

VALDOR TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL INC.
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2021
(Stated in U.S. Dollars)

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Valdor Technology International Inc. (the "Company") is dated May 2, 2022. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2021, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated.

FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements contained in this MD&A and elsewhere constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statements were made, and readers are advised to consider such forward-looking statements in light of the risks that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. These factors include market prices, continued availability of capital and financing and general economic or business conditions.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

The Company was incorporated under the British Columbia Company Act on March 19, 1984 and is publicly traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol VTI. The address of the Company's corporate office is 810 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 1H2.

The Company's subsidiary, Valdor Fiber Optics, Inc., is headquartered near San Francisco, California and is an optical fiber components company specializing in the design, manufacture and sale of passive fiber optic components.

On December 16, 2021, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement (the "SPA") with Layer 2 Ventures Ltd. ("Layer 2") and the Layer 2 shareholders respecting the acquisition by the Company of all of the issued and outstanding shares of Layer 2 (the "Transaction"). As consideration, the Company will issue an aggregate of 16,666,667 common shares (the "Consideration Shares") at \$0.30 per share, representing aggregate consideration of \$5,000,000. As at May 2, 2022, the Transaction has not closed.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended December 31, 2021

During the three months ended December 31, 2021 the Company had a comprehensive loss of \$1,633,387 as compared to a comprehensive loss of \$89,408 for the corresponding three months ended December 31, 2020. The revenue from operations of \$77,937 has increased from \$45,701 for the corresponding three months ended December 31, 2020. Total operating expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2021 amounted to \$1,694,867 as compared to total operating expenses of \$39,203 for the corresponding three months ended December 31, 2020. The increase in operating expenses can be attributed to increases in consulting fees, legal and accounting fees and share-based payments.

The Company has financed its operations through short term loans during the period.

VALDOR TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL INC.
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2021
(Stated in U.S. Dollars)

Year ended December 31, 2021

During the year ended December 31, 2021 the Company had a comprehensive loss of \$1,724,338 as compared to a comprehensive loss of 97,371 for the corresponding year ended December 31, 2020. The revenue from operations of \$262,551 has increased from \$227,134 for the corresponding year ended December 31, 2020. Total operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2021 amounted to \$1,851,623 as compared to total operating expenses of \$99,289 for the corresponding year ended December 31, 2020. The increase in operating expenses can be attributed to increases in consulting fees, legal and accounting fees, stock exchange filing fees, transfer agent fees and share-based payments.

The Company has financed its operations through short term loans during the period.

Selected Annual Information

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| Total revenues | \$ 262,551 | \$ 227,134 | \$ 198,749 |
| Net income (loss) for the year | \$ (1,715,231) | \$ (61,081) | \$ 629,376 |
| Basic and diluted loss per share | \$ (0.03) | \$ (0.01) | \$ 0.11 |
| Total assets | \$ 715,572 | \$ 43,965 | \$ 55,504 |
| Total long-term liabilities | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Cash dividends | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |

Summary of Quarterly Results

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED

| | December 31, 2021 | September 30, 2021 | June 30, 2021 | March 31, 2021 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Revenues | \$77,937 | \$51,542 | \$64,353 | \$68,719 |
| Net income (loss) for the period | \$(1,637,393) | \$(41,158) | \$(77,162) | \$40,482 |
| Per Share – Basic and diluted | \$(0.03) | \$(0.00) | \$(0.00) | \$(0.00) |

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED

| | December 31, 2020 | September 30, 2020 | June 30, 2020 | March 31, 2020 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Revenues | \$45,701 | \$41,973 | \$38,601 | \$100,859 |
| Net income (loss) for the period | \$(15,128) | \$(22,026) | \$(17,038) | \$(6,889) |
| Per Share – Basic and diluted | \$(0.01) | \$(0.01) | \$(0.01) | \$(0.00) |

There can be material fluctuations in quarterly results. These fluctuations are mainly due to the timing of consulting and management services relating to reviewing potential business acquisitions.

VALDOR TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL INC.
Management’s Discussion & Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2021
(Stated in U.S. Dollars)

LIQUIDITY

The Company’s working capital as at December 31, 2021 was \$641,745 compared to the December 31, 2020 working capital deficiency of \$1,598,972.

To date, the Company has been able to fund operations primarily through short term loans and through its creditors. The continued volatility in the financial equity markets has made it difficult to raise capital. While the Company is using its best efforts to achieve its business plans by examining various financing alternatives, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful with its financing ventures.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the reporting period the Company remains dependant upon funds provided by directors, business associates and equity markets for financing.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

During the reporting period there were no off – balance sheet arrangements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company accrued or paid the following expenses with directors and officers of the Company: Rachelle Findlay (Secretary), a private company controlled by a director Patrick O’Flaherty and private companies controlled by officers and directors Brian Findlay (CFO), Lucas Russell (Chairman of the Board) and Elston Johnston (former Chairman of the Board):

| | <u>Relationship</u> | <u>2021</u> | <u>2020</u> |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| <u>Administrative expenses</u> | | | |
| Consulting fees | An officer of the Company | \$ 9,576 | \$ 4,887 |
| Rent | A private company controlled by the CFO of the Company | <u>9,576</u> | <u>16,094</u> |
| | | <u>19,152</u> | <u>20,981</u> |
| | | | |
| | <u>Relationship</u> | | |
| <u>Key management compensation</u> | | | |
| Consulting fees | A private company controlled by the Chairman of the Board | 4,389 | 11,192 |
| Management fees | A private company controlled by the CFO | 14,763 | 11,192 |
| Share-based payments | Directors of the Company | <u>136,059</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | | <u>155,211</u> | <u>22,384</u> |
| | | <u>\$ 174,363</u> | <u>\$ 43,365</u> |

These transactions were measured by the amounts agreed upon by the related parties.

VALDOR TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL INC.
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2021
(Stated in U.S. Dollars)

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

a) Recoverability of accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company makes allowances for lifetime expected credit losses based on an assessment of the recoverability of account receivables. Allowances are applied to account receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Management analyses historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer creditworthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when making a judgment to evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for lifetime expected credit losses. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade receivables.

b) Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

a) Going Concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern requires significant judgment. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

b) Income Taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Deferred income taxes are based on estimates as to the timing of the reversal of temporary differences, tax rates currently substantively enacted and the determination of tax assets not recognized. Tax assets not recognized are based on estimates of the probability of the Company utilizing certain tax pools and losses in future periods.

VALDOR TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL INC.
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2021
(Stated in U.S. Dollars)

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

c) **Functional currency**

The analysis of the functional currency for each entity of the Company is a significant judgment. In concluding that the Canadian dollar is the functional currency of the parent and the US dollar is the functional currency of the subsidiaries, management considered the currency that mainly influences the costs of providing goods and services in each jurisdiction in which the Company operates.

International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

Future Accounting Pronouncements

Certain pronouncements have been issued by the IASB or IFRIC that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021. The Company has reviewed these updates and determined that many of these updates are not applicable or consequential to the Company and have been excluded from discussion within significant accounting policies.

FINANCIAL AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability. The Company's common shares are classified as equity instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

A fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans payable, convertible debentures and due to related parties' carrying amounts approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company reduces its credit risk on cash by placing these instruments with institutions of high credit worthiness. The Company provides credit to its clients in the normal course of operations. It carries out, on a continuing basis, credit checks on its clients and maintains provisions for contingent losses. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of cash and accounts receivable on the consolidated statements of financial position.

VALDOR TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL INC.
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2021
(Stated in U.S. Dollars)

FINANCIAL AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is not able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. As at December 31, 2021, the Company has a working capital of \$641,745. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable. The Company may seek additional financing through equity and debt offerings and advances from related parties, but there can be no assurance that such financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company.

c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The company is not exposed to significant risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

d) Foreign-Currency Risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The majority of the Company's operations are carried out in the United States of America; however the majority of financing is carried out in Canada. The parent company's operations are in Canada and operate in Canadian dollars. As at December 31, 2021, the Company has Canadian dollars cash of CDN\$798,489, accounts receivable of CDN\$4,992, accounts payable of CDN\$30,449, convertible debentures payable of CDN\$45,000, and loans and reimbursable expenses payable to related parties of CDN\$4,200, translated at USD\$1 for every CDN\$1.2677. These factors expose the Company to foreign currency exchange rate risk, which could have a material adverse effect on the ultimate profitability of the Company. A 10% change in the exchange rate would change other comprehensive income/loss by approximately USD\$70,000. The Company currently does not plan to enter into foreign currency future contracts to mitigate this risk.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On December 16, 2021, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement (the "SPA") with Layer 2 Ventures Ltd. ("Layer 2") and the Layer 2 shareholders respecting the acquisition by the Company of all of the issued and outstanding shares of Layer 2 (the "Transaction"). As consideration under the Transaction, the Company will issue an aggregate of 16,666,667 common shares (the "Consideration Shares") at \$0.30 per share, representing aggregate consideration of \$5,000,000. In addition to any hold periods or escrow provisions imposed under applicable securities laws or stock exchange policies, the Consideration Shares will be subject to voluntary hold periods as follows: 50% of the Consideration Shares will be subject to a voluntary six month hold period from closing; and the remaining 50% of the Consideration Shares will be subject to a voluntary 12 month hold period from closing.

In connection with the Transaction, the Company, in its sole discretion, may conduct a private placement financing for gross proceeds of up to \$5,000,000 through the issuance of up to 16,666,667 units (each, a "Unit") at a price of \$0.30 per Unit, with each Unit to be comprised of one common share and one warrant, each warrant exercisable for an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.75 for two years after the date of issuance.

VALDOR TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL INC.
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Year ended December 31, 2021
(Stated in U.S. Dollars)

SUBSEQUENT EVENT (CONTINUED)

In addition, in connection with the Transaction, the Company will make a "line of credit" (the "Loan") to Layer 2 for up to \$250,000 (advanced \$250,000 on January 7, 2022) pursuant to a loan agreement and general security agreement between the Company and Layer 2 dated December 16, 2021. The Loan is secured, bears interest at 10% per annum, and is repayable by Layer 2 on the earlier of December 16, 2023 and the date which is 30 days after the termination of the SPA.

The Transaction will be a "fundamental change" of the Company pursuant to the policies of the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE"), requiring approval from the CSE and approval of the Company's shareholders.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at May 2, 2022

| | |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Common Shares issued | 65,922,033 |
| Share purchase options | 6,550,000 |
| Share purchase warrants | 60,000,000 |

OTHER

Additional information and other publicly filed documents relating to the Company, including its press releases and quarterly and annual reports, are available on SEDAR and can be accessed at www.sedar.com.