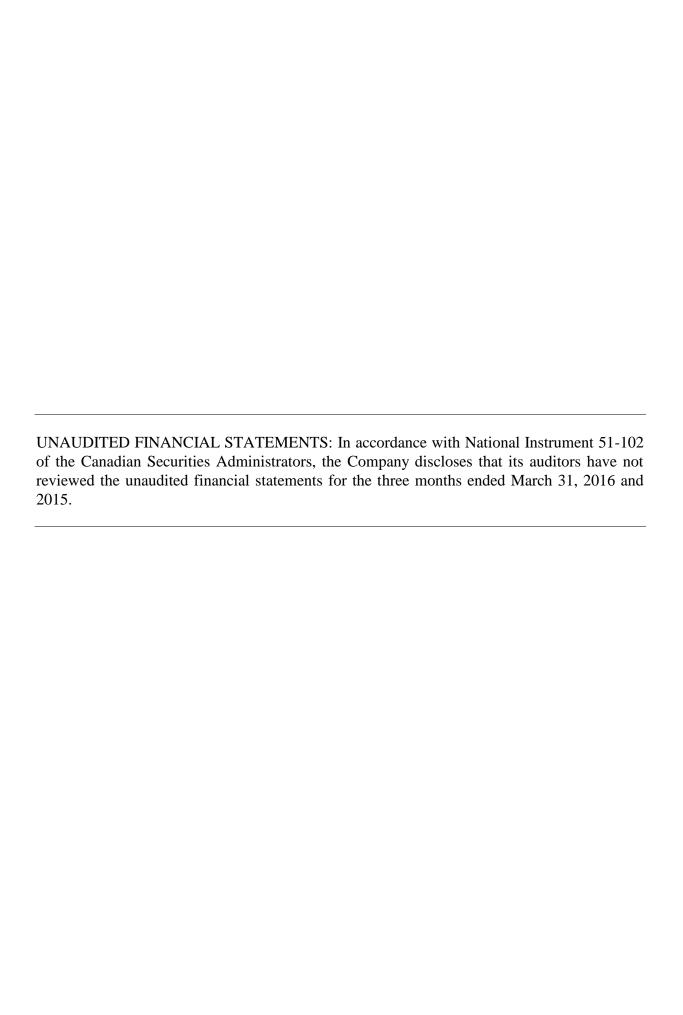
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Stated in US Dollars)



CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (Stated in US Dollars)

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current	Φ 25.152	Φ 001
Cash	\$ 27,173	\$ 881
Accounts receivable	83,693	108,272
Prepaid expenses and deposit Discontinued operations	28,389 21,487	6,441 75,127
Discontinued operations	160,742	190,721
Equipment – Note 5	4,327	4,706
Total Assets	\$ 165,069	\$ 195,427
10ttl /1350t3	<u>Ψ 105,007</u>	<u>ψ 175,421</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 437,335	\$ 388,374
Loans payable – Note 6	39,762	32,512
Due to related parties – Note 7	460,046	343,107
Current portion of lease obligation – Note 12	10,867	10,867
Discontinued operations	183,264	179,147
	1,131,274	954,007
Convertible debentures – Note 8 Lease obligation – Note 12	295,923 10,025	274,246 10,025
Total liabilities	1,437,222	1,238,278
Total Habilities	1,437,222	1,230,270
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Equity portion of convertible debentures – Note 8	45,385	45,385
Share capital – Note 9	22,732,750	22,732,750
Contributed surplus	3,750,595	3,738,757
Accumulated other comprehensive income	89,169	158,366
Accumulated deficit	(27,243,081)	(27,073,108)
Attributable to parent	(625,182)	(397,850)
Non-controlling interest	(646,971)	(645,001)
Total Shareholders' Deficit	(1,272,153)	(1,042,851)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit	<u>\$ 165,069</u>	<u>\$ 195,427</u>
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:		

Director

"Brian Findlay"

Brian Findlay

Director

"Elston Johnston"

Elston Johnston

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 (Stated in US Dollars)

				<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Revenue – Note 11 Direct costs				\$ 29,124 3,091	\$	38,773 22,191
				26,033		16,582
Expenses				192 227		571 029
Administration and general – Schedule I Amortization and depreciation				182,327 379		571,938 303
Marketing				202		4,661
Research and development				2,414		12,072
Interest and accretion – Note 8				13,022		10,800
Share-based payments – Notes 9 and 10				11,838		101,915
Sinate custo payments 1 votes y and 10						101,510
				210,182	-	701,689
Loss before other items				(184,149)		(685,107)
Other item:				12.200		
Insurance proceeds				12,206		
Net loss from continuing operations				(171,943)		(685,107)
Net loss from discontinued operations – Note 15				(171,743)		(186,394)
130 Total discontinued operations – Note 13						(100,374)
Net loss for the period				(171,943)		(871,501)
Other comprehensive income						
Exchange differences on translating into presen	tation	currency		(69,197)		70,343
Exchange differences on translating into present	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	currency		(0),1)		70,515
Total comprehensive loss for the period				\$ (241,140)	\$	(801,158)
Basic and diluted loss per share – Continuing ope	rations	3		\$ (0.00)	\$	(0.00)
Discontinued	l opera	tions		\$ (0.00)	\$	(0.00)
All operation	S			\$ (0.00)	\$	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding -	- basic	and diluted		113,042,220		101,889,302
For the three months ended March 31, 2016:						
Losses attributable to:	S	hareholders of parent	Non	-controlling interest		Total
Net loss from continuing operations	\$	(169,973)	\$	(1,970)	\$	(171,943)
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net loss for the period	\$	(169,973)	\$	(1,970)	\$	(171,943)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(239,170)	\$	(1,970)	\$	(241,140)
,		(, ,		() /		(, -,
For the three months ended March 31, 2015:						
Losses attributable to:	S	hareholders of parent	Non	-controlling interest		Total
Net loss from continuing operations	\$	(677,990)	\$	(7,117)	\$	(685,107)
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$	(175,210)	\$	(11,184)	\$	(186,394)
Net loss for the period	\$	(853,200)	\$	(18,301)	\$	(871,501)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(782,857)	\$	(18,301)	\$	(801,158)
- -						

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 (Stated in US Dollars)

		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating Activities			
Net loss for the period from continuing operations	\$	(171,943)	\$ (685,107)
Charges to net loss not affecting cash:			, , ,
Amortization and depreciation		380	303
Accretion		4,736	3,242
Accrued interest		11,997	13,876
Unrealized foreign exchange loss		(2,598)	10,497
Share-based payments		11,838	 101,915
		(145,590)	(555,274)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances related to operations:			
Accounts receivable		23,905	(16,324)
Inventories		-	10,920
Prepaid expenses and deposit		(21,949)	59,998
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,173)	 (206,586)
			·=
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities – continuing operations		(146,807)	(707,266)
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities – discontinued operations		57,757	 45,144
Cash flows used in operating activities from all operations	-	(89,050)	 (662,122)
Financing Activities			
Due to related parties		116,903	(171,989)
Loans payable		(1,873)	(171,909)
Proceeds from issuance of common shares		(1,073)	726,098
Repayment of lease obligation			(3,081)
Repayment of lease obligation			 (3,001)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities – continuing operations		115,030	551,028
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities – discontinued operations		-	-
Cash flows provided by financing activities from all operations		115,030	 551,028
Effect of unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash		312	 (128)
Increase (decrease) in cash during the period		26,292	(111,222)
Cash, beginning of the period		881	130,772
Cash, end of the period	\$	27,173	\$ 19,550

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY

for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Stated in US Dollars)

	Share cap Issued Shares	ital Amount	Subscriptions (receivable) received in advance	Equity portion of convertible debentures	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated Deficit	Non- Controlling Interest	Total
	<u>Bhares</u>	Milount	advance	debentures	Burpius	meome	<u>Deficit</u>	merest	1000
Balance, December 31, 2014	100,105,720 \$	21,889,807	\$ 166,466	\$ 45,385	\$ 3,286,632	\$ 24,854	\$ (25,403,911)	\$ (618,836)	\$ (609,603)
Shares issued for cash: Pursuant to a private placement									
- at CDN\$0.10	11,710,500	792,233	(205,941)	-	139,806	-	-	-	726,098
Shares issued as finders fees	126,000	10,028	-	-	1,504	-	-	-	10,028
Share issue cost	-	(10,028)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,028)
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	101,915	-	-	-	101,915
Exchange differences on translating to						70.244			70.244
presentation currency	-	-	-	-	-	70,344	(952.200)	(10.201)	70,344
Net loss for the period	<u>-</u> _			<u>-</u>			(853,200)	(18,301)	(871,501)
Balance, March 31, 2015	111,942,220 \$	22,682,040	<u>\$ (39,475)</u>	<u>\$ 45,385</u>	<u>\$ 3,529,857</u>	<u>\$ 95,198</u>	\$ (26,257,111)	\$ (637,137)	\$ (582,747)
Balance, December 31, 2015	113,042,220	22,732,750	-	45,385	3,738,757	158,366	(27,073,108)	(645,001)	(1,042,851)
Share-based payments Exchange differences on translating to	-	-	-	-	11,838	-	-	-	11,838
presentation currency	-	-	-	-	-	(69,197)	-	-	(69,197)
Net loss for the period	<u> </u>						(169,973)	(1,970)	(171,943)
Balance, March 31, 2016	113,042,220 \$	22,732,750	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 45,385</u>	<u>\$ 3,750,595</u>	<u>\$ 89,169</u>	<u>\$ (27,243,081)</u>	\$ (646,971)	<u>\$ (1,272,153)</u>

Note 1 Nature of Operations

The Company was incorporated under the British Columbia Company Act on March 19, 1984 and is publicly traded on the TSX Venture Exchange. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company's principal business was developing, manufacturing and marketing of fiber optic products. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company expanded its business to include the developing, manufacturing and marketing of video streaming products. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company sold substantially all of the assets and certain liabilities in connection with the video streaming operations (Note 15).

The address of the Company's corporate office is 450 - 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 1H2 and the Company's operations are at 3116 Diablo Avenue, Hayward, CA 94545-2702.

Note 2 Basis of Preparation

a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and disclosures required to be included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on June 2, 2016.

b) Going Concern of Operations

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company was not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. As at March 31, 2016, the Company has not achieved profitable operations, has accumulated losses of \$27,243,081 since inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, and has a working capital deficiency of \$970,532, all of which are material uncertainties that cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attain profitable operations to generate funds and/or its ability to raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet its current and future obligations. Although the Company has been successful in the past in raising funds to continue operations and management is intending to secure additional financing as may be required, there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 2 <u>Basis of Preparation</u> – (cont'd)

c) Basis of Measurement

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, profit and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. See Note 4 for use of estimates and judgments made by management in the application of IFRS.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been presented in US dollars.

Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with those used in the preparation of the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Company's significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 3 to the annual financial statements and these condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Future Accounting Pronouncements

The following new standards and amendments are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The Company does not plan to early adopt any of these standards and amendments and is currently evaluating their potential impacts.

Note 3 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (cont'd)

Future Accounting Pronouncements – (cont'd)

- Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows require that the following changes in liabilities arising from financing activities are disclosed (to the extent necessary): (i) changes from financing cash flows; (ii) changes arising from obtaining or losing control of subsidiaries or other businesses; (iii) the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates; (iv) changes in fair values; and (v) other changes. One way to fulfil the new disclosure requirement is to provide a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities. Finally, the amendments state that changes in liabilities arising from financing activities must be disclosed separately from changes in other assets and liabilities. These amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017.
- IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets, and will replace IAS 39. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple classification options available in IAS 39. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers provides a single principle-based framework to be applied to all contracts with customers. IFRS 15 replaces the previous revenue standard IAS 18, Revenue, and the related Interpretations on revenue recognition. The standard scopes out contracts that are considered to be lease contracts, insurance contracts and financial instruments. The new standard is a control-based model as compared to the existing revenue standard which is primarily focused on risks and rewards. Under the new standard, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of a good or service. Transfer of control occurs when the customer has the ability to direct the use of and obtain the benefits of the good or service. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
- IFRS 16 *Leases* establishes a single lease accounting model requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the leases term is twelve months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with the approach to lessor accounting in IFRS 16 substantially unchanged from the predecessor standards IAS 17 Leases. The standard replaces IAS 17 Leases and related interpretations. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

Note 4 <u>Use of Estimates and Judgments</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Note 4 Use of Estimates and Judgments – (cont'd)

Critical estimates which are most subject to uncertainty and have the most significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying values of assets and liabilities within the next twelve months are as follows:

a) Recoverability of accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company makes allowances for doubtful accounts based on an assessment of the recoverability of account receivables. Allowances are applied to account receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Management analyses historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer creditworthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when making a judgment to evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of accounts receivable.

b) Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility, forfeiture rate, and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 9.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are included in the following notes:

a) Going concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern requires significant judgment. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, as disclosed in Note 2.

b) Functional currency

The analysis of the functional currency for each entity of the Company is a significant judgment. In concluding that the Canadian dollar is the functional currency of the parent and the US dollar is the functional currency of the US subsidiaries, management considered the currency that mainly influences the costs of providing goods and services in each jurisdiction in which the Company operates.

Note 5 <u>Equipment</u>

Cost	Information system	Office equipment	Machinery and equipment	<u>Total</u>
Balance December 31, 2014 Disposition Balance December 31, 2015 and	\$ 89,798 (89,798)	\$ 4,967 	\$ 83,315 (80,700)	\$ 178,080 (170,498)
March 31, 2016	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 4,967	<u>\$ 2,615</u>	\$ 7,582
Depreciation and impairment loss				
Balance December 31, 2014 Depreciation Disposition Balance December 31, 2015 Depreciation Balance March 31, 2016	\$ - 12,561 (12,561)	\$ 981 736 - 1,717 248 \$ 1,965	\$ 15,475 27,080 (41,396) 1,159 131 \$ 1,290	\$ 16,456 40,377 (53,957) 2,876 379 \$ 3,255
Carrying amounts				
Balance, December 31, 2015	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 3,250	<u>\$ 1,456</u>	<u>\$ 4,706</u>
Balance, March 31, 2016	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 3,002	<u>\$ 1,325</u>	<u>\$ 4,327</u>

Note 6 <u>Loans payable</u>

The loans payable are non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

Note 7 <u>Due to Related Parties</u>

Due to related parties, representing amounts due to current directors and officers of the Company and companies controlled by directors and officers, and are non-interest bearing, unsecured and are due on demand.

Note 8 Convertible Debentures

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company issued CDN\$401,000 convertible debentures of which 20% of the principal amount of the debentures may be convertible into units consisting of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant at CDN\$0.10 of principal outstanding (ie. up to 802,000 units may be issued upon conversion). Each warrant will have a term of three years from the date of issuance of the debentures and entitle the holder to purchase one common share. The non-transferable share purchase warrants are exercisable at the price of CDN\$0.20 per share. The convertible debentures are unsecured, bear interest at 12% per annum and mature on February 18, 2017. On initial recognition, the Company bifurcated \$45,385 (CDN\$49,710) to equity and \$320,728 (CDN\$351,290) to the carrying value of the loan, which will be accreted to \$366,113 (CDN\$401,000) over the term of the convertible debentures. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company recognized accretion and interest of \$3,451 (CDN\$4,736) (March 31, 2015: \$3,241 (CDN\$4,023)). The effective interest rate of the debentures is 18%.

Note 9 Share Capital

a) Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value 50,000,000 preferred shares without par value

Nature and Purpose of Equity and Reserves:

The reserves recorded in equity on the Company's consolidated statements of financial position include 'Contributed Surplus', 'Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, 'Accumulated Deficit' and 'Non-Controlling Interest'.

'Contributed Surplus' is used to recognize the value of stock option grants prior to exercise and the allocated value of the warrants issued as part of unit issuances.

'Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income' is used to record the change in cumulative foreign currency adjustment on conversion from the functional currency of the parent company to the presentation currency.

'Accumulated Deficit' is used to record the Company's change in deficit from profits or losses from year to year.

'Non-Controlling Interest' is used to record the change in equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company.

Note 9 Share Capital – (cont'd)

b) Issued:

Shares issued during the three month period ended March 31, 2016

There were no shares issued during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Shares issued during the year ended December 31, 2015

On February 11, 2015, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement for a total of 11,710,500 units at a price of CDN\$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of CDN\$1,171,050 of which CDN\$193,116 (\$166,466) was received during the year ended December 31, 2014 and is recorded as subscriptions received in advance and CDN\$50,000 (\$36,765) was not collected. The 500,000 common shares related to this amount were later returned to treasury. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of CDN\$0.10 on or before February 11, 2018. The Company uses the residual method and have allocated CDN\$995,392 (\$792,233) to the shares and CDN\$175,658 (\$139,806) to the warrants. Finders' fees of 126,000 units were paid in respect to this financing and have similar terms as the non-brokered private placement. The Company fair valued the finders' units at CDN\$12,600 (\$10,028) and have allocated CDN\$1,890 (\$1,504) to the warrants attached to the unit.

During the year the Company issued 100,000 common shares upon the exercise of warrants at CDN\$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of CDN\$10,000 (\$7,631).

During the year the Company issued 1,500,000 common shares upon the exercise of options at CDN\$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of CDN\$75,000 (\$57,758). The share price of the Company's shares on the date of exercise was CDN\$0.10.

c) Commitments:

Stock-Based Compensation Plan

The Company has established a formal stock option plan in accordance with the policies of the TSX-V under which it is authorized to grant options up to a maximum of 22,600,000 common shares to officers, directors, employees and consultants. The exercise price of each option is not less than the market price of the Company's stock on the trading day immediately before the date of grant. No option will be exercisable until it has vested. Options vest immediately unless a vesting schedule is imposed by the board, or unless the options are granted to an Eligible Person providing Investor Relations Activities to the Company, in which case a maximum of 25% of the options vest on a quarterly basis. The options are for a maximum term of ten years.

The Company has granted employees and directors common share purchase options. These options are granted with an exercise price in accordance with the stock option plan.

Note 9 Share Capital – (cont'd)

c) Commitments: (cont'd)

Stock-Based Compensation Plan (cont'd)

On February 12, 2016, the Company granted 500,000 share purchase options to consultants at an exercise price of CDN\$0.05 per share expiring on February 12, 2019. These options vest as of the date granted.

A summary of the status of the stock option plan as of March 31, 2016 and 2015 and changes during the periods then ended on those dates is presented below:

	20	15	2015		
		Weighted Average Exercise		Weighted Average Exercise	
	<u>Options</u>	<u>Price</u>	<u>Options</u>	<u>Price</u>	
Outstanding at the					
beginning of the period	7,325,000	CDN\$0.11	9,325,000	CDN\$0.11	
Granted	500,000	CDN\$0.05	4,400,000	CDN\$0.10	
Expired/Forfeited	-	-	(850,000)	CDN\$0.14	
Options outstanding at end of the period	7,850,000	CDN\$0.11	12,875,000	CDN\$0.11	
Options exercisable at end of the period	5,750,000		8,093,750		

At March 31, 2016, the Company has 7,850,000 share purchase options outstanding entitling the holders thereof the right to purchase one common share for each option held as follows:

Outstanding	Exercisable	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
15,000	15,000	CDN \$0.15	October 6, 2016
250,000	250,000	CDN \$0.10	November 23, 2017
400,000	400,000	CDN \$0.10	December 19, 2017
735,000	735,000	CDN \$0.13	January 7, 2018
500,000	500,000	CDN \$0.05	February 12, 2019
1,750,000	1,750,000	CDN \$0.10	March 11, 2019
4,200,000	2,100,000	CDN \$0.10	January 2, 2020
7,850,000	5,750,000		

Note 9 Share Capital – (cont'd)

c) Commitments: – (cont'd)

<u>Stock-Based Compensation Plan</u> – (cont'd)

As of March 31, 2016, the 7,850,000 options outstanding have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.16 years.

Stock-based compensation charges are expensed for stock options granted and vested with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. Upon exercise of stock options, consideration paid on the exercise of stock options and purchase of stock is credited to share capital.

During the three month ended March 31, 2016, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$11,838 (March 31, 2015: \$101,915) for stock options vested during the period. The fair value of share purchase options granted was estimated on the grant date for options granted to employees and each vesting date for options granted to consultants using the Black Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average assumptions used in calculating fair value were as follows: \$0.03 (March 31,2015 - \$0.08) share price on grant date, 0.48% (March 31, 2015 -0.81%) risk free rate, 0% (March 31, 2015 - 0%) dividend yield, 85% (March 31, 2015 - 80%) expected annualized volatility, 3 years (March 31, 2015 - 5 years) expected stock option life and 30% (March 31, 2015 - 30%) forfeiture rate. Expected annualized volatility was estimated by reference to historical volatility of the Company with a comparable period in their lives.

Share Purchase Warrants

A summary of the status of share purchase warrants as of March 31, 2016 and 2015 and changes during the periods then ended on those dates is presented below:

	20	16	2015		
		Weighted		Weighted	
		Average		Average	
		Exercise		Exercise	
	Warrants	Price	Warrants	Price	
Balance, beginning of the period	52,812,500	CDN\$0.18	55,303,000	CDN\$0.20	
Issued	-	-	11,836,500	CDN\$0.10	
Balance, end of the period	52,812,500	CDN\$0.18	67,139,500	CDN\$0.18	

Note 9 Share Capital – (cont'd)

c) Commitments: – (cont'd)

Share Purchase Warrants (cont'd)

At March 31, 2016, the Company has 52,812,500 share purchase warrants outstanding as follows:

Outstanding	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
20,874,000	CDN \$0.20	June 10, 2016
5,777,000	CDN \$0.20	February 19, 2017
14,425,000	CDN \$0.20	June 23, 2017
11,736,500	CDN \$0.10	February 11, 2018
52,812,500		

Note 10 Related Party Transactions

The Company incurred the following expenses with related parties of the Company:

		Three months ended March 31,		
		2016		2015
Administrative expenses				
Consulting fees	\$	-	\$	70,297
Office and miscellaneous				
 secretarial services 		729		1,692
Rent		4,918		5,438
Share-based payments		99		8,077
		5,746		85,504
Key management compensation				
Consulting fees		56,102		80,570
Management fees		15,301		16,920
Salaries, wages and benefits		18,000		52,136
Share-based payments		4,088		57,280
		93,491		206,906
	<u>\$</u>	99,237	\$	292,410

These transactions were measured by the amounts agreed upon by the related parties.

Note 11 Segmented Information and Economic Dependence

As at March 31, 2016, the Company only has one reportable segment. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company sold the video streaming operations and has treated this as discontinued operations in the current and prior period financial results. See Note 15 for details.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company was economically dependent on four (2015: three) customers who each accounted for more than 10% of revenue from continuing operations and in aggregate accounted for 95% (2015: 78%) of sales.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, all of the revenue from continuing operations are generated from the sale of products.

The Company's revenues are allocated to geographic segments for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 as follows:

		Three months ended March 31,			
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
United States of America Other	\$	25,531 3,593	\$	30,708 8,065	
	<u>\$</u>	29,124	\$	38,773	

The Company's net income (loss) and total non-current assets are allocated to geographic segments as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,				
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
Canada	\$	(139,114)	\$	(566,482)	
United States of America		(32,829)		(118,625)	
Net loss from continuing operations	<u>\$</u>	(171,943)	\$	(685,107)	
	I	March 31, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2015	
Canada	\$	-	\$	-	
United States of America		4,327	_	4,706	
Total non-current assets	\$	4,327	<u>\$</u>	4,706	

Note 12 Financial Instruments

A fair value hierarchy prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carrying amounts of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans payable, promissory note payable, and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to their short term nature.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company reduces its credit risk on cash by placing these instruments with institutions of high credit worthiness. The Company provides credit to its clients in the normal course of operations. It carries out, on a continuing basis, credit checks on its clients and maintains provisions for contingent losses. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of cash and accounts receivable on the consolidated statements of financial position.

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is not able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. As at March 31, 2016, the Company has a working capital deficiency of \$970,532. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable. The Company may seek additional financing through equity and debt offerings and advances from related parties, but there can be no assurance that such financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company.

Future minimum annual lease payments due under lease obligation are as follows:

2016	\$ 14,775
2017	 7,389
Total minimum lease payments	22,164
Less amount representing imputed interest of 22%	 1,272
Balance of obligation	20,892
Current portion	 10,867
Long-term portion	\$ 10,025

Note 12 Financial Instruments – (cont'd)

c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The company is not exposed to significant risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

d) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The majority of the Company's operations are carried out in the United States of America; however the majority of financing is carried out in Canada. The parent company's operations are in Canada and operate in Canadian dollars. As at March 31, 2016, the Company has Canadian dollars cash of CDN\$7,457, accounts receivable of CDN\$14,146, accounts payable of CDN\$410,881, convertible debentures payable of CDN\$401,000, and due to related parties of CDN\$451,507, translated at USD\$1 for every CDN\$1.2987. These factors expose the Company to foreign currency exchange rate risk, which could have a material adverse effect on the ultimate profitability of the Company. A 10% change in the exchange rate would change other comprehensive income/loss by approximately \$38,000. The Company currently does not plan to enter into foreign currency future contracts to mitigate this risk.

Note 13 Management of Capital

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern to pursue the development of its business and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital within a framework of acceptable risk. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' deficit, as well as cash.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

The Company is dependent on the capital markets as its main source of operating capital and the Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the technology and telecommunications markets and by the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for investor support.

The Company is not subject to any external capital requirements. There is no change to the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

Note 14 Contingency

The Company is required to file certain foreign reporting information tax returns, and may be exposed to interest and penalties, estimated by management to be \$119,000. Management believes it is unlikely that any interest and penalties would be assessed once the Company files the forms to comply with the filing requirement, and accordingly has not accrued any amounts in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company is contingently liable for the remaining unpaid \$50,000 from Niagara Video Corp. to Viewcast Inc. in connection to the Compromise and Settlement Agreement as disclosed in Note 15.

Note 15 Discontinued Operations

On December 31, 2015, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement with Niagara Video Corp. ("Acquirer") whereby the Acquirer purchased all of the assets in connection with the Company's video streaming operations and assumed certain liabilities from the Company for total consideration of \$95,000 in cash with \$38,000 payable upon closing of the asset purchase agreement, \$32,000 to be placed in trust to cover the assumed liabilities and \$25,000 payable in monthly installments of \$5,000 per month commencing on April 1, 2016.

The Company is entitled to a royalty of 1% of net sales from products sold by the Company to the Acquirer for a period of 2 years from closing up to a maximum of \$500,000.

The Company will also receive 400,000 common shares of the Acquirer which equals to 20% of the initial equity.

In addition, the Company entered into a Compromise and Settlement Agreement with the Acquirer and Viewcast, Inc. ("Viewcast"), the seller of Videoware assets to the Company whereby Viewcast agreed to release and discharge the Company from any and all claims, demands, actions or causes of action which Viewcast has or may have against the Company upon payment in full by the Acquirer as follows:

- \$115,000 within 10 business days of closing of the asset purchase agreement (paid)
- \$50,000 payable in monthly instalments of \$5,000 starting April 1, 2016

In addition, Viewcast is entitled to a royalty of 3% of gross sales from products sold by the Acquirer for a period of 5 years beginning October 1, 2016 and will receive 200,000 shares of the Acquirer.

The net loss from discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

For the three months ended March 31,	<u>201</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenue	\$	_	\$ 191,226
Cost of goods sold		-	(117,816)
Expenses			 (259,804)
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$		\$ (186,394)

Note 15 <u>Discontinued Operations</u> – (cont'd)

The following table provides additional information with respect to the gain on sale of discontinued operations:

	Consideration on disposal of discontinued operations					
	Cash to the Company			\$		95,000
	Cash to Viewcast				1	65,000
	Shares of Niagara Video Corp.			_		<u> </u>
	Total consideration			_	2	60,000
	Less net assets of discontinued operations					
	Inventory				2	58,011
	Property and equipment				1	16,542
	Intangible assets				1	74,667
	Contingent consideration				(2	94,468)
	Net assets of discontinued operations			_	2	54,752
	Gain on disposal of net assets to the Acquirer					5,248
	Gain on debt settlement with Viewcast			_	2	48,356
	Gain on sale of discontinued operations			<u>\$ 253,604</u>		
Note 16	Supplemental Cash Flows Information		<u>2016</u>			<u>2015</u>
			2010			
	Share issue costs paid by issuance of shares	\$		_	\$	10,028
	Equipment acquired under lease obligation	\$		_	\$	-
	Interest received (paid)	\$		_	\$	_
	Income taxes received (paid)	\$		_	\$	_
		\$ \$		-	\$	-
	Dividends received (paid)	Ф		-	Ф	-

Note 17 <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The Company issued 500,000 common shares upon the exercise of share purchase options for gross proceeds of \$25,000.

Schedule I

${\tt CONDENSED\ INTERIM\ CONSOLIDATED\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ ADMINISTRATIVE\ AND}$

GENERAL EXPENSES

for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 (Stated in US Dollars)

	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
Consulting fees – Note 10	\$	74,608	\$	388,793
Entertainment and travel		692		14,127
Insurance, licenses and permits		64		327
Investor relations		-		5,036
Legal and accounting fees		8,404		14,681
Management fees – Note 10		15,301		16,920
Office and miscellaneous – Note 10		3,785		6,696
Rent – Note 10		18,020		14,609
Repairs and maintenance		278		6,095
Salaries, wages and benefits – Note 10		49,185		86,545
Stock exchange filing fees		4,248		15,296
Telephone and utilities		3,793		2,318
Transfer agent fees		3,949		495
	\$	182,327	\$	571,938