Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of MariMed Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of MariMed Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

Revenue

As discussed in the Notes to the financial statements, the Company recognizes revenue upon the transfer of control of promised goods to the customer upon delivery in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for the products.

Auditing the recognition of revenue involves significant challenge due to the inherent risk of revenue recognition. Related to retail operations, M&K tested a sample of point-of-sale transactions as well as physical cash flows from the retail operations. Related to wholesale operations, M&K tested a sample of METRC reports and tested delivery of products to customers.

To evaluate the appropriateness and accuracy of the assessment by management, we evaluated management's assessment relationship to the relevant agreements and management's disclosure in the financial statements.

/s/ M&K CPAS, PLLC

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2018. The Woodlands, TX March 6, 2025

MariMed Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	 December 31,		
	2024		2023
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,282	\$	14,645
Accounts receivable, net	8,742		7,199
Inventory	33,488		25,306
Deferred rents receivable	556		630
Notes receivable, current portion	52		52
Investments, current portion	_		88
Other current assets	3,389		3,512
Total current assets	 53,509		51,432
Property and equipment, net	94,167		89,103
Intangible assets, net	18,639		17,012
Goodwill	15,812		11,993
Investments, net of current portion	_		221
Notes receivable, net of current portion	840		814
Operating lease right-of-use assets	8,730		9,716
Finance lease right-of-use assets	4,073		3,295
Other assets	11,219		12,537
Total assets	\$ 206,989	\$	196,123
Liabilities, mezzanine equity and stockholders' equity			
Current liabilities:			
Mortgages and notes payable, current portion	\$ 5,126	\$	723
Accounts payable	13,189		9,001
Accrued expenses and other	4,435		3,549
Income taxes payable	21,922		14,434
Operating lease liabilities, current portion	1,988		1,945
Finance lease liabilities, current portion	2,018		1,210
Total current liabilities	 48,678		30,862
Mortgages and notes payable, net of current portion	69,860		65,652
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	7,549		8,455
Finance lease liabilities, net of current portion	1,926		2,140
Other liabilities	100		100
Total liabilities	 128,113		107,209

	Decem	ber 31,
	2024	2023
Commitments and contingencies		
Mezzanine equity:		
Series B convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 4,908,333 shares authorized, issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024 and 2023	14,725	14,725
Series C convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 12,432,432 shares authorized; 1,155,274 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024 and 2023	4,275	4,275
Total mezzanine equity	19,000	19,000
Stockholders' equity:		
Undesignated preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 32,659,235 shares authorized; zero shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024 and 2023	_	_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 700,000,000 shares authorized; 381,476,581 and 375,126,352 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024 and 2023,		
respectively	381	375
Additional paid-in capital	173,366	171,144
Accumulated deficit	(112,119)	(99,955)
Noncontrolling interests	(1,752)	(1,650)
Total stockholders' equity	59,876	69,914
Total liabilities, mezzanine equity, and stockholders' equity	\$ 206,989	\$ 196,123

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

MariMed Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except per share amounts)

Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04)			Year Ended December 3		
Cost of revenue 95,096 82,679 Gross profit 62,868 65,919 Operating expenses: Personnel 27,059 22,612 Marketing and promotion 6,664 5,977 General and administrative 25,618 22,132 Acquisition-related and other 951 695 Bad debt (recoveries) (330) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income: 114 270 Interest expense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (16,35) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (12,127) (16,007) Loss self-income taxes (12,127) (16,007) Loss self-income taxes (12,127) (16,007) Loss self-income taxes			2024		2023
Gross profit 62,868 65,919 Operating expenses: Personnel 27,059 22,612 Marketing and promotion 6,664 5,977 General and administrative 25,618 22,132 Acquisition-related and other 951 695 Bad debt (recoveries) (336) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income:	Revenue	\$	157,964	\$	148,598
Operating expenses: Personnel 27,059 22,612 Marketing and promotion 6,664 5,977 General and administrative 25,618 22,132 Acquisition-related and other 951 695 Bad debt (recoveries) (336) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income: 114 270 Interest expense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 3,7 24 Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,127) (16,007) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03)	Cost of revenue		95,096		82,679
Personnel 27,059 22,612 Marketing and promotion 6,664 5,977 General and administrative 25,618 22,132 Acquisition-related and other 951 695 Bad debt (recoveries) (336) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income: Interest expense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes (3,196) (10,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (10,03) (0,04) Weighted average comm	Gross profit		62,868		65,919
Marketing and promotion 6,664 5,977 General and administrative 25,618 22,132 Acquisition-related and other 951 695 Bad debt (recoveries) (336) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income:	Operating expenses:				
General and administrative 25,618 22,132 Acquisition-related and other 951 695 Bad debt (recoveries) (336) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income: \$\$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$\$ Interest axpense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt \$	Personnel		27,059		22,612
Acquisition-related and other 951 695 Bad debt (recoveries) (336) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income: \$	Marketing and promotion		6,664		5,977
Bad debt (recoveries) (336) 118 Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income: Interest expense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders: \$ (12,164) (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: Basic \$ (0,03) (0,04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 8 (0,03) (0,04) Basic 379,153 363,403	General and administrative		25,618		22,132
Total operating expenses 59,956 51,534 Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income:	Acquisition-related and other		951		695
Income from operations 2,912 14,385 Interest and other (expense) income: Interest expense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic 379,153 363,403	Bad debt (recoveries)		(336)		118
Interest and other (expense) income: Interest expense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic 379,153 363,403	Total operating expenses		59,956		51,534
Interest expense (6,944) (9,185) Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders: \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04)	Income from operations		2,912		14,385
Interest income 114 270 Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Interest and other (expense) income:				
Loss on extinguishment of debt — (10,431) Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Interest expense		(6,944)		(9,185)
Other expense, net (50) (1,635) Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders: \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Interest income		114		270
Total interest and other expense, net (6,880) (20,981) Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Loss on extinguishment of debt				(10,431)
Loss before income taxes (3,968) (6,596) Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: Basic \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Other expense, net		(50)		(1,635)
Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Total interest and other expense, net	_	(6,880)		(20,981)
Provision for income taxes 8,159 9,411 Net loss (12,127) (16,007) Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests 37 24 Net loss attributable to common stockholders \$ (12,164) \$ (16,031) Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Loss before income taxes		(3,968)		(6,596)
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests3724Net loss attributable to common stockholders\$ (12,164)\$ (16,031)Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders:Basic\$ (0.03)\$ (0.04)Diluted\$ (0.03)\$ (0.04)Weighted average common shares outstanding:Basic379,153363,403	Provision for income taxes		8,159		
Net loss attributable to common stockholders: Basic \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic \$ 379,153 363,403	Net loss		(12,127)		(16,007)
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders: Basic \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic 379,153 363,403	Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		37		24
Basic \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	(12,164)	\$	(16,031)
Basic \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Diluted \$ (0.03) \$ (0.04) Weighted average common shares outstanding: 379,153 363,403	Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic 379,153 363,403		\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.04)
Basic 379,153 363,403	Diluted	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.04)
Basic 379,153 363,403	Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
			379,153		363,403

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

MariMed Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (in thousands, except share amounts)

	Commo	on stock	Common stock s	ubsc ued	ribed but not				1	Non-		otal
	Shares	Shares Par Value			Amount		Additional paid-in capital	A	ccumulated deficit	controlling interests		iolders' uity
Balances at January 1, 2023	341,474,728	\$ 341	70,000	\$	39	9	142,365	\$	(83,924)	\$ (1,511)	\$	57,310
Common stock subscribed but not issued	_	_	5,025		2		_		_	_		2
Issuance of subscribed shares	75,025	_	(75,025)		(41)		41		_	_		_
Release of shares under stock grants	599,999	1	_		_		(1)		_	_		_
Exercise of stock options	487,752	_	_		_		109		_	_		109
Warrants issued in connection with debt	_	_	_		_		5,454		_	_		5,454
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	25,304,710	25	_		_		18,700		_	_		18,725
Common stock issued to settle obligations	400,000	_	_		_		160		_	_		160
Common stock issued under a licensing and royalty agreement	13,007	_	_		_		5		_	_		5
Common stock issued to purchase property and equipment	740,741	1	_		_		299		_	_		300
Common stock issued as purchase consideration - business acquisition	6,580,390	7	_		_		2,987		_	_		2,994
Purchase of minority interest in a subsidiary of the Company	450,000	1	_		_		4		_	(5)		_
Common stock returned to the Company in connection with a cancelled transaction (1)	(1,000,000)	(1)	_		_		1		_	_		_
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_		_		_	(158)		(158)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	=		_		1,020		_	_		1,020
Net (loss) income						_			(16,031)	24	((16,007)
Balances at December 31, 2023	375,126,352	\$ 375	_	\$	_	9	171,144	\$	(99,955)	\$ (1,650)	\$	69,914
Release of shares under stock grants	2,636,750	2	_		_		(2)		_	_		_
Shares of newly vested common stock surrendered to the Company to satisfy tax withholding obligations	(249,087)	_	_		_		(41)		_	_		(41)
Standalone warrants issued as payment for services	_	_	_		_		218		_	_		218
Common stock issued under a licensing and royalty agreement	45,299	_	_		_		10		_	_		10
Common stock issued as purchase consideration - business acquisition	3,917,267	4	_		_		987		_	_		991
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		_		_		_	(139)		(139)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_		_		1,050			_		1,050
Net (loss) income									(12,164)	37		(12,127)
Balances at December 31, 2024	381,476,581	\$ 381		\$	<u> </u>	5	173,366	\$	(112,119)	\$ (1,752)	\$	59,876

(1) Represents shares initially issued in connection with an acquisitive transaction that was subsequently cancelled, at which time the shares were returned to the Company and recorded at par value.

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

MariMed Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

		Year Ended Deco	
		2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:	•	(15.15.1)	(4 < 0.4)
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$	(12,164) \$	(16,031)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		37	24
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		7.010	5.540
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment		7,910	5,549
Amortization of intangible assets		2,948	3,025
Stock-based compensation		1,050	1,020
Amortization of warrants issued as payment for services received		218	
Amortization of original debt issuance discount		_	232
Amortization of debt discount		358	2,851
Amortization of debt issuance costs		73	_
Payment-in-kind interest		104	366
Bad debt (income) expense		(336)	118
Obligations settled with common stock		10	465
Loss on disposal of assets		13	906
Gain on finance lease adjustment		_	(31)
Writedown of prepaid purchase consideration		_	200
Loss on extinguishment of debt			10,431
Loss on changes in fair value of investments		145	76
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net		(1,207)	(3,160)
Inventory		(8,182)	(5,829)
Deferred rents receivable		74	74
Other current assets		883	4,500
Other assets		1,421	(356)
Accounts payable		4,188	2,375
Accrued expenses and other		1,754	(1,840)
Income taxes payable		7,488	2,945
Net cash provided by operating activities		6,785	7,910
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment		(11,960)	(20,130)
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(4,250)	(2,987)
Advances toward future business acquisitions		(100)	(1,125)
Purchases of investments		(100)	(261
Purchases and renewals of cannabis licenses		(712)	(626)
Issuance of notes receivable		(712)	(879)
Proceeds from notes receivable		50	99
			99
Return on investment		44	_
Proceeds from disposal of assets		22	
Due from third party		(227)	(76)
Net cash used in investing activities		(17,133)	(25,985)

		Year Ended l	Dece	ember 31,
		2024		2023
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from term loan		_		29,100
Proceeds from Construction to Permanent Commercial Real Estate Mortgage Loan		5,077		53,618
Proceeds from mortgages		1,163		_
Payment of third-party debt issuance costs in connection with debt		_		(3,339)
Principal payments of term loan		_		(1,800)
Repayment and retirement of term loan, including paid-in-kind interest		_		(28,541)
Payment of penalties on early retirement of debt		_		(4,251)
Principal payments of mortgages		(382)		(585)
Repayment and retirement of mortgages		_		(12,595)
Principal payments of promissory notes		(1,177)		(2,370)
Repayment and retirement of promissory notes		_		(5,503)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		_		109
Principal payments of finance leases		(1,557)		(702)
Distributions		(139)		(158)
Net cash provided by financing activities		2,985		22,983
Net (decrease) increase to cash and cash equivalents		(7,363)		4,908
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		14,645		9,737
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	7,282	\$	14,645
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	Ф	6.600	Ф	5.654
Cash paid for interest	\$	6,689	\$	5,654
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	877	\$	6,419
Non-cash activities:				
Common stock issued to purchase property and equipment	\$	_	\$	300
Present value of promissory notes issued as purchase consideration	\$	3,000	\$	4,569
Entry into new operating leases	\$	_	\$	5,604
Entry into new finance leases	\$	2,881	\$	3,235
Writeoff of finance leases	\$	1,112	\$	_
Common stock issued as purchase consideration	\$	991	\$	2,994
Common stock issued to purchase minority interest in a subsidiary of the Company	\$	_	\$	5
Warrants to issue common stock issued with debt	\$	_	\$	5,454
Liability recorded for building improvements	\$	_	\$	1,997
Notes payable issued to purchase property and equipment	\$	396	\$	158
Common stock issued to settle obligations	\$	_	\$	160
Common stock issued under licensing agreement	\$	10	\$	5
Issuance of common stock associated with subscriptions	\$	_	\$	41
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	\$	_	\$	18,725
Conversion of notes receivable to omnibus long-lived asset	\$	_	\$	10,233
	-		-	,=

	Year Ended	Dece	mber 31,
	2024		2023
Return of common stock to the Company in connection with withholding taxes	\$ 41	\$	_
Adjustment to purchase price allocation to reclassify certain acquired intangible assets to goodwill	\$ 3,819	\$	_

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

MariMed Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) NATURE OF THE BUSINESS

MariMed Inc. ("MariMed" or the "Company") is a multi-state cannabis operator in the United States, headquartered in Norwood, Massachusetts, dedicated to improving lives every day through its high-quality products, its actions, and its values. The Company develops, owns, and manages seed to sale state-licensed, state-of-the-art, regulatory-compliant facilities for the cultivation, production, and dispensing of medicinal and adult-use cannabis. MariMed has created and continues to develop its own brands of premium cannabis flower, concentrates, edibles, and other precision-dosed products utilizing its proprietary strains and formulations. The Company also licenses its proprietary brands, along with other top cannabis products, in domestic markets.

(2) BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Certain reclassifications, not affecting previously reported net income or cash flows, have been made to the previously issued financial statements to conform to the current period presentation.

Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MariMed Inc. and its wholly- and majority-owned subsidiaries. Consolidation is effected from the date when control is obtained. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Subsidiary	Percentage Owned
MariMed Advisors Inc.	100.0 %
Mia Development LLC	94.3 %
Mari Holdings IL LLC	100.0 %
Mari Holdings MD LLC	100.0 %
Mari Holdings NJ LLC	100.0 %
Mari Holdings Metropolis LLC	70.0 %
Mari Holdings Mt. Vernon LLC	100.0 %
Hartwell Realty Holdings LLC	100.0 %
Kind Therapeutics USA LLC	100.0 %
ARL Healthcare Inc.	100.0 %
KPG of Anna LLC	100.0 %
KPG of Harrisburg LLC	100.0 %
MariMed OH LLC	100.0 %
MariMed Hemp Inc.	100.0 %
MediTaurus LLC	100.0 %
MMMO LLC	100.0 %
Green Growth Group Inc.	100.0 %
Allgreens Dispensary LLC	100.0 %
Our Community Wellness & Compasionate Care Center, Inc.	100.0 %

Noncontrolling Interests

Noncontrolling interests represent third-party minority ownership of the Company's majority-owned consolidated subsidiaries. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests is reported in the consolidated statements of operations, and the value of minority-owned interests is presented as a component of equity within the consolidated balance sheets.

Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reporting amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates and judgments relied upon in preparing these consolidated financial statements include accounting for business combinations and asset purchases, inventory valuations, assumptions used to determine the fair value of stock-based compensation, and intangible assets and goodwill. The Company regularly assesses these estimates and records changes in estimates in the period in which they become known. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates or assumptions.

Business Acquisitions

Business Combinations

The Company recognizes identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value on the date of acquisition. Goodwill is measured as the excess of consideration transferred over the net fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed and represents the expected future economic benefits arising from other assets acquire in the business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized. While the Company uses its best estimates and assumptions as part of the purchase price allocation process to accurately value assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, its estimates are inherently uncertain and subject to refinement. As a result, during the measurement period, which may be up to one year from the acquisition date, the Company records adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed with a corresponding offset to goodwill to the extent that it identifies adjustments to the preliminary purchase price allocation. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period or final determination of the values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, whichever comes first, any subsequent adjustments are recorded to the consolidated statements of operations.

Asset Purchases

The Company accounts for an acquisitive transaction determined to be an asset purchase based on the cost accumulation and allocation method, under which the costs to purchase the asset or set of assets are allocated to the assets acquired. No goodwill is recorded in connection with an asset purchase.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The fair values of these investments approximate their carrying values.

The Company had \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million of cash held in escrow at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are maintained with recognized financial institutions located in the United States. In the normal course of business, the Company may carry balances with certain financial institutions that exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced losses on balances in excess of such limits and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks in that regard.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments approximate their fair values and include cash equivalents, accounts receivable, deferred rents receivable, notes receivable, investments, term loans, mortgages and notes payable, and accounts payable.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or a liability. The three-tier fair value hierarchy is based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used to measure fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1. Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2. Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace, such as quoted price for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted price for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets).
- Level 3. Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of trade receivables and are carried at their estimated collectible amounts.

The Company provides credit to its clients in the form of payment terms. The Company limits its credit risk by performing credit evaluations of its clients and maintaining a reserve, if deemed necessary, for potential credit losses. Such evaluations include the review of a client's outstanding balances with consideration towards such client's historical collection experience, as well as prevailing economic and market conditions and other factors. Based on such evaluations, the Company maintained reserves of \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Inventory

Inventory is carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with the cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The Company allocates a certain percentage of overhead cost to its manufactured inventory; such allocation is based on square footage and other industry-standard criteria. The Company reviews physical inventory for obsolescence and/or excess and will record a reserve if necessary. As of the date of this report, no reserve was deemed necessary.

Investments

Investments are comprised of equity holdings of public companies. These investments are recorded at fair value on the Company's consolidated balance sheet, with changes to fair value included in income. Investments are evaluated for permanent impairment and are written down if such impairments are deemed to have occurred.

Revenue Recognition

The Company's main sources of revenue are comprised of the following:

- Product sales (retail and wholesale). The Company's product sales are derived from direct sales of cannabis and
 cannabis-infused products primarily by its retail dispensaries and wholesale operations in multiple states. The
 Company recognize this revenue when products are delivered to third parties or at the Company's retail points-ofsale.
- Other revenue. The Company's other revenue is comprised of real estate rentals to cannabis-licensed clients; supply procurement fees from facilitating purchases of resources, supplies and equipment for cannabis-licensed clients and third parties; management fees for providing cannabis-licensed clients with comprehensive oversight of their operations; and licensing fees from the licensing of its branded products to wholesalers and regulated dispensaries.

The Company recognizes revenue in amounts that represent the consideration that it expects to receive in exchange for goods or services provided to customers performing the following steps:

- identify the contract(s) with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract(s);
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract(s); and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

Additionally, when another party is involved in providing goods or services to the Company's clients, a determination is made as to who—the Company or the other party—is acting in the capacity as the principal in the sale transaction, and who is merely the agent arranging for goods or services to be provided by the other party.

The Company is typically considered the principal if it controls the specified goods or services before such goods or services are transferred to its client, and typically considered the agent if it does not exert such control. The Company may also be deemed to be the principal even if it engages another party (an agent) to satisfy some of the performance obligations on its behalf, provided the Company (i) takes on certain responsibilities, obligations and risks, (ii) possesses certain abilities and discretion, or (iii) other relevant indicators of the sale are present. If deemed an agent, the Company does not recognize revenue for the performance obligations it does not satisfy.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, with depreciation recognized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term, if applicable. When assets are retired or disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gains or losses are included in income. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense in the period incurred. The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are generally as follows: buildings and building improvements, thirty-nine to forty years; tenant improvements, the lesser of the remaining duration of the related lease or the asset useful life; furniture and fixtures, seven to ten years; machinery and equipment, seven to ten years. Land is not depreciated.

Software development costs associated with internal use software are incurred in three stages of development: the preliminary project stage, the application development stage and the post-implementation stage. Costs incurred during the preliminary project and post-implementation stages are expensed as incurred. Certain qualifying costs incurred during the application development stage are capitalized as property and equipment. Internal use software is amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of five to seven years, beginning when the software is ready for its intended use.

The Company's property and equipment are individually reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable from the undiscounted future cash flows of such asset over the anticipated holding period. An impairment loss is measured by the excess of the asset's carrying amount over its estimated fair value. Impairment analysis is based on management's current plans, asset holding periods, and currently available market information. If these criteria change, the Company's evaluation of impairment losses may be different and could have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, based on the results of management's impairment analysis, there were no impairment losses.

Intangible Assets and Goodwill

The Company's intangible assets are comprised of trade names and trademarks, licenses and customer and non-compete agreements. Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable based upon the estimated undiscounted cash flows. Recoverability of intangible assets with estimated lives and other long-lived assets is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset or

asset group to future net undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset or asset group. If these comparisons indicate that an asset is not recoverable, the Company will recognize an impairment loss for the amount by which the carrying value of the asset or asset group exceeds the related estimated fair value. Estimated fair value is based on either discounted future operating cash flows or appraised values, depending on the nature of the asset. The Company amortizes its intangible assets over their respective useful lives. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no impairment of goodwill.

Leases

Arrangements that are determined to be leases with a term greater than one year are accounted for by the recognition of right-of-use assets that represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities that represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Non-lease components within lease agreements are accounted for separately.

Right-of-use assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term, utilizing the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of its long-lived assets whenever certain events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment of long-lived assets is recognized when the net book value of such assets exceeds their expected cash flows, in which case the assets are written down to fair value, which is determined based on discounted future cash flows or appraised values.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company's stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period, which generally corresponds with the vesting period. The Company uses the Black-Scholes valuation model for estimating the fair value of stock options and warrants on the date of grant. The fair value of stock option and warrant issuances is affected by the Company's stock price on the issuance date as well as valuation assumptions, including the volatility of the Company's common stock price, expected term of the instrument, risk-free interest rate and expected dividends.

The expected life of an instrument is calculated using the simplified method, which allows for using the mid-point between the vesting date and expiration date for stock options and the contractual term for warrants. The volatility factors are based on the historical two-year movement of the Company's common stock prior to an instrument's issuance date. The risk-free interest rate is based on United States Treasury rates with maturity periods similar to the expected instruments life on the issuance date.

The Company amortizes the fair value of options, warrants and restricted stock units on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of each instrument.

Income Taxes

The Company uses the asset and liability method to account for income taxes. Under this method, deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recorded for the future tax consequences of differences between the tax basis and financial reporting basis of assets and liabilities, measured using enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management concludes it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the consolidated statements of operations in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company recognizes in the financial statements the benefit of a tax position that is "more likely than not" to be sustained under examination based solely on the technical merits of the position, assuming a review by tax authorities having all relevant information. Tax positions that meet the recognition threshold are measured using a cumulative probability approach, at the largest amount of tax benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized

upon settlement. The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to the unrecognized tax benefits, if any, as a component of income tax expense.

Certain subsidiaries of the Company, due to their cannabis activities, are subject to the provisions of Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, which prohibits businesses from deducting certain expenses associated with the trafficking of controlled substances within the meaning of Schedule I and II of the Controlled Substances Act. Such non-deductibility of certain ordinary business expenses results in permanent differences and can cause the Company's effective tax rate to fluctuate significantly, and no necessarily correlated with pre-tax income.

Related Party Transactions

The Company's financial statements include disclosures of material related party transactions, other than compensation arrangements, expense allowances, and other similar items in the ordinary course of business, as well as transactions that are eliminated in the preparation of financial statements.

Comprehensive Income

There were no items of comprehensive income applicable to the Company during the periods covered in the financial statements.

Commitments and Contingencies

The Company regularly assesses the likelihood that a loss will be incurred from the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events. Such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing possible loss contingencies from legal proceedings or unasserted claims, the Company evaluates the perceived merits of such proceedings or claims, and of the relief sought or expected to be sought.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss will be incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potentially material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability and an estimate of the range of possible losses, if determinable and material, would be disclosed. Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

While not assured, management does not believe, based upon information available at this time, that any loss contingency will have material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Risk and Uncertainties

The Company is subject to risks common to companies operating within the legal and medical cannabis industries, including, but not limited to, federal laws, government regulations and jurisdictional laws.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has reviewed all recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements, and does not believe the future adoption of any such pronouncements will have a material impact on its financial condition or the results of its operations.

(3) BUSINESS COMBINATION AND ASSET PURCHASES

Business Combination

Ermont

On March 9, 2023 (the "Ermont Acquisition Date"), the Company acquired the operating assets of Ermont, Inc. ("Ermont"), a medical-licensed vertical cannabis operator located in Quincy, Massachusetts (the "Ermont Acquisition"), following approval by the Massachusetts Cannabis Control Commission (the "CCC") The Ermont Acquisition provided the Company with its third dispensary in Massachusetts, substantially completing its build-out to the maximum allowable by state regulations.

The financial results of Ermont are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since the Ermont Acquisition Date.

As consideration for the Ermont Acquisition, which totaled \$13.0 million, the Company paid \$3.0 million of cash, issued 6,580,390 shares of the Company's common stock with a fair value of \$3.0 million, and issued a \$7.0 million promissory note (the "Ermont Note" and collectively, the "Ermont Consideration"). The Ermont Note has a six-year term and bears interest at 6.0% per annum, with payments of interest-only for two years and thereafter, quarterly payments of principal and interest in arrears. The outstanding balance on the Ermont Note is subject to prepayment in the event the Company raises \$75.0 million of equity capital. The Company recorded the Ermont Note at the present value of \$4.6 million as of the Ermont Acquisition Date. The difference between the present value and face value of the Ermont Note is being amortized to interest expense through the term of such note.

The Company rebranded the dispensary as *Panacea Wellness Dispensary* and commenced medical sales immediately after the Ermont Acquisition Date. The Ermont Acquisition also includes a Host Community Agreement with the city of Quincy to conduct adult-use cannabis sales. Adult-use sales commenced on July 23, 2024. The Company expanded the existing medical dispensary to accommodate the expected increased traffic associated with adult-use sales and repurposed Ermont's existing cultivation facility.

The Company's consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2023 includes \$3.8 million of revenue and \$2.4 million of net loss attributable to Ermont for the period since the Ermont Acquisition Date.

The Ermont Acquisition has been accounted for as a business combination. The Company did not assume any of Ermont's liabilities. The Company recorded adjustments to the amounts allocated to certain identifiable intangible assets and goodwill to reflect more precise forecasts of future revenue streams. These adjustments resulted in an increase to the tradename and trademarks intangible asset of \$0.1 million, a decrease to the customer base intangible asset of \$3.9 million, and an increase to goodwill of \$3.8 million.

A summary of the allocation of the Ermont Consideration to the acquired and identifiable intangible assets is as follows (in thousands):

Fair value of consideration transferred:	
Cash consideration:	
Cash paid	\$ 3,000
Less cash acquired	 (13)
Net cash consideration	2,987
Common stock	2,994
Promissory note	 4,569
Total fair value of consideration	\$ 10,550

Fair value of assets acquired:	
Property and equipment	\$ 800
Intangible assets:	
Tradename and trademarks	1,118
Customer base	768
License	131
Goodwill	 7,733
Fair value of net assets acquired	\$ 10,550

The Company is amortizing the identifiable intangible assets arising from the Ermont Acquisition in relation to the expected cash flows from the individual intangible assets over their respective useful lives, which have a weighted average useful life of 12.19 years (see Note 10). Goodwill results from assets not separately identifiable as part of the transaction and is not deductible for tax purposes.

The following unaudited pro forma information presents the condensed combined results of MariMed and Ermont for the year ended December 31, 2023 as if the Ermont Acquisition had been completed on January 1, 2023, with adjustments to give effect to pro forma events that are directly attributable to the Ermont Acquisition. These pro forma adjustments include amortization expense for the acquired intangible assets and interest expense related to the Ermont Note.

The unaudited pro forma results do not reflect any operating efficiencies or potential cost savings that may result from the consolidation of the operations of MariMed and Ermont. Accordingly, these unaudited pro forma results are presented for illustrative purposes and are not intended to represent or be indicative of the actual results of operations of the combined company that would have been achieved had the Ermont Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2023, nor are they intended to represent or be indicative of future results of operations. These unaudited pro forma results for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows (in thousands):

	(u	naudited)
Revenue	\$	148,948
Net loss	\$	(16,716)

Valuation of Acquired Intangible Assets

The valuation of the acquired intangible assets is inherently subjective and relies on significant unobservable inputs. The Company used an income approach to value the acquired trade name/trademarks, licenses/customer base, and non-compete intangible assets. The valuation for each of these intangible assets was based on estimated projections of expected cash flows to be generated by the assets discounted to the present value at discount rates commensurate with perceived risk. The valuation assumptions take into consideration the Company's estimates of new markets, products and customers and its outcome through key assumptions driving asset values, including sales growth, royalty rates and other related costs.

Asset Purchases

Allgreens Dispensary, LLC ("Allgreens")

In August 2022, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase 100% of the membership interests in Allgreens Dispensary, LLC (the "Allgreens Agreement"), a conditional adult-use cannabis dispensary license in Illinois, for \$3.25 million, comprised of \$2.25 million of cash and a promissory note for \$1.0 million, which note was issued to the Allgreens members on the Allgreens Acquisition Date (the "Allgreens Notes"). Completion of the acquisition was dependent upon certain conditions, including resolution of any remaining legal challenges affecting nearly 200 social equity dispensary licenses, and regulatory approval of the acquisition. With the closing conditions met and the acquisition completed on April 9, 2024 (the "Allgreens Acquisition Date"), the Company now owns and operates five adult-use dispensaries in Illinois. For the interim period until the Allgreens Acquisition Date, the Company entered into a management agreement with Allgreens, with the management fees calculated as a percentage of Allgreens' revenue. Under this management agreement, the Company funded the build-out of the dispensary, including purchasing and retaining ownership of the related fixed assets it intended to use upon the transfer of ownership to the Company, hired and trained employees, and implemented the processes necessary to run the dispensary, all of which was completed prior to the state's approval of the license transfer to the Company. In connection with this agreement, the Company recorded expenses related to Allgreens aggregating approximately \$250,000 for the period from January 1, 2024 through the Allgreens

Acquisition Date, and approximately \$164,000 in the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "Allgreens Expenses"). The Allgreens Expenses for the year ended December 1, 2023 were included as a component of Investments, net of current portion, in the consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2023.

Pursuant to the Allgreens Agreement, as of December 31, 2023, the Company had made payments aggregating \$1,375,000 to the Allgreens members prior to the Allgreens Acquisition Date. On the Allgreens Acquisition Date, the Company made the final cash payment of \$875,000 and issued the Allgreens Notes. The Allgreens Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.5% per annum and mature one year from the date the dispensary was permitted to commence operations. At December 31, 2024, the principal balance of \$1.0 million due under the Allgreens Notes was past due and in default.

The Company has allocated the purchase price, including the Allgreens Expenses, to its licenses intangible asset, with an estimated useful life of 10 years (see Note 10).

Our Community Wellness & Compassionate Care Center, Inc. ("MedLeaf")

On February 1, 2024 (the "P&S Date"), the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of MedLeaf (the "MedLeaf Agreement"), which held a retail dispensary license in Maryland. The MedLeaf dispensary had ceased its operations as of July 1, 2023. On April 5, 2024, the Company acquired 100% of the membership interests in MedLeaf (the "MedLeaf Acquisition Date"). Upon receiving regulatory approval, the Company reopened the dispensary and commenced adult-use retail sales on August 19, 2024. The acquisition of MedLeaf provided the Company with a second dispensary in the state of Maryland.

Pursuant to the MedLeaf Agreement, total purchase consideration was \$5.25 million, comprised of \$2.0 million of cash with adjustments to reflect amounts owed to the Company by the sellers of MedLeaf (the "MedLeaf Sellers"), a \$2.0 million promissory note (the "MedLeaf Note"), and shares of the Company's common stock, valued at \$1.25 million, with such number of shares calculated using the volume weighted average price based on the ten-trading day period ending on the P&S Date. The Company made payments aggregating \$0.5 million through the P&S Date, which funds were deposited into escrow. On the MedLeaf Acquisition Date, the outstanding cash balance was paid and the MedLeaf Note and 3.9 million shares of the Company's common stock were issued. The MedLeaf Note bears interest at a rate of 8.0% per annum and matures on October 5, 2025.

Pending Transaction at December 31, 2024

Robust Missouri Process and Manufacturing 1, LLC ("Robust")

In September 2022, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests in Robust Missouri Processing and Manufacturing 1, LLC, a Missouri wholesaler and processor, for \$700,000 of cash (the "Robust Agreement"). Completion of the acquisition is dependent upon obtaining all requisite approvals from the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services. In August 2024, the state of Missouri approved a facility license to conduct business, but has not yet approved the application to transfer the license from Robust to the Company (the "License Transfer"). The Company is currently conducting business under a managed service agreement until the final approval of the License Transfer. Pursuant to the Robust Agreement, the Company made an initial advance payment of \$350,000 to the Robust members, with the balance of \$350,000 due at closing, which will occur upon the state of Missouri's approval of the License Transfer.

(4) (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic (loss) earnings per share is computed by dividing net (loss) income by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. For periods in which the Company reports net income, diluted earnings per share is determined by using the weighted average number of common and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during the period, unless the effect is antidilutive.

The shares used to compute loss per share were as follows (in thousands):

	Year ended D	ecember 31,
	2024	2023
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	379,153	363,403
Potential dilutive common shares		
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	379,153	363,403

(5) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

Accounts receivable, net, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Year ended	December 31,
	2024	2023
Accounts receivable	8,997	7,963
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(255)	(764)
Accounts receivable, net	8,742	7,199

The Company maintains an allowance against trade accounts receivable (the "AR Allowance"), and had previously also reserved against cash advanced by the Company to a cannabis-licensed client for working capital purposes (the "WC Reserve"), both of which were reported as components of the allowance for doubtful accounts in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts activity was as follows (in thousands):

Year ended December 31,	lance at inning of year	(ı	Charges reversals) to expense	Write-offs	Ba	llance at end of year
2024	\$ 764	\$	(336)	\$ (173)	\$	255
2023	\$ 4,603	\$	118	\$ (3,957)	\$	764

(6) INVENTORY

Inventory at December 31, 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	 Decem	ber 3	31,
	2024		2023
Plants	\$ 10,600	\$	3,296
Ingredients and other raw materials	7,785		4,932
Work-in-process	4,759		9,663
Finished goods	10,344		7,415
Total inventory	\$ 33,488	\$	25,306

(7) DEFERRED RENTS RECEIVABLE

The Company is the lessor under operating leases which contain rent holidays, escalating rents over time, options to renew, and requirements to pay property taxes, insurance and/or maintenance costs. The Company is not the lessor under any finance leases.

The Company recognizes fixed rental receipts from operating leases on a straight line basis over the expected lease term. Differences between amounts received and amounts recognized are recorded in Deferred rents receivable in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company currently leases a cannabis cultivation, processing and dispensary facility that it owns in Delaware to a cannabis-licensed client under a triple net lease that expires in 2035. The Company had also previously leased a portion of an owned property in Massachusetts under a lease that expired in February 2023, after which the tenant continued to rent

the space on a month-to-month basis through November 2023. The Company expanded its cultivation footprint into this space and accordingly, it is currently utilizing this space for its operations.

The Company currently subleases two properties - a cannabis production facility with offices under a sublease that expires in January 2026 and contains an option to negotiate an extension of the sublease term, and a dispensary under a sublease that expires in April 2027. The Company also subleases a portion of a third property that it developed into a cultivation facility under a sublease that expires in March 2030, with an option to extend the term for three additional five-year periods. These properties are all subleased to a cannabis-licensed client in Delaware.

The Company received rental payments aggregating \$1.2 million and \$2.0 million in the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company recognized rental revenue on a straight line basis totaling \$1.1 million and \$1.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Future minimum rental receipts for non-cancellable leases and subleases as of December 31, 2024 were as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,		
2025	\$	1,211
2026		1,057
2027		952
2028		907
2029		907
Thereafter	_	1,930
Total	\$	6,964

(8) NOTES RECEIVABLE AND OMNIBUS

Note Receivable

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had a note receivable from Healer LLC, an entity that provides cannabis education, dosage programs and products developed by Dr. Dustin Sulak ("Healer"), of approximately \$892,000 and \$866,000, respectively. Of these amounts, approximately \$52,000 was current at each of December 31, 2024 and 2023. The balance at December 31, 2024 included approximately \$26,000 of unpaid interest. The note bears interest at 6% per annum and requires quarterly interest payments through the April 2026 maturity date. The Company has the right to offset any licensing fees payable by the Company to Healer in the event that Healer fails to make any payment when due.

Omnibus Agreement

On July 1, 2023 (the "Omnibus Agreement Date"), the Company entered into an Omnibus Agreement with First State Compassion Center ("FSCC"), the Company's cannabis-licensed client in Delaware (the "Omnibus Agreement"): (a) consolidating all amounts owed by FSCC to the Company and its affiliated entities as described below, aggregating \$11.0 million; (b) providing for the automatic conversion of all amounts owed by FSCC to the Company, upon the approval of adult cannabis use in Delaware, into 100% ownership of FSCC's licenses and business; and (c) extending to FSCC, in the Company's sole discretion, up to an additional \$2.0 million of working capital loans. The Omnibus Agreement has a term of five years, with an automatic five-year extension if adult cannabis use is not approved in Delaware by the maturity date, and bears interest, compounded semiannually and payable annually, at the appropriate rate of interest in effect under Sections 1274(d), 482 and 7872 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as calculated under Rev. Ruling 86-17, 1986-1 C.B. 377, for the period for which the amount of interest is being determined. In May 2023, the state of Delaware approved the adult use of cannabis. As of December 31, 2024, Delaware had not approved the conversion of FSCC from a non-profit to a for-profit business, nor the conversion of the existing license to adult-use. The Omnibus Agreement is reported as a component of Other assets in the consolidated balance sheets at both December 31, 2024 and 2023. On February 28, 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of FSCC in accordance with the terms of the Omnibus Agreement.

(9) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The Company's property and equipment, net, at December 31, 2024 and 2023 was comprised of the following (in thousands):

	December 31,			31,		
	2024			2023		
Land	\$	6,151	\$	4,819		
Buildings and building improvements		55,833		54,737		
Tenant improvements		31,894		25,451		
Furniture and fixtures		2,225		2,191		
Machinery and equipment		19,629		16,394		
Construction in progress		80		427		
		115,812		104,019		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(21,645)		(14,916)		
Property and equipment, net	\$	94,167	\$	89,103		

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, additions to property and equipment totaled \$12.0 million and \$20.1 million, respectively. Of the additions to property and equipment in the year ended December 31, 2024, \$0.3 million of such additions were paid for by the issuance of Company common stock.

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$7.9 million and \$5.5 million, respectively.

(10) INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL

The Company's acquired intangible assets at December 31, 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following (in thousands):

December 31, 2024	Weighted average amortization period (years)	Cost	umulated ortization	Net carrying value
Trade name and trademarks	7.38	\$ 3,159	\$ 2,466	\$ 693
Licenses and customer base	7.96	22,553	4,607	17,946
Non-compete agreements	2.00	 42	 42	 _
	7.89	\$ 25,754	\$ 7,115	\$ 18,639

December 31, 2023	Weighted average amortization period (years)	Cost	ccumulated nortization	Net carrying value
Trade name and trademarks	7.11	\$ 3,104	\$ 1,335	\$ 1,769
Licenses and customer base	9.15	18,033	2,797	15,236
Non-compete agreements	2.00	42	35	7
	8.84	\$ 21,179	\$ 4,167	\$ 17,012

Estimated future amortization expense for the Company's intangible assets at December 31, 2024 was as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,	
2025	\$ 3,077
2026	2,570
2027	2,477
2028	2,477
2029	2,029
Thereafter	6,009
Total	\$ 18,639

The changes in the carrying value of the Company's goodwill in the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

	Year ended December			mber 31,
		2024		2023
Balance at January 1,	\$	11,993	\$	8,079
Ermont Acquisition and subsequent adjustments to the purchase price allocation		3,819		3,914
Balance at December 31,	\$	15,812	\$	11,993

Goodwill is tested on an annual basis for impairment. The Company performs its annual goodwill impairment test as of November 30 of each respective year. Based on these tests, the Company determined that there was no goodwill impairment in the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

(11) **DEBT**

Term Loan (the "CA Term Loan")

On January 24, 2023 (the "Term Loan Date"), the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement, by and among the Company, subsidiaries of the Company from time to time party thereto (collectively with the Company, the "CA Borrowers"), lenders from time to time party thereto (the "CA Lenders"), and Chicago Atlantic Admin, LLC ("Chicago Atlantic"), as administrative agent for the Lenders (the "CA Credit Agreement"). Proceeds from the CA Credit Agreement were designated to complete the build-out of a new cultivation and processing facilities in Illinois, complete the build-out of a new processing kitchen in Missouri, expand existing cultivation and processing facilities in Massachusetts and Maryland, fund certain capital expenditures, and repay in full the Kind Notes incurred in 2022 in connection with the acquisition of Kind Therapeutics USA, which repayment occurred on January 24, 2023. The remaining balance, if any, was expected to be used to fund acquisitions.

The CA Credit Agreement allowed for \$35.0 million in the aggregate of principal borrowings at the CA Borrowers' option and further provided the CA Borrowers with the right, subject to customary conditions, to request an additional incremental term loan in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$30.0 million, provided that the CA Lenders elected to fund such incremental term loan. \$30.0 million of loan principal was funded at the initial closing (the "CA Term Loan"), which amount was reduced by an original issuance discount of \$0.9 million (the "CA Original Issuance Discount"). The Company had the option, during the six-month period following the initial closing, to draw down an additional \$5.0 million, which it did not elect to do. The loan required scheduled amortization payments of 1.0% of the principal amount outstanding under the CA Credit Agreement per month commencing in May 2023, and the remaining principal balance was due in full on January 24, 2026, subject to extension to January 24, 2028 under certain circumstances.

The CA Credit Agreement provided the CA Borrowers with the right, subject to specified limitations, to incur (a) seller-provided debt in connection with future acquisitions, (b) additional mortgage financing from third-party lenders secured by real estate currently owned and acquired after the closing date, and (c) additional debt in connection with equipment leasing transactions. The obligations under the CA Credit Agreement were secured by substantially all of the assets of the CA Borrowers, excluding specified parcels of real estate and other customary exclusions.

The CA Credit Agreement provided for a floating annual interest rate equal to the prime rate then in effect plus 5.75%, which rate could be increased by 3.00% upon an event of default or 7.50% upon a material event of default as provided in the CA Credit Agreement. At any time, the Company could voluntarily prepay amounts due under the facility in minimum \$5.0 million increments, subject to a three-percent prepayment premium and, during the first 20-months of the term, a "make-whole" payment.

The CA Credit Agreement included customary representations and warranties and customary events of default, including, without limitation, payment defaults, breaches of representations and warranties, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to material indebtedness, and events of bankruptcy or insolvency. The CA Credit Agreement also included customary negative covenants limiting the CA Borrowers' ability to incur additional indebtedness and grant certain liens, among others. Additionally, the CA Credit Agreement required the CA Borrowers to meet certain financial tests. The Company was in compliance with the CA Credit Agreement covenants and financial tests throughout the term of the CA Credit Agreement.

The CA Credit Agreement provided for 30% warrant coverage against amounts funded under the facility, priced at a 20% premium to the trailing 20-day average price on the closing date of each such funding. At the initial closing, upon funding of the initial \$30.0 million under the facility, the Company issued to the CA Lenders an aggregate of 19,148,936 warrants to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.47 per share, exercisable for a five-year period following issuance. The Company recorded the warrants at their present value of \$5.5 million as of January 24, 2023 as a component of Additional paid-in capital on the consolidated balance sheet, and discounted the CA Term Loan amount by \$5.5 million (the "CA Warrant Discount"). The Company amortized the CA Warrant Discount to interest expense over the period that the CA Credit Agreement was outstanding.

The Company incurred \$1.8 million of third party costs (i.e., legal fees, referral fees, etc.) in connection with the CA Term Loan, which were recorded as a discount to the CA Term Loan (the "CA Third-Party Costs Discount"), which was being amortized to interest expense over the term of the CA Credit Agreement. The Company recorded \$2.1 million of aggregate interest amortization from the Term Loan Date to the CA Payoff Date (as described below) related to the CA Original Issuance Discount, CA Warrant Discount and CA Third Party Costs Discount.

On November 16, 2023 (the "CA Payoff Date"), the Company repaid and retired the CA Term Loan (the "CA Term Loan Payoff") using proceeds from a new \$58.7 million loan entered into on the same date (see "CREM Loan" below). The CA Term Loan Payoff amount totaled \$32.7 million, comprised of \$28.5 million for the outstanding principal, \$3.7 million for the make-whole payment, \$0.2 million for accrued unpaid interest and \$0.3 million for transaction-related fees. The Company recognized a loss of \$10.2 million in connection with the CA Term Loan Payoff, which it recorded in the fourth quarter of 2023.

Mortgages and Notes Payable

The Company's mortgages and notes payable are reported in the aggregate on the consolidated balance sheets under the captions Mortgages and notes payable, current portion, and Mortgages and notes payable, net of current portion.

The Company's mortgages and notes payable balances at December 31, 2024 and 2023 were comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Decem	ber 3	ber 31,	
	2024		2023	
Construction to Permanent Commercial Real Estate Mortgage Loan ("CREM Loan"), net of debt discount of \$1,460 and \$1,534 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively	\$ 57,136	\$	52,083	
Bank of New England Wilmington, DE property	1,086		1,219	
DuQuoin State Bank Anna, IL and Harrisburg, IL properties	689		719	
DuQuoin State Bank Metropolis, IL property	2,427		2,472	
DuQuoin State Bank Mt. Vernon, IL property (retail)	1,139		_	
DuQuoin State Bank Mt. Vernon, IL property (grow and production)	2,872		2,923	
Promissory note issued as purchase consideration - Ermont Acquisition, net of debt discount of \$1,801 and \$2,159 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively	2,949		2,591	
Promissory note issued as purchase consideration - Greenhouse Naturals Acquisition, net of debt discount of \$567 and \$627 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively	3,791		4,190	
Promissory notes issued as purchase consideration - MedLeaf Acquisition	1,377		_	
Promissory note issued as purchase consideration - Allgreens Acquisition	1,000			
Promissory note issued to purchase land	352		_	
Promissory notes issued to purchase motor vehicles	168		178	
Total mortgages and notes payable	74,986		66,375	
Less: Mortgages and notes payable, current portion	(5,126)		(723)	
Mortgages and notes payable, net of current	\$ 69,860	\$	65,652	

Mortgages

CREM Loan

On November 16, 2023, Mari Holdings MD LLC, Hartwell Realty Holdings LLC, Kind Therapeutics USA, LLC, ARL Healthcare Inc., and MariMed Advisors, Inc., each a wholly-owned direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company (collectively, the "CREM Borrowers") entered into a Loan Agreement (the "CREM Loan Agreement"), by and among the CREM Borrowers and Needham Bank, a Massachusetts co-operative bank (the "CREM Lender") pursuant to which the CREM Lender loaned to the CREM Borrowers an aggregate principal amount of \$58.7 million (the "CREM Loan Transaction"). The Company guaranteed the obligations of the CREM Borrowers under the CREM Loan Agreement and pledged to the CREM Lender its equity ownership in each CREM Borrower as security for the loan. The CREM Lender has a first priority security interest in all of the CREM Borrowers' operating assets in Maryland and Massachusetts and first priority mortgages on the CREM Borrowers' properties owned in Maryland and Massachusetts.

The CREM Loan Transaction matures in ten years and has an interest rate for the initial five years of 8.43% per annum. The interest rate will reset after five years to the FHLB Rate (the Classic Advance Rate for Fixed Rate advances for a period of five years for an amount greater than or equal to the loan amount, as such rate is defined and published by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston), plus 3.50%. The CREM Borrowers made interest-only payments for the first twelve months of the term of the loan, with payments thereafter based upon a twenty-year amortization schedule.

The CREM Lender initially released \$52.8 million to the CREM Borrowers (the "Initial CREM Distribution"). The remaining proceeds of \$5.9 million were held in escrow to complete the expansion of the Company's Hagerstown, Maryland cultivation facility (the "Hagerstown Facility"), with any unused proceeds to be released to the Company after completion of the Hagerstown Facility expansion. The Company used \$46.8 million of the Initial CREM Distribution to fully repay certain of its outstanding debt obligations. These payments were comprised of \$32.7 million for the CA Term Loan Payoff, \$11.9 million to pay off the mortgage with Bank of New England for the New Bedford, MA and

Middleborough, MA properties, and \$2.2 million to reduce the outstanding balance of the note issued by the Company in connection with the Ermont Acquisition.

The Company incurred bank closing costs and third party costs (i.e., legal fees, etc.) aggregating \$1.5 million in connection with the CREM Loan Transaction, which were recorded as a discount to the Loan Transaction (the "CREM Closing Costs Discount"), and which are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the CREM Loan Transaction. The Company recorded interest amortization of approximately \$73,000 in the year ended December 31, 2024 and nominal interest amortization in the year ended December 31, 2023 related to the CREM Closing Costs Discount.

The CREM Loan Agreement includes customary representations and warranties and customary events of default, including, without limitation, payment defaults, breaches of representations and warranties, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to material indebtedness, and events of bankruptcy and insolvency. The CREM Loan Agreement also includes customary negative covenants limiting the CREM Borrowers' (but not the Company's) ability to incur additional indebtedness and grant liens that are otherwise not permitted, among others. The CREM Loan Agreement also requires the CREM Borrowers to meet certain periodic financial tests.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, \$5.1 million of the escrowed portion of the loan proceeds was released to the Company. The Company made interest-only payments to the CREM Lender through November 30, 2024 and commenced principal payments in December 2024. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company made interest-only payments aggregating \$4.8 million and a principal payment of \$0.1 million. The current portion of the outstanding principal balance of the CREM Loan was \$1.2 million and \$0.1 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Through November 16, 2023, the Company had a mortgage outstanding with Bank of New England secured by the Company's properties in New Bedford, MA and Middleborough, MA in the original amount of \$13.0 million, which bore interest of 6.5% per annum and was scheduled to mature in August 2025 (the "Refinanced Mortgage"). The Company used \$11.9 million of the proceeds from the CREM Loan Transaction to pay the outstanding principal of the Refinanced Mortgage, and such mortgage was retired. The Company recorded a loss of \$0.2 million on the early repayment of the Refinanced Mortgage, which amount is included as a component of Loss on extinguishment of debt in the Company's consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2023. Concurrent with the repayment of the Refinanced Mortgage, the Company refinanced the properties through the CREM Loan and accordingly, effective November 16, 2023, the mortgage on these properties is held by Needham Bank, which mortgage matures in 2033 and which outstanding amount is included as a component of the CREM Loan outstanding balance.

Bank of New England (Wilmington, DE)

The Company maintains a mortgage with Bank of New England for the 2016 purchase of a building in Wilmington, DE, which was developed into a cannabis seed to sale facility and is currently leased to the Company's cannabis-licensed client in that state. The mortgage matures in 2031, with monthly principal and interest payments at a rate of 5.25% per annum, and with the rate adjusting every five years to the then prime rate plus 1.5% with a floor of 5.25% per annum. The next rate adjustment will occur in September 2026. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the current portion of the outstanding principal balance under this mortgage was approximately \$140,000 and \$133,000, respectively.

DuQuoin State Bank (Anna, IL and Harrisburg, IL)

In May 2016, the Company entered into a mortgage agreement with DuQuoin State Bank ("DSB") for the purchase of properties in Anna, IL and Harrisburg, IL, which the Company developed into two free-standing retail dispensaries. On May 5th of each year, this mortgage is due to be repaid unless it is renewed for another year at a rate determined by DSB's executive committee. The mortgage was renewed in May 2024 at a rate of 9.50% per annum. At both December 31, 2024 and 2023, the current portion of the outstanding principal balance under this mortgage was approximately \$27,000.

DuQuoin State Bank (Metropolis, IL)

In July 2021, the Company purchased the land and building in which it operates its cannabis dispensary in Metropolis, IL. In connection with this purchase, the Company entered into a mortgage agreement with DSB in the amount of \$2.7 million that matures in July 2041 and which currently bears interest at a rate of 11.25% per annum, which rate is adjusted each year based on a certain interest rate index plus a margin. As part of this transaction, the seller was provided with a 30.0% ownership interest in Mari Holdings Metropolis LLC ("Metro"), the Company's subsidiary that owns the property and related mortgage obligation, reducing the Company's ownership interest in Metro to 70.0%. At December 31, 2024 and

2023, the current portion of the outstanding principal balance of this mortgage was approximately \$56,000 and \$46,000, respectively.

DuQuoin State Bank (Mt. Vernon, IL) grow and production)

In July 2022, Mari Holdings Mt. Vernon LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a \$3.0 million loan agreement and mortgage with DSB secured by property owned in Mt. Vernon, IL, which the Company developed into a grow and production facility. The mortgage has a 20-year term and currently bears interest at the rate of 11.25% per annum, subject to adjustment on each annual anniversary date to the Wall Street Journal United States Prime Rate (with an interest rate floor of 7.75%). The proceeds of the loan were utilized for the build-out of the property and other working capital purposes. The current portion of the outstanding principal balance of this mortgage was approximately \$61,000 and \$48,000 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

DuQuoin State Bank (Mt. Vernon, IL retail)

In February 2020, the Company entered into a mortgage agreement with South Porte Bank for the purchase and development of a property in Mt. Vernon, IL (the "South Porte Bank Mortgage"). Beginning in August 2021, pursuant to an amendment to the South Porte Bank Mortgage, the monthly payments of principal and interest aggregated approximately \$6,000, with such payment amounts effective through June 2023, at which time all remaining principal, interest and fees were due. On May 26, 2023, the Company repaid the outstanding balance on the South Porte Bank Mortgage, which totaled approximately \$778,000. In January 2024, the Company refinanced this property and entered into a \$1.2 million mortgage with DSB. The mortgage with DSB has a 17-year term and bears interest at the rate of 9.50% per annum. The current portion of the outstanding principal balance of this mortgage was approximately \$31,000 at December 31, 2024.

Promissory Notes

Promissory Notes Issued as Purchase Consideration

Ermont

In connection with the Ermont Acquisition, the Company issued the Ermont Note (see Note 3), in the principal amount of \$7.0 million. The Ermont Note matures in March 2029 and bears interest at 6.0% per annum, with payments of interest-only for two years, and quarterly payments of principal and interest in arrears thereafter. The outstanding balance on the Ermont Note is subject to prepayment in full in the event the Company raises \$75.0 million or more of equity capital. The Company recorded the Ermont Note at a present value of \$4.6 million. This amount is net of the \$2.4 million recorded as a debt discount, which is being accreted through the term of the Ermont Note to interest expense. As discussed above, on November 26, 2023, the Company used \$2.2 million of the proceeds from the CREM Loan Transaction to reduce the outstanding balance of the Ermont Note. The difference between the face value of the Ermont Note and the present value recorded at the time of the Ermont Acquisition is being amortized to interest expense over the term of the Ermont Note. The fair value of the Ermont Note was \$2.9 million and \$2.6 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The current portion of the outstanding principal balance of the Ermont Note was \$0.5 million at December 31, 2024. The Ermont Note did not have a current portion recorded at December 31, 2023.

Greenhouse Naturals LLC

In December 2022, the Company completed the acquisition from Greenhouse Naturals LLC of the assets associated with a cannabis dispensary in Beverly, Massachusetts (the "Beverly Dispensary"). In connection with this transaction, the Company issued a \$5.0 million promissory note to the Sellers, payable on a monthly basis as percentage of the monthly gross sales of the Beverly Dispensary (the "Greenhouse Naturals Note"). The Company recorded \$0.7 million as a debt discount, which is being accreted to interest expense through the term of the Greenhouse Naturals Note, which matures in July 2026. In the third quarter of 2023, the Company updated its forecast of revenue attributable to the Beverly Dispensary and accordingly, adjusted the schedule of estimated future payments on the Greenhouse Naturals Note. The fair value of the Greenhouse Naturals Note was \$3.8 million and \$4.3 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company estimated that the current portion of the Greenhouse Naturals Note was \$0.8 million and \$0.3 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which amounts are included in Mortgages and notes payable, current portion, in the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

MedLeaf

In connection with the MedLeaf Acquisition, the Company issued the MedLeaf Note, totaling \$2.0 million (see Note 3). The MedLeaf Note bears interest at a rate of 8.0% per annum and matures on October 5, 2025. The MedLeaf Note calls for six equal principal payments, paid quarterly, which payments began on July 5, 2024. At December 31, 2024, the MedLeaf Note had an outstanding balance of \$1.4 million, all of which was recorded as current.

Allgreens

In connection with the Allgreens Acquisition, the Company issued promissory notes aggregating \$1.0 million (see Note 3). The Allgreens Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.5% per annum and will mature one year from the date that the dispensary is permitted to commence operations. The Allgreens Notes had an aggregate outstanding balance of \$1.0 million at December 31, 2024, all of which was recorded as current and was in default.

Kind Therapeutics USA

In connection with the 2022 acquisition of Kind Therapeutics USA ("Kind"), the Company issued four-year promissory notes aggregating \$6.5 million with an interest rate of 6.0% per annum to the members of Kind (the "Kind Notes"). In connection with the CA Credit Agreement, on January 24, 2023, the Company repaid the Kind Notes in full, aggregating \$5.4 million, including approximately \$420,000 of accrued interest. There was no penalty in connection with the early repayment of the Kind Notes.

Promissory Notes Issued to Purchase Property and Equipment

At each of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had five outstanding promissory notes in connection with the purchase of commercial motor vehicles. At December 31, 2024, the outstanding notes had an aggregate outstanding balance of approximately \$168,000, of which approximately \$36,000 was current. At December 31, 2023, the outstanding notes had an aggregate outstanding balance of approximately \$178,000, of which approximately \$33,000 was current. The weighted average interest rates of the outstanding balances were 11.38% and 11.07% at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The weighted average remaining terms of these notes were 4.27 years and 4.61 years at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

At December 31, 2024, the Company had an outstanding note in connection with the purchase, in the second quarter of 2024, of a parking lot adjacent to its Middleborough, MA dispensary totaling \$352,000. The note bears interest at 4.0%, with monthly interest-only payments and a balloon payment for the entire principal amount due on February 1, 2029.

Future Payments

The future principal payments due under the Company's outstanding mortgages and notes payable at December 31, 2024 were as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,	
2025	4,866
2026	2,969
2027	3,019
2028	3,152
2029	6,382
Thereafter	57,799_
Total future principal payments	78,187
Less: discount	(3,201)
Total future principal payments, net of discount	\$ 74,986

(12) MEZZANINE EQUITY

Series B Convertible Preferred Stock

The Company had 4,908,333 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series B Stock") outstanding at each of December 31, 2024 and 2023, which shares are held by three institutional shareholders (the "Series B Holders"). The original issuance date of the Series B Stock was February 27, 2020. The Series B Holders are entitled to cast the number of votes equal to the number of shares of common stock into which the shares of Series B Stock are convertible, together with the holders of common stock as a single class, on most matters. However, the affirmative vote or consent of the Series B Holders voting separately as a class is required for certain acts taken by the Company, including the amendment or repeal of certain charter provisions, liquidation or winding up of the Company, creation of stock senior to the Series B Stock, and/ or other acts as defined in the Series B Stock certificate of designation.

The Series B Stock shall, with respect to dividend rights and rights on liquidation, winding up and dissolution, rank senior to the Company's common stock. The Company shall not declare, pay, or set aside any dividends on shares of any other class or series of capital stock of the Company unless the Series B Holders then outstanding shall first receive, or simultaneously receive, a dividend on each outstanding share of Series B Stock in an amount calculated pursuant to the Series B Stock certificate of designation.

In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the Series B Holders then outstanding shall be entitled to be paid out of the assets of the Company available for distribution to its stockholders before any payment shall be made to the holders of common stock by reason of their ownership thereof, an amount per share equal to \$3.00, plus any dividends declared but unpaid thereon, with any remaining assets distributed on a prorated basis among the holders of the shares of Series B Stock and common stock, based on the number of shares held by each such holder, treating for this purpose all such securities as if they had been converted to common stock.

At any time on or prior to the six-year anniversary of the original issuance date of the Series B Stock, (i) the Series B Holders have the option to convert their shares of Series B Stock into common stock at a conversion price of \$3.00 per share, without the payment of additional consideration, and (ii) the Company has the option to convert all, but not less than all, of the shares of Series B Stock into the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$3.00 if the daily volume weighted average price of common stock (the "VWAP") exceeds \$4.00 per share for at least twenty consecutive trading days prior to the date on which the Company gives notice of such conversion to the Series B Holders.

On the day following the six-year anniversary of the 2020 issuance of the Series B Stock, all outstanding shares of Series B Stock shall automatically convert into common stock as follows:

If the sixty-day VWAP is less than or equal to \$0.50 per share, the Company shall have the option to:

- convert all shares of Series B Stock into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion ratio of 1:1 (4,908,333 shares), subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events and pay cash to the Series B Holders equal to the difference between the sixty-day VWAP and \$3.00 per share; or
- pay cash to the Series B Holders equal to \$3.00 per share (\$14,725,000).

If the sixty-day VWAP is greater than \$0.50 per share, the Company shall have the option to

- convert all shares of Series B Stock into shares of common stock at a conversion price per share equal to \$3.00 per share divided by the sixty-day VWAP;
- pay cash to the Series B Holders equal to \$3.00 per share (\$14,725,000); or
- convert a number of shares of Series B Stock, such number at the Company's sole discretion into shares of the Company's common stock valued at the sixty-day VWAP (the "Conversion Value") and pay cash to the Series B Holders equal to the difference between \$14,725,000 and the Conversion Value (shares issued multiplied by the sixty-day VWAP).

The Company shall at all times when the Series B Stock is outstanding, reserve and keep available such number of its duly authorized shares of common stock as shall from time to time be sufficient to effect the conversion of all outstanding shares of Series B Stock

Series C Convertible Preferred Stock

In March 2021, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with Hadron Healthcare Master Fund ("Hadron") with respect to a financing facility of up to \$46.0 million in exchange for newly-designated Series C Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company (the "Series C Stock") and warrants to purchase the Company's common stock (the "Hadron Agreement"). At that time, Hadron purchased \$23.0 million of Units at a price of \$3.70 per Unit. Each Unit is comprised of one share of Series C Stock and a four-year warrant to purchase two and one-half shares of common stock. The Company issued to Hadron 6,216,216 shares of Series C Stock and warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 15,540,540 shares of common stock. Each share of Series C Stock is convertible, at the holder's option, into five shares of MariMed common stock, and each warrant is exercisable at an exercise price of \$1.087 per share. The warrants are subject to early termination if certain milestones are attained and the market value of the Company's common stock reaches certain predetermined levels.

Provided that at least 50.0% of the shares of Series C Stock remained outstanding, Hadron had the right to appoint one observer to the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") and to each of its Board committees, and appoint a member to the Board if and when a seat became available, at which time the observer roles would terminate. The transaction also imposed certain covenants on the Company with respect to the incurrence of new indebtedness, the issuance of additional shares of preferred stock, and the payment of distributions.

On August 4, 2022, the Company and Hadron entered into a second amendment to the Hadron Agreement pursuant to which, inter alia, (i) Hadron's obligation to provide any further funding to the Company and the Company's obligation to sell any further securities to Hadron was terminated, and (ii) certain covenants restricting the Company's incurrence of new indebtedness were eliminated.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, in three separate transactions, the Company converted, at Hadron's request in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Series C Stock, a total of 5,060,942 shares of Series C Stock into 25,304,710 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Conversions"). The Conversions were effected at a conversion rate of five shares of the Company's common stock for each share of Series C Stock converted. The Company did not recognize a gain or loss on the Conversions, as they were effected in accordance with the Series C Stock certificate of designation. Upon the Conversions, less than 50.0% of the shares of Series C Stock remained outstanding, and as a result, Hadron's rights to appointment a designee to the Board and an observer to the Board and each of the Board's committees terminated. At December 31, 2024, 1,155,274 shares of Series C Stock remained outstanding. There were no such conversions in the year ended December 31, 2024.

(13) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Amended and Restated 2018 Stock Award and Incentive Plan

The Amended and Restated Stock Award and Incentive Plan (the "2018 Plan") provides for the award of options to purchase the Company's common stock ("stock options"), restricted stock units ("RSUs"), stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, deferred stock, dividend equivalents, performance shares or other stock-based performance awards, as well as other stock- or cash-based awards. At December 31, 2024, there were 25,481,098 total shares of common stock available for future issuance under the 2018 Plan.

Stock Options

A summary of the Company's stock option activity during the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Shares	avei	ghted rage se price
Outstanding at January 1, 2024	35,599,421	\$	0.78
Granted	60,000	\$	0.14
Exercised	_	\$	_
Forfeited	(3,750)	\$	0.44
Expired	(1,383,750)	\$	0.59
Outstanding at December 31, 2024	34,271,921	\$	0.79

Stock options granted under the 2018 Plan generally expire five years from the date of grant. At December 31, 2024, the options outstanding had a weighted average remaining life of approximately one and one-half years.

The grant date fair values of stock options granted in the year ended December 31, 2024 were estimated using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions:

Estimated life (in years)	1.18
Weighted average volatility	64.81%
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	5.12%
Dividend yield	_

Restricted Stock Units

Holders of unvested restricted stock units ("RSUs") do not have voting and dividend rights. The grant date fair values of RSUs are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods. The fair value of RSUs is determined based on the market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

The activity related to RSUs for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	RSUs	Weight average g date fair	grant
Unvested at January 1, 2024	5,825,538	\$	0.42
Granted	4,803,991	\$	0.18
Vested	(2,636,750)	\$	0.43
Forfeited	(286,654)	\$	0.38
Outstanding at December 31, 2024	7,706,125	\$	0.27

Warrants

On May 2, 2024, the Company issued warrants to purchase 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock to an entity in consideration for introductory and other services rendered in connection with certain funding and acquisition transactions. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.32 per share, were fully vested upon issuance, and expire on May 1, 2029. The grant date fair value of the warrants was approximately \$218,000 using the Black-Scholes valuation model. This expense is included as a component of Acquisition-related and other in the Company's consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2024.

In connection with the CA Credit Agreement (see Note 11), on January 24, 2023, the Company issued to the Lenders an aggregate of 19,148,936 warrants to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.47 per share, exercisable during the five-year period following issuance.

In connection with the purchase by the Company of the outstanding minority interest in Mari Holdings MD LLC ("Mari MD") on April 13, 2023, the Company issued 400,000 warrants to purchase the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share (the "Mari MD Warrants"). The Mari MD Warrants expire on April 13, 2026.

At December 31, 2024, warrants to purchase up to 38,089,476 shares of common stock were outstanding, with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.73.

Other Common Stock Issuances

In addition to the activity related to stock options and RSUs described above, the Company also issued during the year ended December 31, 2024:

- 3,917,267 shares of restricted common stock with a fair value of \$1.0 million in connection with the MedLeaf Acquisition (see Note 3); and
- 45,299 shares of restricted common stock with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$10,000 issued under a licensing and royalty agreement.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$1.1 million and \$1.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

(14) SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates as a single reporting segment engaged in the cultivation, processing and sale of branded cannabis products. The Chief Operating Decision Makers are the Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, who together (the "CODM"), evaluate company performance based on Net income (loss), determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure.

The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as income from operations, determined in accordance with GAAP, excluding the following:

- depreciation and amortization of property and equipment;
- amortization of acquired intangible assets;
- impairments or write-downs of acquired intangible assets;
- inventory revaluation;
- stock-based compensation;
- severance;
- · legal settlements; and
- acquisition-related and other.

The CODM uses these measures to assess profitability and guide resource allocations, and believes that Adjusted EBITDA, when reviewed in conjunction with Net income (loss), is a useful measure to assess the Company's performance and liquidity, as it provides meaningful operating results by excluding the effects of expenses that are not reflective of the Company's operating business performance. In addition, the CODM uses Adjusted EBITDA to understand and compare operating results across accounting periods, and for financial and operational decision-making and resource allocation. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The CODM conducts monthly financial reviews, focusing on revenue trends, gross margin performance and operational efficiency across the Company's vertically integrated operations. Investment decisions, including capital expenditures for new cultivation facilities and retail expansion, are made based on expected return on investment and regulatory considerations in each state in which the Company operates.

The table below provides the Company's Net loss, Income from operations, and a reconciliation of Income from operations to Adjusted EBITDA for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):

	 Year ended December 31,		
	2024 2023		
Net loss	\$ (12,127)	\$ (16,007)	
	_		
GAAP Income from operations	\$ 2,912	\$ 14,385	
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment	7,910	5,549	
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	2,948	3,025	
Inventory revaluation	3,667		
Stock-based compensation	1,050	1,020	
Severance	211		
Acquisition-related and other	 951	695	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 19,649	\$ 24,674	

(15) REVENUE

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's revenue was derived from the following categories (in thousands):

	 Year ended December 31,		
	2024		2023
Product sales - retail	\$ 91,530	\$	95,517
Product sales - wholesale	62,895		48,788
Other revenue	 3,539		4,293
Total revenue	\$ 157,964	\$	148,598

(16) MAJOR CUSTOMERS

The Company did not have any customers that contributed 10% or more of total revenue in the years ended December 31, 2024 or 2023.

At each of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no customers that accounted for 10% or more of the Company's accounts receivable balance. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral on accounts receivable.

(17) LEASES

Lease Commitments

At December 31, 2024, the Company was the lessee under eight operating leases and thirty-one finance leases. These leases contain rent holidays and customary escalations of lease payments for the types of facilities being leased. The Company's operating lease agreements include its corporate headquarters, dispensaries and cannabis production and processing facilities. The Company subleases three of these leased facilities to a cannabis-licensed client. The Company recognizes rent expense on a straight-line basis over the expected lease term, including option periods which the Company fully expects to exercise. Certain leases require the payment of property taxes, insurance and/or maintenance costs in addition to the rent payments.

The Company leases machinery and office equipment under finance leases that expire in January 2026 through July 2031, with such terms comprising a major part of the economic useful life of the leased property.

The components of lease expense for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

Y	Year ended December 31,		
	2024		2023
\$	2,069	\$	1,838
\$	1,145	\$	606
	292		244
\$	1,437	\$	850
	\$	\$ 2,069 \$ 1,145 292	\$ 2,069 \$ \$ 1,145 \$ 292

The weighted average remaining lease terms and weighted average discount rates for the Company's operating leases and finance leases at December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Year ended D	ecember 31,
	2024	2023
Weighted average remaining lease term (years):		
Operating leases	9.26	9.83
Finance leases	2.78	3.29
Weighted average discount rate:		
Operating leases	11.1 %	11.0 %
Finance leases	9.6 %	11.0 %

Future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2024 under all non-cancelable leases having an initial or remaining term of more than one year were as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,		Operating leases				Finance leases
2025	\$	1,988	\$	2,018		
2026		1,915		1,613		
2027		1,813		563		
2028		1,757		309		
2029		1,595		134		
Thereafter		635		10		
Total lease payments		9,703		4,647		
Less: imputed interest		(166)		(703)		
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	9,537	\$	3,944		

(18) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's corporate offices are leased from an entity in which the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") has an investment interest. This lease expires in October 2028 and contains a five-year extension option. Expenses under this lease in the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were approximately \$233,000 and \$272,000, respectively.

The Company procures nutrients, lab equipment, cultivation supplies, furniture and tools from an entity owned by the family of the Company's Chief Operating Officer (the "COO"). Purchases from this entity totaled \$4.6 million and \$6.5 million in the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Company pays royalties on the revenue generated from its Betty's Eddies product line to an entity owned by the COO and the Company's Chief Revenue Officer (the "CRO") under a royalty agreement. Under this agreement, the royalty on all sales of Betty's Eddies products is 3.0% if sold directly by the Company and between 1.3% and 2.5% if licensed by the Company for sale by third parties. Future developed products (i.e., ice cream) have a royalty rate of 0.5% if sold directly by the Company and between 0.125% and 0.135% if licensed by the Company for sale by third parties. The aggregate royalties earned by the entity for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 approximated \$634,000 and \$722,000, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, one of the Company's majority-owned subsidiaries paid distributions of approximately \$5,000 and \$11,000, respectively, to the CEO, who owns a minority equity interest in such subsidiary.

At December 31, 2024, the Company had an outstanding accounts payable balance of approximately \$251,000 in connection with fixed assets purchased from a third-party company in which the CEO has a controlling interest.

On June 10, 2024 (the "Membership Unit Purchase Date"), the CEO and COO purchased 5% and 15%, respectively, of the membership units of Mari Holdings Metropolis, LLC, one of the Company's majority-owned subsidiaries. These membership units were purchased from the previous minority interest-holder, and accordingly, the percentage of the noncontrolling interests in this this majority-owned subsidiary remains unchanged. During the year ended December 31, 2024, this majority-owned subsidiary made distribution payments of approximately \$6,750 and \$20,250 to the CEO and COO, respectively.

Prior to December 31, 2023, FSCC, the cannabis-licensed client in Delaware that the Company manages, paid fees to BKR Management Inc., a company partially owned by the CEO, related to the initial formation, licensing and establishment of FSCC's cannabis operations. The aggregate fees paid by FSCC were approximately \$192,000 for the year ended December 31, 2023. Payment of these fees terminated effective as of December 31, 2023.

At December 31, 2024, the Company's mortgages with Bank of New England and DSB were personally guaranteed by the CEO. Additionally, the CEO provided a limited guaranty to the CA Lenders under the CA Credit Agreement through its repayment in November 2023. The CEO had also guaranteed the South Porte Bank Mortgage prior to its repayment in May 2023.

(19) INCOME TAXES

The Company recorded provisions for income taxes of \$8.2 million and \$9.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's cumulative federal net operating losses were \$64.5 million and \$71.2 million, respectively. The provision recorded in the year ended December 31, 2024 was due in part to the impact of Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code ("Section 280E"), which prohibits the deduction of certain ordinary business expenses, the change in valuation allowance against deferred tax assets, and other nondeductible expenses. The provision recorded in the year ended December 31, 2022 was due in part to the impact of Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code, which prohibits the deduction of true-ups from changes that occurred between when the provision for the year ended December 31, 2022 was determined and when the related tax returns were filed, and reserves recorded against uncertain tax positions taken on the tax return as filed.

Reconciliations of the Company's effective tax rates and the statutory tax rate for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Year ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	
U.S federal taxes at the statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	
State taxes net of federal benefit	(9.9)%	(4.2)%	
Section 280E adjustment	(240.4)%	(49.3)%	
Other permanent non-deductible expenses	(27.7)%	(6.1)%	
Stock-based compensation	(3.5)%	(0.7)%	
Non-cash interest	(1.5)%	(9.4)%	
FIN 48 reserve	(2.7)%	(28.1)%	
Return to provision adjustments	3.1 %	45.9 %	
Other	3.5 %	(1.2)%	
Valuation allowance	37.6 %	(96.9)%	
Effective tax rate	(220.5)%	(129.0)%	

The income tax effect of the Company's loss carryforwards and temporary differences at December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	 Year ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	
Deferred tax assets:			
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 12,690	14,693	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	68	207	
Stock-based compensation	2,333	2,434	
Loss on equity investments	8,025	8,094	
Goodwill write-offs	_	115	
Change in fair value of investments	247	229	
Lease payments	2,674	2,621	
Accruals and reserves	169	484	
Other	889	448	
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Depreciation	(6,047)	(6,925)	
Goodwill write-offs	(303)	_	
Real estate revenue	(2,613)	(2,477)	
Net deferred tax asset	18,132	19,923	
Valuation allowance	(18,132)	(19,923)	
Total	\$ _	\$ —	

Federal net operating losses carry forward indefinitely, subject to an annual limitation of 80% of taxable income, while state net operating losses expire at various dates beginning in 2031. These tax attributes are subject to an annual limitation from equity shifts, which constitute a change of ownership as defined under Internal Revenue Code Section 382. The Company recorded valuation allowances against its net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2024 and 2023 due to the uncertainty regarding the realization of such assets. The Company's assessment of the realization of its deferred tax assets in future periods may differ due to changing circumstances.

The Company's gross unrecognized tax benefits for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

	 Year ended December 31,		
	2024		2023
Balance at January 1,	\$ 5,650	\$	4,014
Additions based on tax positions related to prior years	3		1,636
Reductions due to statute of limitations lapse	(397)		_
Balance at December 31,	\$ 5,256	\$	5,650

All of the unrecognized tax benefits are included as a component of Income taxes payable, which is a current liability. The Company does not expect its unrecognized tax benefits to change significantly over the next twelve months. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company's unrecognized tax benefits decreased by approximately \$394,000 as a result of the lapse of the statute of limitations for uncertain tax positions relating to net operating losses deducted by subsidiaries that are subject to the provisions of Section 280E. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company's unrecognized tax benefits increased by \$1.6 million as a result of uncertain tax positions relating to net operating losses deducted by subsidiaries that are subject to the provision of Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Company is currently undergoing an IRS audit for the tax year ended December 31, 2022 for certain of its subsidiaries. The result of this audit could reasonably result in a change in our uncertain tax positions related to net operating losses deducted within the next 12 months. At this time, an estimate of the amount that could change for those uncertain tax positions cannot be made. The Company believes that its reserves for uncertain tax positions are appropriate, and that it has meritorious defenses for its tax filings and will vigorously defend them during any audit process, appellate process and through litigation in courts, as necessary.

The Company classified interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. The total amount of interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions and recognized in the balance sheet at December 31, 2024 was \$0.9 million.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States federal tax jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. The Company is currently open to examination under the statute of limitations by the Internal Revenue Service and state jurisdictions for the tax years ended December 31, 2021 through December 31, 2024.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's consolidated balance sheets included a receivable for income taxes of \$0.8 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, representing requests for refunds from the Internal Revenue Service and state taxing authorities, and are reported as components of Other current assets as of the respective balance sheets.

(20) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Bankruptcy Claim

In 2019, MariMed Hemp, Inc. ("MMH"), a subsidiary of the Company, sold hemp seed inventory to GenCanna Global Inc., ("GenCanna"), recording a related party receivable of approximately \$29 million, which was fully reserved at December 31, 2019. In early 2020, GenCanna entered a Chapter 11 bankruptcy, leading to a liquidating plan that remains ongoing. In 2022, the Plan Administrator filed a complaint against MMH for alleged preferential transfers, which was settled in 2023 by reducing MMH's general unsecured claim to \$15.5 million. In the three months ended September 30, 2024, MMH received a liquidation distribution of \$116,250. As of the date of this filing, there is insufficient information to determine the amount of further liquidation distributions, if any, that MMH may receive on account of its general unsecured claim.

New Bedford, MA and Middleborough, MA Buildouts

In the third quarter of 2023, the Company recorded an increase of \$2.0 million in building and building improvements and a corresponding accrued liability in the same amount for electrical work performed at the Company's New Bedford and Middleborough properties between December 2017 and June 2023. The electrical work was performed by an electrical contractor that is owned and/or controlled by the family of a non-officer/director Company stockholder who beneficially owned more than 5% of the Company's common stock when the electrical work began. The electrical work was primarily paid for by an entity that is indirectly controlled by that individual and another non-officer/director Company shareholder who also beneficially owned more than 5% of the common stock when the electrical work began. The Company repaid the two shareholders \$300,000 each as salary between 2021 and 2023 (at the rate of \$100,000 each per year), which payments have since been terminated. As of December 31, 2024, the \$2.0 million accrued liability remains on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. Discussions to reach agreement with the entity that paid for the electrical work and all other interested parties to address this liability and related payment terms are ongoing.

(21) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Equity Transaction

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, the Company issued 697,398 shares of common stock in the aggregate underlying RSUs that vested on various dates prior to the filing of this report.

FSCC

On February 28, 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of FSCC in accordance with the terms of the Omnibus Agreement.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of December 31, 2024 (the "Evaluation Date"). Based upon that evaluation, our management concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures are ineffective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act (i) are recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) are accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and for the assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. As defined by the SEC in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act, internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by our Board of Directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Our internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurances to our management and the Board of Directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations which may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024. In making this assessment, our management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework*. Based on that assessment and using the COSO criteria, our management concluded that, as of December 31, 2024, our internal control over financial reporting was ineffective. During the audit process related to our fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, our independent auditors identified a weakness in our controls related to the preparation of the income tax provision prepared by a third-party firm, which lead to the Company recording an audit adjustment related to income tax expense and income tax liability. Specifically, we did not maintain effective controls in connection with the computation of our income tax provision as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024. The matter relates to the application of 280E of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and whether certain costs are deductible under the Code. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has taken the position that cannabis companies are subject to the limits of Code Section 280E, under which they are only allowed to deduct expenses directly related to cost of goods sold. In preparing the 2024 income tax provision, the Company took a position, based on its interpretation of the Code, that it could deduct certain additional expenses, including ordinary and necessary business expenses related to its cultivation and processing activities (the "Additional Expenses"). This position was based on the outcome of IRS audits conducted on the Company's income tax returns filed for years prior to 2024.

Remediation of Weakness

We have recalculated the Company's income tax provision to exclude the additional expenses the Company initially included based on its interpretation as noted above. In addition, we have reviewed our tax provision working papers and the review and monitoring procedures over our third-party firm to ensure our tax provision calculation properly considers and applies Code Section 280E in accordance with the position taken by the IRS outlined above.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

On August 8, 2024, the Company appointed Mario Pinho as Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), replacing Jon Levine, our Chief Executive Officer who was also serving as our interim CFO at that time. This leadership change represents a modification in the oversight of our financial reporting processes. Management has evaluated this transition and does not believe it has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. However, we continue to assess and enhance our financial controls to ensure a smooth transition and maintain the integrity of our reporting processes.

Other than as described above, there was no change to our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rules 13a-15(d) or 15d-15(d) that occurred during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm

Pursuant to rules of the SEC that permit us to provide only our management's report in this annual report on Form 10-K, an attestation report of our independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting is not included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 9B. Other Information

Insider Trading Arrangements

None.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

None.