. Respectively, rent expense is to be removed and replaced by the recording of depreciation and finance expense. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

3. Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and notes. By their nature, these judgments and estimates are subject to change and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such judgments and estimates in future periods could be material. These judgments and estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions, and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these judgments and estimates. The more significant areas are as follows:

(a) Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 8.

(b) Going Concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to raise sufficient funds to finance its exploration and administrative expenses involves judgment. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(c) Intangible Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Management is required to assess impairment in respect of intangible exploration and evaluation assets. Note 5 discloses the carrying value of such assets. The triggering events for the potential impairment of exploration and evaluation assets are defined in IFRS 6 *Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Properties* and are as follows:

• the period for which the entity has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates (continued)

(c) Intangible Exploration and Evaluation Assets

- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; and
- sufficient data exists to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

In making the assessment, management is required to make judgments as to the status of each project and its future plans towards finding commercial reserves. The nature of exploration and evaluation activity is such that only a proportion of projects are ultimately successful and accordingly some assets are likely to become impaired in future periods.

(d) Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred income tax asset carrying amounts depend on estimates of future taxable income and the likelihood of reversal of timing differences. Where reversals are expected, estimates of future tax rates will be used in the calculation of deferred tax asset carrying amounts. Potential tax assets were deemed not to be recoverable at the current year end.

4. Amounts Receivable and Prepaid Expenses

	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2019
Amounts due from the Government of Canada pursuant to GST input		
tax credits	10,696	13,977
Prepayments and other amounts receivable	178	2,047
Total	\$ 10,874 \$	16,024

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Exploration and evaluation assets deferred to the statements of financial position at September 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019 are as follows:

	March 31,			September 30,
	2019	Additions	Write-off	2019
Phyllis Cobalt	\$ 56,000 \$	- \$	- \$	56,000
Russel Graphite	27,000	-	-	27,000
	\$ 83,000 \$	- \$	- \$	83,000

(a) Russel Graphite Property

On May 3, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Russel Graphite Property which is comprised of 30 mineral tenures covering a contiguous block of 1,798 hectares of land located in the Gatineau area of Quebec, Canada.

On January 28, 2019, and again on March 15, 2019, the Company entered into an amended option agreement (the "Russel Amendment Agreement") which amended the due dates for certain cash payments, share issuances and exploration expenditure requirements of the Russel Option Agreement as noted below.

On November 29, 2019, the Company announced the termination of its option agreement on the Russel Graphite property.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

(a) Russel Graphite Property (continued)

Under the terms of the Russel Amended Agreement, the Company has the right to acquire a 100% interest in Russel Graphite Property by completing the following option payment, common share issuances and exploration expenditures:

Due Dates	Option payments (\$)	Issuance of First Energy common shares	Minimum exploration expenditures (\$)	Cumulative exploration expenditure (\$)
September 1, 2019 (issued)	7,500	75,000	Nil	Nil
December 31, 2019	30,000	225,000	150,000	150,000

The Russel Graphite Property is subject to a 3% NSR upon commencement of commercial production for which the Company will have the option to reduce the NSR by 2.0% by paying \$1,000,000 for each 1% of royalty.

On November 29, 2019, the Company has terminated its option agreement on the Russel Graphite property. The Company's decision was based on its desire to focus its efforts on the 100-per-cent-optioned Phyllis Cobalt Property in Ontario, and will continue to work toward furthering its exploration efforts on the property.

(b) Phyllis Cobalt Property

On January 29, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims (the "Phyllis Property") covering 1,750 hectares located in the Kenora Mining District in northwestern Ontario, Canada.

On January 29, 2019, and again on March 15, 2019, the Company entered into an amended option agreement (the "Phyllis Amendment Agreement") which amended the due dates for certain cash payments, share issuances and exploration expenditure requirements of the Phyllis Cobalt Agreement, as noted below.

Under the terms of the Phyllis Amendment Agreement, the Company has the option to acquire a 100% interest in the Phyllis Property by completing the following option payments, common share issuances and exploration expenditures:

Due Dates	Option payments (\$)	Issuance of First Energy common shares	Minimum exploration expenditures (\$)	Cumulative exploration expenditure (\$)
On signing (paid and issued)	20,000	100,000	Nil	Nil
September 30, 2019 (completed)	-	-	75,000	75,000
January 31, 2020	35,000	150,000	25,000	100,000
March 15, 2020	35,000	150,000	-	100,000
January 31, 2021	50,000	-	-	100,000
March 1, 2021	-	200,000	25,000	125,000

Under the Phyllis Amendment Agreement, the Phyllis Property is subject to a 3% Net Smelter Return ("NSR") royalty upon commencement of commercial production. The Company will have the option to reduce the NSR to 2.0% by paying \$1,000,000.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

(c) Kootenay Lithium Property

On October 7, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase (the "Kootenay Agreement") a 100% interest in certain mineral claims (the "Kootenay Property") covering 4,050 hectares located in the Revelstoke and Nelson Mining Divisions of southeastern British Columbia, Canada.

Under the terms of the Kootenay Agreement, the Company has purchased a 100% interest in the Kootenay Property by issuing 1,200,000 common shares at a value of \$0.40 per share. The Kootenay Property is subject to a 2.0% NSR royalty and a 24% Gross Overriding Royalty ("GOR") on gemstones produced from the Kootenay Property. The Company will have the option to reduce the NSR to 1.0% by paying \$2,500,000 and to purchase one half (50%) of the GOR for \$2,000,000.

A vendor of certain claims within the Kootenay Property also reserves the exclusive right (the "Back In Right") to produce gemstones for its own account from those claims as mutually agreed upon, in return for a 24% GOR payable to the Company. The Company will have the option to purchase 100% of the Back In Right for \$1,000,000.

The Company also issued a finder's fee totaling 84,000 common shares in connection with the transaction. This amount has also been capitalized as an acquisition cost.

Under the Kootenay Agreement, the Company is required to keep the Kootenay Property claims in good standing. As the Company had allowed certain claims to lapse, it is in default of the Kootenay Agreement. The Company has since filed certain annual maintenance fees related to the Kootenay Property claims and intends to restore the remainder of the claims to good standing.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures recorded in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

Six months ended September 30, 2019	Lithiun	tenay n, British umbia	Phyllis Coba Ontario	lt,	Russel Graphite, Quebec		Gene Explor		Total
Land lease and property taxes		3,028		-		-		-	3,028
Total	\$	3,028	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,028

	Lithiun	,	•	is Cobalt,	Gr	lussel aphite,	_	eneral	
Six months ended September 30, 2018	Col	umbia	О	ntario	Q	uebec	Exp	ploration	Total
Assays and sampling	\$	-	\$	1,642	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,642
Geological and geophysical		-		40,886		21,000		4,500	66,386
Field expenditures		-		-		-		1,495	1,495
Land lease and property taxes		4,291		-		-		-	4,291
Total	\$	4,291	\$	40,886	\$	21,000	\$	5,995	\$ 73,814

6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	September 30,	March 31,		
	2019	2019		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 58,220	\$ 78,675		
Amounts due to related parties	14,018	46,851		
Total	\$ 72,238	\$ 125,526		

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. Related Party Transactions and Balances

Remuneration of directors and key management personnel of the Company for the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	For the th	ree months	ended S	September 30,	For the six months ended September 30					
		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Consulting fees charged by directors of the Company	\$	-	\$	3,020	\$	1,000	\$	5,520		
Salaries, fees and benefits		-		10,000		41,000		28,000		

Related party balances as at September 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019 were as follows:

		March 31,	
		2019	2019
Amounts due to directors and officers of the Company	\$	11,393 \$	46,851

The directors' and officers' balances also include fees and expenses owing to directors and officers incurred in the normal course of business.

8. Share Capital

(a) Authorized - Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

(b) Issued share capital

The Company had 17,631,003 common shares issued and outstanding as at September 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019.

c) Stock Options

The Company has a shareholder approved "rolling" stock option plan (the "Plan") in compliance with the TSX-V's policies. Under the Plan, the maximum number of shares reserved for issuance may not exceed 10% of the total number of issued and outstanding common shares at the time of granting. The exercise price of each stock option shall not be less than the discounted market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 10 years from the date of grant. In connection with the foregoing, the number of common shares reserved for issuance to any one optionee will not, within a twelve-month period, exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding common shares and the number of common shares reserved for issuance to all technical consultants will not exceed, within a twelve-month period, two percent (2%) of the issued and outstanding common shares. Options may be exercised no later than 90 days following cessation of the optionee's position with the Company or 30 days following cessation of an optionee conducting investor relations activities' position.

As at March 31, 2019, the Company had no issued and outstanding stock options. The Company did not issue stock options during the six months ended September 30, 2019.

d) Share Purchase Warrants

The continuity for share purchase warrants for the six months ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance March 31, 2019	Issued]	Exercised	Expired/ Cancelled	Se	Balance ptember 30, 2018
October 22, 2020 \$	0.12	3,555,556	-		-	-		3,555,556
Weighted average exercise price	\$	0.12	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	0.12

The weighted average remaining life of share purchase warrants outstanding at September 30, 2019 was 1.06 years.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. Share Capital (continued)

e) Share-Based Payments Reserve

The share-based payment reserve records items recognized as stock-based compensation expense and other share-based payments. This reserve also includes the value attributed to warrants on unit private placements. At the time that the stock options or warrants are exercised, the corresponding amount will be transferred to share capital.

The fair value of each option granted to employees, officers, and directors was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

9. Segmented Information

The Company operates in one business segment being the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets and operates in two geographic segments being Canada and USA. The total assets relate to exploration and evaluation assets and have been disclosed in Note 5.

10. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Fair Value

IFRS 7 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and

Level 3 – Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

The following provides the valuation method of the Company's financial instruments as at September 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019:

		September 30,	March 31,
	Level	2019	2019
Cash	1	\$ 5,307 \$	216,835
Reclamation deposits	1	11,000	11,000
Financial liabilities	1	72,238	125,526

Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The Company attempts to manage liquidity risk by maintaining a sufficient cash balance. Further information relating to liquidity risk is disclosed in Note 1.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company has no significant exposure at September 30, 2019 to interest rate risk through its financial instruments.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

10. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash, short-term investment, reclamation bonds and amounts receivable. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the consolidated financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents the maximum exposure to credit risk.

The Company deposits its cash with a high credit quality major Canadian financial institution as determined by ratings agencies. The Company does not invest in asset-backed deposits or investments and does not expect any credit losses. To reduce credit risk, the Company regularly reviews the collectability of its amounts receivable and establishes an allowance based on its best estimate of potentially uncollectible amounts. The Company historically has not had difficulty collecting its amounts receivable.

Currency Risk

The Company has no significant exposure at September 30, 2019 to currency risk through its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities that bear interest at fixed rates are subject to fair value interest rate risk. In respect of financial assets, the Company's policy is to invest cash at floating rates of interest in order to maintain liquidity while achieving a satisfactory return. Fluctuations in interest rates impact the amount of return the Company may realize but interest rate risk is not significant to the Company.

There were no transfers from levels or change in the fair value measurements of financial instruments for the period ended September 30, 2019 and year ended March 31, 2019.

11. Management of Capital

The Company primarily considers shareholders' equity in the management of its capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it based on funds available to the Company, in order to support exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors has not established quantitative capital structure criteria management but will review on a regular basis the capital structure of the Company to ensure its appropriateness to the stage of development of the business.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- To maintain and safeguard its accumulated capital in order to provide an adequate return to shareholders by maintaining sufficient level of funds, to support continued evaluation and maintenance of the Company's existing properties, and to acquire, explore and develop other precious metals, base metals and industrial mineral deposits;
- To invest cash on hand in highly liquid and highly rated financial instruments with high credit quality issuers, thereby minimizing the risk and loss of principal; and
- To obtain the necessary financing if and when it is required.

The properties in which the Company currently holds an interest are in the exploration stage and the Company is dependent on external financing to explore and take the project to development. In order to carry out planned exploration and development and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and attempt to raise additional amounts as needed.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

In order to facilitate the management of capital and development of its mineral properties, the Company's management informs the Board of Directors as to the quantum of expenditures for review and approval prior to commencement of work.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Unaudited - expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Management of Capital (continued)

In addition, the Company may issue new equity, incur additional debt, enter into joint venture agreements or dispose of certain assets. When applicable, the Company's investment policy is to hold cash in interest bearing accounts at high credit quality financial institutions to maximize liquidity. In order to maximize ongoing development efforts, the Company does not pay dividends. The Company expects to continue to raise funds, from time to time, to continue meeting its capital management objectives.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended September 30, 2019 compared to the year ended to March 31, 2019. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. Further information relating to management of capital is disclosed in Note 1.

12. Subsequent events

Subsequent to September 30, 2019, the Company announced:

- On October 7, 2019, it had entered into a binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") with Muzhu Mining Ltd. ("Muzhu") a private
 corporation incorporated in British Columbia, to acquire all of its issued and outstanding shares (the "Transaction"),
 subject to the following conditions being met:
 - o Completion of a 43-101 compliant report on the Xiao Wa Gou Property;
 - O Completion of an equity financing of up to 10,000,000 units of the Company for gross proceeds of \$1,500,000 at a price of 0.15 cents per share.

The Transaction is subject to obtaining all required approvals, including the CSE and shareholder approval if required;

• On October 23, 2019, a non-brokered private placement (the "Private Placement") of up to 10,000,000 units of the Company for gross proceeds of \$1,500,000 at a price of 0.15 cents per share. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company (a "Common Share") and one common share purchase warrant of the Company (each whole warrant, a "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one Common Share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.30 cents for a period of 12 months from the date of issuance of the Warrant, subject to accelerated expiry in the event that the ten-day volume weighted average price of the Common Shares on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE"), or other exchange or quotation system where the Company's shares are listed and where a majority of the trading volume of the Common Shares occurs, equals or exceeds \$0.30 cents per share. Subject to customary closing conditions, including Canadian Securities Exchange approval, the Non-Brokered Offering is expected to close on or about November 30, 2019;

All securities issued in the financing will be subject to a statutory hold period expiring four months and one day after closing of the financing. Completion of the financing is subject to a number of conditions, including, without limitation, receipt of all regulatory approvals, including approval of the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE"). The Company may, in its sole discretion, pay a finder's fee within CSE policy guidelines in connection with the Private Placement;

- On November 29, 2019, the Company will not continue to pursue its LOI with Muzhu Mining Ltd. and as such, the
 Company will also not continue with the proposed private placement announced on October 23, 2019 that was in
 connection with the LOI; and
- On November 29, 2019, the Company has terminated its option agreement on the Russel Graphite property. The
 Company's decision was based on its desire to focus its efforts on the 100-per-cent-optioned Phyllis Cobalt Property
 in Ontario, and will continue to work toward furthering its exploration efforts on the property.